

gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.1.0	6
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.6.0	18
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.7.0	20
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.8.0	22
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.9.0	24
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.11.0	27
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.12.0	28
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.13.0	30
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.14.0	31
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.15.0	34
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.16.0	63
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.16.1	65
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.17.0	91
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.17.1	94
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.18.0	107
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.20.0	112
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.21.0	138
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.21.2	142
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.21.3	197
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.22.0	289
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.23.0	303
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.24.0	335
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.24.1	339
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.24.2	352
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.24.3	354
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.25.0	357
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.26.0	370
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.26.1	373
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.27.0	399
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.28.0	402

gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.29.0	410
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.29.1	412
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.30.0	430
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.31.0_1_1	433
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.32.0	455
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.33.0	456
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.34.0	475
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.34.1	478
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.34.2	484
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.35.0	487
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.35.1	518
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.36.0	522
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.37.0	526
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.38.0	546
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.39.0	549
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.39.1	552
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.40.0	559
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.41.0	567
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.41.1	571
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.41.2	575
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.41.3	579
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.41.4	587
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.41.5	613
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.42.0	631
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.43.0	638
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.44.0	653
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.44.1	657
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.44.2	660
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.44.3	663
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.45.0	681

gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.46.0	698
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.47.0	720
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.47.1	722
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.47.2	724
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.47.3	728
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.47.4	731
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.47.5	734
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.48.0	741
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.49.0	742
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.50.0	754
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.52.0	764
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.53.0	766
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.54.0	781
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.0	792
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.1	797
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.2	842
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.3	887
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.4	922
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.5	957
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.6	1008
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.7	1059
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.8	1100
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.9	1143
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.10	1163
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.11	1173
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.12	1176
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.13	1197
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.14	1268
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.15	1338
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.55.21	1340

gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.56.0	1409
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.57.0	1423
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.57.1	1427
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.57.2	1453
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.57.3	1483
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.62.0	1522
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.63.0	1528
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.65.4	1550
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.65.5	1553
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.65.6	1555
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.65.7	1558
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.65.8	1562
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.66.0_1	1567
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.70.0	1602
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.71.0	1617
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.71.1	1621
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.71.2	1625
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.71.3	1670
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.71.4	1710
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.71.5	1712
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.71.6	1716
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.81.0	1735
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.100.0	1736
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.106.0	1738
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.120.0	1740
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.122.0	1741
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.122.3	1745
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.122.5	1763
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.122.6	1766
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.125.0	1778

gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.135.0	_____	1779
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.143.0	_____	1816
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.164.0	_____	1826
gov.uscourts.nysd.447706.165.0	_____	1855

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO: _____

v.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

Defendant.

_____ /

COMPLAINT

Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Avenue
New York, NY 10022
(212) 446-2300

Plaintiff, VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE, formerly known as Virginia Roberts (“Giuffre”), for her Complaint against Defendant, GHISLAINE MAXWELL (“Maxwell”), avers upon personal knowledge as to her own acts and status and otherwise upon information and belief:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This suit arises out of Defendant Maxwell’s defamatory statements against Plaintiff Giuffre. As described below, Giuffre was a victim of sexual trafficking and abuse while she was a minor child. Defendant Maxwell not only facilitated that sexual abuse but, most recently, wrongfully subjected Giuffre to public ridicule, contempt and disgrace by, among other things, calling Giuffre a liar in published statements with the malicious intent of discrediting and further damaging Giuffre worldwide.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This is an action for damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdictional limits of this Court.

3. This Court has jurisdiction over this dispute pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1332 (diversity jurisdiction) as Giuffre and Maxwell are citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds seventy-five thousand (\$75,000), exclusive of interest and costs.

4. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Maxwell. Maxwell resides in New York City, and this action arose, and defamatory statements were made, within the Southern District of New York.

5. Venue is proper in this Court as the cause of action arose within the jurisdiction of this Court.

PARTIES

6. Plaintiff Giuffre is an individual who is a citizen of the State of Colorado.

7. Defendant Maxwell, who is domiciled in the Southern District of New York, is not a citizen of the state of Colorado.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. Virginia Giuffre became a victim of sex trafficking and repeated sexual abuse after being recruited by Ghislaine Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein when Giuffre was under the age of eighteen.

9. Between 1999 and 2002, with the assistance and participation of Maxwell, Epstein sexually abused Giuffre at numerous locations including his mansions in West Palm Beach, Florida, and in this District. Between 2001 and 2007, with the assistance of numerous co-conspirators, Epstein abused more than thirty (30) minor underage girls, a fact confirmed by state and federal law enforcement.

10. As part of their sex trafficking efforts, Epstein and Maxwell intimidated Giuffre into remaining silent about what had happened to her.

11. In September 2007, Epstein entered into a Non-Prosecution Agreement (“NPA”) that barred his prosecution for numerous federal sex crimes in the Southern District of Florida.

12. In the NPA, the United States additionally agreed that it would not institute any federal criminal charges against any potential co-conspirators of Epstein.

13. As a co-conspirator of Epstein, Maxwell was consequently granted immunity in the Southern District of Florida through the NPA.

14. Epstein ultimately pled guilty to procuring a minor for prostitution, and is now a registered sex offender.

15. Rather than confer with the victims about the NPA, the U.S. Attorney's Office and Epstein agreed to a "confidentiality" provision in the Agreement barring its disclosure to anyone—including Epstein's victims. As a consequence, the victims were not told about the NPA.

16. On July 7, 2008, a young woman identified as Jane Doe No. 1, one of Jeffrey Epstein's victims (other than Giuffre), filed a petition to enforce her rights under the Crime Victims' Rights Act ("CVRA"), 18 U.S.C. ¶ 3771, alleging that the Government failed to provide her the rights promised in the CVRA with regard to the plea arrangement with Epstein. The litigation remains ongoing.

17. On or about May 4, 2009, Virginia Giuffre—identified then as Jane Doe No. 102—filed a complaint against Jeffrey Epstein in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida. The complaint included allegations made by Giuffre that pertained to Maxwell.

18. In pertinent part, the Jane Doe No. 102 complaint described in detail how Maxwell recruited Giuffre (who was then a minor girl) to become a victim of sex trafficking by introducing Giuffre to Jeffrey Epstein. With the assistance of Maxwell, Epstein was able to sexually abuse Giuffre for years until Giuffre eventually escaped.

19. The Jane Doe No. 102 complaint contained the first public allegations made on behalf of Giuffre regarding Maxwell.

20. As civil litigation against Epstein moved forward on behalf of Giuffre and many other similarly-situated victims, Maxwell was served with a subpoena for deposition. Her testimony was sought concerning her personal knowledge and role in Epstein's abuse of Giuffre and others.

21. To avoid her deposition, Maxwell claimed that her mother fell deathly ill and that consequently she was leaving the United States for London with no plans of ever returning. In fact, however, within weeks of using that excuse to avoid testifying, Maxwell had returned to New York.

22. In 2011, two FBI agents located Giuffre in Australia—where she had been hiding from Epstein and Maxwell for several years—and arranged to meet with her at the U.S. Consulate in Sidney. Giuffre provided truthful and accurate information to the FBI about Epstein and Maxwell’s sexual abuse.

23. Ultimately, as a mother and one of Epstein’s many victims, Giuffre believed that she should speak out about her sexual abuse experiences in hopes of helping others who had also suffered from sexual trafficking and abuse.

24. On December 23, 2014, Giuffre incorporated an organization called Victims Refuse Silence, Inc., a Florida not-for-profit corporation.

25. Giuffre intended Victims Refuse Silence to change and improve the fight against sexual abuse and human trafficking. The goal of her organization was, and continues to be, to help survivors surmount the shame, silence, and intimidation typically experienced by victims of sexual abuse. Giuffre has now dedicated her professional life to helping victims of sex trafficking.

26. On December 30, 2014, Giuffre moved to join the on-going litigation previously filed by Jane Doe 1 in the Southern District of Florida challenging Epstein’s non-prosecution agreement by filing her own joinder motion.

27. Giuffre's motion described Maxwell's role as one of the main women who Epstein used to procure under-aged girls for sexual activities and a primary co-conspirator and participant in his sexual abuse and sex trafficking scheme.

28. In January, 2015, Maxwell undertook a concerted and malicious campaign to discredit Giuffre and to so damage her reputation that Giuffre's factual reporting of what had happened to her would not be credited.

29. As part of Maxwell's campaign she directed her agent, Ross Gow, to attack Giuffre's honesty and truthfulness and to accuse Giuffre of lying.

30. On or about January 3, 2015, speaking through her authorized agent, Maxwell issued an additional false statement to the media and public designed to maliciously discredit Giuffre. That statement contained the following deliberate falsehoods:

- (a) That Giuffre's sworn allegations "**against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue.**"
- (b) That the allegations have been "shown to be untrue."
- (c) That Giuffre's "**claims are obvious lies.**"

31. Maxwell's January 3, 2015, statement incorporated by reference "Ghislaine Maxwell's original response to the lies and defamatory claims remains the same," an earlier statement that had falsely described Giuffre's factual assertions as "entirely false" and "entirely untrue."

32. Maxwell made the same false and defamatory statements as set forth above, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere in a deliberate effort to maliciously discredit Giuffre and silence her efforts to expose sex crimes committed around the world by Maxwell, Epstein, and other powerful persons. Maxwell did so with the purpose and effect of having

others repeat such false and defamatory statements and thereby further damaged Giuffre's reputation.

33. Maxwell made her statements to discredit Giuffre in close consultation with Epstein. Maxwell made her statements knowing full well they were false.

34. Maxwell made her statements maliciously as part of an effort to conceal sex trafficking crimes committed around the world by Maxwell, Epstein and other powerful persons.

35. Maxwell intended her false and defamatory statements set out above to be broadcast around the world and to intimidate and silence Giuffre from making further efforts to expose sex crimes committed by Maxwell, Epstein, and other powerful persons.

36. Maxwell intended her false statements to be specific statements of fact, including a statement that she had not recruited an underage Giuffre for Epstein's abuse. Maxwell's false statements were broadcast around the world and were reasonably understood by those who heard them to be specific factual claims by Maxwell that she had not helped Epstein recruit or sexually abuse Giuffre and that Giuffre was a liar.

37. On or about January 4, 2015, Maxwell continued her campaign to falsely and maliciously discredit Giuffre. When a reporter on a Manhattan street asked Maxwell about Giuffre's allegations against Maxwell, she responded by saying: "I am referring to the statement that we made." *The New York Daily News* published a video of this response by Maxwell indicating that she made her false statements on East 65th Street in Manhattan, New York, within the Southern District of New York.

COUNT I
DEFAMATION

1. Plaintiff Giuffre re-alleges paragraphs 1 - 37 as if the same were fully set forth herein. Maxwell made her false and defamatory statements deliberately and maliciously with the intent to intimidate, discredit and defame Giuffre.

2. In January 2015, and thereafter, Maxwell intentionally and maliciously released to the press her false statements about Giuffre in an attempt to destroy Giuffre's reputation and cause her to lose all credibility in her efforts to help victims of sex trafficking.

3. Maxwell additionally released to the press her false statements with knowledge that her words would dilute, discredit and neutralize Giuffre's public and private messages to sexual abuse victims and ultimately prevent Giuffre from effectively providing assistance and advocacy on behalf of other victims of sex trafficking, or to expose her abusers.

4. Using her role as a powerful figure with powerful friends, Maxwell's statements were published internationally for the malicious purpose of further damaging a sexual abuse and sexual trafficking victim; to destroy Giuffre's reputation and credibility; to cause the world to disbelieve Giuffre; and to destroy Giuffre's efforts to use her experience to help others suffering as sex trafficking victims.

5. Maxwell, personally and through her authorized agent, Ross Gow, intentionally and maliciously made false and damaging statements of fact concerning Giuffre, as detailed above, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere.

6. The false statements made by Gow were all made by him as Maxwell's authorized agent and were made with direct and actual authority from Maxwell as the principal.

7. The false statements that Maxwell made personally, and through her authorized agent Gow, not only called Giuffre's truthfulness and integrity into question, but also exposed Giuffre to public hatred, contempt, ridicule, and disgrace.

8. Maxwell made her false statements knowing full well that they were completely false. Accordingly, she made her statements with actual and deliberate malice, the highest degree of awareness of falsity.

9. Maxwell's false statements constitute libel, as she knew that they were going to be transmitted in writing, widely disseminated on the internet and in print. Maxwell intended her false statements to be published by newspaper and other media outlets internationally, and they were, in fact, published globally, including within the Southern District of New York.

10. Maxwell's false statements constitute libel per se inasmuch as they exposed Giuffre to public contempt, ridicule, aversion, and disgrace, and induced an evil opinion of her in the minds of right-thinking persons.

11. Maxwell's false statements also constitute libel per se inasmuch as they tended to injure Giuffre in her professional capacity as the president of a non-profit corporation designed to help victims of sex trafficking, and inasmuch as they destroyed her credibility and reputation among members of the community that seeks her help and that she seeks to serve.

12. Maxwell's false statements directly stated and also implied that in speaking out against sex trafficking Giuffre acted with fraud, dishonesty, and unfitness for the task. Maxwell's false statements directly and indirectly indicate that Giuffre lied about being recruited by Maxwell and sexually abused by Epstein and Maxwell. Maxwell's false statements were reasonably understood by many persons who read her statements as conveying that specific intention and meaning.

13. Maxwell's false statements were reasonably understood by many persons who read those statements as making specific factual claims that Giuffre was lying about specific facts.

14. Maxwell specifically directed her false statements at Giuffre's true public description of factual events, and many persons who read Maxwell's statements reasonably understood that those statements referred directly to Giuffre's account of her life as a young teenager with Maxwell and Epstein.

15. Maxwell intended her false statements to be widely published and disseminated on television, through newspapers, by word of mouth and on the internet. As intended by Maxwell, her statements were published and disseminated around the world.

16. Maxwell coordinated her false statements with other media efforts made by Epstein and other powerful persons acting as Epstein's representatives and surrogates. Maxwell made and coordinated her statements in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere with the specific intent to amplify the defamatory effect those statements would have on Giuffre's reputation and credibility.

17. Maxwell made her false statements both directly and through agents who, with her general and specific authorization, adopted, distributed, and published the false statements on Maxwell's behalf. In addition, Maxwell and her authorized agents made false statements in reckless disregard of their truth or falsity and with malicious intent to destroy Giuffre's reputation and credibility; to prevent her from further disseminating her life story; and to cause persons hearing or reading Giuffre's descriptions of truthful facts to disbelieve her entirely. Maxwell made her false statements wantonly and with the specific intent to maliciously damage Giuffre's good name and reputation in a way that would destroy her efforts to administer her

non-profit foundation, or share her life story, and thereby help others who have suffered from sexual abuse.

18. As a result of Maxwell's campaign to spread false, discrediting and defamatory statements about Giuffre, Giuffre suffered substantial damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

19. Maxwell's false statements have caused, and continue to cause, Giuffre economic damage, psychological pain and suffering, mental anguish and emotional distress, and other direct and consequential damages and losses.

20. Maxwell's campaign to spread her false statements internationally was unusual and particularly egregious conduct. Maxwell sexually abused Giuffre and helped Epstein to sexually abuse Giuffre, and then, in order to avoid having these crimes discovered, Maxwell wantonly and maliciously set out to falsely accuse, defame, and discredit Giuffre. In so doing, Maxwell's efforts constituted a public wrong by deterring, damaging, and setting back Giuffre's efforts to help victims of sex trafficking. Accordingly, this is a case in which exemplary and punitive damages are appropriate.

21. Punitive and exemplary damages are necessary in this case to deter Maxwell and others from wantonly and maliciously using a campaign of lies to discredit Giuffre and other victims of sex trafficking.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Giuffre respectfully requests judgment against Defendant Maxwell, awarding compensatory, consequential, exemplary, and punitive damages in an amount to be determined at trial, but in excess of the \$75,000 jurisdictional requirement; costs of suit; attorneys' fees; and such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all causes of action asserted within this pleading.

Dated September 21, 2015.

/s/ David Boies
David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

/s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley
(Pro Hac Vice Pending)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

/s/ Ellen Brockman
Ellen Brockman
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

Virginia L. Giuffre, Plaintiff,

-against-

Ghislaine Maxwell, Defendant.

15 cv 7433 ()

**CORRECTED MOTION FOR ADMISSION
PRO HAC VICE**

Pursuant to Rule 1.3 of the Local Rules of the United States Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York, I Sigrid S. McCawley, hereby move this Court for an Order for admission to practice Pro Hac Vice to appear as counsel for Plaintiff, Virginia L. Giuffre in the above-captioned action.

I am in good standing of the bar(s) of the state(s) of Florida and there are no pending disciplinary proceedings against me in any state or federal court.

Dated: September 25, 2015

Respectfully Submitted,

Applicant Signature

Applicant's Name: Sigrid S. McCawley

Firm Name: Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP

Address: 401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1200

City / State / Zip: Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Telephone / Fax: Tel: (954) 356-0011 / Fax: (954) 356-0022

E-Mail: smccawley@bsflp.com

Supreme Court of Florida

Certificate of Good Standing

I JOHN A. TOMASINO, Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of Florida, do hereby certify that

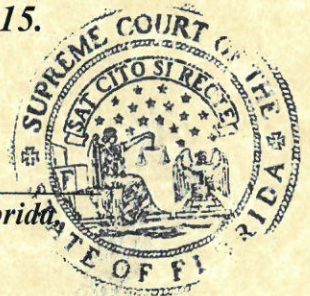
SIGRID STONE MCCAWLEY

was admitted as an attorney and counselor entitled to practice law in all the Courts of the State of Florida on November 6, 1997, is presently in good standing, and that the private and professional character of the attorney appear to be good.

*WITNESS my hand and the Seal of the
Supreme Court of Florida at Tallahassee,
the Capital, this September 22, 2015.*



Clerk of the Supreme Court of Florida



JS 44C/SDNY
REV 4/2014

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet.

PLAINTIFFS
Virginia L. Giuffre

DEFENDANTS
Christaine Maxwell

ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER) ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN)
David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE)
(DO NOT CITE JUR. SDICTIONAL STATUTES UNLESS DIVERSITY)

This action involves a defamation claim with diversity jurisdiction. 28 U.S.C. 1332

Has this action, case, or proceeding, or one essentially the same been previously filed in SDNY at any time? No Yes Judge Previously Assigned

If yes, was this case Vol. Invol. Dismissed. No Yes If yes, give date _____ & Case No. _____

Is this an INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION CASE? No Yes

(PLACE AN (x) IN ONE BOX ONLY)

NATURE OF SUIT

TORTS		ACTIONS UNDER STATUTES			
CONTRACT	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJURY	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 INSURANCE	<input type="checkbox"/> 310 AIRPLANE	<input type="checkbox"/> 367 HEALTHCARE/ PHARMACEUTICAL PERSONAL INJURY/PRODUCT LIABILITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 625 DRUG RELATED SEIZURE OF PROPERTY 21 USC 881	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 APPEAL 28 USC 158	<input type="checkbox"/> 375 FALSE CLAIMS 430 STATE REAPPOINTMENT
<input type="checkbox"/> 120 MARINE	<input type="checkbox"/> 315 AIRPLANE PRODUCT LIABILITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 355 PERSONAL INJURY PRODUCT LIABILITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 690 OTHER	<input type="checkbox"/> 423 WITHDRAWAL 29 USC 157	<input type="checkbox"/> 410 ANTI TRUST
<input type="checkbox"/> 130 MILLER ACT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 320 ASSAULT, LIBEL & SLANDER	<input type="checkbox"/> 358 ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY PRODUCT LIABILITY			<input type="checkbox"/> 430 BANKS & BANKING
<input type="checkbox"/> 140 NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> 330 FEDERAL EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY	PERSONAL PROPERTY			<input type="checkbox"/> 450 COMMERCE
<input type="checkbox"/> 150 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENT & ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> 340 MARINE	<input type="checkbox"/> 370 OTHER FRAUD		PROPERTY RIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 460 DEPORTATION
<input type="checkbox"/> 151 MEDICARE ACT	<input type="checkbox"/> 345 MARINE PRODUCT LIABILITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 371 TRUTH IN LENDING		<input type="checkbox"/> 820 COPYRIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 470 RACKETEER INFLU- ENCED & CORRUPT ORGANIZATION ACT (RICO)
<input type="checkbox"/> 152 RECOVERY OF DEFAULTED STUDENT LOANS (EXCL VETERANS)	<input type="checkbox"/> 350 MOTOR VEHICLE LIABILITY			<input type="checkbox"/> 830 PATENT	<input type="checkbox"/> 480 CONSUMER CREDIT
<input type="checkbox"/> 153 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENT OF VETERANS BENEFITS	<input type="checkbox"/> 355 MOTOR VEHICLE PRODUCT LIABILITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 380 OTHER PERSONAL PROPERTY DAMAGE	LABOR	<input type="checkbox"/> 840 TRADEMARK	<input type="checkbox"/> 490 CABLE/SATELLITE TV
<input type="checkbox"/> 160 STOCKHOLDERS SUITS	<input type="checkbox"/> 360 OTHER PERSONAL INJURY	<input type="checkbox"/> 365 PROPERTY DAMAGE PRODUCT LIABILITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 710 FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT		SOCIAL SECURITY
<input type="checkbox"/> 190 OTHER CONTRACT	<input type="checkbox"/> 362 PERSONAL INJURY - MED MALPRACTICE	PRISONER PETITIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> 720 LABOR/MGMT RELATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395(f))	<input type="checkbox"/> 850 SECURITIES/ COMMODITIES/ EXCHANGE
<input type="checkbox"/> 195 CONTRACT PRODUCT LIABILITY	ACTIONS UNDER STATUTES	<input type="checkbox"/> 463 ALIEN DETAINEE	<input type="checkbox"/> 740 RAILWAY LABOR ACT	<input type="checkbox"/> 862 BLACK LUNG (923)	<input type="checkbox"/> 890 OTHER STATUTORY ACTIONS
<input type="checkbox"/> 198 FRANCHISE	CIVIL RIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 510 MOTIONS TO VACATE SENTENCE 28 USC 2255	<input type="checkbox"/> 751 FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE ACT (FMLA)	<input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 891 AGRICULTURAL ACTS
	<input type="checkbox"/> 440 OTHER CIVIL RIGHTS (Non-Prisoner)	<input type="checkbox"/> 530 HABEAS CORPUS	<input type="checkbox"/> 750 OTHER LABOR LITIGATION	<input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID TITLE XV	
REAL PROPERTY	<input type="checkbox"/> 441 VOTING	<input type="checkbox"/> 540 MANDAMUS & OTHER	<input type="checkbox"/> 790 EMPL RET INC SECURITY ACT (ERISA)	<input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))	
<input type="checkbox"/> 210 LAND CONDEMNATION	<input type="checkbox"/> 442 EMPLOYMENT	PRISONER CIVIL RIGHTS	IMMIGRATION		<input type="checkbox"/> 870 TAXES (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)
<input type="checkbox"/> 220 FORECLOSURE	<input type="checkbox"/> 443 HOUSING/ ACCOMMODATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> 550 CIVIL RIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 462 NATURALIZATION APPLICATION	<input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS-THIRD PARTY 28 USC 7629	<input type="checkbox"/> 893 ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS
<input type="checkbox"/> 230 RENT LEASE & EJECTMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> 445 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES - EMPLOYMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> 555 PRISON CONDITION	<input type="checkbox"/> 465 OTHER IMMIGRATION ACTIONS		<input type="checkbox"/> 895 FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT
<input type="checkbox"/> 240 TORTS TO LAND	<input type="checkbox"/> 448 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES -OTHER	<input type="checkbox"/> 560 CIVIL DETAINEE CONDITIONS OF CONFINEMENT			<input type="checkbox"/> 896 ARBITRATION
<input type="checkbox"/> 245 TORT PRODUCT LIABILITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 448 EDUCATION				<input type="checkbox"/> 899 ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT/REVIEW OR APPEAL OF AGENCY DECISION
<input type="checkbox"/> 290 ALL OTHER REAL PROPERTY					<input type="checkbox"/> 950 CONSTITUTIONALITY OF STATE STATUTES

Check if demanded in complaint:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION
UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

DO YOU CLAIM THIS CASE IS RELATED TO A CIVIL CASE NOW PENDING IN S.D.N.Y.?
IF SO, STATE:

DEMAND \$ > \$75,000 OTHER _____ JUDGE _____ DOCKET NUMBER _____

Check YES only if demanded in complaint
JURY DEMAND: YES NO

NOTE: You must also submit at the time of filing the Statement of Relatedness form (Form IH-32).

(PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

ORIGIN

- 1 Original Proceeding
- 2 Removed from State Court
 - a. all parties represented
 - b. At least one party is pro se.
- 3 Remanded from Appellate Court
- 4 Reinstated or Reopened
- 5 Transferred from (Specify District)
- 6 Multidistrict Litigation
- 7 Appeal to District Judge from (Magistrate Judge Judgment)

(PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

BASIS OF JURISDICTION

IF DIVERSITY, INDICATE CITIZENSHIP BELOW.

- 1 U.S. PLAINTIFF
- 2 U.S. DEFENDANT
- 3 FEDERAL QUESTION (U.S. NOT A PARTY)
- 4 DIVERSITY

CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (FOR DIVERSITY CASES ONLY)

(Place an [X] in one box for Plaintiff and one box for Defendant)

	PTF	DEF		PTF	DEF		PTF	DEF
CITIZEN OF THIS STATE	[] 1	[X] 1	CITIZEN OR SUBJECT OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY	[] 3	[] 3	INCORPORATED and PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN ANOTHER STATE	[] 5	[] 5
CITIZEN OF ANOTHER STATE	[X] 2	[] 2	INCORPORATED or PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THIS STATE	[] 4	[] 4	FOREIGN NATION	[] 6	[] 6

PLAINTIFF(S) ADDRESS(ES) AND COUNTY(IES)

Virginia L. Giuffre
1270 J Street
Penrose, CO 81240
County of Fremont

DEFENDANT(S) ADDRESS(ES) AND COUNTY(IES)

Ghislaine Maxwell
116 East 65th Street
New York, NY 10065
County of New York

DEFENDANT(S) ADDRESS UNKNOWN

REPRESENTATION IS HEREBY MADE THAT, AT THIS TIME, I HAVE BEEN UNABLE, WITH REASONABLE DILIGENCE, TO ASCERTAIN RESIDENCE ADDRESSES OF THE FOLLOWING DEFENDANTS.

Check one: THIS ACTION SHOULD BE ASSIGNED TO: WHITE PLAINS MANHATTAN
(DO NOT check either box if this a PRISONER PETITION/PRISONER CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT.)

DATE SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE IN THIS DISTRICT

NO *Pro Hac Proceeding*
 YES (DATE ADMITTED Mo. _____ Yr. _____)
Attorney Bar Code #

RECEIPT #

Magistrate Judge is to be designated by the Clerk of the Court.

Magistrate Judge _____ is so Designated.

Ruby J. Krajick, Clerk of Court by _____ Deputy Clerk, DATED _____

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (NEW YORK SOUTHERN)

AO 440 (Rev. 12/09) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of New York

Virginia L. Giuffre

Plaintiff

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell

Defendant

Civil Action No. 15-cv-7433

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address) Ghislaine Maxwell
116 East 65th Street
New York, New York 10065

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, New York 10504

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

Handwritten signature of D. Gonzalez over the court seal.

CLERK OF COURT

Date: 9/21/2015

/S/ D. Gonzalez

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 12/09) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 15-cv-7433

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* Ghislaine Maxwell
was received by me on *(date)* 9/22/15.

I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* THE C/O PARK AVE : EAST 65TH
ST., NY, NY on *(date)* 9/22/15 @ 2:10 pm; or

I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* _____, who is
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because _____; or

Other *(specify)*:

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ 0.00.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: 9/22/15

Kevin E. Murphy
Server's signature

KEVIN E. MURPHY
Printed name and title

100 BROWN HOLLOW RD, FARMINGDALE, NY 11735
Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

-against-

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

15 cv 7433 ()

**ORDER FOR ADMISSION
PRO HAC VICE**

The motion of Sigrid S. McCawley, for admission to practice Pro Hac Vice in the above captioned action is granted.

Applicant has declared that he/she is a member in good standing of the bar(s) of the state(s) of Florida; and that his/her contact information is as follows

(please print):

Applicant's Name: Sigrid S. McCawley

Firm Name: Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP

Address: 401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1200

City / State / Zip: Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301

Telephone / Fax: Tel: (954) 356-0011 / Fax: (954) 356-0022

Applicant having requested admission Pro Hac Vice to appear for all purposes as counsel for Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre in the above entitled action;

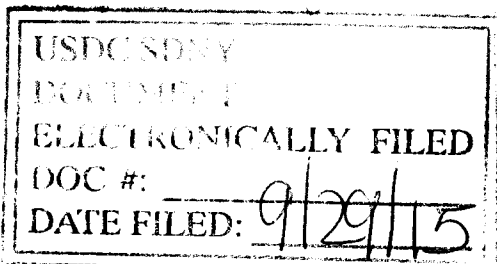
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Applicant is admitted to practice Pro Hac Vice in the above captioned case in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. All attorneys appearing before this Court are subject to the Local Rules of this Court, including the Rules governing discipline of attorneys.

Dated: _____

[Handwritten Signature]

United States District / Magistrate Judge

9-28-15

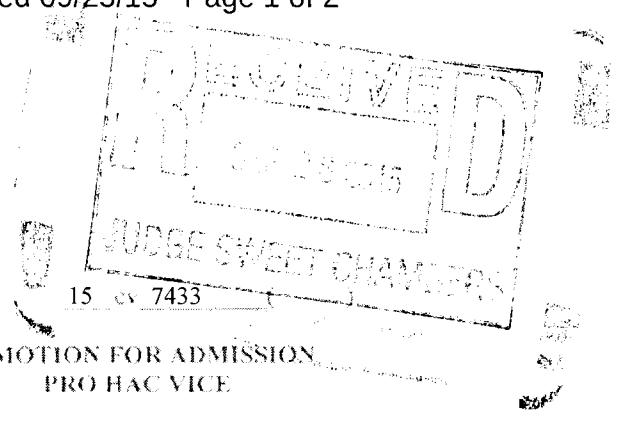


UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Virginia L. Giuffre, Plaintiff,

-against-

Ghislaine Maxwell, Defendant.



**CORRECTED MOTION FOR ADMISSION
PRO HAC VICE**

Pursuant to Rule 1.3 of the Local Rules of the United States Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York, I, Sigrid S. McCawley, hereby move this Court for an Order for admission to practice Pro Hac Vice to appear as counsel for Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre in the above-captioned action.

I am in good standing of the bar(s) of the state(s) of Florida and there are no pending disciplinary proceedings against me in any state or federal court.

Dated: September 25, 2015

Respectfully Submitted,

Applicant Signature

Applicant's Name: Sigrid S. McCawley

Firm Name: Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP

Address: 401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1200

City / State / Zip: Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Telephone / Fax: Tel: (954) 356-0011 / Fax: (954) 356-0022

E-Mail: smccawley@bsflp.com

Supreme Court of Florida

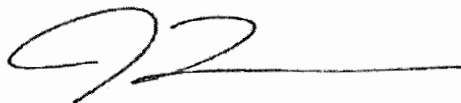
Certificate of Good Standing

I JOHN A. TOMASINO, Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of Florida, do hereby certify that

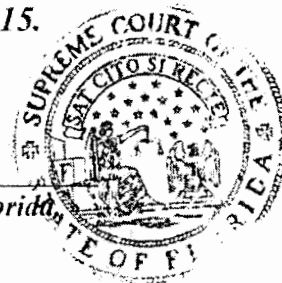
SIGRID STONE MCCAWLEY

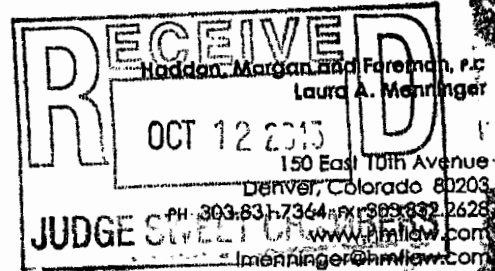
was admitted as an attorney and counselor entitled to practice law in all the Courts of the State of Florida on November 6, 1997, is presently in good standing, and that the private and professional character of the attorney appear to be good.

*WITNESS my hand and the Seal of the
Supreme Court of Florida at Tallahassee,
the Capital, this September 22, 2015.*



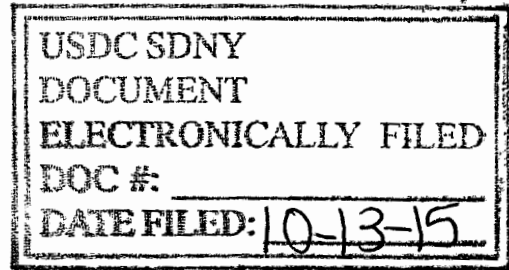
Clerk of the Supreme Court of Florida





October 9, 2015

Honorable Robert W. Sweet
United States District Judge
Southern District of New York
500 Pearl Street
New York, NY 10007-13122



Re: *Giuffre v. Maxwell, Case No. 15-cv-07433-RWS*

Dear Honorable Judge Sweet:

I represent defendant Ghislaine Maxwell in connection with the above-referenced action. I write pursuant to Section 1.E. of Your Honor's Individual Practice Rules to request an extension of Defendant's time to answer, move or otherwise respond to Plaintiff's Complaint from October 13, 2015 up to and including November 30, 2015.

We have not previously requested any adjournments or extensions of time in this action. Counsel for Plaintiff has consented to this request.

We thank Your Honor for your attention to this matter.

Very truly yours,

Laura A. Menninger

LAM/BCR

cc: Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.
Boies, Schiller & Flexner, LLP
Counsel for Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre
via facsimile: (954) 356-0022

So ordered
Sweet
USDC
10-12-15

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

<p>VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE, Plaintiff, v. GHISLAINE MAXWELL, Defendant.</p>	<p>Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS <u>NOTICE OF APPEARANCE</u></p>
--	---

To the Clerk of Court and all parties of record:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, that the undersigned hereby appears in the above-captioned action as counsel for Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell. I certify that I am admitted to practice in this Court.

Dated: October 9, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorney for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on October 13, 2015, I served this *Notice Of Appearance* via CM/ECF to the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1200
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com
Fax: (954) 356-0022

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Giuffre, Plaintiff,
- against -
Maxwell Defendant.

ORDER 7433
15 Civ. (RWS)

Sweet, D.J.,

The parties to this action, by their attorneys, having appeared before this Court at a pretrial conference on 10-28-15, pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, pursuant to _____:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- All motions are to be made returnable at 12:00 noon on Wednesday and in compliance with the rules of this Court.
- The parties shall complete all fact discovery by 9-1-16 and all expert discovery by 8/3/16. The expert report(s) of the party with the burden of proof shall be due before those of the opposing party's expert(s). The parties shall file all motions, other than motions in limine, by this date (or whichever is later), after which no discovery will be conducted and no motion will be entertained without a showing of special circumstances. Plaintiff(s) shall submit a draft of the pretrial order to the defendant(s) on or before the completion of discovery. The parties are advised that this Court is participating in a Pilot Program for initial discovery protocols for employment cases alleging adverse action. See www.fjc.gov.
- The parties shall, in order to prevent delay or interruption of the trial, have sufficient witnesses at all times during the trial and shall perpetuate before trial the direct and cross-examination testimony of any essential witness.
- The parties shall submit to the court trial briefs, a joint proposed pretrial order, and, if applicable, motions in limine and proposed jury charges, voir dire requests and special verdict form in accordance with the annexed form and instructions by 9/7/16. A final pretrial conference will be held at 4:30 pm on that date and the action shall be added to the trial calendar published in the New York Law Journal. Prior to submission of the final pretrial order, the parties are directed to exchange offers of settlement. The parties are directed to be ready for trial the day after the pretrial order is due and, upon receipt of twenty-four hour telephone notice, on any day thereafter.
- Adjournments of the dates set forth above will not be granted except for good cause and upon written application made as soon as the grounds for such application are known.
- Failure to comply with any of the provisions of this order will result in dismissal of the action, entry of a default judgment, or other appropriate sanction.

It is so ordered.



ROBERT W. SWEET
U.S.D.J.

New York, NY

Oct 28, 2015

USDC SDNY
DOCUMENT
ELECTRONICALLY FILED
DOC #:
DATE FILED: 10/30/15

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

PLAINTIFF,

V.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

DEFENDANT.

15-cv-07433-RWS
Oral Argument Requested for January
7, 2016 at 12:00 pm

DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S NOTICE OF
MOTION TO DISMISS THE COMPLAINT

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT, upon the accompanying Declaration of Laura A. Menninger, dated November 30, 2015, and the exhibits thereto and the accompanying Memorandum of Law, dated November 30, 2015, any other matters of which the Court may take judicial notice, and upon all prior pleadings and proceedings in this action, other documents on file in this action, and any oral argument of counsel, Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell ("Maxwell") will move this Court, before the Honorable Robert W. Sweet, at the Daniel Patrick Moynihan United States Courthouse, 500 Pearl Street, New York, New York, Courtroom 18C, for an Order pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6) dismissing the Complaint of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre in its entirety and granting such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: November 30, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger

HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.

150 East 10th Avenue

Denver, CO 80203

Phone: 303.831.7364

Fax: 303.832.2628

lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on November 30, 2015, I electronically filed this DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S NOTICE OF MOTION TO DISMISS THE COMPLAINT with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

PLAINTIFF,

V.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

DEFENDANT.

-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

**GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S MEMORANDUM OF LAW
IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO DISMISS COMPLAINT**

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Tel: 303.831.7364

Dated: November 30, 2015

Table of Contents

I. MS. MAXWELL’S STATEMENTS ARE PRIVILEGED	9
A. The Self-Defense Privilege Protects Ms. Maxwell’s Statements.....	9
B. The Pre-Litigation Privilege Protects Ms. Maxwell’s Statements	14
II. PLAINTIFF FAILED TO PLAUSIBLY PLEAD DEFAMATION	17
A. Viewed In Context, the Statements are Non-Actionable	18
B. The Complaint Does Not Allege to Whom, Where or in What Manner the January 3 Statement Was Made.....	22
C. Plaintiff Has Not Properly Pled Special Damages	23
a. The Alleged Defamatory Statement is Not Defamatory <i>Per Se</i>	23
b. Failure to Allege Special Damages Warrants Dismissal	24
CONCLUSION	25

Cases

<i>Abrams v. United States</i> , 250 U.S. 616, 630 (1919).....	17
<i>Adelson v. Harris</i> , 973 F. Supp.2d 467, 477 (S.D.N.Y. 2013).....	7
<i>Armstrong v. Simon & Schuster, Inc.</i> , 625 N.Y.S.2d 477 (1995)	7
<i>Ashcroft v. Iqbal</i> , 129 S. Ct. 1937, 1949 (2009).....	6
<i>Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly</i> , 550 U.S. 544, 570 (2007)	7
<i>Biro v. Conde Nast</i> , 883 F.Supp.2d 441, 457 (S.D.N.Y. 2012)	7, 12
<i>Caplan v. Winslet</i> , 218 A.D.2d 148, 153 (1st Dep’t 1996)	13
<i>Celle v. Fillipino Reporter Enters, Inc.</i> , 209 F.3d 163 (2d Cir. 2000).....	17
<i>Club Valencia Homeowners Ass’n, Inc. v. Valencia Associates</i> , 712 P.2d 1024 (Colo. App. 1985).....	13
<i>Cohen v. Stevanovich</i> , 772 F.Supp.2d 416, 423 (S.D.N.Y. 2010)	7
<i>Collier v. Possum Cereal Co., Ltd.</i> , 134 N.Y.S. 847, 853 (1st Dep’t 1912).....	9
<i>Couloute, Jr. v. Rynarz</i> , No. 11 CV 5986 (HB), 2012 WL 541089, (S.D.N.Y. 2012)	17
<i>Cruz v. Marchetto</i> , No. 11 Civ. 8378, 2012 WL 4513484 (S.D.N.Y. 2012)	7, 20, 21
<i>Culver v. Merrill Lynch & Co.</i> , 1995 US Dist. LEXIS 10017 (S.D.N.Y. 1995)	13
<i>Deutsche Asset Mgmt, Inc. v. Callaghan</i> , No. 01 Civ 4426 CBM, 2004 WL 758303.....	16
<i>Dillon v. City of New York</i> , 704 N.Y.S.2d 1, 5 (1st Dep’t 1999)	8,18
<i>Edwards v. Great Northern Ins. Co.</i> , No. 03 CV 2947 (NG) (RML), 2006 WL 2053717, (E.D.N.Y. July 21, 2006).....	18
<i>Foretich v. Capital Cities/ABC, Inc.</i> , 37 F.3d 1541 (4th Cir. 1994)	8, 11
<i>Fowler v. New York Herald</i> , 172 N.Y.S. 423 (1 st Dep’t 1918)	8

<i>Frechtman v. Gutterman</i> , 979 N.Y.S.2d 58 (1st Dep’t 2014).....	14
<i>Front, Inc. v. Khalil</i> , 24 N.Y.3d 713, 720 (2015).....	13
<i>Fuji Photo Film U.S.A., Inc. v. McNulty</i> , 669 F.Supp.2d 405 (S.D.N.Y. 2009)	8
<i>Gertz v. Robert Welch, Inc.</i> , 418 U.S. 323, 325 (1974).....	17
<i>Hawkins v. City of New York</i> , No. 99 Civ. 11704 (RWS), 2005 WL 1861855 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 4, 2005)	20, 21, 23
<i>Hoesten v. Best</i> , 821 N.Y.S.2d 40 (1st Dep’t 2006)	12
<i>Independent Living Aids, Inc. v. Maxi-Aids, Inc.</i> , 981 F.Supp. 124 (E.D.N.Y. 1997).....	19
<i>International Publishing Concepts, LLC v. Locatelli</i> , 9 N.Y.S.3d 593, 2015 N.Y. Slip Op. 50049 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Jan. 15, 2015)	14
<i>J.P.R. Cafeteria, Inc. v. Kingsborough Community College of City University of New York</i> , 847 N.Y.S.2d 902 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Aug. 21, 2007)	21
<i>Kane v. Orange Cnty. Publ’n</i> , 232 A.D.2d 526, 527 (2d Dept. 1996).....	8
<i>Keohane v. Stewart</i> , 882 P.2d 1293 (Colo. 1994)	17
<i>Kforce, Inc. v. Alden Personnel, Inc.</i> , 288 F.Supp.2d 513, 516 (S.D.N.Y. 2003)	16, 21
<i>Kirk v. Heppt</i> , 532 F.Supp.2d 586 (S.D.N.Y. 2008)	14
<i>Krepps v. Reiner</i> , 588 F.Supp.2d 471, 483 (S.D.N.Y. 2008)	7
<i>Liberman v. Gelstein</i> , 80 N.Y.2d 429, 590 (N.Y. 1992)	22
<i>McNamee v. Clemens</i> , 762 F.Supp.2d 584, 601 (E.D.N.Y. 2011).....	19
<i>Mencher v. Chesley</i> , 85 N.Y.S.2d 431 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. 1948).....	9
<i>Orenstein v. Figel</i> , 677 F.Supp.2d 706, 711 (S.D.N.Y. 2009)	8
<i>Preston v. Hobbs</i> , 146 N.Y.S. 419 (1 st Dep’t 1914).....	9

<i>Pure Power Boot Camp, Inc. v. Warrior Fitness Boot Camp, LLC</i> , 813 F.Supp.2d 489, 550 (S.D.N.Y. 2011).....	22
<i>Sexter v. Warmflash, P.C. v. Margrabe</i> , 828 N.Y.S.2d 315 (1st Dep’t 2007)	14
<i>Shenkman v. O’Malley</i> , 157 N.Y.S.2d 290, 297-98 (1 st Dep’t 1956).....	8
<i>Siegel v. Metropolitan Life Ins. Co.</i> , 32 N.Y.S.2d 658 (1 st Dep’t 1942)	8
<i>Thai v. Cayre Group, Ltd.</i> , 726 F.Supp.2d 323, 330 (S.D.N.Y. 2010)	23
<i>Thai v. Cayre Grp., Ltd.</i> , 726 F. Supp. 2d 323, 330 (S.D.N.Y. 2010)	16
<i>Thompson v. Bosswick</i> , 855 F.Supp.2d 67, 77 (S.D.N.Y. 2012).....	21, 22
<i>TMJ Implants, Inc. v. Aetna, Inc.</i> , 498 F.3d 1175, 1182-83 (10 th Cir. 2007).....	9
<i>Treppel v. Biovail Corp.</i> , No. 03 Civ. 3002 (PKL), 2005 WL 2086339, at *7 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 30, 2005)	7
<i>U.S. S.E.C. v. Power</i> , 525 F. Supp.2d 415, 418 (S.D.N.Y. 2007).....	3
<i>Wanamaker v. Columbian Rope Co.</i> , 713 F.Supp.533, 545 (S.D.N.Y. 1989)	18
<i>Weldy v. Piedmont Airlines, Inc.</i> , 985 F.2d 57, 62 (2d Cir. 1993)	11
<i>Williams v. Burns</i> , 463 F.Supp. 1278, 1282 (D. Colo. 1979).....	9
<i>Yuan v. Rivera</i> , 1998 WL 63404, at *5 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 17, 1998).....	12
<i>Zerr v. Johnson</i> , 894 F. Supp. 374, 376 (D. Colo. 1995)	16

INTRODUCTION

The Plaintiff in this case falsely and maliciously launched a media campaign several years ago in the United Kingdom accusing Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell of serious and criminal sexual abuse from 1999-2002. Plaintiff repeated those allegations in litigation pleadings to which Ms. Maxwell was not a party and which since have been stricken as “immaterial and impertinent.” Those pleadings were widely circulated to the public by various media outlets in the United States and abroad, further generating interest in Plaintiff’s spurious claims. Plaintiff’s allegations of sexual abuse extend beyond just Ms. Maxwell and encompass many notable public figures, such as Prince Andrew and Harvard Law Professor Alan Dershowitz, as well as un-named “numerous American politicians, powerful business executives, foreign presidents, a well-known Prime Minister, and other world leaders.” Plaintiff’s targeting of such notable public figures has served only to enhance the media spotlight on the false accusations directed at Ms. Maxwell.

In response to Plaintiff’s published claims, Ms. Maxwell (like Prince Andrew and Professor Dershowitz), issued general denials to the allegations. Those two denials form the basis of this defamation action: Plaintiff claims it defamatory for Ms. Maxwell to have issued statements through her London agent that Plaintiff’s allegations “are untrue,” “shown to be untrue” and “obvious lies.”

Long-settled New York law renders denials such as Ms. Maxwell’s privileged under the law and requires dismissal of this defamation action. As one commentator wrote in 1881, “If I am attacked in a newspaper, I may write to that paper to rebut the

charges, and I may at the same time retort upon my assailant, when such retort is a necessary part of my defense, or fairly arises out of the charges he has made against me.” William Blade Odgers, *A Digest of the Law of Libel and Slander* (1st Am. ed. Bigelow 1881). Because Ms. Maxwell’s denials were proportionate, relevant and not excessively publicized replies to Plaintiff’s claims, rendered without malice, she is entitled to the privilege of self-defense and this Complaint should be dismissed. Moreover, because the denials when viewed in context demonstrate that they were pre-litigation demands to the British newspapers to cease and desist, they likewise are entitled to the litigation privilege.

Finally, the Complaint falls woefully short of a well-pled defamation claim. New York law makes clear that general denials, as compared to specific defamatory denials, are non-actionable in defamation. Plaintiff also neglected to state when, to whom and in what manner the statements were made and she omitted any special damages or facts establishing defamation *per se*.

Each of these reasons forms a separate and independent basis to dismiss the Complaint pursuant to Rule 12(b)(6). Ms. Maxwell seeks this Court’s assistance in serving as a gatekeeper to dismiss this spurious defamation claim. Be clear: Maxwell absolutely denies VR’s claims made about her in pleadings filed in cases to which she was not a party and in paid media interviews to trashy British publications.

“General denials are not actionable” in defamation. General denials issued as a part of a cease and desist to the news organizations publishing the false and salacious accusations are privileged. No special damages and no defamation *per se*.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS¹

Plaintiff has repeatedly and falsely accused Ms. Ghislaine Maxwell of sexual abuse occurring between 1999 and 2002. Since 2009, Plaintiff has set forth these false claims in pleadings filed in various federal civil actions in Florida. Compl. ¶ 8-21, 26-27. Ms. Maxwell was not a party to any of those litigations: not the criminal case against Mr. Epstein (Compl. ¶ 14), any non-prosecution agreement between Mr. Epstein and the U.S. Attorney's Office (Compl. ¶¶ 11-13), the litigation concerning the Crime Victim's Rights Act (CVRA) still pending in U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida (Compl. ¶¶ 15-16), and not Plaintiff's 2009 civil suit against Mr. Epstein (Compl. ¶¶ 17-21). No criminal charges were ever brought against Ms. Maxwell, and Plaintiff never sought to join Ms. Maxwell to any of her civil matters involving Mr. Epstein.

Plaintiff's accusations against Ms. Maxwell were not confined to legal proceedings, however. Beginning in or around March 2011, Plaintiff granted "exclusive" interviews to the British press, using her real name, during which she repeated her false allegations against Ms. Maxwell and also levied accusations against countless prominent public figures such as Prince Andrew, Harvard Law professor Alan Dershowitz, and "a well-known businessman (whose pregnant wife was asleep in the next room), a world-renowned scientist, a respected liberal politician and a foreign head of state." *See* Declaration of Laura A. Menninger ("Menninger Decl.") Ex. A, at 3.

¹ This statement of facts is based on (1) the allegations set forth in the Complaint; and (2) documents referenced in the Complaint, but which were not attached to the pleading. *U.S. S.E.C. v. Power*, 525 F. Supp.2d 415, 418 (S.D.N.Y. 2007) (J. Sweet) (On a motion to dismiss, "[t]he Court may also consider any documents...incorporated by reference into the complaint."). Further, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(d), if the motion is treated as one for summary judgment, "[a]ll parties must be given a reasonable opportunity to present all the material that is pertinent to the motion."

In response to Plaintiff's 2011 British tabloid interviews, on March 9, 2011 a "Statement on Behalf of Ghislaine Maxwell" was issued by Devonshires Solicitors ("2011 Statement").

Menninger Decl. Ex. B.² The 2011 Statement provides in its entirety:

Ghislaine Maxwell denies the various allegations about her that have appeared recently in the media. These allegations are all entirely false.

It is unacceptable that letters sent by Ms. Maxwell's legal representatives to certain newspapers pointing out the truth and asking for the allegations to be withdrawn have simply been ignored.

In the circumstances, Ms. Maxwell is now proceeding to take legal action against those newspapers.

"I understand newspapers need stories to sell copies. It is well known that certain newspapers live by the adage, 'why let the truth get in the way of a good story.' However, the allegations made against me are abhorrent and entirely untrue and I ask that they stop," said Ghislaine Maxwell.

"A number of newspapers have shown a complete lack of accuracy in their reporting of this story and a failure to carry out the most elementary investigation or any real due diligence. I am now taking action to clear my name," she said.

Plaintiff did not bring suit against Ms. Maxwell for defamation based on the 2011 Statement.

More than three years later, on December 30, 2014, Plaintiff moved under Rule 21 to join the 2008 CVRA litigation in the U.S. District for the Southern District of Florida ("Joinder Motion"). Compl. ¶¶ 16, 26, 27. Plaintiff included in her Joinder Motion "lurid details" concerning her supposed sexual abuse by Ms. Maxwell and other non-parties to that CVRA action, including professor Alan Dershowitz, "numerous American politicians, powerful business executives, foreign presidents, a well-known Prime Minister, and other world leaders."

Menninger Decl. Ex. C at 4-5. On April 7, 2015, U.S. District Court Judge Marra denied

Plaintiff's Joinder Motion, ordered the portions of the Joinder Motion pertaining to non-parties

² Although the Complaint does not explicitly mention the 2011 Statement, it appears Plaintiff believes it to be the "additional" statement referenced on paragraphs 30 and 31 based on her production of the statement as a part of her Rule 26 disclosures.

such as Ms. Maxwell stricken as “immaterial and impertinent,” and restricted the documents mentioning those “lurid details” from public access. *Id.*; Menninger Decl. Ex.D. Despite the court’s attempt to shield the false statements, the bell could not be un-rung. The same day the Joinder Motion was filed, British and U.S. press began publishing numerous stories based on its contents. *See, e.g., Politico*, “Woman Who Sued Convicted Billionaire Over Sex Abuse Levels Claims at his Friends.” (Dec. 31, 2014).³

According to the Complaint, it was on January 3, 2015, a few days after the Joinder Motion was publicly filed, that Ms. Maxwell is alleged to have “spoken through her authorized agent” to “issue an additional false statement to the media and public.” Compl. ¶ 30. According to the Complaint, this January 3, 2015 Statement “contained the following deliberate falsehoods”: (a) Plaintiff’s sworn allegations “against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue,” (b) the allegations have been “shown to be untrue;” and (c) Plaintiff’s “claims are obvious lies.” *Id.* The January 3 Statement also “incorporated by reference” an “original response to the lies and defamatory claims” made by Ms. Maxwell, which response purportedly had described Plaintiff’s allegations as “entirely false” and “entirely untrue.” Compl. ¶ 31. Copies of the entire January 3 Statement and the “original response” were not included in or attached to the Complaint. The Complaint also did not detail where the January 3 Statement was made, to whom it was made, nor any factual assertion regarding its publication by any news media.

The Complaint supplies one additional purportedly defamatory statement. According to Plaintiff, on January 4, 2015, “a reporter on a Manhattan street” “asked Ms. Maxwell about [Plaintiff’s] allegations” and Ms. Maxwell “responded” with the phrase: “I am referring to the statement that we made” (“January 4 Statement”). Compl. ¶ 37. This video was published by

³ Available at <http://www.politico.com/blogs/under-the-radar/2014/12/woman-who-sued-convicted-billionaire-over-sex-abuse-levels-claims-at-his-friends-200495> (accessed on November 30, 2015).

the *New York Daily News*. (*Id.*) Indeed, although not detailed in the Complaint, the *New York Daily News* website contains a video entitled “Ghislain Maxwell declines comment on allegations she is a madam.”⁴ The filmed portion of the encounter begins with Ms. Maxwell stating that “I wish you a happy new year and thank you so much;” whatever is said prior to that statement was not recorded. A voice then inquires, “so you’re basically not commenting, is that...”; Ms. Maxwell’s response, perhaps “I’m referring to the statement that was made,” is barely audible. Another person questions, “is any of that true?” Ms. Maxwell then responds “C’mon guys” and walks away. According to the Complaint, this “response” demonstrates Ms. Maxwell’s “continued...campaign to falsely and maliciously discredit” Plaintiff. Compl. ¶ 37.

The Complaint does not allege damages in detail. It generically asserts that Plaintiff has suffered “economic damage, psychological pain and suffering, mental anguish and emotional distress, and other direct and consequential damages.” Compl. Count 1 ¶ 19. Further, Plaintiff claims she “incorporated an organization called Victims Refuse Silence, Inc., a Florida not-for-profit corporation” on December 23, 2014, approximately 10 days before the January 3 Statement. Compl. ¶¶ 24-25. Plaintiff’s role with the corporation, her profession, and any basis for Ms. Maxwell to even know of the corporation’s existence are not alleged, but the Complaint baldly asserts that the January 3 and 4 Statements “tended to injure [Plaintiff] in her professional capacity as the president of a non-profit corporation designed to help victims of sex trafficking.” Compl. Claim 1, ¶ 11.

ARGUMENT

To survive dismissal, “a complaint must contain sufficient factual matter...to ‘state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face.’” *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 129 S. Ct. 1937, 1949 (2009)

⁴ Available at <http://www.nydailynews.com/news/world/alleged-madame-accused-supplying-prince-andrew-article-1.2065505> (accessed November 30, 2015).

(quoting *Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 570 (2007)). “Plausibility” means the claim must be supported by facts that establish more than “a sheer possibility that a defendant has acted unlawfully.” *Cruz v. Marchetto*, No. 11 Civ. 8378, 2012 WL 4513484, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. a, 2012) (quoting *Cohen v. Stevanovich*, 772 F.Supp.2d 416, 423 (S.D.N.Y. 2010)).

In the defamation context, the Court acts as a gatekeeper and should dismiss claims in which the challenged statements are not “reasonably susceptible of a defamatory meaning.” *Krepps v. Reiner*, 588 F.Supp.2d 471, 483 (S.D.N.Y. 2008) (Sweet, J.) (citing *Treppel v. Biovail Corp.*, No. 03 Civ. 3002 (PKL), 2005 WL 2086339, at *7 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 30, 2005)). As courts in this district have recognized, there is “particular value” to resolving defamation claims at the pleading stage, as protracted litigation can have a chilling effect on the exercise of constitutionally protected freedoms. *Biro v. Conde Nast*, 883 F.Supp.2d 441, 457 (S.D.N.Y. 2012) (quoting *Armstrong v. Simon & Schuster, Inc.*, 625 N.Y.S.2d 477, 481 (N.Y. 1995)).

I. MS. MAXWELL’S STATEMENTS ARE PRIVILEGED⁵

To succeed on a claim for libel, or defamation based on written statements, pursuant to New York law, a plaintiff must establish the “elements [of] a false statement, published *without privilege* or authorization to a third party, constituting fault as judged by, at a minimum, a negligence standard, and, it must either cause special harm or constitute defamation per se.”

⁵ Under New York’s choice-of-law rules for defamation actions, the general rule is that “the state of the plaintiff’s domicile (in this case, Colorado) will usually have the most significant relationship to the case” and therefore that state’s law will govern. *Adelson v. Harris*, 973 F. Supp.2d 467, 477 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (internal quotations omitted). However, in multistate cases such as this in which the alleged defamatory statement was published nationally, there is only a presumptive rule that the law of plaintiff’s domicile applies. *Id.* That presumption may not hold when some other state has a more significant relationship to the issues or the parties. *Id.* Here, because Ms. Maxwell is a resident of New York, and one of the purported statements was made in New York, this state has arguably a more substantial relationship to the alleged tort than does Colorado. Nonetheless, the laws of Colorado and New York are substantially similar. For these reasons, Ms. Maxwell asks the Court to apply New York law, but will note any differences between the two laws when applicable.

Dillon v. City of New York, 704 N.Y.S.2d 1, 5 (1st Dep’t 1999) (emphasis added). “[I]n light of the incorporation of a lack of privilege into the elements of a defamation claim,” a Court may properly dismiss a defamation such a claim pursuant to Rule 12(b)(6) where a qualified privilege is established. *Orenstein v. Figel*, 677 F.Supp.2d 706, 711 (S.D.N.Y. 2009); *see also Fuji Photo Film U.S.A., Inc. v. McNulty*, 669 F.Supp.2d 405 (S.D.N.Y. 2009).

Ms. Maxwell’s Statements are privileged both under the New York self-defense privilege and the pre-litigation privilege and the Complaint should therefore be dismissed.

A. The Self-Defense Privilege Protects Ms. Maxwell’s Statements

“Every man has a right to defend his character against false aspersion. It may be said that this is one of the duties that he owes to himself and to his family. Therefore communications made in fair self-defense are privileged. If I am attacked in a newspaper, I may write to that paper to rebut the charges, and I may at the same time retort upon my assailant, when such retort is a necessary part of my defense, or fairly arises out of the charges he has made against me.” William Blake Odgers, *A Digest of the Law of Libel and Slander* (1st Am. ed. Bigelow 1881).

New York, along with numerous other jurisdictions⁶ and the Restatement (Second) of Torts, recognizes a qualified privilege to respond in self-defense to verbal defamatory attacks levied by another upon the speaker. *See, e.g., Kane v. Orange Cnty. Publ’n*, 232 A.D.2d 526, 527 (2d Dept. 1996) (“[S]ince the open letter was the [defendant’s] response to unfavorable publicity against him—publicity concededly generated ‘with the cooperation of plaintiffs’—it was covered by a qualified privilege.”); *Shenkman v. O’Malley*, 157 N.Y.S.2d 290, 297-98 (1st Dep’t 1956); *Siegel v. Metropolitan Life Ins. Co.*, 32 N.Y.S.2d 658 (1st Dep’t 1942); *Fowler v. New York Herald*, 172 N.Y.S. 423 (1st Dep’t 1918); *Preston v. Hobbs*, 146 N.Y.S. 419 (1st Dep’t

⁶ *See Foretich v. Capital Cities/ABC, Inc.*, 37 F.3d 1541, 155-60 & n.19 (4th Cir. 1994) (collecting cases).

1914); *Mencher v. Chesley*, 85 N.Y.S.2d 431 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. 1948) (“The pertinent authorities hold that a person subjects his own motives to discussion when he makes a public attack upon another. Legitimate self-defense is not limited to a mere denial of the charges, but it may include a proper counterattack in the forum selected by the plaintiff.”); *see also* Restatement (Second) of Torts § 594 cmt. k (1977) (“A conditional privilege exists under the rule stated in this Section when the person making the publication reasonably believes that his interest in his own reputation has been unlawfully invaded by another person and that the defamatory matter that he publishes about the other is reasonably necessary to defend himself. The privilege here is analogous to that of self-defense against battery, assault or false imprisonment . . . Thus the defendant may publish in an appropriate manner anything that he reasonably believes to be necessary to defend his own reputation against the defamation of another, including the statement that his accuser is an unmitigated liar.”).⁷

In *Collier v. Possum Cereal Co., Ltd.*, 134 N.Y.S. 847, 853 (1st Dep’t 1912), the self-defense privilege was explained:

The important question is whether the defendant had the right to impugn the motives of its assailant, if it did so honestly without malice and for the sole purpose of repelling the assault upon it, and not with the view of injuring the plaintiff. One who makes a public attack upon another subjects his own motives to discussion. It is a contradiction in terms to say that the one attacked is privileged only to speak the truth, and not to make a counter attack, or that legitimate self-defense consists only in denial of the charge or a statement of what is claimed to be the truth respecting its subject-matter. One in self-defense is not confined to parrying the thrusts of his assailant. Of course, the counter attack must not be unrelated to the charge, but surely the motives of the one making it

⁷ Although the Colorado appellate courts apparently have not yet ruled on the issue of self-defense privilege, the 10th Circuit has deemed it a “safe presumption” that Colorado Supreme Court would adopt the various provisions of the Restatement (Second) of Torts (1977) as part of “its common law of defamation” based on its decisions and Uniform Jury Instructions. *See TMJ Implants, Inc. v. Aetna, Inc.*, 498 F.3d 1175, 1182-83 (10th Cir. 2007); *see also Williams v. Burns*, 463 F.Supp. 1278, 1282 (D. Colo. 1979) (recognizing qualified privilege defense for protecting one’s interest).

are pertinent. The plaintiff selected the forum for the dispute, and in that forum it would certainly tend to repel, or minimize the harmful tendency of the charges to show that the one making them was actuated by an improper motive.

See also Sack, Robert D., *Sack on Defamation: Libel, Slander and Related Problems* (Practicing Law Inst., Apr. 2015 ed.) at Kindle Loc. 20357-20370 (“A person also has a right to defend himself or herself from charges of unlawful activity...The right to defend oneself against defamation is a recognized interest. An individual is privileged to publish defamatory matter in response to an attack upon his or her reputation; the speaker is given more latitude in such a situation than if the statements were not provoked.”).

Each of the Statements attributed to Ms. Maxwell and her representatives regarding Plaintiff was issued in self-defense. Plaintiff ignited this controversy by asserting in the British press her public accusations that Ms. Maxwell had committed sexual abuse. Menninger Decl. Ex. A. (Plaintiff’s interview with Daily Mail) Plaintiff further fanned the flames by filing in U.S. federal court on December 30, 2014 “immaterial and impertinent” “lurid details” in a public pleading which again accused Ms. Maxwell of committing sexual abuse. Menninger Decl. Ex. C. Given her many previous dealings with the media on this topic, Plaintiff clearly filed those public pleadings with knowledge (or more probably an intention) that such materials would be published by the press. Compl. ¶¶ 26, 27. Ms. Maxwell’s January 3 Statement, according to the Complaint, states that the allegations “against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue,” the claims are “obvious lies,” have been “shown to be untrue,” and the “claims are all obvious lies.” Each attributed statement responds directly to allegations and claims made by Plaintiff. Compl. ¶ 31. Likewise to the extent the claimed statement that “Ghislaine Maxwell’s original response to the lies and defamatory claims remains the same” (Compl. ¶ 32) refers to an earlier statement describing Plaintiff’s “factual assertions as ‘entirely false’ and ‘entirely untrue,’” those also

respond directly to allegations and claims made by Plaintiff.⁸ And the January 4 Statement refers to another “statement” and is therefore entitled to the same privileges as any other “statement.”

Nor has Plaintiff demonstrated that the self-defense privilege was “abused” so as to remove the defense. According to the Second Circuit (interpreting New York law), once the defendant has proved that she is entitled to a qualified privilege, there arises a rebuttable presumption of good faith that may constitute a complete defense. In order to rebut this presumption, the plaintiff must demonstrate two things: (1) that the statement was false, and (2) that the defendant abused its qualified privilege. *Weldy v. Piedmont Airlines, Inc.*, 985 F.2d 57, 62 (2d Cir. 1993) (citations omitted). With regard to self-defense, the “privilege may be lost...if the reply: (1) includes substantial defamatory matter that is irrelevant or non-responsive to the initial statement; (2) includes substantial defamatory material that is disproportionate to the initial statement; (3) is excessively publicized; or (4) is made with malice in the sense of spite or ill will.” *Sack, supra*; Restatement (Second) of Torts, §§ 599, 603-605A (1977).

Here, Plaintiff has not—and cannot—establish that the privilege was lost. Each of the statements attributed to Ms. Maxwell is relevant, directly responsive, and proportional to Plaintiff’s accusations. That the statements are “untrue,” “obvious lies,” “shown to be untrue” or were “denied” are each the type of statements that the self-defense privilege seeks to protect. *Foretich*, at 1560 (“To be responsive, a reply’s contents must clearly relate to its supposed objective—blinding the initial attack and restoring one’s good name. Statements that simply deny the accusations, or directly respond to them, or express one’s impressions upon first hearing them are certainly responsive.”); Restatement (Second) of Torts § 594 cmt. k (“The defendant may publish...the statement that his accuser is an unmitigated liar.”). Further, the statements

⁸ The January 4 Statement similarly refers to an earlier statement. Compl. ¶ 37 (“I am referring to the statement that we made.”))

contain no substantial defamatory material, much less a disproportionate amount. Plaintiff has not alleged to whom the statements were made and thus cannot show that the supposed Maxwell statements were “excessively publicized.” In any event, given the viral circulation of Plaintiff’s allegations against Ms. Maxwell, as any cursory internet search can attest, it would be impossible to argue that Ms. Maxwell’s statements were “excessively publicized” relative to the accusations to which they were responsive.

Finally, Plaintiff offers no allegations to support her conclusory assertion that the Statements were made with “malice in the sense of spite or ill will.” To sufficiently plead “actual malice” the plaintiff must set forth “non-conclusory allegations that support a plausible inference of actual malice.” *Biro v. Conde Nast*, 2014 WL 4851901 at *2. Bare allegations that the defendant knew or should have known that the statements were false is insufficient. *Id.*⁹ To establish malice, a defamed plaintiff must show...that such malicious motivation was the one and only cause for the publication.” *Hoesten v. Best*, 821 N.Y.S.2d 40 (1st Dep’t 2006). Given the content and context of the Statements, there are no grounds to conclude that a malicious motivation was the cause of their publication. The January 3 Statement concludes that “Miss Maxwell denies allegations of an unsavory nature which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere and reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such claims.” Menninger Decl. Ex. E. The clear motivation for the Statement was to deny the allegations and to place British newspapers on notice that they may be sued for repeating Plaintiff’s false claims. Nothing in the Statement evinces a sense that it was published out of spite or ill will towards Plaintiff. The Complaint’s repeated use of the word “malice” and “ill-will” are nothing more than conclusory allegations based on surmise, conjecture and suspicion and do not suffice to

⁹ Also, merely repeating the same conclusory allegation, as done in the Complaint, is equally insufficient. *Yuan v. Rivera*, No. 96 Civ. 6628 (HB) (LB), 1998 WL 63404, at *5 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 17, 1998) (“This conclusory allegation, repeated throughout the complaint, falls shy of [stating a claim.]”).

establish malice. *See Culver v. Merrill Lynch & Co.*, 94 CIV. 8124 (LBS), 1995 WL 422203, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. July 17, 1995) (“[A] complaint must contain more than conclusory allegations based upon surmise, conjecture and suspicion.”).

The self-defense privilege thus applies and is reason enough to dismiss the Complaint.

B. The Pre-Litigation Privilege Protects Ms. Maxwell’s Statements

Statements made by attorneys and parties pertinent to good faith anticipated litigation are conditionally privileged.¹⁰ Reasoning that “[w]hen litigation is anticipated, attorneys and parties should be free to communicate in order to reduce or avoid the need to actually commence litigation . . . Communication during this pre-litigation phase should be encouraged and not chilled by the possibility of being the basis of a defamation suit.” *Front, Inc. v. Khalil*, 24 N.Y.3d 713, 720 (N.Y. 2015).¹¹ The Court of Appeals in *Khalil* expressly declined to apply the “general malice standard” to the pre-litigation privilege. Instead, the court held the qualified privilege is lost only where the party opposing dismissal “proves that the statements were not pertinent to a good faith anticipated litigation.” *Id.* The Court of Appeals then upheld the dismissal of a defamation complaint premised upon pre-litigation letters including a demand and cease-and-desist notice because the statements contained in these documents were privileged.

In cases preceding *Khalil*, New York appellate courts made clear the litigation privilege covers statements made in connection to “pending *or contemplated* litigation,” *Caplan v. Winslet*, 218 A.D.2d 148, 153 (1st Dep’t 1996) (emphasis added), including “all pertinent

¹⁰ Colorado law also recognizes a privilege for communications made “in reference to the subject matter of the *proposed* or pending litigation” and therefore, Ms. Maxwell’s Statements are privileged whether this Court applies New York or Colorado law. *See Club Valencia Homeowners Ass’n, Inc. v. Valencia Associates*, 712 P.2d 1024, 1027 (Colo. App. 1985) (“The purpose of this privilege . . . is to afford litigants the utmost freedom of access to the courts to preserve and defend their rights . . .”).

¹¹ In England, where all statements except the January 4 Statement one were made, the litigation privilege is broader than in the United States. As Justice Cardozo recognized, there the privilege exists whether the statements are relevant to the judicial proceedings or not. *Andrews v. Gardiner*, 224 N.Y. 440, 445 (N.Y. 1918).

communications among the parties, counsel, witnesses and the court,” regardless of “[w]hether a statement was made in or out of court, was on or off the record, or was made orally or in writing.” *Frechtman v. Gutterman*, 979 N.Y.S.2d 58 (1st Dep’t 2014) (quoting *Sexter v. Warmflash, P.C. v. Margrave*, 828 N.Y.S.2d 315 (1st Dep’t 2007)). In *International Publishing Concepts, LLC v. Locatelli*, 9 N.Y.S.3d 593, 2015 N.Y. Slip Op. 50049 at *3-4 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Jan. 15, 2015), letters and emails which detailed likely litigation and an intent to sue were extended the same pre-litigation privilege although sent to two non-parties who were only potentially affected by the litigation or witnesses to it. *See also Kirk v. Heppt*, 532 F.Supp.2d 586 (S.D.N.Y. 2008) (“The privilege is broad, and embraces anything that may possibly or plausibly be relevant to the litigation.”) (internal citations omitted).

Ms. Maxwell’s 2011 Statement, incorporated by reference into the January 3 Statement, was issued by Devonshires Solicitors in London and explicitly sought to place the British tabloids on notice that litigation against them was forthcoming should they persist in printing Plaintiff’s falsehoods. Menninger Decl. Ex. B. The general denial of the first paragraph (“Ghislaine Maxwell denies the various allegations about her that have appeared recently in the media. These allegations are all entirely false.”) is followed by four paragraphs directly threatening litigation against newspapers:

It is unacceptable that letters sent by Ms. Maxwell’s legal representatives to certain newspapers pointing out the truth and asking for the allegations to be withdrawn have simply been ignored.

In the circumstances, Ms. Maxwell is now proceeding to take legal action against those newspapers.

“I understand that newspapers need stories to sell copies. It is well known that certain newspapers live by the adage, ‘why let the truth get in the way of a good story.’ However, the allegations made against me are abhorrent and entirely untrue and I ask that they stop,” said Ghislaine Maxwell.

“A number of newspapers have shown a complete lack of accuracy in their reporting of this story and a failure to carry out the most elementary investigation or any real due diligence. I am now taking action to clear my name,” she said.

Id.

A statement issued by attorneys, asking the newspapers to cease and desist publication of Plaintiff’s false allegations, stating an intent to “take legal action against those newspapers,” pointing out the lack of accuracy in reporting and duly diligent reporting, and expressing again an intent to “take[e] action to clear” her name all demonstrate that the statement was “pertinent to good faith anticipated litigation” and should be afforded a litigation privilege. The newspapers were the potential parties to an action for repetition of the falsehoods, not some third-parties unaffiliated with potential claims held by Ms. Maxwell. *Cf. Kirk*, 532 F.Supp.2d at 594 (statements to malpractice insurance carrier entitled to privilege).

The January 3 Statement, issued by the same spokesperson as the 2011 Statement, likewise represents a statement “pertinent to” anticipated good-faith litigation. Following another general denial (i.e., the “allegations are untrue”), the statement goes on to say that they are “obvious lies” and “should be treated as such and not publicized as news, as they are defamatory. Ghislaine Maxwell’s original response to the lies and defamatory statements remains the same. Maxwell strongly denies allegations of an unsavoury nature, which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere *and reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such claims.*” Menninger Decl. Ex. E. These statements are pertinent to anticipated litigation against the press who was reporting Plaintiff’s falsehoods and should be afforded the same qualified privilege. *See Locatelli, supra* at *4 (“While such an injunction has not yet been sought, that fact should not be outcome determinative. Rather, it appears to have been intended at the time that these letters and emails were written...”).

Finally, the January 4 Statement, in response to a request for comment as she left her apartment, “I am referring to the statement that was made,” should be afforded the same privilege as any undefined “statement” to which it referred.

II. PLAINTIFF FAILED TO PLAUSIBLY PLEAD DEFAMATION

Under either New York or Colorado law, to state a cause of action for defamation, a plaintiff must prove: (1) defendant made a defamatory statement of fact concerning the plaintiff; (2) defendant published the statement to a third party; (3) defendant acted with the requisite fault; (4) the statement was false; and (5) resulting injury to the plaintiff. *Kforce, Inc. v. Alden Personnel, Inc.*, 288 F.Supp.2d 513, 516 (S.D.N.Y. 2003); *Zerr v. Johnson*, 894 F. Supp. 374, 376 (D. Colo. 1995). Regarding injury, plaintiffs must prove special damages—meaning economic or financial loss—unless the defamation falls within a category of defamation *per se*. *Kforce, Inc.*, 288 F. Supp.2d at 516; *Thai v. Cayre Grp., Ltd.*, 726 F. Supp. 2d 323, 330 (S.D.N.Y. 2010) (defining special damages). Defamation *per se* constitutes a statement “which tends to disparage a person in the way of his office, profession or trade.” *Id.* To be *per se* actionable, there must therefore be a direct link between the statement and the plaintiff’s particular profession. *Id.*

Although state law applies to the merits of defamation claims, Rule 8 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure governs the pleading requirements in federal court. Under Rule 8, defamation allegations must be “simple, concise and direct,” allowing the defendant sufficient notice of the communications complained of to allow the defendant to defend him or herself. *Deutsche Asset Mgmt, Inc. v. Callaghan*, No. 01 Civ 4426 CBM, 2004 WL 758303, at *12 (S.D.N.Y. April 7, 2004). Importantly, to meet this standard, plaintiff must specify who made the statements, when they were made, to whom they were made and in what context they were made. *Id.*

Here, the defamation claim is fatally deficient for three independent reasons: (1) when viewed in context, the statements are not actionable defamatory statements; (2) the Complaint does not allege to whom or where the statements were made; and (3) the Complaint lacks either allegations of special damages or facts from which defamation *per se* could be established. Each of these three faults, standing alone, is sufficient to warrant dismissal for failure to state a claim.

A. Viewed In Context, the Statements are Non-Actionable

The Complaint improperly contains only excerpts of Ms. Maxwell’s Statements, thereby depriving the Court of the ability to adequately determine whether the Statements are actionable. The Supreme Court has long recognized the inherent difficulty in deciding defamation claims given the delicate balance between “the law of defamation and the freedoms of speech and press protected by the First Amendment.” *Gertz v. Robert Welch, Inc.*, 418 U.S. 323, 325 (1974). On the one hand, the law of defamation is designed to “redress and compensate individuals who suffered serious harm to their reputations due to the careless or malicious communications of others.” *Keohane v. Stewart*, 882 P.2d 1293 (Colo. 1994). On the other hand, the First Amendment protects “society’s interest in encouraging and fostering vigorous public debate.” *Id.* (citing *Abrams v. United States*, 250 U.S. 616, 630 (1919) (Holmes, J. dissenting)).

Due to the complexity of these competing interests, it is essential for courts to resolve as a matter of law whether the particular words alleged to be defamatory are in fact defamatory—*i.e.* designed to cause reputational injury. *See Celle v. Phillipino Reporter Enters, Inc.*, 209 F.3d 163, 177 (2d Cir. 2000). To do so, defamatory statements must be considered in the context of the entire communication and the circumstances in which they were written. *Id.* at 178; *see also Keohane*, 882 P.2d at 1299. As one court aptly stated, “Courts will not strain to find defamation where none exists.” *Couloute, Jr. v. Rynarz*, No. 11 CV 5986 (HB), 2012 WL 541089, at *5 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 17, 2012).

In this case, Plaintiff is essentially asking this Court to “strain to find defamation” based on only snippets of Ms. Maxwell’s January 3 and January 4 Statements provided in the Complaint. *See* Compl. ¶ 30. Her failure to provide the context within which the Statements were delivered alone warrants dismissal. *Dillon v. City of New York*, 261 A.D.2d 34, 39-40 (1st Dep’t 1999) (plaintiff’s failure to set forth the entirety of the alleged defamatory statement resulted in only vague and conclusory allegations requiring dismissal); *Edwards v. Great Northern Ins. Co.*, No. 03 CV 2947 (NG) (RML), 2006 WL 2053717, at *5 (E.D.N.Y. July 21, 2006) (dismissing defamation claim for plaintiff’s failure, among other things, to plead the context in which the statements were made); *Wanamaker v. Columbian Rope Co.*, 713 F.Supp.533, 545 (S.D.N.Y. 1989) (same).

When Ms. Maxwell’s statements are actually viewed in context, it becomes clear why Plaintiff only provided excerpts. The Complaint describes Ms. Maxwell’s Statements as an attack on Plaintiff’s honesty and truthfulness and a “concerted and malicious campaign to discredit Giuffre.” Compl. ¶¶ 28, 29. In reality, the statements are far from an attack by Ms. Maxwell. When read in context and as set forth above, it is clear that the January 3 Statement was issued in self defense and in anticipation of good-faith litigation against the news media. The January 3 Statement appears, *inter alia*, in a telegraph article entitled “Prince Andrew denies having relations with ‘sex slave’ girl.” Menninger Decl. Ex. E. The 12-page article contains denials by Prince Andrew and Alan Dershowitz. Buried among those allegations is the following response by Ms. Maxwell’s spokesman:

The allegations made against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue. Miss Maxwell strongly denies allegations of an unsavory nature, which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere and reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such old defamatory claims.

Menninger Decl. Ex. E, at 2. As discussed above, such a statement, which was unequivocally made in response to repeated reputation-harming allegations, is protected by both the privilege of self-defense and the pre-litigation privilege and therefore is not actionable.

Further, general denials such as the January 3 Statement are not actionable as defamatory statements. *See McNamee v. Clemens*, 762 F.Supp.2d 584, 601 (E.D.N.Y. 2011) (“general denials of accusations aren’t actionable”); *Independent Living Aids, Inc. v. Maxi-Aids, Inc.*, 981 F.Supp. 124, 128 (E.D.N.Y. 1997) (epithet “liar,” in context, where it reflects a mere denial of accusations, was personal opinion and rhetorical hyperbole). The context surrounding the January 3 Statement demonstrates it was a general denial made in self-defense and pre-litigation and therefore not actionable as a defamation claim.

Likewise, when viewed in context, it is equally clear that the January 4 Statement is not an actionable statement of fact. The Complaint avers that “Maxwell continued her campaign to falsely and maliciously discredit” Plaintiff “when a reporter on a Manhattan street asked Maxwell” about the allegations and she “responded” by saying “I am referring to the statement that we made.” Compl. ¶ 37. It also alleges that the *New York Daily News* “published a video” of “this response by Maxwell.” Yet the video found on the *New York Daily News* website of this encounter reveals substantially more context. *See supra* at ___. First of all, Ms. Maxwell is accosted by the reporters as she emerged from an apartment on East 65th Street. The video is entitled accurately enough “Ghislaine Maxwell declines comment on allegations she is a madam.”¹² The filmed encounter begins with Ms. Maxwell stating that “I wish you a happy new year and thank you so much.” A voice then inquires, “so you’re basically not commenting, is

¹² Available at <http://www.nydailynews.com/news/world/alleged-madame-accused-supplying-prince-andrew-article-1.2065505> (accessed November 30, 2015).

that...”; her response, “I’m referring to the statement that was made,” is barely audible. Another person questions, “is any of that true?” Ms. Maxwell then responds “C’mon guys” and walks away.

The argument that the January 4 Statement is actionable defamation borders on frivolous. There are not even any questions which give the “interview” context, i.e., what the reporters said just before the camera clip begins, what “allegations” Ms. Maxwell was “responding” to. Certainly nothing in the context of the video mentions Plaintiff or her allegations. Any reasonable listener would understand the verbal video clip together with the heading “Ghislaine Maxwell declines comment on allegations she is a madam” to be just that—a declination to comment. The “statement that was made” is not even contextualized. Which statement? Made when and to whom? Even the Complaint characterizes the verbal words as a “response” to questions from a reporter. Even a strained reading of the allegations concerning the January 4 Statement does not demonstrate a defamatory meaning of and concerning Plaintiff, and any claim based thereon should be dismissed.¹³

B. The Complaint Does Not Allege to Whom, Where or in What Manner the January 3 Statement was Made

It is long settled that “[f]ailure to state the particular person or persons to whom the allegedly slanderous or libelous comments were made as well as the time and manner in which the publications were made warrants dismissal.” *Hawkins v. City of New York*, No. 99 Civ. 11704 (RWS), 2005 WL 1861855, at *18 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 4, 2005); *see also Cruz*, 2012 WL 4513484, at *4 (dismissing a defamation claim for failure to specifically allege the “when, where or in what manner the statements were made”).

¹³ Without the January 4 Statement to the New York Daily News reporter, it is entirely unclear that this case has any nexus to the United States, much less New York.

In *Hawkins*, the Complaint generally alleged that the defendants made false representations of fact about the plaintiff to “other supervisors of [p]laintiff with [the] NYPD.” *Id.* This Court held that by not identifying the *individuals* to whom the statement was allegedly made the claim was “fatally defective.” *Id.* Likewise, in *J.P.R. Cafeteria, Inc. v. Kingsborough Community College of City University of New York*, 847 N.Y.S.2d 902 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Aug. 21, 2007), the defendant alleged in a counterclaim that the plaintiff made libelous and slanderous statements to employees and agents of his employer *and the media*. *Id.* at *5. Again, because the counterclaim did not identify the particular persons to whom the defamatory comments were made, it was dismissed. *Id.*; *see also Cruz*, 2012 WL 4513484, at *4 (dismissing a complaint containing conclusory allegations that defendant made statements that ended up in the headlines and quoted in the media). Here, as in *Hawkins*, the Complaint does not allege to whom the January 3 Statement was made. Instead, it merely contains the general allegation that it was “issued...to the media and public.” Compl. ¶ 30. This precedent establishes that merely identifying a group or organization to whom the statement was published, such as “the media” or “the NYPD” is insufficient. Thus, because the Complaint only identifies the “media and public” as the recipient of the January 3 Statement, the pleading is insufficient.

C. Plaintiff Has Not Properly Pled Special Damages

a. The Alleged Defamatory Statement is Not Defamatory *Per Se*

Plaintiff also fails to properly establish either defamation *per se* or special damages. The pleading is therefore defective. *Thompson v. Bosswick*, 855 F.Supp.2d 67, 77 (S.D.N.Y. 2012); *Kforce*, 288 F.Supp.2d at 516. Defamation *per se* is limited in scope and is only applicable when there is a direct link between “a particular profession and a particular disreputable vice of that profession.” *Id.* While explaining defamation *per se*, this Court quoted the following passage from *Prosser and Keeton on the Law of Torts* § 112, at 791 (5th ed. 1984):

[I]t is actionable without proof of damage to say of a physician that he is a butcher..., of an attorney that he is a shyster, of a school teacher that he has been guilty of improper conduct as to his pupils, of a clergyman that is the subject of scandalous rumors, of a chauffeur that he is habitually drinking, of a merchant that his credit is bad or that he sells adulterated goods, of a public officer that he has accepted a bribe or has used his office for corrupt purposes...since these things discredit [one] in his chosen calling.

The New York Court of Appeals, elaborating on this same concept, further noted that the defamatory “statement must be made with reference to a matter of significance and importance for [the plaintiff’s profession, trade or office], rather than a more general reflection upon the plaintiff’s character or qualities.” *Lieberman v. Gelstein*, 80 N.Y.2d 429, 590 (N.Y. 1992). “The statement must be targeted at the specific standards of performance relevant to the plaintiff’s business and must impute conduct that is ‘of a kind incompatible with the proper conduct of the business, trade, profession or office itself.’” *Thompson*, 855 F.Supp.2d at 77 (quoting *Pure Power Boot Camp, Inc. v. Warrior Fitness Boot Camp, LLC*, 813 F.Supp.2d 489, 550 (S.D.N.Y. 2011)).

Here, it is impossible to determine a link between the January 3 or 4 Statements and Plaintiff’s profession, because no profession is alleged. The only reference in the Complaint to Plaintiff’s “profession” is in paragraphs 24 and 25 where she describes incorporating the Victims Refuse Silence, Inc. organization. Importantly, she allegedly incorporated that organization on December 23, 2014, approximately 10 days before the January 3 Statement. Compl. ¶ 24. Further, other than stating the intent and goals of this newly incorporated organization, she has not described any actions taken by the organization or provided any indication that the organization is currently operating nor detailed her “occupation” within the organization.

Given the close temporal proximity between the creation of Plaintiff’s organization and the issuance of the Statements, it strains credulity to suggest that Ms. Maxwell even knew about

the organization or Plaintiff's supposed profession attendant thereto. If Ms. Maxwell had never heard of Victims Refuse Silence—which is likely—it is equally impossible to suggest that she directed any statements towards Plaintiff's role therein. Even accepting Plaintiff's allegations as true, the January 3 Statement is at most a general reflection upon Plaintiff's character or qualities. More accurately, the Statement can only be characterized as a reaction to certain specific allegations made by Plaintiff towards Ms. Maxwell. According to clear precedent set by this Court and the New York Court of Appeals, the Statement therefore is not defamation *per se*.

b. Failure to Allege Special Damages Warrants Dismissal

Because the January 3 Statement is not *per se* actionable even accepting the Plaintiff's allegations as true, the Court then must scrutinize the Complaint for allegations of special damages. Special damages are generally considered financial or economic damages that are “causally related to the alleged acts.” *Hawkins*, 2012 WL 4513484, at *19. Special damages “must be fully and accurately stated, with sufficient particularity to identify actual losses...The particularity requirement is strictly applied, as courts will dismiss defamation claims for failure to allege special damages with the requisite degree of specificity.” *Thai v. Cayre Group, Ltd.*, 726 F.Supp.2d 323, 330 (S.D.N.Y. 2010). Plaintiff has not and cannot claim special damages as a result of Ms. Maxwell's alleged defamatory statements. Instead, her allegations of damages are vague and conclusory and provide no factual basis to establish a causal connection to the alleged defamation. *See* Compl. ¶ 19 (“Maxwell's false statements have caused, and continue to cause, Giuffre economic damage...”). This obvious pleading defect also mandates dismissal.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated above, the Complaint fails to state a claim for which relief can be granted. Ms. Maxwell therefore respectfully requests that this Court dismiss the

Complaint with prejudice. In addition, in light of Plaintiff's failure to show any factual basis for her claim, Ms. Maxwell requests permission to move for attorneys' fees for the filing of this motion and any subsequent action necessary to prevent from further attempts by Plaintiff to direct additional unfounded and legally insufficient claims against Ms. Maxwell.

Dated: November 30, 2015.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorney for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on November 30, 2015, I electronically filed this *Ghislaine Maxwell's Memorandum of Law in Support of her Motion to Dismiss* with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

PLAINTIFF,

V.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

DEFENDANT.

-----X-

15-cv-07433-RWS

**DECLARATION OF LAURA A. MENNINGER IN SUPPORT OF
DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S MOTION TO DISMISS COMPLAINT**

I, Laura A. Menninger, declare as follows:

1. I am an attorney at law duly licensed in the State of New York and admitted to practice in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. I am a member of the law firm Haddon, Morgan and Foreman. P.C., counsel of record for Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell ("Maxwell") in this action. I respectfully submit this declaration in support of Maxwell's Motion to Dismiss the Complaint filed in this action by Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre.

2. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of the article, "Prince Andrew and the 17-year-old Girl His Sex Offender Friend Flew to Britain to Meet Him," *Daily Mail.Com*, Mar. 2, 2011, available at <http://www.dailymail.co.uk/news/article-1361039/Prince-Andrew-girl-17-sex-offender-friend-flew-Britain-meeet-him.html> (last visited Nov. 30, 2015).

3. Attached hereto as Exhibit B is a true and correct copy of “Statement on Behalf of Ghislaine Maxwell,” *PR Hub*, Mar. 9, 2011, available at <http://pr.gaeatimes.com/statement-on-behalf-of-ghislaine-maxwell-42551/> (last visited Nov. 30, 2015).

4. Attached hereto as Exhibit C is a true and correct copy of Order Denying Petitioner’s Motion to Join Under Rule 21 and Motion to Amend Under Rule 15, *Jane Doe 1 and Jane Doe 2 v. U.S.A.*, Case No. 08-cv-80736-KAM (S.D. Fla. Apr. 15, 2008) (Doc. No. 324).

5. Attached hereto as Exhibit D is a true and correct copy of Supplemental Order, *Jane Doe 1 and Jane Doe 2 v. U.S.A.*, Case No. 08-cv-80736-KAM (S.D. Fla. Apr. 15, 2008) (Doc. No. 325).

6. Attached hereto as Exhibit E is a true and correct copy of “Prince Andrew denies having relations with ‘sex slave’ girl,” *The Telegraph*, Jan. 3, 2015, available at <http://www.telegraph.co.uk/news/uknews/theroyalfamily/11323872/Prince-Andrew-denies-having-relations-with-sex-slave-girl.html> (last visited Nov. 30, 2015).

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on November 30, 2015 in Denver, Colorado.

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger

EXHIBIT A

Feedback

Follow @MailOnline

Monday, Apr 20th 2015 5PM 75°F 8PM 66°F 5-Day Forecast

Daily Mail .com

Home | U.K. News | Sports | U.S. Showbiz | Australia | Femall | Health | Science | Money | Video | Travel | Columnists

Latest headlines: News Arts Headlines Pictures Most read News Board Wires

Log in



Shocking moment woman is shot and



'I can't forgive you'. Tense moment



American teen who 'stuffed socialite



It has helped me save lives... and I've



Erin Andrews surfaces for first



Robosnare Barr, 62, reveals she is

Prince Andrew and the 17-year-old girl his sex offender friend flew to Britain to meet him

Site Web Enter your search

By SHARON CHURCHER
UPDATED: 08:02 EST, 2 March 2011

101

View comments

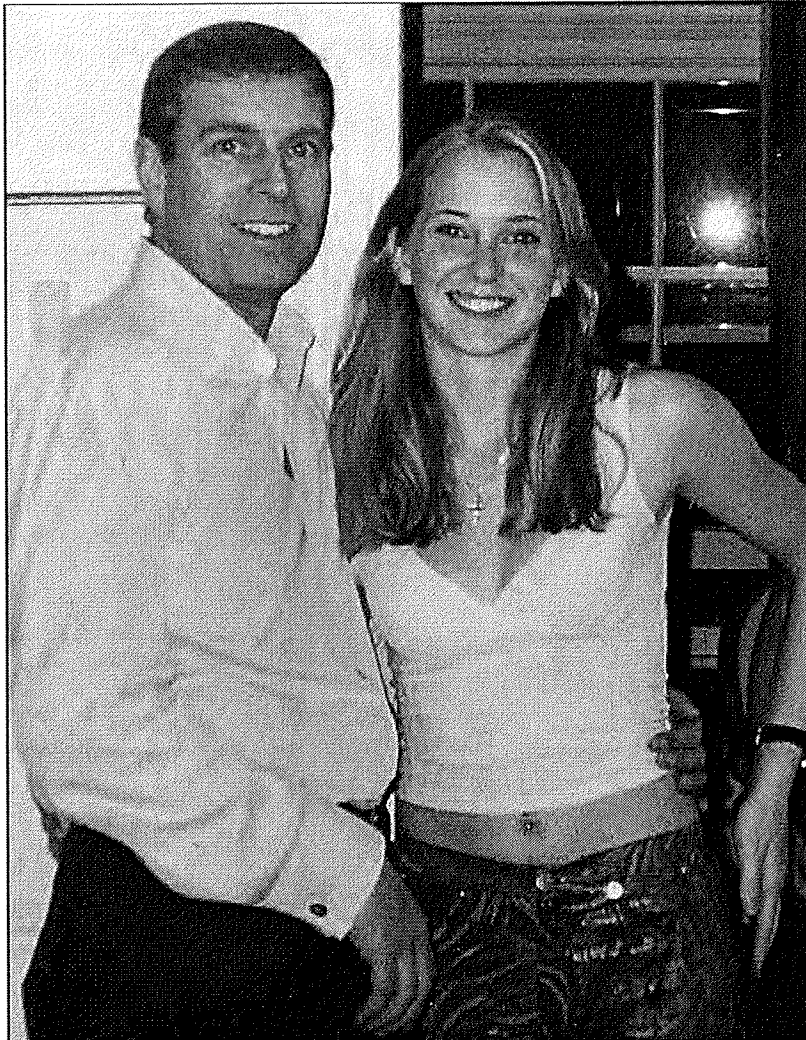
- Virginia Roberts reveals she is 'Jane Doe 102' in Jeffrey Epstein case
- Mother-of-three spent four years as millionaire's personal masseuse
- She describes being flown across world to meet Prince Andrew
- Epstein trained her 'as a prostitute for him and his friends'

As the UK's special representative for international trade, the Duke of York holds an important position, requiring sound judgement and widespread respect.

But those qualities have been thrown into question since photographs of Prince Andrew with his billionaire financier friend Jeffrey Epstein, a convicted child-sex offender who was jailed for 18 months for soliciting underage prostitutes, appeared last weekend.

Today, however, even more serious doubts are cast on his suitability after a woman at the centre of the Epstein case revealed to The Mail on Sunday that she had, as a 17-year-old employed by Epstein, been flown across the world to be introduced to the Prince.

Prince Andrew and girl, 17, who sex offender friend flew to Britain to meet him | Daily Mail Online



First meeting: Prince Andrew puts his arms around 17-year-old Virginia, centre

On one of those occasions Virginia Roberts was subsequently paid \$15,000 (£9,400). Her shocking account of her four years as Epstein's personal masseuse is supported by court documents, an eyewitness, photographs and flight details of Epstein's private jets.

One picture, said to have been taken by Epstein during Andrew's first encounter with the girl in March 2001 and published today by The Mail on Sunday, shows the Prince with his arm around her waist.

This is not the first time the Duke of York's judgment and choice of associates have been questioned. He appears to relish the company of super-rich oil billionaires from the Middle East, North Africa and the former Soviet Union.

The peculiar sale of his former marital home to a Kazakh businessman for £15 million after it had languished unsold for five years at £12 million has never been satisfactorily explained.

In the recent leak of American diplomatic cables it was revealed that he had criticised an official corruption investigation into the huge Al-Yamamah arms deal between Britain and Saudi Arabia, while he is also said to be close to Salf Al-Islam Gaddafi, son of the beleaguered Libyan president, and may have had a role in the early release of Lockerbie bomber Abdelbaset Al Megrahi.

But it is Andrew's friendship with Epstein, whom he has known since at least 2000, and with Epstein's confidante Ghislaine Maxwell, daughter of the late disgraced newspaper baron Robert Maxwell, that gives most concern.

He was first seen with the pair on holiday in Thailand, and was pictured cavorting with Ghislaine at a Halloween fetish-themed party in Manhattan.

The photograph that appeared last weekend shows the prince strolling through Central Park with 58-year-old Epstein. Andrew was said to have spent four days at his New York mansion in December, when he was joined by other distinguished guests, including Woody Allen, at a dinner.

It is by no means the first New York soiree Andrew has attended as Epstein's guest.

A lengthy profile of the financier in Vanity Fair magazine some years ago reported that Andrew was a guest at a cocktail party thrown by Epstein and Maxwell packed with young Russian models. 'Some guests were horrified,' said the article's author, Vicky Ward.

It should not be forgotten that Epstein is a registered sex offender after recently completing his

While on the streets, I slept with men for money. I was a paedophile's dream

ANN TAYLOR

50% OFF EVERYTHING!
+
FREE SHIPPING!

Use Code **CYBER50**

SHOP NOW >

Like
Daily Mail

Follow
@DailyMail

Follow
Daily Mail

+1
Daily Mail

FEMAIL TODAY

Bruce Jenner wears a sports bra on motorcycle cruise while recovering from surgery amid gender transition Ahead of his interview with Diane Sawyer



'Robert De Niro was a fat ahole and Eric Roberts was a monster and spit in my face': 'Cursed' Mariel Hemingway dishes on the men who hit on her**



Need a holiday? Angelina Jolie looks a little stressed as she takes the children to visit Brad Pitt on set Recently had surgery to prevent cancer



Roseanne Barr, 62, reveals she is slowly going blind from Macular degeneration and glaucoma but says marijuana helps relieve symptoms



Spill! Ariana Grande and Big Sean break up after only eight months of dating The Love Me Harder crooner, 21, and the rapper, 27, are over



Harry Connick Jr's face and a baby-faced teenager who could be the next Justin Bieber: Why we're in love with American Idol Sponsored

sentence for offences relating to child prostitution.

However, he avoided trial on more serious charges that carried a potential life sentence. And no one reading The Mail on Sunday's interview with the woman who was prepared to testify against him can be in any doubt of the seriousness of the charges.

Epstein, a Wall Street money manager who once counted Bill Clinton and Donald Trump among his friends, became the subject of an undercover investigation in 2005 after the stepmother of a 14-year old girl claimed she was paid \$200 (£125) to give him an 'erotic massage'.

The subsequent FBI probe uncovered at least 20 girls levelling sexual allegations against him. Eventually, Epstein struck a 'plea bargain' with prosecutors – a practice not permitted under British law – under which he was allowed to plead guilty to two relatively minor charges.

Police claim that his donations to politicians and his 'dream team' of influential lawyers deterred prosecutors from bringing more serious charges of sex-trafficking. The deal certainly kept the names of a lot of Epstein's famous friends out of an embarrassing court case.

However, an unusual part of the agreement was that Epstein's alleged victims were allowed to bring civil proceedings against him.

He has so far made 17 out-of-court settlements, and some cases are ongoing. One of these girls was to have been a key witness for the prosecution had the case gone to trial. She was just 15 years old when she was drawn into Epstein's exploitative world in 1998.

In her civil writ against him, under the pseudonym Jane Doe 102' she alleged that her duties included being 'sexually exploited by Epstein's adult male peers including royalty'.

Now, horrified by the evidence of Epstein and Andrew enjoying each other's company in New York, Jane Doe 102 has agreed to waive her anonymity and tell for the first time her deeply disturbing story.

Her real name is Virginia Roberts and she now lives in Australia, where she is a happily married mother of three.

Over the course of a week during which she spoke at length to The Mail on Sunday, she appeared sometimes vulnerable, and sometimes steely, but always quietly resolute and consistent.

Revisiting events from a past that she had hoped she had left behind, Virginia occasionally buried her face in her hands.

Some recollections – and, for reasons of taste, not all the details can be included here – caused her to flush with shame. 'I'm telling you things that even my husband didn't know,' she said.

Virginia, who has undergone counselling to try to come to terms with her past, is honest about her initiation into Epstein's depraved world.

She was a troubled teenager, whose slender figure, delicate complexion, hesitant voice and soulful blue eyes made her look young for her years.

Born in Sacramento, California, in August 1983, Virginia spent her early years on a small ranch on the West Coast of America.

This seemingly idyllic childhood ended when she was sexually molested by a man close to her family.

The fallout from that led to her parents temporarily splitting up. Blaming herself, Virginia began to get into trouble. Aged 11, she was sent to live with an aunt but repeatedly ran away.

Living on the streets, she was beaten up and slept with at least two older men in return for food. 'I was a paedophile's dream,' she says.

Three years later, she was reunited with her family and started a new life with her father who had moved to Palm Beach.

Florida, where he was maintenance manager at Donald Trump's country club, Mar-a-Lago.

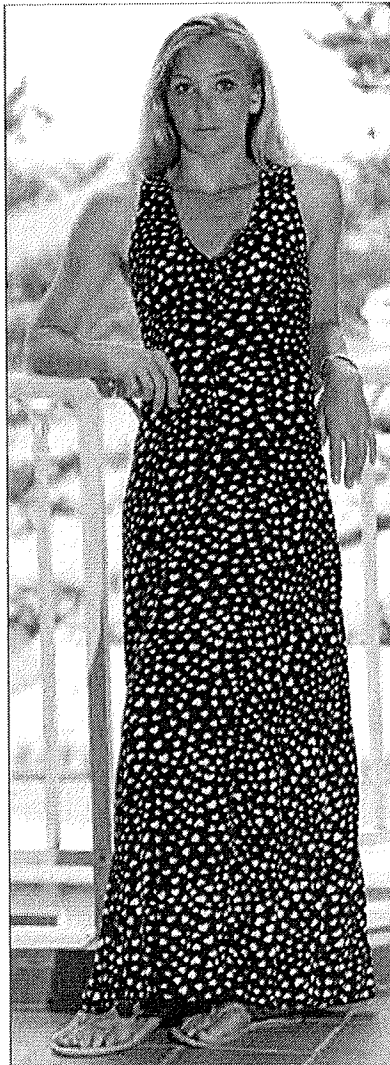
Virginia got a part-time job as a changing room assistant – which is where, soon after her 15th birthday, she met Ghislaine Maxwell, who invited her to work as Epstein's personal masseuse.

'I was wearing my uniform – a white miniskirt and a skin-tight white polo top – when I was approached by Ghislaine,' Virginia says.

'I told her I wanted to become a masseuse and she said she worked for a very wealthy gentleman who was looking for a travelling masseuse.

I'd get training and be paid well. Virginia's father gave his blessing, believing his daughter was being handed the opportunity to learn a skill and to work for a wealthy and respectable employer.

He drove her to Epstein's pink mansion on the Palm Beach waterfront – he also owns a nine-storey home in New York, the city's biggest private residence; a 7,500-acre ranch called Zorro' in New Mexico and Little Saint James, a private 70-acre atoll in the US Virgin Islands.



A new life: Virginia, now a mother-of-three, in Australia



That looks awkward! Stone-faced Nicki Minaj avoids looking at Beyoncé as they watch Drake onstage at Coachella. She didn't show any love.

Troubled baseball star Josh Hamilton files for divorce from Real Housewives of Orange County spouse Katie following his drug relapse.



Rise of Kylie Jenner: As 17-year-old poses in a sheer bodysuit at Coachella with rapper boyfriend Tyga, is she set to be the most successful of the clan?



Disturbing new 'Kylie Jenner challenge' sees teens suck shot glasses to blow up their lips... with disastrous results. A dangerous new craze.



Body FOUR days after baby! Controversial lingerie model flaunts her underwear-clad figure less than a week after giving birth. Barely had a baby bump.



AdChoices >

Mad Max star Charlize Theron looks smokin' hot in racy plunging jumpsuit for magazine shoot. She's dating fellow actor Sean Penn.



Kanye West slams perception that musicians control society 'like the Illuminati' as he covers the magazine that Kim 'broke the internet' with.



'It has helped me save lives... and I've loved every minute of it': John Travolta defends Scientology AGAIN as he tries to promote his new film.



Jessica Chastain suits up in medieval attire as she and Chris Hemsworth shoot scenes amid ancient UK ruins for upcoming movie The Huntsman.



Prince Andrew and girl, 17, who sex offender friend flew to Britain to meet him | Daily Mail Online

Virginia says: 'Ghisliane said I was to start immediately and that someone would drive me home.

My father left and I was told to go upstairs.' She was led by another woman through Epstein's bedroom into a massage room where he lay face down naked on a table.

He started to interviewed Virginia. This was unconventional, but Virginia had no suspicions. Presumably, she thought, this was how the wealthy conducted their business.

Epstein elicited the information that Virginia had been a runaway, and was no longer a virgin.

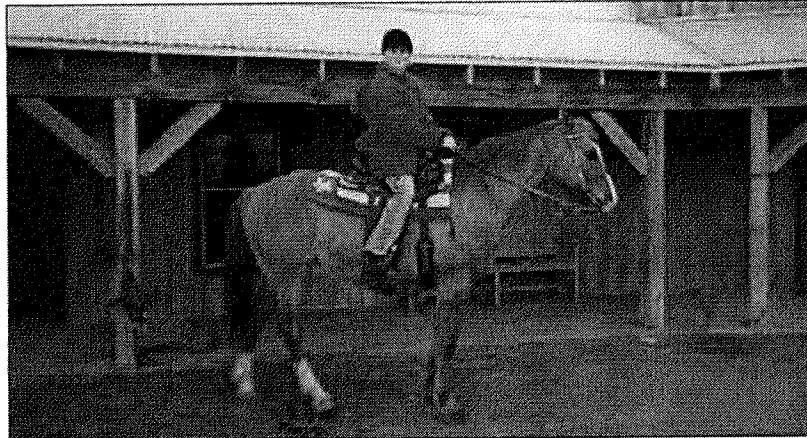
Virginia was then told to start massaging Epstein, under the instructions of the woman who had shown her in. The massage quickly developed into a sexual encounter.

Virginia was uncomfortable, but reluctant to deny such important people. 'My face was red with embarrassment,' she says. 'But I felt under immense pressure to please them.

The whole time it was going on, they were promising me the world, that I'd travel with Jeffrey on his private jet and have a well-paid profession.' Afterwards, she was given two \$100 bills and told to return the next day.

That was the beginning of the four years she spent with Epstein.

For three of those years, she was under Florida's age of consent, which is 18.



Troubled teenager: Virginia on the billionaire's Zorro ranch in New Mexico in 2001

Virginia was fascinated by his life story; the son of a humble New York City parks worker, he was a teacher before becoming a Wall Street broker and friends with the upper echelons of the political, financial and academic establishment.

As a confused teenager, Virginia easily fell into the practice of sexually gratifying him for money.

He guaranteed her a minimum of \$200 each time she gave him what he called an 'erotic massage.'

Virginia said: 'I would always receive the money immediately. He would give me the cash from a wad he carried in a black duffel bag or an assistant paid me.

'And, because of the way Epstein had warped her sensibilities, every time she took the cash, Virginia felt even more indebted to him. Secretly, he was also preparing her for an even more disturbing role.

'Basically, I was training to be a prostitute for him and his friends who shared his interest in young girls,' she says. 'After about two years, he started to ask me to "entertain" his friends.'

It started when Epstein called Virginia at the Palm Beach apartment he had rented for her.

She recalls: 'He said, "I've got a good friend and I need you to fly to the island to entertain him, massage him and make him feel how you make me feel."

He didn't spell out what I had to do. He didn't have to. 'He'd trained me to do whatever a man wanted. I was shocked but I told myself he was sharing me around because he trusted me and I was special.

I was worried, but I would do anything to keep Jeffrey happy and to keep my place as his number one girl.

He would keep telling me how lucky I was with the life I was leading and the money I was making. It was easy to fall into his grasp.

'The way it usually worked was I'd be sent to meet a man on the private island Jeffrey owned in the Caribbean, or at his ranch in New Mexico, which was really isolated.' She was 'given' to men ranging in age from their 40s to their 60s.

They included a well-known businessman (whose pregnant wife was asleep in the next room), a world-renowned scientist, a respected liberal politician and a foreign head of state.

None appeared to think the arrangement was unusual. Virginia says there were many other girls in Epstein's circle and that she was paid extra money to help recruit them.

'They would lounge around the Palm Beach house, the ranch or the island, nude or topless,' she says. 'But I was one of the very few he trusted as "special" and chosen to "entertain" his friends.'

Virginia took the sedative Xanax to detach herself from sordid reality. 'It was an escape drug,' she says. 'It made me calm and helped me forget about what I had to do. I was up to eight pills a day.'

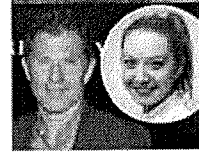
Epstein had no objection to Virginia's use of prescription drugs, no doubt recognising that they made her even more malleable. 'I didn't want to go back to the life I'd had before,' she says.

Epstein had trained me to do whatever men wanted. I told myself I was special

'She would hide her drinking': Cast and crew of RHOBH 'divided' over Kim Richards' sobriety issues
Following her arrest at The Beverly Hills Hotel



Bobby Flay, 50, accused of cheating with assistant half his age as bitter divorce from Stephanie March gets uglier
Elyse Tirrell is 28



Calvin Harris opts for casual look as he touches down in London... while rumored girlfriend Taylor Swift was honored at the ACMAs



Kendall Jenner posts a VERY racy Instagram picture of a naked bottom (but don't worry Bruce, it's not your daughter's!)
A provocative shot



Shirtless Calum Best and his bikini-clad girlfriend Ianthe Rose frolic on a beach as they enjoy a romantic sun-kissed getaway
Lindsay Lohan's ex



Selena Gomez shows off her new curves in a skimpy frilled bikini top and hotpants as she hits the beach in Mexico... ahead of her arrival back in LA



AdChoices

Kristen Stewart gets touchy-feely with her live-in gal pal Alicia Cargile as they celebrate star's 25th birthday at Coachella
Festival affection



'Happy 420!' Miloy Cyrus smokes a bong in just pasties as sober Demi Lovato reflects on getting Joe Jonas high for the 'first time' on marijuana celebration



Not ready for her closeup! The Mindy Project's Julia Stiles is almost unrecognizable without makeup as she heads to a NYC salon
Actress was au naturel



Prom and proper: Maisie Williams goes sophisticated in a sheer prom dress at The Falling screening
Game Of Thrones star just turned 18 last week



Prince Andrew and girl, 17, who sex offender friend flew to Britain to meet him | Daily Mail Online

'That made me totally obedient.' Despite the fact that Epstein was, essentially, her pimp, this life now seemed normal to Virginia. 'I felt that he and Ghislaine really cared for me,' she said.

'We'd do family things, like watch Sex And The City and eat popcorn.' A lot of it was very glamorous. I met famous friends of his such as Al Gore and Heidi Klum and Naomi Campbell. He introduced me as his "travelling masseuse."

Some people mistook me for his daughter. 'When we were in New York or Palm Beach, Ghislaine and I would shop all day.

Jeffrey bought me jewellery — diamonds were his favourite — and wonderful furniture. He was paying me very well because I'd give him sex whenever he wanted it.'

She was, she says, delighted when Epstein invited her to accompany him on a six-week trip in 2001.

'He said we'd be going to Europe and North Africa to meet architects and interior decorators because he wanted to redo his New Mexico house.

I threw my arms around him and gave him a peck on the cheek.' They flew to Paris, then Spain, then Tangier.

Finally, they went to London. 'After we landed, we drove straight to Ghislaine's house,' says Virginia. 'I was given a small upstairs bedroom. The following morning, Ghislaine came in.

She was chirpy and jumped on the bed saying, "Get up, sleepyhead. You've got a big day. We've got to go shopping. You need a dress as you're going to dance with a Prince tonight."

'She said I needed to be "smiley" and bubbly because he was the Queen's son.

Ghislaine and I went to Burberry, where she bought me a £5,000 bag, and to a few other designer stores where we bought a couple of dresses, a pair of embroidered jeans and a pink singlet, perfume and make-up.

We got back to Ghislaine's house at around 4pm and I ran straight upstairs to shower and dress.

When I went downstairs, Ghislaine and Jeffrey were in the lounge. There was a knock at the door. Ghislaine led Andrew in and we kissed each other on the cheek. 'Ghislaine served tea from a porcelain pot and biscuits. She knew Sarah Ferguson and they talked fondly about Andrew's daughters.

Then Ghislaine asked Andrew how old he thought I was and he guessed 17 and they all laughed. Ghislaine made a joke that I was getting too old for Jeffrey.

She said, "He'll soon have to trade her in." It was widely known that he liked young girls.' The four of them went out to dinner and on to Tramp nightclub where, she says, Andrew danced with her.

'After about an hour-and-a-half, we drove back to Ghislaine's.

All of us went upstairs and I asked Jeffrey to snap a picture of me with the Prince. I wanted something to show my Mom. Ghislaine and Jeffrey left us after that, and later Andrew left.

'In the morning, Ghislaine said, "You did well. He had fun". We flew straight back to the States.' The Mail on Sunday has confirmed that the tycoon's jet flew to Paris on March 6, 2001, continuing to Granada, Tangier and London, before returning to New York.

On the last leg of the trip, Virginia was paid about \$15,000 (£9,400) by Epstein. 'It was amazing money, more than I'd ever made on a trip with him before.

He didn't say there was any special reason, but I felt like I'd done everything he wanted. He was very pleased.'

There is no suggestion that there was any sexual contact between Virginia and Andrew, or that Andrew knew that Epstein paid her to have sex with his friends.

However, the Prince must have been aware of Epstein's conviction when he stayed with him in New York in December.

Virginia says she met Andrew for a second time around Easter 2001 at Epstein's Manhattan mansion.

'When I got to the mansion, I was told, "Get ready. You are meeting someone in the office" — which is what they called the library. Andrew was sitting there in a big leather armchair.

Ghislaine had just given him a present, a big toy that was his Spitting Image puppet. 'He was smiling ear-to-ear. He looked like a kid whose parents were taking him to Disney World.

A beautiful girl called Johanna Sjoberg who worked for Jeffrey was sitting on Andrew's knee. Ghislaine guided me over to Andrew and I think he recognised me, though I don't know if he remembered my name.



Counselling: Virginia at her mother's home at Palm Beach in 1998

I took eight pills a day to help me forget what I had to do. It made me calm.

'Please focus on my show': Conan O'Brien hits back at one of his show writers who went on Twitter rant about 'state of late night comedy'



Aaron Taylor-Johnson, 24, and Sam Taylor-Wood, 48, hold hands as they touch down in London ahead of the Avengers: Age Of Ultron premiere



Reality star Lauren Stoner shows off her incredible beach body in tiny black and white bikini as she hits Miami with friends. She heated up Miami



'I can't let myself hurt them': Bruce Jenner reveals his children are 'the only ones he's concerned with' in new clip from his tell-all Diane Sawyer interview



'It's killing for sport': Jurassic World trailer reveals Chris Pratt and Bryce Dallas Howard must stop genetically modified dinosaur that's eating tourists



'I am very proud': Taylor Swift's mother gives moving speech as she honors singer with ACM Milestone Award... a week after revealing cancer diagnosis



Elizabeth Olsen looks fresh faced as she touches down in London to promote anticipated Avengers sequel. Stars in Avengers: Age Of Ultron



Pregnant Kourtney Kardashian shows off her killer curves as she poses nude on KUWTK... as Kris Jenner scolds drunk Scott Disick. Doing a 'Demi Moore'



First plot details for Star Wars spin-off movie Rogue One starring British actress Felicity Jones are revealed at convention for the iconic franchise



'The Timberlakes are ready!' Justin shares the first photo of gorgeous baby Elias in mom Jessica Biebs arms as they cheer on his basketball team



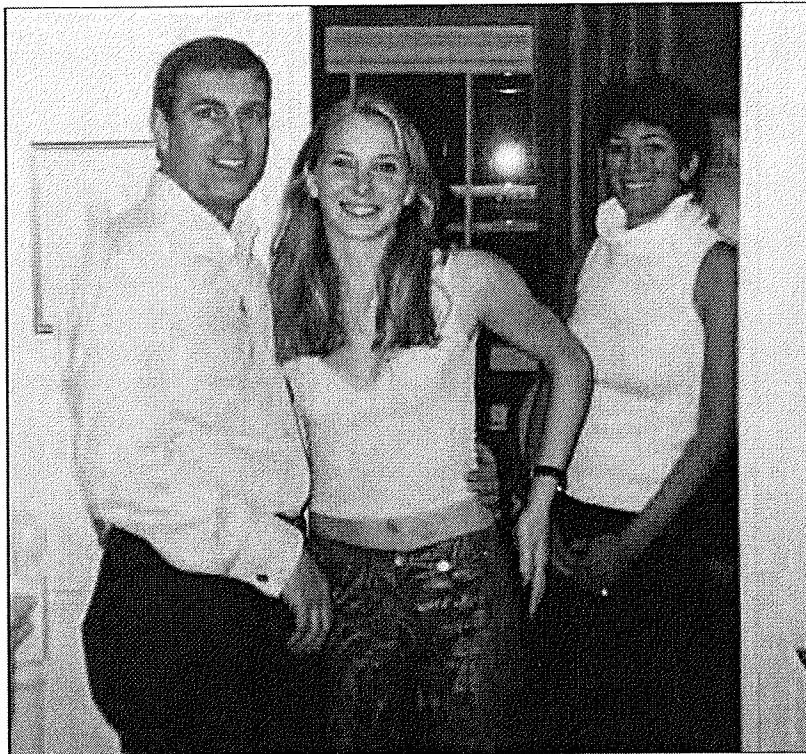
'I love you all': Zayn Malik breaks month long Twitter silence as he thanks fans in first tweets since quitting One Direction. He's gone solo



Delighted Harper Beckham grins broadly at LAX airport while in the arms of her doting dad David... with her three brothers in tow. David with his brood



Prince Andrew and girl, 17, who sex offender friend flew to Britain to meet him | Daily Mail Online



Organiser: Ghislaire Maxwell looks on as Andrew put his arm around Virginia, Robert Maxwell's daughter invited her to work as Epstein's personal masseuse soon after her 15th birthday

We kissed on the cheek and Ghislaire placed me on his other knee,' Johanna spoke to The Mail on Sunday three years ago about this incident, which took place when she was 21.

She said: 'Ghislaire put the puppet's hand on Virginia's breast, then Andrew put his hand on my breast. It was a great joke. Everybody laughed.' After this, Virginia was paid, by Epstein, around \$400 (£250).

She met Andrew for the third and final time on Epstein's Caribbean island, Little Saint James. Virginia was never under the British legal age of consent when she met Andrew. She was 17 during the first two encounters and 18 at the third.

By now, however, Epstein, had started to hint that she was getting 'too old' for him.

But during one trip to the island, Epstein and Ghislaire made their most astonishing proposition, and one which repulsed her. 'They said Jeffrey wanted me to have his child,' she says.

'They said I was part of their family and I was beautiful, young, loyal and nurturing and would be a great mother.

They said I would have to sign a contract relinquishing rights to the child and consenting to Jeffrey having as many relationships as he liked. In return I would have my own mansion in Palm Beach and a large monthly payment, a percentage of his income.'

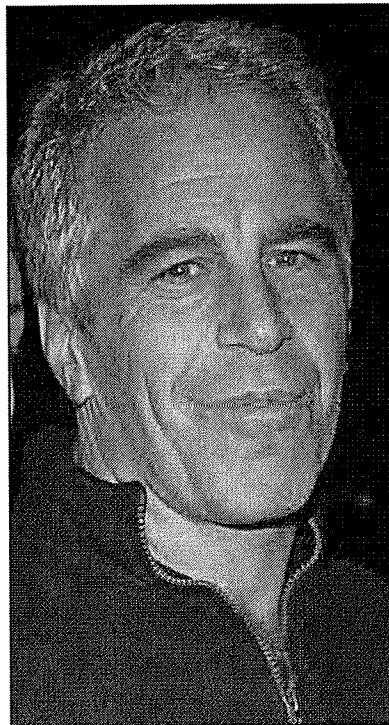
This, finally, was a wake-up call to Virginia and she began to see the way in which she had been groomed.

'It was a smack in the face,' she says. 'I finally realised this wasn't ever going to be a real relationship but I knew if I refused, I'd be thrown back on the streets. So I said, "I'm too young. I want to get my massage credentials, then maybe we'll do it".'

The tycoon took her at her word and, for her 19th birthday in August 2002, flew her to Thailand where he enrolled her in a massage course.

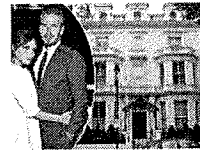
Shortly after arriving there, she met an Australian martial arts expert called Robert. They fell in love and, just ten days later, married in a Buddhist ceremony.

'I called Jeffrey and told him I'd fallen madly in love,' Virginia says. 'I was hoping he'd be delighted. But he said, "Have a nice life," and hung up on me.' The couple now have two sons, aged five and four, and a daughter who recently turned one.



Conviction: Jeffrey Epstein

Beckhams win battle to stay cool: David and Victoria get go ahead to install air-con to five bedrooms, gym and wine cellar at their \$47million mansion



Snakoskin on a plane! Lady Gaga slithers into LAX in reptile print coat... with her two precious puppies in tow She knows how to stand out of a crowd



Rita Ora goes from casual to glam as she changes out of patchwork jeans and into a lacy black dress for live TV performance British singer in NY



Kelly Clarkson hits the ACM Awards in a figure-hugging floral dress as she presents the Milestone prize to her 'legendary' mother-in-law Roba McEntire



She's a timeless beauty! New mother Blake Lively looks stunning in a scarlet gown as she attends The Age Of Adaline's NYC premiere



Blake Lively hits her movie's after-party in a sexy bodysuit (no wonder husband Ryan Reynolds jokes that he's jealous of her on-screen love interest)



'I prefer to look at a natural woman': Giorgio Armani says women should look towards Cate Blanchett for inspiration about growing old gracefully



The world's her oyster: Gisele Bundchen wears checked shirt and skinnies as she arrives in L.A., following retirement from catwalk modelling



First class departure! Gwyneth Paltrow looks city chic in striped sweater and cropped jeans as she jets out of New York Jet-setting actress



First lady of country! Miranda Lambert wows at the ACM Awards in plunging gown and thigh-high slit as she leads the pack of country's biggest names



Hotel Hell! Gordon Ramsay reveals he caught hair lice from pillow case in Vermont... after initially blaming his daughter Celebrity chef's woes



Back to school! Brooklyn Beckham, 16, heads back home to England with his family following the 'best Easter ever' Hung out with A-list pals



Prince Andrew and girl, 17, who sex offender friend flew to Britain to meet him | Daily Mail Online

'The first few months after I married Robert were the worst,' she says. 'I couldn't bring myself to tell him much. No man wants to know his wife has been traded out.

'I felt very alone. I was having panic attacks and seeing a psychiatrist and was on anti-depressants.

'Virginia was beginning to put her Epstein days behind her when, three years ago, she was phoned by the FBI.

'They said they had found photos of me at Jeffrey's Palm Beach house,' she says. '[Epstein had] hidden cameras watching me the entire time even when I was in the bathroom. I was so embarrassed.

'I told the FBI that my true purpose was sexual. They told me everything he did was illegal because I was under age.' (The age of consent in Florida is 18).

'They said that if it had to go to trial, they'd need me because I'd lived with him and that made me a key witness, I was very afraid, because he had so much power, but eventually I agreed to testify.

I was glad he'd finally been found out. He shouldn't be hurting other girls. Following Epstein's arrest, investigators are believed to have found a list of men's names on his computer and asked him whether they had been 'treated' to sexual encounters with his menage of minors.

'He took the Fifth Amendment, refusing to answer, indicating that if he were to answer the question, it could be incriminating,' a source told The Mail on Sunday.

Epstein struck a deal resulting in what commentators characterised as a 'slap on the wrist' for him, and ended up serving 13 months of his sentence, much of it in a liberal work-release programme. Lawyer Brad Edwards, who represented several of Epstein's victims, said: 'Rather than punish him the way they would an average Joe, they sent a clear message that with enough money and power and influence, the system can be bought.'

Virginia was spared her humiliation of having to go before a jury, and has kept her feelings bottled up until last weekend's photograph of Andrew with Epstein triggered distressing memories.

Virginia says: 'I am appalled. To me, it's saying, "We are above the law." But Jeffrey is a monster.'

Last night, neither Epstein, Ghislaine Maxwell nor Prince Andrew would comment on Virginia's story.

Share or comment on this article

Chrissy Teigen turns heads in VERY daring denim hotpants and unbuttoned sheer blouse as she steps out with John Legend Sports Illustrated model



Miley Cyrus causes ANOTHER online backlash by revealing her armpit hair in a selfie ... but she's not the only celebrity to ditch the razor



Pregnant Jennifer Love Hewitt covers up her growing baby bump in olive green coat as she goes makeup free for shopping trip in Pacific Palisades



Stylish as ever the second time around: How Kate made affordable look high-end - and even managed to re-wear her favorites from her first pregnancy



Cheers to that! Rihanna shows some skin in a teeny mini-dress as she treats herself to a cocktail during Hawaii beach day in Hawaii for wedding



Ben Affleck takes his children to the farmer's market in first sighting since news broke that he concealed slave-owning ancestor in PBS show



Mariah Carey 'rules out reconciling with estranged husband Nick Cannon... after he hinted hopes of a romantic reunion' They have two children



Christina Milian catches a ride on the underground as she checks out some famous sites around London Down to earth star



Miranda Lambert scores multiple wins at 50th annual ACM Awards but co-host Luke Bryan wins Entertainer of the Year gong



The Obamas' escape from the White House! Michelle, Barack and the girls ditch the press pack for an impromptu nature hike First Family in Virginia



Last day in paradise: Stephanie Pratt and Josh Shepherd show off their beach bods as they jet back to reality following luxury trip to the Bahamas



The show must go on! Country star Keith Urban hits the ACM Awards without wife Nicole Kidman... as she films in Australia Jet-setting couple



Sponsored Links by Taboola



Pay Absolutely No Credit Card Interest Until 2017 With These Jaw-Dropping Credit Cards NextAdvisor



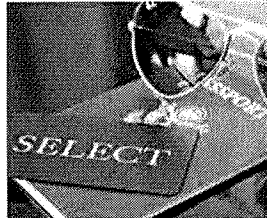
20 Stars Who Are Aging Terribly... #6 Will Make You Cringe! PressRoomVIP



Forget the Cold War... Now It's Russia's "Gold War" Money Morning Newsletter



13 Stars You Didn't Know Were Banned from SNL Answers.com



Meet the Most Exclusive Card in D.C. Tech.co | Select



What to expect from Lip Sync Battle, the most star-studded show on TV

MOST WATCHED NEWS VIDEOS



Take a look at a Princess Diana inspired Beanie Baby



Female Air Force vet arrested trying to stop US flag protest



Bonnie the tiny Sato doesn't like eating alone



Hundreds of baby spiders crawl from squashed mother

Ads by Google

Typing Work At Home Jobs jobsense.com Make \$17-24/Hr. With Paid Benefits No Experience Needed. Apply Now! 2015 Grants Available

Dollar Tree Jobs (Hiring) www.itsmycareer.com Find Dollar Tree Jobs. Hiring Immediately - Apply Here! CDL Training School crenland.me/TruckDriving We Train and Hire Drivers. Be On The Road In 3

EXHIBIT B

PR Hub

Subscribe by Email...

Share this page

Breaking News | Entertainment | Sports | Business | Politics | Science | Technology | Odd News | Health | Law

More

Statement on Behalf of Ghislaine Maxwell

BY DEVONSHIRES SOLICITORS, PRNE
 WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9, 2011

LONDON, March 10, 2011 - Ghislaine Maxwell denies the various allegations about her that have appeared recently in the media. These allegations are all entirely false.

It is unacceptable that letters sent by Ms Maxwell's legal representatives to certain newspapers pointing out the truth and asking for the allegations to be withdrawn have simply been ignored.

In the circumstances, Ms Maxwell is now proceeding to take legal action against those newspapers.

"I understand newspapers need stories to sell copies. It is well known that certain newspapers live by the adage, "why let the truth get in the way of a good story." However, the allegations made against me are abhorrent and entirely untrue and I ask that they stop," said Ghislaine Maxwell.

"A number of newspapers have shown a complete lack of accuracy in their reporting of this story and a failure to carry out the most elementary investigation or any real due diligence. I am now taking action to clear my name," she said.

Media contact:

Ross Gow
 Acuity Reputation
 Tel: +44-203-008-7790
 Mob: +44-7778-755-251
 Email: ross@acuityreputation.com

Media contact: Ross Gow, Acuity Reputation, Tel: +44-203-008-7790, Mob: +44-7778-755-251, Email: ross at acuityreputation.com

Filed under: Government and Policy, Law, Media

Tags: Devonshires Solicitors, London, March 10, United Kingdom

GOVERNMENT AND POLICY NEWS MARCH 10 NEWS

CSA Group Selects Frankfurt, Germany for new European Headquarters

The First International Gateway to Africa Conference in Geneva: Africa's Challenges Today and Tomorrow

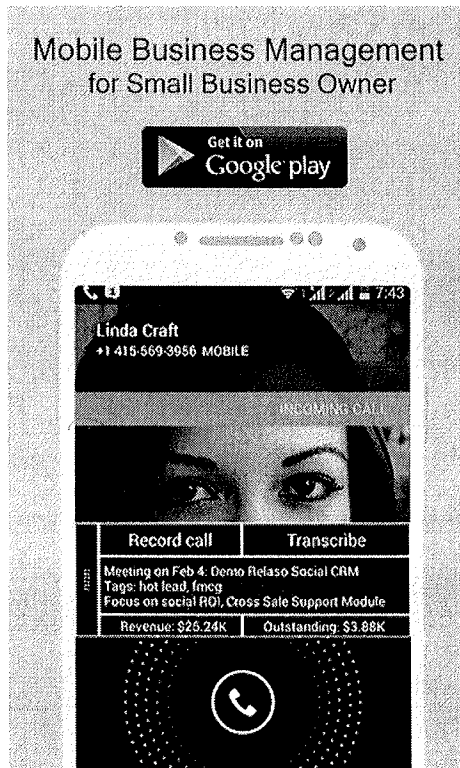
Central Saint Martins and Method Launch Accelerator to Drive Innovation and Support UK Economic Growth

North East Lincolnshire Council Employees' Ideas Win Votes

Tech Mahindra Opens a new Development Centre in Bonn, Germany

Website Optimisation and Internet Marketing From Weblinx

Sir Paul McCartney Supports BUAV Campaign to end Cruel



Older News

S M T W T F S
 20 21 22 23 **24 25 26**
 27 28 1 2 3 4 5
 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

EXHIBIT C

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

CASE NO.:08-CV-80736-KAM

JANE DOE 1 and JANE DOE 2,

Petitioners,

vs.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

_____/

**ORDER DENYING PETITIONERS' MOTION TO JOIN UNDER RULE 21 AND
MOTION TO AMEND UNDER RULE 15**

This cause is before the Court on Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4's Corrected Motion Pursuant to Rule 21 for Joinder in Action ("Rule 21 Motion") (DE 280), and Jane Doe 1 and Jane Doe 2's Protective Motion Pursuant to Rule 15 to Amend Their Pleadings to Conform to Existing Evidence and to Add Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doc 4 as Petitioners ("Rule 15 Motion") (DE 311). Both motions are ripe for review. For the following reasons, the Court concludes that they should be denied.

I. Background

This is an action by two unnamed petitioners, Jane Doe 1 and Jane Doe 2, seeking to prosecute a claim under the Crime Victims' Rights Act (CVRA), 18 U.S.C. § 3771. (DE 1). Generally, they allege that the respondent Government violated their rights under the CVRA by failing to consult with them before negotiating a non-prosecution agreement with Jeffrey Epstein, who subjected them to various sexual crimes while they were minors. (Id.). Petitioners initiated this action in July 2008. (Id.).

On December 30, 2014, two other unnamed victims, Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4, moved to join as petitioners in this action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 21. (DE 280). Petitioners (Jane Doe 1 and Jane Doe 2) support the Rule 21 Motion. (Id. at 11). Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 argue that they “have suffered the same violations of their rights under the [CVRA] as the” Petitioners, and they “desire to join in this action to vindicate their rights as well.” (Id. at 1). The Government vehemently opposes joinder under Rule 21. (DE 290). The Government argues that Rule 15 is the proper procedural device for adding parties to an action, not Rule 21. (Id. at 1).

“[O]ut of an abundance of caution,” Petitioners filed a motion to amend their petition under Rule 15, conforming the petition to the evidence and adding Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 as petitioners. (DE 311 at 2). The Government opposes the Rule 15 Motion as well. (DE 314). Among other things, the Government argues that amending the petition to include Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 should be denied because of their undue delay in seeking to join the proceedings, and the undue prejudice that amendment will cause. (Id.).

After considering the parties’ submissions and the proposed amended petition, the Court finds that justice does not require amendment in this instance and exercises its discretion to deny the amendment.

II. Discussion

“The decision whether to grant leave to amend a complaint is within the sole discretion of the district court.” Laurie v. Ala. Ct. Crim. Apps., 256 F.3d 1266, 1274 (11th Cir. 2001). “The court should freely give leave when justice so requires.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(2). Justice does not require amendment in several instances, “includ[ing] undue delay, bad faith, dilatory motive

on the part of the movant, . . . undue prejudice to the opposing party by virtue of allowance of the amendment, [and] futility of amendment.” Laurie, 256 F.3d at 1274 (quoting Foman v. Davis, 371 U.S. 178, 182 (1962)). In addition to considering the effect of amendment on the parties, the court must consider “the importance of the amendment on the proper determination of the merits of a dispute.” 6 Wright & Miller, Fed. Prac. & Fed. P. § 1488, p. 814 (3d ed. 2010). Justice does not require amendment where the addition of parties with duplicative claims will not materially advance the resolution of the litigation on the merits. See Herring v. Delta Air Lines, Inc., 894 F.2d 1020, 1024 (9th Cir. 1989).

A. Rule 21 Motion

Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4’s first attempt to join in this proceeding was brought under Rule 21. (DE 280). “If parties seek to add a party under Rule 21, courts generally use the standard of Rule 15, governing amendments to pleadings, to determine whether to allow the addition.” 12 Wright & Miller, Fed. Prac. & Fed. P., p. 432 (3d ed. 2013); see also Galustian v. Peter, 591 F.3d 724, 729-30 (4th Cir. 2010) (collecting cases and noting that Rule 15(a) applies to amendments seeking to add parties); Frank v. U.S. West, Inc., 3 F.3d 1357, 1365 (10th Cir. 1993) (“A motion to add a party is governed by Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a) . . .”).

Rule 21, “Misjoinder and Non-joinder of Parties,” provides the court with a tool for correcting the “misjoinder” of parties that would otherwise result in dismissal. Fed. R. Civ. P. 21. Insofar as Rule 21 “relates to the addition of parties, it is intended to permit the bringing in of a person, who through inadvertence, mistake or for some other reason, had not been made a party and whose presence as a party is later found necessary or desirable.” United States v. Com. Bank of N. Am., 31 F.R.D. 133, 135 (S.D.N.Y. 1962) (internal quotation marks omitted).

In their Rule 21 Motion, Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 do not claim that they were omitted from this proceeding due to any “inadvertence” or “mistake” by Petitioners; rather, they seek to join this proceeding as parties that could have been permissively joined in the original petition under Rule 20 (“Permissive Joinder of Parties”). As courts generally use the standards of Rule 15 to evaluate such circumstances, the Court will consider the joinder issue as presented in the Rule 15 Motion.¹ The Court will consider the arguments presented in the Rule 21 Motion as if they are set forth in the Rule 15 Motion as well. Because the arguments are presented in the Rule 15 Motion (and because the Court is denying the Rule 15 Motion on its merits, as discussed below), the Rule 21 Motion will be denied.

The Court also concludes that portions of the Rule 21 Motion and related filings should be stricken from the record. Pending for this Court’s consideration is a Motion for Limited Intervention filed by Alan M. Dershowitz, who seeks to intervene to “strike the outrageous and impertinent allegations made against him and [to] request[] a show cause order to the attorneys that have made them.” (DE 282 at 1). The Court has considered Mr. Dershowitz’s arguments, but it finds that his intervention is unnecessary as Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(f) empowers the Court “on its own” to “strike from a pleading an insufficient defense or any redundant, immaterial, impertinent, or scandalous matter.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(f).

Petitioners’ Rule 21 Motion consists of relatively little argumentation regarding why the Court should permit them to join in this action: they argue that (1) they were sexually abused by

¹ The Court notes that, regardless of which motion it considers, the same standard governs the addition of parties under Rule 21 and Rule 15. See Goston v. Potter, No. 08-cv-478 FJS ATB, 2010 WL 4774238, at *5 (N.D.N.Y. 2010) (citing Bridgeport Music, Inc. v. Universal Music Grp., Inc., 248 F.R.D. 408, 412 (S.D.N.Y. 2008)).

Jeffrey Epstein, and (2) the Government violated their CVRA rights by concealing the non-prosecution agreement with them. (DE 280 at 3; see id. at 7-8). However, the bulk of the Rule 21 Motion consists of copious factual details that Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 “would prove” “[i]f allowed to join this action.” (Id. at 3, 7). Specifically, Jane Doe 3 proffers that she could prove the circumstances under which a non-party introduced her to Mr. Epstein, and how Mr. Epstein sexually trafficked her to several high-profile non-party individuals, “including numerous prominent American politicians, powerful business executives, foreign presidents, a well-known Prime Minister, and other world leaders.” (Id. at 3-6). She names several individuals, and she offers details about the type of sex acts performed and where they took place. (See id. at 5).²

At this juncture in the proceedings, these lurid details are unnecessary to the determination of whether Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 should be permitted to join Petitioners’ claim that the Government violated their rights under the CVRA. The factual details regarding with whom and where the Jane Does engaged in sexual activities are immaterial and impertinent to this central claim (i.e., that they were known victims of Mr. Epstein and the Government owed them CVRA duties), especially considering that these details involve non-parties who are not related to the respondent Government. These unnecessary details shall be stricken.

The original Rule 21 Motion (DE 279) shall be stricken in its entirety, as it is wholly superseded by the “corrected” version of the Rule 21 Motion (DE 280). From the corrected Rule 21 Motion, the Court shall strike all factual details regarding Jane Doe 3 between the following sentences: “The Government then concealed from Jane Doe #3 the existence of its NPA from

² Jane Doe 4’s proffer is limited to sexual acts between Mr. Epstein and herself. (See DE 280 at 7-8).

Jane Doe #3, in violation of her rights under the CVRA” (id. at 3); and “The Government was well aware of Jane Doe #3 when it was negotiating the NPA, as it listed her as a victim in the attachment to the NPA” (id. at 6). As none of Jane Doe 4’s factual details relate to non-parties, the Court finds it unnecessary to strike the portion of the Rule 21 Motion related to her circumstances. Regarding the Declaration in support of Petitioners’ response to Mr. Dershowitz’s motion to intervene (DE 291-1), the Court shall strike paragraphs 4, 5, 7, 11, 13, 15, 19 through 53, and 59, as they contain impertinent details regarding non-parties. Regarding the Declaration of Jane Doe 3 in support of the Rule 21 Motion (DE 310-1), the Court shall strike paragraphs 7 through 12, 16, 39, and 49, as they contain impertinent details regarding non-parties. Jane Doe 3 is free to reassert these factual details through proper evidentiary proof, should Petitioners demonstrate a good faith basis for believing that such details are pertinent to a matter presented for the Court’s consideration.

As mentioned, Mr. Dershowitz moves to intervene “for the limited purposes of moving to strike the outrageous and impertinent allegations made against him and requesting a show cause order to the attorneys that have made them.” (DE 282 at 1). As the Court has taken it upon itself to strike the impertinent factual details from the Rule 21 Motion and related filings, the Court concludes that Mr. Dershowitz’s intervention in this case is unnecessary. Accordingly, his motion to intervene will be denied as moot.³ Regarding whether a show cause order should

³ This also moots Mr. Dershowitz’s Motion for Leave to File Supplemental Reply in Support of Motion for Limited Intervention. (DE 317). Denying Mr. Dershowitz’s motion to intervene also renders moot Petitioners’ motion (DE 292) to file a sealed document supporting its response to Mr. Dershowitz’s motion. It will accordingly be denied as moot, and DE 293 (the sealed response) will be stricken from the record.

issue, the Court finds that its action of striking the lurid details from Petitioners' submissions is sanction enough. However, the Court cautions that all counsel are subject to Rule 11's mandate that all submissions be presented for a proper purpose and factual contentions have evidentiary support, Fed. R. Civ. P. 11(b)(1) and (3), and that the Court may, on its own, strike from any pleading "any redundant, immaterial, impertinent, or scandalous matter," Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(f).

B. Rule 15 Motion

Between their two motions (the Rule 21 Motion and Rule 15 Motion), Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 assert that "they desire to join in this action to vindicate their rights [under the CVRA] as well." (DE 280 at 1). Although Petitioners already seek the invalidation of Mr. Epstein's non-prosecution agreement on behalf of all "other similarly-situated victims" (DE 189 at 1; DE 311 at 2, 12, 15, 18-19), Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 argue that they should be fellow travelers in this pursuit, lest they "be forced to file a separate suit raising their claims" resulting in "duplicative litigation" (DE 280 at 11). The Court finds that justice does not require adding new parties this late in the proceedings who will raise claims that are admittedly "duplicative" of the claims already presented by Petitioners.

The Does' submissions demonstrate that it is entirely unnecessary for Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 to proceed as parties in this action, rather than as fact witnesses available to offer relevant, admissible, and non-cumulative testimony. (See, e.g., DE 280 at 2 (Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 "are in many respects similarly situated to the current victims"), 9 ("The new victims will establish at trial that the Government violated their CVRA rights in the same way as it violated the rights of the other victims."), 10 (Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 "will simply join in motions that the current victims were going to file in any event."), 11 (litigating Jane Doe 3 and

Jane Doe 4's claims would be "duplicative"); DE 298 at 1 n.1 ("As promised . . . Jane Doe No. 3 and Jane Doe No. 4 do not seek to expand the number of pleadings filed in this case. If allowed to join this action, they would simply support the pleadings already being filed by Jane Doe No. 1 and Jane Doe No. 2."); DE 311 at 5 n.3 ("[A]ll four victims (represented by the same legal counsel) intend to coordinate efforts and avoid duplicative pleadings."), 15 (Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 "challenge the same secret agreement i.e., the NPA that the Government executed with Epstein and then concealed from the victims. This is made clear by the proposed amendment itself, in which all four victims simply allege the same general facts.")). As the Does argue at length in their Rule 15 Motion, Jane Doe 1's original petition "specifically allege[s] that the Government was violating not only her rights but the rights of other similarly-situated victims." (DE 311 at 2). The Court fails to see why the addition of "other similarly-situated victims" is now necessary to "vindicate their rights as well." (DE 280 at 1).

Of course, Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 can participate in this litigated effort to vindicate the rights of similarly situated victims there is no requirement that the evidentiary proof submitted in this case come only from the named parties. Petitioners point out as much, noting that, regardless of whether this Court grants the Rule 15 Motion, "they will call Jane Doe No. 3 as a witness at any trial." (DE 311 at 17 n.7). The necessary "participation" of Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 in this case can be satisfied by offering their properly supported and relevant, admissible, and non-cumulative testimony as needed, whether through testimony at trial (see DE 280 at 9) or affidavits submitted to support the relevancy of discovery requests⁴ (see

⁴ The non-party Jane Does clearly understand how to submit affidavits. (See DEs 291-1, 310-1).

id. at 10). Petitioners do not contend that Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4’s “participation in this case” can only be achieved by listing them as parties.

As it stands under the original petition, the merits of this case will be decided based on a determination of whether the Government violated the rights of Jane Doe 1, Jane Doe 2, and all “other similarly situated victims” under the CVRA. Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 may offer relevant, admissible, and non-cumulative evidence that advances that determination, but their participation as listed parties is not necessary in that regard. See Herring, 894 F.2d at 1024 (District court did not abuse its discretion by denying amendment where “addition of more plaintiffs . . . would not have affected the issues underlying the grant of summary judgment.”); cf. Arthur v. Stern, 2008 WL 2620116, at *7 (S.D. Tex. 2008) (Under Rule 15, “courts have held that leave to amend to assert a claim already at issue in [another lawsuit] should not be granted if the same parties are involved, the same substantive claim is raised, and the same relief is sought.”).⁵ And, as to Jane Doe 4 at least, adding her as a party raises unnecessary questions about whether she is a proper party to this action.⁶

Petitioners also admit that amending the petition to conform to the evidence by including references to the non-prosecution agreement itself is “unnecessary” as the “existing petition is broad enough to cover the developing evidence in this case.” (DE 311). The Court

⁵ The Court expresses no opinion at this time whether any of the attestations made by Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 in support of their motion will be relevant, admissible, and non-cumulative.

⁶ The Government contends that Jane Doe 4 is not a true “victim” in this case because she was not known at the time the Government negotiated the non-prosecution agreement, and accordingly she was not entitled to notification rights under the CVRA. (See DE 290 at 10). Any “duplicative” litigation filed by Jane Doe 4 would necessarily raise the issue of whether she has standing under the CVRA under these circumstances.

agrees, and it concludes that justice does not require amending the petition this late in the proceedings.

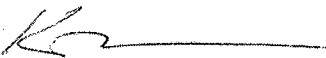
III. Conclusion

Accordingly, it is hereby **ORDERED AND ADJUDGED** as follows: the Rule 21 Motion (DE 280) is **DENIED**; the Rule 15 Motion (DE 311) is **DENIED**; Intervenor Dershowitz's Motion for Limited Intervention (DE 282) and Motion for Leave to File Supplemental Reply in Support of Motion for Limited Intervention (DE 317) are **DENIED AS MOOT**; Petitioners' Motion to Seal (DE 292) is **DENIED AS MOOT**; the following materials are hereby **STRICKEN** from the record:

- DE 279, in its entirety.
- DE 280, all sentences between the following sentences: "The Government then concealed from Jane Doe #3 the existence of its NPA from Jane Doe #3, in violation of her rights under the CVRA" (DE 280 at 3); and "The Government was well aware of Jane Doe #3 when it was negotiating the NPA, as it listed her as a victim in the attachment to the NPA" (DE 280 at 6).
- DE 291-1, paragraphs 4, 5, 7, 11, 13, 15, 19 through 53, and 59.
- DE 310-1, paragraphs 7 through 12, 16, 39, and 49.
- DE 293, in its entirety.

DONE AND ORDERED in chambers at West Palm Beach, Palm Beach County,

Florida, this 6th day of April, 2015.



KENNETH A. MARRA
United States District Judge

EXHIBIT D

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

CASE NO.:08-CV-80736-KAM

JANE DOE 1 and JANE DOE 2,

Petitioners,

vs.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

_____/

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER

This cause is before the Court on its Order Denying Petitioners' Motion to Join Under Rule 21 and Motion to Amend Under Rule 15. (DE 324). In accordance with the portion of that Order striking materials from the record (see id. at 10), the Court informs the parties of the following: The affected docket entries (DEs 279, 280, 291-1, 293, and 310-1) shall be restricted from public access on the docket in their entities. Docket entries 279 and 293, which were stricken in their entirety, shall remain so restricted. Regarding the docket entries of which portions were stricken (DEs 280, 291-1, and 310-1), Petitioners may re-file those documents omitting the stricken portions. The re-filed documents must conform to the originally filed documents in all respects, but with the stricken portions omitted.

DONE AND ORDERED in chambers at West Palm Beach, Palm Beach County,
Florida, this 7th day of April, 2015.



KENNETH A. MARRA
United States District Court

EXHIBIT E

11/30/2015

Prince Andrew denies having relations with 'sex slave' girl - Telegraph

Prince Andrew denies having relations with 'sex slave' girl

Buckingham Palace issues an unprecedented statement denying the Duke of York slept with Virginia Roberts, the girl at the centre of the 'sex slave' court case



By Robert Mendick, and Rob Crilly in New York

10:49PM GMT 03 Jan 2015

The Duke of York last night emphatically denied sleeping with the woman at the centre of an alleged sex-slave scandal.

Prince Andrew had been accused in court documents, lodged in the United States, of sexually abusing a 17-year-old girl, Virginia Roberts, who was allegedly supplied to him by friend and convicted sex offender, Jeffrey Epstein.

But in an unprecedented statement, Buckingham Palace, insisted that the claims were categorically untrue.

Following a day of bruising headlines, a spokesman for Buckingham Palace said: "It is emphatically denied that HRH The Duke of York had any form of sexual contact or relationship with Virginia Roberts. The allegations made are false and without any foundation."

Lawyers acting for the Duke of York have privately accused Mrs Roberts of embarking on a "speculative fishing expedition" in an attempting to ensnare him in the under-age sex scandal.

As well as accusing him of having slept with her, papers lodged by her legal team, go on to accuse the Prince of lobbying the US authorities to ensure Epstein was given a "more favourable plea" bargain following a series of sex abuse allegations against him.

In 2008, Epstein was jailed for 18 months after pleading guilty to one state charge of soliciting prostitution. Several other charges were dropped.

Mrs Roberts' lawyers are now seeking "documents regarding Epstein's lobbying efforts to persuade the government to give him a more favourable plea arrangement and/or non-prosecution agreement, including efforts on his behalf by Prince Andrew."

The Telegraph can disclose that lawyers acting for the Duke of York have examined the 13-page motion submitted in the Florida courts.

It is understood the lawyers view the claim of lobbying as "a speculative fishing expedition". They are understood to believe that her lawyers do not have proof that lobbying was conducted by the Prince, but want to see if any paperwork that supports such a claim actually exists.

On Friday Buckingham Palace took the highly unusual step of "categorically" denying the allegations made by the woman – who at that stage was only identified as Jane Doe 3 in the court documents.

The initial statement read: "Any suggestion of impropriety with under-age minors is categorically untrue."

But Palace officials last night decided to go further still and meet the scandal head with a statement that not only addressed the issue of sex, but also named the complainant.

Attempts to shore up the Prince's reputation were helped by an interview given by Alan Dershowitz, the Harvard law professor and criminal defence lawyer who represented Epstein. Mr Dershowitz has also been accused by Jane Doe 3 of having "sexual relations" with her "on numerous occasions while she was a minor, not only in Florida but also on private planes, in New York, New Mexico, and the US Virgin Islands".

Mr Dershowitz told BBC Radio 4's Today programme the claims against him were false. He said: "My only feeling is if she's lied about me, which I know to

11/30/2015

Prince Andrew denies having relations with 'sex slave' girl - Telegraph

an absolute certainty she has, she should not be believed about anyone else. We know she's lied about other public figures including a former prime minister and others who she claims to have participated in sexual activities with, so I think it must be presumed all her allegations against Prince Andrew were false as well."

Ghislaine Maxwell, the daughter of Robert Maxwell, also denied allegations that she had acted as a "madame for Epstein" and "facilitated Prince Andrew's acts of sexual abuse". Her spokesman said: "The allegations made against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue.

"Miss Maxwell strongly denies allegations of an unsavoury nature, which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere and reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such old defamatory claims."

In a statement released through her lawyers to The Guardian, the alleged victim responded to the denials. "These types of aggressive attacks on me are exactly the reason why sexual abuse victims typically remain silent," she said. "I'm not going to be bullied back into silence."



© Copyright of Telegraph Media Group Limited 2015

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

 PLAINTIFF,
V.
GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

 DEFENDANT.

15-cv-07433-RWS
Oral Argument Requested for January
7, 2016 at 12:00 pm

**DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S NOTICE OF
MOTION FOR A STAY OF DISCOVERY PENDING DECISION ON
DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS**

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT, upon the accompanying Memorandum of Law, dated November 30, 2015, including Exhibit A attached hereto, and upon all prior pleadings and proceedings in this action, other documents on file in this action, and any oral argument of counsel, Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell ("Maxwell") will move this Court, before the Honorable Robert W. Sweet, at the Daniel Patrick Moynihan United States Courthouse, 500 Pearl Street, New York, New York, Courtroom 18C, for an Order pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) staying discovery during the pendency of Maxwell's Motion to Dismiss.

Dated: November 30, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on November 30, 2015, I electronically filed this DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S NOTICE OF MOTION FOR A STAY OF DISCOVERY PENDING DECISION ON DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF
DOCUMENTS TO DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL**

Plaintiff, by and through her undersigned counsel, hereby propounds Plaintiff's First Request for Production of Documents pursuant to Rules 26 and 34 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure to the Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell. The responses are due at the offices of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP, 401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1200, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301, within thirty (30) days of service hereof.

DEFINITIONS

Wherever they hereafter appear the following words and phrases have the following meanings:

1. "Agent" shall mean any agent, employee, officer, director, attorney, independent contractor or any other person acting, or purporting to act, at the discretion of or on behalf of another.

2. "Correspondence" or "communication" shall mean all written or verbal communications, by any and all methods, including without limitation, letters, memoranda, and/or electronic mail, by which information, in whatever form, is stored, transmitted or

received; and, includes every manner or means of disclosure, transfer or exchange, and every disclosure, transfer or exchange of information whether orally or by document or otherwise, face-to-face, by telephone, teletypes, e-mail, text, modem transmission, computer generated message, mail, personal delivery or otherwise.

3. “Defendant” shall mean the defendant Ghislaine Maxwell and her employees, representatives or agents.

4. “Document” shall mean all written and graphic matter, however produced or reproduced, and each and every thing from which information can be processed, transcribed, transmitted, restored, recorded, or memorialized in any way, by any means, regardless of technology or form. It includes, without limitation, correspondence, memoranda, notes, notations, diaries, papers, books, accounts, newspaper and magazine articles, advertisements, photographs, videos, notebooks, ledgers, letters, telegrams, cables, telex messages, facsimiles, contracts, offers, agreements, reports, objects, tangible things, work papers, transcripts, minutes, reports and recordings of telephone or other conversations or communications, or of interviews or conferences, or of other meetings, occurrences or transactions, affidavits, statements, summaries, opinions, tests, experiments, analysis, evaluations, journals, balance sheets, income statements, statistical records, desk calendars, appointment books, lists, tabulations, sound recordings, data processing input or output, microfilms, checks, statements, receipts, summaries, computer printouts, computer programs, text messages, e-mails, information kept in computer hard drives, other computer drives of any kind, computer tape back-up, CD-ROM, other computer disks of any kind, teletypes, teletypes, teletypes, invoices, worksheets, printed matter of every kind and description, graphic and oral records and representations of any kind, and electronic “writings” and “recordings” as set forth in the Federal Rules of Evidence, including but not

limited to, originals or copies where originals are not available. Any document with any marks such as initials, comments or notations of any kind of not deemed to be identical with one without such marks and is produced as a separate document. Where there is any question about whether a tangible item otherwise described in these requests falls within the definition of “document” such tangible item shall be produced.

5. “Employee” includes a past or present officer, director, agent or servant, including any attorney (associate or partner) or paralegal.

6. “Including” means including without limitations.

7. “Jeffrey Epstein” includes Jeffrey Epstein and any entities owned or controlled by Jeffrey Epstein, any employee, agent, attorney, consultant, or representative of Jeffrey Epstein.

8. “Person(s)” includes natural persons, proprietorships, governmental agencies, corporations, partnerships, trusts, joint ventures, groups, associations, organizations or any other legal or business entity.

9. “You” or “Your” hereinafter means Ghislaine Maxwell and any employee, agent, attorney, consultant, related entities or other representative of Ghislaine Maxwell.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Unless indicated otherwise, the Relevant Period for this Request is from July 1999 to the present. A Document should be considered to be within the relevant time frame if it refers or relates to communications, meetings or other events or documents that occurred or were created within that time frame, regardless of the date of creation of the responsive Document.

2. This Request calls for the production of all responsive Documents in your possession, custody or control without regard to the physical location of such documents.

3. If any Document requested was in any defendant's possession or control, but is no longer in its possession or control, state what disposition was made of said Document, the reason for such disposition, and the date of such disposition.

4. For the purposes of reading, interpreting, or construing the scope of these requests, the terms used shall be given their most expansive and inclusive interpretation. This includes, without limitation the following:

- a) Wherever appropriate herein, the singular form of a word shall be interpreted as plural and vice versa.
- b) "And" as well as "or" shall be construed either disjunctively or conjunctively as necessary to bring within the scope hereof any information (as defined herein) which might otherwise be construed to be outside the scope of this discovery request.
- c) "Any" shall be understood to include and encompass "all" and vice versa.
- d) Wherever appropriate herein, the masculine form of a word shall be interpreted as feminine and vice versa.
- e) "Including" shall mean "including without limitation."

5. If you are unable to answer or respond fully to any document request, answer or respond to the extent possible and specify the reasons for your inability to answer or respond in full. If the recipient has no documents responsive to a particular Request, the recipient shall so state.

6. Unless instructed otherwise, each Request shall be construed independently and not by reference to any other Request for the purpose of limitation.

7. The words "relate," "relating," "relates," or any other derivative thereof, as used herein includes concerning, referring to, responding to, relating to, pertaining to, connected with, comprising, memorializing, evidencing, commenting on, regarding, discussing, showing, describing, reflecting, analyzing or constituting.

8. “Identify” means, with respect to any “person,” or any reference to the “identity” of any “person,” to provide the name, home address, telephone number, business name, business address, business telephone number and a description of each such person’s connection with the events in question.

9. “Identify” means, with respect to any “document,” or any reference to stating the “identification” of any “document,” provide the title and date of each such document, the name and address of the party or parties responsible for the preparation of each such document, the name and address of the party who requested or required the preparation and on whose behalf it was prepared, the name and address of the recipient or recipients to each such document and the present location of any and all copies of each such document, and the names and addresses of all persons who have custody or control of each such document or copies thereof.

10. In producing Documents, if the original of any Document cannot be located, a copy shall be produced in lieu thereof, and shall be legible and bound or stapled in the same manner as the original.

11. Any copy of a Document that is not identical shall be considered a separate document.

12. If any requested Document cannot be produced in full, produce the Document to the extent possible, specifying each reason for your inability to produce the remainder of the Document stating whatever information, knowledge or belief which you have concerning the portion not produced.

13. If any Document requested was at any one time in existence but are no longer in existence, then so state, specifying for each Document (a) the type of document; (b) the types of information contained thereon; (c) the date upon which it ceased to exist; (d) the circumstances

under which it ceased to exist; (e) the identity of all person having knowledge of the circumstances under which it ceased to exist; and (f) the identity of all persons having knowledge or who had knowledge of the contents thereof and each individual's address.

14. All Documents shall be produced in the same order as they are kept or maintained by you in the ordinary course of business.

15. You are requested to produce all drafts and notes, whether typed, handwritten or otherwise, made or prepared in connection with the requested Documents, whether or not used.

16. Documents attached to each other shall not be separated.

17. Documents shall be produced in such fashion as to identify the department, branch or office in whose possession they were located and, where applicable, the natural person in whose possession they were found, and business address of each Document's custodian(s).

18. If any Document responsive to the request is withheld, in all or part, based upon any claim of privilege or protection, whether based on statute or otherwise, state separately for each Document, in addition to any other information requested: (a) the specific request which calls for the production; (b) the nature of the privilege claimed; (c) its date; (d) the name and address of each author; (e) the name and address of each of the addresses and/or individual to whom the Document was distributed, if any; (f) the title (or position) of its author; (g) type of tangible object, *e.g.*, letter, memorandum, telegram, chart, report, recording, disk, etc.; (h) its title and subject matter (without revealing the information as to which the privilege is claimed); (i) with sufficient specificity to permit the Court to make full determination as to whether the claim of privilege is valid, each and every fact or basis on which you claim such privilege; and (j) whether the document contained an attachment and to the extent you are claiming a privilege as to the attachment, a separate log entry addressing that privilege claim.

19. If any Document requested herein is withheld, in all or part, based on a claim that such Document constitutes attorney work product, provide all of the information described in Instruction No. 19 and also identify the litigation in connection with which the Document and the information it contains was obtained and/or prepared.

20. Plaintiff does not seek and does not require the production of multiple copies of identical Documents.

21. This Request is deemed to be continuing. If, after producing these Documents, you obtain or become aware of any further information, Documents, things, or information responsive to this Request, you are required to so state by supplementing your responses and producing such additional Documents to Plaintiff.

DOCUMENTS REQUESTED

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 1

All documents relating to communications with Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 2

All documents relating to communications with Virginia Roberts Giuffre from 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 3

All documents relating to communications with Andrew Albert Christian Edward, Duke of York (a.k.a. Prince Andrew) from 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 4

All documents relating to communications between you and Jeffrey Epstein regarding any female under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 5

All documents relating to massages, including but not limited to any documents reflecting recruiting or hiring masseuses, advertising for masseuses, flyers created for distribution at high schools or colleges, and records reflecting e-mails or calls to individuals relating to massages.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 6

All documents relating to communications with any of the following individuals from 1999 – present: Emmy Taylor, Sarah Kellen, Eva Dubin, Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel, and Nadia Marcinkova.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 7

All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to females under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 8

All documents relating to your travel from the period of 1999 – present, including but not limited to, any travel on Jeffrey Epstein’s planes, commercial flights, helicopters, passport records, records indicating passengers traveling with you, hotel records, and credit card receipts.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 9

All documents identifying passengers, manifests, or flight plans for any helicopter or plane ever owned or controlled by you or Jeffrey Epstein or any associated entity from 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 10

All documents relating to payments made from Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity to you from 1999 – present, including payments for work performed, gifts, real estate purchases, living expenses, and payments to your charitable endeavors including the TerraMar project.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 11

All documents relating to or describing any work you performed with Jeffrey Epstein, or any affiliated entity from 1999 –present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 12

All confidentiality agreements between you and Jeffrey Epstein or any entity to which he is related or involved or such agreements which are or were in your possession or control related to any other employee of Jeffrey Epstein, or any associated entity.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 13

All documents from you, your attorneys or agents to any law enforcement entity, or from any law enforcement entity to you or any of your representatives, related to any cooperation, potential charge, immunity or deferred prosecution, or which relates to suspected or known criminal activity.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 14

All documents relating to travel of any female under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 15

All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media taken at a time when you were in Jeffrey Epstein’s company or inside any of his residences or aircraft.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 16

All computers, hard drives or copies thereof for all computers in operation between 1999 – 2002.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 17

All documents relating to communications with you and Ross Gow from 2005 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 18

All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to Virginia Roberts Guiffre.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 19

All documents relating to your deposition scheduled in the matter of Jane Doe v. Epstein, 08-80893, United States Southern District of Florida.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 20

All documents relating to any credit cards used that were paid for by Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity from 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 21

All telephone records associated with you, including cell phone records from 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 22

All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for you from 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 23

All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for Jeffrey Epstein from 1999-present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 24

All documents relating to contact lists, phone lists or address books for you or Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 25

All documents relating to any hospital records for Virginia Roberts Guiffre.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 26

All documents relating to any passport or license for Virginia Roberts Guiffre.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 27

All documents relating to any gifts or monetary payments provided to Virginia Roberts Guiffre by you, Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 28

All documents relating to Virginia Robert's employment or work as an independent contractor with you, Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 29

All documents identifying any individuals to whom Virginia Roberts provided a massage.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 30

All documents relating to any employee lists or records associated with you, Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 31

All documents relating to Victoria Secret, models or actresses, who were ever in the presence of you or Jeffrey Epstein or Virginia Roberts between 1999 and 2005.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 32

All documents related to communications with or interaction with Alan Dershowitz from 1999 to present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 33

All travel records between 1999 and the present reflecting your presence in: (a) Palm Beach, Florida or immediately surrounding areas; (b) 9 E. 71st Street, New York, NY 10021; (c) New Mexico; (d) U.S. Virgin Islands; (e) any jet or aircraft owned or controlled by Jeffrey Epstein.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 34

All documents reflecting your ownership or control of property in London between the years 1999 and 2002.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 35

All documents reflecting your or Jeffrey Epstein's membership or visits to the Mar-a-Lago Club in Palm Beach Florida between the years 1999 and 2002.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 36

All documents you rely upon to establish that (a) Giuffre's sworn allegations "against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue." (b) the allegations have been "shown to be untrue."; and (c) Giuffre's "claims are obvious lies."

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 37

All documents reflecting communications you have had with Bill or Hillary Clinton (or persons acting on their behalf), including all communications regarding your attendance at Chelsea's Clinton's wedding ceremony in 2010.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 38

All documents reflecting contact with you by any law enforcement or police agency, including any contact by the FBI, Palm Beach Police Department, or West Palm Beach Police Department.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 39

All documents reflecting training to fly a helicopter or experience flying a helicopter, including any records concerning your operation of a helicopter in the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Dated: October 27, 2015

By: /s/ David Boies
David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

/s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley
(Pro Hac Vice Pending)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

Ellen Brockman
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

PLAINTIFF,

V.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

DEFENDANT.

15-cv-07433-RWS

-----2

**MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR A STAY OF
DISCOVERY PENDING DECISION ON DEFENDANT’S MOTION TO DISMISS**

Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell, through her attorney Laura A. Menninger of the law firm Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C., hereby respectfully submits this Memorandum of Law in support of her Motion to Stay Discovery during the pendency of her Motion to Dismiss.

LEGAL STANDARD

Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure grants courts broad discretion to stay discovery “for good cause shown.” *Spencer Trask Software and Info. Servs., LLC v. RPost Int’l Ltd.*, 206 F.R.D. 367, 368 (S.D.N.Y 2002). Good cause may be shown where a party (1) has filed a dispositive motion; (2) the stay is for a short period of time; and (3) the opposing party will not be prejudiced by the stay. *Id.* Additional factors courts may consider are breadth of discovery sought and the burden of responding to it as well as the strength of the dispositive motion forming the basis for the stay application. *Id.*

ARGUMENT

I. Ms. Maxwell's Motion to Dismiss Provides "Good Cause" to Stay Discovery

A. The Pending Motion Cites Multiple, Independent Grounds for Dismissal

A stay of discovery is particularly appropriate where, as here, a pending motion to dismiss has "substantial arguments for dismissal of many, if not all, of the claims asserted." *Spinelli v. National Football League*, No. 13-cv-7398 (RWS), 2015 WL 7302266, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 17, 2015) (Sweet, J.). Here, Plaintiff's Complaint consists of a single defamation claim. In her motion to dismiss, Ms. Maxwell offers multiple grounds for dismissal of the entire action, none of which are "unfounded in the law." *Johnson v. New York Univ. Sch. of Educ.*, 205 F.R.D. 433, 434 (S.D.N.Y. 2002). Ms. Maxwell respectfully refers the Court to her Memorandum of Law in Support of Motion to Dismiss wherein she argues as grounds for dismissal both that the Complaint has various pleading deficiencies and that the alleged defamatory statements are protected by not one, but two, applicable privileges. Courts in this district have stayed discovery under similar circumstances. *See e.g., Integrated Sys. and Power, Inc. v. Honeywell Int'l, Inc.*, No. 09 CV 5874 (RPP), 2009 WL 2777076, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 1, 2009) ("granting a stay upon noting that [defendant] has put forth in its motion multiple, independent arguments for dismissal...").

While the Court will ultimately decide the merits of Ms. Maxwell's motion, the presence of multiple, independent grounds for dismissal, warrants a stay of discovery.

B. The Requested Stay is for a Short Period of Time

Pursuant to Rule 6.1(b) of the Local Rules of this Court, briefing on the Motion to Dismiss is scheduled to be completed on Monday, December 28. Accordingly, any delay in the commencement of discovery will last for the time it takes the Court to rule on the Motion to Dismiss. Such a short stay is unlikely to prejudice the Plaintiff. *See id.* When balanced against

the breadth of discovery required in this case, as detailed below, considerations of judicial efficiency weigh in favor of a stay. *Id.* (granting a stay upon noting that doing so “could avoid the need for costly and time-consuming discovery”).

C. The Nature of the Complaint Necessarily Calls for a Wide-Breadth of Discovery

The allegations in the Complaint raise factual questions that stretch across multiple decades, from as early as 1999 to the present, and involve hundreds of individuals. Compl. ¶ 9. Discovery, therefore, necessarily will be burdensome. Lengthy discovery is inherent in defamation actions because it is well-settled that in any such claim, “truth is an absolute, unqualified defense.” *Jewell v. NYP Holdings, Inc.*, 23 F. Supp.2d 348, 366 (S.D.N.Y. 1998). Here, because the alleged defamatory statements consist of Ms. Maxwell’s denial of the multiple, and complex allegations levied against her by the Plaintiff concerning events that allegedly occurred 17 years ago, a wide breadth of discovery will be needed to address the veracity of each allegation. The sheer number of depositions that will be required alone will be a tremendous burden on the parties’ resources. This Court has granted a stay of discovery in a recent case involving similarly complex factual questions. *Spinelli*, 2015 WL 7302266, at *2.

Plaintiff’s Rule 26 disclosures and First Request for Production of Documents to Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell amply illustrate this point. In her Rule 26 disclosures, Plaintiff lists as potential witnesses 94 individuals and four categories of people, such as “all staff at the Mar-a-Largo Club during 1999.” As to the 94 individuals, she provides one phone number for one witness and counsel’s contact information for two witnesses and the two parties. The remaining 89 individuals’ addresses and phone numbers are “unknown at this time.”

In her First Request for Production of Documents, Plaintiff seeks records from the “period of July 1999 to the present” of broad categories such as:

- All documents relating to your travel from the period 1999 – present,” (No. 8);
- All computers, hard drives or copies thereof for all computers in operation between 1999 – 2002,” (No. 16);
- All telephone records associated with you, including cell phone records from 1999 – present.” (No. 21);
- All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for you from 1999 – present,” (No. 22).

See Motion for Stay, Ex. A. Given the strength of Ms. Maxwell’s Motion to Dismiss, the burden of responding to such expansive requests is unjustifiable.

II. In the Alternative, Ms. Maxwell Requests Additional Time to Respond to Plaintiff’s Discovery Requests.

In the alternative, if this Court declines to grant an order staying discovery, for the same reasons stated above, Ms. Maxwell respectfully requests additional time within which to respond and/or object to Plaintiff’s First Request for Production of Documents to Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell, served on October 27, 2015. The original date by which Ms. Maxwell was to respond to Plaintiff’s First Request for Production is today, November 30, 2015. Ms. Maxwell has not made any previous requests for an extension of this deadline. Counsel for the Plaintiff has neither consented nor refused consent to this request. Finally, this extension will not affect any other scheduled dates.

CONCLUSION

As detailed above, good cause exists to justify a stay of discovery pending Ms. Maxwell’s motion to dismiss. The motion is dispositive and well founded in law, the stay is of short duration, and the expected discovery is broad and burdensome. For these reasons, Ms. Maxwell respectfully requests that this Court stay discovery in this action until this Court reaches its decision on the motion to dismiss, or in the alternative, that Ms. Maxwell be granted additional time to respond and/or object to Plaintiff’s First Request for Production.

Dated: November 30, 2015.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorney for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on November 30, 2015, I electronically filed this *Motion for a Stay of Discovery Pending Decision on Defendant's Motion to Dismiss* with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

_____ /

PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO STAY

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	ii
I. BACKGROUND	1
II. ARGUMENT	6
A. Defendant Has Not Met Her Burden To Show Good Cause For A Stay In Discovery.	6
B. Ms. Giuffre’s Claim Is Meritorious And Defendant Has Not Made An Adequate Showing To Defeat The Claim.....	7
1. The Qualified “Self-Defense” Privilege Does Not Protect The Publication Of Deliberately False Statements.....	8
2. The Qualified Pre-Litigation Privilege Does Not Protect Mass Publication Of Deliberately False Statements For The Purpose Of Harassment.	9
3. The Complaint Properly Alleges Defamatory Statements.	10
C. Defendant Has Not Shown “Undue Burden”.	15
D. There Is Substantial Prejudice To Ms. Giuffre In Staying Discovery.....	18
CONCLUSION	19

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	<u>Page</u>
<u>Cases</u>	
<i>Bank of New York v. Meridien Biao Bank Tanzania, Ltd.</i> , 171 F.R.D. 135 (S.D.N.Y. 1997).....	6
<i>Barrett v. Forest Labs., Inc.</i> , No. 12-CV-5224 (RA), 2015 WL 4111827 (S.D.N.Y. July 8, 2015)	6
<i>Brach v. Congregation Yetev Lev D'Satmar, Inc.</i> , 265 A.D. 2d 360, 696 N.Y.S. 2d 496 (2d Dep't. 1999)	12
<i>Brooks v. Macy's, Inc.</i> , No. 10 CIV 5304 (BSJ/HBP), 2010 WL 5297756 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 21, 2010)	16
<i>Celle v. Filipino Reporter Enterprises Inc.</i> 209 F. 3d 163 (2d Cir. 2000)	11
<i>Chesney v. Valley Stream Union Free Sch. Dist.</i> , 236 F.R.D. 113 (E.D.N.Y. 2006).....	6
<i>Davis v. Boenheim</i> , 24 N.Y. 3d 262, 22 N.E. 3d 999 (2014)	13
<i>Dunn v. Albany Med. Coll.</i> , No. 09-CV-1031 (LEK/DEP), 2010 WL 2326137 (N.D.N.Y. May 5, 2010)	19
<i>Edwards v. National Audubon Society, Inc.</i> , 556 F. 2d 113 (2d Cir. 1977)	12
<i>Front v. Khalil</i> , 24 N.Y. 3d 713 (2015).....	9
<i>Geordiadis v. First Boston Corp.</i> , 167 F.R.D. 24 (S.D.N.Y. 1996).....	19
<i>Harris v. Hirsh</i> , 161 A.D. 2d 452, 55 N.Y.S. 2d 735 (1st Dept. 1990)	8
<i>Howard v. Galesi</i> , 107 F.R.D. 348 (S.D.N.Y. 1985).....	15
<i>Howard v. Gutterman</i> , 3 B.R. 393 (S.D.N.Y. 1980)	19

In re Chase Manhattan Corp. Securities Litigation,
 No. 90 Civ. 6092 (LMM), 1991 WL 79432 (S.D.N.Y. May 7, 1991) 15

Integrated Sys. And Power Inc. v Honeywell Int'l Inc.,
 No. 09 CV 5874 (RPP), 2009 WL 2777076 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 1, 2009) 7

Josei-Delerme v. Am. Gen. Fin. Corp.,
 No. 08 Civ. 3166, 2009 WL 497609 (E.D.N.Y. Feb. 26, 2009) 7

Kaminester v. Weintraub,
 131 A.D. 2d 440, 516 N.Y.S. 2d 234 (1987)..... 12

Kermichi v. Weissman,
 125 A.D. 3d 142, 1 N.Y.S. 3d 169 (N.Y. App. Div. 2014) 8

Mase v. Reilly,
 206 A.D. 434, 201 N.Y.S. 470 (App. Div. 1923) 12

McNamee v. Clemens,
 762 F. Supp. 2d 584 (E.D.N.Y. 2011) 11

Mills v. Polar Molecular Corp.,
 12 F. 3d 1170 (2d Cir. 1993) 7

Mirabella v. Turner Broadcasting Systems, Inc.,
 No. 01 Civ. 5563 (BSJ), 2003 WL 21146657 (S.D.N.Y. May 19, 2003) 8

Moran v. Flaherty,
 No. 92 Civ. 3200, 1992 WL 276913 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 25, 1992)..... 6

Morien v. Munich Reins. Am., Inc.,
 270 F.R.D. 65 (D. Conn. 2010) 7

Salgado v. City of New York,
 No. 00 CIV. 3667 (RWS), 2001 WL 88232 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 1, 2001) 6

Seung Jin Lee v. Tai Chul Kim,
 16 Misc. 3d 1118(A), 847 N.Y.S. 2d 899 (Sup. Ct. 2007) 12

Spinelli, v. National Football League,
 No. 13 CIV. 7398 (RWS), 2015 WL 7302266 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 17, 2015) 6, 17, 18

Teicher v. Bellan,
 7 A.D. 2d 247, 181 N.Y.S. 2d 842 (1959) 8

Usov v. Lazar,
 No. 13 CIV. 818 (RWS), 2013 WL 3199652 (S.D.N.Y. June 25, 2013) 6

Waltzer v. Conner,
 No. 83 CIV. 8806 (SWK), 1985 WL 2522 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 12, 1985).....16, 17

Weldy v. Piedmont Airlines, Inc.,
 985 F. 2d 57 (2d Cir. 1993) 8

Worldhomecenter.com, Inc. v. M.J. Resurrection, Inc.,
 No. 11 CIV. 3371 (RWS), 2012 WL 12922 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 3, 2012)..... 7

Other Authorities

Rodney A. Smolla, Vol. 1, Law of Defamation § 8:63 (2d ed. 2014)..... 8, 9

Rodney A. Smolla, Vol. 1, Law of Defamation § 8:64 (2d ed. 2014)..... 8, 9

Robert D. Sack, Sack On Defamation: Libel, Slander, and Related
 Problems § 9.3 (4th ed. 2015)..... 8, 9

Robert D. Sack, Sack On Defamation: Libel, Slander, and Related
 Problems § 9.3.1 (4th ed. 2015)..... 8, 9

Restatement (Second) of Torts § 600 (1977) 8, 9

Restatement (Second) of Torts § 605 (1977) 8, 9

Plaintiff, Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through her undersigned counsel, hereby files this Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Stay, and in support thereof, states as follows:

I. BACKGROUND

This is a single-count defamation case, turning on whether Defendant defamed Ms. Giuffre by calling her a liar when Ms. Giuffre publicly reported the sexual abuse she suffered as a minor child. Ms. Giuffre has propounded narrowly tailored discovery that goes to the heart of the defamation, but rather than respond, Defendant has moved for a stay of all discovery pending her Motion to Dismiss.

Defendant's public, defamatory attack on Ms. Giuffre is an unabashed effort to bully this sexual assault victim into silence. This is an old story. Defendant is calling Ms. Giuffre a "liar" to deflect attention from her own conduct. Defendant's main argument is that discovery should be stayed because Defendant will be successful on her Motion to Dismiss as her defamatory statements are protected by certain *qualified* privileges. The case law is clear that the qualified privileges do not apply if a speaker deliberately published a false defamatory statement or if the statements are outside the scope of the qualified privilege because their purpose was to bully, harass, and intimidate. Ms. Giuffre is entitled to discovery to prove that not only were the Defendant's defamatory statements false, but also that she knew they were false.

The publicly-available information convincingly proves that Defendant's statement that she was not involved in the abuse of Ms. Giuffre is false. Overwhelming evidence – including documents, witness testimony, and even photographs of Defendant - not only clearly corroborate Ms. Giuffre's report of the sex abuse, but also, importantly, show Defendant's deep and persistent participation. And obviously, because Defendant herself was helping orchestrate the

sexual abuse of Ms. Giuffre, her statements attacking Ms. Giuffre were not negligently uttered but deliberately made.

The evidence begins with the fact that the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Southern District of Florida identified Ms. Giuffre as a sexual assault victim of Jeffrey Epstein. *See* Declaration of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 1, Government's September 9, 2008 Victim Notification Letter. Indeed, Epstein entered into a non-prosecution agreement with the federal authorities obligating him to pay restitution for his crimes against Ms. Giuffre. That agreement also protected any "co-conspirators" from prosecution.

The remaining question, then, is whether the Defendant was involved in this sexual abuse. Again, publicly-available evidence (well known to Defendant) reveals that she was at the heart of Epstein's sex trafficking. Defendant cannot dispute that she recruited Ms. Giuffre at the young age of fifteen (15) to come "massage" Jeffrey Epstein at his Palm Beach mansion. Publicly available flight logs from convicted pedophile¹ Jeffrey Epstein's private jets show the Defendant flying close to 360 times and at least 20 of those flights were with Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre, when she was a minor child². *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Composite Exhibit 2, Flight Logs from Jeffrey Epstein's Plane.³

While the Defendant attempts to argue that this victim's claims are unbelievable because she is accusing prominent and wealthy people of sexual abuse, the Defendant provides no explanation for why she had Ms. Giuffre, who was a minor child at the time, in the Defendant's

¹ Jeffrey Epstein's criminal case numbers were 2006-cf-009454AXXXMB and 2008-cf-009381AXXXMB.

² Over 30 underage victims of Jeffrey Epstein gave statements to the Palm Beach police during their investigations. One female stated she was recruited to come to Jeffrey Epstein's home by Ghislaine Maxwell. *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Composite Exhibit 5, Palm Beach Police Reports dated March 14, 2005 and July 28, 2006.

³ Only a fraction of Jeffrey Epstein's private jet flight logs are publically available making these numbers simply a snapshot of the actual flights.

London home, late at night with Prince Andrew's arm wrapped around her bare waist – all shown with the Defendant smiling in the background. Despite the photographic evidence corroborating Ms. Giuffre's account, Defendant is quick to publicly denounce Ms. Giuffre – a liar. *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 3 (picture of Prince Andrew, Ghislaine Maxwell and Virginia Roberts Giuffre 17 years old at the time of the picture); *see also* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 4, Alfredo Rodriguez July 29, 2009 Dep. Tr. at 200 - 202 (testimony regarding the close connection between Defendant Maxwell, Prince Andrew and Jeffrey Epstein).

During the investigation of Jeffrey Epstein, certain household staff were deposed. Alfredo Rodriguez, who was Jeffrey Epstein's household manager, testified that the Defendant frequently stayed in Jeffrey Epstein's home and assisted with bringing in young girls to act as "masseuses" for Jeffrey Epstein.

Q. "Okay. Going back to where we started here was, does Ghislaine Maxwell have knowledge of the girls that would come over to Jeffrey Epstein's house that are in roughly the same age group as C. and T. (minor children) and to have a good time as you put it?

A. Yes.

Q. And what was her involvement and/or knowledge about that?

A. She knew what was going on."

See Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 4, Alfredo Rodriguez July 29, 2009 Dep. Tr. at 176-177. *See also* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 4, Alfredo Rodriguez July 29, 2009 Depo Tr. at 96-101 (noting that high school age girls come to the home where Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Maxwell reside). Juan Alessi, another household employee, also testified that young girls were regularly present at Jeffrey Epstein's home where Ghislaine Maxwell resides. *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 6, Juan Alessi September 8, 2009 Dep. Tr. at 10-18, 21-23. Specifically, Juan Alessi informed the Palm Beach Police Detective as follows: "Alessi stated that towards the end of his employment, the masseuses were younger and younger. When asked

how young, Mr. Alessi stated they appeared to be sixteen or seventeen years of age *at most.*” (emphasis added.) *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Composite Exhibit 5, Palm Beach Police Incident Report at p. 57.

On November 21, 2005, the Palm Beach Police Department took a sworn statement from house employee Juan Alessi in which he revealed that girls would come over to give “massages” and he observed Ms. Maxwell going upstairs in the direction of the bedroom quarters. *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 7, November 21, 2005 Sworn Statement at 10. He also testified that after the massages, he would clean up sex toys that were kept in “Ms. Maxwell’s closet.” *Id.* at 12-13. He added that he and his wife were concerned with what was going on at the house (*Id.* at 14) and that he observed girls at the house, including one named “Virginia.” *Id.* at 21.

Defendant also had naked pictures of girls performing sexual acts on her computer according to Mr. Rodriguez. *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 4, Alfredo Rodriguez August 7, 2009 Dep. Tr. at 311-312.

Q. “Did they appear to be doing any sexual?

A. Yes, ma’am.

Q. And in these instances were there girls doing sexual things with other girls?

A. Yes, ma’am.

Q. And I’m still talking about the pictures on Ms. Maxwell’s computer.

A. Yes, ma’am.”

Upon leaving his employment, Rodriguez testified that Defendant threatened him that he should not tell anyone about what happened at the house:

A. “I have to say something. Mrs. Maxwell called me and told me not to ever discuss or contact her again in a threaten(ing) way.

Q. When was this?

A. Right after I left because I call one of the friends for a job and she told me this, but, you know, I feel intimidated and so I want to keep her out...

Q. She made a telephone call to you and what precisely did she say?

A. She said I forbid you that you’re going to be – that I will be sorry if I contact any of her friends again...She said something like don’t open your mouth or something like that. I’m a civil humble, I came as an immigrant to service people, and right now you feel a little –I’m 55 and I’m afraid. First of all, I don’t have a job, but I’m glad this is

on tape because I don't want nothing to happen to me. This is the way they treat you, better do this and you shut up and don't talk to nobody and—

Q. When you say this is the way they treat, who specifically are you talking about when you say that word they?

A. Maxwell. ”

See Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 4, Alfredo Rodriguez July 29, 2009 Dep. Tr. at 169 – 172.

This is not the first time Defendant has tried to avoid discovery about her conduct. Notably, in 2009, an attorney representing some of Epstein's sexual abuse victims served Defendant Maxwell with a subpoena for a deposition in a civil case against Jeffrey Epstein. After extensive discussion and coordinating a convenient time and place, as well as ultimately agreeing to a confidentiality agreement prepared by Defendant's then attorney, at the eleventh hour Maxwell's attorney informed the victims' attorney that Maxwell's mother was very ill and that consequently Maxwell was leaving the country with no plans to return. The deposition was cancelled. Yet a short time later, Maxwell was photographed at a high-profile wedding in Rhinebeck, New York, confirming the suspicion that she was indeed still in the country and willing to say virtually anything in order to avoid her deposition. *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Composite Exhibit 8, Maxwell Deposition Notice; Subpoena and Cancellation Payment Notice, and January 13, 2015 Daily Mail Article.

Simply put, given the mountain of evidence proving that the Defendant was heavily involved in Epstein's sex trafficking – and evaded answering questions about her involvement – she is not entitled to any delay in the normal litigation process. There is no basis to grant Defendant a stay of discovery.

II. ARGUMENT

A. Defendant Has Not Met Her Burden To Show Good Cause For A Stay In Discovery.

Defendant's main argument is that a stay should be granted because she believes she will be successful in dismissing Ms. Giuffre's defamation claim. If that were the standard, then discovery in every civil case would be stayed at the commencement of the action until the court ruled on the motion to dismiss because virtually all defendants in civil cases believe their motions to dismiss will be successful. Of course, Defendant's far-fetched position is not the law. *See Usov v. Lazar*, No. 13 CIV. 818 (RWS), 2013 WL 3199652, at *8 (Sweet, J.) (S.D.N.Y. June 25, 2013) (citing *Moran v. Flaherty*, No. 92 Civ. 3200, 1992 WL 276913, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 25, 1992)) (“[D]iscovery should not be routinely stayed simply on the basis that a motion to dismiss has been filed;” ...“had the Federal Rules contemplated that a motion to dismiss under FRCP 12(b)(6) would [automatically] stay discovery, they would contain a provision.”).

Defendant has not met her burden of showing good cause to justify a stay of discovery pending a ruling on her motion to dismiss.⁴ “The pendency of a dispositive motion is not an automatic ground for a stay⁵; instead, courts consider three factors: (1) whether a defendant has made a strong showing that the plaintiff's claim is unmeritorious, (2) the breadth of discovery and the burden of responding to it, and (3) the risk of unfair prejudice to the party opposing the stay.” *Spinelli v. Nat'l Football League*, No. 13 CIV. 7398 (RWS), 2015 WL 7302266, at *2

⁴ A party seeking a protective order has the burden to establish that such an order is warranted, showing good cause. *See Bank of New York v. Meridien Biao Bank Tanzania Ltd.*, 171 F.R.D. 135, 143 (S.D.N.Y. 1997); *Salgado v. City of New York*, No. 00 CIV. 3667 (RWS), 2001 WL 88232, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 1, 2001).

⁵ “It, of course, is black letter law that the mere filing of a motion to dismiss the complaint does not constitute ‘good cause’ for the issuance of a discovery stay.” *Barrett v. Forest Labs., Inc.*, No. 12-CV-5224 (RA), 2015 WL 4111827, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. July 8, 2015) (citing *Chesney v. Valley Stream Union Free Sch. Dist. No. 24*, 236 F.R.D. 113, 115 (E.D.N.Y. 2006)).

(S.D.N.Y. Nov. 17, 2015) (citing *Morien v. Munich Reins. Am., Inc.*, 270 F.R.D. 65, 66-67 (D. Conn. 2010); *Josie-Delerme v. Am. Gen. Fin. Corp.*, No. 08 Civ. 3166, 2009 WL 497609, at *1 (E.D.N.Y. Feb. 26, 2009)).⁶ Defendant has not met her burden as to any aspect of this test.

B. Ms. Giuffre's Claim Is Meritorious And Defendant Has Not Made An Adequate Showing To Defeat The Claim.

Of course, in ruling on a motion to dismiss, the Court must take all allegations in the Complaint as true. *Worldhomecenter.com, Inc. v. M.J. Resurrection, Inc.*, (Sweet, J.) No. 11 CIV. 3371 (RWS), 2012 WL 12922, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 3, 2012) (citing *Mills v. Polar Molecular Corp.*, 12 F.3d 1170, 1174 (2d Cir.1993)). Taking the allegations here as true, Defendant does not, and cannot, show that Ms. Giuffre's claim is unmeritorious. Ms. Giuffre has properly alleged a simple claim for defamation based on Defendant publically proclaiming that Ms. Giuffre is a "liar" when Ms. Giuffre reported her sexual abuse. While Defendant has tried to muddy the waters by raising privilege claims, those privileges do not save the Defendant. Defendant argues that two privileges protect her defamatory statements: (1) the "self-defense" privilege and (2) the "pre-litigation" privilege. But both of those privileges are qualified privileges, which disappear in situations where a speaker has published statements knowing they were false or when they were made to bully, harass and intimate, respectively. Here, Defendant has not only made defamatory statements which were plainly false, but also made the statements with the malicious intent to ruin the reputation of this sexual assault victim. Because Ms. Giuffre's complaint repeatedly and specifically alleges that Defendant has knowingly lied about Ms. Giuffre, the Motion to Dismiss is frivolous.

⁶ The cases Defendant cites to support her stay are readily distinguished. For example, Defendant relies on *Integrated Sys. And Power Inc. v. Honeywell Int'l Inc.*, No. 09 CV 5874 (RPP), 2009 WL 2777076 at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 1, 2009) for the proposition that the Court should grant a stay, yet that case involved a number of complicated antitrust claims against multiple distributors which would require extensive discovery. This case involves a single defamation claim between two individuals.

1. The Qualified “Self Defense” Privilege Does Not Protect The Publication Of Deliberately False Statements.

As will be explained fully in the Opposition to Maxwell’s Motion to Dismiss, the “self-defense” privilege does not protect the Defendant for a number of reasons. Most fundamentally, the self-defense privilege is inapplicable because Ms. Giuffre has alleged that Defendant made not only false and defamatory statements, but did so deliberately. *See, e.g.*, Complaint, ¶ 8 (“Maxwell made her false statements knowing full well that they were completely false. Accordingly, she made her statements with actual and deliberate malice, the highest degree of awareness of falsity.”) This allegation alone defeats the application of the privilege.⁷ As the Second Circuit has made clear, even if a qualified privilege otherwise applies, it “is nevertheless ‘forfeited if the defendant steps outside the scope of the privilege and abuses the occasion.’” *Weldy v. Piedmont Airlines, Inc.*, 985 F.2d 57, 62 (2d Cir. 1993) (quoting *Harris v. Hirsh*, 161 A.D.2d 452, 453, 55 N.Y.S. 2d 735, 737 (1st Dep’t 1990) which quoted Prosser and Keeton on Torts §115, at 832 (5th ed. 1984); *see also Mirabella v. Turner Broadcasting Systems, Inc.*, Case No. 01 Civ. 5563 (BSJ), 2003 WL 21146657, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. May 19, 2003) (court refusing to dismiss slander claim as premature based on assertion of qualified privilege); *see also* Rodney A. Smolla, Vol. 1, Law of Defamation § 8:63, 8:64 (2d ed. 2014); Robert D. Sack, Sack on Defamation: Libel, Slander, and Related Problems § 9.3 and § 9.3.1 (4th ed. 2015); Restatement (Second) of Torts §§ 600, 605 (1977).

In *Weldy*, the Second Circuit explained that a Plaintiff may defeat an assertion of a qualified privilege by demonstrating abuse of the privilege “by proving that the defendant acted (1) with common law malice, or (2) outside the scope of the privilege, or (3) with knowledge that

⁷ The case law also makes clear that a decision on a qualified privilege would be premature at the Motion to Dismiss stage. *See Teichner v. Bellan*, 7 A.D. 2d 247, 252, 181 N.Y.S. 2d 842 (1959); *See also Kermichi v. Weissman*, 125 A.D. 3d 142, 159, 1 N.Y.S. 3d 169, 182 (N.Y. App. Div. 2014). Accordingly, there is no basis for staying discovery based on the assertion of a qualified privilege.

the statement was false or with a reckless disregard as to its truth.” *Id.* at 62. Defendant’s assertion of a privilege will also be defeated if the defamatory statement was made “in furtherance of an improper purpose.” *Id.* Here, Ms. Giuffre’s Complaint repeatedly alleges that not only was Defendant’s statement false, but also that she made the statement with malice and knowledge of its falsity. Accordingly, the Defendant’s motion to dismiss based on a claim of qualified “self-defense” privilege must be denied.

2. **The Qualified Pre-Litigation Privilege Does Not Protect Mass Publication Of Deliberately False Statements For The Purpose Of Harassment.**

Defendant fares no better in asserting the “pre-litigation” privilege. As with the “self-defense privilege,” the privilege is (at most) a qualified privilege. And, like the self-defense privilege, at the motion to dismiss stage, the privilege disappears in the face of a well-pleaded allegation that the statement is not pertinent to a good faith anticipated litigation and, instead, the Defendant has deliberately published the false statements for improper purposes, outside the scope of the privilege. *See Front, Inc. v. Khalil*, 24 N.Y. 3d 713, 719-20 (2015) (“To ensure that such [pre-litigation] communications are afforded sufficient protection the privilege should be qualified... This requirement ensures that the privilege does not protect attorneys who are seeking to bully, harass, or intimidate their client’s adversaries by threatening baseless litigation or by asserting wholly unmeritorious claims, unsupported in law or fact, in violation of counsel’s ethical obligations.”); *See also* Rodney A. Smolla, Vol. 1, *Law of Defamation* § 8:63; 8:64; (2d ed. 2014); Robert D. Sack, *Sack on Defamation: Libel, Slander, and Related Problems* § 9.3 and § 9.3.1; (4th ed. 2015); *Restatement (Second) of Torts* §§ 600, 605 (1977). Simply put, Defendant’s statements are outside the scope of the qualified pre-litigation privilege because they were not made pertinent to a good faith anticipated litigation, but, instead, were made to bully, harass, and intimidate the Defendant. Here, the 2015 actionable statement calling Ms. Giuffre’s

claims “obvious lies” was issued by Maxwell’s press agent, Ross Gow, to the media for national and international publication. New York courts have only extended the pre-litigation qualified privilege to communications among counsel and parties directly discussing issues related to anticipated litigation, and Defendant cites to no case in which courts have extended this qualified privilege to a press agent who issues a press release. Defendant’s motion to dismiss on this ground is, accordingly, without merit and provides no basis for a stay of discovery.

3. The Complaint Properly Alleges Defamatory Statements.

Defendant’s motion to dismiss also argues that “[v]iewed in context,” the statements are not actionable. Here again, at the motion to dismiss stage, such an argument is frivolous. To prevail on her motion to dismiss, the Defendant would have to show that, as matter of law, the “context” of the allegations rendered them non-defamatory. But to prevail on a claim of “context”, the Defendant would have to show a fully developed factual record. Of course, that is impossible at this early stage of the proceedings.

Moreover, Ms. Giuffre has properly alleged that the context of the statements proves a defamatory statement. The Complaint, for example, alleges that “Maxwell’s false statements directly stated and also implied that in speaking out against sex trafficking Giuffre acted with fraud, dishonesty, and unfitness for the task.” ¶ 12. In addition, the Complaint alleges, “Maxwell’s false statements directly and indirectly indicate that Giuffre lied about being recruited by Maxwell and sexually abused by Epstein and Maxwell. Maxwell’s false statements were reasonably understood by many persons who read her statements as conveying that specific intention and meaning.” ¶ 12. And the Complaint alleges, “Maxwell’s false statements were reasonably understood by many persons who read those statements as making specific factual claims that Ms. Giuffre was lying about specific facts.” ¶ 14. In the teeth of these specific

allegations about context (never discussed by the Defendant), the Defendant's Motion to Dismiss is – once again – frivolous.

The Motion to Dismiss is frivolous for other reasons as well. Defendant argues that Ms. Giuffre failed to allege defamation per se yet this is belied by the face of the Complaint. The Complaint alleges that the Defendant's false statements "also constitute libel per se inasmuch as they intended to injure Ms. Giuffre in her professional capacity as the president of a non-profit corporation designed to help victims of sex trafficking, and inasmuch as they destroyed her credibility and reputation among members of the community that seek her help and that she seeks to serve." Complaint ¶ 11. *See Celle v. Filipino Reporter Enterprises Inc.*, 209 F. 3d 163, 179 (2d Cir. 2000) ("a writing which tends to disparage a person in the way of his office, profession or trade is defamatory per se and does not require proof of special damages.") (Emphasis original, quotations and citations omitted).

Defendant's argument that her statement is not defamatory because it is a "mere denial" is also flatly contradicted by the prevailing case law. Indeed, the case law makes quite clear that the Defendant's public accusation that Ms. Giuffre lied about her sexual abuse goes beyond a "mere denial" and, therefore, properly alleges a defamatory meaning. In *McNamee v. Clemens*, 762 F. Supp. 2d 584, 601-602 (E.D.N.Y. 2011) the court held that "denials coupled with accusations that the accuser will be proven a liar and has lied in front of members of Congress cross the line from general denial to specific accusations reasonably susceptible of a defamatory meaning," because "some of Clemens' statements branding McNamee a liar contain the 'actionable implication that [Clemens] knows certain facts, unknown to his audience, which support his opinion.'" *Id.*, 762 F. Supp. 2d at 601. Accordingly, "[a]n attack on a person's integrity by impugning his character as dishonest or immoral may form the basis of a defamation

if an ordinary listener would tend to credit the statements as true.” *Id.* at 602. Here, Defendant has attacked Ms. Giuffre’s integrity, calling her dishonest and a “liar,” implying that Defendant knows certain facts unknown to her audience that support her opinion, and an ordinary listener would tend to credit these accusations of lying as true because Defendant knew Ms. Giuffre personally at the time of the alleged abuse.

It is well established under New York law and in the Second Circuit that falsely calling a person a liar is defamatory and not subject to a motion to dismiss. *See Edwards v. Natn’l Audubon Soc., Inc.* 556 F. 2d 113, 121-22 (2d Cir. 1977) (“The appellees were charged with being “paid to lie”. It is difficult to conceive of any epithet better calculated to subject a scholar to the scorn and ridicule of his colleagues than “paid liar.” It is this completely foundationless accusation of venality that constitutes the essence of the calumny against the appellees.”); *Seung Jin Lee v. Tai Chul Kim*, 16 Misc. 3d 1118(A), 847 N.Y.S.2d 899 (Sup. Ct. 2007) (denying a motion to dismiss when the defendant stated that plaintiff “is a liar; she tried to cover all the truth; how could she serve the Lord with lies; and she and her followers are satanic”); *Brach v. Congregation Yetev Lev D'Satmar, Inc.*, 265 A.D. 2d 360, 360-61, 696 N.Y.S. 2d 496, 498 (2d Dep't 1999) (reversing an order of dismissal and reinstating defamation action based upon a publication stating that a court action was won “by lies and deceit,” finding that the statements at issue were actionable statements of “mixed opinion,” and noting that they suggested to the average reader that they were supported by some unknown facts); *Kaminester v. Weintraub*, 131 A.D. 2d 440, 441, 516 N.Y.S. 2d 234, 234 (1987) (“inasmuch as the defendant Dr. Weintraub accused the plaintiff of personal dishonesty, the allegedly libelous statements are not constitutionally protected expressions of opinion”); *Mase v. Reilly*, 206 A.D. 434, 436, 201 N.Y.S. 470, 472 (App. Div. 1923) (“The charge that a man is lying, at least, in a matter of public

interest, is such a charge as tends to hold him up to scorn, as matter of law, and prima facie a complaint stating the making in writing of such a charge is good.”).

Indeed, just last year, the New York Court of Appeals addressed a case with facts strikingly similar to this one. In *Davis v. Boenheim*, 24 N.Y. 3d 262, 22 N.E. 3d 999 (2014), plaintiffs were victims of sexual molestation by Bernie Fine, a former associate head basketball coach for Syracuse University. Following plaintiff’s accusations of sex abuse, James Boenheim, Fine’s friend and another Syracuse Basketball coach, made statements to ESPN.com calling plaintiffs liars. Plaintiffs filed a suit for defamation for those and other statements made by Boenheim and published by the media.

The lower court granted a motion to dismiss on the basis that the statements were non-actionable opinion because a reasonable reader would conclude that the statements were biased personal opinion. But the Court of Appeals reversed, holding that the complaint was sufficient to survive a motion to dismiss. Accordingly, the *Boenheim* court held that “[t]here is a reasonable view of the claims upon which [plaintiffs] would be entitled to recover for defamation; therefore the complaint must be deemed to sufficiently state a cause of action.” *Id.* at 274.

Similarly, Defendant asserted readily understood facts, not opinion, by falsely stating the alleged “fact” that Ms. Giuffre’s accusations of sexual abuse are lies, an allegation that is capable of being proven true or false. As we know, this is a specific allegation in the Complaint. *See* Complaint, ¶ 14 (“Maxwell specifically directed her false statements at Giuffre’s true public description of factual events, and many persons who read Defendant’s statements reasonably understood that those statements referred directly to Ms. Giuffre’s account of her life as a young teenager with Maxwell and Epstein.”). Also, similarly, given the close relationship between Defendant and Epstein, and that Defendant knew Ms. Giuffre from the time when she was a

child victim, the circumstances signal that what is being read is likely to be fact. Accordingly, upon any reasonable view of the stated facts, plaintiff would be entitled to recovery for defamation, and therefore, the complaint must be deemed to sufficiently state a cause of action.

Defendant also attempts to rely on the alleged fact that her press release from 2011 was directed at the British Press as a threat that litigation could be forthcoming. Defendant obfuscates the fact, however, that Ms. Giuffre's defamation claim alleges a direct attack on Ms. Giuffre's character *in 2015* – a separate attack and apart from any four-year-old theoretical threats to the British press. As specifically recounted in the Complaint, the Defendant's 2015 attack on Ms. Giuffre included this statement:

The Allegations made...against Ghislaine Maxwell ***are untrue***. The Original allegations are not new and have been fully responded to and ***shown to be untrue***. Each time the story is retold it changes, with new salacious details about public figures. (The woman's) ***claims are obvious lies*** and should be treated as such and not publicized as news as they are defamatory. Ghislaine Maxwell's original response to the lies and defamatory claims remains the same. Miss Maxwell strongly denies allegations of any unsavory nature, which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere and reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such claims."

(Emphasis added to mirror statements set forth in paragraph 30 of the Complaint).

Nor is any merit to Defendant's claim that the Complaint allegations are deficient. Defendant does not deny making the statements, and Ms. Giuffre has adequately pled all of the elements of a defamation claim with particularity and supporting facts. First, she has pled a defamatory statement concerning another: Defendant stated, through her press agent, that Ms. Giuffre's reports of her child sexual abuse were "obvious lies." Complaint at ¶ 30. Second, she has pled publication to third parties, stating that Defendant's agent "issued an additional false statement to the media and public," and to "a reporter on a Manhattan street." *Id.* at ¶ 30, ¶ 37. Third, Ms. Giuffre has alleged more than "fault amounting to at least negligence on the part of

the publisher.” Indeed, Ms. Giuffre has specifically alleged malice. Among other similar allegations, the Complaint states: “Maxwell’s statements were published intentionally for the malicious purpose of further damaging a sexual abuse and sexual trafficking victim; to destroy Giuffre’s reputation and credibility” and that Defendant “made her false statements knowing full well that they were completely false. Accordingly, she made her statements with actual and deliberate malice, the highest degree of awareness of falsity.” Complaint at p. 8-9.

Even if there were some kind of technical deficiency in the pleadings, that does not justify a stay of discovery. As Judge McKenna noted in *In re Chase Manhattan Corp. Securities Litigation*, even if dismissal were to be granted, plaintiffs might thereafter successfully amend their complaint, and allowing discovery to go forward could move the action along toward a speedier resolution. No. 90 Civ. 6092 LMM, 1991 WL 79432, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. May 7, 1991) (“Should the complaint (or an amended complaint) be sustained ..., commencement of the discovery process, while no doubt imposing some burden on defendants, will advance the ultimate disposition of this action”). Defendant has not established that Ms. Giuffre’s pleading is deficient in any way – much less that any deficiency could not be easily corrected through amendment. Accordingly, her motion to stay discovery should be denied.

C. Defendant Has Not Shown “Undue Burden”

Defendant also falls woefully short of supporting her claim of undue burden in fulfilling her discovery obligations. Her failure is understandable given the voluminous number of decisions denying stay requests in contexts analogous to this case. *See, e.g., Howard v. Galesi*, 107 F.R.D. 348, 351 (S.D.N.Y. 1985) (denying a motion to stay discovery pending a motion to dismiss because plaintiff’s discovery request was not futile, it was limited in scope, and the “motion to dismiss was not *necessarily dispositive since it concerns the particularity of the*

pleadings, which may be amended.”) (Emphasis added.); *Waltzer v. Conner*, No. 83 CIV. 8806 (SWK), 1985 WL 2522, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 12, 1985) (denying a motion to stay discovery pending resolution of the motion to dismiss, stating, “[b]urdensome and oppressive’ is a *shibboleth of little value* to this Court. Furthermore, good cause is not necessarily established solely by showing that discovery may involve inconvenience and expense”) (Emphasis added).

Two related factors a court may consider in deciding a motion for a stay of discovery are the breadth of discovery sought and the burden of responding to it. *See Brooks v. Macy’s, Inc.*, No. 10 CIV 5304 (BSJ/HBP), 2010 WL 5297756, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 21, 2010) (citing *Anti-Monopoly, Inc.*, 1996 WL 101277, at *3, 1996 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 2684, at *6–7).

Plaintiff served thirty (30) specific and narrowly tailored discovery requests that are intended to gather information about the key documents and witnesses in this case. The requests are not overly burdensome and relate directly to the Plaintiff’s claim that she was a victim of sexual abuse, and therefore, Maxwell’s statement that she is a “liar” is defamatory.

Take Juan Alessi, the housekeeper for Jeffrey Epstein’s Palm Beach home, where Defendant also resided. He testified that the Defendant kept a book of nude photos of females on her desk. *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 6, Juan Alessi September 8, 2009 Depo Tr. at 19. Plaintiff recalls being photographed in the nude by the Defendant when she was underage. Plaintiff’s First Request for Production 18 seeks: “All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to Virginia Roberts Giuffre.” *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 9, Plaintiff’s First Request for Production 18. Any photos or other media that Defendant has in her possession, custody or control that relates to Ms. Giuffre would be directly relevant to the sexual abuse underlying the defamatory statement in this case. Ms. Giuffre also seeks documents evidencing communications between Ms. Giuffre and the

Defendant. *See* Decl. of Sigrid McCawley at Exhibit 9, Plaintiff's First Request for Production Request No. 2. These documents are highly relevant to establish the involvement of the Defendant in Ms. Giuffre's sexual abuse. Simply put, the discovery seeks all documents related specifically to the issues in this case and is, therefore, not overly burdensome.

Defendant complains about the number of individuals in Plaintiff's Rule 26 disclosures, but the overwhelming majority of those witnesses were disclosed in an abundance of caution, in order to identify all individuals who "may" have information relating to this case. Only a fraction of those individuals will actually be witnesses in this case, and as discovery progresses, the list will be further narrowed.⁸ Defendant further complains that the discovery concerns events that took place 17 years ago, when Ms. Giuffre was a minor sexual abuse victim. Yet, Defendant wholly fails to explain why producing older records should place an undue burden upon her beyond a general claim of some "inconvenience and expense." *Waltzer*, 1985 WL 2522, at *1. Defendant recruited Ms. Giuffre for sexual abuse in 1999. Any existing records from that period are relevant to Ms. Giuffre's claim, and she is entitled to their discovery.

Finally, Defendant's invocation of *Spinelli v. Nat'l Football League* is inapposite. This court granted a stay in discovery in *Spinelli* due to "the fact that there are currently 40 defendants named in the lawsuit, the intricacy of the contractual provisions involved, and the complex copyright and antitrust claims asserted" and because a stay "may also have the advantage of simplifying and shortening discovery in the event that some of Plaintiffs' claims are dismissed and others survive, by limiting the scope of the parties' inquiry to claims that have been established as potentially viable." *Spinelli v. Nat'l Football League*, No. 13 CIV. 7398 (RWS), 2015 WL 7302266, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 17, 2015). None of those factors are present in this simple defamation case. Instead of multiple claims brought by seven (7) plaintiffs against forty

⁸ As of the date of this filing, zero (0) disposition notices have been propounded on Defendant.

(40) defendants in *Spinelli*, there is merely one claim brought by one plaintiff against one defendant. Instead of complex issues of antitrust and copyright law in *Spinelli*, there is one, simple defamation claim based upon Defendant's widely-publicized statements. Furthermore, there are no outstanding dispositive motions whose rulings would refine the scope of the claims or reduce the number of parties, as in *Spinelli*. Instead, there is merely a motion to dismiss a sole, well-pled count.

D. There Is Substantial Prejudice To Ms. Giuffre In Staying Discovery

There is risk of substantial prejudice to Ms. Giuffre in allowing discovery to be stayed. Ms. Giuffre has already accommodated Defendant by agreeing to an extension of time that gave her close to 70 days from the date of service to file her responsive pleading. On October 27, 2015, Ms. Giuffre served Defendant with Requests for Production of Documents that are narrowly tailored to get to the heart of the issue in this case. By the date of the January 14, 2016 hearing on this Motion to Stay, Ms. Giuffre's discovery requests will have been pending for two and a half months without a response. The Court has set a tight schedule for the discovery in this matter which must be completed in seven months. Defendant's effort to stay discovery indefinitely until the Court rules on the Motion to Dismiss would severely prejudice Ms. Giuffre. There are key witnesses in this case who are living abroad and subpoenas will need to be coordinated internationally. A stay in discovery may cause testimony of those key witnesses to be forfeited if Defendant is allowed to run out the clock by shrinking the discovery period as she proposes in the instant motion.

Moreover, the Court should be aware that the Defendant has, in the past, used delay in discovery as a means to defeat any discovery at all. As recounted above, in 2009, the Defendant stalled her deposition, only to apparently disappear to an overseas location.

In addition, given that the underlying sexual abuse in this case happened a number of years ago, it is imperative that Ms. Giuffre be able to obtain documents and depose witnesses quickly to ensure that memories do not fade and documents are not destroyed. “A stay would frustrate rather than advance judicial administration. As time progresses, evidence becomes stale, memories fade, and the search for truth necessarily becomes more elusive.” *Howard v. Gutterman*, 3 B.R. 393, 394 (S.D.N.Y. 1980). The problems of fading memories, destruction of evidence and unavailability of witnesses are augmented in particular in this case, because much of the discovery concerns events that took place beginning in 1999. *See Dunn v. Albany Med. Coll.*, No. 09-CV-1031 (LEK/DEP), 2010 WL 2326137, at *7 (N.D.N.Y. May 5, 2010) *report and recommendation adopted in part*, No. 1:09-CV-1031 (LEK/DEP), 2010 WL 2326127 (N.D.N.Y. June 7, 2010) (in a case regarding events that occurred *more than 16 years ago*, the Court determined that “the considerable prejudice to defendant in prolonging discovery any further, given the passage of time since alleged events occurred, was sufficient to trump any other countervailing factors weighing in favor of a stay”) (citing *Geordiadis v. First Boston Corp.*, 167 F.R.D. 24, 25 (S.D.N.Y. 1996) (“The passage of time always threatens difficulty as memories fade. Given the age of this case [six years], that problem probably is severe already. The additional delay that plaintiff has caused here can only make matters worse.”)) (emphasis added.)

CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court deny the stay and allow for discovery to proceed as scheduled.

Dated: December 10, 2015

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on December 10, 2015, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

_____ /

**DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCAWLEY IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO STAY**

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.

2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Opposition to Defendant Maxwell's Motion to Stay.

3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of the Government's September 3, 2008 Victim Notification Letter.

4. Attached hereto as Composite Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of flight logs for Jeffrey Epstein's private jet, and a summary chart reflecting flights where Ms. Giuffre and Defendant were listed as passengers, and a chart listing the airport codes.

5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3, is a true and correct copy of a picture of Prince Andrew, Ghislaine Maxwell and Virginia Roberts Giuffre.

6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4, is a true and correct copy of Excerpts from the July 29, 2009 and August 7, 2009 Deposition Transcripts of Alfredo Rodriguez.

7. Attached hereto as Composite Exhibit 5, is a true and correct copy of the Palm Beach Police Reports dated March 14, 2005 and July 28, 2006.

8. Attached hereto as Exhibit 6, is a true and correct copy of Excerpts from the September 8, 2009 Deposition Transcript of Juan Alessi.

9. Attached hereto as Exhibit 7, is a true and correct copy of Juan Alessi's November 21, 2005 Sworn Statement.

10. Attached hereto as Composite Exhibit 8, is a true and correct copy of the Notice of Deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell, Subpoena and Cancellation Payment Notice, and January 13, 2015 Daily Mail, "*Bill Clinton pictured with Jeffrey Epstein's social fixer at Chelsea's wedding AFTER severing links with disgraced pedophile.*"

11. Attached hereto as Exhibit 9, is a true and correct copy of Plaintiff's First Request for Production of Documents to Defendant, dated October 27, 2015.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: December 10, 2015

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on December 10, 2015, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

COMPOSITE EXHIBIT 2

(Part 1)

DATE	FROM	TO	PASSENGERS
12/11/2000	West Palm Beach, FL (PBI)	(TEB)	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor
12/17/2000	(TEB)	(TIST)	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Alberto Pinto (AP)
01/26/2001	(TEB)	West Palm Beach (PBI)	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor
01/27/2001	(PBI)	(TIST)	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor
01/30/2001	(TIST)	(PBI)	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor
03/05/2001	(PBI)	(CYJT)	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor, Gary Roxburgh
03/06/2001	(CYJT)	LFPB)	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor, Gary Roxburgh
03/08/2001	LFPB	LGGR	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor, Alberto & Linda Pinto, 1 female, Ricardo Legorgia
03/08/2001	LEGR	GMTT	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor, Alberto & Linda Pinto, 1 female
03/09/2001	GMTT	EGGW	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor
03/11/2001	EGGW	BGR	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor
03/11/2001	BGR	TEB	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor
03/27/2001	PBI	TEB	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor, 2 females, Banu Kukuckoulu, RGR
03/29/2001	TEB	SAF	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Alberto Pinto, Banu Kukuckoulu, Marvin Minsky, Henry Jarecki
03/31/2001	SAF	PBI	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Alberto Pinto, Banu Kukuckoulu, Nadia Bjorlin, Henry Jarecki, Marvin Minsky
04/11/2001	TEB	TIST	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Alberto Pinto, Banu Kukuckoulu, Joann
04/16/2001	TIST	PBI	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Alberto Pinto, Banu Kukuckoulu, Gwendolyn Beck
05/14/2001	TIST	TEB	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor, Banu Kukuckoulu, 1 female
07/08/2001	PBI	TEB	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor, Alberto Pinto, Seridan Gibson, 1 female, Gary Roxburgh
07/11/2001	TEB	CPS	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor, Gary Roxburgh
07/16/2001	SAF	TEB	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Emmy Taylor, Gary Roxburgh

06/21/2002	PBI		MYEF	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Sarah Kellen Cindy Lopez, Jean Luc Brunel, Pete Rathgeb
08/17/2002	SAF		TEB	Virginia Roberts, Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Sarah Kellen, Cindy Lopez, Dan Mruan, Edwardo, Alfredo, Margarita, Mick Simmons

Total No. of Flights: 23

Date 1947 DEC	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...
			From	To					
14	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1056	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	AIRPLANE
17	"	"	TEB	BCT		1057	JG, MANDY ELLISON, GWENDOLYN BECK, WARREN SPENCER, JIMMY + MRS COYNE, ET		2 1
17	"	"	BCT	PBI		1058	JG, MANDY ELLISON, GWENDOLYN BECK, EMMY TAYLER		2 5
1948 JAN 3	"	"	PBI	TEB		1059	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES		1
8	"	"	TEB	SAF		1060	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2 3
10	"	"	SAF	PBI		1061	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	3 8
13	"	"	PBI	TEB		1062	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2 7
18	"	"	TEB	PBI		1063	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2 3
20	"	"	PBI	TIST		1064	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2 4
25	"	"	TIST	TNCM		1065	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2 0
25	"	"	TNCM	TEB		1066	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	4 2
30	"	"	TEB	PBI		1067	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2 3
31	"	"	PBI	JAX		1068	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	8
31	"	"	JAX	APF		1069	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	8
31	"	"	APF	PBI		1070	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	4
1948 FEB 2	"	"	PBI	TEB		1071	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES		2 2
6	"	"	TEB	PBI		1072	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2 6
9	"	"	PBI	TEB		1073	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2 4
12	"	"	TEB	PBI		1074	JG, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBSON, M. MANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2 6

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Edward Roddey

Pilot's Signature

Page Total	14
Amount Forward	5975
Total to Date	5721
	5989
	5729

Date 19 11 88 GEB	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...
			From	To					
1	C172	N75RR	LNA-F45	LNA			CHECKOUT IN CESSNA 172	5/5	8
7	C172	N75RR	LNA-X10	PBI-LNA			CHRIS WAGNER, HEAD S&L, COMPANY ADDRESS CLERKS, TRIPS TO 9 HICOMPLEX, UNUSUAL DISTANCE	3/3	2
14	G1159B	N9085K	PBI	SAF		1075	JE, G, M, ET	1/1	3
15	"	"	SAF	LAS		1076	JE	1/1	1
15	"	"	LAS	VNY		1077	JE	1/1	7
18	"	"	VNY	MRY		1078	JE, BOB, KET, 3 FEMALES, 1 MALE	1/1	8
21	"	"	MRY	SAF		1079	JE	1/1	1
22	"	"	SAF	TEB		1080	JE, G, M, ET	1/1	3
27	"	"	TEB	DCA		1081	JE, ET, GWENDOLYN BECK	1/1	6
27	"	"	DCA	TIST		1082	JE, G, W, G, N, D, L, Y, N, B, E, C, K	1/1	3
28	"	"	TIST	PBI		1083	JE, G, M, ET, G, B, G, A, R, Y, K, E, R, N, E, Y	1/1	2
4	C474	N9086M	PBI	AVO			RAPID COMMUNICATIONS, F53 PILOTAGE CUTLERY PLANS, VOR NAVIGATION, RAPID	1/1	7
4	C421	"	AVO	LEE			CHRIS WAGNER CLASS B CLEARANCE VOR TRAINING, ADF BEARING	1/1	7
4	"	"	LEE	PBI			RAPID SERVICES, ARTCC, CLASS B CLEARANCE	1/1	1
11	"	"	PBI	AVO			CHRIS WAGNER - XC OVER 100 NM	1/1	8
11	"	"	AVO	PBI			CHRIS WAGNER - 1000 TGM, PILOTAGE, RAPID	1/1	8
12	"	"	PBI	EYW			CHRIS WAGNER - VOR NAVIGATION, CONTINUOUS DEPARTURE OPERATIONS	1/1	1
12	"	"	EYW	PBI			CHRIS WAGNER - RAPID PROCEEDURES, PILOTAGE, TOWER LUCKY FL	1/1	1
12	"	"	PBI	PBI			CHRIS WAGNER - VOR, NIGHT OPS 0.5 ACTUAL	1/1	1
20	G1159B	N9085K	PBI	PBI		1084	TEST FLIGHT AFTER OPS	1/1	4

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total
Amount Forward
Total to Date

20
5984
5734
6009
5748

273
71342
71615

Pilot's Signature
David Rockef...

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...
			From	To					
23 MAR	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TGB		1085	JE, GM, EVA ANCESSNA, CELENA, JACOB DUBOY, NANNY, 1 MALE	1/1	AIRPORT
25	"	"	TGB	SAF		1086	JE, GM, ET		
27	"	"	SAF	PBI		1087	JE, GM, DOUG SHOOTLE, ET		
31	C172	N5189B	LNA	LNA			CHECK OUT INCESSNA IN	1/0	
31	"	"	LNA	PBI-LNA			CHRIS WAGNER - 3 EMERGENCY LANDINGS, NIGHT RECOGNITION PROCEDURES TRAINING AT SDMCOM	3/3	
16	C421	SEMU LATOR					EMERGENCY PROCEDURES		
17	"	"					INSTRUMENT COMPETENCY CHECK		
18	"	"							
APR 5	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TGB		1088	JE, HEATHER MITCHELL, BABY MITCHELL, LEMBLE, MELINDA LUNY	1/1	2
6	"	"	TGB	W47		1089	JE, 2 FEMALES (MAREBY FARMS)	1/1	5
6	"	"	W47	RIC		1090	JE, PAUL MCELLOM, 2 FEMALES CAROLYN	1/1	7
6	"	"	RIC	W47		1091	JE, PAUL MCELLOM, 2 FEMALES	1/1	5
6	"	"	W47	TGB		1092	JE, 2 FEMALES	1/1	4
9	"	"	TGB	BED		1093	JE, OLIVER SACHS	1/1	7
9	"	"	BED	TGB		1094	JE, OLIVER SACHS, ROBIN	1/1	6
9	"	"	TGB	PBI		1095	JE, GM, GLEN, EVA, CELENA, JACOB DUBOY, JACOB SEBASTIAN, NANNY, 2 FEMES		9
11	C172	N751RR	LNA-FXE	LNA		1096	CHRIS WAGNER - 3 MALES, VOR CONNECTION, AIRPORT, EMERGENCY PROCEDURES	2/2	2
16	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	MYNN		1096	JE (MET PRESSURE, SAGAH, CAROLYN, 2 MALES ON THE GROUND)	1/1	1
16	"	"	MYNN	PBI		1097	JE	1/1	6

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David R. ...*

Page Total	15
Amount Forward	6089
Total to Date	5748
	6024
	5762

	22.6
	7161.5
	7184.1

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...
			From	To					
17 19 APR	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	PBI		1098	CERTIFICATION FOR GPS APPROACHES	1	ADRCAM
17	C421	N908GM	PBI	X21			CHARIS WAGNER, PASTY, KRISTY, ANDRUE CONDUCT AIRPORT OPERATIONS SAME AS ABOVE	1	
17	"	"	X21	TIK				1	
17	"	"	TIK	CRG			KRISTY RODGERS, PASTY SAL CLEMOS, DESCENS TURN	1	
18	"	"	CRG	LAL			PASTY RODGERS, KRISTY SAL CLEMOS, DESCENS TURN	6	
18	"	"	LAL	PBI			CHARIS WAGNER, LAURIE, KRISTY PASTY VOR, DELTA, KADEAS, RADAR COMM.	8	
19	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	CMH		1099	JE, CLARE HOLEZ, 1 FEMALE	1	
20	"	"	CMH	LUK		1100	JE, GINGER, MANDY LANE	2	
20	"	"	LUK	TEB		1101	JE, GINGER, MANDY LANE	3	
24	"	"	TEB	PBI		1102	JE, GM, COCOA BROWN ET, LINDA	1	
25	C172	N75RR	LNA-PBI-LNA	LNA			CHARIS WAGNER - NO FLAP APPROACH EMERGENCY PROCEDURES - CLASS C SHORT, SOFT, RESCUE TAKEOFF EMERGENCY LANDING - SHORTS WAGNER	4/4	
25	"	"	LNA	LNA			TRAFIC PASTY, GM, EMERGENCY LANDING, CLASS C OPERATIONS	6/6	
26	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB			JE, GM, ET	5/5	
MAY 1	"	"	TEB	PBI		1103	JE, GM, ET	1	
1	C172	N75RR	LNA-PBI-LNA	LNA		1104	JE, GM, ET, GLEN DUBIN, JORDAN, CELINA, MANNY	1	
3	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1105	SHORTS WAGNER, PASTY, CLASS C OPERATIONS LANDING, PASTY, CLASS C OPERATIONS	11/11	
5	"	"	TEB	BCD		1106	JE, GM, ET, MANDY, CELINA, GLEN DUBIN, MANNY, GLEN, JORDAN	1	
5	"	"	BCD	TEB		1107	JE, ROBBY, S JEVEN	1	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total	46
Amount Forward	728
Total to Date	774

Pilot's Signature
David Rodgers

Date 19 MAY	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...
			From	To					
7	G1159B	N908JE	TGB	PBI		1108	JE, ES		ASPEN 23
9	"	"	PBI	TIST		1109	JE, ET, SAERPE, CLAR HAZEL	1/1	20
11	"	"	TIST	TGB		1110	JE, GM, CT, CLAUDE HAZEL, CHOE KHAZE	1/1	37
15	"	"	TGB	PBI		1111	JE, MANDY ELLISON	1/1	20
17	"	"	PBI	TGB		1112	JE	1/1	29
18	"	"	TGB	MDW		1113	GM, ET, SHANNON HOAGLY, ALBERTO PINTO, MALE	1/1	16
18	"	"	MDW	SAF		1114	GM, ET, JE, SHANNON ALBERTO, MALE	1/1	25
20	"	"	SAF	LAX		1115	JE, GM, ET, ALBERTO, PASCAL, MALE	1/1	17
20	"	"	LAX	TGB		1116	GM, ET, ALBERTO, MALE	1/1	45
JUN 4	"	"	TGB	PBI		1117	JE, MANDY ELLISON, FEMALE	1/1	22
8	"	"	PBI	TGB		1118	JE, Gwendolyn Beck, FEMALE	1/1	25
12	"	"	TGB	TIST		1119	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL, MELANIE STABRAGE	1/1	30
15	"	"	TIST	JFK		1120	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL, MELANIE STABRAGE	1/1	43
18	"	"	JFK	PBI		1121	JE, GM, LYNN FANTANILLA GRACE ADAMS	1/1	20
21	"	"	PBI	TGB		1122	JE, RALPH ELLISON LYNN FANTANILLA GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	25
23	"	"	TGB	BED		1123	JE GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	7
23	"	"	BED	TGB		1124	JE, HENRY ROSOWSKY GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	12
26	"	"	TGB	PBI		1125	JE, GM, MELINDA LUNTZ GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	26
TOTAL AT BOTTOM OF PAGE									INSURANCE COMP.

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature
David Reddy

Page Total	15
Amount Forward	6064
	5800
	6079
Total to Date	5809

437
72069
72506

Date 1941 M. D.	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					APPROXIMATE	GLIDER		
17	G-1154B	N9083G	TEB	SAF		1235	EST, REAT	1	3	HELIC		
17	"	"	SAF	ABC		1236	EST, REAT					
18	"	"	ABC	DAL		1237	EST, TEFANY GRAMZA	1	1			
18	"	"	DAL	PBI		1238	EST, TEFANY GRAMZA		2			
19	2-DIGITB	N5003A	PBI-LNA	PBI			STRAP IN + 160 AUTOROTATIONS					
20	"	"	PMP	PMP			M, V, & APPROACHES TO THE SURFACE, and noise signature prob.			1		
21	"	"	PMP	DAB			D... VIA shoreline			1		
21	"	"	DAB	PBI			O - via 1-95			2		
21	"	"	PBI	PMP			Return			1		
23	G-1154B	N9083G	PBI	TEB		1239	JG, GM, EST, TEFANY GRAMZA	1	2	7		
27	FLIGHT G-1154B	N9083G	TEB	PBI			INSURANCE COMPANY JG, GM, EST, GUYMON BEECH CUSHING SVP, COUNCIL, JORDON, MANN, DUBOY, PATTI			2		
29	"	"	PBI	TEB		1241	JG, GM, EST	1	2	3		
30	"	"	TEB	PBI		1242	JG, GM, EST	1	2	8		
31	"	"	PBI	SAF		1243	JG, GM, EST	1	3	7		
JUN 4	"	"	SAF	PBI		1244	JG, GM, EST, TEFANY GRAMZA	1	3	2		
7	"	"	PBI	TEB		1245	JG, GM, EST, TEFANY GRAMZA	1	2	5		
9	"	"	TEB	PBI		1246	SC, TEB , MANDY COMPANY, TEFANY GRAMZA	1	2	3		
15	"	"	PBI	TEB		1247	JG, GM, TEFANY GRAMZA, GUYMON BEECH	1	2	5		
Page Total								9/7	32	1	6	
Amount Forward								6267	7509	9	33	59
Total to Date								6216	7542	0	33	65
Total to Date								5922	7542	0	33	65

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature Carol Reddy

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...
			From	To					
JUL 5	G1159B	N9083E	PBI	OXC		126	IC	1/1	25
5	"	"	OXC	TEB		127	IC	1/1	4
10	"	"	TEB	PBI		128	IC, SPARE BIROLE, 2 FEMALE	1/1	23
12	C150	49563	JVW	JVW		1	C150 CHECK OUT DAN-CFI SIMULATED	2/2	6
12	"	N778MG	JVW	JVW		2	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	2/2	4
13	"	"	"	"		3	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	3/3	1
13	"	"	"	"		2	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	2/2	5
16	"	"	"	"		3, 4	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	4/4	10
16	"	"	"	"		5	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	3/3	9
17	"	"	"	"		6	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	2/2	1
17	"	N45563	JVY	BQM		7	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	2/2	8
17	"	"	BQM	JVY			EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	4/4	8
17	"	N778MG	JVY	JVY		8	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	5/5	12
17	"	"	"	"			EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	9/9	9
18	"	"	JVY (Left)	IMS		19	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	1/1	14
18	"	"	IMS	JVY		19	EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES	1/1	4
28	G1159B	SIMULATOR	IRW	IRW			EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES		2
29	"	"	HUB	HOU			EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES		1
30	"	"	CYS	COS			EMERGENCY LANDING, MANDATORY MANO, VY, V _Y , STEEP TURNS, MED TURN, FORWARD SLIP, TAIL BASE ROLL PROCEDURES		2

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *Daniel Redeker*

Page Total
Amount Forward
Total to Date

43/43
6079
5809
6112
5852

23
7250
7273

2
6
8

Date 19 18 AUG.	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					PLANE	GLIDER
3	G11S9B	N908JC	PBI	TEB		1136	JE, GM, ADAM, GEMMY, RON	1/1	2	5
4	"	"	TEB	HTO		1137	JE, MELANIE STARNUS	1/1		7
4	"	"	HTO	OQU		1138	NO PASSENGERS	1/1		5
4	"	"	OQU	TEB		1139	JE	1/1	1	1
5	"	"	TEB	BED		1140	JE	1/1		8
5	"	"	BED	MVY		1141	JE	1/1		5
5	"	"	MVY	TGB		1142	JE	1/1	1	0
6	"	"	TGB	CMH		1143	JE	1/1	1	3
6	"	"	CMH	TEB		1144	JE	1/1	1	3
7	"	"	TEB	TVC		1145	JE, GM, ET, MELUANA LUNZ			
11	"	"	TVC	TGB		1146	JE, GM, ET	1/1	1	5
13	"	"	TEB	PBI		1147	JE, GM, ET, PAULA ERSTEIN		2	4
17	"	"	PBI	TEB		1148	JE, GM, ET	1/1	2	5
21	"	"	TEB	SAF		1149	JE, GM, ET, ADAM PERRY LAMP	1/1	3	6
24	"	"	SAF	ASE		1150	JE	1/1		8
22	SLHIDE SF34	N4424E	OEO	OEO			T.O. + TOW ASSISTED; STRAIGHT GLIDES, TURNS, THERMALS, X-COUNTRY GLIDES			9
25	G11S9B	N908JC	ASE	VNY		1151	JE, JOE PAPANO, GINGU DOLY BACIC	1/1	1	9
29	"	"	VNY	PBI		1152	JE	1/1	4	9
9-1	"	"	PBI	TGB		1153	JE, GM	1/1	2	4
								16/14	317	9
								6122	7273	8
								6138	7305	5
								6177		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total
Amount Forward
Total to Date

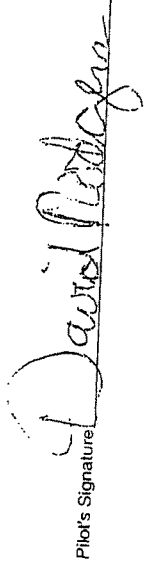
Evel Rodriguez

Pilot's Signature

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					Airplane	Glider
9-4	G1154B	N908JE	TEB	TIST		1154	JE, GM, ET	1/1	37	GLIDER
4	"	"	TIST	PBI		1155	JE, GM, ET	1/1	25	
8	"	"	PBI	TEB		1156	JE, GM, ET, MANDY ELLISON	1/1	27	
13	"	"	TEB	SAF		1157	JE, GM, ET, ALBERTO LENOZ PINTO	1/1	40	
9/15	Grob 103HA	N307BG	OEB	CCC			TOW & AOB THERMALING			
9/15	G103HA	N307BG	OEB	CCC			UNASSISTED T.O.C. Thermaling 3 TALL			3
9/15	G103HA	N307BG	OEB	CCC			UNASSISTED T.O.C. Thermaling			4
9/15	"	"	"	CCC			UNASSISTED T.O.W. CANDING IN CIRCUIT			5
9/15	"	"	"	CCC			UNASSISTED T.O.W. CANDING THERMALING STALLS, UNASSISTED SPACE			3
9/15	"	"	"	CCC			ARTIFICAL TOW			6
9/15	"	"	"	CCC			UNASSISTED T.O.W. CANDING THERMALING STALLS, UNASSISTED SPACE			3
9/15	G1151B	N908JE	SAF	ASC			ARTIFICAL TOW			6
19	"	"	ASC	IAD		1158	JE, ET	1/1	6	
19	"	"	IAD	TEB		1159	JE, ET, LARRET SUMMERS, GUEST HONORARIUM	1/1	30	
25	"	"	TEB	DCA		1160	JE, ET, GUY DUDLEY BECK	1/1	6	
25	"	"	DCA	IAD		1161	JE, LYNN FORESTER	1/1	7	
25	"	"	IAD	TEB		1162	REPOSITION FOR CUREN	1/1	1	
26	"	"	TEB	PBI		1163	JE, LYNN FORESTER	1/1	7	
04	"	"	PBI	TEB		1164	JE, GM	1/1	21	
						1165	JE, ET, LUBA, DARA		22	

Page Total	876
Amount Forward	6138
Total to Date	7014

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature


Date 1946 Oct	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					APPRAISAL	GRADE
6	G-1159B	N908JC	TGB	BED		1166	JE, RHONDA SHERER	1/1		6
6	"	"	BED	TGB		1167	JE, RHONDA SHERER + HOSBAND			7
9	"	"	TGB	OCA		1168	JE, ET, ADAM RRYRANG	1/1		7
9	"	"	DCA	PBI		1169	JE, GM, ET, AP		20	
12	"	"	PBI	TGB		1170	JE, GM, ET, AP	1/1		23
15	"	"	TGB	PBI		1171	JE, SOPHIE BIDDLE		21	
19	"	"	PBI	TGB		1172	JE, SOPHIE BIDDLE	1/1		22
21	"	"	TGB	BED		1173	JE	1/1		6
21	"	"	BED	TGB		1174	JE, ALAN DERSHOWITZ	1/1		8
23	"	"	TGB	PBI		1175	JE, GM, ET, GYNDOULYN BEAC	1/1		23
NOV 7	"	"	PBI	TGB		1176	NO PASSENGERS	1/1		23
7	"	"	TGB	PBI		1177	JE			23
10	"	"	PBI	TGB		1178	JE	1/1		25
14	"	"	TGB	TIST		1179	JE, ET, CLARE HAZEL FRANCOIS	1/1		32
15	"	"	TIST	PBI		1180	JE, GM, CLARE HAZEL ET, FRANCOIS	1/1		24
16	"	"	PBI	CMH		1181	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL, FRANCOIS	1/1		20
16	"	"	CMH	TGB		1182	JE, GM, ET, FRANCOIS	1/1		1
20	"	"	TGB	TIST		1183	JE, GM, ET, AP	1/1		33
1	C421B	N408GM	PBI - NORTH	W-PBI				3/3		0

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total
Amount Forward
Total to Date

16/12
6146
5812
6162
5884

34
7328
7362

4
33
33

Pilot's Signature
David Reddy

Date 19 <u>44</u> M <u>ML</u>	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ATP/PLD/NG	GLD/GR
3/23	206L3	500JA	PMP-NORTHAVEN	PMP			12 TAKE OFFS + 47 M DURNS / 9 SOLO CROSS COUNTRY			1
3/24	206L3	500JA	PMP-SUA	2 IS-PMP			SOLO CROSS COUNTRY			2
3/24	206L3	500JA	PMP-XS1	PMP			SOLO CROSS COUNTRY			1
3/25	G1159B	N908JC	TEB	PBI		1215	IC, CT, DP, EV, CULDMP, JORJAN, NARBY 2 FEMALE SOLO LOCAL		2 S	1
3/26	206L3	500JA	PMP-LNA	PMP						2
3/26	206L3	500JA	PMP-PHX	PMP			P, Q			1
3/27	G1159B	N908JC	PBI	TEST		1216	IC/ET, AP, 2 FEMALE	1/1	2 B	1
3/27	"	"	TEST	PBI		1217	SHELLEY AND LEWIS TEREANY KATHRYN GRANZO	1/1	2 9	
3/28	"	"	PBI	TEB		1218	REPOSITION TO TEB	1/1	2 S	
3/31	"	"	TEB	TEST		1219	GM ALBERTO + LINDA PIANO PHELLEPE MUGNIEZ GRANOS VEGUERA	1/1	3 S	
3/31	"	"	TEST	PBI		1220	IC, GM ALBERTO, LE PIANO, ET, AP PHELLEPE MUGNIEZ GRANOS VEGUERA	1/1	2 7	
4/2	"	"	PBI	ABQ		1221	IC, AP, ALDAGO LEMOND, PHELLEPE, GRANOS VEGUERA	1/1	4 0	
4/4	"	"	ABQ	TEB		1222	IC, GM, CLADIE HAZEL	1/1	3 B	
4/5	206L3	500JA	PMP	PMP			SOLO LOCAL			
4/5	206L3	500JA	PMP-LAL	PMP			A-I PVT FOR PVT TEST			1
4/6	206L3	500JA	PMP-BCT	PMP			A-IS, M, N PVT FOR PVT TEST			1
4/7	206L3	500JA	PMP	PMP			A-E, G, H, L, O, R, P, S, T, X PREFEX PVT TEST			1
4/8	G1159B	N908JC	TEB	PBI		1213	IC, GM, AP, LENA, KERSTON	1/1	2 3	
4/10	G1159B	N908JC	PMP-LNA	PBI-PMP			A-H, J, L, M, N, R, + V			1

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

P David Rodriguez
Pilot's Signature

Page Total	8/7
Amount Forward	6140 5901
Total to Date	6198 5908

ATP/PLD/NG			
GLD/GR			
	26 2	33	15
	7456 8	33	32
	7483 0	33	48

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIRPLANE	HELICO
11	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1224	JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA	1/1	3	0
13	206L-3	SC05TA	PMP	PMP			AP, GM, ES, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA			
14	206L-3	SC05TA	PMP	PMP			AP, GM, ES, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA			
16	G1159B	N908JE	TEB	PBI		1225	JG, GM, ES, AP, DERSHOWITZ, 1 MALE	1/1	7	1
16	"	"	MVY	BOS		1226	JG, GM, ES, 1 MALE	1/1		
20	"	"	BOS	PBI		1227	JG, GM, ES	1/1	3	1
25	"	"	PBI	TIST		1228	JG, GM, ES	1/1	2	4
27	"	"	TIST	TEB		1229	JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA	1/1	4	0
27	"	"	TEB	TIST		1230	JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA	1/1	3	4
6	"	"	TIST	TEB		1231	JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA	1/0	3	7
7	206L-3	5005JA	TEB	PBI		1232	JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA	1/0	2	3
7	"	"	PMP-LNA-PBI	PMP			JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA			
7	"	"	PBI	PMP			JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA			
8	"	"	PMP-LNA-PBI	PBI			JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA			
8	"	"	PBI-LNA-PMP	TEB			JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA			
10	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	BED		1233	JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA	1/1	2	8
10	"	"	BED	TEB		1234	JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA			
16	206L-3	SC05TA	PMP	PMP			JG, GM, ES, AP, CHARLES, MONIZA, FEMALE, INCA			

Page Total	6198	269	15
Amount Forward	5908	74830	114
Total to Date	6107	75094	33481
	5915	75094	33594

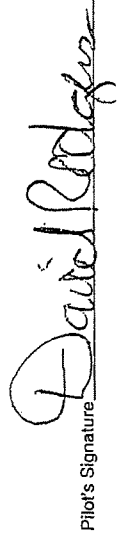
I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Rodefer*

Date 19	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ATPL/PLANE	GLP/PLANE
JUN 25	IGNITA	N282A	PBI-LNA	PBI			STALL, EMERGENCY, CRITICAL DISTURB RECOVERY, EMERGENCY LANDING, STRESS JG, GM, ET	6/6	1	3
19	G1159B	N908JC	TEB	PBI		1248	JG, GM, ET	✓	2	4
27	"	"	PBI	TEB		1249	JG, ET, SHELLEY	✓	2	5
29	"	"	TEB	BEO		1250	JG	1/1		
29	"	"	BEO	TEB		1251	JG		1	0
JUL 2	"	"	TEB	PBI		1252	JG, ET, TIFFANY GRANZA	✓	2	3
2	KASANTA	N691DA	FPR	FPR			STALL OUT, STALL, STRESS TURN, EMERGENCY LANDING, BRACE JG, GM, ET	6/5	1	0
3	G1159B	N908JC	PBI	TEB		1253	JG, CURTIS HAZEL, TIFFANY GRANZA	1/1	2	6
4	"	"	TEB	TEB		1254	JG, CURTIS HAZEL, TIFFANY GRANZA	1/1	3	7
6	Bell 206 B-111	N16909	PMP-SUA	PMP			STALL OUT, STALL, STRESS TURN, EMERGENCY LANDING, BRACE DUAL CROSS COUNTRY AT NIE BY MORE THAN 50 PM SOLO NIE BY			2
7	"	"	PMP-X44-LNA-PMP							2
13	"	"	PMP-X44-PMP				SOLO NIE BY			2
16	DA 20	N125MF	HWO	HWO			SOLO NIE BY			2
16	DA 20	"	HWD-PBI-HWD				PERFORMING KEYING SOLO FOR APPROX 1.0 TAKE-OFF TERRAIN PROFILE IN 1.0 TAKE-OFF TAKING SLOW FLIGHT (RECORDED) POB 205 LANDING	2/2	4	
15	G1159B	N908JC	TEB	PBI		1255	JG, GM, ET	3/3	3	4
22	"	"	PBI	SAF		1256	JG, GM, ET	1/1	2	5
25	"	"	SAF	VNY		1257	JG, GM, ET, LISA	1/1	3	4
29	"	"	VNY	OAK		1258	JG, SHELLEY	1/1	1	7
29	"	"	OAK	SAF		1259	JG, SHELLEY	1/1	2	2

Page Total	26	24	32	6	73
Amount Forward	62.16	59.22	7542.0	33	65.6
Total to Date	62.42	59.46	7574.6	33	72.4

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature


Date 1944	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ALP	CLP
5	G-1159B	N9083C	SAN	SAF	12	1216	JE, SHANNON HEALY	1/1	1	6
7	"	"	SAF	TEB		1217	JE, CLARE, VICTORIA HAZEL, ADAM	1/1	3	5
8	"	"	TEB	CMIH		1218	JE, CLARE HAZEL	1/1	1	4
8	"	"	CMIH	TEB		1219	JE, CLARE, MARSHALL, I MALK		1	3
9	"	"	TEB	PBI		1220	JE, ELIZABETH		2	5
13	"	"	PBI	TEB		1221	JE, GM, PAULA EPSTEIN, MANDY, ROBERT ELLISON, CLARE HAZEL	1/1	2	4
17	"	"	TEB	PBI		1222	JE, GM, PAULA EPSTEIN, EST, CLARE HAZEL		2	4
19	C-172	N2388L	LNA	LNA			ALC VENT, SPT, TILLY, C. (REMOVED) 1/10	2/2		7
20	G-1159B	N9083C	PBI	TEB		1223	JE, GM, CLARE, ET	1/1	2	5
22	"	"	TEB	PBI		1224	JE, EST, H		2	6
23	C-172	N2388L	LNA	FXC			ED AMATO CFI RENEWAL	1/1	1	1
23	"	"	FXC	LNA			ED AMATO CFI RENEWAL	1/1	1	5
25	G-1159B	N9083C	PBI	TIST		1225	JE, GM, AP, SHELLY HARRISON	1/1	2	5
26	"	"	TIST	TEB		1226	JE, GM, AP, SHELLY HARRISON	1/1	3	8
27	"	"	TEB	TIST		1227	JE, SHELLY LEWIS	1/1	3	5
9	"	"	TIST	PBI		1228	JE, SHELLY LEWIS	1/1	2	6
11	"	"	PBI	SAF		1229	JE	1/1	3	7
12	"	"	SAF	TEB		1290	JE, SOPHIE BIDALE	1/1	3	5
14	"	"	TEB	BED		1291	JE, GM, AP, AUREY REIMBAULT, ET	1/1	7	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total

16/14

Amount Forward

6254

Total to Date

6210

743

33

76180

33

743

76608

33

743

743

743

743

743

743

743

743

Pilot's Signature
David Rodego

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers; Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					ARRANG	GUACA		
14	G-11590	N908JG	BED	PBI		1292	JG, GM, ET, AP, AUDREY RAIM BAULT	1/1	2	9		
16	"	"	PBI	TIST		1293	JE, GM, AUDREY RAIM BAULT	1/1	2	5		
18	"	"	TIST	TGB		1294	JE, GM, AUDREY, MELINDA LUNT 2	1/1	3	6		
21	"	"	TGB	PBI		1295	JG, GM, ET	1/1	2	7		
27	"	"	PBI	TGB		1296	JE, ET, GWYNETH BUCK, MR. BROWN REGINA WESTING	1/1	2	4		
29	"	"	TGB	PBI		1297	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL	1/1	2	4		
31	"	"	PBI	TGB		1298	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL	1/1	2	5		
Nov 3	"	"	TGB	BED		1299	JE, SHELLY ANNE LEWIS	1/1	8			
5	"	"	BED	PBI		1300	JE, SHELLY ANNE LEWIS	1/1	2	8		
9	"	"	PBI	TGB		1301	JE, ET GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	2	6		
11	"	"	TGB	SAF		1302	JE, AP, ALBERTO PINTO 1 MILE	1/1	4	0		
11	"	"	SAF	VNY		1303	JE GARY ROXBURGH		1	7		
13	"	"	VNY	SAN		1304	JE GARY ROXBURGH		1	7		
13	"	"	SAN	SAF		1305	JE GARY ROXBURGH		1	6		
14	"	"	SAF	TGB		1306	JE, AP, ALBERTO PINTO, 1 MILE		3	6		
16	"	"	TGB	PBI		1307	JE GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	2	4		
18	"	"	PBI	TGB		1308	JE	1/1	2	5		
19	"	"	TGB	PBF		1309	JE, MANDY ELISON, JEAN MARIE GATHY		2	5		
22	"	"	PBI	TIST		1310	JE, GM, ET, JEAN MARIE GATHY		2	2		
								9/7	46	4		
Page Total								6276	7660	8	33	743
Amount Forward								6279	7707	2	33	743
Total to Date								5976				

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Rodriguez*

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ARRANG	GLIDER
25 NOV	G-11590	N9083G	TIST	PBI		1311	JG, GM, ET	1	26	116210P
28	"	"	PBI	TGB		1312	JG, GM, ET, AP, GLEN, EVA, CELENA, JORDAN, MARY, ROBERT	1	24	
30	"	"	TGB	SAF		1313	JG, GM, ET, AP, CLARE & VICTORIA HAZEL	1	39	
DEC 2	"	"	SAF	VNY		1314	JG, GM, ET	1	18	
4	"	"	VNY	PBI		1315	JG, ET	1	46	
7	"	"	PBI	TIST		1316	JG	1	23	
7	"	"	TIST	PBI		1317	RETURN FOR CMP CARDS	1	27	
2000 JAN 4	"	"	PBI	TGB		1320	JG, GM, ET, AP, EVA, CELENA, JORDAN, MARY, ROBERT	1	24	
6	"	"	TGB	PBI		1321	JG, SOPHIE BIDDLE, 1 FEMALE	1	27	
8	"	"	PBI	ABY		1322	JG	1	12	
8	"	"	ABY	PBI		1323	JG	1	11	
10	"	"	PBI	TGB		1324	JG, SOPHIE, JOEL ABSIKOW	1	24	
12	"	"	TGB	TIST		1325	JG, AP, SOPHIE, SHELLEY	1	33	
16	"	"	TIST	TGB		1326	JG, AP, SOPHIE, SHELLEY LEWIS	1	41	
24	206L3	N72PH	PMP	PMP			HUNGARIAN'S FULL AUTO'S, STUCK DEOBUS, TAIL RODS FAILURE	1	5	
24	206L3	"	PMP	PMP			EMERGENCY LANDING, 180 FULL AUTO'S BOTH OPERATIONS, ENGINE FAILURE ON TAKEOFF, SCOPES NO HYDRAULICS, STUCK POWER, LITE	1	5	
25	"	"	PMP	PMP			SETTLING WITH POWER, CONTINUED ALIAS	1	26	
28	G-1159-15	N9083G	TGB	PBI		1327	JG	1	41	
31	"	"	PBI	SAF		1328	JG, GM, ET, AP, FRANCESCA, ALICE, DAN, MARY, ROBERT	1	41	

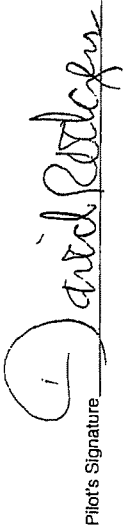
I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total: 9/7
 Amount Forward: 6279
 Total to Date: 7751
 Amount Forward: 33
 Total to Date: 743

Pilot's Signature: *Clarence R. Rutledge*

Date 2/27/83 KSB	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...					
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELI-COP			
2	G1191-B	N7083K	SAS	VNY		1321	RE-ENTRY APPROXIMATE COORDINATES G.M. ST. PP, CLARE BRZEL	1/1	1					
2	"	"	VNY	TEB		1330	NO DISSEMINATION 21 MONTHS IMPRESSION 21.1 PAINT		4	7				
3	"	"	TEB	PBI		1331	REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O		2	5				
7	206L3	N72PH	PMP	PMP			REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O					1	2	
8	206L3	N72PH	PMP-NW-PMP				REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	5
9	206L3	N72PH	PMP-NW-PMP				REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	5
9	206L3	N72PH	PMP-NW-PMP				REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	2
11	206L3	N72PH	PMP-NW-PMP				REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	6
11	206L3	N72PH	PMP	HST			REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	1
14	206L3	N72PH	PMP	HST			REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						0	6
14	206L3	N72PH	HST	PMP			REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	3
15	206L3	N72PH	PMP	FLL			REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	4
15	206L3	N72PH	FLL	PMP			REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O							3
15	206L3	N72PH	PMP	EXE			REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O							8
15	206L3	N72PH	EXE	PMP			REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O							2
16	206L3	72PH	PMP-LOC-PMP				REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	3
16	206L3	72PH	PMP-LCL-PMP				REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	9
22	206L3	72PH	PMP-EXE-PMP				REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O						1	7
23	EC120B	121TH	PBI	PBI			REVIEWED A-G 4M COMMERCIAL PREP N.C. G.C. D... INCLUD. UNUSUAL ATT. COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V & DGE MANEUVERS COMMERCIAL PREP H & I INCLUD. X-NINE TECHNIQUES COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O ONLY PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, INCLUD. EXTENDED G, H, I & O							3

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature


Page Total	+	9	0		16	9
Amount Forward	6283	7751	4	3	3	793
Total to Date	5289	7760	4	3	3	962
	5284					

Date 1954 Feb	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					Primary	Secondary
23	206L3	N728A	PMP-FXE	PMP			IFR/L7,8, & 10	3	30054 F01F11	HELICOPTER
24	206L3	N728H	PMP-FXE	PMP			IFR/L6,9, & 10	3	30054 F01F11	HELICOPTER
25	206L3	N728H	PMP-FXE	PMP			IFR/L7 & 9	3	30054 F01F11	HELICOPTER
26	206L3	N728A	PMP-LNA-SUB	PMP-PMP				3	30054 F01F11	HELICOPTER
27	"	"	PMP	FMY				2		
28	"	"	FMY	VRB			IFR/L6,7,9, 10	1		
29	"	"	VRB	FXE-PMP			IFR/L6,7,9, 10	1		
30	"	"	PMP-FXE	PMP				1		
31	"	"	PMP-F45-LNA	PMP			IFR/L1,3,4,5,9, & 10	1		
32	"	"	PMP	PMP			IFR/L2,6,7,9, & 10	1		
33	"	"	PMP	PMP			IFR/L4,6-8,16, & 17	1		
34	"	"	PMP	LNA			IFR/L6,8, & 12 (ACTS)	1		
35	"	"	PMP	PMP			IFR REVIEW/L9 & 10	1		
36	"	"	PMP-LNA	ENGAGED-DAP			IFR REVIEW/L9 & 10	1		
37	"	"	PMP-LNA	ENGAGED-DAP			IFR REVIEW/L9 & 10	1		
38	G-1159B	N908JC	PBI	PBI			IFR REVIEW/L9 & 10	1		
39	"	"	"	"			IFR REVIEW/L9 & 10	1		
40	"	"	PBI	TGB			IFR REVIEW/L9 & 10	1		
41	"	"	TGB	PBI			IFR REVIEW/L9 & 10	1		
42	"	"	PBI	TIST			IFR REVIEW/L9 & 10	1		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total	3
Amount Forward	7700
Total to Date	3312

Pilot's Signature: *Edward C. Cole*

FAIRLY MADE

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ASSIGNED	GUIDER	
8 MAY	G1154B	N9083K	TEST	TEB		1337	JG, GM, ET, AP, JG, AN LUL, BRUNEL CHRISTINA, ESTER, LESTER, MICHAEL, BERTHOLD	1	3	8	HELICOPTER
12	"	"	TEB	PBI		1338	JG, GM, ET, AP, P, R, X, K, A, F, ALEXANDER, MARLE	1	2	4	
15	"	"	PBI	TEB		1339	JG, AP, PAULA, ESTER, ALEXANDER	1	2	4	
16	"	"	TEB	TEST		1340	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS	1	3	6	
21	"	"	TEST	TEB		1341	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS	1	4	0	
30	"	"	TEB	MDW		1342	REPOSITION	1	1	9	
31	"	"	MDW	TEB		1343	JG, GM	1	1	7	
JUN 1	"	"	TEB	PBI		1344	JG, GM, ET, AP, 1 FEMALE		2	4	
4	"	"	PBI	TEB		1345	JG, GM, ET, 1 FEMALE	1	2	4	
9	"	"	TEB	SAF		1346	JG, GM, 1 FEMALE	1	3	9	
12	"	"	SAF	VNY		1347	JG	1	1	7	
14	"	"	VNY	SFO		1348	JG	1	1	2	
14	"	"	SFO	LAS		1349	JG	1	1	2	
15	"	"	LAS	PHX		1350	JG	1	1	0	
17	"	"	PHX	PBI		1351	JG	1	3	9	
18	"	"	PBI	TEB		1352	JG	1	2	6	
25	"	"	TEB	TEST		1353	JG, GM, ET, AP, PETER MARINO, 1 FEMALE	1	3	7	
25	"	"	TEST	TEB		1354	ELIZABETH JOHNSON, FREDERICK ALGONQUO, SEX, KAF, ANDREW BLUISE, RE-TEST, MARINO	1	3	7	
25	"	"	TEB	PBI		1355	REPOSITION		2	4	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total

Amount Forward

Total to Date

14 12
6292
5986
6306
5998

499
77688
78187

33
33
33

112
112
112

David Reddy

Pilot's Signature

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER
30 JUN	G-1159B	N908JC	PBI	TJST		1356	REPOSITION	1/0	2	8
30 JUN	"	"	TJST	PBI		1357	JE, GM, GS, AP, SOPHIE BIDDLE		2	5
1 JUL	"	"	PBI	TEB		1358	JE, GS, AP, GM, SOPHIE BIDDLE, MILEAGE MONITOR	1/1	2	5
5	"	"	TEB	LFRB		1359	JE, GM	1/1	6	9
6	"	"	LFRB	LIEO		1360	JE, GM	1/1	2	0
9	"	"	LIEO	GMMX		1361	JE, GM	1/1	2	9
11	"	"	GMMX	GMEF		1362	JE, GM	1/1	9	
11	"	"	GMEF	LEBB		1363	JE, GM	1/1	1	9
11	"	"	LEBB	EGGW		1364	JE, GM	1/1	1	7
12	"	"	EGGW	EGAA		1365	JE, GM	1/1	1	0
12	"	"	EGAA	BGR		1366	JE, GM	1/1	6	4
12	"	"	BGR	TEB		1367	JE, GM		1	1
14	"	"	TEB	PBI		1368	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	2	5
19	"	"	PBI	TEB		1369	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	2	5
19 AUG	"	"	TEB	SAF		1370	JE, GM, GS, AP, SOPHIE, JAS, ENGINE J. M. A. L. E. B. G. H. A. R. C. H.		4	1
20	"	SIMULATOR	JFK	JFK			STEELPIPER'S STALLS, SLOW FLIGHT, REJECTED TAKE-OFF		3	9
3	"	"	JFK - TEB - SWF				SINGLE ENGINE APPROACHES, ELGEBRAL FAILURES, HYDR AU-EC FEATURES		4	0
4	"	"	JFK - SWF - JFK				ICE, GM, GS, AP, SOPHIE, JAS, ENGINE M. B. P. P. R. O. B. A. T. E. S., ENGINE MALFUNCTIONS		4	1
21	"	N908JG	PBI	SAF		1378	JE, GM, GS, AP	1/1	3	5
I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.								12/7	57	2
Page Total								6306		
Amount Forward								5998		
Total to Date								6318	3	3
								7818	7	3
								7875	9	3
								6005		
								112		6
								112		6

Pilot's Signature: *David Redden*

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ATC PLANE	GUARD
24 AUG	G-1159B	N908JE	SAP	VNY		1379	JE, KELLY SPAMM	1	1	1
26	"	"	VNY	TEB		1380	JE, GM, AP	1	4	9
31 SEP	"	"	TEB	PBI		1381	JE		2	2
6	"	"	PBI	TEB		1382	JE		2	5
9	"	"	TEB	PBI		1383	JE, GM, ET, AP		2	3
10	"	"	PBI	TIST		1384	JE, GM, ET, AP, CHERI KRAPE		2	5
12	"	"	TIST	TEB		1385	JE, GM, ET, AP, CHERI KRAPE		3	9
21	"	"	TEB	SAF		1386	JE, GM, AP, JOE PAGANO, 1 FEMALE		4	2
25	"	"	SAF	VNY		1387	JE, KELLY SPAMM		1	8
26	"	"	VNY	TEB		1388	JE, TIFFANY GRAMZA		4	8
29	"	"	TEB	TIST		1389	JE, PETER MARINO, 1 PERSON		3	6
30 OCT	"	"	TIST	PBI		1390	JE, PETER MARINO, 1 FEMALE		2	6
3	"	"	PBI	TEB		1391	JE, GM, ET, 1 FEMALE		2	5
5	"	"	TEB	PBI		1392	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS		2	4
10	"	"	PBI	TEB		1393	JE, GM, ET		2	5
13	"	"	TEB	LGA		1394	JE REPOSITION FOR PARIS		7	1
13	"	"	LGA	LFPB		1395	JE, MOR HOLDING		1	3
15	"	"	-FPB	EGBB		1396	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS		1	4
17	"	"	EGBB	BGR		1397	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS		13	10

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Reddy*

Page Total 13
Amount Forward 6318
Total to Date 6331

ATC PLANE GUARD
1 7
4 9
2 2
2 5
2 3
2 5
3 9
4 2
1 8
4 8
3 6
2 6
2 5
2 4
2 5
5
7 1
1 3
6 4
59 7
7875 9
7935 6
3 3
3 3
112 6
117 1

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER
Oct 11 2000	G-1159B	N908JE	BGR	LGA		1398	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS	1	3	HELICOPT
21	"	"	PBI	MIA		1400	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM GARY ROXBURGH		6	
23	"	"	MIA	TJST		1401	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM RICHARD LEGGORETTA GARY ROXBURGH	2	3	
25	"	"	TJST	ENWR		1402	JE, GM, ET GARY ROXBURGH	1	9	
28	"	"	ENWR	EGGW		1403	JE, GM, ET	1	4	
29	"	"	EGGW	BGR		1404	JE, GM, ET NORTHEAST LIGHTS		7	
30	"	"	BGR	PBI		1405	JE, GM, ET		3	
31	"	"	PBI	TGB		1406	JE, GM, ET	1	7	
Nov 5	"	"	TGB	PBI		1407	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS		1	
7	"	"	PBI	TJST		1408	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS, JESSICA	1	4	
9	"	"	TJST	TGB		1409	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS, JESSICA BAKER	1	4	
12	"	"	TGB	PBI		1410	JE, ET	1	4	
12	"	"	PBI	CMA		1411	JE,	1	2	
15	"	"	CMA	PBI		1412	JE	1	2	
16	"	"	PBI	SAF		1413	JE, GM, ET	1	3	
17	"	"	SAF	VNY		1414	JE, GM, ET	1	4	
17	"	"	VNY	SAN		1415	GM, ET	1	1	
19	"	"	SAN	PBI		1416	JE, GM, ET	1	7	
	"	"	PBI	BED		1417	JE, GM, ET	1	4	
I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.										
Page Total								11	9	563
Amount Forward								6331	6815	7935
Total to Date								6342	6024	7991
								6	3	112
								6	3	112

Pilot's Signature: *David Rodriguez*

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ADREP/AME	G-LIC/GR
19 NOV 2000	G-1159B	N908JE	BED	TEB		1418	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS	1		HC-LIC/GR
22	"	"	TEB	DCA		1419	JE, AP, SHELLEY LEWIS	1	0	
22	"	"	DCA	PBI		1420	JE, AP, SHELLEY LEWIS	1	2	
28	"	"	PBI	TIST		1421	JE, GM	2	4	
30 DEC	"	"	TIST	PBI		1422	JE, GM	1	2	7
1	"	"	PBI	DFW		1423	JE, GM	1	2	7
1	"	"	DFW	ABQ		1424	JE, GM, RECARO LEGORRETTA	1	1	8
2	"	"	ABQ	SAF		1425	REPOSITION	1	5	
2	"	"	SAF	TEB		1426	JE, GM	1	3	5
5	"	"	TEB	LFPB		1427	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM	1	6	8
6	"	"	LFPB	EGGW		1428	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM	1	1	0
7	"	"	EGGW	EGYM		1429	JE, GM, KELLY SPAMM, TOM PRITZKER 1 FEMALC (MARTIN AIR FORCE BASE)	1	5	
7	"	"	EGYM	EGSH		1430	REPOSITION (SANDWICH, GNBAND)		4	
9	"	"	EGSH	CYQX		1431	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM (EQUINE SPAN ON RUMBY)		5	0
9	"	"	CYQX	PBI		1432	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM		4	7
11	"	"	PBI	TEB		1433	JE, GM, ET, VIRGINIA	1	1	6
14	"	"	TEB	TIST		1434	JE, GM, AP, VIRGINIA	1	3	5
14	"	"	TIST	PBI		1435	REPOSITION FOR OPS 2 + TIAS		2	4
1000 JAN 13	"	"	PBI	PBI		1436	TIAS CERTIFICATION	1	1	7

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature
David Rodriguez

Page Total

Amount Forward

Total to Date

9/10	455	
6342	7991	9
6024	3	112
6351	3	112
6034	3	112

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					Category	Category	
2001	B-727-200	N9088G	DFW	DFW			RUNWAY STABILIZER, MANUAL CATERPILLAR FUEL DUMPING, RTO BRAKE ASSIST, STAY-ON-BOARD, STAY-ON-BOARD, SINGING ENGINE CO-ORDINATE, ENGAGE APPROACHES, RTO STAY-ON-BOARD, B727 CHECK RIDE		GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
21	"	SEMULABOR	MGM	MEM					2	5	
22	"	"	"	"					2	5	
23	C-421B	N9088G	DFW	ADS			JONATHAN MAND - HIGH DENSITY APPROACH OPERATIONS, STAY-ON-BOARD	1/1	6		
23	"	"	ADS	PNS			JONATHAN MAND - SID, LANDING OPERATIONS, FUEL MANAGEMENT, PERFORMANCE CHECKS	1/1	3	2	
23	"	"	PNS	PBI			JONATHAN MAND - LOSS COMMUNICATIONS PROCEDURES, WHEEL BT, & BALANCE		3	1	
3	"	"	PBI	LCQ			KRISTY ROGGERS - CLIMB DESCENTS, STABILITY & LEVEL FLIGHT		1	9	
3	"	"	LCQ	LAL			KRISTY ROGGERS - TURNS, STABILITY & LEVEL		1	3	
3	"	"	LAL	PBE			KRISTY ROGGERS - DESCENTS, ST		1	1	
5	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	CYJT		1444	JG, GM, ST, VIR, ALBERTO ROBERTS, GARY ROBERTS		3	8	
6	"	"	CYJT	LFPB		1445	JG, GM, ST, VR	1/1	5	3	
6	"	"	LFPB	LCCR		1446	JG, GM, ST, VR, ALBERTO + LINDA PANDO, LINDA PANDO, ALBERTO + LINDA PANDO, P.C.I.	1/1	2	5	
6	"	"	LEGR	GMTT		1447	JG, GM, ST, VR, ALBERTO + LINDA PANDO, LINDA PANDO	1/1		8	
9	"	"	GMTT	EGGW		1448	JG, GM, ST, VR	1/1	2	8	
11	"	"	EGGW	BGR		1449	JG, GM, ST, VR		6	6	
11	"	"	BGR	TCB		1470	JG, GM, ST, VR		1	2	
14	C-421B	N9088G	PBI	FLL			LARRY MORRISON - RAFFING, STC, CLIMB, DESCENTS, TURNS	1/1		6	
14	"	"	FLL	PBI			LARRY MORRISON, CLIMB, TURNS, TURNS, STC	1/1		8	
15	G-1159B	N909JE	TCB	FSB		1471	JG, GM, ST, VR, ALBERTO + LINDA PANDO, LINDA PANDO, ALBERTO + LINDA PANDO, P.C.I.	1/1		6	
								8/7	43	6	
Page Total								636			
Amount Forward								6043	33	112	6
Total to Date								6269	33	112	6
								6050	33	112	6

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: *Edward Redgen*

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	
2001 15	G-1159B	N909JG	ISP	LCQ		1472	JG, GM, AP, ALEX FID, WALGUST, RGR BAND KUCZKOWSKI	1/1	2	6	HGLI (GP)
15	"	"	LCQ	PBI		1473	JG, GM, AP, GAW, BK	1/1		9	
16	"	"	PBI	MJA		1474	JG, GM, AP, GAW, BK, CHERE LYUBER	1/1		7	
16	"	"	MJA	TJST		1475	JG, GM, AP, AV, BK, CL, ED TUTTLE	1/1	2	2	
19	"	"	TJST	LGF		1476	JG, GM, AP, AW, BK, CL, GJAW	1/1	3	8	
22	"	"	LGA	PBI		1477	JG, GM, AP, JG, PAGAN, SVA, CELENA, RGR JORDAN, DUBEN, MYA DUBEN, A. NARAYAN, AW K. ESTY, ROGERS - SCL, TURMS	1/1	2	4	
23	C-421B	N908GM	PBI	OPF			KRISTY ROGERS - SCL, TURMS	1/1	6	6	
23	"	"	OPF	FLL				1/1	4	4	
23	"	"	FLL	PBI			JONATHAN MAND - ILS - PBI	1/1	6	6	
24	"	"	PBI	ISM			JONATHAN MAND - IFR CROSS COUNTRY STAR, CROSSING, ACCURATE, STAY	1/1	1	0	
24	"	"	ISM	PBI			JONATHAN MAND - IFR CROSS COUNTRY ATC, MISCOMMUNICATIONS	1/1	1	1	
27	G-1159D	N909JK	PBI	TGB		1478	JG, GM, STNR, ZFGALUS, BANU RGR KUBIANKOVU	1/1	2	5	
29	"	"	TGB	SAF		1479	JG, GM, AP, VR, BK, MARVEN MENSKY HENRY JARZEKI	1/1	1	1	
31	"	"	SAF	PBI		1480	JG, GM, AP, VR, NARAD BJORLBY, HENRI TAKESKI, JIMMY MERSKY	1/1	3	3	
1	"	"	PBI	LCQ		1481	JG, GM, AP	1/1	1	0	
1	"	"	LCQ	TGB		1482	JG, GM, AP	1/1	2	1	
3	"	"	TGB	GAI		1483	JG, HEATHER MANN, LYDIA	1/1		9	
3	"	"	GAI	TGB		1484	JG, HEATHER MANN, LYDIA	1/1		8	
4	"	"	TGB	BGP		1485	JG, RHONDA	1/1		8	

Page Total	15/12	51	9
Amount Forward	5369	8133	4
Total to Date	6384	8165	3
	6062		3
			112
			112
			6

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Ledger*

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AER PLAN	C-LD-R		
2001 APR 4	G-1159B	N909JC	BEO	TGB		1486	JG			9	1486	
5	"	"	TGB	PBF		1487	JG, ST, BK			2	3	
6	G-421B	N908GM	PBF	FLL			LARRY MORRISON, TAXI ST, CLIMBS, TURNS, DESCENDS, LANDING	1/1		7		
6	"	"	FLL	PBF			LARRY MORRISON, TAKE OFF + LANDING, TAXI, CHECK LIST, CLIMBS, TURNS, DESCENDS	1/1		6		
9	G-1159B	N909JG	PBF	ACY		1488	JG, ST, VR, BK, JOANN	1/1		2	4	
9	"	"	ACY	TGB		1489	JG, ST, VR, BK, JOANN			7		
11	"	"	TGB	TEST		1490	JG, GM, AP, BK, VR, JOANN	1/1		3	5	
16	"	"	TEST	PBF		1491	JG, GM, AP, VR, BK, GUNN, JOANN, BECK	1/1		2	7	
17	"	"	PBF	TGB		1492	JG, GM, ST, AP, BK, GUNN, JOANN, BECK, MITCHELL, KYLE, KENNEDY	1/1		2	5	
20	"	"	TGB	PBF		1493	JG, GM, ST, BK			2	3	
23	"	"	PBF	ORL		1494	JG, GM, ST, KYC	1/1		8		
23	"	"	ORL	TGB		1495	JG, GM, ST, KYC, HENRY BARRETT, STAX	1/1		2	2	
27	"	"	TGB	SAF		1496	JG, BK			3	9	
29 MAY	"	"	SAF	VNY		1497	JG, BK, KELLY BOYAN	1/1		1	7	
2	"	"	VNY	SAN		1498	JG	1/1		7		
2	"	"	SAN	LIT		1499	JG	1/1		3	0	
3	"	"	LIT	ADS		1500	JG	1/1		9		
3	"	"	ADS	SAF		1501	JG, VERGINIA ROBERTS	1/1		9		
5	"	"	SAF	PBF		1502	JG, VR	1/1		2	4	
								SACRY Record				
								14/11		35	1	
								6384		8165	3	33112
								6062		8200	4	33112
								6098		8200	4	33112
								6073		8200	4	33112

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Rodger*

Page Total
Amount Forward
Total to Date

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					Category 1	Category 2			
2007	G-1159B	N909JE	PBF	CH0		1503	JE, GM, GT, FLEET DOERRIG	1/1	2	0			
7	"	"	CH0	TEB		1504	JE, GM, GT, FLEET DOERRIG		1	1			
10	C-421B	N9088AM	PBF	MCN			JONATHAN MAND - CROSS COUNTRY FEAR, LARRY MORRISON, PATSY, KRISTY	1/1	2	6			
10	"	"	MCN	27K			JONATHAN MAND - IFR CROSS COUNTRY LARRY MORRISON, PATSY, KRISTY	1/1	2	1			
10	"	"	27K	OSU			JONATHAN MAND - IFR XC LARRY MORRISON	1/1	1	2			
10	"	"	OSU	JUV			JONATHAN MAND - GPS CIRCULARS	1/1	1	2			
11	"	"	JUV	27K			NO PASSENGERS	1/1	7	7			
12	"	"	27K	JMS			NO PASSENGERS	1/1	7	7			
13	"	"	JMS	GNV			RYAN COOMER - CLEMSON; DESCENDS TO FL	1/1	3	0			
13	"	"	GNV	PBF			PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA		1	8			
14	G-1159B	N909JG	TJST	TEB		1506	RYAN COOMER - RATES COMMUNICATORY CAPABLE PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA	1/1	3	8			
20	C-421B	N908GM	PBF	JSM			JE, GM, GT, BK, VR 1 FEMALE	1/1	1	1			
20	"	"	JSM	PBF			PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA	1/1	1	1			
24	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	PBF		1507	KRISTY - CROSS COUNTRY, PROBS, MISTAKE PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA	1/1	2	6			
25	C-421B	N908GM	PBF	LAL			JE, GM, GT, AP, FEMALE	1/1	1	3			
26	"	"	LAL	MCN			PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA	1/1	1	8			
27	"	"	MCN	JSM			PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA COMMUNICATOR	1/1	1	8			
28	"	"	JSM	PBF			RYAN COOMER - RATES COMMUNICATORY CAPABLE PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA	1/1	1	8			
28	G-1159B	N909JE	PBF	TEB		1508	PATSY, KRISTY - GPS OPERATIONS - CROSS COUNTRY - CRUISE	1/1	2	5			
							JE, GM, GT, AP, JOEL PASSTON, IMAG 2 FEMALE	1/1	16	15			
Page Total								16	33	5			
Amount Forward								6398	3	3	112	6	
Total to Date								6414	8200	4	3	112	6
Total to Date								6688	8233	9	3	112	6

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

David Radey
 Pilot's Signature

FITC HT TRUCK

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIR NAME	GUIDER			
4-2-2001	B727-31	N505LS	LCO	PBI			REPOSITION	1	0	AS-COPILOT			
6-1	G-11590	N909JC	TGB	PBI		1504	JC, GM, ST, AP, BANU KUCUK KOTLU GEORGE WALLERDAY	1	6				
3	"	"	PBI	TJST		1510	JC, VERGENIA ROBERTS, BANU KUCUK KOTLU	1	4				
5	"	"	TJST	TGB		1511	JC, VR, BK	1	8				
8	"	"	TGB	CYUL		1512	JC, GM, NAOMI CAMBER, REBELLA WITING ANNA, LAVALLSE, ANNA, MOLINA, DAVID WEND	1	1				
12	"	"	CYUL	TGB		1513	REPOSITION (APU BLEED ADR DUCT)	1	1				
12	"	"	TGB	PBI		1514	JC	1	3				
13	"	"	PBI	TGB		1515	JC, CAROL	1	4				
15	"	"	TGB	PBI		1516	JC, GM, STEPHAN, CAROLYN, 1 FEMALE	1	3				
18	"	"	PBI	TGB		1517	JC, GM, 1 FEMALE	1	5				
22	"	"	TGB	LFPO		1518	JC, GM, CRISTALLA WASSIG, CHRISTINA GRIMEVA	1	7				
23	"	"	LFPO	LFMN		1519	JC, GM, 1 FEMALE	1	2				
25	"	"	LFMN	LIML		1520	JC, GM, 1 FEMALE	1	7				
26	"	"	LFML	LFPB		1521	JC, GM	1	4				
28	"	"	LFPP	LPAZ		1522	JC, GM, ET, ED TUTTLE	1	9				
28	"	"	LPAZ	TJST		1523	JC, GM, ET, ED TUTTLE	1	0				
24	"	"	TJST	PBI		1524	JC, AP, VR, 1 FEMALE	1	5				
8	"	"	PBI	TGB		1525	JC, GM, ET, AP, VR, SHERIDAN GARY, RICHARD GARY	1	7				
11	"	"	TGB	CPS		1526	JC, GM, ET, VR RICHARD RICHARD	1	3				
Page Total								16	14				
Amount Forward								6414	8233	9	3	112	6
Total to Date								6430	8283	1	3	112	6

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: David Rodriguez

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ATL-RUN#	GLD-RGR
2001 JUL 16	G-1159B	N908JK	CPS	SAF		1527	REPOSITION. PILOT STAFF LEAVE CONDUCTING RESEARCH	1/1		GLD-RGR
16	"	"	SAF	TGB		1528	JC, JC, GM, NR	1/1	2	2
23	"	"	PBI	TJST		1529	JC, STEWART LEWIS	1/1	3	5
28	"	"	TJSS	PBI		1531	JC, VIRGINIA ROBERTS	1/1	2	5
29	"	"	PBI	ISP		1532	JC	1/1	2	6
29	"	"	ISP	TGB		1533	JC	1/1	2	5
3	B-727-31	N908JK	TGB	PBI		1534	JC, GM, ES, IFCMAG	1/1	2	7
4	B-727-100	PANAM SERVING	JAX	PBI			MAKE DONOR FOR NIGHT SCOT	1/1	2	4
5	G-1159B	N909JK	MDR	MFA			NIGHT CURRENCY	4/4	1	4
5	"	"	PBI	TGB		1535	JC, GM, NR, G, TAYLOR	1/1	1	0
7	B-727-31	N908JK	TGB	PBI		1536	NO PASSENGERS	1/1	2	6
7	"	"	PBI	LGA		1	MAKE DONOR	1/1	2	3
14	C-421B	N908GM	LGA	ABQ		2	JC, GM, ES, AP, 2 RENOLDS	1/1	2	6
14	"	"	PBI	JAN			JONATHAN MAND - INSTRUCTIONS COMBUSTION CHEMICAL SAFETY	1/1	4	0
14	"	"	JAN	AMA			JONATHAN MAND - LOA WITH GS XS KNOT XWDND LAMINATE	1/1	3	9
14	"	"	AMA	OCQ			JONATHAN MAND.	1/1	3	6
15	"	"	OCQ	ABQ			JONATHAN MAND - HIGH DENSITY GLATITUDE OPERATIONS	1/1	1	7
15	"	"	ABQ	ZURRO			JONATHAN MAND - SHORTS FIELD APPROACH OPERATIONS	1/1	5	5
16	B-727-31	N908JK	ABQ	PBI		6	JC, GM, G, AP, FUEL, JONATHAN MAND	1/1	7	7

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Padgett*

Page Total	20/17		
Amount Forward	6430	3	3
	6462	1	112
Total to Date	6450	3	112
	6414	6	112

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					Single	Multi
Aug 19	B-727-31	N908JC	PBI	HPN		7	JE, GM, ET, AP, FLEW PERMANENTLY CZL, GUY, ROGER	1		AIRPLANE GEAR
24	"	"	HPN	PBI		8	JE, GM, PANU, KOKUYU	1	2	5
27	"	"	PBI	HPN		9	JE, GM, BK	1	2	4
29	"	"	HPN	TIST		10	JE, GM, ET, AP, BK	1	2	6
30	G-1157B	N908JC	PBI	PBI			3 FLS APPROACHES SAGE, BOB, LARRY VANCE	3	3	7
SEP 3	B-727-31	N908JC	TIST	HPN		11	JE, GM, ET, AP, BK ALEXANDER, JAMES, SARAH KELLEY	1	1	6
6	"	"	HPN	PBI		12	JE, GM, ET, BK, 1 FEMALE	1	2	7
9	"	"	PBE	HPN		13	JE, GM, ET, BK	1	2	1
13	"	"	HPN	PBI		14	JE, GM, ET, KARG CASEY, LISA	1	2	7
SEP 14	C-172	N1446V	LNA	LNA			AL PERREA - TAKE, TAKEOFF, TURN, CLIMB, DESCEND	4	2	6
SEP 19	B-727-31	N908JC	PBI	HPN		15	JE, GM, ET	1	4	9
21	"	"	HPN	CYRX		16	JE, GM, ET	1	2	7
22	"	"	CYRX	LFPB		17	JE, GM, ET	1	4	2
25	"	"	LFPB	CYRX		18	JE, ET, ED TUTTLE	1	5	9
25	"	"	CYRX	HPN		19	JE, ET, ED TUTTLE		5	5
28	"	"	HPN	PBI		20	JE, ET, PAULA EPSTEIN		3	0
SEP 25	"	"	PBI	ABQ		21	JE, GM, SARAH KELLEY	1	2	7
4	"	"	ABQ	HPN		22	JE, GM, SK, 2 FEMALE	1	4	0
8	"	"	HPN	JAX		23	NO PASSENGERS	1	3	7

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: *David Rodgers*

Page Total	17/14
Amount Forward	6450
Total to Date	6419
	6467
	6133

	33	112	6
	33	112	6

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER
15 OCT 2008	C172R	N385SP	LNA	LNA				3/3		5
15	"	N395SP	LNA-BXT	LNA			LARRY MURKIN - BFR STAFFORDSLEY STALLS, MCF, STEEP TURN, EMERGENCY LANDING	4/4	1	3
9	B-727-31	N908JE	JAX	LCO		24	NO PASSENGERS	1/1		5
10	G-1159B	N909JC	PBI	TEB		1538	NO PASSENGERS	0/0	2	5
11	"	"	TEB	PBI		1539	JE SARAH KELLER		2	3
15	"	"	PBI	TEB		1540	JE, GM, SK, LARRY, STEVE, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	4
17	"	"	TEB	TEB		1541	JE, BUNNIE	1/1		8
17	"	"	TEB	TEB		1542	JE, BUNNIE		1	0
18	"	"	TEB	TEB		1543	JE, GM, AP, SK, 2 FEMALES		3	5
23	"	"	TEB	TEB		1544	JE, GM, AP, SK, JEFFERSON GIBSON, KLEPP WATERS	1/1	4	0
26	"	"	TEB	PBI		1545	JE, STISK SPERDAN GIBSON, 2 FEMALES, MORGAN, JIM, JANE, JIM		2	6
30	"	"	PBI	LCO		1546	JE, SARAH KELLER, JULIE	1/1	1	0
30 NOV	"	"	LCO	TEB		1547	JE, SK, JULIE	1/1	2	0
3	"	"	TEB	SAF		1548	JE, GM, SK	1/1	4	0
5	"	"	SAF	ASC		1549	JE, GM, SK	1/1		8
5	"	"	ASC	PBI		1550	JE, GM, SK	1/1	3	7
6	"	"	PBI	CMA		1551	JE, SK BELLA WYNGES FUNGAL	1/1	2	4
6	"	"	CMA	TEB		1552	JE, SK		1	4
9	"	"	TEB	LCO		1553	JE, AP, SK, JULIE	1/1	2	2

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: *Daniel Kelleher*

Page Total	18
Amount Forward	6467
Total to Date	6133
	6485
	6149

AIRPLANE	3	3
GLIDER	112	6
	3	112
	3	112

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ABR/ADPC	G-LIDER	
4 NOV	C-47-1B	N908GM	ZORRO	SAF			VATPANA, 2 MEN (STANDARD PROCEDURES)	1/1		5	HC-LIC
4	"	"	SAF	ZORRO			TATAPANA, 2 MEN (STANDARD PROCEDURES)	1/1		5	
4	"	"	ZORRO	ZORRO			8000 FT VISORS KE TAKING PICTURES OF TREE & LV HOUSE	1/1		5	
30 DEC	B-727-31	N908JC	HPN	PBI	33	33	JE, SK, GB, JP, KC	1/1	25		
4	"	"	PBI	ISP	34	34	JE, SK	1/1	25		
4	"	"	ISP	PBI	35	35	JE, AP	1/1	27		
9	"	"	PBI	TEST	36	36	JE, GM, AB, 1 FEMALE	1/1	22		
13	"	"	TEST	HPN	37	37	JE, GM, SK, AP, GT, CU, CD	1/1	40		
15	"	"	HPN	CMH	38	38	JE, SL, 2 FEMALES 2 MALES	1/1	15		
16	"	"	CMH	PBI	39	39	JE	1/1	21		
17	"	"	PBI	TEST	40	40	JS, GM, SK, 1 FEMALE	1/1	26		
26	"	"	TEST	TLPL	41	41	JE, GM, SK, AP, FLEUR PERRYLAND BOB ADESSON	1/1	11		
26	"	"	TLPL	PBI	42	42	JE, GM, SK, AP, FLEUR PERRYLAND BOB ADESSON	P/O	36		
30 JAN 6	"	"	PBI	TEST	43	43	JE, GM, AP, SK, 1 FEMALE	1/1	24		
11	"	"	TEST	EWB	44	44	JE, GM, SK, AP, ALENA WALLAGOR, GENDY LOPEZ	1/1	41		
13	G-1159B	N909JE	EWB	PBI	45	45	JE, GM, ROSSER, WARREN, MARGARET, 1 FEMALE	1/1	26		
13	"	"	PBI	MPPV	1557	1557	JE, GM	1/1	15		
14	B-727-31	N908JC	PBI	PBI	1558	1558	JE, GM	1/1	17		
14	"	"	PBI	LGA	46	46	JE, GM	1/1	22		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: *David Reddy*

Page Total	408
Amount Forward	84501
Total to Date	84909

Number of Landings	6442
Amount Forward	6155
Total to Date	6507

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ALN PLANE	G-LPDC
9	G-1159B	N909JE	LCQ	PBJ		1584	JE, AP, SK, JULIE	1/1	1	16
12	"	"	PBJ	TGB		1585	JE, GM, AP, JULIE PASADENA, JULIE S. HAY	1/1	2	25
15	"	"	TGB	PBJ		1586	JE, GM, SARAH KEUGEN, MCGUIRE, REMATE		2	25
17	B-727-31	N908JE	LCQ	PBJ		25	REPOSITION FROM PAINT (TEMCO)	1/1	0	9
18	"	"	PBJ	CYQX		26	JE, GM, SK	1/1	4	3
18	"	"	CYQX	LFPB		27	JE, GM, SK	1/1	4	9
23	"	"	LFPB	LJML		28	JE, GM, SK	1/1	1	2
23	"	"	LJML	LJPR		29	JE, EDWARD	1/1		8
23	"	"	LJPR	LJML		30	JE, EDWARD	1/1		9
24	"	"	LJML	EGGW		31	JE, GM, SK		1	7
26	"	"	EGGW	HPN		32	JE, GM, SK		7	9
30	"	"	HPN	PBJ		33	JE, SK, G. W. MOULIN BECK, JULIE PASADENA, KAREN CASSET	1/1	2	5
DEC 4	"	"	PBJ	ISP		34	JE, SK	1/1	2	5
8	"	"	ISP	PBJ		35	JE, AP	1/1	2	7
9	"	"	PBJ	TJST		36	JE, GM, AP, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	8
13	"	"	TJST	HPN		37	JE, GM, SK, AP, LEON TERRY, KRISTALLE WINSLEY, CHADY TALLEMAKER	1/1	4	0
15	"	"	HPN	CMB		38	JE, SHIGLEY LEVINS, 2 FEMALE, 1 FEMALE	1/1	1	5
16	"	"	CMB	PBJ		39	JE		2	1

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.		Page Total	76
Pilot's Signature		Amount Forward	6485
David Redger			1149
		Total to Date	6492
			6155
			33
			112
			6

Plaintiff's Exhibit
 2007
 1-13-09
 Composite
 Rogers I
 BROWN & GALLO

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					ARRIVAL	DEPART			
2007 JAN 6	"	"	TJST	ENVR		44	JC, GM, SK, AP, ALEXANDER WALLACE, GENNY LOPEZ	1		41			
11	"	"	ENVR	PBI		45	JC, GM, ROXER, WANNING, MARGARY, TYREHILL	1/1		26			
13	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	MBPV		1557	JC, GM	1/1		15			
13	"	"	MPPV	PBI		1558	JC, GM			17			
14	B-727-31	N908JE	PBI	LGA		46	JC, GM	1		22			
								157		408			
								6442	Page Total				
								6155	Amount Forward	8450	1	33	112
								6507	Total to Date	8490	9	33	112
								6162					

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature
 David Redfern

Unit Class	Weather				Conditions of Flight				Number of Instrument Approaches	Link or Flight Simulator	As Flight Instructor	Type of Piloting Time			Total Duration of Flight
	MEL	XC	WL	Night	Actual Instrument	Aircraft (Hooded)	Dual Received	Pilot-in-Command				Second-in-Command			
	5	5	5												5
	5	5	5												5
	5	5	5												5
	25	25	25	18	6										25
	25	25	25	10	5										25
	27	27	27	17	5										27
	22	22	22	15											22
	40	40	40	18											40
	15	15	15	15											15
	21	21	21	19											21
	26	26	26												26
	11	11	11												11
	36	36	36	36											36
	24	24	24		6										24
	41	41	41	20	7				Howling						41
	26	26	26												26
	15	15	15												15
	17	17	17	17											17
	22	22	22	15											22
	408	408	408	190	25										408
21746	62755	327	69454	26717	6190	990	1452	2115	1485	1					85660
21746	63163	327	69454	26717	6215	990	1452	2115	1485	1					86068

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AXP/DNR	G-LDOR
15 JAN 2002	B-727-31	N908JE	LGA	BED		47	JE	1/1		HELICOPT
15	"	"	BED	HPN		48	JE, JESSICA			
17	"	"	HPN	TJST		49	JE, GM, SK, AP, CENDY LOPEZ, JOANNE, IRENE		3	
20	"	"	TJST	PBI		50	JE, GM, SK, AP, CENDY LOPEZ, JOANNE, IRENE, STEVE, TERRY, KENNETH	1/1	2	
22	"	"	PBI	HPN		51	JE, GM, SK, AP, CENDY LOPEZ, JOANNE, IRENE	1/1	2	
25	"	"	HPN	PBI		52	JE, GM, SK, AP, ALBERTO, PANTS, STEVE, SHARON, 3 female		2	
27	"	"	PBI	TJST		53	JE, GM, SK, AP, ED TUTTLE, IMALE, IRENE	1/1	2	
30 FEB	"	"	TJST	JFK		54	JE, GM, SK, AP, ED TUTTLE, CENDY LOPEZ	1/1	3	
3	"	"	JFK	PBI		55	JE, GM, SK, AP, IMALE, IRENE	1/1	2	
9	"	"	PBI	MIA		56	JE, SK, AP		2	
9	"	"	MIA	HPN		57	BILL CLINTON, 4 SECURITY SERVICE, 2 MALES, IRENE, JE, GM, SK, AP		2	
10	"	"	HPN	LFPB		58	JE, GM, SK, AP, FLEUR, PEARL, MARGARET	1/1	6	
13	"	"	LFPB	ESSA		59	JE, SK	1/1	6	
14	"	"	ESSA	LFML		60	JE, SK	1/1	2	
15	"	"	LFML	EGGW		61	JE, SK	1/1	2	
15	"	"	EGGW	BGR		62	JE, GM, SK		1	
16	"	"	BGR	PBI		63	JE, GM, SK		7	
18	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	ABY		1584	JE	1/1	3	
18	"	"	ABY	PBI		1585	EMPTY	1/1	1	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: *Edward Redfern*

Page Total	10
Amount Forward	6597
Total to Date	6517

Number of Landings	510
AXP/DNR	84909
G-LDOR	33112
HELICOPT	33112

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					APRPN	GLIDE
2002 JAN 21	N904GM	C-421B	PBI	FXC				1	6	HELICOPTER
MAR 11	N908JC	B-727-31	PBI	JFK			D.O. AT BOSTON'S QUANTICO TO MAKE GREENS SET UP	1	25	
"	B-727-31	N908JC	JFK	LFPB			JE, SK	1	72	
15	"	"	LFPB	LFPG			JE, GM, SK	1	2	
15	"	"	LFPG	EGGW			REPOSITION	1	2	
16	"	"	EGGW	LFMN			JE, GM, SK	1	8	
19	"	"	LFMN	UNNT			JE, GM, SK	1	18	
20	"	"	UNNT	RJTA			JE, GM, SK	1	67	
22	"	"	RJTA	VHHT			JE, GM, SK, PRESOFTM BIL CLINTON, MELLE DOWD, JENNY, JESSICA	1	65	
23	"	"	VHHT	ZGSZ			SAME AS ABOVE	1	40	
23	"	"	ZGSZ	WSSS			RETE RATHLEB	1	4	
25	"	"	WSSS	VTBD			SAME AS ABOVE	1	34	
25	"	"	VTBD	WBSB			SAME AS ABOVE	1	22	
27	"	"	WBSB	WRRR			SAME AS ABOVE	1	26	
29	"	"	WRRR	VCEI			JE, GM, SK	1	21	
29	"	"	VCEI	OMDB			JE, GM, SK	1	52	
30	"	"	OMDB	LFPB			RATHLEB	1	44	
31	"	"	LFPB	EGGW			RETE RATHLEB	1	38	
JUN 7	"	"	EGGW	ETD			RETE RATHLEB	1	10	
							REPOSITION	1	17	

Page Total	67
Amount Forward	8635
Total to Date	8692

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

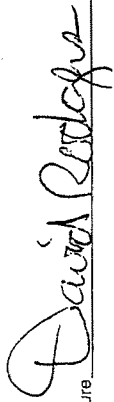
Pilot's Signature *Edward Reddy*

And Class	Conditions of Flight		Night	Actual Instrument	Aircraft (Hooded)	Number of Instrument Approaches	Link or Flight Simulator	As Flight Instructor	Type of Piloting Time			Total Duration of Flight
	XC	NL							Dual Received	Pilot-in-Command	Second-in-Command	
13	13	✓	5						13			13
21	21	✓	21						21			21
59	59								59			59
8	8								8			8
42	42	✓	6			ILS		40	42			42
25	25											25
43	43											43
12	12											12
20	20	3/3	20	6		ILS, LOC, NDB	20		20			20
20	20	✓	20	6		ILS, LOC, NDB	20		20			20
20	20	2/2	20	7		ILS, LOC, NDB	20		20			20
20	20	✓	20	7		ILS, LOC, NDB	20		20			20
41	41	✓	10									41
25	25	✓	25	8					25			25
26	26	✓	15									26
67	67	✓	28	9					67			67
78	78	✓	78									78
26	26	✓	26	9					26			26
56	56	12/15	30	4		13	80	40	282			56
2174	663673	23	2125	623	3	1456	211	51485	266	47578	816	86578
2174	664239	27	2152	9632	8	1469	219	51489	266	47603	844	87144

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ACRANK	G-LEADER
1 APR 2002	B-727-31	N908JE	PBI	TIST		78	JE, GM, SK, AP, 2 REMAPS SCAN XGD FOUL LV	1/1	2	3
5	"	"	TIST	PBI		79	FOUL LM	1/1	2	7
5	"	"	PBI	IAD		80	SCAN XGD FOUL LM		2	1
6	"	"	IAD	PBI		81	SCAN XGD FOUL LM	1/1	2	0
8	"	"	PBI	JFK		84	JE, SK, SHELLY LEWIS	2/1	2	5
20	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MFA	MFA			PRE-FLIGHT TR LOSS, CSD LOW OIL PRESSURE AND DISCONNECT STRUT VALVE EXHAUST HOT START		2	0
22	"	"	"	"			NO APU START, LOSS OF ALL GENERATORS, STING ITEM F INADVERTENTLY MADE GENIE EXTENSION		2	0
23	"	"	"	"			APU FIRE, BATTERY START, CREEP/ROLL START ENGINE FIRE, ENGINE SHUTDOWN		2	0
24	"	"	"	"			EMERGENCY START, FUEL QUANTITY SYSTEM FAILURE ELECTRICAL SMOKES, HYD SYSTEM A & B LOSS		2	0
25	"	"	"	"			TWO GENERATORS INADVERTENTLY TWO ENGINES INOPERATING ENGINE FIRE, LOW OIL PRESSURE, LOW START		2	0
26	"	"	"	"			YAW DAMPER FAILURE, APU FIRE, LED FAILURE LOSS OF ALL GENERATORS, ENGINE FIRE		3	0
27	"	"	"	"			APU FIRE, LOW OIL PRESSURE, LOW START APU FIRE, LOW OIL PRESSURE, LOW START		4	1
29	B-727-31	N908JE	PBI	ABQ		90	JE, GM, SK RESTRICTED		3	2
MAY 2	"	"	ABQ	JFK		91	JE, GM, SK	1/1	3	2
4	"	"	JFK	PBI		92	JE, SHELLY LEWIS	1/1	2	4
TOTALS REPORTED										

Page Total	36	6
Amount Forward	8598	5
Total to Date	8635	1

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature


Unit Class	Conditions of Flight		Night	Actual Instrument	Aircraft (Hooded)	Number of Instrument Approaches	Link or Flight Simulator	As Flight Instructor	Type of Plotting Time			Total Duration of Flight	
	XC	ML							Qual. Received	Pilot in Command	Second in Command		
5LL	MGL												
	23			2		ILS				23			23
	27									27			27
	21		2	4						21			21
	20									20			20
	25		8	3						25			25
	20						20			20			20
	20						20			20			20
	20						20			20			20
	20						20			20			20
	20						20			20			20
	30						30			30			30
	41									41			41
	32		1	3		ILS				32			32
	24									24			24
INSTRUMENT													
	366		211	112						191			
174	64239	327	20853	990	1469	2195	1489			2664	16033	8447	8714
174	64605	327	11064	6340	1471	2345	1489			2664	16033	8447	8751

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					Applying	GLIDE
2002 JUN 8	B-727-314	N908JC	EIDW	JFK		111	JG, G.M.S.K.	1/1	69	112
8	"	"	JFK	PBI		112	JG, S.K.	1/1	23	
12	G-1159B	N909JK	PBI	PBI		1567	GMU FLEIGHT-SCAM RILEY, G.R.C. CARPENTER	1/1	27	
14	B-727-314	N908JK	PBI	BOS		113	REPOSITION		26	
14	"	"	BOS	TEST		114	JG, S.K., CINDY LOPEZ, LAUREN HANES		37	
16	"	"	TIST	JFK		115	JG, G.M.S.K., CINDY LOPEZ, LAUREN HANES	1/1	38	
19	G-1159B	N909JK	PBI	TGB		1558	REPOSITION	1/1	32	
19	"	"	TGB	PBI		1564	JG, G.M.S.K., CINDY LOPEZ		25	
21	"	"	PBI	M.Y.G.F.		1570	JG, G.M.S.K., CL JEAN LUC BROWN, PETE VIRENESE, ROBERT	1/1	11	
21	"	"	M.Y.G.F.	PBI		1571	REPOSITION		12	
23	"	"	PBI	M.Y.G.F.		1572	REPOSITION	0/0	11	
23	"	"	M.Y.G.F.	TGB		1573	JG, G.M.S.K., JUANITA RODRIGUEZ, JERRY WILSON, MESSIAH STAN, ROBERTA	0/0	29	
23	"	"	TGB	PBI		1574	REPOSITION	1/1	25	
27	B-727-314	N908JK	JFK	LFPB		116	JG, G.M.S.K., AP, GADGAL, GLEKA, ALEXANDER, GEMMA, GERDAN, YANUKA, LACITIF, SPAN, DIANA, TOWN, PIRCE, DR. JERRY JARACKI, NICHOLAS, JARACKI, JULIE, CINDY, BILLY, FIM, JERRY, PACE, JERRY, LUC, SILVIA, AILEEN, WILKINS, AMY, BOA, UMBANO	1/1	71	
29	"	"	LFPB	LFTA		117	SAN AS 116		13	
JUL 10	"	"	LFTA	LFPB		118	JG, JURE CONCEB, RUGA	1/1	15	
13	"	"	LFPB	LFMN		119	JG	0/0	12	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: *(Signature)*

Page Total
Amount Forward
Total to Date

8/7
6539
6187
6547
6194
476
86125
87401
33
33
112
112
6
6

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AFRPLM	GLEGR
2002	B-727-31H	N908JG	LFMN	GMTT		120	JG, M, SK, AP, CINDY LOPEZ		2	1
13	"	"	GMMT	GMMC		121	JG, GM, SK, CLAP			
13	"	"	GMMG	LPAT		122	JG, M, SK, AP, CL, PRESIDENT CLAUDIO DOMINGUEZ, MIKE, & SECRET SERVICE		2	4
13	"	"	LPAT	JFK		123	JG, M, SK, AP, CL, PRESIDENT BIL CLUTE, MIKE, & SECRET SERVICE		5	8
18	"	"	JFK	PBI		124	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS, 2 FEMALES		2	2
19	"	"	PBI	JAX		125	KIRSTY RUDGERS, GREG HOUBERT, ALESSIA HOLLERET - C CHECK		1	0
20	G-1159B	N909JG	PBI	MVY		1283	JG, 1 FEMALE		2	0
4	"	"	MVY	BED		1284	JG, 1 FEMALE			7
4	"	"	BED	TGB		1285	JG, 1 FEMALE			9
5	"	"	TGB	SAF		1286	JG, SK, 2 FEMALES	1/1	3	9
6	C-172XP	N739SP	AGG	AGG			172 CHECK OUT	3/3		
6	206L3	N474AW	ZORRO	AGG						
15	B-727-31H	N908JG	JAX	JAX		126	C-CHECK FLIGHT TEST	1/1		9
16	"	"	JAX	PBI		127	RETURN FROM C-CHECK			
17	G-1159-B	N909JG	SAF	TGB		1289	JG, GM, SK, CINDY LOPEZ, VERGONIA ROBERTS, MIKE, & SECRET SERVICE		1	1
18	"	"	TGB	PBI		1290	JG, VERGONIA ROBERTS, 1 FEMALE		3	7
21	B-727-31H	N908JG	PBI	TEST		1288	JG, 5 SHELLEY LEWIS		2	4
25	"	"	TEST	JFK		129	JG, SK	1/1	3	6
28	"	"	JFK	LFPB		130	JG, SK, CINDY LOPEZ, 1 FEMALE		6	4

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Daniel Rodolfo
 Daniel Rodolfo
 Pilot's Signature

Page Total	114	0
Amount Forward	8110	1
Total to Date	8784	1

Page Total	6	6
Amount Forward	6547	6
Total to Date	6194	6

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					TRAINING	GENERAL
2002 AUG 31	B-727-314	N908JC	LFPB	EGBB		131	JC, NICOLE JUNKERMANN	1/1	10	
SEP 2	"	"	EGBB	LFPB		132	JC, NICOLE JUNKERMANN		10	
3	"	"	LFPB	JFK		133	JC, SK, CINDY LOPEZ, JEAN LUC BRUNEL	1/1	75	
4	"	"	JFK	PBI		134	JC, 1 FEMALE		25	
8	G-1159B	N909JC	PBI	TEB		1592	JE, ANDREA, 2 FEMALES		27	
9	G-1159B	"	TEB	BEN		1593	JE, SHELLY LEWIS	1/1	9	
9	"	"	BEN	TEB		1594	JE, SHELLY LEWIS		9	
10	"	"	TEB	TEST		1595	JE, SHELLY LEWIS, ANDREA 1 FEMALE		38	
15	"	"	TEST	PBI		1596	JE, SK, DANE FLEETWOOD	1/1	26	
21	B-727-314	N908JC	JFK	LPAZ		136	PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON KEVIN SPALY, CHRIS TUCKER JE, GM, JEAN LUC BRUNEL	1/1	52	
22	"	"	LPAZ	DGAA		137	SK, CL, CHARLOTTE PAVES, AMANDA METROVICH, DOUG BARN, DAVID SLING, JIM KENNEDY	1/1	57	
23	"	"	DGAA	DNA		138	ERL MONKS, RONNY SLATER, CARY FLANNERY, WASSERMAN, RON BURKE (GARY SMITH)	1/1	17	
24	"	"	DNA	HRZR		139	SAME AS ABOVE LESS RON BURKE		40	
25	"	"	HRZR	FQMA		140	SAME AS ABOVE PLUS IRA MALABAR		38	
26	"	"	FQMA	FACT		141	SAME AS ABOVE	1/1	74	
27	"	"	FACT	FAJS		142	SAME AS ABOVE LESS JC, GM, SK, CL CHARLOTTE PAVES, AMANDA METROVICH		21	
28	"	"	FAJS	FACT		143	SAME AS ABOVE LESS GARY SMITH IRA MALABAR		20	
29	"	"	FACT	DGAA		144	SAME AS ABOVE ADD JC, GM, SK, CL CN AM		62	
29	"	"	DGAA	LFPB		145	SAME AS ABOVE	1/1	65	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

P David Rader

Page Total	5/6
Amount Forward	6553 6200
Total to Date	8784 8846
	113 113

Pilot's Signature

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ACRONE	GUINER	
1953											
17	A-17C-1154D	N41017C	PBI	PBI			LESS FLIGHT - MARK F. CABEN			5	
17	B-721-311	N41083C	PBI	JFK			JG CM 5K MAGALE, BLACOM, VILSON, MACHAL, LIEBMAN, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK, JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK, JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	2	
22	"	"	JFK	PBI			JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	3	1	
25	"	"	PBI	TEST	171		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	2	
26	"	"	TEST	PBI	172		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	2	
26	"	"	PBI	JAX	173		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	1	1	
26	G-1159B	N41045C	PBI	TCB	164		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	5	
31	"	"	TCB	PBI	145		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	6	
Feb 1	B-121-314	N41055C	JAX	PBI	174		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	1	0	
3	"	"	PBI	JFK	175		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	3	
7	"	"	JFK	PBI	176		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	3	
11	"	"	PBI	TEST	177		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	5	
12	"	"	TEST	LEGR	178		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	7	2	
13	"	"	LEGR	LFPB	179		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	2	
17	"	"	LFPB	CYQX	180		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	5	5	
17	"	"	CYQX	PBI	181		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	5	5	
23	"	"	PBI	JFK	182		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	2	3	
25	"	"	JFK	AIRY	183		JG CM 5K MACHAL, LIEBMAN, VILSON, ANORIS, PLYWISZCZAK	1	6	3	
							UNLIMITED LOG-BOOK ENTRIES	109/109	11	11	
I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.								110/115	165		
Page Total								6574	3	3	113
Amount Forward								6720	3	3	113
Total to Date								13314	3	3	113

Pilot's Signature *Edward Rutledge*

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					Approaching	GLIDE-2		
19 2003	B-727-31H	N908JE	MRY	ABQ		184	JC GMSK, GEMMY JAYLER, BRENT MAGALE BLANCHON		1	8		
5 MAR	"	"	ABQ	JFK		185	JC GMSK, GEMMY JAYLER, BRENT MAGALE BLANCHON		3	5		
12	B-727-200	3 ENG PERAZEC SIMULATOR	JFK	PBI		186	JC GMSK, GEMMY JAYLER, BRENT MAGALE BLANCHON		2	8		
12	"	"	MIA	LCL			HOLDING		2	5		
13	"	"	"	"					2	5		
13	"	"	"	"					2	5		
17	G-1159B	N9109TE	PBI	TGB			JC GMSK, MICHAEL WITTMANN, MAGALE BLANCHON, BRENT		2	5		
19	"	"	TGB	BED		191	JC	1/1	2	4		
19	"	"	BED	TGB			JC		1	0		
20	"	"	TGB	PBI			JC GMSK, PRESIDENT ANDRES PASTRANA, MICHAEL WITTMANN, JEAN LUC BRUNEL		1	1		
21	"	"	PBI	MYNN			JC GMSK, PRESIDENT ANDRES PASTRANA, JEAN LUC BRUNEL		2	8		
23	"	"	MYNN	PBI			JC GMSK, JEAN LUC BRUNEL	1/1	1	0		
25	B-727-31H	N9108JE	PBI	JFK		185	JC GMSK, JEAN LUC BRUNEL		8	8		
27	"	"	JFK	TEST		187	JC MICHAEL WITTMANN		2	5		
27	"	"	TEST	SBGR		188	JC SK, GEMMY LOPEZ, MAGALE BLANCHON, BRENT JAYLER		3	3		
5	"	"	SBGR	GUAC		189	JC GMSK, JEAN LUC BRUNEL, MAGALE BLANCHON, ANDRES PASTRANA		6	4		
6	"	"	GUAC	LFPB		190	JC GMSK, JEAN LUC BRUNEL, MAGALE BLANCHON		6	2		
10	"	"	LFPB	CYAX		191	JC GMSK, JEAN LUC BRUNEL, MAGALE BLANCHON	1/1	5	2		
						192	JC GMSK, MICHAEL WITTMANN, GEMMY JAYLER, SUZELANA GERAZ NOVE		5	4		
I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.								3/3	56	2		
Page Total								6690				
Amount Forward								6335	4615	2	3	11
Total to Date								6693	4671	4	3	11
								6398				

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Lopez*

COMPOSITE EXHIBIT 2

(Part 2)

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ASRR/AME	GLIDER/HELICOPTER
19 MAY 2013	B-727-314	N908JE	LIRA	LEMD		198	JE, AM, JEAN LUC P ROUNCE, GM, SK		2	
21	"	"	LEMD	JFK		199	JE, JEAN LUC P ROUNCE, GM, SK		7	
22	"	"	JFK	PBI		200	JE, JEAN LUC P ROUNCE, GM, SK	1/1	2	
26	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TGB		1630	JE, JEAN LUC P ROUNCE, GM, SK	1/1	2	
30 JUN 14	"	"	TGB	TIST		1639	JE, AM, SK, BT	1/1	4	
4	BHT-407	N491GM	TIST	TGB		1640	JE, AM, SK, VALDONGEOTRIN	1/1	3	
7	G-1159B	N909JE	TIST	TISS		1641	JE, AM, SK, VC		2	
11	"	"	PBI	TGB		1642	JE, AM, SK	1/1	2	
14	"	"	TGB	CYUL		1643	JE, PING DANG, GM		2	
14	"	"	CYUL	PBI		1644	JE, PING DANG, GM		1	
17	B-727-314	N908JE	PBI	MYNN		201	JE, AM, VC, SK		3	
17	"	"	MYNN	JFK		202	JE, AM, GM, SK, VC		8	
29 JUL 2	"	"	TISS	JFK		206	JE, BT, SUSAN HAMBLIN, JULIEN BERSOU		2	
7	G-1159B	N909JE	JFK	PBI		207	JE, BT, FABRAME PA-MEO, JULIEN BERSOU	1/1	3	
11	"	"	PBI	TGB		1645	JE, BT, SK, SH	1/1	2	
14	"	"	TGB	PBI		1646	JE, AM, SH	0/0	2	
14	"	"	PBI	TGB		1647	JE, AM, BT, SH, MACKLA	1/1	2	
14	"	"	TGB	MTV		1648		1/1	8	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *Daniel Pedraza*

Page Total
Amount Forward
Total to Date

499
9102
91524

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER
19 2003	B-727-314	N908JE	JFK	PBI		215	JC, SK, MYL, M, G, BT, AM, G, M, SK	✓	2	5
Aug 4	"	"	PBI	JTS		216	JC, BT, AM, G, M, SK	✓	2	4
4	BH#467	N491GM	LSS	TJS				0/0		
5	"	"	TJS	LSS-TJS						
10	B-727-314	N908JE	TJS	JFK		217	JC, AM, BT, G, M, G, BT, AM, G, M, SK, GARY ROXBOROUGH	✓	3	8
10	"	"	JFK	PBI		218	GARY ROXBOROUGH		2	5
13	G-1159B	N909JE	MIN	TGB		164		✓		4
13	"	"	TGB	SAF		1650	JC, AM, BT, G, M	✓	3	8
20	"	"	SAF	ASE		1651	JC, SK, G, M			8
20	"	"	ASE	TGB		1652	JC, G, M, SK		3	8
22	"	"	TGB	PBI		1653	JC, G, M, SK, TM	✓	2	3
31	B-727-314	N908JE	PBI	JAX		214				9
31	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TGB		1654	JC, BT, G, M, SH,		2	5
31	"	"	TGB	TGB		1655				3
SEP 16	"	SEMULAN	LGB	LGB			HOLDING 3000 FT - 1000 FT - 500 FT [CHIKES GAMBLE]	✓	4	0
17	"	"	LGB	LGB			HOLDING 3000 FT - 1000 FT - 500 FT [CHIKES GAMBLE]		4	0
18	"	"	LGB	LGB			3000 FT - 1000 FT - 500 FT [CHIKES GAMBLE]	4/4	4	0
22	"	N909JE	PBI	TJS		1662	JC, BT, NADEL, SK, SH, TD	✓	2	6
26	B-727-200	SEMULAN	MIA	MIA			CRANE - SAUCE - INSTRUCTOR		2	0
I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.								12	43	1
Page Total								6765	9152	4
Amount Forward								6347		
Total to Date								6717	9195	5
								6355		

Pilot's Signature

David Rodgers

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIROPLANE	GUIDED HELICOPTER
2003	B-727-314	N908JE	CMH	TEST		237	JE, SK		3	7
22	"	"	TEST	PBI		238	JE, SK, MICK LAMBERG, TOM PATRICK	✓	2	7
23	"	"	PBI	JFK		239	JE, SK		2	4
25	"	"	JFK	PBI		240	JE, SK, GAVAN, MICK LAMBERG, TOM PATRICK		2	5
Dec 7	G-1159B	N909JE	MTV	JFK		1678	JE, SK, MICK LAMBERG, TOM PATRICK, MICK LAMBERG, TOM PATRICK	✓		8
7	"	"	JFK	CMH		1679	JE, SK, MICK LAMBERG, TOM PATRICK	✓	1	5
7	"	"	CMH	PBI		1680	JE, SK, MICK LAMBERG, TOM PATRICK	✓	2	3
9	"	"	PBI	TEST		1681	JE, SK, TD, WARY ROXBOROUGH	✓	2	4
15	"	"	TEST	TEB		1682	JE, SK, TD, KIMBERLY BROWN	✓	1	5
19	"	"	TEB	TEST		1683	JE, SK, CM, SK	✓	3	9
24	"	"	TEST	PBI		1684	JE, SK, CM, BT, STEVE LITZNER	✓	2	7
26	"	"	PBI	TEST		1685	JE, SK, BT, CM, GARY KENNEDY	✓	2	3
2004 JAN 2	"	"	TEST	PBI		1686	JE, SK, BT, CM, JEAN LUC DAVOUCY, NM, MANDUELL, STEVE LITZNER	✓	2	7
3	"	"	PBI	F5M		1687	JE, SK, CM, BT, CM, JEAN LUC DAVOUCY, NM, MANDUELL, STEVE LITZNER	✓	2	7
3	"	"	ISM	PBI		1688	JE, SK, TD, CM, GAVAN, MICK LAMBERG, TOM PATRICK	✓	2	7
5	"	"	PBI	TEST		1689	JE, SK, BT, JLB, SK	✓	2	5
8	"	"	TEB	PBI		1690	JE, SK, BT, JLB, SK	✓	2	6
12	B-727-314	N908JE	PBI	JFK		241	JE, SK, BT, NM, TEAL A DAVOUCY, SK		2	4
15	"	"	JFK	PBI		242	JE, SK, TD, NM		2	5

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Rodger*

Page Total	10/6
Amount Forward	6734
Total to Date	6744

458	3	125
4285	7	3125
93315	3	3125

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIRPLANE	HELICOPTER
20 JAN 2014	B-727-314	N908JK	PBI	JFK		243	JE, BT, NM, SK, TD		2	6
23	"	"	JFK	PBI		244	JE, BT, CHAUNTCO DAVIES, TD, NM, ALAN DERSHOWITZ, METREWECH		2	6
26	G-1159B	N909JK	PBI	TGB		1691	JE, BT, NM, TD	1/	2	4
28	"	"	TGB	TIST		1692	JE, BT, NM, SK, TD		3	6
FEB 2	"	"	TIST	TGB		1693	JE, BT, JLB, NM, TD, SK, ALAN WEBER	1/	4	1
5	"	"	TGB	BGD		1694				
5	"	"	BGD	TGB		1695	ALAN DERSHOWITZ			8
5	"	"	TGB	PBI		1696	JE, AD, SK		1	1
9	B-727-314	N908JK	PBI	JFK		245	JE, BT, SK	1/	2	6
12	"	"	JFK	LFPB		246	JE, GM, JLB, ALAN WEBER, NINA KEITA		2	5
17	"	"	LFPB	BGR		247	JE, GM, JLB, NM, TD, AW		7	0
17	"	"	BGR	JFK		248	JE, GM, JLB, TD, NM, AW		6	9
19	"	"	JFK	PBI		249	JE, BT, NM, SK, TD		1	5
22	"	"	PBI	JFK		250	JE, BT, NM, TD, AW		2	4
24	"	"	JFK	MRY		251	JE, SK, TD, NM, FOREST SAMNER	1/	3	0
27	"	"	MRY	VNY		252	JE, NM, SK, TD	1/	5	9
29	"	"	VNY	ABQ		253	JE, NM, SK, TD			8
1 MAR	"	"	ABQ	JFK		254	JE, GM, NM, SK, TD	1/	1	6
3	"	"	JFK	PBI		255	JE, NM, TD, VALDSO CORREN		3	4

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total
Amount Forward
Total to Date

David Perdefino

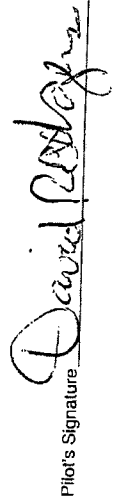
Pilot's Signature

6
6744
6375
6750
6376
93315
93898
33125
33125

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER
2004 MAR 7	G-1159B	N909JK	PBI	TGB		1647	JE, NM, TD	✓	2	0
8	"	"	TGB	BGD		1648	JE, TD	✓	0	0
9	"	"	BGD	TGB		1649	JE, TD	✓	1	1
11	"	"	TGB	PBI		1700	JE, TD, SK, NM VALLEY VIEW, GRIN	✓	2	6
13	"	"	PBI	TEST		1701	JE, TD, SK, VC, NM	✓	2	3
17	B-727-200	SEMULATOR	MIA	MIA			LARRY INSTRUCTOR	✓	2	0
17	"	"	MIA	MIA			HOLDING LARRY INSTRUCTOR GR		2	0
17	"	"	MIA	MIA			FE CHECK RIDE HUNT CONER		2	0
18	"	"	MIA	MIA			REY RAZZANA		3	0
18	"	"	MIA	MIA			REY RAZZANA B-727 CABT CHECK RIDE		3	0
19	G-1159B	N909JK	TEST	PBI		1702	JE, SK, TD, VC		2	6
31 APR 2	B-727-31A	N908JK	PBI	JFK		256	JE, NM, TD,	✓	2	3
6	G-1159B	N909JK	JFK	PBE		257	JE, JLB, NM, TD	✓	2	5
11	B-727-31A	N908JK	PBI	TEST		1705	JE, BT, NM, SK, TD	✓	2	3
15	"	"	JFK	JFK		258	JE, BT, CDEA, JD, GM, NM, TD DUBOIS, JAMES RUPPEL, J. MANNISES	✓	2	4
16	"	"	BGD	BGD		259	JE, BT, LARRY SUMMERS	✓	9	9
19	"	"	PBI	PBI		260	JE, SK	✓	2	6
22	"	"	JFK	JFK		261	JE, SK, JENNIFER	✓	2	6
	"	"	JFK	PBI		262	JE, BT, MARK EPSTEIN, NM TD, JAMES, GM	✓	2	5

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total	9/4
Amount Forward	9388
Total to Date	94311

Pilot's Signature


Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GUIDE	
2004 APR 27	B-727-311H	N9035G	PBI	JFK		263	J6, BT, NM, TD		2	2	
MAY 1	"	"	JFK	PBI		264	J6, NM, SK		2	6	
4	"	"	PBI	JFK		265	J6, NM, SK		2	4	
5	"	"	JFK	LFPB		266	J6, NM, SK		6	9	
8	"	"	LFPB	EGGW		267	J6, NM, SK		9		
10	"	"	EGGW	LKPR		268	J6, NM, SK		1	8	
12	"	"	LKPR	LFPB		269	J6, NM, SK		1	4	
14	"	"	LFPB	CYQX		270	J6, NM, SK		1	8	
14	"	"	CYQX	PBI		271	J6, NM, SK		1	2	
15	G-1591B	N904JG	PBI	PBI		1707	RON		1	7	
17	"	"	PBI	TGB		1708	J6, BT, NM, TD		3	2	
21	"	"	TGB	PBI		1709	J6, BT, NM, TD		2	4	
24	"	"	PBI	TST		1710	J6, NM, SK, TD		2	6	
31	"	"	TST	TGB		1711	J6, NM, SK, TD		1	1	
JUN 4	"	"	TGB	HVN		1712	MANUELA STRIKER		4	2	
4	"	"	HVN	PBI		1713	J6, BT, MS, NM, TD		5		
7	"	"	PBI	TGB		1714	J6, BT, MS, NM, TD		2	7	
9	"	"	TGB	BGD		1715	J6, MS, SK		2	8	
9	"	"	BGD	TGB		1716	J6, MS, SK		9		
								7/7	487		
Page Total								6759	94311	3	125
Amount Forward								6330			
Total to Date								5766	94798	3	125
								6337			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Reda*

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIR PLANE	GLIDER
2004 JUN 11	G-1159B	N909JE	TGB	MOW		1717	JE, SK	1/1	19	16-12-11
12	"	"	MOW	PBI		1718	JE, SK		27	
13	B-727-314	N908JE	PBI	JFK		272	JE, SK, A.D. GOSMAN,	LV LM	25	
15	"	"	JFK	TEST		273	JE, RT, MS, SK, TD	LV LM	35	
20	"	"	TEST	PBI		274	JE, RT, MS, SK, TD	GR LM	25	
21	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TGB		1719	JE, RT, MS, NM	LV	26	
23	"	"	TGB	SAF		1720	JE, NM, SK	LV	44	
JUL 2	"	"	SAF	LAS		1721	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	GR	16	
2	"	"	LAS	SAF		1722	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	GR	13	
4	"	"	SAF	ASC		1723	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	GR	9	
4	"	"	ASC	PBI		1724	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	GR	38	
11	"	"	PBI	TGB		1725	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	LV	27	
15	"	"	TGB	PBI		1726	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	LV	26	
14	B-727-314	N908JE	PBI	TEST		275	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	LV LM	26	
22	"	"	TEST	PBI		276	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	LV LM	26	
25	"	"	PBI	JFK		277	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	SM LM	24	
24	"	"	JFK	LFPB		278	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMING, GR	LV LM	66	
AUG 3	"	"	LFPB	LEPA		279	JE, MS, NM, SK, TD	LV LM	17	
3	"	"	LEPA	LPAZ		280	JE, MS, NM, SK, TD	EX	36	
								11/9	25	
Page Total								6169	9478	33125
Amount Forward								6357		
Total to Date								6117	95323	33125

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Edward Redinger

Pilot's Signature

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIR NAME	Model
3 AUG 12	B-727-31A	N908JG	LPAZ	TEST		281	JG, MS, NM, SK, TD, LM	✓	5	6
6	"	"	TEST	PBI		282	JG, SK, TD, JENNIFER KAUER, NATALYA MALYSHOV, LM		2	4
10	"	"	PBI	JFK		283	JG, TD, LYN FORTANELL, SK, NATALYA MALYSHOV, DAVEN, LM		2	4
13	"	"	JFK	ABQ		284	JG, MS, JANNIKENKOV, FLORIN, DAVEN, LM	✓	4	7
18	"	"	ABQ	VNY		285	JG, MS, NM, JK, LM		1	7
19	"	"	VNY	PBI		286	JG, MS, NM, JK, FRAME, LM		4	7
24	"	"	PBI	SEGU		287	JG, CM, NM, SK, TD, LM		4	1
25	"	"	SEGU	PBI		288	JG, CM, NM, SK, TD, LM	1/1	4	3
SAT	"	"	PBI	TEST		289	JG, NM, SK, TD, LM		3	2
2	G-1159B	N909JG	PBI	TEB		172	KRISTY RODGERS, PASTY RODGERS, LM		2	5
5	B-727-31A	N908JG	TEST	JFK		290	JG, NM, TD, JK, NATALYA MALYSHOV, RALPH PASAGE, SK, NM, SK, JK, DAVEN, MULLER, LM	✓	3	8
16	"	"	JFK	PBI		291	HONOR, HONOR AUTOS, OBSTACLE TAKE-OFF, STRATEGIC, LPA AUTOS, LBO AUTO, 173, 8849 CFI, EXP. 1/1/16		2	7
20	BHT-407	N908JG	BELLSCHOOL	HURST, TX		296	JG, NM, SK, LM	✓	2	4
21	BHT-407	N908JG	BELLSCHOOL	HURST, TX		297	JG, EVA ANDERSSON, NM, 2 MANUVERS, CELINA, NM, 2 OUB, JOSHUA, SK, LM		2	3
3	B-727-31A	N908JG	PBI	JFK		298	JG, EVA ANDERSSON, 2 MANUVERS, CELINA, NM, 2 OUB, JOSHUA, SK, LM	✓	2	5
6	"	"	JFK	PBI		299	JG, JK, NM, SK, LM		3	3
10	"	"	PBI	JFK		300	GM		2	5
12	"	"	JFK	TEST						
13	G-1159B	N909JG	TEB	PBI		172				

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Rodgers*

Page Total	6/3	551	2
Amount Forward	6177	45323	33125
Total to Date	6177	45874	33127

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					Available	Used	
16	B-72-31A	N908TE	TEST	PBI		300	JE, JK, NM, SK, LAUREN, MORROW, LESON, AMOREW	✓	2	4	
17	"	"	PBI	JFK		301	JE, GM, SK, NM		2	5	
20	"	"	JFK	LFPB		302	JE, JK, NM, LESON, AMOREW	✓	6	8	
25	"	"	LFPB	JFK		303	JE, JK, NM, SK, DAVID, MULLIN, SK, JE, NM, JK, SK, DM		7	6	
25	"	"	JFK	JAX		304			2	1	
29	G-1159B	N909TE	PBI	TEB		1724			2	6	
29	"	"	TEB	PBI		1725	JE, JK, NM, NATALIE		2	3	
1	"	"	PBI	TEST		1731	JE, NM	✓	2	6	
1	BHT-467	N491C-M	TEST	LSS							
1	"	"	LSS	TEST							
2	G-1159B	N909TE	TEST	TEB		1732	JE, NM		4	6	
7	G-1159B	SLM09TE	DFW	DFW			STEP TURN, STALL, JCS UPST, ICEM, S.C. IS, ADVERT, CANNING, F-16		4	6	
8	"	"	"	"			HOLDING, HIGH ALTITUDE APPROACH, EMERGENCY DESCENT, IEO NORMAN RESERVE		4	6	
9	"	"	PBI	TEB		1734	JE, SK	✓	2	7	
10	"	"	TEB	PBI		1735	JE, SK		2	4	
14	"	"	PBI	ABY		1736	JE, NM, SK, TD, VC		1	3	
14	"	"	ABY	TEB		1737	JE, NM, SK, TD, VC		2	1	
16	"	"	TEB	BED		1738	JE, ANDREA	✓	1	8	
16	"	"	BED	TEB		1739	JE, ANDREA			3	
								4/3	51	0	
Page Total								6783	4587	4	33
Amount Forward								6787	4638	4	33
Total to Date								6402	4638	4	33

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: *David Padayna*

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...
			From	To					
2004 NOV 18	G-1159B	N909JE	TAB	PBI		1740	JE, JK, NM, SK, DM, AMOREA	2	AIRPORT GUIDE
20	B-727-314	N908JE	JAX	JAX		305		2	
20	"	"	JAX	PBI		306		1	
23	"	"	PBI	TEST		307	JE, NM, SK, DM, SUSAN HEMPLEN	2	
26	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEST		1741	GM, JK	2	
28	B-727-314	N908JE	TEST	JFK		300	JE, GM, JK, NM, SK, DM, SH	4	
28	"	"	JFK	PBI		304	JE, NM, SK, SH, ADRIAN JARA	2	
14	B-727-200	SEMOLINOL	MED	MED			HANK COLLIER - INSTRUCTOR	1	
15	"	"	"	"			HANK COLLIER - INSTRUCTOR WILLIAM JESU	1	
15	"	"	"	"			HANK COLLIER - INSTRUCTOR WILLIAM JESU	1	
21	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEST		1748	JE, SK, NM, GM	2	
29	"	"	TEST	TNCM		1746	JE, NM, SK	7	
29	"	"	TNCM	TEST		1747	JE, NM, SK	7	
30	B-HJ-407	N491GM	TEST-LSS	TEST					
30	"	"	LSS	TEST					
2005 JAN 1	G-1159B	N909JE	TEST	TQPF		1749	JE, JB, SK, DM, NM, AMOREA	6	
1	"	"	TQPF	PBI		1746	JE, DM, JB, NM, SK, JB	3	
3	"	"	PBI	TCB		1790	JE, DM, GM, NM, SK	2	
6	"	"	TAB	PBI		1751	JE, DM, NM	2	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total	7/5
Amount Forward	6787
Total to Date	6194

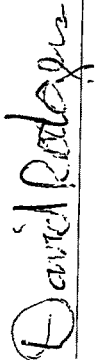
Pilot's Signature *David L. Ladd*

3	1
33	128
33	129

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					BESSLING	GLIDE
29 MAR 2015	G-1159B	N909JC	PBI	RSW		1752	LV		6	
8	"	"	RSW	PBI		1753	LV	1/1	6	
11	B-727-311A	N908JE	PBI	TEST		310	LV		25	
14	"	"	TEST	PBI		311	LV		28	
27	"	"	PBI	TEST		315	LV		23	
31	"	"	TEST	JFK		316	LV		38	
FEB 3	"	"	JFK	CMH		317	LV		4	
3	"	"	CMH	PBI		318	LV	1/1	2	
7	"	"	PBI	JFK		319	LV		25	
10	G-1151B	N909JC	PBI	PBI		1754	NEEL, BUCKEN	1/1	1	
19	"	"	PBI	TEST		1755	COLLEEN	1/1	2	
19	"	"	TEST	PBI		1756	GM VIA ANDREWS		7	
24	B-727-311A	N908JE	PBI	PBI		324	GM VIA ANDREWS LEGONIA + MIA DUBEN, CROSCENED VALDEA		5	
MAR 1	"	"	PBI	JFK		325	BELL (HAMMUND)		4	
6	B-727-200	SIMULATION	MEA	MDW			JE NM, AMERICA MURPHY	1/1	35	
7	"	"	MEA	MDW			HOLDING STEEP TURN, STAB, RTG, VI CUT, 260, 160, RECK MON VNR - LAST.	1/1	17	
8	G-1151B	N908JE	PBI	SAN		1754	STO, STEEP TURN, STAB, 160, 260, RE-REARVIEW CIRCUIT APPROACH, SURVEILLANCE, VIKING	1/1	9	
13	"	"	SAN	MDW		1760	GM	1/1	3	
14	"	"	MDW	T&B		1761	GM	1/1	1	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total	9/6
Amount Forward	8744
Total to Date	96739

Pilot's Signature


331211
 331211
 331211

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ALB	HEL
24 MAR 1974	B-727-311	N908JE	JFK	TEST		333	JE, NM, SK, DB, DM		3	6
29 MAR 1974	"	"	TEST	JFK		334	JE, NM, SK, PM, DB	1/1	3	7
31 MAR 1974	G-1159B	N909JE	JFK	PBI		335	JE, GM, DB		2	8
5 APR 1974	"	"	SAV	PBI		1766			1	2
5 APR 1974	"	"	PBI	POK		1767	G-M	1/1	1	6
6 APR 1974	B-727-311	N908JE	POK	TGB		1768	G-M	1/1	1	8
29 APR 1974	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	JFK		336	JE, DB, DM, SK ADULTING, MULTISKA	1/1	2	5
4 MAY 1974	"	"	PBI	TEST		1773	JE, MS, VC, TATIONNA ADULTING, MULTISKA	1/1	2	3
6 MAY 1974	"	"	TEST	TGB		1774	JE, AM, NM, VC	1/1	4	1
10 MAY 1974	"	"	TGB	PBI		1775	JE, AM, PM, NM, SK		2	5
12 MAY 1974	B-727-311	N908JE	PBI	TGB		1776	JE, DB, DM, SK	1/1	2	6
16 MAY 1974	"	"	JFK	TEST		339	JE, AM, DM, NM, DB	1/1	3	1
19 MAY 1974	G-1159B	N909JE	TEST	JFK		340	JE, NM, DB, DM, AM		3	3
24 MAY 1974	"	"	TGB	PBI		1777	JE, AM, SK	1/1	2	5
30 MAY 1974	"	"	PBI	TGB		1778	JE, AM, SK		2	6
15 JUN 1974	B-727-200	SEMULASER	MIA	MIA		1781	JE, AM, NM	1/1	2	5
15 JUN 1974	"	"	"	"			RICK MOUNAR - INSTRUCTOR		2	0
21 JUN 1974	G-1159B	N909JE	TGB	PBI		1786	REY BARZANA - V RIDGE		2	0
I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.										
								Page Total	10/6	
								Amount Forward	6803	97170
								Total to Date	6813	97614

David Rodzhan

Pilot's Signature

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					Category 1	Category 2
30 Jul 2015	G-1191B	N469JE	PBI	TJB		1767	JE, AM, SK	LV	1	1
10	"	"	TJST	TJB		1761	JE, AM, DB, NM	BH	1	1
18	"	"	PBI	TJB		1742	JE, DB, SK	LV	1	1
20	"	"	TJB	BKL		1743	G-M, LAN	JIM POWERS	1	1
20	"	"	BKL	TJB		1744	G-M, LAN	JIM POWERS	1	1
22	"	"	TJB	PBI		1745	JE, SK, DB, TATIANA	BH	2	2
25	"	"	PBI	TJB		1746	JE, SK, DB, TATIANA	BH	2	2
28	"	"	TJB	TJST		1747	JE, NM, JK	BH	1	1
1 Aug	"	"	TJST	TJB		1748	JE, JK, NM	BH	1	1
2	"	"	TJB	SAF		1749	JE, SK, DB, AM, ALEN, NATALIA	BH	1	1
18	"	"	TJB	PBI		1804	JE, NM, MR, JAMES, MULENSKA, SEMEN, TATIANA	BH	1	1
22	"	"	PBI	TJB		1806	JE, NM	LV	1	1
24	"	"	TJB	FDK		1807	JE, DB	LV	1	1
24	"	"	FDK	TJB		1808	JE, DB	LV	1	1
26	"	"	TJB	MVY		1809	JE, DB, SK, DM	LV	1	1
26	"	"	MVY	TJST		1810	JE, DB, DM, SK	LV	1	1
27	"	"	TJST	PBI		1811		LV	1	1
30	"	"	PBI	TJB		1814	JE, DB, GM, AM	BH	2	2
8	B-727-200	SIMULATORS	MFA	MFA		1821	LCXO - ENSTRATOR	LM	2	2

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Rodriguez*

Page Total
Amount Forward
Total to Date

12/11
6813
6418
6825
6430

454
9767
9812

3
3
3

12/11
12/11
12/11

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					Aircraft	Category	
SEP 9	B-727-200	SIMMONS	MIA	MIA			LMV BDC REY BARZANNA v REDG EXPENSE		AZ	CLARK	
11	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TJST		1816	JE, AM, NM	LV	20		
13	"	"	TJST	TJB		1817	JE, AM, NM	BH	26		
14	"	"	TJB	BED		1818	JE, AM, SK	BH	38		
14	"	"	BED	HPN		1819	JE, AM, SK, LARRY SUMMERS	BH	8		
20	"	"	PBI	TJST		1821	JE, DB, SK, JIM	LV	8		
24	"	"	TJST	TJB		1822	ALEX RESNIK, SANDY BERGER JE, DB, SK, TATIANA SEMENOVA	LV	25		
25	"	"	TJB	CMH		1823	JE, NM, SK, PAUL HALSDA	LV	37		
25	"	"	CMH	TJB		1824	JE, NM, SK	LV	14		
27	"	"	TJB	BED		1825	JE, AM, NM	LV	14		
27	"	"	BED	TJB		1826	JE, AM, NM	LV	8		
28	B-727-21A	N9108JE	LCG	LCG		343	JE, AM, NM GEORGE GEESE	LV	10		
22	"	"	TJST	JFK		348	JE, AM, NM	BH	17		
NOV 2	G-1159B	N9109JE	TJB	BED		1834	JE, GM, SK, TATIANA, DB	LV	37		
2	"	"	BED	OUU		1835	GM	LV	8		
2	"	"	OUU	BED		1836	GM	LV	5		
2	"	"	BED	TJB		1837	JE, DB, GM, SK, TATIANA	LV	5		
3	B-727-21A	N9108JE	JFK	TJST		351	JE, NM, SK	LV	4		
8	"	"	TJST	JFK		352	JM ANDREA MFT LOUZEK, SK GEORGE WASHING BOB ZANDJEW, CHARLETTA MFTC	BH	44		
								5/4	372		
								6925	9812-8	3	1211
								6430	9850	3	1211
								6830	9850	3	1211
								6434			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Rodgers*

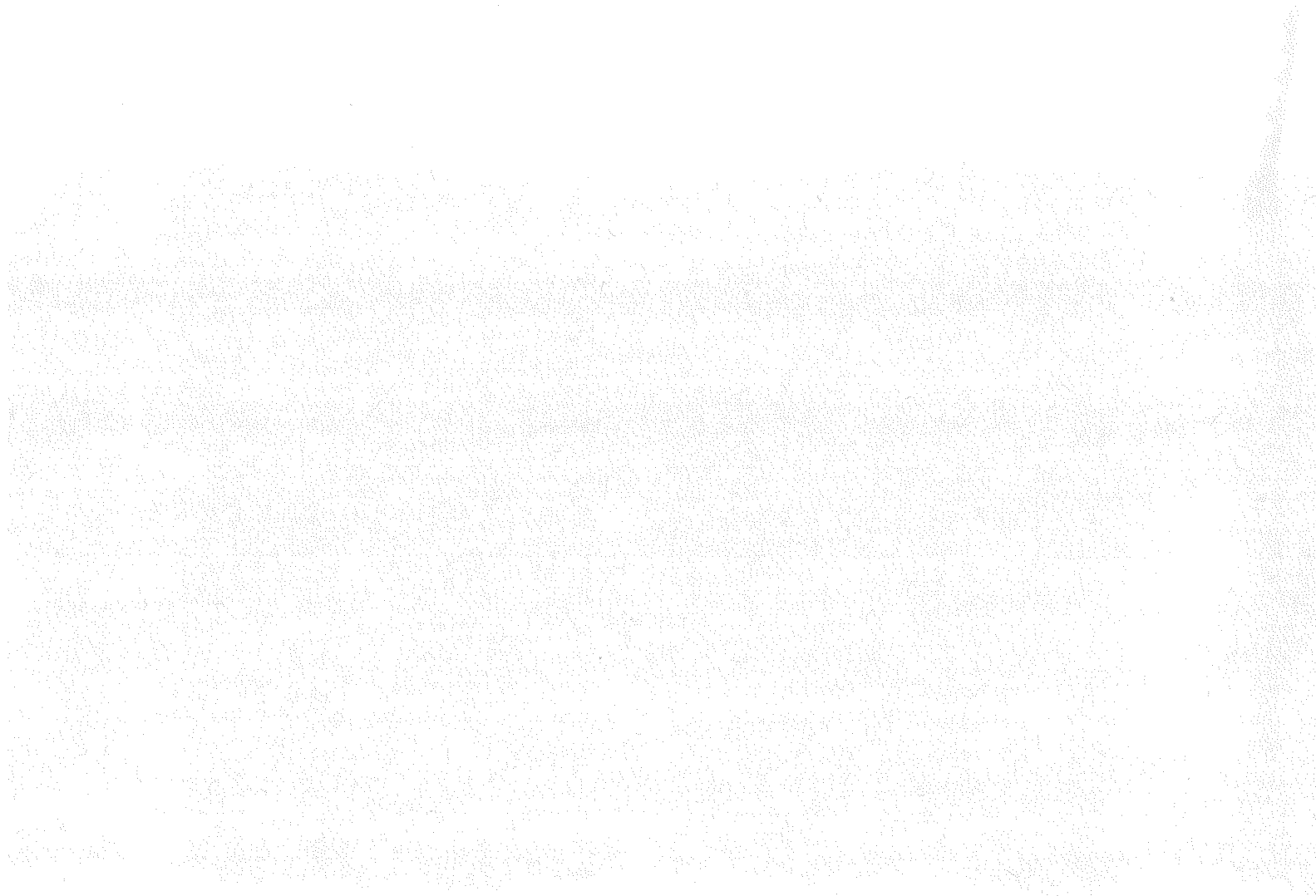
Amount Forward
Total to Date

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIRPLANE	ENGINE
2005 Nov 12	G-11591B	N4091E	TGB	TIST		1838	IC, ADRIAN MUCIENKA IC, ADRIAN MUCIENKA, MARK TRIGORIN, NM, SK		34	182
16	"	"	TIST	TGB		1839	IC, ADRIAN MUCIENKA, NM, SK		38	
17	"	"	TGB	BED		1840	IC, ADRIAN MUCIENKA	1/1	8	
17	"	"	BED	CYUL		1841	ALAN DERSHOWITZ	1/1	9	
17	"	"	CYUL	BED		1842	ALAN DERSHOWITZ		8	
17	"	"	BED	TGB		1843	IC, AM, AD, TATIANA		9	
19	B-727-31H	N9081E	JFK	TIST		253	IC, NM, SK		35	
20	"	"	TIST	TAPA		254	IC, NM, SK, TATIANA KONYLENA	1/1	9	
20	"	"	TAPA	TIST		255	IC, NM, SK, TATIANA KONYLENA	1/1	8	
28	"	"	TIST	JFK		256	IC, AM, IZ, MARK TRIGORIN, NM, SK		39	
30	G-11591B	N4091E	TGB	BED		1844	IC, AM, NM		8	
30	"	"	BED	TGB		1845	IC, AM, NM		9	
Dec 10	"	SIMULATOR	DFW	DFW			HOLDING, STEEP TURNS, STOLDS, RETURN, NO FLAP LANDING, OUTRIGGER APPROACH		25	
11	"	"	"	"			RTO, EMERGENCY DESCENT, V1 CUT, WIND SHOCK, NO FLAP APPROACH	2/2	20	
21	"	N9081E	TGB	BED		1852	GM		9	
21	"	"	BED	TIST		1853	GM, LARRY + LISA SUMMERS		38	
2006 Jan 15	"	"	TIST	BED		1854	IC, NM	1/1	39	
16	"	"	BED	TGB		1855	IC, NM		10	
19	"	"	TGB	SAF		1856	IC, GM, IZ, NM, SK		45	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Page Total	7/6
Amount Forward	6830
Total to Date	6837

Pilot's Signature *David Rodriguez*



14. [Illegible text]

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 1-11 2005 FROM PBI TO TIST

Departure Time 8:03 AM Arrival Time 11:14 AM Trip Number 310

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLEN
3. NADIA MARCINKOVA
4. ▲ FEMALE
5. 1 FEMALE
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
City ST. THOMAS
State or Country USVI

Nautical Miles 975
Statute Miles 1721
Galloons 3410 **AIRFRAME**
Pounds 18669 33042.1
Flight Time 2:10 2:2
Altitude FL 370 33044.3
20. _____ Night 2.2
21. _____ TL 1/1
22. _____ IMC 2.0
23. _____ Approach _____
24. _____
25. _____
26. _____

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 1-14, 2004 FROM TIST TO PBI

Departure Time: 9:44 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time: 6:18 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number: 311

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. ~~Christine Maxwell~~
3. Sarah Kellen
4. NADIA MARENKOVA
5. ADREANA
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City St. Thomas
State or Country USVI

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 975
Statute Miles 1121

Gallons 3869 AIRFRAME

Pounds 22996 33044.3

Flight Time 2:34 2.5

Altitude FL FL350 33046.8

20. _____ Night 1.0

21. _____ T/L 11

22. _____ IMC _____

23. _____ Approach _____

24. _____

25. _____

26. _____

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Vitoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 1-17, 2005 FROM PBI TO JFK

Departure Time 5:10 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 7:39 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 312

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Ghislaine Maxwell
3. Sarah Kellen
4. David Mullen
5. Nadia Marcinkova
6. ANDREA
7. TOD Myster
8. 1 PAP
9. 1 PAP
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM Bch
 State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
 City NEW YORK
 State or Country N.Y.
 Nautical Miles 894
 Statute Miles 1028

AIRFRAME
 Gallons 2415
 Pounds 21200 33046.8
 Flight Time 2+28 25
 Altitude FL FL370 33049.3

20. _____ Night _____
 21. _____ T/L _____
 22. _____ IMC _____
 23. _____ Approach _____
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N988JE Type: B-727-31 Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
 Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 1-19, 2005 FROM JFK TO PBI
 Departure Time 9:39 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 11:52 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 313

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLER
3. NIADIA MARCINKOVA
4. ANDREA MUNIUSKA
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City New York
 State or Country N.Y.

TO Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL
 Nautical Miles 894
 Statute Miles 1028
 Gallons 3200 UNUS AIRFRAME
 Pounds 18980 33049.3
 Flight Time 2.13 2.2
 Altitude FL FL280 33051.5

20. _____ Night _____
 21. _____ T/L _____
 22. _____ IMC _____
 23. _____ Approach _____
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski *Bill Hammond*
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 1-20, 2004

FROM PBI

TO PBI

Departure Time 10:45 ^(AM) PM

Arrival Time 11:17 ^(AM) PM

Trip Number 314

PASSENGERS

1. ~~Jeffrey Epstein~~

FROM Identifier Defined

2. ~~Chloaine Maxwell~~

City West Palm Beach

3. ~~Brent Tindell~~

State or Country FL

4. _____

TO Identifier Defined

5. _____

City West Palm Beach

6. _____

State or Country FL

7. _____

Nautical Miles 0

8. _____

Statute Miles 0

9. _____

Gallons 500 AIRFRAME

10. _____

Pounds 6704 33051.5

11. _____

Flight Time 0+32 5

12. _____

Altitude FL 2500' 33052.0

13. _____

20. _____ Night _____

14. _____

21. _____ T/L 1

15. _____

22. _____ IMC _____

16. _____

23. _____ Approach _____

17. _____

24. _____

18. _____

25. _____

19. _____

26. _____

TRAINING FLIGHT

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE Type: B-727-31 Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Vloski
 Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 1 27, 2005 FROM PBI TO TIST

Departure Time 7:46 AM PM Arrival Time 10:53 AM PM Trip Number 315

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. NAOIA MARCINKOVA
3. ANDREA
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
 City ST. THOMAS
 State or Country USVI

Nautical Miles 975
 Statute Miles 1121

Gallons 3210 AIRFRAME
 Pounds 18274 33052.0

Flight Time 2:06 2.1
 Altitude FL 370 33054.1

20. _____ Night 2.1
 21. _____ T/L 1.1
 22. _____ IMC .8
 23. _____ Approach _____
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 2-3, 2005 FROM CMH TO PST

Departure Time 10:53 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 12:40 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 318

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Kellen
3. NADIA MARENKOVA
4. Jean Luk Brunel
5. DAVID MULLER
6. Female
7. Female
8. Female
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City Columbus

State or Country OH

TO Identifier Defined

City West Palm Beach

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 810

Statute Miles 931

Gallons ✓

Pounds 16885

Flight Time 1:47

Altitude FL _____

20. _____ Night 1.8

21. _____ T/L 1.1

22. _____ IMC 8

23. _____ Approach _____

24. _____

25. _____

26. _____

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoaki
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 2-7, 2005 FROM PBI TO JFK

Departure Time 5:39 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 7:54 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 319

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. NADIA MARCINKOV
3. ADREANA
4. DAVID MULLEN
5. JANSEN
6. SARAH KELLEN
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST Palm Bch
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City NEW YORK
State or Country N.Y.
Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons _____ AIRFRAME

Pounds 19868 33060.8

Flight Time 2+15 28

Altitude FL FL370 33063.0

20. _____ Night 1.5

21. _____ T/L 11

22. _____ IMC _____

23. _____ Approach _____

24. _____

25. _____

26. _____

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N904JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 2-10-2005

FROM IFK TO PBI

Departure Time 9:41 AM

Arrival Time 11:54 PM Trip Number 320

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey [unclear]
2. MARIA MARCHINOVA
3. Sarah Kellen
4. John [unclear]
5. ARLENE
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City New York
 State or Country NY

TO Identifier Defined
 City West Palm Beach
 State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 894
 Statute Miles 1028

Gallons 2900 AIRFRAME
 Pounds 19,257 33063 0

Flight Time 2+12 2.2
 Altitude FL 360 33065 2

20. _____ Night 2.2
 21. _____ T/L 11
 22. _____ IMC _____
 23. _____ Approach _____
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

SAO01563

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N988JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

B. Hammond

DATE: 2-15 2005 FROM PBI TO JFK

Departure Time 5:42 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 7: ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 321

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Ghislaine MAXWELL
3. SARAH KELLEN
4. NIKA MARINKOVA
5. ADRIANA
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL.

TO Identifier Defined

City NEW YORK
State or Country N.Y.

Nautical Miles 894

Statute Miles 1028

Gallons 2955 AIRFRAME

Pounds 18720 33065.2

Flight Time 2+10 22

Altitude FL FL390 33067.4

20. _____ Night 1.0

21. _____ TVL 11

22. _____ IMC _____

23. _____ Approach _____

24. _____

25. _____

26. _____

SAO01564

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N982JE Type: B-727-31 Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
 Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 2 21 2005 FROM TIST TO PBI

Departure Time 6:41 AM Arrival Time 8:05 AM Trip Number 323

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Keller
3. NADIA MARCINKOVA
4. ANKKA
5. James Stanley
6. Sophia Stanley
7. Alexa Stanley
8. Stanley
- 9.
- 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- 13.
- 14.
- 15.
- 16.
- 17.
- 18.
- 19.

FROM Identifier Defined
 City ST. THOMAS
 State or Country USVI

TO Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL
 Nautical Miles 976
 Statute Miles 1122

Gallons 5305 AIRFRAME
 Pounds 23557 33070.5
 Flight Time 2.23 2.3
 Altitude FL FL340 33072.8

20. Night 2.0
 21. T/L 14
 22. IMC _____
 23. Approach _____
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

SAO01565

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JR

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 2-24 2005 FROM PAI TO PBI

Departure Time 4:27 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 4:45 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 324

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey E. McCain

- 2. _____
- 3. _____
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6. _____
- 7. _____
- 8. _____
- 9. _____
- 10. _____
- 11. _____
- 12. _____
- 13. _____
- 14. _____
- 15. _____
- 16. _____
- 17. MAINTENANCE
- 18. TEST FLIGHT
- 19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City West Palm Beach
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City West Palm Beach
State or Country FL

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles 0

Gallons _____ AIRFRAME

Pounds 3500 33072.8

Flight Time 0+17 3

Altitude FL 2500' 33073.1

20. _____ Night _____

21. _____ T/L 111

22. _____ IMC -

23. _____ Approach 1

24. _____

25. _____

26. _____

SAO01566

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
 Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 3 - 1, 2005 FROM PBI TO JFK

Departure Time 10:50 AM Arrival Time 12:53 AM Trip Number 325

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. ~~NADEB~~ MARGENKOVA
3. ANDREANA MUNCINSKA
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
 City NEW YORK
 State or Country NY
 Nautical Miles 894
 Statute Miles 1028

Gallons 2777 AIRFRAME
 Pounds 17799 33073.1
 Flight Time 2:03 2.1
 Altitude FL 370 33075.2

20. _____ Night _____
 21. _____ T/L _____
 22. _____ IMC 3
 23. _____ Approach ILS
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

SAO01567

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Bill Hammond
 Pilots: *Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski*
 Flight Engineer: *Larry Morrison*

DATE: 3-9, 2005 FROM JFK TO PDI

Departure Time 9:28 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 11:45 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 326

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Whisper Maxwell
3. David Mullen
4. NADIA MARCINKOBA
5. ADRIANNA MUCINKSIA
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City NEW YORK, NEW YORK
 State or Country NY
 TO Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL
 Nautical Miles 894
 Statute Miles 1028
 Gallons 2097 AIRFRAME
 Pounds 19,826 33075.2
 Flight Time 2+18 2.3
 Altitude FL 380 33077.5
 20. _____ Night 2.3
 21. _____ T/L 11
 22. _____ IMC .1
 23. _____ Approach P
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

SAO01568

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE Type: B-727-31 ^{B Hammond}
 Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski
 Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 3-8, 2005 FROM PBPT TO TIST
 Departure Time 11:42 ^{AM} ~~PM~~ Arrival Time 2:50 ^{AM} ~~PM~~ Trip Number 327

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARA KELLEN
3. NADIA MARCINKOVA
4. ANDREA
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL.

TO Identifier Defined
 City ST. THOMAS
 State or Country U.S.V.I.
 Nautical Miles 976
 Statute Miles 1122

Gallons 3227 **AIRFRAME**
 Pounds 18602 33079.5
 Flight Time 2:08 2.1
 Altitude FL F2370 33079.6

20. _____ Night _____
21. _____ T/L _____
22. _____ IMC _____
23. _____ Approach _____
24. _____
25. _____
26. _____

SAO01569

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Bill Hammond
 Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski
 Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 3-18, 2005 FROM KJFK TO KAB1

Departure Time 10:02 ^{AM} PM Arrival Time 12:48 ^{AM} PM Trip Number 331

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. GHISLAINE MARROW
3. DANA BURNS
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City NEW YORK
 State or Country NY

TO Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 894
 Statute Miles 1028

Gallons 3435 AIRFRAME
 Pounds 23013 33084.1

Flight Time 2.40 2.7

Altitude FL 380 33086.8

20. _____ Night _____
 21. _____ T/L 111
 22. _____ IMC _____
 23. _____ Approach _____
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

George Ditz
Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visocki
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 3-22 2005 FROM PBI TO JFK

Departure Time 1:07 AM Arrival Time 3:16 PM Trip Number 332

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. ANDREA MUSINSKA
3. 1 FEMALE
4. DANA BURNS
5. 1 FEMALE
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
 City NEW YORK
 State or Country N.Y.
 Nautical Miles 894
 Statute Miles 1028

Gallons _____ AIRFRAME
 Pounds 18510 33086.8
 Flight Time 2+09 2.2
 Altitude FL FL410 33089.0
 20. _____ Night _____
 21. _____ T/L 1
 22. _____ IMC _____
 23. _____ Approach _____
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N968JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 3-31, 2005 FROM JFK TO PBI

Departure Time 8:43 ^{AM}/_{PM} Arrival Time 11:10 ^{AM}/_{PM} Trip Number 335

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SHISLAINE MAXWELL
3. DANA BURNS
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City NEW YORK
 State or Country N.Y.

TO Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL
 Nautical Miles 894
 Statute Miles 1028

Gallons 2102 AIRFRAME
 Pounds 20609 33095.6
 Flight Time 2:27 2.5
 Altitude FL FL400 33098.1

20. _____ Night _____
 21. _____ T/L 1
 22. _____ IMC _____
 23. _____ Approach _____
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 4-6, 2005 FROM PBI TO JFK

Departure Time 10:54 AM Arrival Time 1:05 AM Trip Number 336

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLEN
3. DAVID MULLEN
4. ANDRZANA MUCINSKA
5. DANA BURNS
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City NEW YORK
State or Country NY

Nautical Miles 894

Statute Miles 1028

Gallons 3117 AIRFRAME

Pounds 18274 33098.1

Flight Time 2:10 2.2

Altitude FL 370 33100.3

20. _____ Night _____

21. _____ T/L _____

22. _____ IMC _____

23. _____ Approach _____

24. _____

25. _____

26. _____

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 6-8, 2005 FROM JFK TO PBI

Departure Time 8:24 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 10:33 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 341

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLEN
3. DAVID MULLEN
4. ANDREANA MUNCINSKA
5. DANA BURNS
6. MARK ZEFF
7. DANIEL
8. DOUG SHUTTLE
9. JENN
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City NEW YORK
State or Country N.Y.

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL.
Nautical Miles 894
Statute Miles 1028

Gallons _____	AIRFRAME
Pounds <u>18646</u>	<u>33114.6</u>
Flight Time <u>2:09</u>	<u>2.1</u>
Altitude FL <u>FL380</u>	<u>33116.7</u>
20. _____	Night <u>2</u>
21. _____	T/L <u>11</u>
22. _____	IMC _____
23. _____	Approach _____
24. _____	
25. _____	
26. _____	

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 6-22 2005 FROM PBI TO LCQ

Departure Time 9:00 ^{AM}/_{PM} Arrival Time 9:45 ^{AM}/_{PM} Trip Number 342

PASSENGERS

1. ~~Passenger~~
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City LAKE city

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 247

Statute Miles 315

Gallons 200 AIRFRAME _____

Pounds 33116.9

Flight Time +45 8

Altitude FL FL310 33117.5

20. _____ Night _____

21. _____ T/L 1

22. _____ IMC _____

23. _____ Approach _____

24. _____

25. NO PASSENGERS

26. MAINTENANCE RELOCATION

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

GEORGE GEYER

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, ~~J. J. [unclear]~~
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 10 - 8, 2005

FROM LCO TO LCO

Departure Time 11:02 ^{AM} PM

Arrival Time 12:32 ^{AM} PM Trip Number 343

PASSENGERS

1. ~~J. J. [unclear]~~
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City LAKE CITY

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City LAKE city

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 0

Statute Miles 0

Gallons _____ AIRFRAME

Pounds 13703 33117.5

Flight Time 1:30 1.5

Altitude FL 410 33119.0

20. _____ Night _____

21. _____ T/L 1

22. _____ IMC _____

23. _____ Approach _____

24. _____

25. _____

26. _____

JEGE, INC.

PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~ ^{B. Hammond}, Larry Visoski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 10-15, 2005 FROM LCQ TO LCQ

Departure Time 6:30 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 6:41 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 344

PASSENGERS

1. [REDACTED]
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City LAKE City
 State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
 City LAKE City
 State or Country FL
 Nautical Miles 0
 Statute Miles 0
 Gallons _____ AIRFRAME
 Pounds 3215 33119 0
 Flight Time +11 _____ 2
 Altitude FL F015 33119 2

20. _____ Night _____
 21. _____ T/L _____ 1
 22. _____ IMC _____
 23. _____ Approach _____
 24. MAINTENANCE TEST
 25. FLIGHT
 26. _____

JEGE, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N908JE

Type: B-727-31

Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~ ^{Hammer} Larry Vloski
Flight Engineer: Larry Morrison

DATE: 10-17, 2005 FROM LCO TO JFK
Departure Time 1:12 ^{AM} PM Arrival Time 3:01 ^{AM} PM Trip Number 345

PASSENGERS

1. ~~LAKE CITY~~
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City LAKE CITY
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
City NEW YORK
State or Country N.Y.
Nautical Miles 760
Statute Miles 874
Gallons 4500 AIRFRAME
Pounds 16690 3311.9 2
Flight Time 1:49 1:8
Altitude FL FL350 33121 0

20. _____ Night _____
21. _____ T/L _____
22. _____ IMC _____
23. _____ Approach _____
24. NO PASSENGERS
25. MAINTENANCE
26. RELOCATION AFTER ENGINE REPAIR

01/09/2005 15:15

5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 05

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 1-1, 2005

FROM TQPF

TO PBI

Departure Time 2:11 PM

Arrival Time 4:09 PM

Trip Number 1749

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Kellen
3. Nadia Marcinkova

4. David Mullen

5. ZINTA BROUKIS
6. JEAN LUC BRUNEL

7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City WALLBLAKE

State or Country ANGUILLA

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 1073

Statute Miles 1234

Gallons 0 AIRFRAME

Pounds 10345 9703.3

Flight Time 2:58 3:0

Altitude FL 430 9706.3

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC 2

Condition _____ Approach _____

01/09/2005 15:15

5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 04

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 1-3, 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB

Departure Time 4:04 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 6:32 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1750

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Kellen
3. Nadia Marcinkova
4. Ghislaine Maxwell
5. DAVID MULLEN
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City TETERBORO
State or Country N.J.

Nautical Miles 900
Statute Miles 1035

Gallons 1800 AIRFRAME

Pounds 9570 9706.3

Flight Time 2:28 2.5

Altitude FL FL410 9768.8

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 1.0

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1.1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

01/09/2005 15:15 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 03

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 1-6, 2005 FROM TEB TO PBI

Departure Time 9:22 ^{AM}/_{PM} Arrival Time 11:50 ^{AM}/_{PM} Trip Number 1751

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. DANA
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined
 City TETERBORO
 State or Country NJ

TO Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL
 Nautical Miles 900
 Statute Miles 1035

Gallons	<u>1400</u>	AIRFRAME
Pounds	<u>9015</u>	<u>9708.8</u>
Flight Time	<u>2:28</u>	<u>2.5</u>
Altitude FL	<u>430</u>	<u>9711.3</u>
TAKE-OFF POWER	Night <u>2.5</u>	
Flex Take-Off	<u>2.15</u>	T/L <u>1.1</u>
Min Take-Off		IMC <u>2.0</u>
Condition		Approach _____

01/09/2005 15:15 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 02

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 1-7 2005 FROM PBI TO RSW
Departure Time 8:09 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 8:30 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1752

PASSENGERS

1. Ø
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BCH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City H. MYERS
State or Country FL
Nautical Miles 89
Statute Miles 102

Gallons 500 AIRFRAME
Pounds 2189 9711.3
Flight Time +21 4
Altitude FL FL120 9711.7

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____
Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1
Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____
Condition _____ Approach _____

COM SCAN INSP.

01/09/2005 15:15 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 01

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 1-8, 2005 FROM RSW TO PBI

Departure Time 4:36 AM Arrival Time 4:59 PM Trip Number 1753

PASSENGERS

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City FT. MYERS

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 89

Statute Miles 102

Gallons 0 AIRFRAME

Pounds 1803 9711.7

Flight Time +23 4

Altitude FL 070 9712.1

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

RETURN FROM COMSCAN INSPECTION

HYPERION AIR, INC.
PASSENGER MANIFEST

PETE RATHGEB

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, ~~Larry Visoski~~

DATE: 2 - 10, 2005 FROM PBI TO PBI

Departure Time 10:37 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 11:23 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1754

PASSENGERS

1. NEIL
2. BIGGEN
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

Nautical Miles _____
Statute Miles _____
Gallons 850 AIRFRAME
Pounds 4000 9712 . 1
Flight Time + 45 8
Altitude FL 150 9712 . 9

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____
Flex Take-Off 2.15 T/L /
Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____
Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

TEST FLIGHT
ENGINE FUEL FLOW
AUTOPILOT

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

GARY ROXBURGH

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, ~~Larry Visconti~~

DATE: 2-19, 2005

FROM PBI

TO TIST

Departure Time 10:05 ^{AM}/_{PM}

Arrival Time 1:16 ^{AM}/_{PM}

Trip Number 1755

PASSENGERS

1. COLLEEN
2. +1 FEMALE
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City ST. THOMAS

State or Country USVI

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons 1200 AIRFRAME

Pounds 8564 9712.9

Flight Time 2:11 2:2

Altitude FL 430 9715.1

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off 2.15 T/L /

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

GARY ROXBURGH

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, ~~Larry Visoski~~

DATE: 2-19, 2005 FROM TIST TO PBI

Departure Time 6:18 AM Arrival Time 7:58 AM Trip Number 1756

PASSENGERS

1. GHISLAINE MAXWELL
2. EVA ANDERSSON
3. CELINA DUBIN
4. MYYA DUBIN
5. CRES VALDEZ
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City ST. THOMAS
State or Country USVI

TO Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

Nautical Miles _____
Statute Miles _____

Gallons 1400 AIRFRAME

Pounds 11956 9715.1

Flight Time 2:39 2:6

Altitude FL 260 9717.7

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 1.0

Flex Take-Off 0 T/L 1

Min Take-Off 2.40 IMC 8

Condition WINDSHEAR Approach _____

COMMENTS

04/07/2005 16:53 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 01

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski
B. HAMMOND

DATE: 2 22 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB

Departure Time 10:37 ^{AM}/_{PM} Arrival Time 12:56 ^{AM}/_{PM} Trip Number 1757

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Kellen
3. Nadia Marcinkova
4. JAMES STANLEY
5. SOPHIA STANLEY
6. ALEXA STANLEY
7. STANLEY
8. DAVID MULLEN
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL
 TO Identifier Defined
 City PETERBORO
 State or Country N.J.
 Nautical Miles _____
 Statute Miles _____
 Gallons 1700 AIRFRAME
 Pounds 8895 9727.7
 Flight Time 2+18 2.3
 Altitude FL FL410 9720.0
 TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____
 Flex Take-Off _____ T/L _____
 Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____
 Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

04/07/2005 16:53 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 02

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 2 24 2005 FROM TEB TO PBI

Departure Time 1:04 ^{AM}/_{PM} Arrival Time 3:40 ^{AM}/_{PM} Trip Number 1758

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Kellen
3. Nadia Marcinkova
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City TETER BORO
State or Country N.J.

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons 1500 AIRFRAME

Pounds 9765 9720.0

Flight Time 2:36 2:6

Altitude FL FL430 9722.6

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

04/07/2005 16:53 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 03

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

BILL MURPHY

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, ~~Larry Visoki~~

DATE: 3 8, 2005 FROM PBI TO SAN

Departure Time 6:10 AM PM Arrival Time 8:35 AM PM Trip Number 1759

PASSENGERS

1. [REDACTED]
2. Ghislaine Maxwell
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
City SAN DIEGO
State or Country CA

Nautical Miles _____
Statute Miles _____
Gallons 3291 AIRFRAME
Pounds 19427 97226
Flight Time 5:26 5:4
Altitude FL 430 97280
TAKE-OFF POWER Night 34

COMMENTS

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 11
Min Take-Off _____ IMC 3
Condition _____ Approach LOC

04/07/2005 17:29 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 05

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 4-1, 2005

FROM SAV

TO PBT

Departure Time 3:59 AM PM

Arrival Time 5:00

AM PM

Trip Number 1766

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein

FROM Identifier Defined

City SAVANNAH

State or Country GA

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons _____

AIRFRAME

Pounds 5169 9736.8

Flight Time 1:00 1.0

Altitude FL FL320 9737.8

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

MAINTENANCE
REPOSITION

04/07/2005 17:29

5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 06

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 4-5, 2005

FROM PBI

TO PDK

Departure Time 3:36 AM PM

Arrival Time 4:59 AM PM

Trip Number 1767

PASSENGERS

1. [REDACTED]
2. Ghislaine Maxwell
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City ATLANTA
State or Country GA

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons 900 AIRFRAME

Pounds 6600 9737.8

Flight Time 1:22 1.4

Altitude FL 410 9739.2

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L /

Min Take-Off 2.15 IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

04/07/2005 17:29 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 08

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: B. HAMMOND
~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski

DATE: 4 - 8 2005

FROM TEB

TO PBI

Departure Time 7:41 ^{AM} ~~PM~~

Arrival Time 10:02 ^{AM} ~~PM~~

Trip Number 1769

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein

FROM Identifier Defined

2. ~~Christine Macdonald~~

City TETERBORO

3. ~~Sarah Kellon~~

State or Country N.J.

4. NADIA MARCINKOVA

TO Identifier Defined

5. ANDREA MUSINSKA

City WEST PALM BEACH

6. _____

State or Country FL.

7. _____

Nautical Miles _____

8. _____

Statute Miles _____

9. _____

Gallons 1400 AIRFRAME

10. _____

Pounds 8900 9740.8

11. _____

Flight Time 2:21 2:3

12. _____

Altitude FL FL430 9743.1

13. _____

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 1.0

COMMENTS

Flex Take-Off _____ TL 1.1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

05/20/2005 13:00

5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 10

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: D. Hammond
Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 4-12, 2005 FROM PBI TO TIST
Departure Time 6:20 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 8:26 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1770

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Kellen
3. ANDREA MUSINSKA
4. NADIA MARCINKOVA
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
City ST. THOMAS
State or Country U.S.V.I.

Nautical Miles 975
Statute Miles 1121

Gallons 1200 AIRFRAME

Pounds 6425 9743.1

Flight Time 2:05 2.1

Altitude FL FL410 9745.2

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

05/20/2005 13:00

5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 06

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski
D. Hammond

DATE: 4-27, 2005 FROM TEB TO PBI

Departure Time 9:17 ^{AM}/_{PM} Arrival Time 11:58 ^{AM}/_{PM} Trip Number 1772

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Ghislaine Maxwell
3. Samah Kellon
4. DANA BURNS
5. 1 MALE
6. 1 male
7. 1 female
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City TETERBORO
State or Country N.J.

TO Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL.

Nautical Miles _____
Statute Miles _____

Gallons 2100 AIRFRAME
Pounds 11085 9748.7
Flight Time 2 + 40 2.6
Altitude FL F1400 9751.3

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____
Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1
Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____
Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

05/20/2005 13:00 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 04

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 4 29, 2005

FROM PBI

TO TIST

Departure Time 8:22 AM PM

Arrival Time 10:28 AM PM

Trip Number 1773

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. [REDACTED]
3. [REDACTED]
4. ANDREANA MUCINSKA
5. VALDSOM COTRIN
6. TATIANA
7. MANUELA STOETTER
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City ST. THOMAS

State or Country USVI

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons 1650 AIRFRAME

Pounds 8900 9751.3

Flight Time 2:06 2.1

Altitude FL 390 9753.4

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 2.1

Flex Take-Off 2.15 T/L 1.1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC 1.9

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

05/20/2005 13:00

5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 17

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 5-6, 2005 FROM TEB TO PBZ

Departure Time 9:10 AM Arrival Time 11:27 AM Trip Number 1775

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Nadia Marcinkova
3. SARAH KELLEN
4. ANDREA MUSINSKA
5. 1 FEMALE
6. DAVID MULLEN
7. LARRY MORRISON
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City TETERBORO
State or Country N.J.

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL.

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons 500 AIRFRAME

Pounds 8926 9757.3

Flight Time 2+16 2.3

Altitude FL F430 9759.6

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 2.3

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1.1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

05/20/2005 13:00

5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 15

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 5-10, 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB

Departure Time 4:34 AM Arrival Time 6:57 PM Trip Number 1776

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Kellen
3. [REDACTED]
4. David Mullen
5. DANA BURNS
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City TETERBORO

State or Country NJ

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons 1300 AIRFRAME

Pounds 9850 9759.6

Flight Time 2+23 2.4

Altitude FL 450 97620

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off 2.15 T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

05/20/2005 13:00 5614786553

JEGE OR HYPERION AIR

PAGE 13

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Dave Rodgers,

BILL HAMMOND

DATE: 5-19, 2005 FROM TEB TO PBI

Departure Time 7:51 AM PM Arrival Time 10:12 AM PM Trip Number 1777

PASSENGERS

- 1. Jeffrey Epstein
- 2. Sarah Kellen
- 3. ADRIANA MUCINSKA
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6. _____
- 7. _____
- 8. _____
- 9. _____
- 10. _____
- 11. _____
- 12. _____
- 13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City TETERBORO
State or Country NJ

TO Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

Nautical Miles _____
Statute Miles _____

Gallons 1600 AIRFRAME

Pounds 9782 9762.0

Flight Time 2:20 2:3

Altitude FL 430 9764.3

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 8

Flex Take-Off 2.15 T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

DATE: 5 24, 2005

FROM PBI

TO TEB

Departure Time 11:14 AM

Arrival Time 01:38 PM

Trip Number 1778

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein

2. Sarah Kellen

3. ADREANA MARCINKOVA

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City TETER BORO

State or Country N.J.

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons 1350

AIRFRAME

Pounds 9936 9764.3

Flight Time 2:23 2.3

Altitude FL FL450 9766.6

TAKE-OFF POWER

Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____

T/L _____

Min Take-Off _____

IMC _____

Condition _____

Approach _____

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 5 29, 2005 FROM TEST. TO PBI

Departure Time 3:37 AM PM Arrival Time 6:07 AM PM Trip Number 2780

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. David Mullen
3. Ghislaine MAXWELL
4. AREANA MURSIMOKA
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City ST. THOMAS
State or Country U.S.V.I.

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST. PALM BEACH
State or Country F.L.

Nautical Miles 975

Statute Miles 1121

Gallons 1564 AIRFRAME

Pounds 11089 9770.1

Flight Time 2+29 2.5

Altitude FL FL400 9772.6

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers Larry Visoski
 DATE: 6.1, 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB
 Departure Time 4:31 AM Arrival Time 7:50 AM Trip Number 1781
PM PM

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Nadia Marcinkova
3. ADRIANA MUCINSKA
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL
TO Identifier Defined
 City TETER BORO
 State or Country NJ
 Nautical Miles _____
 Statute Miles _____
 Gallons 1600 **AIRFRAME**
 Pounds 9470 9772.6
 Flight Time 2+19 2 3
 Altitude FL 450 9774.9
TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____
 Flex Take-Off 2.15 T/L _____
 Min Take-Off _____ IMC 3
 Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Bill Hammond
~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski

DATE: 6-18, 2005

FROM TEB

TO PBI

Departure Time 8:19 AM

Arrival Time 10:35 AM

Trip Number 1782

PASSENGERS

Jeffrey Epstein

Sarah Kellen

DANA BURNS

FROM Identifier Defined

City TETERBORO

State or Country N.J.

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country F.L.

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons 1400 AIRFRAME

Pounds 9434 9774.9

Flight Time 2+16 2.3

Altitude FL FL430 9777.2

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

REMARKS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 6-20, 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB

Departure Time 4:39 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 6:55 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1783

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Kellan
3. DANA BURKS
4. 1 Female
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City TETERBORO
State or Country N.J.

Nautical Miles _____

Statute Miles _____

Gallons 1500 AIRFRAME

Pounds 9537 9772.2

Flight Time 2+15 2.3

Altitude FL FL450 9779.5

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 6-30, 2005 FROM TEB TO PBI

Departure Time 7:50 AM PM Arrival Time 10:01 AM PM Trip Number 1786

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLEN
3. DANA BURNS
4. FEMALE
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City TETERBORO
 State or Country NJ

TO Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 900
 Statute Miles 1035

Gallons	<u>1400</u>	AIRFRAME
Pounds	<u>8863</u>	<u>9786.5</u>
Flight Time	<u>2:11</u>	<u>2:2</u>
Altitude FL		<u>9788.7</u>
TAKE-OFF POWER	Night	<u>1:2</u>
Flex Take-Off	T/L	<u>1:1</u>
Min Take-Off	IMC	<u>1:0</u>
Condition	Approach	_____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 7-5, 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB

Departure Time 11:29 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 1:45 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1787

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. Sarah Kellen
3. ADREANA MUSINSKA
4. 1 FEMALE
5. 1 MALE
6. DANA BURNS
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL.

TO Identifier Defined

City TETERBORO

State or Country N.J.

Nautical Miles 900

Statute Miles 1035

Gallons 1300 **AIRFRAME**

Pounds 9897 9788.7

Flight Time 2 + 17 2 3

Altitude FL FL410 9791.0

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition ☉ Approach _____

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski
B. Hammond

DATE: 7-15, 2005

FROM TEB

TO PBI

Departure Time 10:07 ^{AM} _{PM}

Arrival Time 12:19 ^{AM} _{PM}

Trip Number 1790

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLEN
3. DANA BURNS
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City TETERBORO
 State or Country N.J.

TO Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL.

Nautical Miles 900

Statute Miles 1035

Gallons 1300 AIRFRAME

Pounds 8569 9798.1

Flight Time 2+11 2.2

Altitude FL FL450 9800.3

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 2.2

Flex Take-Off T/L 1.1

Min Take-Off IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Bill Hammond
Pilots: *Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski*

DATE: 7-16, 2005

FROM PBI

TO PBI

Departure Time 5:03 ^{AM} _{PM}

Arrival Time 5:10 AM PM

Trip Number 1791

PASSENGERS

1. ~~Jeffrey Epstein~~

2. ~~David Mullen~~

3. MAINTENANCE

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 25

Statute Miles 30

Gallons 300

AIRFRAME

Pounds 1021

Flight Time 0+06

Altitude FL _____

TAKE-OFF POWER

Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____

T/L

1/1

Min Take-Off _____

IMC _____

Condition _____

Approach 1

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 7 - 18, 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB

Departure Time 1 : 49 AM PM Arrival Time 4 : 15 AM PM Trip Number 1792

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLEN
3. DANA BURNS
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
City TETERBORO
State or Country NJ

Nautical Miles 900
Statute Miles 1035

Gallons	<u>1500</u>	AIRFRAME
Pounds	<u>9962</u>	<u>9800.4</u>
Flight Time	<u>2:26</u>	<u>2.4</u>
Altitude FL	<u>450</u>	<u>9802.8</u>

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off 2.15 T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC 3

Condition _____ Approach ILS

COMMENTS

**HYPERION AIR, INC.
PASSENGER MANIFEST**

BILL HAMMOND

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, ██████████

DATE: 7-22, 2005 FROM TEB TO PBI

Departure Time 9:11 AM Arrival Time 11:26 AM Trip Number 1795

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLEN
3. DANA BURN
4. TATIANA
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City TETERBORO

State or Country NJ

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 900

Statute Miles 1035

Gallons	<u>1500</u>	AIRFRAME
Pounds	<u>9067</u>	<u>9804.8</u>
Flight Time	<u>2.15</u>	<u>2.3</u>
Altitude FL	<u>450</u>	<u>9807.1</u>
TAKE-OFF POWER	Night <u>2.3</u>	
Flex Take-Off	<u>2.15</u>	T/L <u>1.1</u>
Min Take-Off		IMC <u>1.1</u>
Condition		Approach _____

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, **BILL HAMMOND**

DATE: 7 25, 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB

Departure Time 5:09 AM PM Arrival Time 7:34 AM PM Trip Number 1796

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLEN
3. DANA BURNS
4. TATIANA
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City TETERBORO

State or Country NJ

Nautical Miles 900

Statute Miles 1035

Gallons 1500 AIRFRAME

Pounds 10058 9807.1

Flight Time 2 + 24 24

Altitude FL 450 9809.5

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off 2.15 T/L _____

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 8 - 18, 2005

FROM TEB

TO PBI

Departure Time

1:11 AM
PM

Arrival Time

3:19 AM
PM

Trip Number

1804

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. ADRIANA MUCINSKA
3. MR. MUCINSKA
4. MRS. MUCINSKA
5. ADRIANA'S SISTER
6. NADIA MARCINKOVA
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City TETERBORO

State or Country NJ

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 900

Statute Miles 1035

Gallons 1400

AIRFRAME

Pounds 9064

9827.0

Flight Time 2:07

2.1

Altitude FL 450

9829.1

TAKE-OFF POWER

Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____

T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____

IMC _____

Condition _____

Approach _____

HYPERION AIR, INC.
PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Pilots: Bill Hamm, Dave Rodgers, Larry Visostki

DATE: 8-22 2005

FROM PBI

TO PBI

Departure Time 1:58 AM PM

Arrival Time 2:16 AM PM

Trip Number 1805

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein

2. David Mullen

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

13. _____

COMMENTS

TRAINING

FROM Identifier Defined

City West Palm

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City West Palm

State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 40

Statute Miles 48

Gallons 619 AIRFRAME

Pounds 1906 9829 1

Flight Time 0+07 1

Altitude FL 2800 9829 2

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 8-22 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB

Departure Time 3:57 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 6:16 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1806

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. NADIA MARCINKOVA
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM Bch
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
City TETERBORO
State or Country N.J.

Nautical Miles 900
Statute Miles 1035

Gallons 1100 AIRFRAME
Pounds 9533 9829.2
Flight Time 2+19 12.3
Altitude FL FL450 9831.5

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____
Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1
Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____
Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 8 27, 2005 FROM TIST TO PBI

Departure Time 3 48 AM Arrival Time 6 10 AM Trip Number 1811

PASSENGERS

1. [REDACTED]
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City ST. THOMAS
State or Country USVI

TO Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

Nautical Miles _____
Statute Miles _____
Gallons 1300 AIRFRAME
Pounds 9939 9836.4
Flight Time 2 21 2 4
Altitude FL 380 9838.8

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____
Flex Take-Off 2.15 T/L 1
Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____
Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

WINDSHIELD HEADS REPAIR

NO PASSENGERS

09/14/2005 14:18 FAX

006

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B *Bill Hammond*
Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 9-2, 2005 FROM PBI TO TIST

Departure Time 5:13 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 7:36 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1812

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. NO PASSENGERS
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH

State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City ST THOMAS

State or Country USVI

Nautical Miles 985

Statute Miles 1333

Gallons 1650 AIRFRAME

Pounds 9988 98388

Flight Time 2:23 24

Altitude FL 470 9841.2

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 1.0

Flex Take-Off _____ TL 111

Min Take-Off _____ IMC .1

Condition _____ Approach P

COMMENTS

09/14/2005 14:16 FAX

005

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Bill Hammond
 Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski

DATE: 9 - 3, 2005 FROM TIST TO KFBI

Departure Time 11:48 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 2:12 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1813

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. DAVID MULLEN
3. ADRIANA MUCINSKA
4. DANA BURNS
5. _____
6. TATIANA
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City ST THOMAS
 State or Country USVI

TO Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM BEACH
 State or Country FL

Nautical Miles 985
 Statute Miles 1132

Gallons 1300 AIRFRAME
 Pounds _____ 98412

Flight Time 2+23 24

Altitude FL 430 9843.6

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 111

Min Take-Off _____ IMC 3

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

09/14/2005 14:16 FAX

004

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: ~~Bill Hammond, Dave Rodgers~~ ^{Bill Hammond, Dave Rodgers}
 DATE: 9-10⁵, 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB
 Departure Time 3:59 ^{AM} ~~PM~~ Arrival Time 6:11 ^{AM} ~~PM~~ Trip Number 1814

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. GLISCIANE MAXWELL
3. DANA BURNS
4. ADRIANA MUCINSKA
5. Female
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
 City WEST PALM
 State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
 City TETERBORO
 State or Country NJ

Nautical Miles 954
 Statute Miles 1097

Gallons 1425 AIRFRAME
 Pounds 9477 9843.6

Flight Time 2:11 2.2
 Altitude FL 410 9845.8

TAKE-OFF POWER Night -

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 111

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

08/14/2005 14:16 FAX

003

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE

Type: G-1159B

Bill Hammond
Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski~~

DATE: 9-9, 2005 FROM TEB TO PBI

Departure Time 10:00 ^{AM}/_{PM} Arrival Time 12:22 ^{AM}/_{PM} Trip Number 1875

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein

FROM Identifier Defined

2. NADIA MARRINTCOVA

City TETERBORD

3. ARIANA MUCINSKA

State or Country NS

4. _____

TO Identifier Defined

5. _____

City WEST Palm BEACH

6. _____

State or Country FL

7. _____

Nautical Miles 1025

8. _____

Statute Miles 1179

9. _____

Gallons 1150 AIRFRAME

10. _____

Pounds 9590 98458

11. _____

Flight Time 2+22 23

12. _____

Altitude FL 450 98481

13. _____

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 23

COMMENTS

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 111

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach P

09/14/2005 14:16 FAX

002

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B ~~Bill Hammond~~
Pilots: Dave Rodgers, Larry Visoski

DATE: 9-11 2005 FROM PDI TO TIST

Departure Time 2:06 ^{AM} _(PM) Arrival Time 4:30 ^{AM} _(PM) Trip Number 1816

PASSENGERS

- 1. Jeffrey Epstein
- 2. ADRIANA MUSINSKA
- 3. NADIA MARCIKOVA
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6. _____
- 7. _____
- 8. _____
- 9. _____
- 10. _____
- 11. _____
- 12. _____
- 13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
City ST. THOMAS
State or Country USVI

Nautical Miles 985
Statute Miles 1032

Gallons 1300 **AIRFRAME**
Pounds 9532 9848.1

Flight Time 2:23 2:3
Altitude FL FL450 9850.4

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski
Bill Hammond

DATE: 9-29 2005 FROM TEB TO PBI
Departure Time 8:56 ^{AM} _{PM} Arrival Time 11:12 ^{AM} _{PM} Trip Number 1827

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein

- 2. TATYANA
- 3. ADREANA MUSINSKA
- 4. 1 FEMALE
- 5. NADIA MARCINKOVA

- 6. _____
- 7. _____
- 8. _____
- 9. _____
- 10. _____
- 11. _____
- 12. _____
- 13. _____

COMMENTS

FROM Identifier Defined

City TEKERBORO
State or Country N.J.

TO Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL.

Nautical Miles 1025
Statute Miles 1179

Gallons 1500 AIRFRAME

Pounds 9153 9866 9

Flight Time 2 + 16 2.2

Altitude FL FL450 9869 1

TAKE-OFF POWER Night 2

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 111

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Bill Hammond
Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski

DATE: 10-4, 2005 FROM PBI TO TEB

Departure Time 11:41 ^(AM) PM Arrival Time 2:11 ^{AM} PM Trip Number 1828

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. ADRIANNA MUSINSKA
3. DANA BURNS
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined

City WEST PALM BEACH
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined

City TOTENBORO
State or Country NJ
Nautical Miles 1025
Statute Miles 1179

Gallons 1400 **AIRFRAME**
Pounds 98691
Flight Time 2+29 2.5
Altitude FL 450 9871.6

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____
Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 111
Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____
Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilot: ~~Dana Hodgson~~, Larry Visocki
Bill Hammond

DATE: 10-6, 2005 FROM TEB TO MIA

Departure Time 11:21 ^{AM}/_{PM} Arrival Time 1:48 ^{AM}/_{PM} Trip Number 1829

PASSENGERS

1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLEN
3. ADREANNA MUSINSKA
4. DANA BURNS
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City TETERBORO
State or Country N.J.

TO Identifier Defined
City MIAMI
State or Country FL.

Nautical Miles 954
Statute Miles 1096

Gallons 1700 AIRFRAME

Pounds 10212 9871.6

Flight Time 2:26 2:5

Altitude FL FL450 9874.1

TAKE-OFF POWER Night _____

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L /

Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____

Condition _____ Approach _____

COMMENTS

HYPERION AIR, INC. PASSENGER MANIFEST

Registration Number: N909JE Type: G-1159B Pilots: ~~Dave Rodgers~~, Larry Visoski
Bill Hammond

DATE: 10-6 2005 FROM MIA TO T.15.T

Departure Time 7:34 ^{AM}/_{PM} Arrival Time 10:00 ^{AM}/_{PM} Trip Number 1830

PASSENGERS

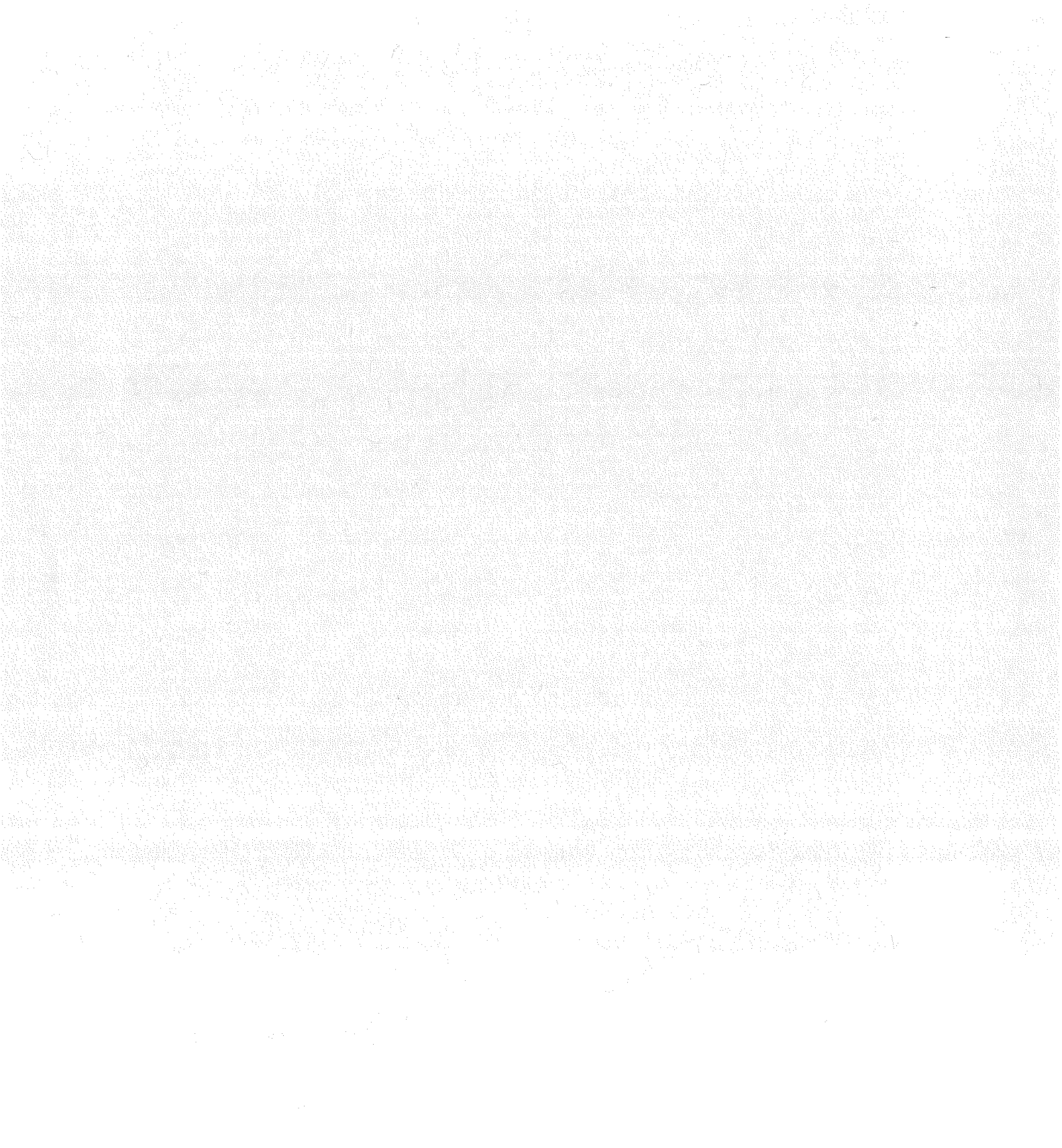
1. Jeffrey Epstein
2. SARAH KELLER
3. DANA BURNS
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

FROM Identifier Defined
City MIAMI
State or Country FL

TO Identifier Defined
City ST. THOMAS
State or Country USVI
Nautical Miles 962
Statute Miles 1106
Gallons 1300 AIRFRAME
Pounds 9947 9874.1
Flight Time 2:25 2.5
Altitude FL FL40 9876.6
TAKE-OFF POWER Night 2.0

COMMENTS

Flex Take-Off _____ T/L 1
Min Take-Off _____ IMC _____
Condition _____ Approach _____



Airport Codes

CODE	CITY	US	INT'L
ABQ	Albuquerque, New Mexico	√	
ABY	Albany, New York	√	
ACY	Atlantic City, NJ	√	
ADS	Addison, Texas	√	
AEG	Aek Godang, Indonesia		√
APF	Naples, FL	√	
ASE	Aspen, CO	√	
BED	Bedford, MA	√	
BGD	BorgerTX	√	
BGR	Bangor, Maine	√	
BKL	Cleveland, Ohio	√	
BOS	Boston, MA	√	
CHO	Charlottesville, VA	√	
CMH	Columbus, Ohio	√	
CPS	Cahokia- St. Louis, Illinois	√	
CYQX	Gander, Canada		√
CYJT	Stephenville, Canada		√
CYUL	Montreal, Canada		√
DCA	Washington, D.C.	√	
DFW	Dallas Fort Worth, TX	√	
DGAA	Accra, Ghana		√
DNAA	Abuja, Nigeria		√
EBBR	Brussels, Belgium		√
EGAA	Belfast, United Kingdom		√
EGBB	Birmingham, UK		√
EGGW	London		√
EGSH	Norwich, UK		√
EGYM	Mahram, UK		√
EINN	Shannon, Ireland		√
EKCH	Copenhagen, Denmark		√
ENGM	Oslo, Norway		√
ESSA	Stockholm, Sweden		√
EWR	Newark, NJ	√	
FACT	Cape Town, South Africa		√
FAJS			
FDK	Frederick, Maryland	√	
FLL	Fort Lauderdale, FL	√	
FMY	Fort Myers, FL	√	
FQMA	Maputo, Mozambique		√
FSM	Fort Smith, AR	√	
FXE	Fort Lauderdale, FL	√	
GAI	Gaithersburg, MD	√	

GENN			
GMFF	Fes, Morocco		√
GMMX	Marrakech, Morocco		√
GMTT	Tangier, Morocco		√
GNV	Gainesville, FL	√	
GRL	Garassa, Papua New Guinea		√
GVAL	Springvale, Australia		√
HPN	White Plains, NY	√	
HRYR	Kigali, Rwanda		√
HST	Homestead, FL	√	
HVN	New Haven, Connecticut	√	
IMS			
ISM	Kissimmee, FL	√	
ISP	Islip Long Island, NY	√	
JAN	Jackson, MS	√	
JAX	Jacksonville, FL	√	
JFK	New York, NY	√	
LAL	Lakeland, FL	√	
LAS	Las Vegas, Nevada	√	
LCQ	Lake City, FL	√	
LEBB	Bilbao, Spain		√
LEMO	Moron Air Base, Spain		√
LEPA	Palma de Mallorca, Spain		√
LFMN	Nice, France		√
LFPB	Paris, France		√
LFTH			
LGA	La Guardia, New York	√	
LGB	Long Beach – Daugherty, CA	√	
LIEO	Olbia, Italy		√
LIML	Milan, Italy		√
LIPR	Rimini, Italy		√
LIT	Little Rock, AR	√	
LKPR	Prague, Czech Republic		√
LNA	West Palm Beach, FL	√	
LPAZ	Santa Maria, Vila do Porto, Portugal		√
LSJ	Long Island, Papua New Guinea		√
MCO	Orlando, FL	√	
MDPC	Punta Cana, Dominican Republic		√
MDPP	Puerto Plata, Dominican Republic		√
MDW	Chicago Midway, Illinois	√	
MFA	Mafia Island, Pwani Tanzania		√
MGM	Montgomery, AL	√	
MIA	Miami, FL	√	
MIV	Millville, NJ	√	
MPPV			

MRY	Monterey Peninsula, CA	√	
MTN	Glenn Martin, Baltimore, MD	√	
MVY	Martha's Vinyard	√	
MYEF	George Town, Bahamas		√
MYNN	Nassau, Bahamas		√
OMDB	Dubai, United Emirates		√
OPF	Opa Locka, FL	√	
OQU			
PANC	Anchorage, Alaska	√	
PBI	West Palm Beach, FL	√	
PDK	Atlanta, Georgia	√	
PHX	Phoenix, Arizona	√	
PMP	Pimaga, New Guinea		√
RJTA	Atsugi Naval Air Facility, Japan		√
RSW	Fort Myers, FL	√	
SAF	Santa Fe, NM	√	
SAN	San Diego, California	√	
SBA	Santa Barbara, CA	√	
SBGR	Sao Paulo, Brazil		√
SEGU	Simon Bolivar Int'l airport in Guayaquil, Ecuador		√
SFO	San Francisco, CA	√	
SJF	Saint John Island, US Virgin Islands		√
SUA	Stuart, FL	√	
SWF	Shantou, China		√
TEB	Teterboro, NJ	√	
TIST	US Virgin Islands		√
TNCM	Saint Martin		√
TQPF	The Valley, Anguilla (Puerto Rico)		√
ULLI	St. Petersburg, Russia		√
UNNT	Novosibirsk, Russia		√
UUWW	Moscow, Russia		√
VCBI	Colombo, Sri Lanka		√
VHHH (UHHH)	Khabarovsk, Russia		√
VNY	Van Nuys, Los Angeles	√	
VTBD	Bangkok, Thailand		√
WBSB	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei		√
WRRR			
WSSS	Singapore		√
ZBAA	Beijing, China		√
ZGSZ	Shenzhen, China		√
ZORRO	Santa Fe Ranch		√
ZUUU	Chengdu, China		√

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

**REPLY MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF
DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR A STAY OF DISCOVERY**

Laura A. Menninger
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
303.831.7364

Table of Contents

ARGUMENT..... 2

 I. The Motion to Dismiss is Dispositive and Well Founded In Law..... 2

 II. Discovery in This Case Will be Extremely Costly and Burdensome..... 4

 III. Plaintiff Cannot Establish Substantial Prejudice..... 6

 IV. Plaintiff’s “Background” Section Should Be Disregarded 9

CONCLUSION 10

Contrary to Plaintiff's assertions, this is not a "simple defamation case." Rather, under the guise of a single claim for defamation, Plaintiff clearly seeks to litigate her false and malicious accusations of sexual abuse against Ms. Maxwell. For years, Ms. Maxwell has suffered Plaintiff's unabated and unfiltered character attacks in both the media and in thinly-veiled press releases masquerading as legal pleadings. Now, Ms. Maxwell has moved to dismiss the Complaint with the hopes of ending further dissemination of Plaintiff's decades-old sordid allegations characterized by another court as "lurid," "immaterial and impertinent."

Given these circumstances, Ms. Maxwell has amply demonstrated good cause to stay discovery pending resolution of her Motion to Dismiss. First, the Motion to Dismiss presents multiple, independent bases upon which this Court may dismiss the Complaint pursuant to Rule 12(b)(6). Each basis for dismissal is legally well-founded and, with respect to the two independent privileges, challenges the Complaint on matters of law rather than sufficiency of the pleadings. Assuming either privilege applies, any amendment to the Complaint would be futile. Second, in her Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Stay ("Opposition" or "Pl's Opp'n") as well as in her discovery requests, Plaintiff essentially concedes the breadth of potential discovery. Any self-serving characterization of her own discovery requests as "narrowly tailored" is disingenuous as even a cursory review can attest. The Opposition alone references dozens of potential witnesses, many of whom reside abroad, and purported "mountain[s] of evidence" spanning over sixteen years. Third, the length of the stay sought is negligible. Fourth, Plaintiff has not demonstrated any unfair prejudice she will suffer as a result of the stay; given the 6 years she has already been litigating the same underlying allegations against others, Plaintiff and her various attorneys already possess substantially more documents concerning this case than does

Ms. Maxwell who has never been a party previously regarding any of Plaintiff's frivolous claims.

Finally but no less importantly, Ms. Maxwell takes issue with the nature of Plaintiff's Opposition. Instead of addressing factors relevant to a stay determination, Plaintiff improperly (1) added new allegations not included or referenced in the Complaint; (2) referenced documents and evidence not properly considered on a Motion to Dismiss; and (3) effectively extended the number of pages allowed in this District in response to a motion to dismiss. Rule 2(D) of this Court's Individual Rules of Practice expressly limits memoranda of law in support of and opposition to substantive motions to 25 pages. Because this Opposition actually represents a substantive response to the Motion to Dismiss, Plaintiff should not be afforded an additional 25 pages for essentially a second bite at the Motion to Dismiss apple.

ARGUMENT

I. The Motion to Dismiss is Dispositive and Well Founded In Law

Good cause for a stay does not require a showing that Plaintiff's claim is *definitely* unmeritorious or that this Court *will* grant the Motion to Dismiss. Rather, Ms. Maxwell must demonstrate that the Motion to Dismiss is "potentially dispositive and appears to be not unfounded in the law." *Negrete and Negrete v. Citibank, N.A.*, 15 CIV. 7250 (RWS), 2015 WL 8207466, at * 3 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 4, 2015) (J. Sweet). Ms. Maxwell has more than met this burden. The Motion to Dismiss challenges the Complaint on multiple grounds, each affording a substantial basis for dismissal.

First, the self-defense privilege is well founded in law and not defeated by Plaintiff's conclusory allegations of intent. *See* Mot. to Dism. at 8-13. *Kane v. Orange Cnty. Publ'n*, 232

A.D.2d 526, 527 (2d Dept. 1996), illustrates this point. In that case, the appellate court found the qualified privilege barred a defamation claim premised upon the defendant's open letter to a newspaper responding to unfavorable publicity against him -- "publicity concededly generated with the cooperation of plaintiffs" -- despite that plaintiff's claims that the letter "contained numerous untruths, misrepresentations, and misstatements of fact, *known to be false and misleading by defendant.*" *Id.* at 526¹ (emphasis added). This Complaint is similarly premised on Ms. Maxwell's response to Plaintiff's direct attacks in the media against her character. Plaintiff ignores the well-settled law that bare allegations of malice are insufficient to defeat the self-defense privilege. *Compare* Pl's Opp'n at 8 ("This allegation alone defeats the application of privilege.") *with* Mot. to Dism. at 12 (quoting *Biro v. Conde Nast*, 883 F.Supp.2d 441, 457 (S.D.N.Y. 2012) ("Bare allegations that the defendant knew or should have known that the statements were false is insufficient.")).²

Second, the pre-litigation privilege provides an independent and substantial basis for dismissal of the Complaint. In opposition, Plaintiff argues that one of the statements was issued in London by Ms. Maxwell's press agent—a non-lawyer. Pl's Opp'n at 10. New York courts repeatedly apply the pre-litigation privilege to statements made by the "*parties, counsel, witnesses, and the court.*" *Int'l Pub. Concepts, LLC v. Locatelli*, 9 N.Y.S.3d 593, Slip Op. 50049 at *3-4 (emphasis added). Of course, if Plaintiff is taking the position that Mr. Gow was not speaking for Ms. Maxwell, such would provide an additional reason for dismissal of the

¹ As Plaintiff recognizes, the court in *Kane* ultimately did not reach the question of malice, finding no need given the "open letter" was a privileged response to the unfavorable publicity, as is the case here, and therefore was not defamatory. *Id.*

² Plaintiff also flagrantly ignores the *federal* case law providing that qualified privilege is properly considered at the motion to dismiss stage. *See* Mot. to Dism. at 8 (to establish a proper claim for defamation, plaintiff must demonstrate that defendant "lack[ed] a privilege").

Complaint. Otherwise, a communication by a party's agent typically is treated as a communication by the party itself. *See In re Copper Market Antitrust Litig.*, 200 F.R.D. 213 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (company's public relations agent "can fairly be equated" with the company for the purpose of analyzing the availability of the attorney-client privilege to protect communications). Further, Plaintiff misstates the law when she claims to defeat the privilege through her naked assertion that the intent of the statements were "to bully, harass and intimidate the Defendant" Pl's Opp'n at 9. Indeed, the *Khalil* court specifically declined to adopt any such element equivalent to spite or malice, instead applying the pre-litigation privilege to any statement made pertinent to "pending or contemplated litigation." *Front, Inc. v. Khalil*, 24 N.Y.3d 713, 720 (2015); *see also Int'l Pub. Concepts*, Slip Op. 50049 at *3-4. Ms. Maxwell respectfully refers the Court to the Motion to Dismiss in which she details that her January 3 Statement specifically "reserve[d] her right to seek redress at the repetition of such claims." Mot. to Dism. at 15.

Third, the Motion to Dismiss raises three potentially fatal pleading deficiencies in the Complaint. For each pleading deficiency, Ms. Maxwell cites to binding and persuasive authority (including several cases decided by this Court) that require dismissal of defamation claims which fail to adequately plead the "to whom, where or in what manner" any such statements were made, as well as the need for special damages. *See* Mot. to Dism. at 17-23; *e.g.*, *Cruz v. Marchetto*, No. 11 Civ. 8378, 2012 WL 4513484, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. 2012) (dismissing defamation claim for failure to meet the pleading standards set forth in Fed. R. Civ. P. 8).

II. Discovery in This Case Will Be Extremely Costly and Burdensome

Not a single aspect of Plaintiff's discovery requests have been "narrowly tailored" to the heart of this action: the circumstances surrounding any allegedly defamatory statements.

Instead, as is apparent from the new and increasingly outlandish allegations raised in opposition, Plaintiff clearly intends a “kitchen sink” approach to discovery. In a case such as this that encompasses allegations dating back over sixteen (16) years and involves hundreds of individuals living in various countries, the costs and burden of discovery will be extremely high. When facing such “mountains” of discovery, courts routinely grant a motion to stay pending the outcome of a dispositive motion.³ *Johnson v. N.Y.U. Sch. Of Educ.* 205 F.R.D. 433 (S.D.N.Y. 2002) (granting stay of discovery to obviate burdensome discovery including extensive interrogatories that “ask[] for information covering a span of more than five years”); *Am. Booksellers Assoc. v. Houghton Mifflin Co., Inc.*, 94 CIV. 8566 (JFK), 1995 WL 72376 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 22, 1995) (“The discovery sought by plaintiffs is very broad and to require defendants to respond to it at this juncture... would be extremely burdensome.”).

Emblematic of Plaintiff’s mischaracterization of the breadth of discovery in this case is her claim that she served thirty (30) discovery requests when in fact she served thirty *nine* (39). Mot. for Stay, Ex. A. In the Motion to Stay, Ms. Maxwell referenced four glaring examples of Plaintiff’s so-called “narrowly tailored” discovery requests. The rest are no more “narrowly tailored”; other examples include:

- All documents identifying passengers, manifests, or flight plans for any helicopter or plane ever owned or controlled by your or Jeffrey Epstein or any associated entity from 1999 – present. (No. 9)
- All documents relating to payments made from Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity to you from 1999-present, including payments for work performed, gifts,

³ Interestingly, Plaintiff claims there exists a “voluminous number of decisions denying stay requests in contexts analogous to this case” yet cites two cases—both from 1985—that are anything but analogous to this case. *See Howard v. Galesi*, 107 F.R.D. 348, 350 (S.D.N.Y. 1985) (noting that discovery requests were not served on the moving party, the moving party did *not* argue that document requests were burdensome or overreaching, and the party to which the discovery requests were served did not object); *Waltzer v. Conner*, No. 83 CIV 8806 (SWK), 1985 WL 2522, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 12, 1985) (denying motion to stay where moving party made only conclusory statements to establish good cause).

real estate purchases, living expenses, and payments to your charitable endeavors including the TerraMar project. (No. 10)

- All documents reflecting communications you have had with Bill or Hillary Clinton (or persons acting on their behalf), including all communications regarding your attendance at Chelsea Clinton's wedding ceremony in 2010. (No. 37)
- All documents reflecting training to fly a helicopter or experience flying a helicopter, including any records concerning your operation of a helicopter in the U.S. Virgin Islands. (No. 39).

Mot. for Stay, Ex. A.

Plaintiff claims that this Court's decision in *Spinelli* is inapposite. Pl's Opp'n. at 17. In a sense, she is correct: the potential discovery in *Spinelli* pales in comparison to the anticipated discovery here. *Spinelli v. Nat'l Football League*, No. 13 CIV. 7398 (RWS), 2015 WL 7302266, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 17, 2015). This case involves 94 potential witnesses, many of whom live abroad, and decades-old factual allegations that purportedly involve the Clintons, members of the British Royal Family, an esteemed Harvard Law Professor, flight manifests, helicopter lessons, Victoria Secret models, and so on. This is not a "simple defamation claim."

III. Plaintiff Cannot Establish Substantial Prejudice

Plaintiff presents a two-pronged complaint of prejudice: one, Plaintiff claims that a stay of discovery "indefinitely" will "run out the clock" on Plaintiff's discovery requests (Pl's Opp'n at 18); and two, memories of potential witnesses are bound to fade and evidence may grow stale during the pendency of the Motion to Dismiss. (*Id.* at 19). Both positions are frivolous, not supported by specific evidence, and incorrect.

To be clear, Ms. Maxwell seeks a stay of discovery for only the *definite* period of time it takes this Court to decide the Motion to Dismiss. Briefing will be complete by December 28, 2015, and oral argument is scheduled for January 14, 2016. Doc. #19. Nothing suggests this

Court will decide the Motion in anything other than an expeditious manner. Thus, any stay would last at most for a brief period.

Next, Plaintiff has been represented by counsel and publicly raised allegations against Ms. Maxwell since at least May 4, 2009 (Compl. ¶ 4). Ms. Maxwell consistently has denied Plaintiff's allegations, both publicly and privately. Plaintiff cannot therefore complain of "fading memories" and "stale evidence" during a months' long stay when she waited years to bring a claim against Ms. Maxwell regarding events she claimed occurred 16 years ago (including four years since she claims Ms. Maxwell first issued a statement about her). In addition, Plaintiff has not provided a single example of a memory at risk of fading or evidence that may become stale during a potential stay. Absent specifics, Plaintiff cannot establish a substantial prejudice. *See Bethpage Water Dist. v. Northrop Grumman Corp.*, No. 13-CV-6362 SJF WDW, 2014 WL 6883529, at *3 (E.D.N.Y. Dec. 3, 2014); *see also Gandler v. Nazarov*, No. 94 Civ. 2272 (CSH), 1994 WL 702004, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 14, 1994) (granting stay of discovery because, *inter alia*, plaintiffs presented no evidence suggesting unfair prejudice caused by a stay.); *cf. In re LaBranche Sec. Litig.*, 333 F.Supp.2d 178, (S.D.N.Y. 2004) (J. Sweet) (finding plaintiffs would be unduly prejudiced by a continued stay which would result in plaintiffs being the only interested party without access to relevant documents rendering them unable to make informed decisions about litigation strategy).

The court's analysis in *Bethpage Water* is directly applicable here:

The risks of which plaintiff complain do not unfairly prejudice plaintiff, but rather are usual litigation risks that affect all the parties equally, regardless of the amount of time permitted for discovery... Thus, any marginal impact on the evidence and/or memories of witnesses does not outweigh the substantial burden and expense of conducting time-consuming fact and expert discovery on all issues in this case pending a decision on a potentially dispositive motion.

Id. (citing *ITT Corp. v. Travelers Cas. & Surety Co.*, NO. 12-civ-38, 2012 WL 2944357, at *3-4 (D. Conn. July 18, 2012)).

Plaintiff already possesses numerous documents that she asserts are supportive of her claims. *See* Pl's Opp'n at 1 (“[o]verwhelming evidence” which is “publicly available” purportedly “corroborates” Plaintiff’s claims); Decl. of Sigrid McCawley & Exs. 1-9 (including police reports and deposition transcripts which likely are not publicly available). With the assistance of able counsel, Plaintiff has litigated similar allegations based on the same facts against Mr. Jeffrey Epstein from 2009 – 2011. Compl. ¶ 17. She has involved herself in discussions with the FBI. *Id.* ¶ 22. And she has attempted to participate in the federal civil action against the U.S. Attorney’s Office in the Southern District of Florida based on the Crime Victim’s Rights Act. *Id.* ¶ 26-27. Plaintiff’s former counsel currently is actively participating in defamation litigation against Professor Dershowitz in Florida state court, and Plaintiff through her current counsel has participated repeatedly as a non-party in that action. *See Bradley Edwards and Paul Cassell v. Alan Dershowitz*, Case No. 15-000072, Broward County, Fla.⁴ By virtue of the deposition transcripts, police reports and other litigation papers Plaintiff already has gathered, attached to her Opposition and claims are pertinent to her false allegations of abuse, she has in effect demonstrated the absence of prejudice to her of any stay. *See Chrysler Capital Corp. v. Century Power Corp.*, 137 F.R.D. 209 (S.D.N.Y. 1991) (granting motion to stay where discovery request are extensive and plaintiffs already possessed extensive discovery material as a result of prior proceedings).

⁴ Docket available at <http://www.clerk-17th-flcourts.org/Web2/CaseSearch/Details/?caseid=NzkzMzM0MQ%3d%3d-zjTLrlvwx90%3d&caseNum=CACE15000072&category=CV>

In sum, all of the factors weigh in favor of a stay of discovery under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c). Ms. Maxwell's Motion to Dismiss contains multiple, substantial grounds for dismissal, the breadth of discovery is poised to be nearly limitless, and Plaintiff cannot show any undue prejudice resulting from a short stay. Ms. Maxwell's motion should therefore be granted.

IV. Plaintiff's "Background" Section Should Be Disregarded

Plaintiff's "Background" section and supporting Declaration of Sigrid McCawley raise factual allegations and reference documents that may not properly be considered on a Motion to Dismiss.⁵ They therefore should not be considered in connection with this Motion to Stay premised on, at least indirectly, the merits of the Motion to Dismiss.

In considering a motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim under Rule 12(b)(6), "a district court must limit itself to facts stated in the complaint or in documents attached to the complaint as exhibits or incorporated in the complaint by reference. Of course, it may also consider matters of which judicial notice may be taken under Fed. R. Evid. 201." *Kramer v. Time Warner Cable Inc.*, 937 F.2d 767, 773 (2d Cir. 1991). Before considering documents outside of the complaint, several conditions must be met. Specifically, "even if a document is 'integral' to the complaint, it must be clear on the record that no dispute exists regarding the authenticity or accuracy of the document...It must also be clear that there exists no material disputed issues of fact regarding the relevance of the document." *Faulkner v. Beer*, 463 F.3d 130, 134 (2d Cir. 2006). Finally, if the court elects to consider documents entirely outside the complaint, it must convert the motion to one for summary judgment and give the parties an

⁵ Here, "Background" is a euphemism for "extrajudicial statements" that Plaintiff and her lawyers are prohibited from making under New York Rules of Professional Conduct 3.6 and 8.4(d).

opportunity to conduct appropriate discovery and submit additional supporting material contemplated by Rule 56. *Chambers v. Time Warner, Inc.*, 282 F.3d 147, 154 (2d Cir. 2002).

Plaintiff here attempts to use the “Background” section of her Opposition to slip additional false accusations against Ms. Maxwell through the proverbial back door. Her references to deposition transcripts in the 2009 litigation to which Ms. Maxwell was not a party, and thus had no opportunity to defend herself, are particularly egregious. *See* Pl’s Opp’n at 3-5. As Ms. Maxwell detailed in her Motion to Dismiss, this by no means represents the first time Plaintiff has introduced salacious and false accusations in a court pleading. On April 7, 2015 U.S. District Court Judge Marra denied Plaintiff’s Rule 21 motion to join a 2008 CVRA litigation in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida, ordered the portions of the Joinder Motion pertaining to non-parties including Ms. Maxwell stricken as “immaterial and impertinent,” and restricted the documents mentioning “lurid details” from public access. Mot. to Dism. at 4-5.

Plaintiff’s undoubtedly included the superfluous false allegations, both in the Florida actions and here in order to draw additional media attention as a means to further her malicious character attack against Ms. Maxwell. The quotations from the deposition transcripts and “sworn statements” to the Palm Beach Police Department are not relevant to the Motion to Stay and may not be considered on a Motion to Dismiss. The entire “Background” section should therefore be disregarded as impertinent, immaterial and scandalous.⁶

⁶ Ms. Maxwell also notes that this Court may follow Judge Marra’s lead and issue a *sua sponte* order striking the allegations in the “background” section pursuant to F.R.Civ.P. 12(f).

CONCLUSION

As detailed above, good cause exists to justify a stay of discovery pending Ms. Maxwell's Motion to Dismiss.

Dated: December 15, 2015.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on December 15, 2015, I electronically filed this *Reply Memorandum of Law in Support of Motion for a Stay of Discovery* with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to all counsel of record including the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**PLAINTIFF VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE'S OPPOSITION AND INCORPORATED
MEMORANDUM OF LAW TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS**

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	ii
INTRODUCTION	1
ARGUMENT	5
I.. Maxwell’s Statements Are Not Protected By A Qualified Privilege	5
A. It Is Premature For The Court To Determine Qualified Privilege.....	7
B. The Qualified “Self-Defense” Privilege Does Not Exonerate Defendant From Her Malicious Defamatory Statements	9
1. The Statements Were Made With Malice And With Knowledge Of Their Falsity, Thus Defeating Any Privilege..	9
2. Calling A Sexual Abuse Victim A “Liar” Is More Than A “General Denial” And Qualifies As Defamation.....	10
3. Defendant’s Cited Cases Do Not Support Her Assertion Of The Self-Defense Privilege...	11
C. The Qualified Pre-Litigation Privilege Does Not Exonerate Defendant From Her Malicious Defamatory Statements.	13
1. Defendant’s Statements Are Outside The Scope Of The “Pre-litigation” Qualified Privilege Because They Are Not Made “Pertinent To Anticipated Good Faith Litigation.”	14
2. Defendant’s Statements Are Outside The Scope Of The “Pre-Litigation” Qualified Privilege Because They Were Made To Bully, Harass, And Intimidate.....	17
II. Ms. Giuffre Has Properly Pled A Defamation Claim.....	18
A. Viewed In Context, Defendant’s Assault On Ms. Giuffre Is Defamatory..	18
B. The Complaint Alleges Whom, Where, And In What Manner The January Statement Was Made With Specificity And Supporting Facts..	20
C. Ms. Giuffre Has Pled Defamation Per Se And Does Not Need To Plead Special Damages.	23
CONCLUSION	25

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	<u>Page</u>
<u>Cases</u>	
<i>Albert v. Loksen</i> , 239 F.3d 256 (2d Cir. 2001)	6
<i>Biro v. Conde Nast</i> , 883 F. Supp. 2d 441 (S.D.N.Y. 2012)	7, 10
<i>Block v. First Blood Associates</i> , 691 F. Supp. 685 (S.D.N.Y. 1988)	<i>passim</i>
<i>Brach v. Congregation Yetev Lev D'Satmar, Inc.</i> , 265 A.D.2d 360, 696 N.Y.S.2d 496 (2d Dep't. 1999)	10
<i>Caplan v. Winslet</i> , 218 A.D.2d 148, 637 N.Y.S.2d 967 (1996).....	15
<i>Catalanello v. Kramer</i> , 18 F. Supp. 2d 504 (S.D.N.Y. 2014)	20
<i>Celle v. Filipino Reporter Enterprises Inc.</i> 209 F.3d 163 (2d Cir. 2000)	23
<i>Colantonio v. Mercy Med. Ctr.</i> 115 A.D.3d 902, 982 N.Y.S.2d 563 (2014).....	8
<i>Collier v. Postum Cereal Co.</i> , 150 A.D. 169, 134 N.Y.S. 847 (App. Div. 1912).....	8
<i>Davis v. Boeheim</i> , 24 N.Y.3d 262, 22 N.E.3d 999 (2014)	4, 10, 19
<i>Deutsche Asset Mgmt., Inc. v. Callaghan</i> , No. 01 Civ. 4426 CBM, 2004 WL 758303 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 7, 2004).....	22
<i>Dillon v. City of New York</i> , 261 A.D.2d 34, 704 N.Y.S.2d (1999).....	19, 21
<i>Edwards v. Great N. Ins. Co.</i> , No. 03CV2947(NG)RML, 2006 WL 2053717 (E.D.N.Y. July 21, 2006).....	19
<i>Edwards v. National Audubon Society, Inc.</i> , 556 F.2d 113 (2d Cir. 1977)	10
<i>Fowler v. New York Herald Co.</i> , 184 A.D. 608, 172 N.Y.S. 423 (App. Div. 1918).....	8

<i>Frechtman v. Gutterman</i> , 115 A.D.3d 102, 979 N.Y.S.2d 58 (2014).....	15
<i>Front v. Khalil</i> , 24 N.Y.3d 713 (2015).....	14, 16, 17, 18
<i>Ge Dandong v. Pinnacle Performance Ltd.</i> , 966 F. Supp. 2d 374 (S.D.N.Y. 2013)	3
<i>Idema v. Wager</i> , 120 F. Supp. 2d 361 (S.D.N.Y. 2000) aff'd, 29 F. App'x 676 (2d Cir. 2002)	24
<i>Independent Living Aids, Inc. v. Maxi-Aids, Inc.</i> , 981 F. Supp. 124 (E.D.N.Y. 1997).....	11
<i>Int'l Pub. Concepts, LLC v. Locatelli</i> , 46 Misc. 3d 1213(A), 9 N.Y.S.3d 593 (NY Sup. Ct. 2015)	15
<i>Kamchi v. Weissman</i> 125 A.D.3d 142, 1 N.Y.S.3d 169 (N.Y. App. Div. 2014)	8
<i>Kaminester v. Weintraub</i> , 131 A.D.2d 440, 516 N.Y.S.2d 234 (1987).....	10
<i>Kane v. Orange Cty. Publications</i> , 232 A.D.2d 526, 649 N.Y.S.2d 23 (1996).....	13
<i>Kirk v. Heppt</i> , 532 F. Supp. 2d 586 (S.D.N.Y. 2008)	15
<i>Lawson v. Stow</i> , 2014 COA 26, 327 P.3d 340	21
<i>Lieberman v. Gelstein</i> , 80 N.Y.2d 429, 605 N.E.2d 344 (1992)	24
<i>Long v. Marubeni Am. Corp.</i> , 406 F. Supp. 2d 285 (S.D.N.Y. 2005)	8
<i>Mase v. Reilly</i> , 206 A.D. 434, 201 N.Y.S. 470 (App. Div. 1923).....	11
<i>Massre v. Bibiyan</i> , No. 12 CIV 6615 KPF, 2014 WL 2722849 (S.D.N.Y. June 16, 2014).....	25
<i>Matherson v. Marchello</i> , 100 A.D.2d 233, 473 N.Y.S.2d 998 (1984).....	23
<i>McCarthy v. Dun & Bradstreet Corp.</i> , 482 F.3d 184 (2d Cir. 2007)	3

McNamee v. Clemens,
762 F. Supp. 2d 584 (E.D.N.Y. 2011).....4, 10

Mencher v. Chesley,
193 Misc. 829, 85 N.Y.S.2d 431 (Sup. Ct. 1948)8

Park Knoll Associates v. Schmidt,
59 N.Y.2d 205, 451 N.E. 2d 182 (1983)6

Pure Power Boot Camp, Inc. v. Warrior Fitness Boot Camp,
813 F. Supp. 2d 489 (S.D.N.Y. 2011)24

Roberti v. Schroder Inv. Mgmt. N. Am., Inc.,
No. 04CIV2404 (LTS) (THK), 2006 WL 647718 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 14, 2006)7

Seung Jin Lee v. Tai Chul Kim,
16 Misc. 3d 1118(A), 847 N.Y.S.2d 899 (Sup. Ct. 2007).....12

Shenkman v. O'Malley,
2 A.D.2d 567, 157 N.Y.S.2d 290 (1956).....8, 12

Teicher v. Bellan,
7 A.D.2d 247, 181 N.Y.S.2d 842 (1959).....8

Thompson v. Bosswick,
855 F. Supp. 2d 67 (S.D.N.Y. 2012)24

Wannamaker v. Columbian Rope Co.,
713 F. Supp. 533 (N.D.N.Y. 1989) *aff'd*, 108 F.3d 462 (2d Cir. 1997)19

Weldy v. Piedmont Airlines, Inc.,
985 F.2d 57 (2d Cir. 1993)6, 7

Whelehan v. Yazback,
84 A.D.2d 673, 446 N.Y.S.2d 626 (1981).....7, 9

Worldhomecenter.com, Inc. v. M.J. Resurrection, Inc.,
No. 11 CIV. 3371 (RWS), 2012 WL 12922 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 3, 2012).....5

Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through her undersigned counsel, hereby files this Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Dismiss, and in support thereof, states as follows:

INTRODUCTION

This is an old and familiar story. A Defendant, who committed repeated acts of sexual abuse, publicly proclaims the victim is lying to try to deflect attention from the crimes and to bully the victim back into silence. But this story will not end here. Defamation law protects victims when they are courageous enough to stand up against their abuser's false character assaults. Based on her well-pled Complaint, Ms. Giuffre has stated a defamation claim, and, therefore, is entitled to move forward with discovery to prove that Defendant's statements were not only false, but entirely fabricated out of malice.

The allegations Ms. Giuffre has made in her Complaint present a straightforward claim of defamation. As she alleges in her Complaint, convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein and Defendant, Ghislaine Maxwell, sexually abused Ms. Giuffre. Indeed, the Defendant herself recruited and groomed Ms. Giuffre to be sexually abused when Ms. Giuffre was only fifteen (15) years old. Over the next several years, Epstein and Defendant trafficked Ms. Giuffre to their friends worldwide. Ultimately, Ms. Giuffre escaped.

Several years later, having gained a sense of safety and perspective, Ms. Giuffre sought to join a long-running Crime Victims' Rights Act ("CVRA") lawsuit, which was brought by other young girls who were also abused, and sought to challenge Jeffrey Epstein's non-prosecution agreement which also pardoned co-conspirators. Through lawyers¹, Ms. Giuffre explained what Epstein and Defendant had done to her, prompting a broadside of attacks earlier this year from the

¹ Ms. Giuffre is represented in the CVRA case by a former Federal Judge for the District of Utah, Paul Cassell, and a victim's rights lawyer, Bradley Edwards. (Case No. 08-cv-80736-KAM, Southern District of Florida.)

Defendant.²

After sexually trafficking Ms. Giuffre for years, Defendant now has the audacity to broadcast that Ms. Giuffre is a “liar” and that her life story is concocted. And Defendant even claims that she is somehow “privileged” to launch these assaults.

Of course, the Court need not decide today who is lying and who is telling the truth. The narrow issue before the Court now is only whether Ms. Giuffre has pled an actionable defamation case. Ms. Giuffre’s Complaint sets forth specific well-pled allegations that present the elements of a defamation claim, including precisely-described defamatory statements that the Defendant made with actual malice:

- Ms. Giuffre “became a victim of sexual trafficking and repeated sexual abuse after being recruited by Ghislaine Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein when Giuffre was under the age of eighteen. . . . Between 1999 and 2002, with the assistance and participation of Maxwell, Epstein sexually abused Giuffre at numerous locations including his mansions in West Palm Beach Florida and in this District.” *See* Declaration of Sigrid McCawley (“McCawley Decl.”), Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶¶ 8, 9 and 16.
- “As part of their sex trafficking efforts, Epstein and Maxwell intimidated Giuffre into remaining silent about what happened to her.” *Id.* at ¶10.
- “With the assistance of Maxwell, Epstein was able to sexually abuse Giuffre for years until Giuffre eventually escaped.” *Id.* at ¶18.
- “Ultimately as a mother and one of Epstein’s many victims, Giuffre believes that she should speak out about her sexual abuse experience in the hopes of helping

² Defendant spends a significant amount of time in her Motion to Dismiss discussing Judge Marra’s ruling in the CVRA case that dealt with Alan Dershowitz’s Motion to Strike. Defendant flatly mischaracterizes the Order, which, in any event, is irrelevant to this Motion to Dismiss. In the CVRA case, Ms. Giuffre filed a joinder motion to attempt to join the other victims who were prosecuting the case. The Court found that joinder of another victim was unnecessary because the two named plaintiffs were sufficient to represent the group of victims in their claim that the government failed to properly notify them of the plea agreement with Jeffrey Epstein. Judge Marra held that “at this juncture in the proceedings” the details about the sexual abuse that Ms. Giuffre had suffered was unnecessary to the Court making a determination “of whether Jane Doe 3 [Ms. Giuffre] and Jane Doe 4 should be permitted to join [the other victims’] claim that *the Government* violated their rights under the CVRA. The factual details regarding with whom and where the Jane Does engaged in sexual activities are impertinent to this central claim (i.e. that they were known victims of Mr. Epstein and the Government owed them CVRA duties) especially considering that the details involve non-parties who are not related to the respondent Government.” No. 08-cv-80736-KAM, D.E. 324 at 5 (emphasis original). The Judge explained that Ms. Giuffre would be entitled to participate as a witness in the case to offer her evidence as needed. (D.E. 324 at 8.)

others...Giuffre incorporated an organization called Victims Refuse Silence...Giuffre has now dedicated her professional life to helping victims of sex trafficking.” *Id.* at ¶ 23-25.

- “In January 2015, Maxwell undertook a concerted and malicious campaign to discredit Giuffre and damage her reputation that Giuffre’s factual reporting of what happened to her would not be credited.” *Id.* at ¶ 28.
- “As part of Maxwell’s campaign she directed her agent, Ross Gow, to attack Giuffre’s honesty and truthfulness and accuse Giuffre of lying.” *Id.* at ¶ 29.
- Defendant stated through her press agent that Ms. Giuffre’s reports of her child sexual abuse were “obvious lies.” *Id.* at ¶ 30.
- Defendant published the defamatory statements to third parties including: “issu[ing] an additional false statement to the media and public,” and to “a reporter on a Manhattan street.” *Id.* at ¶ 30, ¶ 3.
- “Maxwell made the...defamatory statements...in the Southern District of New York...in a deliberate effort to maliciously discredit Giuffre and silence her efforts to expose sex crimes committed around the world by Maxwell, Epstein and other powerful persons...” *Id.* at ¶ 32.
- “Maxwell’s statements were published intentionally for the malicious purpose of further damaging a sexual abuse and sexual trafficking victim; to destroy Giuffre’s reputation and credibility” and that Defendant “made her false statements knowing full well that they were completely false. Accordingly, she made her statements with actual and deliberate malice, the highest degree of awareness of falsity.” *Id.* at ¶¶ 8-9.
- Defendant’s defamatory statements “tended to injure Giuffre in her professional capacity as the president of a non-profit corporation designed to help victims of sex trafficking, inasmuch as they destroyed her credibility and reputation among members of the community that seek her help and that she seeks to serve.”³ *Id.* at ¶ 11.

In response to the straight-forward Complaint, Defendant first argues that she was privileged to launch these attacks on Ms. Giuffre because of either a self-defense privilege or a

³ Defendant’s effort to include information outside the four corners of the complaint should be rejected. *See Ge Dandong v. Pinnacle Performance Ltd.*, 966 F. Supp. 2d 374 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (“It is well-established that when deciding a motion to dismiss... a court’s ‘review is limited to the facts as asserted within the four corners of the complaint, the documents attached to the complaint as exhibits, and any documents incorporated in the complaint by reference.’”) (quoting *McCarthy v. Dun & Bradstreet Corp.*, 482 F.3d 184, 191 (2d Cir. 2007)). Notably, Defendant switches gears in her Reply in Support of her Motion to Stay and agrees that the Court “must limit itself to facts stated in the complaint.” (Maxwell’s Reply in Support of Stay Motion at 9). Accordingly, the 2011 article at Ex. A of Laura Menninger’s Declaration in Support of her Motion to Dismiss should not be considered because it does not contain the actionable statement set forth in the Complaint. (*See* Declaration of Laura Menninger at Ex. A). By her own words, it must be disregarded.

pre-litigation privilege. As part of a motion to dismiss, these arguments must be rejected. First, qualified privileges are forfeited when the defamatory statement is made with malice and is false. Because Ms. Giuffre has specifically alleged that Defendant defamed her with actual malice, the privileges provide no defense. Second, the Court should not consider Defendant's qualified privilege argument at the Motion to Dismiss stage because it is premature. *See Block v. First Blood Associates*, 691 F. Supp. 685, 699-700 (Sweet, J.) (S.D.N.Y. 1988) (In a case in which another defendant claimed a pre-litigation privilege based upon statements to the press, this Court held, "[t]o prevail on a qualified privilege defense [defendant] must show that his claim of privilege does not raise triable issues of fact that would defeat it. Here, sufficient evidence has been adduced to support the inference that [defendant] acted with malice, and may not, therefore, claim a qualified privilege under New York law . . . a genuine issue as to malice and appropriate purpose has properly been raised and is sufficient to preclude summary judgment."). Defendant's asserted qualified privileges are merely affirmative defenses to be raised in her answer.

Third, Defendant discusses a 2011 statement, which is not the statement at issue, in an effort to confuse the Court into accepting her "pre-litigation privilege" argument. The actionable statement was Defendant's 2015 press release to the media charging Ms. Giuffre with lying about being sexually abused. New York's highest court found, in this exact situation, that where a sexual abuse victim is called a "liar," she has an actionable claim for defamation and it is more than a "mere denial." In *Davis v. Boehme*, 245 N.Y.3d 262, 268, 22 N.E.3d 999 (2014), the court found that stating that a person is lying about their sexual abuse is "susceptible of a defamatory connotation" because the statement "tends to expose [Plaintiff] to public contempt, hatred, ridicule, aversion or disgrace." *See also McNamee v. Clemens*, 762 F. Supp. 2d 584, 602 (E.D.N.Y. 2011) (court explaining "[t]he statements that brand McNamee a liar and suggest that there are unknown facts that when disclosed will support Clemens' denials and that suggest that

the statements meet the definition of defamation go beyond a general denial of accusations or rhetorical name calling. The statements were direct and often forcefully made, there was nothing loose or vague about them.”). Finally, Ms. Giuffre has pled all necessary elements of a defamation claim in detail with supporting facts. For those reasons, as explained in full below, Defendant’s Motion to Dismiss should be denied.

ARGUMENT

In ruling on a motion to dismiss, the Court must take all allegations in the Complaint as true and all inferences are drawn in favor of the pleader. *Worldhomecenter.com, Inc. v. M.J. Resurrection, Inc.*, (Sweet, J.) No. 11 CIV. 3371 (RWS), 2012 WL 12922, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 3, 2012). “The issue ‘is not whether a plaintiff will ultimately prevail but whether the claimant is entitled to offer evidence to support the claims.’” *Id.* Ms. Giuffre has stated a colorable claim with specificity, therefore, she is entitled to move forward and prove her claim.

I. Maxwell’s Statements Are Not Protected By A Qualified Privilege.

Defendant’s qualified privilege argument fails for three independent reasons, each requiring this Court to deny Defendant’s Motion to Dismiss. First, a privilege is an affirmative defense, which must be pled in an answer to a complaint and then properly proved. A motion to dismiss is not a proper vehicle for presenting such an argument. Second, the qualified privileges raised by Defendant (self-defense and pre-litigation) are forfeited if they are abused. Because Ms. Giuffre has alleged that Defendant launched her assault with actual malice and for an improper purpose, the privileges provide no defense. Third, the circumstances alleged by Defendant do not fit the privileges she is alleging: under New York law, no qualified privilege, - neither “self-defense” nor “pre-litigation” - applies to Defendant’s statements.

As this Court has explained, “[u]nder New York law, a qualified or conditional privilege may exist where statements are made, without malice, in furtherance of a common interest. There

is no qualified privilege under New York law when such statements are spoken with malice, knowledge of their falsity, or reckless disregard for their truth.” *Block* at 699 (Sweet, J.) (Internal citations omitted).

A defendant forfeits an alleged qualified privilege “by making a false, defamatory statement with ‘malice’ of either the common-law or constitutional variety.” *Albert v. Loksen*, 239 F.3d 256, 272 (2d Cir. 2001). *See also Park Knoll Associates v. Schmidt*, 59 N.Y.2d 205, 211, 451 N.E.2d 182, 185 (1983) (“The complaint here contains sufficient allegations of malice to withstand the motion to dismiss.”).

Even if a qualified privilege otherwise applies, it “is nevertheless forfeited if the defendant steps outside the scope of the privilege and abuses the occasion.” *Weldy v. Piedmont Airlines, Inc.*, 985 F.2d 57, 62 (2d Cir. 1993) (internal quotations omitted). In *Weldy*, the Second Circuit explained that a Plaintiff may defeat an assertion of a qualified privilege by demonstrating abuse of the privilege “by proving that the defendant acted (1) with common law malice, or (2) outside the scope of the privilege, or (3) with knowledge that the statement was false or with a reckless disregard as to its truth.” *Id.* at 62. In this case, the Defendant has fulfilled all three of the above conditions.

Here, Ms. Giuffre has pled facts to support her claim that Defendant’s defamatory statements are false, and were published with the “malicious intent of discrediting and further damaging [Ms. Giuffre] worldwide.” *See McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶ 1.* Defendant can cite to no authority that supports her position that publicly stating that a victim of sexual abuse is lying about being sexually abused as a minor child falls within *any* qualified privilege, and her assertion of that proposition is a complete misreading of the law.

A. It Is Premature For The Court To Determine Qualified Privilege.

As an initial matter, under both federal and New York law, determining whether a qualified privilege applies is premature and should not be decided at the Motion to Dismiss stage because Ms. Giuffre is entitled to establish that Defendant knew the defamatory statement was false and made for an improper purpose, thereby extinguishing any claim for a qualified privilege. In another defamation case brought before this Court, in which the defendant also made defamatory statements to the press and then tried to claim the pre-litigation privilege, this Court held that where a genuine issue as to the malice and appropriate purpose has properly been raised, a determination on the application of the privilege was precluded, *even at the summary judgment stage*. See *Block*, 691 F. Supp. at 699-700 (Sweet, J.); see also *Roberti v. Schroder Inv. Mgmt. N. Am., Inc.*, No. 04CIV2404 (LTS) (THK), 2006 WL 647718, at *9 (Swain, J.) (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 14, 2006) (Judge Swain found the same, denying the motion to dismiss on a defamation claim because “a claim of qualified privilege may be rebutted by a showing that the statement, or the implication thereof, was made with spite or ill will or with a high degree of awareness of [its] probable falsity” and plaintiff’s complaint “could support a finding that the statement was made with the requisite high degree of awareness that it was probably false.”) (internal quotations omitted);⁴ *Weldy*, 985 F.2d at 63 (the Second Circuit found that whether the privilege had been abused and, therefore, lost was a question for the jury to decide.).

New York state courts, examining alleged qualified privileges in defamation cases, have held the same. For example, in *Whelehan v. Yazback*, 84 A.D.2d 673, 673, 446 N.Y.S.2d 626, 627

⁴ Defendant misleadingly cites *Biro v. Conde Nast* for the proposition that the affirmative defense of privileges may be resolved on a motion to dismiss, but *Biro* dismissed claims based on **absolute privileges**, whose application required no factual determinations, but could be determined on the face of the pleadings, in contrast to the **qualified privileges** Defendant asserts here, which require a determination of malice and improper purpose. 883 F. Supp. 2d 441, 458 (S.D.N.Y. 2012) (dismissing some claims due to their being nonactionable opinion and protected by New York Civil Rights Law § 74 (fair report privilege) because the court need only “consider the allegations and the statements in the court records in order to determine whether the Article provides a ‘fair and true’ report of those allegations and statements, but will not consider the documents to be evidence of any of the facts stated therein.”).

(1981), the court denied the motion for *summary judgment* based on the **affirmative defense** of qualified privilege: “defendant's motion for summary judgment based on qualified privilege and plaintiff's motion to strike this defense were properly denied since qualified privilege is a defense to be pleaded and proved... and questions of fact exist as to its applicability here.” Further, as the *Bellan* court explained, when reversing an order dismissing a defamation claim, “the defendant cannot prevail upon this motion on the ground of a qualified privilege. Qualified privilege is an affirmative defense to be pleaded and proved by the defendant.” *Teichner v. Bellan*, 7 A.D.2d 247, 252, 181 N.Y.S.2d 842 (1959). *See also Colantonio v. Mercy Med. Ctr.*, 115 A.D.3d 902, 903, 982 N.Y.S.2d 563, 566 (2014) (“...this privilege...can be overcome by a showing of malice ... At this juncture [motion to dismiss], the allegations of malice that were set forth in the complaint ... preclude dismissal of the complaint...”); *Kamchi v. Weissman*, 125 A.D.3d 142, 159, 1 N.Y.S.3d 169, 182 (N.Y. App. Div. 2014) (the complaint “sufficiently alleged that [Defendant] made false statements of fact with common-law malice so as to overcome the common interest qualified privilege”); *Long v. Marubeni Am. Corp.*, 406 F. Supp. 2d 285, 298 (S.D.N.Y. 2005) (denying a motion to dismiss based, *inter alia*, upon an qualified privilege argument because the complaint alleged the defamatory statements were made “with knowledge of their falsity,” and supported that claim “with at least some facts,” and, therefore, “[n]othing more is required at this stage of litigation [to maintain the claim]”).⁵ Accordingly, Defendant’s qualified privilege arguments are not ripe for judicial determination upon a Motion to Dismiss.

⁵ Notably, the case law cited by Defendant also holds that qualified privilege is an issue for the jury to decide. *See* Maxwell’s Memorandum in Support of Motion to Dismiss (“MTD”) at 8, *Shenkman v. O’Malley*, 2 A.D.2d 567, 576, 157 N.Y.S.2d 290, 299 (1956) (whether defendant’s statement fell under the self-defense qualified privilege “cannot be said on the pleading alone,” but instead is “a proper question for the jury to determine”); MTD at 8, *Fowler v. New York Herald Co.*, 184 A.D. 608, 611, 172 N.Y.S. 423, 425 (App. Div. 1918), (“Whether the defendant in its publication went beyond its legal privilege, and should be charged with malice, was a question of fact for the jury”); MTD at 9, *Mencher v. Chesley*, 193 Misc. 829, 832, 85 N.Y.S.2d 431, 434 (Sup. Ct. 1948) (“Plaintiff contends, however, that the defendant in any event went beyond his legal privilege in repelling the attack and that consequently his privilege affords him no protection . . . the question whether the defendant went beyond his privilege is one of fact for the jury to determine, and that it cannot be disposed of as a matter of law.”); MTD at 9, *Collier v. Postum Cereal*

B. The Qualified Self-Defense Privilege Does Not Exonerate Defendant From Her Malicious Defamatory Statements

Defendant contends that her statements are subject to a qualified privilege because they were made in “self-defense.” Defendant’s statements went beyond simply denying the allegations; instead, she attacked the moral character of this sexual abuse victim by publicly proclaiming her claims of sexual abuse were “obvious lies” and suggesting that Defendant knew facts that were unknown to the public. Defamatory statements of that type, as explained further below, are not protected by a “self-defense” privilege, particularly when, as here, they are knowingly false.

1. The Statements Were Made With Malice And With Knowledge Of Their Falsity, Thus Defeating Any Privilege.

Defendant’s attempts to fit her defamatory statements against a victim of sexual abuse within the parameters of a qualified privilege must be rejected because Defendant made the statements with malice, knowing that they were false. Plaintiff will be able to show, without question, that Defendant knows that Plaintiff is not lying when she describes how Defendant recruited her for sex as an underage girl and when she describes the other trafficking activities Defendant engaged in. Once a defendant has proven the affirmative defense of qualified privilege, which Defendant has not yet done, that privilege is nonetheless defeated if “plaintiff can establish that the communication was actuated by malice.” *See Block*, 691 F. Supp. at 699 (Sweet, J.); *Whelehan*, 446 N.Y.S.2d at 674 (“defendant's motion to dismiss the complaint for failure to state a cause of action should have been denied. Plaintiff's pleading of ‘malice aforethought’ is sufficient to avoid dismissal in view of the fact that qualified privilege is an affirmative defense to be pleaded and proved by defendant and that, when malice is required to be pleaded, conclusory

Co., 150 A.D. 169, 179, 134 N.Y.S. 847 (App. Div. 1912) (evidence bearing on questions of privilege “were plainly questions for the jury”).

allegations of malice have been held sufficient.”).⁶ As pled in the Complaint, Defendant knew the statements were false because Defendant engaged in and facilitated the sexual abuse of this minor child.

2. Calling A Sexual Abuse Victim A “Liar” Is More Than A “General Denial” And Qualifies As Defamation.

Though Defendant claims that she was merely issuing a “general denial,” she went well beyond that and accused Ms. Giuffre of making claims that were “obvious lies,” with the clear implication that Defendant had knowledge unknown to the audience that would support her statement. Under New York law, such a statement constitutes grounds for a defamation claim. *See Davis*, 245 N.Y.3d at 268 (New York’s highest court holding that stating someone is lying about sexual abuse is “susceptible of a defamatory connotation.”); *see also McNamee v. Clemens*, 762 F. Supp. 2d 584 (E.D.N.Y. 2011) (“[a]n attack on a person's integrity by impugning his character as dishonest or immoral may form the basis of a defamation if an ordinary listener would tend to credit the statements as true.”); *Kaminester v. Weintraub*, 131 A.D.2d 440, 516 N.Y.S.2d 234 (2d Dep't 1987) (statements accusing plaintiff of personal dishonesty were not constitutionally protected expressions of opinion); *Edwards v. Nat'l Audubon Soc., Inc.*, 556 F.2d 113, 121-22 (2d Cir. 1977) (“The appellees were charged with being ‘paid to lie’. It is difficult to conceive of any epithet better calculated to subject a scholar to the scorn and ridicule of his colleagues than ‘paid liar.’ It is this completely foundationless accusation of venality that constitutes the essence of the calumny against the appellees.”); *Brach v. Congregation Yetev Lev D'Satmar, Inc.*, 265 A.D.2d 360, 361, 696 N.Y.S.2d 496, 498 (2d Dep't 1999) (reversing an order of dismissal and reinstating

⁶ Defendant cites *Biro v. Conde Nast*, 2014 WL 4851901 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 30, 2014) for the proposition that Ms. Giuffre has not sufficiently pled malice. However, in *Biro*, the only accusation of malice was that the defendant “‘knew or should have known’ that the statements were false,” and “the Complaint contains no factual allegations indicating that [defendant] acted recklessly in making that assumption – or had any reason to entertain doubts about the truth.” *Id.*, 2014 WL 4851901, at *2. The facts here could not be more different: not only has Ms. Giuffre alleged that Defendant *knows* the allegations are false because she was an active participant in the sexual abuse, but she detailed Defendant’s involvement with the corroborating evidence of her involvement.

defamation action based upon a publication stating that a court action was won “by lies and deceit,” finding that the statements at issue were actionable statements of “mixed opinion,” and noting that they suggested to the average reader that they were supported by some unknown facts); *Mase v. Reilly*, 206 A.D. 434, 436, 201 N.Y.S. 470, 472 (App. Div. 1923) (reversing dismissal of the complaint and holding: “The charge that a man is lying, at least, in a matter of public interest, is such a charge as tends to hold him up to scorn, as matter of law, and prima facie a complaint stating the making in writing of such a charge is good.”).

Here, Defendant has attacked Ms. Giuffre’s integrity, calling her dishonest and stating that her claims of abuse were “obvious lies,” implying that Defendant knows certain facts unknown to her audience that support her opinion. An ordinary listener would tend to credit the statements as true because Defendant traveled with, and lived with, Ms. Giuffre while she was a child abuse victim. As the *Clemens* court explained: “Clemens’ statements that McNamee is a liar are facts capable of being proven true or false by a determination of whether or not McNamee injected Clemens with steroids. The statements can be proven true or false by either truthful testimony or conclusive evidence.” *Id.* at 601. Similarly, Defendant’s statement that Ms. Giuffre is lying is a fact capable of being proven true or false by a determination of whether Ms. Giuffre was sexually abused by Defendant.

3. Defendant’s Cited Cases Do Not Support Her Assertion Of The Self-Defense Privilege.

Interestingly, the only case Defendant cites wherein a court holds that calling someone a liar isn’t defamatory, *Independent Living Aids, Inc. v. Maxi-Aids, Inc.*, 981 F. Supp. 124, 128 (E.D.N.Y. 1997), is a case that sounded in slander (spoken defamation), whereas this is a libel

case (written defamation).⁷ What constitutes defamation for libel under New York law is a much broader category, while defamation under slander is restricted to four specific categories of statements, as discussed *infra*. Ms. Giuffre has sufficiently pled *libel*, and many New York courts have held that calling someone a liar constitutes libel. Buried in a string cite, and presented without explanation or argument, Defendant cites *Shenkman v. O'Malley*, 2 A.D.2d 567, 157 N.Y.S.2d 290, (1956), in which the Court reversed the lower court's striking of the affirmative defense of the self-defense qualified privilege. MTD at 8. Notably, *Shenkman* not only held that the self-defense qualified privilege was a question for the jury to decide, but it also held that this affirmative ***defense only applies when the defendant's statement is in response to another defamatory statement***: the “defamatory reply to attack, if it is to be privileged, must, among other things, be a reply to a defamatory attack.” *Id.* at 576. Therefore, under *Shenkman*, in order to meet her burden, Defendant would have to prove - after the motion to dismiss stage - that Ms. Giuffre's accusations are defamatory - something she has not done, and never can, because the allegations of sexual abuse are true.

Defendant's other cases are also readily distinguished. For example, she cites *Kane v. Orange Cty. Publications*, 232 A.D.2d 526, 649 N.Y.S.2d 23 (1996) in support of her self-defense privilege, but this was an action brought pursuant to Civil Rights Law § 51, which authorizes a civil action when the name or likeness of any living person is used for advertising without written consent. Moreover, since it wasn't a defamation claim, the court never made a ruling as to whether to apply any privilege, but merely noted that the complaint allegations “correspond to elements of a cause of action sounding in libel” and, then, “further note[d]” that it would be “covered by a

⁷ At least one New York court has found that calling someone a liar is defamation even under the slander standard. See *Seung Jin Lee v. Tai Chul Kim*, 16 Misc. 3d 1118(A), 847 N.Y.S.2d 899 (Sup. Ct. 2007) (denying a motion to dismiss when the defendant stated that the plaintiff “is a liar; she tried to cover all the truth; how could she serve the Lord with lies; and she and her followers are satanic.”).

qualified privilege” if the complaint had been brought in libel – which it wasn’t. There is no holding in *Kane* applicable to this case.

C. The Qualified Pre-Litigation Privilege Does Not Exonerate Defendant From Her Malicious Defamatory Statements.

Defendant’s assertion of the “pre-litigation privilege” is misplaced for several reasons, as detailed below, but primarily because the pre-litigation privilege is meant to protect parties to a justiciable controversy in their attempts to narrow or resolve their claims to avoid litigation. Defendant relies upon a vaguely-worded portion of a 2015 statement that she “reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such old defamatory claims.”⁸ The indeterminate portion of the 2015 statement does not so much as imply, let alone name, the person or entity against whom Defendant has supposedly “reserve[d] the right to seek redress,” nor does it hint at what type of “redress” she may seek. This unclear and vaguely-worded statement is insufficient to shroud Defendant’s defamatory statements, contained in a press release, with the protection of a qualified privilege that is intended to protect parties trying to resolve or narrow their issues in advance of litigation.

Due to that obvious deficiency, Defendant spends many pages of her brief discussing a statement she made four years ago, with the hope that the Court will evaluate *that* statement in making a determination on the pre-litigation privilege because she knows that no privilege attaches to her 2015 statements. But, no matter how much she references the 2011 statement, it is

⁸ The January 3, 2015 statement, issued by Ross Gow, Maxwell’s press agent and referred to by Maxwell provides: “The allegations made... against *Ghislaine Maxwell* are untrue. The original allegations are not new and have been fully responded to and *shown to be untrue*. Each time the story is retold it changes, with new salacious details about public figures. (*The woman’s claims are obvious lies* and should be treated as such and not publicized as news, as they are defamatory. Ghislaine Maxwell’s original response to the lies and defamatory claims remains the same. Miss Maxwell strongly denies allegations of an unsavory nature, which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere and reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such claims.” (emphasis added to mirror quotation in ¶ 30 of Plaintiff’s Complaint. See McCawley Decl. at Ex. C, January 4, 2015 Express Article.

still not, and never will be, the statement at issue in this case.⁹ There is no controversy over the 2011 statement. Ms. Giuffre is bringing suit based on a defamatory statement made in 2015.

1. Defendant’s Statements Are Outside The Scope Of The “Pre-Litigation” Qualified Privilege Because They Are Not Made “Pertinent To Anticipated Good Faith Litigation.”

Defendant’s statements are outside the scope of any pre-litigation privilege because they are not pertinent to a good faith anticipated litigation, and because they were made for the improper purpose of bullying, harassing, and intimidation. This Court has already held that summary judgment based upon an asserted privilege protecting defamatory pre-litigation communications is precluded when a plaintiff raises “a genuine issue as to malice and *appropriate purpose*.” *Block*, 691 F. Supp. 685, 699 (Sweet, J.). Defendant’s statements that she is lying and her claims of sexual abuse are “obvious lies” are not pertinent to a good faith anticipated litigation but, instead, they were made for an inappropriate purpose, to bully, harass, and intimidate Ms. Giuffre. As pled in the Complaint, Defendant knew the statements were false because Defendant engaged in and facilitated the sexual abuse of this minor child, therefore, they were made for the inappropriate purpose of “bullying,” “harassment,” and “intimidation.” *See Front v. Khalil*, 24 N.Y.3d 713, 720 (2015).

Defendant’s statements were a message for the public, not a message to the attorneys for the British press. They were also not made by an attorney, but by a press agent, and they did nothing to reduce or avoid the need to actually commence litigation because they neither discussed

⁹ The March 10, 2011 statement provides: “Ghislaine Maxwell denies the various allegations about her that have appeared recently in the media. These allegations are all entirely false. It is unacceptable that letters sent by Ms. Maxwell’s legal representatives to certain newspapers pointing out the truth and asking for the allegations to be withdrawn have simply been ignored. In the circumstances, Ms. Maxwell is now proceeding to take legal action against those newspapers. ‘I understand newspapers need stories to sell copies. It is well know that certain newspapers live by the adage, “why let the truth get in the way of a good story”. However the allegations made against me are abhorrent and entirely untrue and I ask that they stop.’ Said Ghislaine Maxwell. ‘A number of newspapers have shown a complete lack of accuracy in their reporting of this story and a failure to carry out the most elementary investigation or any real due diligence. I am now taking action to clear my name.’ she said.” *See McCawley Decl. at Ex. B, March 2011 Statement.*

a justiciable controversy with the British press nor demanded that the coverage discontinue. The 2015, statement plainly shows Defendant *using the press* to bully, intimidate, and harass Ms. Giuffre.

New York’s pre-litigation qualified privilege does not apply to the facts in this case. Historically, statements made in the course of litigation were entitled to privilege from defamations claims “so that those discharging a public function may speak freely to zealously represent their clients without fear of reprisal or financial hazard.” *Id.* at 718. A 2015 New York Court of Appeals case somewhat extended this privilege by holding that statements made by attorneys prior to the commencement of the litigation are protected by a qualified privilege if those statements are pertinent to a good faith anticipated litigation. *Id.* at 718. (“Although it is well-settled that statements made in the course of litigation are entitled to absolute privilege, the Court has not directly addressed whether statements made by an attorney on behalf of his or her client in connection with prospective litigation are privileged” . . . “to advance the goals of encouraging communication prior to the commencement of litigation” . . . “we hold that statements made prior to the commencement of an anticipated litigation are privileged, and that the privilege is lost where a defendant proves that the statements were not pertinent to a good faith anticipated litigation.”)¹⁰

¹⁰ The cases cited in Defendant’s own brief in support of this qualified privilege argument all concern actual anticipated litigation over a justiciable controversy, where the protected communications involved statements like cease and desist letters and counsel’s speech around the courthouse, and they exclusively involve statements made by attorneys, or statements to and among parties to the anticipated litigation, and, in one case, the affected malpractice insurance carrier. For example in, *Int’l Pub. Concepts, LLC v. Locatelli*, the communications at issue concerned cease and desist letters written by an attorney. 46 Misc. 3d 1213(A), 9 N.Y.S.3d 593 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. 2015). Similarly, in *Frechtman v. Gutterman*, the communication at issue was a letter sent by a client to his attorney terminating the representation. 115 A.D.3d 102, 103, 979 N.Y.S.2d 58, 61 (2014). In *Kirk v. Heppt*, the communication at issue was made by an attorney’s client to the attorney’s malpractice carrier concerning the client’s justiciable controversy against the attorney. 532 F. Supp. 2d 586, 593 (S.D.N.Y. 2008). Finally, *Caplan v. Winslet*, cited by Defendant, is wholly inapposite to Defendant’s argument as the statement at issue was not within the pre-litigation context at all, but in the course of ongoing litigation: the alleged defamatory statement was a lawyer-to-lawyer remark made exiting the courthouse. 218 A.D.2d 148, 150-51, 637 N.Y.S.2d 967 (1996). None of these cases involved statements that were widely publicized.

The Court of Appeals' reason for allowing this qualified privilege could not be more clear: "When litigation is anticipated, attorneys and parties should be free to communicate in order to reduce or avoid the need to actually commence litigation. Attorneys often send cease and desist letters to avoid litigation. Applying privilege to such preliminary communication encourages potential defendants to negotiate with potential plaintiffs in order to prevent costly and time-consuming judicial intervention." *Id.* at 719-20.

Under this rationale, the *Khalil* court found that an attorney's letters to the potential defendant were privileged because they were sent "in an attempt to avoid litigation by requesting, among other things, that Khalil return the alleged stolen proprietary information and cease and desist his use of that information." *Id.* at 720. Neither the dicta in *Khalil*, the policy rationale discussed, nor the holding suggests that the privilege should apply to a defamatory statement like the one at issue in this case. Here, unlike *Khalil*, the Defendant's statements were 1) made by a non-attorney; 2) concerning a non-party to the alleged anticipated litigation; 3) making a knowingly false statement; and 4) that was directed at, and disseminated to, the public at large. Defendant's statements cannot be considered "pertinent to a good faith anticipated litigation," such that the qualified privilege should apply.

Moreover, it strains credulity to ask the Court to somehow read the actionable 2015 press release, calling Ms. Giuffre's sex abuse claims "obvious lies," as any type of "cease-and-desist" statement. This statement was not a communication among the "attorneys and parties," and it did nothing to "reduce or avoid" or resolve any "anticipated" litigation. Indeed, Defendant's statements make no reference to any cause of action, and they lie in stark contrast to the protected statements made in *Khalil* and in all the other cases Defendant cites.¹¹

¹¹ Unsurprisingly, Defendant cites to no case in which this qualified privilege has been extended to internationally disseminated press releases slamming a *non-party* to the "anticipated" litigation.

Most important, Defendant may never prevail in asserting this qualified privilege because, in order to invoke this privilege, she must have “meritorious claims” for “good faith” litigation. Defendant has neither. Defendant cannot have a “meritorious claim” for “good faith anticipated litigation” because Ms. Giuffre’s reports of her sexual abuse are true, Defendant knows that they are true, and Defendant made a knowingly false statement when she called Ms. Giuffre a liar. Under these circumstances, Defendant has no “meritorious” claim to make in “good faith” relating to either Ms. Giuffre’s statements or their coverage in the press, thereby making her defamatory statements wholly outside the protection of this qualified privilege.

2. Defendant’s Statements Are Outside The Scope Of The “Pre-Litigation” Qualified Privilege Because They Were Made To Bully, Harass, And Intimidate.

Khalil specifically states that the qualified privilege “does not protect attorneys who are seeking to bully, harass, or intimidate their client's adversaries by threatening baseless litigation or by asserting wholly unmeritorious claims, unsupported in law and fact, in violation of counsel's ethical obligations.” *Khalil*, 24 N.Y.3d at 720. Defendant’s defamatory statement, that a sexual abuse victim is lying about her abuse, is purposefully calculated to “bully, harass, or intimidate” that victim, and keep her silent about Defendant’s wrongdoing. Again, this is an old story. Defendant, through her press release, is merely trying to discredit Ms. Giuffre in the public eye, and thereby deflect blame; calling Ms. Giuffre a liar has nothing to do with advancing her interest in any pretended litigation with the British press. Defendant used the press to defame, discredit, and intimidate Ms. Giuffre and, therefore, these statements lie wholly outside the scope of a qualified pre-litigation privilege. *See also Block*, at 699 (Sweet, J.) (denying summary judgment on the pre-litigation qualified privilege affirmative defense because there was “a genuine issue as to malice and *appropriate purpose*”).

In sum, the cases cited by both the Court of Appeals in *Khalil* and by Defendant's Motion to Dismiss applied this privilege only to statements made pertinent to good faith anticipated litigation, among interested parties, because this qualified privilege is designed to facilitate the negotiation, settlement, or refinement of claims prior to an action being filed. It should not be applied to a socialite using her press agent to disseminate defamatory statements to the entire world, least of all where it maligns a non-party to alleged anticipated litigation that cannot, in any event, be brought in good faith because of Defendant's personal role in the underlying sexual abuse.

II. Ms. Giuffre Has Properly Pled A Defamation Claim.

As a fallback argument, Defendant raises various alleged technical deficiencies in Ms. Giuffre's complaints. These arguments, too, are totally without merit. Defendant claims that Ms. Giuffre did not provide the "context" of Defendant's defamatory statement, but (1) a motion to dismiss is not a proper vehicle to litigate the "context" in which statements are made, and (2) Ms. Giuffre did, in fact, provide sufficient "context" under New York law. What's more, even if further context were appropriate in the pleadings, it would only show that Defendant deliberately made false, defamatory, and injurious statements about Ms. Giuffre. Defendant also alleges that Ms. Giuffre failed to provide sufficient detail. This claim, too, lacks any merit because the Complaint clearly specifies the nature of the statements made by Defendant.

A. Viewed In Context, Defendant's Assault On Ms. Giuffre Is Defamatory.

Defendant asks the Court to conclude, on a motion to dismiss, that "when viewed in context, the statements are not actionable defamatory statements." MTD at p. 17. The Defendant does not advise the Court how it could possibly begin to make such a "context" determination. Presumably, the Court would have to have the full context for all statements covered by the Complaint and then evaluate the context for defamatory meaning. Of course, because Ms. Giuffre

has just filed her Complaint, a fully-developed record does not exist for any such evaluation. The Defendant's argument should be rejected for this reason.

Defendant also contends that because the Complaint did not set forth the immaterial and nonactionable portions of Defendant's defamatory press release, the Complaint is insufficiently pled, but that is not the standard under New York law. The Complaint does not employ "vague and conclusory allegation[s]"¹² without specifying "the actual defamatory words,"¹³ nor does the Complaint fail to "set forth in any manner the words which he claims are actionable so as to give defendants notice of the statements at issue,"¹⁴ as was the situation in the inapposite cases Defendant cites. To the contrary, the Complaint uses direct, word-for-word quotes of Defendant's press statements, giving all the particulars of their origination. For that reason, Ms. Giuffre's Complaint satisfies the pleading requirements.¹⁵

On the issue of context, this case is most closely akin to the recent New York Court of Appeals case *Davis v. Boenheim*, 24 N.Y.3d 262, 265, 22 N.E.3d 999 (2014). In *Boenheim*, plaintiffs were victims of sexual molestation by Bernie Fine, a former associate head basketball coach for Syracuse University. Following plaintiffs' accusations of sex abuse, James Boenheim, Fine's friend, published statements calling plaintiffs liars, and stating their allegations were financially motivated. Plaintiffs sued for defamation.

The Court of Appeals specifically held that such defamation allegations easily survive a motion to dismiss. The Court explained that, on a motion to dismiss, a court "merely examines

¹² *Dillon v. City of New York*, 261 A.D.2d 34, 39-40, 704 N.Y.S.2d 1 (1999).

¹³ *Edwards v. Great N. Ins. Co.*, No. 03cv2947(NG)(RML), 2006 WL 2053717, at *5 (E.D.N.Y. July 21, 2006).

¹⁴ *Wanamaker v. Columbian Rope Co.*, 713 F. Supp. 533, 545 (N.D.N.Y. 1989) *aff'd*, 108 F.3d 462 (2d Cir. 1997) and *aff'd*, 108 F.3d 462 (2d Cir. 1997).

¹⁵ Further, the Complaint incorporates by reference the remainder of Defendant's published statements in the January 3, 2015, statement. *See, e.g.*, McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶ 31, 37. All of Defendant's published statements are publically available, and Defendant has full notice of the statements at issue because she issued them to the press and Defendant does not deny making them. In an abundance of caution, Plaintiff has the quotes herein and attached the press release statements to her declaration as Ex.'s B and C.

the adequacy of the pleadings,” asking “whether the contested statements are reasonably susceptible of a defamatory connotation.” 22 N.E.3d at 1003. (Internal citations omitted.) The Court emphasized that “[i]f, upon any reasonable view of the stated facts, plaintiff would be entitled to recovery for defamation, the complaint must be deemed to sufficiently state a cause of action.” *Id.* The Court minded trial courts to be wary of dismissing claims at the outset in light of a plaintiff’s “right to seek redress, and not have the courthouse doors closed at the very inception of an action, where the pleading meets [the] minimal standard necessary to resist dismissal of [the] complaint.” *Id.* at 1003-04.

The Court of Appeals went on to find the complaint fully stated a cause of action because statements alleging that a person told lies about accusations of sexual abuse are “susceptible of a defamatory connotation” because they “tend[] to expose [Plaintiff] to public contempt, hatred, ridicule, aversion or disgrace.” *Id.* at 1004. The Court of Appeals also emphasized that the statements were defamatory because they “are capable of being proven true or false, as they concern whether plaintiffs made false sexual abuse allegations against Fine in order to get money, and whether [one of the plaintiffs] had made false statements in the past.” *Id.* at 1006. Of course, exactly the same points that the Court of Appeals made about the statements attacking the victims of Fine apply to Defendant’s statements attacking Ms. Giuffre.

B. The Complaint Alleges Whom, Where, And In What Manner The January Statement Was Made With Specificity And Supporting Facts.

Ms. Giuffre has pled every element for a cause of action for defamation under New York and Colorado law which are substantively similar.¹⁶ Under New York law, the elements of a defamation claim are: (1) a false statement, published to a third party; (2) without authorization or

¹⁶ The defamatory statements were made in New York, the Defendant resides in New York, and there is no conflict between New York and Colorado law, therefore, New York has the most significant interest in the issue of this litigation and New York law should apply. *Catalanello v. Kramer*, 18 F. Supp. 3d 504, 511 (S.D.N.Y. 2014).

privilege; (3) fault, judged at a minimum by a negligence standard; and (4) special harm or defamation per se. *Dillon v. City of New York*, 261 A.D.2d 34 (1999).¹⁷

Ms. Giuffre has met every requirement in her Complaint. Ms. Giuffre explained in her Complaint that she “became a victim of sexual trafficking and repeated sexual abuse after being recruited by Ghislaine Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein when Giuffre was under the age of eighteen...Between 1999 and 2002, with the assistance and participation of Maxwell, Epstein sexually abused Giuffre at numerous locations including his mansions in West Palm Beach, Florida, and in this District. With the assistance of Maxwell, Epstein was able to sexually abuse Giuffre for years until Giuffre eventually escaped.” *See* McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶¶ 8, 9 and 16. With respect to the first elements of a defamation claim, Giuffre has pled a defamatory statement concerning another: Defendant stated through her press agent that Ms. Giuffre’s reports of her child sexual abuse were “obvious lies.” *See* McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶ 30. Second, she has pled publication to a third parties, stating that Defendant’s agent “issued an additional false statement to the media and public,” and to “a reporter on a Manhattan street.” *Id.* at ¶ 30, ¶ 37. Third, Ms. Giuffre has alleged more than “fault amounting to at least negligence on the part of the publisher;” she has alleged malice and that Defendant made the statements knowingly because Defendant herself participated in the abuse. *See* McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶ 9. (“Between 1999 and 2002, with the assistance and participation of Maxwell, Epstein sexually abused Giuffre at numerous locations including his mansion in West Palm Beach, Florida, and in this District.”). Among other similar allegations, the Complaint states: “Maxwell’s statements were published intentionally for the malicious purpose of further damaging a sexual

¹⁷ *Accord, Lawson v. Stow*, 2014 COA 26, ¶ 15, 327 P.3d 340, 345 (Under Colorado law, the elements of a defamation claim are “(1) a defamatory statement concerning another; (2) published to a third party; (3) with fault amounting to at least negligence on the part of the publisher; and (4) either actionability of the statement irrespective of special damages or the existence of special damages to the plaintiff caused by the publication.”).

abuse and sexual trafficking victim; to destroy Giuffre's reputation and credibility" and that Defendant "made her false statements knowing full well that they were completely false. Accordingly, she made her statements with actual and deliberate malice, the highest degree of awareness of falsity." Compl. at ¶¶ 8-9. Fourth, Ms. Giuffre pled defamation *per se*, alleging that the false statements "exposed Giuffre to public contempt, ridicule, aversion, and disgrace, and induced an evil opinion of her in the minds of right-thinking persons." Furthermore, the Complaint alleges that Defendant's defamatory statements "tended to injure Giuffre in her professional capacity as the president of a non-profit corporation designed to help victims of sex trafficking, inasmuch as they destroyed her credibility and reputation among members of the community that seeks her help and that she seeks to serve." *See* McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶ 11.

Not only has Ms. Giuffre fully pled defamation, but also the Complaint alleges many supporting facts, giving Defendant full notice of the nature of the action. Ms. Giuffre has "specif[ied] who made the statements, when they were made, to whom they were made and in what context they were made." *Deutsche Asset Mgmt., Inc. v. Callaghan*, No. 01 Civ 4426 CBM, 2004 WL 758303, at *12. As to "who" made the statements, Ms. Giuffre specified that Defendant's "agent, Ross Gow" gave the statement under Defendant's authority, and that Defendant made the statement in Manhattan. *See* McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶ 29 and ¶ 37. As to the "when," the Complaint alleges the very days they were made: "On or about January 3, 2014" and "[o]n or about January 4, 2015." *See* McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶ 29 and ¶ 37. Additionally, paragraphs 9 through 29 of the Complaint provides ample "context," narrating the factual history of Defendant's abuse of Ms. Giuffre and referring to Defendant's statements published by the media. These defamatory statements, as alleged in the Complaint, were widely disseminated internationally and online, as acknowledged by Defendant in the instant motion. MTD at p. 18. Accordingly, not only does the Complaint plead all of the elements of defamation

per se, but it gives ample factual backing to support those elements. Defendant does not deny making these statements, nor challenge the accuracy of their dissemination by the media.

Finally, Defendant's statements impugning Ms. Giuffre honesty and calling her a liar are especially defamatory because they disparage Ms. Giuffre in her profession as president and founder of the not-for-profit whose mission is to fight sexual abuse and human trafficking. *Celle v. Filipino Reporter Enterprises, Inc.*, 209 F.3d 163, 179-80 (2d Cir. 2000) (“[I]t is actionable without proof of damage to say of a physician that he is a butcher ..., of an attorney that he is a shyster, of a school teacher that he has been guilty of improper conduct as to his pupils, of a clergyman that he is the subject of scandalous rumors, of a chauffeur that he is habitually drinking, of a merchant that his credit is bad or that he sells adulterated goods, of a public officer that he has accepted a bribe or has used his office for corrupt purposes ... - since these things discredit [one] in his chosen calling.”). Defendant's statements that Ms. Giuffre lied about her own past sex abuse discredits Ms. Giuffre in her “chosen calling” and profession of being an advocate for sex abuse victims. They paint her as a faker. Defendant's statements tell the audience that Defendant knows that Ms. Giuffre's professional endeavors are built upon a lie, thus destroying both Ms. Giuffre's reputation and the reputation and credibility of her foundation.

C. Ms. Giuffre Has Pled Defamation Per Se And Does Not Need To Plead Special Damages.

Ms. Giuffre has sufficiently alleged defamation *per se* under New York law, suing in libel based on Defendant's published defamatory statements. Ms. Giuffre need not plead or prove special damages because the defamatory statements “tend to expose the plaintiff to public contempt, ridicule, aversion or disgrace, or induce an evil opinion of [her] in the minds of right-thinking person, and to deprive [her] of their friendly intercourse in society.” *Matherson v. Marchello*, 100 A.D.2d 233, 235, 473 N.Y.S.2d 998, 1000-01 (1984). Furthermore, Defendant is

wholly incorrect in stating that a defamation per se claim is limited to professionals who are defamed within the context of their profession and suffer damages relating to their profession.

Here, Defendant confuses, or deliberately conflates, slander and libel, two types of defamation with substantially different elements required to state a claim. Defendant cites *Lieberman v. Gelstein*, for the proposition that, in order to be actionable, Defendant's statements "must be made with reference to a matter of significance and importance for [the plaintiff's profession, trade or office]." 80 N.Y.2d 429, 431, 605 N.E.2d 344 (1992). However, *Lieberman* concerned a *slander* case. Slander is defamation that is *spoken* by defendant, and an action lies in slander for very limited types of speech. However, those limitations are irrelevant in this case because this case concerns *libel*, a form of defamation that is a *written or published statement* (and, as such, typically far more widely disseminated). Pleading and proving libel *per se* is not limited to the four circumstances required for slander, but has a much broader definition.¹⁸ Similarly, the other cases cited by Defendant, *Thompson v. Bosswick*, 855 F. Supp. 2d 67 (S.D.N.Y. 2012) and *Pure Power Boot Camp, Inc. v. Warrior Fitness Boot Camp, LLC*, 813 F. Supp. 2d 489, 503 (S.D.N.Y. 2011), also concerned slander, not libel and, therefore, their holdings are inapplicable.

Instead, in libel actions, the "challenged language is actionable per se if it tends to expose another to 'public hatred, shame, obloquy, contempt, ridicule, aversion, ostracism, degradation, or disgrace' or 'to induce an evil opinion of one in the minds of right-thinking persons and to deprive one of one's confidence and friendly intercourse in society' or tends to disparage a person in the way of his office, profession or trade." *Idema v. Wager*, 120 F. Supp. 2d 361, 367 (S.D.N.Y. 2000)

¹⁸ "[S]lander per se" consists of statements (i) charging plaintiff with a serious crime; (ii) that end to injure another in his or her trade, business or profession; (iii) that plaintiff has a loathsome disease; or (iv) imputing unchastity to a woman. *Lieberman v. Gelstein*, 80 N.Y.2d 429, 435, 605 N.E.2d 344 (1992).

aff'd, 29 F. App'x 676 (2d Cir. 2002) (internal citations omitted); *Massre v. Bibiyan*, No. 12 CIV. 6615 KPF, 2014 WL 2722849, at *10 (S.D.N.Y. June 16, 2014).

Ms. Giuffre has pled **libel** per se, as the statement that Defendant lied about being a sexual abuse victim is more than sufficient to expose her to “public contempt, ridicule, aversion, and disgrace, and induced an evil opinion of her in the minds of right-thinking persons.” *See* McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶ 10. Additionally, Ms. Giuffre pled that “Maxwell’s false statements also constitute libel per se inasmuch as they tended to injure Giuffre in her professional capacity as the president of a non-profit corporation designed to help victims of sex trafficking, and inasmuch as they destroyed her credibility and reputation among members of the community that seeks her help and that she seeks to serve.” *See* McCawley Decl., Ex. 1, Compl. at ¶ 11. Accordingly, Ms. Giuffre has pled libel *per se*.

CONCLUSION

Ms. Giuffre has set forth a well pled claim for defamation. The Court should accordingly deny Defendant’s Motion to Dismiss and allow the case to proceed.

Dated: December 17, 2015

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on December 17, 2015, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley

Sigrid S. McCawley

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

_____ /

**DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCAWLEY IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS**

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.
2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Opposition to Defendant Maxwell's Motion to Dismiss.
3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of the Complaint [D.E. 1].
4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of the March 9, 2011 Press Release Statement.
5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3, is a true and correct copy of the January 3, 2015 Statement issued by Defendant's spokesman Ross Gow, quoted in the Express.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley _____
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: December 17, 2015

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on December 17, 2015, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT 1

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO: _____

v.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

Defendant.

_____ /

COMPLAINT

Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Avenue
New York, NY 10022
(212) 446-2300

Plaintiff, VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE, formerly known as Virginia Roberts (“Giuffre”), for her Complaint against Defendant, GHISLAINE MAXWELL (“Maxwell”), avers upon personal knowledge as to her own acts and status and otherwise upon information and belief:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This suit arises out of Defendant Maxwell’s defamatory statements against Plaintiff Giuffre. As described below, Giuffre was a victim of sexual trafficking and abuse while she was a minor child. Defendant Maxwell not only facilitated that sexual abuse but, most recently, wrongfully subjected Giuffre to public ridicule, contempt and disgrace by, among other things, calling Giuffre a liar in published statements with the malicious intent of discrediting and further damaging Giuffre worldwide.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This is an action for damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdictional limits of this Court.

3. This Court has jurisdiction over this dispute pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1332 (diversity jurisdiction) as Giuffre and Maxwell are citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds seventy-five thousand (\$75,000), exclusive of interest and costs.

4. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Maxwell. Maxwell resides in New York City, and this action arose, and defamatory statements were made, within the Southern District of New York.

5. Venue is proper in this Court as the cause of action arose within the jurisdiction of this Court.

PARTIES

6. Plaintiff Giuffre is an individual who is a citizen of the State of Colorado.

7. Defendant Maxwell, who is domiciled in the Southern District of New York, is not a citizen of the state of Colorado.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. Virginia Giuffre became a victim of sex trafficking and repeated sexual abuse after being recruited by Ghislaine Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein when Giuffre was under the age of eighteen.

9. Between 1999 and 2002, with the assistance and participation of Maxwell, Epstein sexually abused Giuffre at numerous locations including his mansions in West Palm Beach, Florida, and in this District. Between 2001 and 2007, with the assistance of numerous co-conspirators, Epstein abused more than thirty (30) minor underage girls, a fact confirmed by state and federal law enforcement.

10. As part of their sex trafficking efforts, Epstein and Maxwell intimidated Giuffre into remaining silent about what had happened to her.

11. In September 2007, Epstein entered into a Non-Prosecution Agreement (“NPA”) that barred his prosecution for numerous federal sex crimes in the Southern District of Florida.

12. In the NPA, the United States additionally agreed that it would not institute any federal criminal charges against any potential co-conspirators of Epstein.

13. As a co-conspirator of Epstein, Maxwell was consequently granted immunity in the Southern District of Florida through the NPA.

14. Epstein ultimately pled guilty to procuring a minor for prostitution, and is now a registered sex offender.

15. Rather than confer with the victims about the NPA, the U.S. Attorney's Office and Epstein agreed to a "confidentiality" provision in the Agreement barring its disclosure to anyone—including Epstein's victims. As a consequence, the victims were not told about the NPA.

16. On July 7, 2008, a young woman identified as Jane Doe No. 1, one of Jeffrey Epstein's victims (other than Giuffre), filed a petition to enforce her rights under the Crime Victims' Rights Act ("CVRA"), 18 U.S.C. ¶ 3771, alleging that the Government failed to provide her the rights promised in the CVRA with regard to the plea arrangement with Epstein. The litigation remains ongoing.

17. On or about May 4, 2009, Virginia Giuffre—identified then as Jane Doe No. 102—filed a complaint against Jeffrey Epstein in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida. The complaint included allegations made by Giuffre that pertained to Maxwell.

18. In pertinent part, the Jane Doe No. 102 complaint described in detail how Maxwell recruited Giuffre (who was then a minor girl) to become a victim of sex trafficking by introducing Giuffre to Jeffrey Epstein. With the assistance of Maxwell, Epstein was able to sexually abuse Giuffre for years until Giuffre eventually escaped.

19. The Jane Doe No. 102 complaint contained the first public allegations made on behalf of Giuffre regarding Maxwell.

20. As civil litigation against Epstein moved forward on behalf of Giuffre and many other similarly-situated victims, Maxwell was served with a subpoena for deposition. Her testimony was sought concerning her personal knowledge and role in Epstein's abuse of Giuffre and others.

21. To avoid her deposition, Maxwell claimed that her mother fell deathly ill and that consequently she was leaving the United States for London with no plans of ever returning. In fact, however, within weeks of using that excuse to avoid testifying, Maxwell had returned to New York.

22. In 2011, two FBI agents located Giuffre in Australia—where she had been hiding from Epstein and Maxwell for several years—and arranged to meet with her at the U.S. Consulate in Sidney. Giuffre provided truthful and accurate information to the FBI about Epstein and Maxwell’s sexual abuse.

23. Ultimately, as a mother and one of Epstein’s many victims, Giuffre believed that she should speak out about her sexual abuse experiences in hopes of helping others who had also suffered from sexual trafficking and abuse.

24. On December 23, 2014, Giuffre incorporated an organization called Victims Refuse Silence, Inc., a Florida not-for-profit corporation.

25. Giuffre intended Victims Refuse Silence to change and improve the fight against sexual abuse and human trafficking. The goal of her organization was, and continues to be, to help survivors surmount the shame, silence, and intimidation typically experienced by victims of sexual abuse. Giuffre has now dedicated her professional life to helping victims of sex trafficking.

26. On December 30, 2014, Giuffre moved to join the on-going litigation previously filed by Jane Doe 1 in the Southern District of Florida challenging Epstein’s non-prosecution agreement by filing her own joinder motion.

27. Giuffre's motion described Maxwell's role as one of the main women who Epstein used to procure under-aged girls for sexual activities and a primary co-conspirator and participant in his sexual abuse and sex trafficking scheme.

28. In January, 2015, Maxwell undertook a concerted and malicious campaign to discredit Giuffre and to so damage her reputation that Giuffre's factual reporting of what had happened to her would not be credited.

29. As part of Maxwell's campaign she directed her agent, Ross Gow, to attack Giuffre's honesty and truthfulness and to accuse Giuffre of lying.

30. On or about January 3, 2015, speaking through her authorized agent, Maxwell issued an additional false statement to the media and public designed to maliciously discredit Giuffre. That statement contained the following deliberate falsehoods:

- (a) That Giuffre's sworn allegations "**against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue.**"
- (b) That the allegations have been "shown to be untrue."
- (c) That Giuffre's "**claims are obvious lies.**"

31. Maxwell's January 3, 2015, statement incorporated by reference "Ghislaine Maxwell's original response to the lies and defamatory claims remains the same," an earlier statement that had falsely described Giuffre's factual assertions as "entirely false" and "entirely untrue."

32. Maxwell made the same false and defamatory statements as set forth above, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere in a deliberate effort to maliciously discredit Giuffre and silence her efforts to expose sex crimes committed around the world by Maxwell, Epstein, and other powerful persons. Maxwell did so with the purpose and effect of having

others repeat such false and defamatory statements and thereby further damaged Giuffre's reputation.

33. Maxwell made her statements to discredit Giuffre in close consultation with Epstein. Maxwell made her statements knowing full well they were false.

34. Maxwell made her statements maliciously as part of an effort to conceal sex trafficking crimes committed around the world by Maxwell, Epstein and other powerful persons.

35. Maxwell intended her false and defamatory statements set out above to be broadcast around the world and to intimidate and silence Giuffre from making further efforts to expose sex crimes committed by Maxwell, Epstein, and other powerful persons.

36. Maxwell intended her false statements to be specific statements of fact, including a statement that she had not recruited an underage Giuffre for Epstein's abuse. Maxwell's false statements were broadcast around the world and were reasonably understood by those who heard them to be specific factual claims by Maxwell that she had not helped Epstein recruit or sexually abuse Giuffre and that Giuffre was a liar.

37. On or about January 4, 2015, Maxwell continued her campaign to falsely and maliciously discredit Giuffre. When a reporter on a Manhattan street asked Maxwell about Giuffre's allegations against Maxwell, she responded by saying: "I am referring to the statement that we made." *The New York Daily News* published a video of this response by Maxwell indicating that she made her false statements on East 65th Street in Manhattan, New York, within the Southern District of New York.

COUNT I
DEFAMATION

1. Plaintiff Giuffre re-alleges paragraphs 1 - 37 as if the same were fully set forth herein. Maxwell made her false and defamatory statements deliberately and maliciously with the intent to intimidate, discredit and defame Giuffre.

2. In January 2015, and thereafter, Maxwell intentionally and maliciously released to the press her false statements about Giuffre in an attempt to destroy Giuffre's reputation and cause her to lose all credibility in her efforts to help victims of sex trafficking.

3. Maxwell additionally released to the press her false statements with knowledge that her words would dilute, discredit and neutralize Giuffre's public and private messages to sexual abuse victims and ultimately prevent Giuffre from effectively providing assistance and advocacy on behalf of other victims of sex trafficking, or to expose her abusers.

4. Using her role as a powerful figure with powerful friends, Maxwell's statements were published internationally for the malicious purpose of further damaging a sexual abuse and sexual trafficking victim; to destroy Giuffre's reputation and credibility; to cause the world to disbelieve Giuffre; and to destroy Giuffre's efforts to use her experience to help others suffering as sex trafficking victims.

5. Maxwell, personally and through her authorized agent, Ross Gow, intentionally and maliciously made false and damaging statements of fact concerning Giuffre, as detailed above, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere.

6. The false statements made by Gow were all made by him as Maxwell's authorized agent and were made with direct and actual authority from Maxwell as the principal.

7. The false statements that Maxwell made personally, and through her authorized agent Gow, not only called Giuffre's truthfulness and integrity into question, but also exposed Giuffre to public hatred, contempt, ridicule, and disgrace.

8. Maxwell made her false statements knowing full well that they were completely false. Accordingly, she made her statements with actual and deliberate malice, the highest degree of awareness of falsity.

9. Maxwell's false statements constitute libel, as she knew that they were going to be transmitted in writing, widely disseminated on the internet and in print. Maxwell intended her false statements to be published by newspaper and other media outlets internationally, and they were, in fact, published globally, including within the Southern District of New York.

10. Maxwell's false statements constitute libel per se inasmuch as they exposed Giuffre to public contempt, ridicule, aversion, and disgrace, and induced an evil opinion of her in the minds of right-thinking persons.

11. Maxwell's false statements also constitute libel per se inasmuch as they tended to injure Giuffre in her professional capacity as the president of a non-profit corporation designed to help victims of sex trafficking, and inasmuch as they destroyed her credibility and reputation among members of the community that seeks her help and that she seeks to serve.

12. Maxwell's false statements directly stated and also implied that in speaking out against sex trafficking Giuffre acted with fraud, dishonesty, and unfitness for the task. Maxwell's false statements directly and indirectly indicate that Giuffre lied about being recruited by Maxwell and sexually abused by Epstein and Maxwell. Maxwell's false statements were reasonably understood by many persons who read her statements as conveying that specific intention and meaning.

13. Maxwell's false statements were reasonably understood by many persons who read those statements as making specific factual claims that Giuffre was lying about specific facts.

14. Maxwell specifically directed her false statements at Giuffre's true public description of factual events, and many persons who read Maxwell's statements reasonably understood that those statements referred directly to Giuffre's account of her life as a young teenager with Maxwell and Epstein.

15. Maxwell intended her false statements to be widely published and disseminated on television, through newspapers, by word of mouth and on the internet. As intended by Maxwell, her statements were published and disseminated around the world.

16. Maxwell coordinated her false statements with other media efforts made by Epstein and other powerful persons acting as Epstein's representatives and surrogates. Maxwell made and coordinated her statements in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere with the specific intent to amplify the defamatory effect those statements would have on Giuffre's reputation and credibility.

17. Maxwell made her false statements both directly and through agents who, with her general and specific authorization, adopted, distributed, and published the false statements on Maxwell's behalf. In addition, Maxwell and her authorized agents made false statements in reckless disregard of their truth or falsity and with malicious intent to destroy Giuffre's reputation and credibility; to prevent her from further disseminating her life story; and to cause persons hearing or reading Giuffre's descriptions of truthful facts to disbelieve her entirely. Maxwell made her false statements wantonly and with the specific intent to maliciously damage Giuffre's good name and reputation in a way that would destroy her efforts to administer her

non-profit foundation, or share her life story, and thereby help others who have suffered from sexual abuse.

18. As a result of Maxwell's campaign to spread false, discrediting and defamatory statements about Giuffre, Giuffre suffered substantial damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

19. Maxwell's false statements have caused, and continue to cause, Giuffre economic damage, psychological pain and suffering, mental anguish and emotional distress, and other direct and consequential damages and losses.

20. Maxwell's campaign to spread her false statements internationally was unusual and particularly egregious conduct. Maxwell sexually abused Giuffre and helped Epstein to sexually abuse Giuffre, and then, in order to avoid having these crimes discovered, Maxwell wantonly and maliciously set out to falsely accuse, defame, and discredit Giuffre. In so doing, Maxwell's efforts constituted a public wrong by deterring, damaging, and setting back Giuffre's efforts to help victims of sex trafficking. Accordingly, this is a case in which exemplary and punitive damages are appropriate.

21. Punitive and exemplary damages are necessary in this case to deter Maxwell and others from wantonly and maliciously using a campaign of lies to discredit Giuffre and other victims of sex trafficking.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Giuffre respectfully requests judgment against Defendant Maxwell, awarding compensatory, consequential, exemplary, and punitive damages in an amount to be determined at trial, but in excess of the \$75,000 jurisdictional requirement; costs of suit; attorneys' fees; and such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all causes of action asserted within this pleading.

Dated September 21, 2015.

/s/ David Boies
David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

/s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley
(Pro Hac Vice Pending)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

/s/ Ellen Brockman
Ellen Brockman
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

EXHIBIT 2



Send a release
Become a client
For journalists
Global sites

Search Regulatory News Search
 Products & Services News Releases
 →

- Products & Services
- Knowledge Centre
- Browse News Releases
- Meet the Media
- Contact PR Newswire

See more news releases in [Publishing & Information Services](#) | [Legal Issues](#)

Statement on Behalf of Ghislaine Maxwell



LONDON, March 10, 2011 /PRNewswire/ -- Ghislaine Maxwell denies the various allegations about her that have appeared recently in the media. These allegations are all entirely false.

It is unacceptable that letters sent by Ms Maxwell's legal representatives to certain newspapers pointing out the truth and asking for the allegations to be withdrawn have simply been ignored.

In the circumstances, Ms Maxwell is now proceeding to take legal action against those newspapers.

"I understand newspapers need stories to sell copies. It is well known that certain newspapers live by the adage, "why let the truth get in the way of a good story." However, the allegations made against me are abhorrent and entirely untrue and I ask that they stop," said Ghislaine Maxwell.

"A number of newspapers have shown a complete lack of accuracy in their reporting of this story and a failure to carry out the most elementary investigation or any real due diligence. I am now taking action to clear my name," she said.

Media contact:

Ross Gow
Acuity Reputation
Tel: +44-203-008-7790
Mob: +44-7778-755-251
Email: ross@acuityreputation.com

SOURCE Devonshires Solicitors

Journalists and Bloggers



Visit [PR Newswire for Journalists](#) for releases, photos and customised feeds just for media.

View and download archived video content distributed by MultiVu on [The Digital Center](#).



**Snow one else
can distribute your
news to as many
journalists as
PR Newswire**



Next in [Publishing & Information Services News](#)

Get content for your website

Enhance your website's or blog's content with PR Newswire's customised real-time news feeds. [Start today.](#)

Contact PR Newswire

Send us an email at MarketingUK@prnewswire.co.uk or call us at +44 (0)20 7454 5382

Become a PR Newswire client

[Request more information](#) about PR Newswire products & services or call us at +44 (0)20 7454 5382

EXHIBIT 3

Express. Home of the Daily and Sunday Express.



PUBLISHED: 00:10, Sun, Jan 4, 2015

Ghislaine Maxwell: 'I was not a madam for paedophile'

SOCIALITE Ghislaine Maxwell dismissed claims yesterday that she acted as a "madam" to supply underage girls to US businessman Jeffrey Epstein.

PUBLISHED: 00:10, Sun, Jan 4, 2015



REX

Ghislaine Maxwell, pictured with Epstein, says claims against her are 'lies'

The daughter of disgraced Mirror newspapers chief Robert Maxwell said her character had been defamed.

Documents lodged with a court in Florida say the 53-year-old introduced her former boyfriend Epstein to powerful individuals, including Prince Andrew, after moving to New York in 1991 following the death of her father on his yacht.

According to the documents, a woman identified as Jane Doe 3 says Ms Maxwell asked her to visit Epstein's Florida mansion when she was 15 years old.

The document says: "Epstein and Maxwell turned it into a sexual encounter, as they had done with many other victims.

"Maxwell took numerous sexually explicit pictures of underage girls, including Jane Doe 3."

When the claims emerged on Friday, her spokesman, Ross Gow, said she would not be commenting and referred journalists to a 2011 statement in which she said the allegations against her were "abhorrent".

Ghislaine Maxwell's original response to the lies and defamatory claims remains the same

Ross Gow

However, he issued a fresh denial yesterday, saying: "The allegations made... against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue.

"The original allegations are not new and have been fully responded to and shown to be untrue.

"Each time the story is retold it changes, with new salacious details about public figures.

"(The woman's) claims are obvious lies and should be treated as such and not publicised as news, as they are defamatory.

"Ghislaine Maxwell's original response to the lies and defamatory claims remains the same.

"Miss Maxwell strongly denies allegations of an unsavoury nature, which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere and reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such claims."

Maxwell, a former student at Balliol College, Oxford, is the founder of an environmental charity.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

**REPLY MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF
DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS COMPLAINT**

Laura A. Menninger
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
303.831.7364

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION 1

ARGUMENT..... 1

 I. PLAINTIFF FAILED TO PLAUSIBLY PLEAD DEFAMATION 1

 A. Plaintiff Failed to Adequately Plead a Defamation Claim. 1

 B. Ms. Maxwell’s Statement In Context Is Not Defamatory..... 3

 II. MS. MAXWELL’S STATEMENTS ARE PROTECTED BY PRIVILEGE..... 6

 A. Qualified Privilege May Form the Basis for a Rule 12(b)(6) Dismissal..... 6

 B. Ms. Maxwell’s Statements Are Protected by the Self-Defense Privilege..... 7

 C. Ms. Maxwell’s Statements Are Protected by the Pre-Litigation Privilege 9

CONCLUSION 10

INTRODUCTION

The primary focus of any defamation claim should be the alleged defamatory statements themselves. But Ms. Maxwell's statements have never been Plaintiff's primary focus in this case. Instead, in a transparent attempt to direct the Court's attention away from the actual issues under consideration—whether Ms. Maxwell's statements are truly defamatory, whether Plaintiff properly pled a defamation claim, and whether Ms. Maxwell was privileged to make her statements—Plaintiff spends the bulk of her opposition repeating the same conclusory, unsupported and false allegations that she was sexually abused by Ms. Maxwell. Plaintiff spends the remainder of her opposition selectively misunderstanding applicable federal and New York state defamation law. When correctly applying the law, it is clear that there are ample grounds for which this Court can, and should, dismiss Plaintiff's claim.

ARGUMENT

I. PLAINTIFF FAILED TO PLAUSIBLY PLEAD DEFAMATION

A. Plaintiff Failed to Adequately Plead a Defamation Claim.

Apart from bombast, the Complaint fails to adequately plead a defamation claim. First, the Complaint's sentence fragments and selective quotes do not aver any defamatory statement. *Scholastic, Inc. v. Stouffer*, 124 F.Supp.2d 836, 849 (S.D.N.Y. 2000) (defamation claim “only sufficient if it adequately identifies the purported communication, and an indication of who made the communication, when it was made, and to whom it was communicated”); *Dillon v. City of N.Y.*, 261 A.D.2d 34, 39-40 (1st Dep't 1999) (dismissing defamation complaint for, among other things, failing to specify the actual defamatory words). The only actual words attributed to Ms. Maxwell in the Complaint are: “against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue,” “shown to be untrue,” “claims are obvious lies,” and “I am referring to the statement that we made.” Compl. ¶ 30. Beyond that, Plaintiff relies on conclusory, self-serving and in some cases flatly incorrect characterizations of the published Statement. The Complaint refers to an “additional false

statement” made on January 3 (Compl. ¶ 30), but never explains the words it was “in addition to.” It describes a statement “incorporated by reference” issued “earlier,” (Compl. ¶ 31), but omits the earlier statement and to whom, when or where it was made.¹ It alleges statements made “in the Southern District and elsewhere” by Ms. Maxwell’s agent, Ross Gow, (Compl. ¶¶ 29, 30, 32), but attaches a 2011 statement attributed to Mr. Gow in London. McCawley Decl., Ex. 2. Because the Complaint lacks allegations of the subject Statement, with specificity and in context, the defamation claim should be dismissed.

Second, the Complaint does not contain allegations as *to whom* statement was made. In lieu of that information, Plaintiff offers only *who made* the statement, a point not in dispute. Pl.’s Opp’n at 22. As *to whom*, she alleges the statements were “widely disseminated” to the “media and public.” Pl.’s Opp’n at 22; Compl. ¶ 30. Twice this Court deemed similar pleadings insufficient. *Hawkins v. City of N.Y.*, No. 99 Civ. 11704 (RWS), 2005 WL 1861855, at *18 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 4, 2005) (pleading fatally defective due to “failure to identify...the individuals to whom the statement was allegedly made”); *Cruz v. Marchetto*, No. 11 Civ. 8378, 2012 WL 4513484, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 1, 2012) (dismissing complaint which “alleges in a conclusory manner that . . . statements . . . ended up in the headlines and quoted in the media”).

Third, the Complaint lacks sufficient allegations to establish defamation *per se*. Plaintiff insists that the pleading standard is far more lenient for libel claims than for slander claims. Pl.’s Opp’n at 24 (citing *Lieberman v. Gelstein*, 80 N.Y.2d 429 (N.Y. 1992)). Not so. Rather, “the standard for determining whether a statement concerning a plaintiff’s business, profession or trade is libelous *per se* follows the same rules, articulated in *Lieberman*..., as the standard for slander *per se*.” *Id. Jewell v. NYP Holdings, Inc.*, 23 F.Supp.2d 348, 400 (S.D.N.Y. 1998). In fact, addressing a *libel* claim, this Court specifically noted that “[d]efamation *per se* has been

¹ Indeed, the Opposition further confounds by disclaiming the Complaint is based on the 2011 statement (Pl.’s Opp’n at 4, 13) but then suggests the Complaint incorporates that very statement (Pl.’s Opp’n at 19 & n.15).

defined both as statements that cast doubt on a particular quality at the very heart of the profession and statements that impugn the basic integrity of a business.” *Kforce, Inc. v. Alden Personnel, Inc.*, 288 F.Supp.2d 513, 516 (S.D.N.Y. 2003).

Plaintiff nevertheless unsuccessfully attempts to establish a connection between the subject Statement and her “profession” by pointing to her incorporation of the Victims Refuse Silence, Inc. organization. Pl.’s Opp’n at 25. This is a red herring. No court has recognized “victim” as a “profession” as to which a plaintiff’s integrity could be impugned. In any event, her status as a professional victim only sprang into existence a mere 10 days before the January 3 Statement was issued. Compl. ¶ 24. Unsurprisingly, the Complaint is devoid of any factual allegations that Ms. Maxwell knew about Plaintiff’s newfound “chosen calling,” nor that Ms. Maxwell *targeted* any statement at Plaintiff’s “profession.” *Thompson v. Bosswick*, 855 F. Supp.2d 67 (S.D.N.Y. 2012) (“The statement must be targeted at the specific standards of performance relevant to plaintiff’s business...”); *Thai v. Cayre Grp., Ltd.*, 726 F.Supp.2d. 323, 336 (S.D.N.Y. 2010) (absence of “facts to support the inference that [the subject] statement imputed incompetence, incapacity or unfitness in the performance of [her] profession” as a bookkeeper warranted dismissal of defamation *per se* claim). Consequently, Plaintiff failed to adequately plead facts supporting defamation *per se* or any special damages, and the defamation claim should be dismissed.

B. Ms. Maxwell’s Statement² In Context Is Not Defamatory

As to defamation claims, the Second Circuit holds “it is for the court to determine in the

² Plaintiff apparently has abandoned any claim concerning the January 4 **oral** statement attributed to Ms. Maxwell in the Complaint. *Cf.* Compl. ¶ 24 (oral statement by Maxwell); Pl.’s Opp’n at 11-12 (contrasting a case “that sounded in *slander* (spoken defamation), whereas this is a *libel* case (written defamation)”; *Id.* at 24 (“[A]n action lies in slander for very limited types of speech. However, those limitations are irrelevant in this case because this case concerns *libel*, a form of defamation that is a *written or published statement*.”). Plaintiff’s Opposition also failed to address how that spoken statement could be construed as defamatory. *Compare* Mot. to Dism. at 5-6, 19-20 (video published under headline “Ghislaine Maxwell denies comment on allegations she is a madam” not defamatory); Pl.’s Opp’n (omitting any contrary argument).

first instance whether the words are susceptible of a defamatory meaning.” *Idema v. Wager*, 29 Fed.Appx. 676, 678 (2d Cir. 2002). “In performing this task, the court must read the offending words *in the context of the whole article* and test them against the ‘understanding of the average reader.’” *Id.* (emphasis added). Plaintiff suggests without citation that this contextual reading cannot be performed absent “a fully developed record.” Pl.’s Opp’n at 18-19. The numerous cases she cites in which courts have been able to perform their evaluation – because the complaint included the entire subject statement – belie her claim. While Plaintiff purports to “use direct, word-for-word quotes of Defendant’s press statements, giving all the particulars of their origination,” (Pl.’s Opp’n at 19), the Complaint shows otherwise. This alone warrants dismissal. *Dillon*, 261 A.D.2d at 39-40 (dismissing defamation claim absent entire subject statement, noting “the defect is all the more curious in that [plaintiff] concedes being a recipient of the [complained of] letter, presumably enabling him to quote from it at length”).

In apparent acknowledgement of her error, Plaintiff now includes a fuller version of the subject statement “in an abundance of caution” on the last page of her attorney’s declaration. McCawley Decl., Ex. 3 at 2. When that statement (still incomplete, with an ellipsis and brackets) is read in context, no average reader could reasonably find it defamatory in meaning. First and foremost, the Statement is a general denial. No matter how many times Plaintiff baldly asserts she was “called a liar” or “dishonest,” the words “liar” or “dishonest” appear nowhere therein. Thus, all of Plaintiff’s legal arguments concerning the term “liar” are inapposite. Pl.’s Opp’n at 10-11.³ Indeed, the portion of the Statement referencing “obvious lies” immediately follows the sentence: “Each time the story is retold it changes, with new salacious details about public figures.” Even Judge Marra noted in his April 7 Order that Plaintiff’s latest story involves

³ Plaintiff’s reference to *Brach v. Congregation Yetev Lev D’Satmar, Inc.*, 696 N.Y.S.2d 496, 498 (2d Dep’t 1999), is another example where a court found that the defendant did more than issue a general denial. There, the defendant published an article stating that the defendants won a court case “by lies and deceit” *and* called plaintiff a robber. *Id.* Plaintiff asks this Court to ignore the significance of the latter statement.

“lurid” claims concerning “numerous American politicians, powerful business executives, foreign presidents, a well-known Prime Minister, and other world leaders.” Menninger Decl., Ex. C at 5. Plaintiff’s story is palpably incredible, as even Judge Marra suggested in his Order.

In any event, New York courts uniformly agree general denials cannot alone give rise to defamation claims. *Indep. Living Aids, Inc. v. Maxi-Aids, Inc.*, 981 F.Supp.124, 127-28 (E.D.N.Y. 1997) (“Read in the context of the entire article, [defendant’s] remarks, calling [plaintiff] and others ‘liars’ can only be understood as a denial of their accusations.”)⁴; *Porter v. Saar*, 688 N.Y.S. 2d 137, 139 (1st Dep’t 1999) (“The comments attributed to defendant...in the *New York Post* were in the nature of a general denial of plaintiff[’s] accusations of misconduct, not an attack on plaintiffs.”); *McNamee v. Clemens*, 762 F.Supp.2d 584, 601 (E.D.N.Y. 2011) (“[G]eneral denials aren’t actionable.”); *Davis v. Boenheim*, 24 N.Y.3d 262, 271-72 (N.Y. 2014).

Plaintiff unsuccessfully attempts to analogize the subject Statement to those in *Boenheim* and *Clemens*. Yet in both cases those statements clearly crossed the line from “general denial to specific accusations reasonably susceptible of a defamatory meaning.” *Clemens*, 762 F.Supp.2d at 601. Ms. Maxwell’s statement does not. First, in *Boenheim*, the defendant coupled statements regarding plaintiff’s accusations as “false allegations” and “a lie” with detailed claims regarding the accusers as “liars” who were financially motivated. Specifically, Boenheim stated *inter alia* “I believe they saw what happened at Penn State [a similar case of sex abuse], and they are using ESPN to get money.” *Id.* The N.Y. Court of Appeals while reiterating that “general denials are not actionable,” found the assertion plaintiff lied “for monetary gain” would lead a “reasonable reader” to believe “the challenged statements were conveying facts about the...plaintiff.” *Id.* Similarly, in *Clemens*, the defendant, in addition to denying plaintiff’s allegations, called

⁴ Plaintiff attempts to distinguish *Independent Living Aids* as a slander case. Pl.’s Opp’n at 11-12. It is a distinction without a difference. The allegedly defamatory statements there were contained in an interview intended for and ultimately published in a magazine article. 981 F.Supp.at 127-28. The court analyzed the context within which the statement was *written*. *Id.*

plaintiff “troubled and unreliable,” accused him of fabricating evidence, threatened “anybody who [believes plaintiff] better start looking for a hell of a good lawyer,” and stated he is “constantly lying. . . I warn you five to six months from now, any of you that have jumped on the bandwagon that Roger took steroids and assumed anything Brian McNamee had to say will be embarrassed.” 762 F.Supp.2d at 591. Based on the aggressive nature of Clemens’ statements towards the plaintiff, the court had an easy time concluding they went beyond general denials. *Id.* at 602. As the court noted, “[Clemens’] statements were direct and often forcefully made, there was nothing loose or vague about them.” *Id.*

The Statement here stands in stark contrast to Boenheim and Clemens’. Each piece of Ms. Maxwell’s alleged Statement shares one important characteristic: it decries Plaintiff’s *allegations* as untrue, while saying nothing about Plaintiff herself. Ms. Maxwell never claimed Plaintiff had an ulterior motive (*Boenheim*), or attacked the accuser’s mental state (*Clemens*), or referred to the accuser as a criminal (*Brach*, a robber; *Clemens* manufacturing evidence).

Throughout her Opposition, Plaintiff improperly puts various words in Ms. Maxwell’s mouth, e.g., repeatedly attributing to her the words “liar” and “dishonest.” Pl.’s Opp’n at 10-11. Of course, she cannot point to any publication in which Ms. Maxwell used those words. By Plaintiff’s logic, a general denial may give rise to a defamation lawsuit. Pl.’s Opp’n at 10. Fortunately, the law provides otherwise. Because Ms. Maxwell simply denied Plaintiff’s malicious accusations, her Statement is not actionable. *See Foretich v. Cap. Cities/ABC, Inc.*, 37 F.3d 1541, 1562-63 (4th Cir. 1991) (measured replies non-actionable despite using labels such as “heinous lies,” “downright filth,” and “filthy dirt...like from the bottom of a cesspool”).

II. MS. MAXWELL’S STATEMENTS ARE PROTECTED BY PRIVILEGE

A. Qualified Privilege May Form the Basis for a Rule 12(b)(6) Dismissal

Plaintiff’s protestations aside, numerous federal and state courts have dismissed

defamation complaints based on a qualified privilege. *See, e.g., Front, Inc. v. Khalil*, 24 N.Y.3d 713 (N.Y. 2015) (affirming motion to dismiss based on pre-litigation qualified privilege); *Orenstein v. Figel*, 677 F.Supp.2d 706, 722 (S.D.N.Y. 2009); *Fuji Photo Film U.S.A., Inc., v. McNulty*, 669 F.Supp.2d 405, 415-16 (S.D.N.Y. 2009). While conceding that the absence of privilege is an element of defamation, Opp'n at 20-21, Plaintiff nevertheless cites to (primarily N.Y. state) cases in which the plaintiffs, unlike herself, properly alleged **facts** which could serve to defeat a qualified privilege. As New York's highest court found:

While there are numerous cases in the books in which it is said that as to privileged communications the good faith of the defendant and the existence of actual malice are questions of fact for the jury, the expression must not be misunderstood. Those questions are for the jury *only where there is evidence in the case warranting their submission to the jury*, and the burden of proof is on the plaintiff.

Shapiro v. Health Ins. Plan, 7 N.Y.2d 56, 61 (N.Y. 1959) (emphasis added). As detailed below, Plaintiff has failed to carry her pleading burden here.

B. Ms. Maxwell's Statements Are Protected by the Self-Defense Privilege

The long-recognized self-defense privilege "is available to one who has been defamed in the first instance, and who, in response to the attack, responds in kind." *Shenkman v. O'Malley*, 2 A.D.2d 567, 574 (1st Dep't 1956). The "respon[se] in kind" is what is at issue here. Plaintiff concedes she began the public verbal assault on Ms. Maxwell. Compl. ¶ 17, 26-27. Plaintiff also correctly acknowledges that to defeat the privilege, the Complaint must properly allege it was abused. Pl.'s Opp'n at 5. Abuse of privilege in this context requires a showing that the reply (1) includes substantial defamatory matter irrelevant or non-responsive to the initial statement; (2) includes substantial defamatory material disproportionate to the initial statement; (3) is excessively publicized; or (4) *is made with malice in the sense of spite or ill will.*" Sack, Robert D., *Sack on Defamation: Libel Slander and Related Problems* (Practicing Law Inst., Apr. 2015 ed.) at Kindle Loc. 20357-20370; Restatement (Second) of Torts, §§ 599, 603-605A (1977). It is

malice prong Plaintiff fundamentally misunderstands and inadequately pleads.

First of all, the malice, “in the sense of spite or ill will,” must, post-*Twombly* and *Iqbal*⁵, be based on “factual content,” not mere “legal conclusions, deductions or opinions couched as factual allegations.” *Thai v. Cayre Grp.*, 726 F.Supp.2d at 327; *see also Orenstein*, 677 F.Supp.2d at 711 (dismissing conclusory claims of malice where Complaint “provide[d] neither factual support for these conclusions nor any explanation of why [defendant] would have an interest in acting maliciously toward the [plaintiff]”); *Fuji Film*, 669 F.Supp.2d at 416 (dismissing complaint in which “allegations [defendant] acted maliciously are conclusory and unsupported by factual allegations).⁶ Here, Plaintiff resorted only to conclusory assertions of malice, without factual support. *See* Compl. ¶¶ 8, 10, 17, 30, 32, 34-35, 37, Count I ¶¶ 1-5, 8.

Second, apart from her conclusory allegations, Plaintiff mistakenly claims she can defeat malice simply by asserting the Statement was made with knowledge of its falsity. In the self-defense context, not so. As described in *Buckley v. Vidal* with regard to malice in the context of the self-defense privilege:

The malice issue resolves itself into two questions—was it reasonable for [defendant] to believe that his interests in his own reputation had been unlawfully invaded by [plaintiff], and was the letter which he published in response thereto reasonably necessary to defend himself.

F.Supp. 1051, 1056 (1st Dep’t 1971). In addressing the malice question, the court noted that the truth of defendant’s letter was irrelevant. Instead, the letter was privileged because it amounted

⁵ *Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544 (2007); *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662 (2009).

⁶ Not surprisingly, Plaintiff does not cite to a single federal authority post *Twombly* and *Iqbal* in support of her argument that a qualified privilege can be defeated at the pleading stage by mere conclusory allegations of malice. Pl.’s Opp’n at 7-9. In any event, contrary state cases cited by Plaintiff contained more than conclusory allegations of malice. *Kamchi v. Weissman*, 1 N.Y.S.3d 169, 182 (2d Dep’t 2014) (complaint *sufficiently* alleged malice supported by statements undermining Rabbi’s authority *and* statements reflecting adversely on his competence as a rabbi); *Long Marubeni Am. Corp.*, 406 F.Supp.2d 285, 298 (S.D.N.Y. 2005) (malice supported “with at least some facts”). Likewise, in *Block v. First Blood Assoc.*, 691 F.Supp. 685, 699-700 (S.D.N.Y. 1988), this Court declined to grant summary judgment on the basis of a qualified privilege because “sufficient **evidence** [was] adduced to support the inference that [defendant] acted with malice,” i.e., defendant threatened plaintiff with demand for attorneys’ fees, which “may imply an intent to injure”—i.e. malice. *Id.*

to “a tempered and reasoned response...which constituted an appropriate reaction by [defendant] to a situation which seemed to threaten his reputation.” *Id.* at 1056-57.

Here, as in *Buckley*, Ms. Maxwell’s Statement was a “tempered and reasoned response” to Plaintiff’s vicious character attacks. The Statement addressed only Plaintiff’s allegations — calling them “untrue” —while avoiding any attack on Plaintiff’s character generally. Plaintiff has not and cannot point to any facts in the Complaint showing the subject Statement “includes substantial defamatory matter that is irrelevant or non-responsive to the initial statement,” or “that is disproportionate to the initial statement;” nor that the Statement was excessively publicized,” relative to the wide publicity net cast by Plaintiff with her “exclusive interviews” to British media and now-stricken litigation declaration. Without any evidence that Ms. Maxwell “abused” the self-defense privilege, Plaintiff’s conclusory allegations to the contrary fall far short of the federal pleading standards of *Twombly* and *Iqbal* and should not be accepted as true. *See Orenstein*, 677 F.Supp.2d at 711 (“[Plaintiff] does not allege malice plausibly to overcome the qualified privilege.”); *see also Dillon*, 704 N.Y.S.2d at 7 (“Actual malice is not supported in these pleadings where allegations of ill-will and spite manifested by the letter *rest solely on surmise and conjecture.*”) (emphasis added).

C. Ms. Maxwell’s Statements Are Protected by the Pre-Litigation Privilege

Each time Ms. Maxwell issued a statement in response to Plaintiff’s accusations, she specifically noted that she would be forced to “seek redress,” including legal redress, upon repetition by the press of the accusations. In 2011, Ms. Maxwell’s attorneys informed various newspapers she intends to “take legal action” if the newspapers continue to print Plaintiff’s defamatory accusations. Mot. to Dism. at 14; McCawley Decl., Ex. 2. The January 3 Statement reaffirmed her “original response” (from 2011), further noting she “strongly denies allegations of an unsavoury nature, which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere *and reserves her*

right to seek redress at the repetition of such claims.” Id. at 15; McCawley Decl., Ex. 3.

New York’s highest court stated recently in *Khalil*, 24 N.Y.3d at 720, such statements, made in anticipation of litigation, are protected by a qualified privilege unless the statements were made with the intent to “bully, harass, or intimidate” their adversaries. True to form, Plaintiff baldly asserts that the Statement here was made “for an inappropriate purpose, to bully, harass, and intimidate Ms. Giuffre.” Pl.’s Opp’n at 14. There is simply no factual basis alleged in the Complaint, in Plaintiff’s Opposition, or certainly in the Statement itself to evidence such an intent. *Cf. Buckley, supra* at 1056 (“There is nothing in either the content or tone of the letter which could possibly suggest, as Vidal contends, that Buckley’s intent here was one of ‘poisoning and closing the available publishing markets of defendant as an author and essayist, and so ruining him economically.’”). The privilege therefore applies so as to protect Ms. Maxwell from a claim of defamation.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Ms. Maxwell respectfully requests that this Court grant her Motion to Dismiss.

Dated: December 28, 2015.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on December 28, 2015, I electronically filed this *Reply Memorandum of Law in Support of Motion to Dismiss Complaint* with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to all counsel of record including the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
Boies, Schiller & Flexner, LLP
East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

_____ /

PLAINTIFF, VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE'S NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL AUTHORITY

In further support of her Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Dismiss the Complaint, Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through her undersigned counsel, respectfully submits the recent decision in *Green v. Cosby*, 3:14-cv-30211-MGM, 2015 WL 5923553 (D. Mass., Oct. 15, 2015) ("*Cosby*") (attached as Exhibit A).

In *Cosby*, the court denied Bill Cosby's motion to dismiss the sexual assault victim's defamation complaint, holding that Cosby's "suggestion that Plaintiff intentionally lied about being sexually assaulted" could expose plaintiff to "scorn or ridicule," and, therefore, Cosby's statement could be found to have a "defamatory meaning." *Green v. Cosby*, No. CV 14-30211-MGM, 2015 WL 5923553, at *11 (D. Mass. Oct. 9, 2015).

The *Cosby* decision is relevant to arguments advanced by Defendant in support of her motion to dismiss, and therefore, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court take notice of this supplemental authority.

Dated January 8, 2015

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on January 8, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley _____
Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT A

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

2015 WL 5923553

Only the Westlaw citation is currently available.
United States District Court,
D. Massachusetts.

Tamara Green, Therese Serignese, and Linda
Traitz, Plaintiffs,
v.

William H. Cosby, Jr., Defendant.

Civil Action No. 14-30211-MGM | Signed October 9,
2015

Synopsis

Background: Alleged sexual assault victim filed complaint alleging that male celebrity had publicly defamed her in statements made by individuals operating at his direction or within scope of their employment. Complaint was subsequently amended to include similar claims by two additional plaintiffs. Defendant moved to dismiss.

Holdings: The District Court, Mastroianni, J., held that:

^[1] newspaper's republication of allegedly defamatory statement gave rise to new defamation claim;

^[2] celebrity's statement that alleged victim's accusation that he had sexually assaulted her was "10-year-old, discredited accusation that proved to be nothing at the time, and is still nothing" was not substantially true;

^[3] press release describing plaintiff's allegation that defendant had sexually assaulted her "fabricated or unsubstantiated stories," "ridiculous claims," and "an absurd fabrication" could form basis of viable defamation claim;

^[4] press release in which defendant criticized women who had publicly accused him of sexually assaulting them could form basis of viable defamation claim;

^[5] plaintiffs pled plausible claim that defendant was personally liable for allegedly defamatory statement made by his agents under respondeat superior theory;

^[6] plaintiffs pled plausible claim that defendant was directly liable for alleged defamation; and

^[7] dismissal on basis of self-defense privilege was not warranted.

Motions denied.

West Headnotes (37)

^[1] **Federal Courts**
 Substance or procedure; determinativeness


Federal courts sitting in diversity apply state substantive law and federal procedural law. 28 U.S.C.A. § 1332.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

^[2] **Federal Courts**
 Conflict of Laws; Choice of Law


Federal court sitting in diversity determines which state's law applies by applying forum state's choice of law rules.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

^[3] **Libel and Slander**
 What law governs

Under Massachusetts choice of law rules, law of state where defamed person was domiciled at time of publication applies if matter complained of was published in that state.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

^[4] **Libel and Slander**
 By others in general

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

Under California law, repetition by new party of another person's earlier defamatory remark generally gives rise to separate cause of action for defamation against original defamer, when repetition was reasonably foreseeable.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[5] **Limitation of Actions**

🔑Torts

Under California law, newspaper's republication of allegedly defamatory statement gave rise to new defamation claim against purported defamer, and thus statute of limitations did not bar plaintiff's claim, even though statement was originally published nine years earlier, where plaintiff's claim was based on entirely different issuance of statement, and it was foreseeable to purported defamer that his statement would be republished if plaintiff's allegations against him were reported again in future. *Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 340(c)*.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[6] **Libel and Slander**

🔑By same person

Under California law, "single-publication rule" provides that, for any single edition of newspaper or book, there was but single potential action for defamatory statement contained in newspaper or book, no matter how many copies of newspaper or book were distributed. *Cal. Civ. Code § 3425.3*.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[7] **Libel and Slander**

🔑Nature and elements of defamation in general

Under California and Florida law, essential elements of defamation are: (1) publication; (2)

that is false; (3) defamatory, meaning damaging to good reputation of person who is subject of statement; (4) made by actor with requisite degree of fault; (5) is not protected by any privilege; and (6) causes injury to subject.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[8] **Libel and Slander**

🔑Actionable Words in General

Under California and Florida law, in order for defamation claim to survive motion to dismiss, allegedly defamatory statement must contain at least one false factual assertion that is also defamatory.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[9] **Libel and Slander**

🔑Truth as justification in general

Under California law, even if statement is offensive, it cannot be basis for defamation suit if it is true.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[10] **Libel and Slander**

🔑Truth of part of defamatory matter; substantial truth

Under California law, while defendant need not justify literal truth of every word to prevail in defamation action, defendant must prove charge's substance to be true.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[11] **Libel and Slander**

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

🔑 Truth of part of defamatory matter;
substantial truth

Male celebrity's statement that alleged victim's accusation that he had sexually assaulted her was "10-year-old, discredited accusation that proved to be nothing at the time, and is still nothing," was not substantially true, so as to defeat victim's defamation claim under California law; statement could be understood as expressing false factual assertions and could reasonably be interpreted as insinuating that plaintiff's sexual assault allegation had been discredited and was capable of negatively impacting victim's reputation within the community.

Cases that cite this headnote

[12] **Libel and Slander**
🔑 Falsity

Under California law, statement is considered false for purposes of defamation if it would have different effect on reader's mind from that which pleaded truth would have produced.

Cases that cite this headnote

[13] **Libel and Slander**
🔑 Construction of defamatory language in general

Under California law, court can, as matter of law, find statement is not actionable, but when allegedly defamatory statement can reasonably be interpreted as either stating or implying false fact or articulating opinion, court should put issue before jury.

Cases that cite this headnote

[14] **Libel and Slander**
🔑 Construction of language used

Totality of circumstances test used in California in determining whether an allegedly defamatory statement is capable of being interpreted as asserting or implying a fact has three parts: (1) whether the general tenor of the entire work negates the impression that the defendant was asserting an objective fact, (2) whether the defendant used figurative or hyperbolic language that negates that impression, and (3) whether the statement in question is susceptible of being proved true or false.

Cases that cite this headnote

[15] **Libel and Slander**
🔑 Imputation of falsehood, dishonesty, or fraud

Male celebrity's allegedly defamatory statement that alleged victim's accusation that he had sexually assaulted her was a "10-year-old, discredited accusation that proved to be nothing at the time, and is still nothing" was not an expression of opinion protected by the First Amendment under California law; statement was not a "predictable opinion" because there was no pending litigation between the parties at the time it was made, and general tenor of the statement negated the impression that the defendant was asserting an objective fact. [USCA Const. Amend. 1](#).

Cases that cite this headnote

[16] **Libel and Slander**
🔑 Imputation of falsehood, dishonesty, or fraud

Male celebrity's statement that alleged victim's accusation that he had sexually assaulted her was "10-year-old, discredited accusation that proved to be nothing at the time, and is still nothing" could be understood as having defamatory meaning under California law; statement suggested that plaintiff intentionally lied about being sexually assaulted because plaintiff's allegations detailed a specific set of events that either occurred substantially as

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

alleged or were fabricated, leaving no room for an honest mistake.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[17] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Actionable Words in General

Under Florida law, to be actionable, defamatory publication must convey to reasonable reader impression that it describes actual facts about plaintiff or activities in which she participated.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[18] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Construction of defamatory language in general

Under Florida law, court must decide, as matter of law, whether statement expresses pure opinion or “mixed opinion” from which unstated facts are likely to be inferred, but where statement could be understood in more than one way, question should be submitted to trier of fact.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[19] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Construction of language used

Under Florida law, courts determining whether allegedly defamatory statement is protected expression of opinion must construe allegedly defamatory statement in its totality, examining not merely particular phrase or sentence, but all words used in publication.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[20] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Imputation of falsehood, dishonesty, or fraud

Under Florida law, press release issued by one of defendant’s agents, which described plaintiff’s allegation that defendant had sexually assaulted her after offering her drugs as “fabricated or unsubstantiated stories,” “ridiculous claims,” and “an absurd fabrication,” and related details of plaintiff’s later, unrelated, criminal history, could reasonably be interpreted as communicating fact that plaintiff’s allegations were lies, and thus could form basis of viable defamation claim.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[21] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Actionable Words in General

Under Florida law, expressions of opinions are non-actionable if speaker states facts on which he bases his opinion, and those facts are not false or inaccurately presented.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[22] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Actionable Words in General

Under Florida law, statement is non-actionable pure opinion, as matter of law, when it is based on facts that are otherwise known or available to the reader or listener.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[23] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Construction of language used

Under Florida law, in determining whether any portions of statement are defamatory, court must consider statement in context of publication,

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

including audience, means by which it was delivered, and other circumstances surrounding statement.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[24]

Libel and Slander

🔑 [Imputation of falsehood, dishonesty, or fraud](#)

Under Florida defamation law, press release in which male celebrity criticized women who had publicly accused him of sexually assaulting them and media for their various roles in recent dissemination of sexual assault allegations made against him was not a non-actionable statement of fact on which defendant based an opinion; statement could reasonably be interpreted as communicating fact that alleged victims' allegations were false and entirely without merit, even though press release contained accurate statements regarding length of time between when incidents allegedly occurred and date on which any particular allegation became public, and did not single out any individual by name.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[25]

Libel and Slander

🔑 [Criticism and Comment on Public Matters; Public Figures](#)

To establish defamation claim if plaintiff is public figure, then such plaintiff must show that defendant, or defendant's agent acting within scope of agency, acted with actual malice in uttering defamatory remark.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[26]

Principal and Agent

🔑 [Rights and liabilities of principal](#)

Under California and Florida law, when third party is harmed by agent's conduct, principal is

subject to respondeat superior liability, form of vicarious liability, if agent was acting within scope of work performed for principal and principal controlled or had right to control manner of agent's work.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[27]

Principal and Agent

🔑 [Rights and liabilities of principal](#)

Under California and Florida law, plaintiffs' allegation that defendant hired professional spokespersons to issue defamatory statements about them to media on his behalf was sufficient to plead plausible claim that defendant was personally liable for alleged defamation under respondeat superior theory.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[28]

Principal and Agent

🔑 [Rights and liabilities of principal](#)

Under California and Florida law, if principal purposefully directs agent to perform action, and that agent performs action, then principal is directly responsible for consequences of that action.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[29]

Libel and Slander

🔑 [Form and requisites in general](#)

Under California and Florida law, plaintiffs' allegations that defendant acted "by and through" professional spokespersons he hired to issue defamatory statements about them to media on his behalf, that spokespersons gave statements at defendant's direction, and that defendant knew claimed defamatory statements were false at time they were published were sufficient to plead plausible claim that defendant

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

was directly liable for alleged defamation.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[30] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Self-defense

Under California law, there is no privilege to defame in self-defense.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[31] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Self-defense

Under Florida law, as predicted by the district court, there is no privilege to defame in self-defense.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[32] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Self-defense

Self-defense privilege permits speaker to call accuser liar, but she or he may not include in reply defamatory matter that is irrelevant or that speaker knows or believes to be false.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[33] **Federal Civil Procedure**
 🔑 Fact issues

Issue of whether defendant's public responses to plaintiffs' accusations that he had sexually assaulted them were knowingly false presented fact question precluding dismissal of plaintiffs' defamation claims against defendant on basis of

self-defense privilege.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[34] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Injury from Defamation
Libel and Slander
 🔑 Nominal or substantial damages

Under "libel-proof plaintiff" doctrine, when plaintiff's reputation is so diminished at time of publication of allegedly defamatory material that only nominal damages at most could be awarded because person's reputation was not capable of sustaining further harm, plaintiff is deemed to be libel-proof as matter of law and is not permitted to burden defendant with trial.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[35] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Injury from Defamation

Florida has not adopted libel-proof plaintiff doctrine.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[36] **Libel and Slander**
 🔑 Injury from Defamation

"Incremental harm doctrine" measures harm inflicted by allegedly defamatory statements beyond harm imposed by rest of publication, and if that harm is determined to be nominal or nonexistent, statements are dismissed as not actionable.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

[37]

Libel and Slander**🔑 Injury from Defamation**

Under Florida law, incremental harm doctrine is not defense to defamation claim.

[Cases that cite this headnote](#)

Attorneys and Law Firms

[Joseph Cammarata](#), [Matthew W. Tievsky](#), [Cchaikin](#), [Sherman, Cammarata & Siegel, P.C.](#), Washington, DC, [Andrew M. Abraham](#), [Abraham & Associates, P.C.](#), Boston, MA, for Plaintiffs.

[Christopher Tayback](#), [Marshall M. Searcy, III](#), [Quinn Emanuel Urquhart Oliver & Hedges, LLP](#), Los Angeles, CA, [Francis D. Dibble, Jr.](#), [Elizabeth S. Zuckerman](#), [Jeffrey E. Poindexter](#), [Bulkley, Richardson & Gelinas](#), [John J. Egan](#), [Egan, Flanagan & Cohen, PC](#), Springfield, MA, [Robert P. Lobue](#), [Patterson Belknap Webb & Tyler, LLP](#), New York, NY, for Defendant.

**MEMORANDUM AND ORDER REGARDING
DEFENDANT'S MOTIONS TO DISMISS
PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT**

[MASTROIANNI](#), United States District Judge

I. INTRODUCTION

*1 On December 10, 2014, Tamara Green filed a complaint alleging that William H. Cosby, Jr. ("Defendant") publicly defamed her in statements made by individuals operating at his direction and/or within the scope of their employment. (Dkt. No. 1, Compl.) The complaint was subsequently amended to include similar claims by two additional plaintiffs, Therese Serignese and Linda Tritz (collectively, the three are referred to as "Plaintiffs"). (Dkt. No. 13, Am. Compl.) Defendant filed motions to dismiss Plaintiffs' amended complaint in its entirety (Dkt. Nos. 21, 22, 23), which Plaintiffs opposed. (Dkt. No. 31.) Plaintiffs then sought leave to file a second

amended complaint and, on April 16, 2015, the court granted Plaintiffs' request. *Green v. Cosby*, 99 F.Supp.3d 223, ___ – ___, 2015 WL 1736487, at *2–3 (D.Mass.2015). Plaintiffs' second amended complaint ("SAC") supplemented factual allegations with respect to an allegedly defamatory statement directed at Green.¹ (Dkt. No. 48, SAC.) The court held a hearing on the matter and considered the written filings.

II. JURISDICTION

The SAC contains three defamation counts brought pursuant to state law. Defamation is not actionable under federal law. Federal courts have jurisdiction over suits brought pursuant to state law where there is complete diversity of citizenship between the adversaries and the amount in controversy exceeds a threshold amount of \$75,000. 28 U.S.C. § 1332; *Arbaugh v. Y&H Corp.*, 546 U.S. 500, 513, 126 S.Ct. 1235, 163 L.Ed.2d 1097 (2006). Based on the content of the complaint, which Defendant has not disputed, the court finds Defendant is a citizen of Massachusetts and Plaintiffs are citizens of either California or Florida. (SAC ¶¶ 2, 4-6.) Plaintiffs each assert they are entitled to damages in excess of the statutory threshold amount. In the absence of any challenge from Defendant, the court finds it has jurisdiction in this case pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332.

III. MOTION TO DISMISS STANDARD

When considering a motion to dismiss pursuant to [Rule 12\(b\)\(6\) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure](#), the court must accept all well-pleaded facts as true and draw all reasonable inferences in favor of the plaintiff. *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678, 129 S.Ct. 1937, 173 L.Ed.2d 868 (2009); *see also San Gerónimo Caribe Project, Inc. v. Acevedo-Vilá*, 687 F.3d 465, 471 (1st Cir.2012). The burden is on the moving party to demonstrate that even when viewed in the light most favorable to the plaintiff, the complaint lacks "sufficient factual matter" to state an actionable claim for relief that is " 'plausible on its face.' " *Iqbal*, 556 U.S. at 678, 129 S.Ct. 1937 (quoting *Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 570, 127 S.Ct. 1955, 167 L.Ed.2d 929 (2007)). "A claim has facial plausibility when the plaintiff pleads factual content that allows the court to draw the reasonable inference that the defendant is liable for the misconduct alleged." *Id.* When evaluating the sufficiency of the factual allegations contained in the complaint, the court must be careful both to credit the

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

factual assertions made by the plaintiff and to disregard “[t]hreadbare recitals of the elements of a cause of action, supported by mere conclusory statements.” *Id.* “Determining whether a complaint states a plausible claim for relief” is a “context-specific task that requires the reviewing court to draw on its judicial experience and common sense.” *Id.* at 679, 129 S.Ct. 1937. A complaint must survive a motion to dismiss if the facts alleged are sufficient as to each element to “raise a right to relief above the speculative level.” *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 555, 127 S.Ct. 1955; see also *Lister v. Bank of Am., N.A.*, 790 F.3d 20, 23 (1st Cir.2015) (“Dismissal for failure to state a claim is appropriate if the complaint does not set forth factual allegations, either direct or inferential, respecting each material element necessary to sustain recovery under some actionable legal theory.” (internal quotation marks omitted)).

IV. FACTS AS ALLEGED BY PLAINTIFFS²

*2 During the 1970s, Defendant, “an internationally known actor and comedian,” met each Plaintiff and subsequently sexually assaulted her. (SAC ¶¶ 3, 7, 18-21, 39, 47-48, 57, 63.) With respect to Plaintiff Green, “[o]n a certain date in the early 1970s,” Defendant offered her two pills, telling her they were over-the-counter cold medicine. (*Id.* ¶¶ 10, 12.) She took the pills and became weak and dizzy. (*Id.* ¶¶ 13-14.) Defendant then drove Plaintiff Green to her apartment, where he subjected her to sexual contact against her will and despite her repeated demands to stop. (*Id.* ¶¶ 17-21.) Plaintiff Green was unable to defend herself during the sexual assault because she remained weak and vulnerable. (*Id.* ¶ 22.)

In 1970, Plaintiff Traitz met Defendant while working as a waitress. (*Id.* ¶ 57.) On one occasion she accepted a ride home from Defendant, but he instead drove her to a beach. (*Id.* ¶¶ 58-59.) He parked his car and then opened a briefcase containing pills and urged Plaintiff Traitz to take some pills “to relax.” (*Id.* ¶ 60.) When Plaintiff Traitz declined the pills, Defendant groped her, pushed her down, and attempted to lie on top of her, despite her resistance. (*Id.* ¶¶ 62-63.)

Plaintiff Serignese met Defendant in Las Vegas in 1976 and attended his show. (*Id.* ¶¶ 39, 42-43.) Afterwards, she was invited to a room backstage where Defendant gave her two pills and instructed her to take them. (*Id.* ¶¶ 43-44.) Plaintiff Serignese complied and the pills caused her to be in an altered state of consciousness. (*Id.* ¶¶ 44-45.) While she was in this altered state, Defendant subjected her to sexual contact without her consent. (*Id.*

¶¶ 47-48.) Like Plaintiff Green, Plaintiff Serignese was physically unable to defend herself. (*Id.* ¶ 49.)

Many years later, in February of 2005, the *Philadelphia Daily News* published an interview with Plaintiff Green in which she publicly disclosed the sexual assault that had occurred in the 1970s. (*Id.* ¶ 24.) Plaintiff Green also disclosed the allegations during appearances on television shows around the same time. (*Id.*) Nine years later, on or about February 7, 2014, *Newsweek* published an interview with Plaintiff Green in which she repeated her description of being sexually assaulted by Defendant in the 1970s. (*Id.* ¶ 27.)

On November 18, 2014, Plaintiff Traitz made an entry on her personal Facebook page publicly disclosing that Defendant had sexually assaulted her. (*Id.* ¶ 64.) The following day, Plaintiff Serignese publicly disclosed that she had been sexually assaulted by Defendant.³ (*Id.* ¶ 50.) Several days later, on November 22, 2014, details of Plaintiff Green’s sexual assault were published by the *Washington Post*. (*Id.* ¶ 31.)

Plaintiffs allege that Defendant, acting through his agents,⁴ issued statements to the media in response to the public disclosures made by Plaintiffs. (*Id.* ¶¶ 25-26, 28-29, 30, 32-35, 37-38, 51-53, 55-56, 65-68, 70-71.) Defendant knew each statement was false at the time it was made. (*Id.* ¶¶ 36, 54, 69, 79, 90, 101.) Despite knowing the statements were false, Defendant directed the statements be made. (*Id.* ¶¶ 37, 55, 70.) Each of the statements was widely read by many people, including Plaintiffs’ families, friends, and neighbors, and Plaintiffs suffered damages, including to their reputations, as a result of the publication of the statements. (*Id.* ¶¶ 38, 56, 71, 80-82, 91-93, 102-104.) The statements were made as follows:

A. Newsweek Statement—February 7, 2014

*3 Prior to the publication of *Newsweek*’s interview with Plaintiff Green in February of 2014, Defendant, acting through a publicist, believed by Plaintiffs to be David Brokaw (“Brokaw”), made a statement to *Newsweek*. (*Id.* ¶¶ 28-30.) The publicist provided the statement to *Newsweek* while acting as Defendant’s authorized agent, employee, or authorized representative and he knew or should have known the statement was false when it was made. (*Id.* ¶¶ 29, 77-78) The statement was appended to the end of the story and read, in its entirety:

This is a 10-year-old, discredited accusation that proved to be nothing at the time, and is still

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

nothing.

(Dkt. No. 25, Decl. re: Mem. Supp. Mot. to Dismiss (“Decl. re: Mot. to Dismiss”), Ex. A at 3, hereinafter “Newsweek Statement.”)

B. November 20, 2014 Statement

Two days after Plaintiff Traitz wrote on her personal Facebook page about Defendant sexually assaulting her in the 1970s, Defendant, acting through Martin D. Singer (“Singer”), released a responsive statement to numerous media outlets. (SAC ¶ 65.) Singer gave the statement while acting as Defendant’s authorized agent, employee, or authorized representative and he knew or should have known the statement was false when it was made. (*Id.* ¶¶ 53, 88-89, 99-100.) The statement read, in its entirety, as follows:

Ms. Traitz is the latest example of people coming out of the woodwork with fabricated or unsubstantiated stories about my client.

Linda Joy Traitz is making ridiculous claims and suddenly seems to have a lot to say about a fleeting incident she says happened with my client more than 40 years ago, but she hasn’t mentioned either her 3 ½ year incarceration or her extensive criminal record with charges spanning from the 1980’s through 2008.

For the first time, she is claiming that in approximately 1970, my client supposedly drove her to the beach and had a briefcase filled with drugs and offered her pills to relax, which she says she turned down and demanded to be taken home after Mr. Cosby came on to her. There was no briefcase of drugs, and this is an absurd fabrication.

Ms. Traitz’s long criminal record for numerous offenses including charges for criminal fraud, possession of Oxycodone, cocaine possession, marijuana possession, and possession of drug paraphernalia, speaks for itself.

As the old saying goes, “consider the source.”

(Decl. re: Mot. to Dismiss, Ex. F at 1, hereinafter “November 20, 2014 Statement.”)

C. November 21, 2014 Statement

On November 21, 2014, Defendant, again acting through Singer, released a responsive statement to numerous

media outlets. (SAC ¶¶ 51, 67.) Singer gave the statement while acting as Defendant’s authorized agent, employee, or authorized representative and he knew or should have known the statement was false when it was made. (*Id.* ¶¶ 53, 88-89, 99-100.) The statement responded to allegations by Plaintiffs Traitz, Serignese, and other individuals who are not parties to this suit, without directly identifying any individuals by name, and read, in its entirety, as follows:

The new, never-before-heard claims from women who have come forward in the past two weeks with unsubstantiated, fantastical stories about things they say occurred 30, 40, or even 50 years ago have escalated far past the point of absurdity.

These brand new claims about alleged decades-old events are becoming increasingly ridiculous, and it is completely illogical that so many people would have said nothing, done nothing, and made no reports to law enforcement or asserted civil claims if they thought they had been assaulted over a span of so many years.

*4 Lawsuits are filed against people in the public eye every day. There has never been a shortage of lawyers willing to represent people with claims against rich, powerful men, so it makes no sense that not one of these new women who just came forward for the first time now ever asserted a legal claim back at the time they allege they had been sexually assaulted.

This situation is an unprecedented example of the media’s breakneck rush to run stories without any corroboration or adherence to traditional journalistic standards. Over and over again, we have refuted these new unsubstantiated stories with documentary evidence, only to have a new uncorroborated story crop up out of the woodwork. When will it end?

It is long past time for this media vilification of Mr. Cosby to stop.

(Decl. re: Mot. to Dismiss, Ex. D at 1, hereinafter “November 21, 2014 Statement.”)

D. Washington Post Statement, November 22, 2014

On November 22, 2014, the *Washington Post* published its interview with Plaintiff Green, along with a responsive statement from Defendant. (SAC ¶¶ 31-33.) Defendant, acting through Walter M. Phillips Jr. (“Phillips”), either “gave” the statement to the *Washington Post* in 2014, or “originally published” the statement in 2005 with the expectation and intent that the statement be republished if

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

Plaintiff Green's allegations were reported again in the future, as occurred in November of 2014. (*Id.* ¶¶ 34-35.) Phillips provided the statement while acting as Defendant's authorized agent, employee, or authorized representative and he knew or should have known the statement was false when it was made. (*Id.* ¶¶ 26, 77-78.) The article quoted Phillips as stating Plaintiff Green's allegations were "absolutely false." (Dkt. No. 20, Pls.' Mem. Supp. re: Mot. for Leave to File Second Am. Compl. ("Mem. re: Mot. to Am.") 15, Exs. B and C.) Phillips also stated: "Mr. Cosby does not know the name Tamara Green or Tamara Lucier [her maiden name] and the incident she describes did not happen." (*Id.*) In addition, Phillips stated the publication of "an uncorroborated story of an incident that is alleged to have happened thirty years ago" was "irresponsible." (*Id.*)⁵

The *Washington Post* publishes articles both online and in print. The online version of the article is dated November 22, 2014 ("November 22, 2014 Washington Post Online Article") and the print version is dated November 23, 2014 ("November 23, 2014 Washington Post Print Article"). (Mem. re: Mot. to Am., Exs. B and C.) In the November 23, 2014 Washington Post Print Article, Phillips is identified as "[a]nother Cosby attorney" and the statement is identified as having been "issued this past week." (Mem. re: Mot. to Am., Ex. B.) After publishing the original articles, the *Washington Post* issued slightly different correction notices with respect to both the online and print versions of the article, and, by December 12, 2014, had incorporated the correction itself into the body of the November 22, 2014 Washington Post Online Article. (Mem. re: Mot. to Am, Ex. C; Dkt. No. 28, Decl. re: Opp. to Pls.' Mot. for Leave to File Second Am. Compl., Ex. 1.) Plaintiffs attached a copy of the corrected version of the November 22, 2014 Washington Post Online Article, which included the correction notice at the top of the article, as an exhibit in support of their motion for leave to file a second amended complaint. (Mem. re: Mot. to Am., Ex. C.) In this corrected version of the November 22, 2014 Washington Post Online Article, dated December 12, 2014, the text has been changed from the print version⁶ to identify Phillips as "[a] previous Cosby attorney" and the statement is identified as having been "issued in 2005 when the allegations first surfaced." (*Id.* at 15.) The correction notice to the online version reads in its entirety: "This story originally said Cosby lawyer Walter M. Phillips Jr. had denied the allegations of Tamara Green in a statement issued during the past week. The statement was made when Green's allegations first surfaced in 2005. The story has been corrected." (*Id.* at 1.)⁷

V. DISCUSSION

A. Choice of Law

*5 ^[1] ^[2] "[F]ederal courts sitting in diversity apply state substantive law and federal procedural law." *Gasperini v. Ctr. for Humanities, Inc.*, 518 U.S. 415, 427, 116 S.Ct. 2211, 135 L.Ed.2d 659 (1996). The court "determine[s] which state's law applies by applying the choice of law rules of the forum state," in this case, Massachusetts. *In re Volkswagen & Audi Warranty Extension Litig.*, 692 F.3d 4, 14 (1st Cir.2012). In tort cases, Massachusetts courts "consider choice-of-law issues 'by assessing various choice-influencing considerations,' ... including those provided in the *Restatement (Second) of Conflict of Laws* (1971)." *Cosme v. Whittin Mach. Works, Inc.*, 417 Mass. 643, 632 N.E.2d 832, 834 (1994) (internal citation omitted) (quoting *Bushkin Assocs., Inc. v. Raytheon Co.*, 393 Mass. 622, 473 N.E.2d 662, 668 (1985)).

^[3] Pursuant to section 150 of the *Restatement (Second) of Conflict of Laws*, "the law of the state where the defamed person was domiciled at the time of publication applies 'if the matter complained of was published in that state.'" *Davidson v. Cao*, 211 F.Supp.2d 264, 274 (D.Mass.2002) (quoting *Restatement (Second) Conflict of Laws* § 150(2) & cmt. b). The statements at issue in this case were published nationally, so the court applies the law of the state in which each Plaintiff was domiciled when the alleged publication occurred. Accordingly, California law applies relative to the claims of Plaintiff Green and Florida law applies as to the claims of Plaintiffs Traitz and Serignese.

B. Statute of Limitations as to Claim Based on the Washington Post Statement

The original cause of action asserted by Plaintiff Green referred to allegedly defamatory statements made by Defendant, through his agents, published in *Newsweek* and the *Washington Post* in 2014. Two days after this action was filed, the *Washington Post* issued the corrections indicating Phillips' statement (on behalf of Defendant) had actually been made in 2005 when Plaintiff Green first publicly disclosed the alleged sexual assault, and not in 2014 after Green publicly repeated these allegations. Thereafter, Plaintiffs filed the SAC, in which they continued to allege that Defendant, through Phillips, "gave" the statement to the *Washington Post* in 2014. (SAC ¶ 34.) The SAC also alleges "[i]n addition, or in the alternative," that the statement was originally published in 2005 with Defendant's "expectation and intent that the statement would be republished by news outlets in the event that Plaintiff Green should repeat her accusations,

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

and/or should these accusations be reported again, on a later date.” (*Id.* ¶ 35.) Furthermore, Plaintiffs allege, “it was reasonably foreseeable” that Defendant’s 2005 statement would be republished by news media in stories regarding Green’s repeated allegations, including the November 22, 2014 *Washington Post* article. (*Id.*)

Defendant argues Plaintiff Green’s claim based on the November 22, 2014 *Washington Post* article is barred by the statute of limitations. (Dkt. No. 24, Def.’s Mem. Supp. of Mots. to Dismiss (“Def.’s Mem.”) 9-11); Dkt. No. 27, Def.’s Opp’n to Pls.’ Mot. for Leave to File Second Am. Compl.) California has adopted a one-year statute of limitations for defamation claims. See *Cal. Code Civ. Pro. § 340(c)*. According to Defendant, the “single publication rule” mandates that the limitations period commences on the date the statement was first published, in this case 2005, thereby rendering Green’s claim untimely.

As an initial matter, the parties contest whether the court may even consider the *Washington Post* correction in ruling on Defendant’s motion to dismiss. According to Plaintiffs, because the correction contains no actionable defamatory language, it is not central to Green’s claim and thus is not incorporated into the pleadings. Plaintiffs, however, attached a copy of the corrected November 22, 2014 *Washington Post* Online Article as an exhibit in support of their motion for leave to file a second amended complaint. (Mem. re: Mot. to Am., Ex. C.) Plaintiffs cannot rightfully have benefited from their own reliance on the correction and then assert they should also be shielded from what it says. Accordingly, while Plaintiffs did not attach the correction to the SAC following the court’s allowance of their motion for leave to amend, the court believes, as a matter of fair and practical application of *Rule 10(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure*, their strategic use of that correction should have the same effect. See *Trans-Spec Truck Serv. v. Caterpillar Inc.*, 524 F.3d 315, 321 (1st Cir.2008) (“Exhibits attached to the complaint are properly considered part of the pleading ‘for all purposes’ including *Rule 12(b)(6)*.” (quoting *Fed R. Civ. P. 10(c)*)); *West v. Temple*, Civil Action No. 5:14-CV-86 (MTT), 2015 WL 757650, at *4 (M.D. Ga. Feb. 23, 2015) (“The Court will consider the information contained in the ‘carbon-copy grievance’ attached to [the plaintiff’s] motion to amend as part of his Complaint.”); cf. *Cortec Indus., Inc. v. Sum Holding L.P.*, 949 F.2d 42, 48 (2d Cir.1991) (“[T]he problem that arises when a court reviews statements extraneous to a complaint generally is the lack of notice to the plaintiff that they may be so considered; it is for that reason—requiring notice so that the party against whom the motion to dismiss is made may respond—that *Rule 12(b)(6)* motions are ordinarily converted into summary judgment

motions. Where plaintiff has actual notice of all the information in the movant’s papers and has relied upon these documents in framing the complaint the necessity of translating a *Rule 12(b)(6)* motion into one under *Rule 56* is largely dissipated.”). At the very least, therefore, the court believes it may consider the correction to the November 22, 2014 *Washington Post* Online Article, even though Plaintiffs did not formally attach it to the SAC.⁸

*6 Plaintiffs next assert that even if the court considers the correction, it is not inconsistent with the allegation in paragraph 34 of the SAC that Phillips in 2014 “gave” the *Washington Post* the statement, even if it was originally published in 2005.⁹ Defendant, on the other hand, contends Plaintiffs’ allegation is contradicted by the correction and the court cannot now credit their allegation. See *Yacubian v. United States*, 750 F.3d 100, 108 (1st Cir.2014) (“[W]hen a written instrument contradicts allegations in the complaint to which it is attached, the exhibit trumps the allegations.” (quoting *Young v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.*, 717 F.3d 224, 229 n. 1 (1st Cir.2013))). The court agrees with Plaintiffs that the correction is not necessarily inconsistent with the allegation that Defendant (through Phillips) “gave” the statement to the *Washington Post* in 2014. The term “gave” does not necessarily mean verbally speaking the words but could be taken to mean, at this stage of the litigation, that Defendant’s agent referred the *Washington Post* to the old statement or otherwise made the newspaper aware of the statement. Defendant asserts that because this allegation is “threadbare” and “speculative,” the court should disregard it. See *Penalbert-Rosa v. Fortuno-Burset*, 631 F.3d 592, 595 (1st Cir.2011). The Supreme Court has explained, however, that “the pleading standard *Rule 8* announces does not require ‘detailed factual allegations.’” *Iqbal*, 556 U.S. at 678, 129 S.Ct. 1937 (quoting *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 555, 127 S.Ct. 1955). Plaintiffs have explained in their opposition to dismissal that paragraph 34 of the SAC should be read to mean “that in November of 2014, Mr. Phillips gave the *Washington Post* a copy of a statement that he originally published in 2005; or that, in November of 2014, Mr. Phillips directed the *Washington Post* to republish the older statement.” (Dkt. No. 32, Pls.’ Mem. Supp. Opp’n to Def.’s Mots. to Dismiss (“Pls.’ Mem.”) 32-33.) See *Penalbert-Rosa*, 631 F.3d at 596 (indicating that a plaintiff may supply a missing detail in an opposition to a motion to dismiss). Plaintiffs also argue the *Washington Post*, in 2014, originally reported in an unambiguous way the statement had been “issued this past week.” At this stage of the litigation, before the commencement of the discovery process, this provides a good-faith basis for Plaintiffs to allege Defendant, through an agent, by some

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

means “gave” the statement to the newspaper in 2014. *See Rodriguez-Vives v. P.R. Firefighters Corps*, 743 F.3d 278, 286 (1st Cir.2014) (explaining that the “threadbare” and “speculative” exception to assuming a plaintiff’s factual allegations as true only applies when it is “clear that the plaintiff is merely speculating about the fact alleged and therefore has not shown that it is plausible that the allegation is true”).

The online correction merely states “the statement was made when Green’s allegations first surfaced in 2005.” (Mem. re: Mot. to Am., Ex. C.) This does not rule out the possibility, consistent with paragraph 34 of the SAC, that although Phillips originally “made” the statement in 2005, he also provided or directed the same statement to the *Washington Post* in 2014 in response to Green’s more recent public accusations. *See Shively v. Bozanich*, 31 Cal.4th 1230, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d 676, 683 (2003) (“The rule that each publication of a defamatory statement gives rise to a new cause of action for defamation applies when the original defamer repeats or recirculates his or her original remarks to a new audience.”). The discovery process may very well bear this issue out and sharpen the parties’ arguments on this point, but at this stage the court must resolve all reasonable inferences in Plaintiffs’ favor.¹⁰ Dismissal of a portion of Plaintiff Green’s claim based on a correction made to the *Washington Post* article is not warranted on statute of limitations grounds.

^[4] ^[5] Most importantly, even if Defendant’s reading of the correction were accurate and the court declined to accord paragraph 34 of the SAC the presumption of truth, Defendant’s statute of limitations argument would still fail based on Plaintiffs’ theory asserted in paragraph 35 of the SAC. As discussed, Plaintiffs allege in paragraph 35, “[i]n addition, or in the alternative, to paragraph 34,” that Phillips “originally published” the statement in 2005 “with the expectation and intent” that the statement be republished if Plaintiff Green’s allegations were reported again in the future. (SAC ¶ 35.) “In general, the repetition by a new party of another person’s earlier defamatory remark also gives rise to a separate cause of action for defamation against the *original defamer*, when the repetition was reasonably foreseeable.” *Shively*, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d at 683; *see also Mitchell v. Superior Court*, 37 Cal.3d 268, 208 Cal.Rptr. 152, 690 P.2d 625, 633 (1984) (“According to the *Restatement (Second) of Torts* (1977) section 576, the original defamer is liable if either ‘the repetition was authorized or intended by the original defamer’ (subd. (b)) or ‘the repetition was reasonably to be expected’ (subd. (c)). California decisions follow the restatement rule.”); *Schneider v. United Airlines, Inc.*, 208 Cal.App.3d 71, 256 Cal.Rptr. 71, 74 (1989) (“[T]he originator of the

defamatory matter can be liable for each ‘repetition’ of the defamatory matter by a second party, ‘if he could reasonably have foreseen the repetition.’ ” (quoting *McKinney v. Cty. of Santa Clara*, 110 Cal.App.3d 787, 168 Cal.Rptr. 89, 93 (1980))). “It is the foreseeable subsequent *repetition* of the remark that constitutes publication and an actionable wrong in this situation, even though it is the original author of the remark who is being held accountable.” *Shively*, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d at 683. The court does not agree with Defendant’s assertion that, under the “single publication rule,” Plaintiff Green’s defamation claim accrued exclusively in 2005 and the limitations period did not reset upon the issuance of the November 22, 2014 *Washington Post* article.

*7 In *Shively*, the California Supreme Court extensively set forth the history and rationale of the single publication rule. The court explained:

Under the common law as it existed in the 19th century and early part of the 20th century, the principle that each communication of a defamatory remark to a new audience constitutes a separate “publication,” giving rise to a separate cause of action, led to the conclusion that each sale or delivery of a copy of a newspaper or book containing a defamation also constitutes a separate publication of the defamation to a new audience, giving rise to a separate cause of action for defamation. ... This conclusion had the potential to subject the publishers of books and newspapers to lawsuits stating hundreds, thousands, or even millions of causes of action for a single issue of a periodical or edition of a book. This conclusion also had the potential to disturb the repose that the statute of limitations ordinarily would afford, because a new publication of the defamation could occur if a copy of the newspaper or book were preserved for many years and then came into the hands of a new reader who had not discovered it previously. The statute of limitations could be tolled indefinitely, perhaps forever, under this approach.

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

^[6]*Id.*, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d at 683–84 (internal citations omitted). In response to these concerns, “courts fashioned what became known as the single-publication rule, holding that, for any single edition of a newspaper or book, there was but a single potential action for a defamatory statement contained in the newspaper or book, no matter how many copies of the newspaper or the book were distributed.” *Id.*, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d at 684.¹¹ Critically, however, “[n]otwithstanding the single-publication rule, a new edition or new issue of a newspaper or book still constitutes a new publication, giving rise to a new and separate cause of action and a new accrual date for the purpose of the statute of limitations.” *Id.*, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d at 685, n. 7; *see also id.*, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d at 685 (“Accrual at that point is believed to provide adequate protection to potential plaintiffs, especially in view of the qualification that repetition of the defamatory statement in a new edition of a book or newspaper constitutes a new publication of the defamation that may give rise to a new cause of action, with a new accrual date.”).

Therefore, if Green had asserted a claim based merely on the original 2005 article containing Phillips’ statements, the single publication rule would operate to bar such a claim because accrual would have occurred “on the ‘first general distribution of the publication to the public.’ ” *Id.*, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d at 685 (quoting *Belli v. Roberts Bros. Furs*, 240 Cal.App.2d 284, 49 Cal.Rptr. 625, 629 (1966)). Because Green’s claim is instead based on the November 22, 2014 *Washington Post* article, an entirely different issuance, the single publication rule does not apply. *See id.*, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d at 685 & n. 7; *Schneider*, 256 Cal.Rptr. at 74–75 (“[T]he single publication rule ... does not include separate aggregate publications on different occasions.” (quoting *Kanarek v. Bugliosi*, 108 Cal.App.3d 327, 166 Cal.Rptr. 526, 530 (1980))); *cf. Christoff v. Nestle USA, Inc.*, 47 Cal.4th 468, 97 Cal.Rptr.3d 798, 213 P.3d 132, 138 (2009) (“The prefatory note to the uniform act states that under the single-publication rule ‘any single integrated publication, such as one edition of a newspaper or magazine, or one broadcast, is treated as a unit, giving rise to only one cause of action.’ ” (quoting Unif. Single Publ’n Act, 14 U.L.A. 469 (2005))). Accordingly, Defendant has not established that Plaintiff Green’s claim based on the November 22, 2014 *Washington Post* article is barred by California’s statute of limitations and, consistent with paragraph 35 of the SAC, he may be held liable for the foreseeable republication of Phillips’ 2005 statement. *See Shively*, 7 Cal.Rptr.3d 576, 80 P.3d at 683.

*8 Accordingly, the court will not dismiss any portion of

Plaintiff Green’s claim based on a single publication theory that the statute of limitations has expired.

C. Adequacy of Plaintiffs’ Defamation Allegations

^[7]Having determined the laws of California and Florida are applicable and that the claim related to the Washington Post Statement is not barred by the statute of limitations, the court next considers the substance of Plaintiffs’ defamation claims. Both California and Florida recognize the following essential elements of defamation: (1) a publication; (2) that is false; (3) defamatory, meaning damaging to the good reputation of the person who is the subject of the statement; (4) made by an actor with the requisite degree of fault; (5) is not protected by any privilege; and (6) causes injury to the subject.¹² *See, e.g., Jews For Jesus, Inc. v. Rapp*, 997 So.2d 1098, 1106 (Fla.2008); *Taus v. Loftus*, 40 Cal.4th 683, 54 Cal.Rptr.3d 775, 151 P.3d 1185, 1209 (2007), *abrogated on other grounds by Oasis West Realty, LLC v. Goldman*, 51 Cal.4th 811, 124 Cal.Rptr.3d 256, 250 P.3d 1115 (2011); *Blatty v. N.Y. Times Co.*, 42 Cal.3d 1033, 232 Cal.Rptr. 542, 728 P.2d 1177, 1182–83, 1186 (1986). Defendant moves to dismiss Plaintiffs’ claims, alleging inadequacies related to several of these elements. These challenges can generally be organized as follows. First, Defendant asserts that none of the allegedly defamatory statements contain false factual assertions that are also defamatory. As part of this argument, Defendant specifically asserts the claim based upon the November 20, 2014 Statement regarding Plaintiff Traitz fails because the statement was substantially true and the claims based upon the November 21, 2014 Statement fail because that statement was not sufficiently “of and concerning” Plaintiffs Traitz or Serignese. Second, Defendant argues he cannot be liable for defamation because Plaintiffs have failed to plead that either Defendant or his agents acted with the constitutionally required degree of fault. Third, Defendant argues the November 20, 2014 Statement did not cause Plaintiff Traitz to suffer incremental harm. Fourth, Defendant asserts the allegedly defamatory statements are protected by a “self-defense privilege.” The court addresses these arguments in turn.

1. The Statements: Factual, True, Defamatory, Of and Concerning

^[8]In order for a defamation claim to survive a motion to dismiss, the allegedly defamatory statement must contain at least one false factual assertion which is also defamatory. *See, e.g., Jews For Jesus, Inc.*, 997 So.2d at

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

1106; *Taus*, 54 Cal.Rptr.3d 775,151 P.3d at 1209. Depending on the nature of the statement and the context in which it was made, courts will place different emphasis on these two components. In this case, Defendant argues three of the four statements at issue do not contain factual assertions that are false, or even capable of being false.¹³ Defendant further asserts that even if the statements can be understood as expressing false factual assertions, they are not defamatory because they do not hold Plaintiffs “‘up to contempt, hatred, scorn, or ridicule or tend to impair [their] standing in the community.’” (Def.’s Mem. 14-15 (quoting *Yohe v. Nugent*, 321 F.3d 35, 40 (1st Cir.2003)).) The court addresses each statement individually, applying California law to the Newsweek Statement regarding Plaintiff Green and Florida law to the November 20, 2014 and November 21, 2014 Statements as to one or both of Plaintiffs Trazit and Serignese.

*9 Before delving into the state-specific analysis, the court considers the Supreme Court case law applicable to defamation cases in which the parties dispute whether a statement contains actionable statements of fact or protected statements of opinion. In *Milkovich v. Lorain Journal Co.*, the Supreme Court reviewed the history of the tort of defamation and development of constitutional protections to ensure the tort does not interfere with “the freedom of expression guaranteed by the First Amendment.” 497 U.S. 1, 21, 110 S.Ct. 2695, 111 L.Ed.2d 1 (1990). The Court reviewed existing constitutional requirements, including that plaintiffs must (a) establish the requisite level of fault on the part of a defendant and (b) allege a statement that can “‘reasonably [be] interpreted as stating actual facts’ about an individual.” *Id.* at 20, 110 S.Ct. 2695 (quoting *Hustler Magazine, Inc. v. Falwell*, 485 U.S. 46, 50, 108 S.Ct. 876, 99 L.Ed.2d 41 (1988)). The Court considered whether to create an additional constitutional privilege for “anything that might be labeled ‘opinion.’” *Id.* at 18, 110 S.Ct. 2695. In declining to adopt such a privilege, the Court explained there is not a clear division between statements of opinion and fact. “If a speaker says, ‘in my opinion John Jones is a liar,’ [the speaker] implies a knowledge of facts which lead to the conclusion that Jones told an untruth” and, as a result, such a statement may imply a false assertion of fact by failing to state what it was based on or because any facts referenced are incorrect or incomplete. *Id.* The Supreme Court directs courts to determine “whether a reasonable factfinder could conclude that the [allegedly defamatory] statements ... imply an assertion [of fact]” and whether that assertion “is sufficiently factual to be susceptible of being proved true or false,” rather than simply determine whether a statement expresses an opinion or asserts a fact. *Id.* at 21, 110 S.Ct. 2695. At this stage of the litigation, the court’s

concern is whether any fact contained in or implied by an allegedly defamatory statement is susceptible to being proved true or false; if so capable, Defendant cannot avoid application of defamation law by claiming the statement expresses only opinion. See *Ferlauto v. Hamsher*, 74 Cal.App.4th 1394, 88 Cal.Rptr.2d 843, 849 (1999); *Zambrano v. Devanesan*, 484 So.2d 603, 606 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.1986). Ultimately, if Plaintiffs’ claims survive this initial challenge, Defendant will have the opportunity, at the procedurally appropriate time, to fully develop a defense based on the truth of the facts contained in or implied by each statement.

a. The Newsweek Statement Pertaining to Plaintiff Green

i. Substantially True

[9] [10] [11] [12] Defendant argues the Newsweek Statement—“This is a 10-year-old, discredited accusation that proved to be nothing at the time, and is still nothing”—does not contain any defamatory content because it is true. Even if a statement is offensive, it cannot be the basis for a defamation suit if it is true. *Smith v. Maldonado*, 72 Cal.App.4th 637, 85 Cal.Rptr.2d 397, 403 (1999). While a “defendant need not justify the literal truth of every word,” to prevail in a defamation action, the defendant must “prove[] true the *substance* of the charge.” *Id.* An “‘imputation is substantially true’” if it “‘justif[ies] the ‘gist or sting’” of the remark. *Id.* (quoting *Campanelli v. Regents of Univ. of Cal.*, 44 Cal.App.4th 572, 51 Cal.Rptr.2d 891, 897 (1996)). It is uncontested that the meaning of the first part of the statement is accurate—Plaintiff Green had first made her accusations approximately ten years earlier. As to the rest of the statement, Defendant argues the substance is true because (1) Plaintiff Green’s attorney disciplinary issues in California, which are not mentioned in the statement, were sufficient to discredit her and (2) the substance of the allegations was never the subject of a civil or criminal legal proceeding. The court does not agree. First, Plaintiff Green does not claim the language in the Newsweek Statement is defamatory because it describes her as being a discredited person related to her legal profession. Rather, she argues the statement asserts that her sexual assault allegation was discredited. Second, an absence of civil or criminal proceedings does not establish that an allegation was “discredited” or “proved to be nothing.” In the absence of legal proceedings, Plaintiff Green’s allegations could not have been established to lack legal

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

merit at a court hearing. The statement attributable to Defendant implies the allegations were somehow truly disproven without stating how or where, thereby failing to self-authenticate as a statement of true fact. A statement is considered false for the purposes of defamation if “it would have a different effect on the mind of the reader from that which the pleaded truth would have produced.” *Hughes v. Hughes*, 122 Cal.App.4th 931, 19 Cal.Rptr.3d 247, 251 (2004) (internal quotation marks and citation omitted). For that reason, California courts “look to what is explicitly stated as well as what insinuation and implication can be reasonably drawn from the communication.” *Forsher v. Bugliosi*, 26 Cal.3d 792, 163 Cal.Rptr. 628, 608 P.2d 716, 721 (1980).

ii. Opinion or Fact

[13] [14] [15] In addition to asserting the Newsweek Statement is not defamatory since it is substantially true, Defendant argues it is not defamatory because it expresses an opinion rather than a fact capable of being proved false. California courts have interpreted the Supreme Court’s decision in *Milkovich* as establishing that the First Amendment only prohibits defamation liability for the expression of an opinion where the factual basis for the opinion is provided, the facts provided are true, and the opinion does not imply false assertions of facts. *GetFugu, Inc. v. Patton Boggs LLP*, 220 Cal.App.4th 141, 162 Cal.Rptr.3d 831, 842 (2013) (citing *Milkovich*, 497 U.S. at 18–19, 110 S.Ct. 2695 and *McGarry v. Univ. of San Diego*, 154 Cal.App.4th 97, 64 Cal.Rptr.3d 467, 479 (2007)). Accordingly, “it is not the literal truth or falsity of each word or detail used in a statement” which determines whether it is a potentially defamatory statement of fact; “rather, the determinative question is whether the ‘gist or sting’ of the statement is true or false, benign or defamatory, in substance.” *Ringler Assocs. Inc. v. Md. Cas. Co.*, 80 Cal.App.4th 1165, 96 Cal.Rptr.2d 136, 150 (2000) (emphasis omitted) (internal quotation omitted); see also *Campanelli*, 51 Cal.Rptr.2d at 897. The court can, as a matter of law, find a statement is not actionable, but when an allegedly defamatory statement can reasonably be interpreted as either stating or implying a false fact or articulating an opinion, California courts put the issue before a jury. See *Ferlauto*, 88 Cal.Rptr.2d at 849 (“If the court concludes the statement could reasonably be construed as either fact or opinion, the issue should be resolved by a jury.”). In determining whether a statement is capable of being interpreted as asserting or implying a fact, California courts use the “totality of the circumstances test.” *Id.* This test has three parts: “(1) whether the general tenor of the entire work negates the

impression that the defendant was asserting an objective fact, (2) whether the defendant used figurative or hyperbolic language that negates that impression, and (3) whether the statement in question is susceptible of being proved true or false.” *Lieberman v. Fieger*, 338 F.3d 1076, 1080 (9th Cir.2003) (citations omitted) (applying California law).

*10 As to the first part—general tenor—Defendant points out the statement was made “in response to serious charges” and argues this “is a strong contextual signal that the statement is non-actionable opinion.” (Def.’s Mem. 14.) Specifically, Defendant suggests the court should treat the response as a “predictable opinion,” which an average reader would understand as a one-sided attempt to bolster his position in a dispute.¹⁴ Several California courts have used the phrase “predictable opinion” to describe a statement that, due to the context in which it is made, is understood to be a one-sided expression of opinion rather than fact. However, California courts have only applied the principle to cases where the statements related to pending or completed litigation. See *Dreamstone Entm’t Ltd. v. Maysalward Inc.*, No. 2:12-cv-02063-CAS(SSx), 2014 WL 4181026, at *6 (C.D.Cal. Aug. 18, 2014) (treating statement attributed to attorneys, and linking to recently filed complaint, as “predictable opinion” rather than statement of fact); *Amaretto Ranch Breedables, LLC v. Ozimals, Inc.*, No. CV 10–5696 CRB, 2013 WL 3460707, at *4 (N.D.Cal. July 9, 2013) (finding the broad context of a blog entry, describing reasons for bringing lawsuit, demonstrated that the statement was a “predictable opinion,” rather than an actionable statement of fact); *GetFugu, Inc.*, 162 Cal.Rptr.3d at 842 (finding tweet by attorney identifying opposing lawsuit as frivolous was a “predictable opinion” that could not be the basis for a defamation claim); *Ferlauto*, 88 Cal.Rptr.2d at 850 (finding statements describing lawsuit as “frivolous” expressed only “predictable opinion” and could not be the basis of a defamation action, especially because context and literary tone of work where statements appeared clearly indicated to readers they were reading the subjective views of partisan participants to litigation); *Info. Control Corp. v. Genesis One Comput. Corp.*, 611 F.2d 781, 784 (9th Cir.1980) (coining phrase “predictable opinion” to describe a statement unlikely to be understood by audience as a statement of fact because of the litigation position of the maker of the statement).

The context in which Defendant’s agent made the Newsweek Statement was different from the context in which California courts have identified statements as “predictable opinions”; at the time this statement was made there was no pending litigation between Defendant

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

and Plaintiff Green. Some readers may have understood any statement from Defendant to have been predictably self-serving, but there was no litigation pending when a publicist for Defendant provided the statement to the media. Accordingly, the court cannot determine at this stage that the statement fits within the “predictable opinion” doctrine recognized in California. Nor can the court conclude that the general tenor of the statement negates the impression that Defendant was asserting an objective fact.

Turning next to the specific language of the statement, the phrase—“discredited accusation that proved to be nothing at the time, and is still nothing”—has an obvious literal meaning, specifically, that Plaintiff Green’s allegations are completely without merit and have been so proven. The operative phrases are not surrounded by hyperbole or figurative language that undercuts their literal meaning. Cf. *Standing Comm. on Discipline of U.S. Dist. Court v. Yagman*, 55 F.3d 1430, 1440 (9th Cir.1995) (applying California law) (treating as rhetorical hyperbole the word “dishonest” because it was used within a “string of colorful adjectives”); see also *Knieval v. ESPN*, 393 F.3d 1068, 1077 (9th Cir.2005) (describing “slang phrases such as ‘[d]udes rollin’ deep’ and ‘[k]ickin’ it with much flavor’ ” as using loose and figurative language incapable of a “literal interpretation”). The phrasing used here allows a “reasonable factfinder [to] conclude the [statement] impl[ies] an assertion of defamatory fact,” specifically, that there was some unidentified investigation or hearing into the allegations which officially determined Plaintiff Green’s accusation was false. *Ringler Assocs. Inc.*, 96 Cal.Rptr.2d at 149 (emphasis omitted).

Finally, the court considers whether Defendant’s response, directly or by implication, makes a statement which is susceptible of being proved true or false. To the extent Defendant’s response implies an investigation into Plaintiff Green’s allegations was conducted, it is provable as true or false. Additionally, the gist of the statement—that Plaintiff Green fabricated her allegations—is also provable as true or false. It may take a trial to produce such proof, but Defendant’s allegations are sufficiently specific “to be susceptible to proof or disproof.” *James v. San Jose Mercury News, Inc.*, 17 Cal.App.4th 1, 20 Cal.Rptr.2d 890, 898 (1993) (finding statements not susceptible of being proved true or false because the statements contained too many generalizations, elastic terms, and subjective elements for it to be clear what facts were stated or implied); see also *Amaretto Ranch Breedables, LLC*, No. CV 10–5696 CRB, 2013 WL 3460707, at *5 (finding a statement might be provable as true or false, though it would require a

lengthy lawsuit, but determining other factors prevented statement from being defamatory). Based on this “totality of the circumstances” analysis, the court concludes a reasonable factfinder could determine, based on the context and content, the Newsweek Statement asserted or implied factual statements that were susceptible of being proved true or false.

iii. Defamatory Meaning

*11 ^[16]The court considers next whether the statement could be understood to have a defamatory meaning. Analogizing to *Gibney v. Fitzgibbon*, 547 Fed.Appx. 111 (3d Cir.2013) (unpublished), Defendant argues an assertion by a person that an allegation is unfounded cannot reasonably be viewed as exposing the person who made the allegation to “scorn or ridicule.” The facts of this case are easily distinguished from those in *Gibney* and the differences require the court to reach a different conclusion here.

In *Gibney*, the plaintiff had contacted a company that did business with his employer to allege his employer was improperly billing the company. *Id.* at 112. The company responded that the allegations had been investigated and determined to be unfounded. *Id.* The Third Circuit held that the company’s response, even if untrue, was not capable of a defamatory meaning because a statement that “his allegations were unfounded” would not “ ‘lower him in the estimation of the community or ... deter third parties from associating or dealing with him.’ ” *Id.* at 114 (quoting *Tucker v. Phila. Daily News*, 577 Pa. 598, 848 A.2d 113, 124 (2004)). This conclusion makes sense where the detail of business billing procedures leaves open the possibility that a person making an allegation of wrongdoing could have made an honest mistake. In this respect, it is hard to even compare an allegation regarding billing procedures to a sexual assault allegation. A neutral-toned response relative to an investigation of billing history does not impart any flavor of fabrication or moral repugnance, both of which attach to Defendant’s statement and its suggestion that Plaintiff intentionally lied about being sexually assaulted. Unlike a billing dispute, Plaintiff Green’s allegations detail a specific set of events that either occurred substantially as alleged or were fabricated, leaving no room for an honest mistake.

The potential for reputational damage is increased where the response lacks the neutral tone conveyed in *Gibney* by the word “unfounded,” which means “lacking a sound basis in ... fact.” *Webster’s Third New International Dictionary* 2496 (1971). Defendant referred to serious

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

sexual assault allegations as “discredited” and “nothing,” both words suggesting that the allegations were not made in good faith. *Id.* at 647, 1544. Given the different nature of the allegations in this case and the wording of the response, the court cannot conclude here that, as a matter of law, Defendant’s response is incapable of negatively impacting Plaintiff Green’s reputation within the community. Ultimately, it will be up to a jury to decide whether those who read the Newsweek Statement understood it to have been defamatory. At this stage, however, the court finds Defendant has not identified sufficient grounds for dismissal of Plaintiff Green’s claims based on the Newsweek Statement.

b. The Statements Pertaining to Plaintiffs Tritz and Serignese

^[17] ^[18]In Florida, as in California, “to be actionable, a defamatory publication must convey to a reasonable reader the impression that it describes actual facts about the plaintiff or the activities in which [s]he participated.” *Fortson v. Colangelo*, 434 F.Supp.2d 1369, 1379 (S.D.Fla.2006). Generally, a court must decide, as a matter of law, whether a statement expresses a pure opinion or a “mixed opinion” from which unstated facts are likely to be inferred. *Scott v. Busch*, 907 So.2d 662, 668 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.2005). However, where the statement could be understood in more than one way, the question should be submitted to the trier of fact. *See Ford v. Rowland*, 562 So.2d 731, 735 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.1990); *see also Scott*, 907 So.2d at 667.

*12 ^[19]Courts determining whether an allegedly defamatory statement is a protected expression of opinion “ ‘must construe the [allegedly defamatory] statement in its totality, examining not merely a particular phrase or sentence, but all of the words used in the publication.’ ” *Keller v. Miami Herald Publ’g Co.*, 778 F.2d 711, 717 (11th Cir.1985) (applying Florida Law) (quoting *Hay v. Indep. Newspapers, Inc.*, 450 So.2d 293, 295 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.1984)); *accord Morse v. Ripken*, 707 So.2d 921, 922 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.1998). The context in which a statement was published and whether the publisher used cautionary terms must also be considered. *Keller*, 778 F.2d at 717. Defendant argues the potentially defamatory aspects of the November 20, 2014 Statement (against Tritz) and the November 21, 2014 Statement (against Tritz and Serignese) constitute opinions because they are mere “rhetorical hyperbole,” and they express a subjective view rather than objectively verifiable facts. (Def.’s Mem. 19-20, 22.) With respect to the November 21, 2014 Statement, Defendant also argues the statement

is not defamatory as to either Tritz or Serignese because the statement is not “of and concerning” either plaintiff. The court disagrees.

i. November 20, 2014 Statement

The November 20, 2014 Statement was a press release issued by one of Defendant’s agents for the purpose of further dissemination. The statement had two components: (1) descriptions of the allegations and (2) a description of Plaintiff Tritz’s later, and unrelated, criminal history. Plaintiff Tritz does not contest the truth of the second component of the statement related to her criminal history and does not base her defamation claim on this portion of the statement. Plaintiff Tritz instead bases her claim on the descriptions of her sexual assault allegations as “fabricated or unsubstantiated stories,” “ridiculous claims,” and, as to one particular allegation—that Defendant offered her drugs from a briefcase—“an absurd fabrication.” Defendant argues these words are either non-defamatory because they are technically accurate or rhetorical hyperbole that expresses opinion rather than stating fact. He asserts Plaintiff Tritz’s failure to publicly present any proof beyond her own words, combined with her criminal record, make her claims “unsubstantiated.”¹⁵ Defendant also argues the word “ridiculous” did not imply any false facts, but was simply rhetorical hyperbole, and the words “fabricated” and “fabrication” expressed opinions about the nature of the allegations based on her delay in coming forward and her criminal record.

^[20]These arguments are not persuasive because the court is directed to consider the allegedly defamatory statements within the context of the entire publication. *Smith v. Cuban Am. Nat’l Found.*, 731 So.2d 702, 705 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.1999). Read in its entirety, one possible, and clearly defamatory, implication of the entire press release is that Plaintiff Tritz intentionally made absurdly false sexual assault allegations against Defendant. A jury must ultimately decide whether the statement asserted or implied this actual fact or merely opined that the allegations sounded far-fetched, without actually asserting or implying the allegations were false. *See Ford*, 562 So.2d at 735 (reversing the dismissal of a libel claim because whether statements described actual facts or were merely absurd parodies depended on factual determinations to be made by jury). When making this determination, a jury can consider that the statement was made by Defendant’s attorney. Perhaps, as Defendant argues, a jury will conclude the denigration of Plaintiff Tritz was a “one-sided” account expressing an opinion

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

and providing the basis for that opinion, and therefore is not defamatory. However, at this stage it appears that a jury could conclude that the source of the statement—a person close to the subject of the allegations—made the statement in order to communicate the fact that Plaintiff Traitz’s allegations were lies. Since the November 20, 2014 Statement can reasonably be understood as describing the actual fact that Plaintiff’s allegations were false and since, at this stage, the court must accept Plaintiff Traitz’s allegations as true, the court concludes Plaintiff Traitz has adequately pled her defamation claim related to the November 20, 2014 Statement. Defendant’s request to dismiss the claim based on the November 20, 2014 Statement is denied.

ii. November 21, 2014 Statement

*13 Defendant argues the November 21, 2014 Statement cannot be the basis of a defamation claim because (1) it expresses opinions rather than stating facts, (2) any factual statements are not defamatory, or (3) any defamatory facts are not defamatory as to Plaintiffs Traitz and Serignese because this statement is not sufficiently “of and concerning” them. The November 21, 2014 Statement is the longest of the four statements attributed to Defendant in this suit and criticizes his accusers and the media for their various roles in the recent dissemination of the sexual assault allegations made against Defendant. Neither Plaintiff Traitz nor Plaintiff Serignese is identified by name within the statement, but it begins by identifying itself as a response to the “new, never-before-heard claims from women” who made allegations “in the past two weeks.” Plaintiff Traitz made her allegations public on November 18, 2014, and Plaintiff Serignese made her allegations public on November 19, 2014; this timing sequence clearly indicates the statement refers to them.

[21] [22] [23] In Florida, expressions of opinions are non-actionable “if the speaker states the facts on which he bases his opinion,” and those facts are not “false or inaccurately presented.” *Lipsig v. Ramlawi*, 760 So.2d 170, 184 (Fla. Dist. Ct. App. 2000). A statement is also a “pure opinion, as a matter of law, when it is based on facts which are otherwise known or available to the reader or listener.” *Razner v. Wellington Reg’l Med. Ctr., Inc.*, 837 So.2d 437, 442 (Fla. Dist. Ct. App. 2002). In determining whether any portions of the statement are defamatory, the court must consider the statement “in the context of the publication, including the audience, the means by which it was delivered, and other circumstances surrounding the statement.” *Ranbaxy Labs. Inc. v. First*

Databank, Inc., No. 3:13-CV-859-J-32MCR, 2015 WL 3618429, at *3 (M.D. Fla. June 9, 2015).

Defendant’s attorney provided the November 21, 2014 Statement to the media with the intent that the statement be disseminated to the public. The statement begins by describing the allegations that had been made against Defendant during the previous two weeks as “new, never-before-heard claims” that are “unsubstantiated, fantastical stories” about events occurring “30, 40, or even 50 years ago.” The allegations are characterized as having “escalated past the point of absurdity” and “becom[e] increasingly ridiculous.” Next, the statement describes as “completely illogical” the silence, over many years, of the accusers. Implicit in this portion of the statement is the suggestion that the cause of the accusers’ decades of silence was that they did not really believe they had been assaulted. The statement continues with two sentences about the opportunities the accusers had to sue Defendant and suggests “it makes no sense” that none of the accusers had brought legal action closer in time to the alleged sexual assaults. Defendant next shifts the focus from the accusers to the media, critiquing the speed with which allegations were reported and suggesting that the reporting violated journalistic standards because the stories were run without corroboration. Finally, the statement characterizes the media’s reporting on the allegations as a “vilification” of Defendant.

[24] The truth of portions of the statement, such as the length of time between when the incidents allegedly occurred and the date on which any particular allegation became public, is uncontested. Defendant argues these statements provide readers with the truthful facts on which he based his opinion that the allegations were unsubstantiated. This analysis is flawed because when read in its entirety, the statement is capable of being understood as asserting not just that the allegations made during the previous two weeks were unsubstantiated, but also as implying they were false and entirely without merit. The court cannot predict whether a jury will actually conclude the statement implied that fact and, if so, whether the assertion of fact was false, but there is a sufficient factual question as to the meaning readers would have given to the statement to preclude dismissal at this stage.

*14 Defendant maintains that, regardless of the analysis on whether there was a false statement of fact, the November 21, 2014 Statement was simply not defamatory. A statement is capable of a defamatory effect if it “naturally and proximately results in injury to another.” *Cuban Am. Nat’l Found.*, 731 So.2d at 705. As previously discussed, to falsely accuse another of sexual

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

assault is morally repugnant; the natural result of the publication of a statement directly or indirectly indicating Plaintiffs made such false accusations is injury to their reputations.

Finally, the court turns to Defendant's argument that, even if the November 21, 2014 Statement contains defamatory statements, they were not "of and concerning" Plaintiffs Tritz and Serignese. As a matter of substantive law "a cause of action for group libel cannot be maintained unless it is shown that the libelous statements are 'of and concerning' the plaintiff." *Thomas v. Jacksonville TV, Inc.*, 699 So.2d 800, 805 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.1997). A statement can be "of and concerning" members of a group, provided the group includes fewer than twenty-five individuals and the statement identifies and describes each plaintiff. *Cf. id.*

The November 21, 2014 Statement was released three days after Plaintiff Tritz made her public accusation and two days after Plaintiff Serignese made hers. Nothing in the statement indicates an intention to exclude any recent accusers from its sweep, and Plaintiffs assert there were eleven women who publicly made accusations against Defendant during the two weeks prior to the publication of the November 21, 2014 Statement. (Pls.' Mem., Ex. 2 at ¶ 2.) Taken together, these factors lead the court to the objectively reasonable inference that a factfinder could conclude the statement was "of and concerning" Tritz and Serignese. See *Jacksonville TV, Inc.*, 699 So.2d at 805; see also *Restatement (Second) of Torts* § 617 cmt. 4 (explaining that the question of whether the statement was "of and concerning the plaintiff" is "ordinarily for the jury or trier of fact to determine").

2. Requisite Degree of Fault

^[25]The Supreme Court requires the respective defamation law of each state to include an element of fault. See *Gertz v. Robert Welch, Inc.*, 418 U.S. 323, 347-48, 94 S.Ct. 2997, 41 L.Ed.2d 789 (1974). Recognizing the tension between providing protections for individuals' reputations and encouraging an open and free press, the Supreme Court requires a plaintiff to demonstrate a higher level of fault when the allegedly defamatory statement concerns a public figure, rather than when it concerns a private individual outside the public sphere. *Id.* at 342-46, 94 S.Ct. 2997. Private-figure plaintiffs need only demonstrate a defendant (or defendant's agent acting within the scope of the agency) acted negligently. See *Mile Marker, Inc. v. Petersen Publ'g, LLC*, 811 So.2d 841, 845 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.2002); *Sarver v. Hurt Locker*

LLC, No. 2:10-cv-09034-JHN-JCx, 2011 WL 11574477, at *8 n. 11 (C.D.Cal. Oct. 13, 2011). By contrast, if a plaintiff is a public figure, then such plaintiff must show the defendant (or defendant's agent acting within the scope of the agency) acted with actual malice in uttering the defamatory remark. See *Nguyen-Lam v. Cao*, 171 Cal.App.4th 858, 90 Cal.Rptr.3d 205, 212 (2009); *Miami Herald Publ'g Co. v. Ane*, 423 So.2d 376, 382 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.1982). Malice exists, generally, if a defendant or a defendant's agent makes the statement knowing it is false or with reckless disregard to its truth. See *Nguyen-Lam*, 90 Cal.Rptr.3d at 212; *Ane*, 423 So.2d at 378, 382.

*15 The parties have not raised the issue of Plaintiffs' public or private status for this litigation, and Defendant argues a failure to plead sufficient facts to establish either level of fault. Accordingly, the court considers Plaintiffs to be private individuals at this stage of the litigation. See *Pan Am Sys., Inc. v. Hardenbergh*, 871 F.Supp.2d 6, 16 (D.Me.2012) (employing this approach in similar situation). Therefore, under both California and Florida law, Plaintiffs have sufficiently pled the requisite degree of fault if they allege facts demonstrating Defendant (or his agents acting within the scope of their agency) acted negligently. See *Brown v. Kelly Broad. Co.*, 48 Cal.3d 711, 257 Cal.Rptr. 708, 771 P.2d 406, 425 (1989); *Boyles v. Mid-Florida TV Corp.*, 431 So.2d 627, 634 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.1983), *aff'd* 467 So.2d 282, 283 (Fla.1985). Negligence exists if the statement is made without first exercising reasonable care to determine if it is, in fact, false. *Hecimovich v. Encinal Sch. Parent Teacher Org.*, 203 Cal.App.4th 450, 137 Cal.Rptr.3d 455, 471 (2012); *Boyles*, 431 So.2d at 634. Individuals not only clearly fail to exercise reasonable care if they make a statement known to be false, but also if a reasonable person would have known the statement was false. See *Brown*, 257 Cal.Rptr. 708, 771 P.2d at 430; *Boyles*, 431 So.2d at 634; *Carney v. Santa Cruz Women Against Rape*, 221 Cal.App.3d 1009, 271 Cal.Rptr. 30, 34 n. 2 (1990).

The two legal theories for establishing fault in this case are: *respondeat superior* liability and direct liability. *Respondeat superior* is a "doctrine holding an employer or principal liable for the employee's or agent's wrongful acts committed within the scope of the employment or agency." *Black's Law Dictionary* 1505 (10th ed. 2014). Under the direct liability theory, Defendant would be held liable on the basis of his own fault for his conduct and involvement regarding the statements.

a. *Respondeat Superior* Liability

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

^[26]Defendant asserts the SAC does not sufficiently allege his agents possessed the requisite degree of fault necessary to hold Defendant liable for defamation on the basis of *respondeat superior*.¹⁶ When a third party is harmed by an agent's conduct, the principal is subject to *respondeat superior* liability, a form of vicarious liability, if the agent was acting within the scope of work performed for the principal and the principal controlled or had a right to control the manner of the agent's work. *Restatement (Third) of Agency* §§ 7.03, 7.07 (2006); see also *Rivera v. Nat'l R.R. Passenger Corp.*, 331 F.3d 1074, 1080 (9th Cir.2003) (“[U]nder California law [an employer] may be held liable for defamatory statements made by its employees under the doctrine of *respondeat superior* ... if the defamation occurred within the scope of the employee's employment.”); *Mercury Motors Express, Inc. v. Smith*, 393 So.2d 545, 549 (Fla.1981) (“An employer is vicariously liable ... [for] the negligent acts of employees committed within the scope of their employment even if the employer is without fault.”). It follows that, under this theory, “a principal's vicarious liability turns on whether the agent is liable.” *Restatement (Third) of Agency* § 7.03 cmt. b; see *id.* (“In most cases, direct liability requires fault on the part of the principal whereas vicarious liability does not require that the principal be at fault.”); accord *Estate of Miller v. Thrifty Rent-A-Car Sys., Inc.*, 637 F.Supp.2d 1029, 1037 (M.D.Fla.2009); *Palomares v. Bear Stearns Residential Mortg. Corp.*, No. 07cv01899 WQH (BLM), 2008 WL 686683, at *4 (S.D.Cal. Mar. 13, 2008). In order to proceed on their theory of *respondeat superior* liability, Plaintiffs' SAC must include sufficient allegations supporting a finding of fault on the part of those speaking for Defendant—Phillips, Brokaw, and Singer. As discussed above, both California and Florida use a negligence standard when evaluating whether a defendant has published a defamatory statement about a private individual. See *Mile Marker, Inc.*, 811 So.2d at 845; *Sarver*, 2011 WL 11574477, at *8 n. 11. This standard applies equally to authorized agents acting in the scope of their agency. See *Estate of Miller*, 637 F.Supp.2d at 1037; *Palomares*, 2008 WL 686683, at *4.

*16 ^[27]Defendant contends Plaintiffs' allegations are threadbare or conclusory and cannot be the basis of a “plausible determination” that Defendant's agents acted with fault. (Def.'s Mem. 31-32.) This argument cannot succeed if, after accepting Plaintiffs' allegations as true, the court can reasonably infer that those speaking for Defendant—Phillips, Brokaw, and Singer—were themselves negligent. The SAC states directly and by inference that the individuals who issued the statements were professionals, employed by Defendant for purposes including speaking to the media on his behalf. (SAC ¶¶

25-26, 29-30, 33-35, 37, 51-53, 55, 65-68, 70, 77, 88, 99.) Given Defendant's prominence in the entertainment field, the court infers he surrounded himself with people accomplished in media relations and legal matters. The court also infers those making Defendant's public statements had an open line of communication with him as well as some historical perspective on his public relations matters. Based on the facts and inferences, the court finds it plausible at this point to conclude (1) those agents would have had, at a minimum, some sense of Defendant's alleged conduct, such that their duty of care would have required them to take steps to determine the truth or falsity of the statements, and (2) the content of their responsive statements demonstrates such reasonable care was not taken.

In reaching its conclusions, the court notes that prior to the formal discovery process, facts pertaining to state of mind in defamation actions need not be alleged with extreme detail, due to the difficulty of definitively ascertaining them at this stage of litigation. See *Schatz v. Republican State Leadership Comm.*, 669 F.3d 50, 58 (1st Cir.2012) (in the defamation context, state of mind may be alleged generally); see also generally *Fed. R. Civ. P.* 9(b); *Grajales v. P.R. Ports Auth.*, 682 F.3d 40, 49 (1st Cir.2012).

The court, at this stage, accepting all of Plaintiffs' well-pled averments as true, finds *respondeat superior* liability is sufficiently pled. Therefore, Defendant's motion for dismissal on this point is denied.

b. Direct Liability

^[28]Defendant asserts that Plaintiffs do not identify direct liability as a legal theory upon which the defamation claims can be proven. However, the SAC does state Defendant acted “by and through” each of the people who actually gave each statement alleged to be defamatory. (SAC ¶¶ 25, 30, 33-35, 38, 51-52, 56, 65-68, 71, 73-74, 77, 80-82, 85, 88, 91-93, 96, 99, 102-04.) The SAC also states that Defendant's agents gave the statements “at the direction of Defendant.” (*Id.* ¶¶ 37, 55, 70.) Additionally, the SAC states Defendant knew the claimed defamatory statements were false at the time they were published. (*Id.* ¶¶ 36, 54, 69, 79, 90, 101.) If a principal purposefully directs an agent to perform an action, and that agent performs the action, then the principal is directly responsible for the consequences of the action. See *Restatement (Third) of Agency* § 7.03; see also *HBSC Ins. Ltd. v. Scanwell Container Line Ltd.*, No. CV 00-05729SVW(SHX), 2001 WL 940673, at *2 (C.D.Cal.

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

Jan. 17, 2001); *Partington v. Metallic Eng'g Co.*, 792 So.2d 498, 501 (Fla.Dist.Ct.App.2001).

^[29]The court is not persuaded by Defendant's argument that Plaintiffs did not adequately plead direct liability as a named legal theory. Under the applicable federal procedural requirements, a complaint need only put a defendant on notice as to legal theories and this can be done, as here, without formally naming them; a plaintiff need not perfectly plead all legal theories. See *Johnson v. City of Shelby*, — U.S. —, 135 S.Ct. 346, 190 L.Ed.2d 309 (2014) (reversing dismissal because "[f]ederal pleading rules ... do not countenance dismissal of a complaint for imperfect statement of the legal theory supporting the claim asserted"); see also *id.* at 347 ("The federal rules effectively abolish the restrictive theory of the pleadings doctrine, making it clear that it is unnecessary to set out a legal theory for the plaintiff's claim for relief." (quoting 5 Charles Alan Wright & Arthur R. Miller, *Federal Practice and Procedure* § 1219, at 277-78 (3d ed. 2002))).

Defendant rightfully concedes that if he had "approved defamatory statements before they were issued, he would be directly liable for defamation, irrespective of whether he or his agents personally issued the statements." (Dkt. No. 41, Def.'s Reply Mem. Supp. Mot. to Dismiss 10 ("Def.'s Reply Mem.")). See *Overstock.com, Inc. v. Gradient Analytics, Inc.*, 151 Cal.App.4th 688, 61 Cal.Rptr.3d 29, 48 (2007); *Island City Flying Serv. v. Gen. Elec. Credit Corp.*, 585 So.2d 274, 278 (Fla.1991). But he asserts in his reply brief there was a failure to plead sufficient facts to infer actual approval. (Def.'s Reply Mem. at 10.) The court does not agree. From examination of all the facts in the SAC, it does not take a speculative leap for the court to conclude Defendant would be personally involved in reviewing these types of accusations against him, crafting or approving the responsive statements, and directing the dissemination. The SAC alleges Defendant was an "internationally known" entertainment figure and the people making public statements for him were acting either as attorney or publicist and/or authorized representative or employee. (SAC ¶¶ 3, 26, 29, 53.) At this stage of the litigation, it would be unreasonable to view these particular circumstances, responding to very serious accusations of the nature involved here, as not having the direct involvement of Defendant.

*17 The court therefore finds direct liability is sufficiently pled. Accordingly, Defendant's motion for dismissal on this point is denied.

3. Self-Defense Privilege

The court turns to Defendant's argument that Plaintiffs' claims should be dismissed even if the statements at issue are potentially defamatory because these statements are protected by the common-law privilege of self-defense. (Def.'s Mem. 22-25.) Defendant relies in part on a Massachusetts case, contending "[t]he privilege of self-defense includes the right to 'brand the accusations as false and calumnious' and to 'comment upon the motives of the accuser.'" (*Id.* at 23 (quoting *Conroy v. Fall River Herald News Co.*, 306 Mass. 488, 28 N.E.2d 729, 730 (1940))). Defendant also asserts, without citing any authority, "[t]here is no requirement that, to avail oneself of the self-defense privilege, the responsive statement be truthful." (*Id.* at 25.) The court concludes the state substantive law governing Plaintiffs' claims does not recognize this privilege and, even if it were recognized, the court at this stage could not find that it applies.

^[30] ^[31]Neither California nor Florida recognize the self-defense privilege. As the parties acknowledge, California courts have rejected the notion of a privilege to defame in self-defense. (Pls.' Mem. 11; Def.'s Mem. 23 n.8.) See *Finke v. Walt Disney Co.*, 110 Cal.App.4th 1210, 2 Cal.Rptr.3d 436, 459 (2003) ("California does not recognize 'self-help' as an independent privilege."), *review granted*, 6 Cal.Rptr.3d 424, 79 P.3d 541 (2003), *review dismissed as settled*, 19 Cal.Rptr.3d 828, 99 P.3d 5 (2004).¹⁷ Similarly, while Florida recognizes several types of conditional defensive privileges in the context of defamation, self-defense is not one of them. See *Nodar v. Galbreath*, 462 So.2d 803, 809-10 (Fla.1984) (recognizing the privileges of mutuality of interest between the speaker and the listener, protection of the recipient's interest, and statements to a political authority regarding issues of public concern). Moreover, the court is not persuaded by Defendant's assertion that, because Florida courts have never explicitly rejected the self-defense privilege, it must be assumed the privilege would be recognized in Florida. In the court's view, the absence of any indication that Florida courts would adopt this privilege, especially when they have explicitly adopted other common-law defamation privileges, establishes no basis to assume the self-defense privilege would be recognized in Florida. Cf. *Klayman v. City Pages*, No. 5:13-cv-143-Oc-22PRL, 2015 WL 1546173, at *17 n. 18 (M.D.Fla. Apr. 3, 2015) (declining to find that the "libel-proof plaintiff" defamation defense exists in Florida when the defendants failed to provide any authority in support of that assertion).

^[32]The court recognizes that some jurisdictions do apply a version of the conditional self-defense privilege, which allows individuals, in certain circumstances, to publish

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

defamatory responsive statements necessary to defend their reputation. However, as recognized by the cases Defendant himself cites, as well as the *Restatement*, such a privilege does not permit a defendant to knowingly publish false statements of fact. See *Conroy*, 28 N.E.2d at 730 (“[O]ne has a right *in good faith* to brand the accusations as false and calumnious.” (emphasis added)); *Shepherd v. Baer*, 96 Md. 152, 53 A. 790, 791 (1902) (explaining that an individual relying on the self-defense privilege “cannot avail himself of the occasion to make false charges of fact”); *Restatement (Second) of Torts* § 593 (conditional privilege may not be “abused”); *id.* § 600 (conditional privilege is abused if publisher “(a) knows the matter to be false, or (b) acts in reckless disregard as to its truth or falsity”). As explained in a treatise relied upon by both Plaintiffs and Defendant, the self-defense privilege permits the speaker to “call the accuser a liar, but she or he may not include in the reply defamatory matter that is irrelevant or that the speaker knows or believes to be false. To do so is to abuse, and therefore lose, the privilege.” *Sack on Defamation* § 9:2.1, at 9-11 (4th ed. 2010) (emphasis added).

*18^[33] Accordingly, even in jurisdictions recognizing this conditional privilege, there is a clash with the applicable motion to dismiss standard. At the motion to dismiss stage, Plaintiffs’ allegations are presumed true, *San Gerónimo Caribe Project, Inc.* 687 F.3d at 471, so Defendant’s allegedly defamatory self-defense responses, made through his agents, would necessarily be viewed as knowingly false under these specific circumstances. This alone would negate the good faith requirement regarding the self-defense privilege at the motion to dismiss stage.¹⁸ See *Lundquist v. Reusser*, 7 Cal.4th 1193, 31 Cal.Rptr.2d 776, 875 P.2d 1279, 1291 (1994) (conditional privileges which California does recognize are lost “if the person making the statement was ... [m]otivated by hatred or ill-will toward the plaintiff which induced the publication; or ... [w]as without a good-faith belief in the truth of the statement”); *Thomas v. Tampa Bay Downs, Inc.*, 761 So.2d 401, 404 (Fla. Dist. Ct. App. 2000) (explaining that an essential element for conditional privileges which Florida does recognize is “good faith”); see also *Bank of Am. Corp. v. Valladares*, 141 So.3d 714, 718 (Fla. Dist. Ct. App. 2014) (conditional privilege to report a crime is lost “if the reporter acts maliciously, meaning the reporter either knows the report is false or recklessly disregards whether the report is false”), *review granted*, 168 So.3d 231 (Fla. 2015). The court would thus be constrained to infer that Defendant abused, and therefore lost, the privilege. See *Sack on Defamation* § 9:1, at 9-2 (“In some situations, a speaker will not be held liable for false defamatory statements because the freedom to speak in protection of certain interests is deemed to be more

important than the ability to redress harm to reputation that such speech may cause. But for the speaker to be protected in such situations, the statement must be made in good faith and for proper motives and the occasion must not be otherwise ‘abused.’ ”); see also *id.* §§ 9:3.1-9:3.2, at 9-41 to 9-50 (discussing the different types of “malice” which courts find to be an abuse of conditional privileges).¹⁹ Therefore, even if Florida and California did recognize this privilege, Defendant would not be able to invoke it at this stage to support his motion to dismiss.

4. Incremental Harm as to November 20, 2014 Statement about Plaintiff Traitz

Defendant argues the defamation claim by Plaintiff Traitz that stems from the November 20, 2014 Statement should be dismissed because she has not suffered incremental harm as a result of the statement. According to Defendant, the allegedly defamatory portion of Singer’s statement is no more damaging to Traitz’s reputation than the true reporting of her criminal convictions.

[34] [35] [36] The “incremental harm doctrine,” which some courts have described as related to the “libel-proof plaintiff doctrine,” see *Thomas v. Tel. Publ’g Co.*, 929 A.2d 993, 1002 (N.H. 2007); *Stern v. Cosby*, 645 F.Supp.2d 258, 270 (S.D.N.Y. 2009), “measures the harm ‘inflicted by the challenged statements beyond the harm imposed by the rest of the publication. If that harm is determined to be nominal or nonexistent, the statements are dismissed as not actionable.’ ” *Masson v. New Yorker Magazine, Inc.*, 960 F.2d 896, 898 (9th Cir. 1992) (quoting *Herbert v. Lando*, 781 F.2d 298, 311 (2d Cir. 1986)); see also *Tel. Publ’g Co.*, 929 A.2d at 1002-03.²⁰

*19^[37] Defendant has not provided any authority, and the court has not found any, indicating that Florida (the jurisdiction controlling resolution of Plaintiff Traitz’s claims) recognizes this defense. Accordingly, just as the court in *Klayman*, 2015 WL 1546173, at *17 n. 18, refused to recognize the libel-proof plaintiff doctrine under Florida law, this court, in the absence of any indication to the contrary, cannot conclude the Florida Supreme Court would adopt the incremental harm doctrine. Cf. *Masson*, 960 F.2d at 899 (concluding that “the incremental harm doctrine is not an element of California libel law,” in part, “because the California courts have never adopted it”); *Noonan v. Staples, Inc.*, 707 F.Supp.2d 85, 90 (D. Mass. 2010) (“Since no court in the Commonwealth has ever recognized the doctrine of incremental harm, this Court refrains from doing so

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

here.”). Even if Florida did recognize this doctrine, the court would not conclude, especially at this stage of the litigation, that the challenged portion of Singer’s statement—asserting that Plaintiff Traitz fabricated the sexual assault allegation—caused no more than nominal harm beyond the reporting of her criminal convictions. *See, e.g., Church of Scientology Int’l v. Time Warner, Inc.*, 932 F.Supp. 589, 594 (S.D.N.Y.1996) (“[T]he doctrine requires a court to measure the harm flowing from the challenged statement as compared to the harm flowing from the rest of the publication ... and the parties have not yet conducted discovery on the issue of damages.” (citation omitted)).

VI. CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above, Defendant’s motions to dismiss (Dkt. Nos. 21, 22, and 23) are DENIED in their entirety.

It is So Ordered.

All Citations

--- F.Supp.3d ----, 2015 WL 5923553

Footnotes

- 1 When the court granted leave for Plaintiffs to file the SAC, the court simultaneously afforded Defendant the opportunity to “file a motion to dismiss which responds to the newly amended complaint, or which supplements the [motions to dismiss] previously filed.” (Dkt. No. 46.) Defendant notified the court of his continued reliance on previously-filed submissions. (Dkt. No. 62, Def. Letter/request (non-motion).) Accordingly, the court evaluates Defendant’s previously-filed motions to dismiss, and arguments in support thereof, in relation to Plaintiffs’ SAC.
- 2 The court’s factual summary includes an abbreviated version of those facts alleged by Plaintiffs. The court also makes use of the full text versions of the allegedly defamatory statements. For three of those statements, the court utilizes full text versions provided by Defendant as exhibits to his memorandum in support of his motions. (Dkt. No. 25, Decl. re: Mem. Supp. Mot. to Dismiss, Exs. A, D, F.) Plaintiffs have not contested the accuracy of the full versions of these statements provided by Defendant and the court considers them as “documents sufficiently referred to in the complaint” and as “central to plaintiffs’ claims.” *See Watterson v. Page*, 987 F.2d 1, 3 (1st Cir.1993); *see also Fudge v. Penthouse Int’l, Ltd.*, 840 F.2d 1012, 1015 (1st Cir.1988) (affirming District Court’s decision, under similar circumstances, to consider a copy of the article submitted by the defendant which had formed the basis of the defamation action, as it was central to the plaintiff’s complaint). Additionally, the court uses the full text version of a fourth statement provided by Plaintiffs as an exhibit to their motion for leave to file their SAC. (Dkt. No. 20, Pls.’ Mem. Supp. re: Mot. for Leave to File Second Am. Compl., Ex. C.)
- 3 While Plaintiff Serignese is not specific as to how or where this allegation was disclosed (*see* SAC ¶ 50), Defendant states that it was disclosed to the *Huffington Post*. (Dkt. No. 24, Def.’s Mem. Supp. Mot. to Dismiss (“Def.’s Mem.”) 5 (citing SAC ¶ 48).) Defendant has attached a document which he asserts to be the *Huffington Post* article in question. (Decl. re: Mot. to Dismiss, Ex. C.) Plaintiff Serignese has not offered a conflicting explanation.
- 4 In the SAC, Plaintiffs describe two of the individuals who issued the statements as doing so while an “agent, authorized representative, lawyer, servant, and/or employee” of Defendant and one as doing so while an “agent, authorized representative, servant, and/or employee” of Defendant. (SAC ¶¶ 26, 29, 53.) As any distinctions among the meanings of these terms are not material at this stage, throughout this opinion the court refers to these individuals as Defendant’s “agents.”
- 5 The court will refer to these responsive statements, collectively, as the “Washington Post Statement.”
- 6 The parties have not provided the court with a copy of the original, uncorrected version of the November 22, 2014 Washington Post Online Article.
- 7 Defendant, in turn, has also provided the court with a copy of the correction notice issued with respect to the print edition and dated December 12, 2014. (Dkt. No. 28, Decl. re: Opp. to Pls.’ Mot. for Leave to File Second Am. Compl., Ex. 1.) It reads in its entirety: “1A Nov. 23 Page One article about the allegations of sexual assault against Bill Cosby misstated the timing of a statement of denial issued by an attorney for Cosby. The statement denying Tamara Green’s allegations was issued by lawyer Walter M. Phillips Jr. when Green’s allegations first surfaced in 2005, not in the week before the article was published.” (*Id.* at 2.)

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

- 8 As mentioned, the correction notice issued with respect to the November 23, 2014 Washington Post Print Article, provided by Defendant, is worded slightly differently than the correction notice for the November 22, 2014 Washington Post Online Article used by Plaintiff. (See Dkt. 28, Decl. re: Opp. to Pls.' Mot. for Leave to File Second Am. Compl., Ex. 1; Mem. re: Mot. to Am., Ex. C) The court generally limits its discussion to the correction with respect to the online article, as that correction is treated as an attachment to the complaint, but recognizes both corrections make the same operative point.
- 9 Plaintiffs also argue the court may not take judicial notice of the correction because Defendant is attempting to use it to prove the truth of the matter asserted therein, *i.e.*, that Phillips in fact provided his statement in 2005, not in 2014. See, *e.g.*, *Kosilek v. Spencer*, 889 F.Supp.2d 190, 215 n. 6 (D.Mass.2012), *aff'd*, 740 F.3d 733 (1st Cir.2014), *rev'd en banc on other grounds*, 774 F.3d 63 (1st Cir.2014). The court is not taking judicial notice of the correction pursuant to [Rule 201 of the Federal Rules of Evidence](#) because Plaintiffs used it to support their motion to amend and relied on it in their SAC, effectively attaching it to their complaint. Accordingly, this limitation (documents judicially noticed under [Rule 201](#) may not be considered for the truth of the matter asserted) is a non-issue. See, *e.g.*, *Papadopoulos v. Amaker*, No. 12-CV-3608 (DLI)(RLM), 2013 WL 3226757, at *1 n. 1 (E.D.N.Y. June 25, 2013).
- 10 The court notes that, if it were to consider both the online and print versions of the correction notices, the slightly different wording between the two, which may well be innocuous, could arguably raise questions about the manner in which the *Washington Post* came to include the Phillips statement in the article, further demonstrating the benefit in allowing the parties to engage the discovery process to seek clarification of these factual issues; the need for fact clarification is not a basis for dismissal at this stage.
- 11 California has adopted the Uniform Single Publication Act, codifying the single publication rule at [Cal. Civ. Code § 3425.3](#). That section provides:
No person shall have more than one cause of action for damages for libel or slander or invasion of privacy or any other tort founded upon any single publication or exhibition or utterance, such as any one issue of a newspaper or book or magazine or any one presentation to an audience or any one broadcast over radio or television or any one exhibition of a motion picture. Recovery in any action shall include all damages for any such tort suffered by the plaintiff in all jurisdictions.
- 12 Relevant differences which may exist between California and Florida law regarding defamation are addressed as applicable throughout this Discussion.
- 13 Defendant makes this argument as to the Newsweek Statement, the November 20, 2014 Statement, and the November 21, 2014 Statement, but not as to the Washington Post Statement.
- 14 Defendant suggests California's treatment of "predictable opinion" is similar to a "self-defense privilege." One obvious difference is that the phrase "predictable opinion" is used to describe a type of statement that is not defamatory because it does not assert a fact capable of being proved true or false, while a self-defense privilege, in the defamation context, generally prevents what may be a defamatory statement from being the basis for a defamation suit because of a specific exception under state law.
- 15 Defendant's contention that Plaintiff Traitz has offered no corroboration is, at least arguably, factually inaccurate because of the multiplicity of similar claims, a fact acknowledged in Defendant's statements of November 20th and 21st. The similar claims could be considered by a fact finder as a form of corroboration by a recognizably unique pattern of conduct.
- 16 In the SAC, Plaintiffs specifically allege Defendant is liable for the statements given by his agents on the basis of *respondeat superior*. (SAC ¶¶ 83, 94, 105.)
- 17 Defendant nonetheless asserts statements made in self-defense fall within the "predictable opinion" doctrine recognized in California. This court, however, has already rejected Defendant's predictable opinion arguments. See Section V.C.1.a.ii., *supra*. Accordingly, his predictable opinion arguments fare no better here when linked to a purported self-defense privilege.
- 18 Arguably, a self-defense privilege could protect a defendant who made a responsive good faith statement that later turned out to be inaccurate. See *Sack on Defamation* § 9:1, at 9-3 & n.6.
- 19 The court notes that in some states, a defendant's negligence in ascertaining the truth of a conditionally privileged defamatory statement may constitute grounds for losing the privilege. See *Sack on Defamation* § 9:3.4, at 9-52 to 9-53.

Green v. Cosby, --- F.Supp.3d ---- (2015)

Under the Supreme Court's decision in [Gertz](#), 418 U.S. 323, 94 S.Ct. 2997, 41 L.Ed.2d 789, however, each state's defamation law must include an element of fault at least rising to negligence; therefore, "[e]stablishing the cause of action would, *ipso facto*, establish defeasance of qualified privilege." *Sack on Defamation* § 9:3.4, at 9-53. In any event, the court need not delve further into the complications surrounding a self-defense privilege, the ways in which it may be lost, and the tensions with the motion to dismiss standard, because neither California nor Florida recognizes the self-defense privilege.

20 The libel-proof plaintiff doctrine, in contrast, looks to a plaintiff's previously damaged reputation. See [Tel. Publ'g Co.](#), 929 A.2d at 1002-04 (explaining the differences between the incremental harm and libel-proof plaintiff doctrines). Under that doctrine, "when a plaintiff's reputation is so diminished at the time of publication of the allegedly defamatory material that only nominal damages at most could be awarded because the person's reputation was not capable of sustaining further harm, the plaintiff is deemed to be libel-proof as a matter of law and is not permitted to burden a defendant with a trial." [Lamb v. Rizzo](#), 391 F.3d 1133, 1137 (10th Cir.2004) (internal citation omitted); see [Tel. Publ'g Co.](#), 929 A.2d at 1005 ("To justify applying the doctrine, the evidence of record must show not only that the plaintiff engaged in criminal or anti-social behavior in the past, but also that his activities were widely reported to the public." (internal citation omitted)). As Plaintiffs note, Defendant has only expressly requested dismissal pursuant to the incremental harm doctrine, and not the separate libel-proof plaintiff doctrine. However, even if Defendant were pressing both grounds for dismissal, his argument would fail because Florida has not adopted the libel-proof plaintiff doctrine, see [Klayman](#), 2015 WL 1546173, at *17 n. 18, and Defendant has not established that Tritz falls into the narrow category of individuals with a sufficiently tarnished reputation such that a defamatory statement could not impair her reputation, see [Guccione v. Hustler Magazine, Inc.](#), 800 F.2d 298, 303 (2d Cir.1986) ("The libel-proof plaintiff doctrine is to be applied with caution ... since few plaintiffs will have so bad a reputation that they are not entitled to obtain redress for defamatory statements." (citation omitted)); [Church of Scientology Int'l v. Time Warner, Inc.](#), 932 F.Supp. 589, 594 (S.D.N.Y.1996) ("Dismissal based on the libel-proof plaintiff doctrine is not appropriate at this stage of the litigation, because it requires the Court to make factual findings regarding plaintiff's reputation for a particular trait.").

End of Document

© 2016 Thomson Reuters. No claim to original U.S. Government Works.

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR LEAVE TO BRING PERSONAL ELECTRONIC
DEVICES AND GENERAL PURPOSE COMPUTING DEVICES INTO THE
COURTHOUSE FOR THE JANUARY 14, 2016 HEARING**

Plaintiff, by and through undersigned counsel, hereby moves this Court for an Order granting Plaintiff's counsel leave to bring Personal Electronic Devices and General Purpose Computing Device into the Courthouse for the hearing currently scheduled for January 14, 2016, in the above-styled case.

Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court allow attorney Sigrid McCawley to bring with her to the Courthouse on January 14, 2016, a Personal Electronic Device and a General Purpose Computing Device. Plaintiff has attached a proposed order as Exhibit A hereto. *See* Exhibit A, Proposed Order Granting Plaintiff's Motion for Leave to Bring Personal Electronic Device and General Purpose Computing Devices to the Courthouse for the January 14, 2016 hearing. Plaintiff will comply with the obligations and restrictions imposed pursuant to Standing Order M10-468, as Revised.

Dated: January 11, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

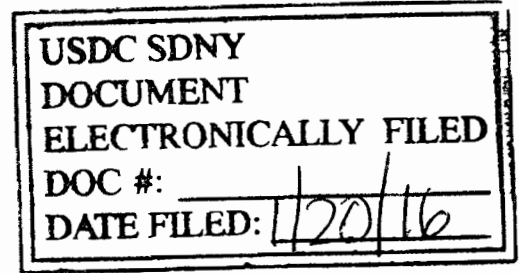
I HEREBY CERTIFY that on January 11, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley

Sigrid S. McCawley

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK



-----X

VIRGINIA L. GUIFFRE,

Plaintiff,

- against -

15 Civ. 7433 (RWS)

OPINION

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

Defendant.

-----X

A P P E A R A N C E S:

Counsel for Plaintiffs

BOEIS, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1200
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
By: Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Counsel for Defendants

HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East Tenth Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
By: Laura A. Menninger, Esq.

Sweet, D.J.

Defendant has moved pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) for a stay of discovery pending decision on Defendant's motion to dismiss. In the alternative, Defendant has moved for additional time to respond to Plaintiff's discovery request. Based upon the foregoing conclusions and as set forth below, the motion to stay is denied, and the motion to extend is granted.

Prior Proceedings

Plaintiff filed a complaint in this Court on September 21, 2015, alleging a single defamation claim. See Compl. Defendant sought an extension of her time to answer, move, or otherwise respond to Plaintiff's Complaint to November 30, 2015. The request was granted on October 12, 2015. By Order filed October 30, 2015, the parties were directed to complete fact discovery by July 1, 2016, and expert discovery by August 3, 2016.

On December 1, 2015, Defendant filed a motion to dismiss and the instant motion to stay discovery pending a decision on the motion to dismiss. Oral argument was held on both motions and the matters deemed fully submitted on January 14, 2016.

Applicable Standard

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), the Court has broad discretion to issue a protective order on matters relating to discovery. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c)(1); see also In re Chase Manhattan Corp. Sec. Litig., No. 90 CIV. 6092 (LMM), 1991 WL 79432, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. May 7, 1991). Specifically, the Rule dictates “[t]he court may, for good cause, issue an order to protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense.” Fed.R.Civ.P. 26(c)(1). “This rule confers broad discretion on the trial court to decide when a protective order is appropriate and what degree of protection is required.” U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Comm'n v. Parnon Energy Inc., 593 F. App'x 32, 36 (2d Cir. 2014) (citing Seattle Times Co. v. Rhinehart, 467 U.S. 20, 36, 104 S.Ct. 2199, 81 L.Ed.2d 17 (1984)) (internal quotation marks omitted).

However, “good cause” is a significant element of the Rule. “[D]iscovery should not be routinely stayed simply on the basis that a motion to dismiss has been filed.” Moran v. Flaherty, No. 92 CIV. 3200 (PKL), 1992 WL 276913, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 25, 1992); see also Usov v. Lazar, No. 13 CIV. 818 RWS, 2013 WL 3199652, at *9 (S.D.N.Y. June 25, 2013) (“Defendants are

incorrect, though, that discovery must automatically be stayed pending a motion to dismiss.”); In re WRT Energy Sec. Litig., No. 96 CIV. 3610 (JFK), 1996 WL 580930, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 9, 1996) (“While discovery may in a proper case be stayed pending the outcome of a motion to dismiss, the issuance of a stay is by no means automatic.”). The Court analyzes good cause by application of three factors: (1) whether a defendant has made a strong showing that the plaintiff’s claim is unmeritorious, (2) the breadth of discovery and the burden of responding to it, and (3) the risk of unfair prejudice to the party opposing the stay. Morien v. Munich Reins. Am., Inc., 270 F.R.D. 65, 67 (D. Conn. 2010); Josie-Delerme v. Am. Gen. Fin. Corp., No. 08 Civ. 3166, 2009 WL 497609, at *1 (E.D.N.Y. Feb. 26, 2009).

The Motion to Stay is Denied

Defendant’s motion to dismiss alleges pleading deficiencies in Plaintiff’s complaint and the applicability of the self-defense and pre-litigation privileges. See Def.’s Mot. to Dismiss. Plaintiff, in turn, addresses each basis for Defendant’s dismissal arguments. Pl.’s Opp. to Mot. to Dismiss at 5-18. With respect to the pleading deficiencies, Plaintiff argues vigorously and in detailed fashion that a defamation claim has been adequately pled. Id. at 18-25. With respect to

the privileges, Plaintiff offers several strong arguments to challenge Defendant's motion, including arguments that the privileges do not apply substantively, that Plaintiff can defeat the qualified privileges with a showing of actual malice, and that neither privilege can be properly resolved on a motion to dismiss. Id. at 5-18. Plaintiff has pled concrete facts and law to support all of her arguments. With strong arguments on both sides, Defendant's argument does not rise to a level of the requisite "strong showing" that Plaintiff's claim is unmeritorious.

With respect to the second factor, Defendant argues that discovery in this matter is of wide-breadth, and therefore necessarily burdensome. Def.'s Mot to Stay at 3-4. Normal discovery in a limited matter does not alone rise to the level of good cause. Defendant compares the complexity of this case to a case pending in this Court in which a stay of discovery was granted. Id. at 3 ("This Court has granted a stay of discovery in a recent case involving similarly complex factual questions" (citing Spinelli v. Nat'l Football League, No. 13 CIV. 7398 (RWS), 2015 WL 7302266, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 17, 2015))). Defendant relies heavily this point, alleging that "the potential discovery in Spinelli pales in comparison to the anticipated discovery here." Def.'s Reply at 6. The

circumstances of Spinelli could not be more inapposite to this one. That case, in which four separate motions to dismiss were pending at the time of the motion to stay, involves seven individual plaintiffs against the no less than the entire National Football League, 36 affiliated teams, the Associated Press, Getty Images, and others. Discovery and relevant factual questions were accordingly herculean considerations. Conversely, this case involves a single claim against a single defendant, related to an ongoing series of events in which Defendant was alleged to be personally and intimately involved. See Compl. Discovery in this matter is the narrow pole of the scale to which Spinelli is the wide-breadth counterpoint. Discovery in this case is accordingly tailored to that single claim and the associated events. It does not reach such a wide-breadth that good cause for a stay exists. Any objections to individual discovery requests can be dealt with accordingly, and are not proper grounds for a Rule 26 protective order. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 34.

Finally, with respect to unfair prejudice, Defendant submits that the requested stay is for the limited period of time necessary for the Court to rule on the motion to dismiss, and thus Plaintiff would not be unfairly prejudiced. Def.'s Mot. to Stay at 2-3. Good cause not otherwise having been shown, lack

of prejudice does not justify a stay.

Accordingly, the motion to stay discovery is denied.

**The Motion to Extend the Deadline to Respond or Object to
Plaintiff's First Request for Production of Documents is Granted**

Defendant was required to respond to Plaintiff's First Request for Production by November 30, 2015. In the alternative to Defendant's request for a stay, Defendant moves for an extension of the time to respond or object. Def.'s Mot. to Stay at 4. Defendant does not request any particular extension of time.

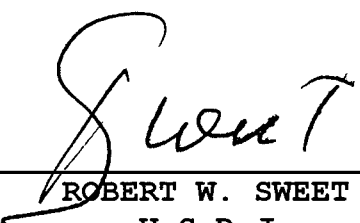
"If a motion for a protective order is wholly or partly denied, the court may, on just terms, order that any part or person provide or permit discovery." Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c)(2). Defendant was served with the request on October 27, 2015 and has therefore had an additional month and a half to digest the requests than is usually permitted by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 34(b)(A). Accordingly, Defendant is directed to respond or object to Plaintiff's First Request for Production within fourteen days of the date of this opinion.

Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons and as set forth above, Defendant's motion to stay is denied, the motion to extend is granted, and discovery shall proceed as set forth above.

It is so ordered.

New York, NY
January 19, 2016



ROBERT W. SWEET
U.S.D.J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

PLAINTIFF,

V.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

DEFENDANT.

-----}

**DEFENDANT’S NOTICE OF
SUPPLEMENTAL AUTHORITY**

15-cv-07433-RWS

In further support of her Motion to Dismiss the Complaint, Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell, through her attorney Laura A. Menninger of the law firm Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C., hereby respectfully submits the recent decision in *Hill v. Cosby*, 15 cv 1658 (W.D. Pa. January 21, 2016).

In *Hill v. Cosby*, the court dismissed, with prejudice, what it found to be a “very detailed and complete Complaint¹” alleging, among other things, that Cosby defamed an alleged sexual assault victim by issuing statements to the press describing the allegations against him as “unsubstantiated, fantastical stories...[that] have escalated far past the point of absurdity.” (Ex. A at 8). Citing *Gertz v. Robert Welch, Inc.*, 418 U.S. 323, 339 (1974), the court held that “[t]his sort of purely opinionated speech...is protected and not actionable as defamatory speech.” *Id.* In dismissing the case, the court further noted that Cosby’s public denial of the claims against him was a “legal position” that does not “lead to an inference that Plaintiff is a ‘liar and an extortionist.’” *Id.* at 8, 12.

¹ In fact, the *full text* of each allegedly defamatory statement was set forth in the Complaint. (Ex. A at 8).

The facts and arguments set forth in *Hill v. Cosby* are analogous to those here, and thus this newly issued decision is relevant to the arguments advanced by Ms. Maxwell in support of her Motion to Dismiss. Ms. Maxwell therefore respectfully requests that the Court take notice of this supplemental authority.

Dated: January 22, 2016.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorney for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on January 22, 2016, I electronically filed this *Notice of Supplemental Authority* with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

RENITA HILL,

Plaintiff,

15cv1658

ELECTRONICALLY FILED

v.

WILLIAM HENRY COSBY, JR., *an*
individual also known as BILL COSBY,

Defendant.

MEMORANDUM OPINION

The very detailed and complete Complaint in this case alleges that by making or causing to be made three very discreet statements: (1) Defendant defamed Plaintiff, (2) Defendant cast Plaintiff in a false light, and (3) Defendant intentionally inflicted emotional distress upon Plaintiff.¹ Presently before the Court is a Motion to Dismiss and Brief in Support filed by Defendant alleging that no justiciable claim or controversy exists. Doc. nos. 3, 4. Plaintiff filed a Response and Brief in Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss. Doc. nos. 7, 11. Defendant filed a Reply Brief. Doc. no. 18. The matter is now ripe for adjudication. For the reasons set forth herein, the Court will grant the Motion to Dismiss the Complaint.

I. Standard of Review - Rule 12(b)(6)

I. Standard of Review - Rule 12(b)(6)

Under Rule 12(b)(6), a Complaint must be dismissed for “failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.” Detailed factual pleading is not required – Rule 8(a)(2) calls for a

¹ This case was removed to this Court by Defendant. Plaintiff originally filed her lawsuit in the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania (case no. GD-15-18156). Plaintiff did not challenge the removal. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a).

“short and plain statement of the claim showing that the pleader is entitled to relief” – but a Complaint must set forth sufficient factual allegations that, taken as true, set forth a plausible claim for relief. *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009). The plausibility standard does not require a showing of probability that a claim has merit, *Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 556 (2007), but it does require that a pleading show “more than a sheer possibility that a defendant has acted unlawfully.” *Iqbal*, 556 U.S. at 678. Determining the plausibility of an alleged claim is “a context-specific task that requires the reviewing court to draw on its judicial experience and common sense.” *Id.* at 679

Building upon the landmark United States Supreme Court decisions in *Twombly* and *Iqbal*, the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit explained that a District Court must undertake the following three steps to determine the sufficiency of a Complaint:

First, the court must take note of the elements a plaintiff must plead to state a claim. Second, the court should identify allegations that, because they are no more than conclusions, are not entitled to the assumption of truth. Finally, where there are well-pleaded factual allegations, a court should assume their veracity and then determine whether they plausibly give rise to an entitlement for relief.

Connelly v. Steel Valley Sch. Dist., 706 F.3d 209, 212 (3d Cir. 2013) (citation omitted).

The third step requires this Court to consider the specific nature of the claims presented and to determine whether the facts pled to substantiate the claims are sufficient to show a “plausible claim for relief.” *Covington v. Int’l Ass’n of Approved Basketball Officials*, 710 F.3d 114, 118 (3d Cir. 2013); *see also Santiago v. Warminster Twp.*, 629 F.3d 121, 130 (3d Cir. 2010) (“[W]here there are well-pleaded factual allegations, the court should assume their veracity and then determine whether they plausibly give rise to an entitlement for relief.”).

When adjudicating a motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim, the Court must view all of the allegations and facts in the complaint in the light most favorable to the plaintiff, and

must grant the plaintiff the benefit of all reasonable inferences that can be derived therefrom. *Kanter v. Barella*, 489 F.3d 170, 177 (3d Cir. 2007) (quoting *Evancho v. Fisher*, 423 F.3d 347, 350 (3d Cir. 2005)). However, the Court need not accept inferences or conclusory allegations that are unsupported by the facts set forth in the complaint. See *Reuben v. U.S. Airways, Inc.*, 500 F. App'x 103, 104 (3d Cir. 2012) (quoting *Iqbal*, 556 U.S. at 678); *Fowler v. UPMC Shadyside*, 578 F.3d 203, 210-11 (3d Cir. 2009) (stating that District Courts “must accept all of the Complaint’s well-pleaded facts as true, but may disregard any legal conclusions”). “While legal conclusions can provide the framework of a Complaint, they must be supported by factual allegations.” *Iqbal*, 556 U.S. at 664.

This Court may not dismiss a Complaint merely because it appears unlikely or improbable that Plaintiff can prove the facts alleged or will ultimately prevail on the merits. *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 563 n.8. Instead, this Court must ask whether the facts alleged raise a reasonable expectation that discovery will reveal evidence of the necessary elements. *Id.* at 556. Generally speaking, a Complaint that provides adequate facts to establish “how, when, and where” will survive a Motion to Dismiss. *Fowler*, 578 F.3d at 212.

In short, a Motion to Dismiss should be granted if a party fails to allege facts, which could, if established at trial, entitle him/her to relief. *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 563 n.8.

II. Discussion

As noted above, Plaintiff’s Complaint alleges three causes of action against Defendant: (1) defamation, (2) false light, and (3) intentional infliction of emotional distress. Defendant argues that each of these three claims must be dismissed because the claims are legally unsustainable and/or are legally insufficient. Each claim will be addressed, seriatim.

A. Defamation

1. Pennsylvania Law

Under Pennsylvania law – the law applicable to this case² – a plaintiff must eventually prove the following seven elements to state a claim for defamation: (1) the defamatory character of the communication; (2) its publication by the defendant; (3) its application to the plaintiff; (4) the understanding by the recipient of its defamatory meaning; (5) the understanding by the recipient of it as intended to be applied to the plaintiff; (6) special harm resulting to the plaintiff from its publication; and (7) abuse of a conditionally privileged occasion. 42 Pa.C.S.A. § 8343. There is ample case law emanating from Pennsylvania state courts, as well as the United States District Courts, applying Pennsylvania substantive law which defines these elements. A brief summary of a portion of that body of law follows.

In an action for defamation, it is the Court’s duty to make the threshold determination whether the challenged statements are capable of a defamatory meaning. *Thomas Merton Center v. Rockwell International Corp.*, 442 A.2d 213 (Pa. 1981), *cert. den.*, 457 U.S. 1134 (1982); *Byars v. School Dist. of Phila.*, 942 F.Supp.2d 552 (Pa. E.D. 2013) (“Whether a statement is capable of a defamatory meaning is a question of law for the court.”). If the communication could be understood as defamatory, then it is for the jury to determine whether it was so understood by the recipient. *Agriss Roadway Exp., Inc.*, 483 A.2d 456 (Pa. Super. 1984).

For purposes of the threshold determination whether a communication could be understood as defamatory, it is not necessary for the communication actually to have caused harm to a plaintiff’s reputation; defamatory character depends on the general tendency of the

² The parties agree, as does this Court, that Pennsylvania substantive law applies to the claims asserted in this case. Pennsylvania has a substantial interest in this litigation as Plaintiff was (and is) domiciled in Pennsylvania at the time the allegedly defamatory communications were published, and thus Plaintiff has a reputational interest to protect in that forum.

words to have such an effect. *Id.*, citing *Corabi v. Curtis Publishing Co.*, 273 A.2d 899 (Pa. 1971); *Miller v. Hubbard*, 207 A.2d 913 (Pa. Super. 1965); Restatement, *supra*, § 559 Comment d. However, it is not sufficient for the words to merely embarrass or annoy the plaintiff. *Beckman v. Dunn*, 419 A.2d 583 (Pa. Super. 1980). A communication is defamatory if it tends to blacken a person's reputation or expose that person to public hatred, contempt, or ridicule, or injure the person in her business or profession. *Livingston v. Murray*, 612 A.2d 443, 447 (Pa. Super. 1992), *alloc. den.*, 617 A.2d 1275 (Pa. 1992). Defamatory communications tend to lower a person in the estimation of the community, deter third persons from associating with him or her, or adversely affect the person's fitness for the proper conduct of his or her lawful business or profession. *Id.*

A plaintiff claiming defamation need not be specifically named in the communication, if the plaintiff is pointed to by description or circumstances tending to identify him or her. *Cosgrove Studio & Camera Shop, Inc. v. Pane*, 182 A.2d 751, 753 (Pa. 1962). The test is "whether the defamatory communication may reasonably be understood as referring to the plaintiff." *Zerpol Corp. v. DMP Corp.*, 561 F.Supp. 404, 410 (E.D. Pa. 1983) (citing *Farrell v. Triangle Publ'ns, Inc.*, 159 A.2d 734 (Pa. 1960)).

The Pennsylvania Superior Court further explained in *Dougherty v. Boyerton Times*, 547 A.2d 778 (Pa. Super. 1988):

The nature of the audience is a critical factor in determining whether a statement is capable of defamatory meaning. . . . Injury to reputation is judged by the reaction of other persons in the community and not by the party's self-estimation. *Rybas v. Wapner*, 311 Pa.Super. 50, 457 A.2d 108 (1983). Specifically, a communication is defamatory if it "ascribes to another conduct, character or a condition that would adversely affect his fitness for the proper conduct of his lawful business, trade or profession." *Baker v. Lafayette College*, 350 Pa.Super. 68, 76, 504 A.2d 247, 251 (1986) quoting *Thomas Merton Center, supra*, 422 A.2d at 216.

Id. at 783.

Pennsylvania case law also has concluded that only statements of fact can afford a basis for a defamation action. Expressions of opinion cannot. Statements of fact and opinion intermingled can give rise to a claim based on the factual portions of the statement. See *Dougherty*, 547 A.2d at 782–83 (1988) and Restatement (Second) of Torts, § 556.

Whether a particular statement constitutes a fact or an opinion is a question of law for the trial court to determine. *Veno v. Meredith*, 515 A.2d 571, 575 (Pa. Super. 1986) *citing Braig v. Field Communications*, 456 A.2d 1366, 1372 (Pa. Super. 1983), *cert. den.*, 466 U.S. 970 (1984). In *Braig*, the Superior Court of Pennsylvania adopted Section 566 of the Restatement (Second) of Torts, entitled Expression of Opinion, which provides as follows:

A defamatory communication may consist of a statement in the form of an opinion, but a statement of this nature is actionable only if it implies the allegation of undisclosed defamatory facts as the basis for the opinion.

Comment (b) to § 566 of the Restatement explains the two types of expressions of opinion:

(1) The pure type - which “occurs when the maker of the comment states the facts on which he bases his opinion of the plaintiff and then expresses a comment as to the plaintiff’s conduct, qualifications or character.”

(2) The mixed type - which “while an opinion in form or context, is apparently based on facts regarding the plaintiff or his conduct that have not been stated by the defendant or assumed to exist by the parties to the communication. Here the expression of opinion gives rise to the inference that there are undisclosed facts that justify the forming of the opinion expressed by the defendant.”

Restatement (Second) of Torts, § 566, comment (b). Comment (c) of § 566 explains the constitutional significance of the distinction explained in comment (b):

A simple expression of opinion based on disclosed or assumed nondefamatory facts is not itself sufficient for an action of defamation, no matter how unjustified and unreasonable the opinion may be or how derogatory it is. But an expression of opinion that is not based on disclosed or assumed facts and therefore implies that there are undisclosed

facts on which the opinion is based, is treated differently. The difference lies in the effect upon the recipient of the communication. In the first case, the communication itself indicates to him that there is no defamatory factual statement. In the second, it does not, and if the recipient draws the reasonable conclusion that the derogatory opinion expressed in the comment must have been based on undisclosed defamatory facts, the defendant is subject to liability. The defendant cannot insist that the undisclosed facts were not defamatory but that he unreasonably formed the derogatory opinion from them. This is like the case of a communication subject to more than one meaning. As stated in § 563, the meaning of a communication is that which the recipient correctly, or mistakenly but reasonably, understands that it was intended to express.

Restatement (Second) of Torts, § 566, comment (c).

Thus, the trial court must determine whether the challenged statement is an opinion or a fact. If the challenged statement is an opinion, it is actionable only if it “may reasonably be understood to imply the existence of undisclosed defamatory facts justifying the opinion.” *Veno*, 515 A.2d at 575, *quoting Beckman*, 419 A.2d at 587, *citing* Restatement (Second) of Torts, § 566.

With these principles in mind, the Court proceeds to examine the three challenged statements set forth in the instant case.

2. Plaintiff’s Allegations Related to Defamation

Turning to the detailed and specific facts alleged by Plaintiff, her Complaint first notes that Plaintiff gave an interview with a reporter from KDKA on November 20, 2014 wherein she accused Defendant of sexual abuse and rape (doc. no. 1-3, ¶ 38). Plaintiff asserts that as a result of this interview, three separate communications (either made by Defendant, or on Defendant’s behalf) led to her defamation claim.

The “Martin Singer Statement” is the first of the three communications which Plaintiff alleges is defamatory. In it, Plaintiff alleges that a day or two after she gave her interview, the Washington Post published a response whereby “[Defendant], aided by his attorney, Martin

Singer, issued [a] statement . . .” which set forth, in relevant part, that “. . . new, never-before-heard claims from women[,] who have come forward in the past two weeks with unsubstantiated, fantastical stories . . . have escalated far past the point of absurdity. These brand new claims about alleged decades-old events are becoming increasingly ridiculous . . . [I]t makes no sense that not one of these new women who just came forward for the first time ever asserted a legal claim back at the time they allege they had been sexually assaulted.” The remainder of the Martin Singer Statement chastises “the media” for failing to corroborate the new “unsubstantiated stories” before publishing their accounts.³

Second, with respect to the “Florida Today Statement,” Plaintiff alleges that the same day the Martin Singer Statement was released, Defendant himself was interviewed by Florida Today, and during that interview he declined to respond to the “innuendos” that had been made about him and stated that “[p]eople should fact-check”.⁴

Third, with respect to the “Camille Cosby Statement,” Plaintiff alleges that on December 15, 2014, a letter written by Defendant’s wife, Camille Cosby, was published by the Washington Post on Defendant’s behalf alleging that the news media failed to “vet” her husband’s accusers (of which Plaintiff was one) before publishing or airing the accusers’ stories.⁵

3. Analysis

Defendant’s Brief in Support of its Motion to Dismiss contends that none of the three statements are actionable as defamation. Doc. no. 4, p. 8. Plaintiff’s Brief in Opposition to Motion to Dismiss contends that the sum of the three statements “share a common thread of relying on undisclosed, defamatory facts to support the assertions each statement makes.” Doc. no. 11, p. 7. Plaintiff contends that “[i]f it is reasonable to infer from the statements that

³ The full text of the Martin Singer Statement is set forth in the Complaint at doc. no. 1-3, ¶ 38.

⁴ The full text of the Florida Today Statement is set forth in the Complaint at doc. no. 1-3, ¶ 41.

⁵ The full text of the Camille Cosby Statement is set forth in the Complaint at doc. no. 1-3, ¶ 42.

Defendant was actively and knowingly calling Plaintiff a liar and an extortionist, than [sic] the statements are capable of defamatory meaning.” Id.

After careful consideration of each of the three statements set forth in the Complaint, and after considering the arguments advanced by each party to this lawsuit as to how those statements could or could not be defamatory under Pennsylvania law, this Court finds that none of the three statements are defamatory.

a. The Martin Singer Statement

The Martin Singer Statement is a pure opinion. Per Plaintiff’s Complaint, the Martin Singer Statement was made “in response” to Plaintiff’s interview wherein she accused Defendant of sexually abusing and raping her. Doc. no. 1-3, ¶ 38. This statement suggests that “new” claims asserted by “new” women – which presumably included Plaintiff’s allegations of sexual abuse and rape – escalated beyond “the point of absurdity.” Id. Simply put, taking all well pled facts as true, and viewed in the light most favorable to Plaintiff, the Martin Singer Statement describes the Plaintiff’s and other women’s allegations against Defendant as “beyond absurd” and labels their accounts of past events as “unsubstantiated, fantastical stories.”

The entire Martin Singer Statement (as quoted in Plaintiff’s Complaint) is an opinionated statement; but, it is not one which implies or alleges that undisclosed, defamatory facts serve as the basis for the opinion. It was a statement, made by Defendant’s attorney, in response to serious allegations concerning Defendant’s alleged criminal behavior. As noted above, in Pennsylvania, an opinion cannot be defamatory unless it “may reasonably be understood to imply the existence of undisclosed defamatory facts justifying the opinion.” *Remick v. Manfredy*, 238 F.3d 248, 261 (3d Cir. 2001).

Any attorney for any defendant must advance a position contrary to that of the plaintiff. Here, Plaintiff publicly claimed she was sexually abused and raped by Defendant – which is her position; and Defendant, through his attorney, publicly denied those claims by saying the “claims” are unsubstantiated and absurd – which is his legal position. This sort of purely opinionated speech articulated by Defendant’s attorney is protected and not actionable as defamatory speech. *See Gertz v. Robert Welch, Inc.*, 418 U.S. 323, 339 (1974) (“Under the First Amendment there is no such thing as a false idea. However pernicious an opinion may seem, we depend for its correction not on the conscience of judges and juries but on the competition of other ideas. But there is no constitutional value in false statements of fact.”). This Court does not find the Martin Singer Statement includes language which implies the existence of undisclosed defamatory facts about Plaintiff. As such, this Court considers the Martin Singer Statement to be purely an opinion proffered by an attorney who, while actively engaged in the zealous representation of his client, did not cross the line and defame the Plaintiff. Accordingly, the Court finds that the Martin Singer Statement fails to support Plaintiff’s claim for defamation.

b. The Florida Today Statement

Next, turning to the Florida Today Statement, this Court also finds that this statement likewise is not defamatory. In this statement, Defendant refuses to respond to “innuendos” and invites “people” to “fact-check.” Doc. no. 1-3, ¶ 41. Although Pennsylvania case law is clear that a plaintiff claiming defamation need not be specifically named in the defamatory statement, the Florida Today Statement fails to even generally refer to the group of women who publicly asserted their allegations of sexual misconduct against Defendant.

However, viewing this statement in a light most favorable to Plaintiff, given the timing of this statement, the Court will assume, *arguendo*, that Defendant was referring to Plaintiff’s and

other women's accusations as "innuendos," and was encouraging the public to "fact-check" the claims of these women. This is a far cry from labelling Plaintiff (and the other women who have made similar public assertions) as liars or extortionists.

Pennsylvania law requires that Defendant's words have the general tendency to cause harm to Plaintiff's reputation. It is not sufficient if the words are merely embarrassing or annoying to Plaintiff. The words uttered by Defendant, and made public in his Florida Today Statement, which invite the public to conduct its own investigation and draw its own conclusions about the "innuendos," *i.e.*, the alleged sexual misconduct of Defendant, do not have the general tendency to cause harm to anyone's reputation and, thus, do not rise to the level of defamatory comments.

c. The Camille Cosby Statement

Finally, the Camille Cosby Statement fails to meet Pennsylvania's legal requirements necessary to assert a claim for defamation. The majority of this statement expresses the speaker's opinion that the media outlets violated their own code of journalistic integrity by publishing Plaintiff's (and the other women's) accounts of the alleged sexual abuse without "vetting" these accusers. This statement targets the media as much, and arguably more so, than the accusers, by claiming that the media failed to properly source or "vet" Plaintiff's and the other women's stories before publishing them. The accusation made by Camille Cosby appears to target the media for failing to get a second source before printing Plaintiff's, and/or other women's very serious accusations regarding Defendant.⁶

⁶ Even assuming that the "vetting" referred to Plaintiff herself, and not Plaintiff's "story," the Camille Cosby Statement suggests that the media did not do its job of investigating Plaintiff prior to publishing Plaintiff's account of the alleged sexual abuse. Even construed in a light most favorable to Plaintiff, the Camille Cosby Statement does not infer that there is some undisclosed fact or facts about this specific Plaintiff which Camille Cosby herself knew. Moreover, although Plaintiff has pled that Camille Cosby was Defendant's business manager, and claims that Camille Cosby's statements could be attributable to

In addition, the timing of this statement is further removed from the timing of Plaintiff's own accusations. This Court does not find that this Statement could be read to infer that Plaintiff is a liar or an extortionist and it does not possess the general tendency to cause harm to Plaintiff's reputation. Thus, this Statement fails to support a claim for defamation.

d. All Three Statements Together

Finally, Plaintiff's Brief in Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss contends that the sum of the three statements "share a common thread of relying on undisclosed, defamatory facts to support the assertions each statement makes." Plaintiff contends that "[i]f it is reasonable to infer from the statements that Defendant was actively and knowingly calling Plaintiff a liar and an extortionist, than [sic] the statements are capable of defamatory meaning." Doc. no. 11, p. 7. Even considering these three statements together as a combined, single statement, this newly "conjoined" statement does not lead to an inference that Plaintiff is a "liar and an extortionist." Accordingly, Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's claim for defamation will be granted.

B. False Light

Under Pennsylvania law, a claim for false light is one of four torts which can support a claim for invasion of privacy. *Santillo v. Reed*, 634 A.2d 264 (Pa. Super. 1993). To establish a false light invasion of privacy claim, Pennsylvania law requires a plaintiff to show that a highly offensive false statement was publicized by a defendant with knowledge or in reckless disregard of the falsity. *Id.*, citing *Neish v. Beaver Newspapers, Inc.*, 581 A.2d 619, 624 (Pa. Super. 1990), *alloc. den.*, 593 A.2d 421 (Pa. 1991).

Defendant, this is a legal conclusion which Plaintiff draws with no factual support. Thus, even if the Camille Cosby Statement could be read to infer that Camille Cosby had undisclosed defamatory facts related to this specific Plaintiff, the Court has no basis upon which it can legally conclude that this Statement can be attributed to Defendant or was authorized by him.

Pennsylvania Courts have relied upon the Restatement (Second) of Torts § 652E for distinguishing a false light claim from a defamation claim. Comment “b.” to this Section of the Restatement reads as follows:

b. Relation to defamation. The interest protected by this Section is the interest of the individual in not being made to appear before the public in an objectionable false light or false position, or in other words, otherwise than as he is. In many cases to which the rule stated here applies, the publicity given to the plaintiff is defamatory, so that he would have an action for libel or slander under the rules stated in Chapter 24. In such a case the action for invasion of privacy will afford an alternative or additional remedy, and the plaintiff can proceed upon either theory, or both, although he can have but one recovery for a single instance of publicity.

It is not, however, necessary to the action for invasion of privacy that the plaintiff be defamed. It is enough that he is given unreasonable and highly objectionable publicity that attributes to him characteristics, conduct or beliefs that are false, and so is placed before the public in a false position. When this is the case and the matter attributed to the plaintiff is not defamatory, the rule here stated affords a different remedy, not available in an action for defamation.

Restatement (Second) of Torts § 652E, comment b. Comment “c.” defines the term “highly offensive” in this manner:

c. Highly offensive to a reasonable person. The rule stated in this Section applies only when the publicity given to the plaintiff has placed him in a false light before the public, of a kind that would be highly offensive to a reasonable person. In other words, it applies only when the defendant knows that the plaintiff, as a reasonable man, would be justified in the eyes of the community in feeling seriously offended and aggrieved by the publicity. Complete and perfect accuracy in published reports concerning any individual is seldom attainable by any reasonable effort, and most minor errors, such as a wrong address for his home, or a mistake in the date when he entered his employment or similar unimportant details of his career, would not in the absence of special circumstances give any serious offense to a reasonable person. The plaintiff's privacy is not invaded when the unimportant false statements are made, even when they are made deliberately. It is only when there is such a major misrepresentation of his character, history, activities or beliefs that serious offense may reasonably be expected to be taken by a reasonable man in his position, that there is a cause of action for invasion of privacy.

Restatement (Second) of Torts § 652E, comment c.

In the instant case, none of the three statements described above can be said to be “highly offensive” as that term is defined. Plaintiff’s Complaint asserts that the three statements were “highly offensive” (see doc. no. 1-3, ¶ 58), but this is a legal conclusion. The Complaint is otherwise devoid of any facts which support Plaintiff’s legal conclusion that the three statements are “highly offensive.”

Moreover, none of the three statements specifically malign Plaintiff individually. Even if Plaintiff need not be specifically named in the statement which forms the basis for a false light claim (as is true for a defamation claim) in order to prove that the statement cast her in a false light, Plaintiff must still show that the conduct was “highly offensive” to her, as a reasonable person. None of the three statements provide a factual basis upon which this Court could find that “serious offense” could reasonably have been expected to be taken by a reasonable person in Plaintiff’s position. As such, Plaintiff’s allegations set forth in her Complaint fall short of providing a basis for her claim for false light, and thus, the Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff’s false light claim will be granted.

C. Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress

The Superior Court of Pennsylvania in *Britt v. Chestnut Hill Coll.* held as follows:

Intentional infliction of emotional distress is defined in the Restatement (Second) of Torts as follows:

One who by extreme and outrageous conduct intentionally or recklessly causes severe emotional distress to another is subject to liability for such emotional distress, and if bodily harm to the other results from it, for such bodily harm.

Restatement (Second) of Torts, § 46(1).

In addition to requiring that a plaintiff establish that the conduct complained of was outrageous, the Pennsylvania Supreme Court has required that the plaintiff present competent medical evidence to support the claim. In *Kazatsky v. King David Memorial Park*, 515 Pa. 183, 527 A.2d 988 (1987), our supreme court affirmed this court's order sustaining a compulsory nonsuit for a claim of intentional infliction of emotional distress. Initially, the court noted that while it had previously acknowledged Section 46, it had never "had occasion to specifically adopt section 46 as the law in Pennsylvania". *Id.* With that in mind, the court ultimately held that "if section 46 of the Restatement is to be accepted in this Commonwealth, at the very least, existence of the alleged emotional distress must be supported by competent medical evidence." *Kazatsky*, 515 Pa. at 197, 527 A.2d at 988 (1987). Applying that standard to the facts before it, the supreme court sustained the compulsory nonsuit because the record revealed that neither appellant had sought medical treatment and that they failed to support their claim with competent medical evidence.

Britt, 632 A.2d 557, 561 (Pa. Super. 1993). The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has held that in order to sustain a claim for intentional infliction of emotional distress, a plaintiff must allege that the defendant "has acted with intent which is tortious or even criminal, or that he had intended to inflict emotional distress, or even that his conduct has been characterized by 'malice,' or a degree of aggravation that would entitle the plaintiff to punitive damages for another tort." *Hoy v. Angelone*, 720 A.2d 745 (Pa. 1998).

Turning to the facts of this case, Plaintiff's claim for intentional infliction of emotional distress ("IIED") turns on the alleged facts that Defendant drugged her, sexually abused and raped her, and then called her a "liar and extortionist" after she publicly disclosed what he had allegedly done to her. Doc. no. 1-3, ¶¶ 65-66. The three statements referenced in the Complaint, only one of which was uttered by Defendant himself, form the basis of her IIED claim. Two of these statements – the Martin Singer Statement and the Camille Cosby Statement – were not made by Defendant, the alleged attacker. Even assuming those two statements could be attributable to Defendant, through his agents – his attorney and wife – these three statements

would have to expressly and/or impliedly deny that Defendant sexually abused and raped Plaintiff.

While none of the three statements go so far as to expressly deny that Defendant sexually abused and raped Plaintiff, read in a light most favorable to Plaintiff, this Court will consider whether they impliedly deny that Defendant did so. Assuming, *arguendo*, that the statements deny Defendant sexually abused and raped Plaintiff, the question next becomes whether that language so outrageous, atrocious, and contemptable that those statements could give rise to an IIED claim. The Court finds that the language does not rise to the level of outrage necessary to sustain an IIED claim under Pennsylvania law.

In addition, the Court notes – as do both Plaintiff and Defendant in their respective briefs – that no Pennsylvania case law exists upholding an IIED claim which has been predicated upon defamatory language. See doc. no. 4, p. 14 and doc. no. 11, p. 14. Plaintiff argues that simply because Pennsylvania has not yet allowed such a cause of action, it has not prohibited one either. Doc. no. 11, p. 14. This Court takes no position on what Pennsylvania Courts may or may choose not do with respect to any future IIED claim predicated on an alleged defamatory statement(s). However, this Court does not find that the type of denials published in the three statements rise to the level of atrocious conduct necessary to preserve an IIED claim under Pennsylvania law. Without any legal support suggesting that an IIED claim can be predicated upon alleged defamatory language, and after concluding as a matter of law that the language itself is not defamatory, this Court must dismiss Plaintiff's IIED claim.

III. Conclusion

As explained in detail above, each of the three claims asserted by Plaintiff will be dismissed. Each of the claims as asserted by Plaintiff in her Complaint fails as a matter of law. Even assuming the veracity of all that Plaintiff has pled here, the three statements do not support a claim for defamation as defined by Pennsylvania law. Likewise, the Plaintiff's Complaint fails to establish viable claims for false light or intentional infliction of emotional distress as those torts are defined by Pennsylvania law.

Typically, the Court allows a plaintiff to amend a Complaint that is legally deficient unless doing so would be futile. *See In re Burlington Coat Factory Sec. Litig.*, 114 F.3d 1410, 1434 (3d Cir.1997) (“ . . . a district court may exercise its discretion and deny leave to amend on the basis of . . . futility.”). Given the state of the law on this matter, as will be discussed in greater detail below, any amendment would be futile, and thus Defendant's Motion to Dismiss will be granted with prejudice.

The Complaint in this case is very detailed and complete, drafted by experienced counsel. The three complained-of Statements are set forth in great detail. An Amended Complaint could not add anything to these three Statements. The Court is confident that if counsel for Plaintiff had additional complained-of statements, those additional statements would have been made part of the Complaint.

Accordingly, the Court finds that allowing Plaintiff time to amend her Complaint would be futile, and thus, the Court will grant Defendant's Motion and dismiss this case with prejudice. An appropriate Order shall follow.

s/Arthur J. Schwab
Arthur J. Schwab
United States District Judge

cc: All Registered ECF Counsel and Parties

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**PLAINTIFF, VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE'S RESPONSE
TO DEFENDANT'S NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL AUTHORITY**

In response to Defendant's Notice of Supplemental Authority [D.E. # 29], Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through her undersigned counsel, respectfully states as follows:

As recounted by Defendant's Notice of Supplemental Authority, the *Hill* Court found that Cosby's statements were not defamatory because they did not "lead to an inference that Plaintiff is a 'liar and an extortionist.'" In vivid contrast, Maxwell called Ms. Giuffre's assertions of sexual abuse "obvious lies." It is axiomatic that a person telling "obvious lies" is a liar, and, therefore, the reasoning employed by the *Hill* court is inapplicable to the statements made by Maxwell.

Dated January 25, 2015

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200

Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on January 25, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

G1ETGIUA

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

3 VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

4 Plaintiff,

5 v.

15 CV 7433 (RWS)

6 GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

7 Defendant.

8 -----x
9 New York, N.Y.
10 January 14, 2016
11 12:00 p.m.

12 Before:

13 HON. ROBERT W. SWEET,

14 District Judge

15 APPEARANCES

16 BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER
17 Attorneys for Plaintiff
18 BY: SIGRID McCAWLEY

19 HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN
20 Attorneys for Defendant
21 BY: LAURA MENNINGER
22
23
24
25

G1ETGIUA

1 (In open court)

2 THE COURT: I will hear from the movant.

3 MS. MENNINGER: Thank you, your Honor, Laura Menninger
4 on behalf of the defendant Maxwell. We are the movant for the
5 purposes of today's hearing. I filed both a motion to dismiss
6 the complaint, which is based on one claim of defamation, as
7 well as a motion to stay discovery during the pendency of our
8 motion to dismiss the complaint.

9 At the heart of this case, your Honor, defamation is
10 about words, specifically false and defamatory words, about the
11 plaintiff published to another by the defendant with a certain
12 level of culpability and resulting injury. Depending on the
13 context of the words, the content of the statement, the
14 relationship of the speaker and the listener, depending on the
15 time, place and manner of the statement, the Court may find the
16 words to be actionable or not, privileged or not, defamatory in
17 meaning or not.

18 The central problem with this particular complaint,
19 your Honor, is that all of the key elements of defamation are
20 conspicuously absent. Cutting through the hyperbole and the
21 rhetoric contained in the complaint, one is still left
22 wondering what words are actually at issue. Is it the three
23 sentence fragments contained in paragraph 30 against Ghislaine
24 Maxwell are untrue, shown to be untrue, claimed or obvious
25 lies, or does it include some additional or extra false

G1ETGIUA

1 statements that are referenced but never explained in
2 paragraphs 31 and 34? In what context were any of these
3 sentence fragments published? What, if anything, were they in
4 response to?

5 Your Honor has found in previous cases, such as
6 Hawkins v. City of New York, that the failure to identify the
7 individuals to whom the statement allegedly was made and the
8 content of that statement is fatally defective to an attempt to
9 state a libel or slander cause of action.

10 In this case, in this complaint, plaintiff has barely
11 even attributed a few sentence fragments to my client,
12 Ms. Maxwell. She stripped them of any context. She hasn't
13 provided the entire statement in which those sentence fragments
14 were contained, nor the articles in which any of those
15 sentences might have appeared. She has not pled facts, which,
16 as this Court knows, post-Twombly, must be included, not just
17 legal conclusions. She has not pled facts demonstrating actual
18 malice, nor any special damages or facts that would support
19 defamation per se. Because of the many pleading failures, your
20 Honor, I do not believe this complaint should stand.

21 The Second Circuit made quite clear that your Honor
22 has an important gatekeeping function in a defamation case.
23 The Court must ascertain whether the statement, when judged in
24 context, has a defamatory meaning, and also whether it is
25 privileged.

G1ETGIUA

1 As your Honor also found in Cruz v. Marchetto, you
2 cannot rely, as the plaintiff tries to do here, on the less
3 stringent pleading requirements that predated Twombly and
4 Iqbal, and furthermore, that the plaintiff must plead facts
5 which support either defamation per se or special damages.

6 Here, your Honor, while there are statement fragments
7 contained in the complaint at paragraph 31, there's not even a
8 complete sentence attributed to my client, Ms. Maxwell. That,
9 your Honor, has been found on numerous occasions to be
10 insufficient to state a cause of action for defamation.

11 Furthermore, the complaint does not state to whom any
12 such statements were made. There is a general allegation that
13 the statements were made, quote, to the media and public, but
14 no media is identified, no publications are identified. While
15 the complaint states at one point that it was published and
16 disseminated around the world, not a single publication is
17 mentioned or attached to the complaint.

18 And furthermore, the complaint fails to state where in
19 fact the statements were made. Although it does state the
20 statements were made in the Southern District of New York, it
21 attributes those sentence fragments to a press agent who is
22 admittedly located in London.

23 Finally, your Honor, there is a lot of confusion
24 contained in the paperwork with regard to the standard of
25 malice that must be pled. Again your Honor has found, and

G1ETGIUA

1 numerous other Southern District Courts have found likewise,
2 that malice in this context is malice in the sense of spite or
3 ill will. Looking to the complaint, your Honor, there's not a
4 single conclusory or factually-supported allegation that would
5 give rise to a finding of malice. And that, your Honor,
6 likewise is fatal to the complaint.

7 Finally, in terms of pleading deficiencies, plaintiff
8 in this case has tried to allege defamation per se by claiming
9 her profession is as a professional victim. In other words,
10 ten days before she claims my client made statements about her,
11 plaintiff founded a nonprofit through her organization, through
12 her attorneys in Florida, called Victims Refuse Silence, and
13 thereby states that any attempt to impugn anything she says is
14 defamation per se.

15 There is no support in the case law for a profession
16 of being a victim, your Honor. And likewise, there's no
17 factual support to suggest, and the cases require, that the
18 statements attributed to my client, Ms. Maxwell, have anything
19 to do with her nonprofit organization, nor that my client was
20 even aware of an organization founded a mere ten days earlier
21 and which doesn't appear to have any actual business conduct
22 related to it.

23 So your Honor, I think for all those reasons, the
24 complaint is insufficiently pled and should be dismissed.

25 Our papers go on a little bit further, your Honor, to

G1ETGIUA

1 also argue that to the extent any of these sentence fragments
2 can be pieced together, the statements, at most, are a general
3 denial. In other words, plaintiff admits in the complaint that
4 she started a media campaign against my client, she issued some
5 very salacious allegations against my client in the British
6 press and in some pleadings that she filed in Florida. And
7 after having done that, my client, she says, issued a statement
8 that the allegations are quote, unquote, untrue.

9 Repeatedly, cases both in New York State and federal
10 courts have found general denials are not actionable, that
11 individuals have a right, when they have been accused of
12 misdeeds in the press, to respond, so long as they don't abuse
13 that privilege. And by abuse of privilege, that means
14 including numerous defamatory extraneous statements about the
15 person to whom they are responding and/or excessively
16 publicizing their response.

17 In this case, your Honor, the statement the
18 allegations are untrue is about as plain vanilla as one can
19 find. There's no better way to issue a general denial than to
20 just say that the allegations are untrue, without more.
21 There's not a single reference to plaintiff herself.

22 Although, in opposition, plaintiff claims to have been
23 called a liar, complains that she was called dishonest, she
24 doesn't actually point to any statement which contains those
25 words, nor any statement which actually refers to her as a

G1ETGIUA

1 person, simply to the allegations which her client had issued,
2 and frankly, allegations which had been circulated in the
3 press.

4 So saying the allegations are untrue is tantamount to
5 a general denial, and that is one additional reason, your
6 Honor, that I think the complaint should be dismissed.

7 Thank you.

8 MS. McCAWLEY: Good morning, your Honor. May I
9 approach with a bench book?

10 THE COURT: Sure.

11 MS. McCAWLEY: Thank you.

12 THE COURT: I think in duplicate. Do you have another
13 copy?

14 MS. McCAWLEY: Sure, of course.

15 Good morning, your Honor, my name is Sigrid McCawley,
16 I'm with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner representing
17 the plaintiff in the case, Virginia Giuffre.

18 With all due respect to my colleague, I think she read
19 a different complaint than the one submitted in this case. She
20 left out significant factual details from the complaint that
21 plead actual defamation.

22 This is an old story. A woman comes forth and finally
23 gets the courage to tell about the sexual abuse she endured,
24 and her abusers come public and call her a liar and say her
25 claims are, quote, obvious lies. That quote is in our

G1ETGIUA

1 complaint.

2 Your Honor, this is an actionable defamation case.
3 Fortunately for women who have been abused in this manner, the
4 law of defamation stands by their side. It does not allow
5 someone to publically proclaim they're a liar and issue
6 character assaults on them without ramifications.

7 After those statements were made, we filed this
8 defamation lawsuit. Virginia Giuffre was only 15 years old
9 when she was recruited by Maxwell to be sexually abused by both
10 Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein, who is a convicted pedophile and
11 billionaire. She was harmed for many years before she finally
12 found her way to Thailand and escaped clear to Australia where
13 she hid out for ten years before the FBI interviewed her and
14 she made her statement public.

15 Your Honor, this is a very serious case of abuse. My
16 client never sued Ms. Maxwell until she came out and called her
17 a liar publically for claiming her allegations of sexual abuse
18 were false. That's actionable defamation. We have seen that
19 in cases recently, and I will walk you through those.

20 Now while this story may sound hard to believe, it
21 happened, and there were over 30 female childhood victims in
22 Florida alone that came forward and gave statements to law
23 enforcement about this same type of abuse.

24 Unfortunately, due to Epstein's vast wealth and power,
25 he was able to get off with a very light sentence. And his

G1ETGIUA

1 co-conspirators were also part of that plea agreement, that
2 non-prosecution agreement, and were not prosecuted. That
3 agreement is being challenged by two other victims in Florida
4 in a case in front of Judge Marra case called the Crime
5 Victims' Rights Act case.

6 I want to mention that while my colleague didn't
7 mention it in her opening, she does mention it in her papers, I
8 contend that the order she referenced in her papers by Judge
9 Marra, which we included a copy of for you, has been
10 misrepresented. That order did allow my client -- on page 6 it
11 says, quote, Jane Doe 3 is free to assert factual allegations
12 through proper evidentiary proof should she identify a basis
13 for believing such details are pertinent to the matter.

14 So while the paper suggested she was deemed to have
15 impossible allegations or that those allegations were untrue,
16 that's absolutely not what the court said in Florida, so I want
17 to correct that for the record before we begin.

18 What we have here is a defamation case. As the Court
19 well knows, defamation -- this is a libel per se case where the
20 words were published in writing. And as you know, libel per se
21 is when a word tends to expose another to public hatred, shame,
22 contempt or ridicule. I see no other allegation that could be
23 worse than calling a sex abuse victim a liar. To lie about
24 sexual abuse has to be one of the most scornful things
25 available, and that is subject to defamation.

G1ETGIUA

1 Now in the papers -- and I will just touch on this
2 briefly because my colleague did not touch on it significantly
3 here and I don't want to waste the Court's time, but she
4 alleged a number of privileges that she believes Ms. Maxwell
5 should be able to hide behind in order to preserve these
6 defamatory statements.

7 I impart on your Honor that a determination as to
8 whether any of those privileges apply would be premature at
9 this stage. That's your case, which is Block v. First Blood,
10 691 F.Supp. 685. In that case you dealt with one of the
11 privileges she is asserting here, the prelitigation privilege,
12 and you found that it would be premature, even at the summary
13 judgment stage, to be analyzing whether or not that was
14 applicable.

15 So what we have here is qualified privileges being
16 asserted as to defamatory statements. The two qualified
17 privileges she asserts are the self-defense privilege and the
18 prelitigation privilege. So in other words, if the defamatory
19 statements survive, she says, nevertheless the privileges
20 preclude the case from going forward.

21 The self-defense privilege has been addressed by the
22 highest court of New York just as recent as this year, and
23 that's in the case of Davis v. Boenheim. And that was case
24 where the Syracuse basketball coach was accused by two victims
25 that were childhood victims who later as adults came forward

G1ETGIUA

1 and set forth their allegations against him. One of his
2 colleagues came forth and called those victims liars publicly,
3 same thing that happened in this case. And the court there
4 said that the case cannot be dismissed, it has to proceed
5 forward, and they are entitled to prove those allegations were
6 false, that the victims were not liars, and indeed they were
7 subject to the abuse they were subject to.

8 Another case that is recent which I supplemented with
9 your Honor is the Cosby case. It's recent out of
10 Massachusetts, and very similarly there -- in fact, the
11 statements weren't even as strong as Ms. Maxwell's statements
12 here. In our complaint, Ms. Maxwell calls our client's
13 allegations of sexual abuse, quote, obvious lies, issued by
14 press release nationally and internationally to the media. And
15 we do cite to the media that it is sent to. That's in
16 paragraph 30, 36 and 37, international media, national media
17 and the New York Daily Post, who interviewed Ms. Maxwell on a
18 New York street. So that is alleged in detail in our
19 complaint.

20 But in Cosby the court said, quote, suggestions that a
21 plaintiff intentionally lied about being sexually assaulted
22 could expose that plaintiff to scorn and ridicule, and
23 therefore, Bill Cosby's statements could be found to have a
24 defamatory meaning, and the court allowed the case to proceed
25 past the motion to dismiss stage.

G1ETGIUA

1 We also have the McNamee v. Clemens case which you may
2 be familiar with. It's another New York case involving Roger
3 Clemens where he had been alleged to have engaged in steroid
4 use. His trainer stated that publicly. He came forward and
5 called his trainer a liar publicly, and the court found that
6 that statement that he is a liar was actionable defamation that
7 survived the motion to dismiss, because publicly proclaiming
8 someone a liar is actionable defamation. It is not mere
9 denial, it is actionable defamation.

10 So those are the cases I would like to direct the
11 Court's attention to. Again, on page 10 of our opposition we
12 have a litany of cases that deal with the issue of calling
13 someone a liar and that being actionable defamation.

14 She also asserts the prelitigation privilege, and that
15 is a privilege addressed in your Block v. First Blood case.
16 That privilege is intended to protect communications between
17 parties, typically attorneys, in advance of litigation in order
18 for them to narrow the scope of the litigation or to negotiate
19 a resolution in advance of litigation. That prelitigation
20 privilege does not cover public statements by Ms. Maxwell's
21 hired press agent that are given to the national and
22 international media for the purposes of defaming my client,
23 calling her allegations of sexual abuse untruths and calling
24 them, quote, obvious lies. So that prelitigation privilege
25 does not apply.

G1ETGIUA

1 The Khalil case, which is cited in the defendant's
2 brief, actually has a great passage in there that describes if
3 the allegation is made for an improper purpose, in other words,
4 if it is made for a wrongful purpose or to harass or seek to
5 press or intimidate the victim, then it is not something that
6 the defendant can avail themselves to as a privilege.

7 Now, just briefly, the opposition also stated that our
8 complaint is deficient in other manners; for example, that we
9 haven't properly alleged the to whom, as I referenced. You can
10 look at paragraphs 30, 36 and 37 to see that. That is a
11 technical pleading deficiency that she is raising there. We do
12 meet the standards of Twombly. We have pled detailed facts
13 that our client was sexually abused as a minor child. We pled
14 other facts about that abuse. And Ms. Maxwell intentionally
15 and maliciously came out and called her a liar in order to
16 protect her own self.

17 So that is what we have put in our complaint. The
18 Hawkins case that she references and the Cruz case that she
19 references are vastly different. In Cruz there wasn't even an
20 allegation of defamation, and the court was reading into the
21 complaint whether or not there could have been defamation.
22 Here we stated specifically who made the statement, when she
23 made the statement, where she made the statement, why she made
24 the statement. That is all we need to do. It's more than
25 sufficient to plead a case of defamation in this instance.

G1ETGIUA

1 With respect to the allegations that we haven't pled
2 properly libel per se, I want to be clear we pled that in two
3 ways. And the case law is a case cited in the defendant's
4 brief, and it's Jewell, and it does a very good job of parsing
5 out the difference between slander and libel, and there is a
6 difference in the case law, as your Honor knows.

7 In the instance of libel, the written words, Cardozo
8 has said, it stings, it stings longer, so therefore, in
9 pleading libel per se, you don't have to plead special damages
10 in the way that you do for slander.

11 The Matherson case, which is out of New York, also
12 articulates that. The difference, it says, quote, on the other
13 hand, a plaintiff suing on libel need not plead or prove
14 special damages if the defamatory statement tends to expose the
15 plaintiff to public contempt, ridicule, aversion, or disgrace.
16 And that is exactly what we have pled in this case, that the
17 statements that our client lied about the sexual abuse she
18 endured as a minor were statements that exposed her to that
19 public contempt and ridicule.

20 She has also pled libel per se with respect to her
21 profession. While my colleague may make light of the fact that
22 she is involved in helping victims that -- people who are
23 victims of sexual trafficking, that is what she has dedicated
24 her life to doing. And to come out and publicly proclaim her a
25 liar about sexual abuse harms the nonprofit and harms the work

G1ETGIUA

1 she has been doing. She has been harmed personally by saying
2 her claims are, quote, obvious lies, and she has been hurt
3 professionally in that manner, and we allege both things in our
4 complaint.

5 Your Honor, Virginia has been beaten down many times
6 in her life, but the law of defamation stands at her side. I
7 pray upon you that you will consider the complaint and not
8 dismiss it, because her claims should be able to be proven in
9 this Court. Thank you.

10 THE COURT: Thank you very much.

11 Anything further?

12 MS. MENNINGER: If I may, your Honor.

13 Again, plaintiff comes before you claiming she has
14 been called a liar. There is no statement attributed to my
15 client, in the complaint or elsewhere, in which my client has
16 called plaintiff a liar. There are three sentence fragments
17 contained in the complaint, the allegations against Ms. Maxwell
18 are untrue, and that her claims are obvious lies.

19 Your Honor, it is a meaningful distinction. I can
20 explain a little bit of the background here. Plaintiff came
21 forward and gave an interview in the press in 2011 claiming
22 that my client was somehow involved with Mr. Epstein's sexual
23 abuse of her. She gave an exclusive interview to a British
24 newspaper in which she made that allegation, plaintiff did, and
25 was paid for it.

G1ETGIUA

1 My client issued a general denial in 2011 saying that
2 the allegations were untrue. At that time, plaintiff said
3 that, although she had been in contact with the likes of Prince
4 Andrew in London and Bill Clinton and other famous people,
5 there was no suggestion that those people had engaged in any
6 kind of improper sexual contact with her.

7 Fast forward a few years. Some other women who
8 claimed they were victims of Mr. Epstein's abuse filed a
9 lawsuit in Florida and they asked the court to undo a plea
10 agreement that had been entered into by the U.S. attorney's
11 office down in Florida or that the U.S. attorney's office
12 somehow worked with the state authorities in crafting, and
13 those two other women, not plaintiff, litigated for I think
14 seven years now whether or not they should have been informed
15 earlier about whatever plea agreement was going to go on with
16 Mr. Epstein.

17 Well, December 30 of 2015, plaintiff filed a motion to
18 join that Victims' Rights Act litigation, and in her motion to
19 join the Victims' Rights Act litigation she filed a
20 declaration, in which, as I understand it thirdhand based on
21 the judge down there's order, she claimed to have been involved
22 in sexual relations with Prince Andrew, with world leaders, a
23 former prime minister of some country or other, Mr. Alan
24 Dershowitz. She made a number of spurious allegations, and one
25 of them involved my client, Ms. Maxwell.

G1ETGIUA

1 Well, within minutes of filing that motion to join
2 that action, lo and behold, her story hits the British press.
3 Whether or not that was at her lawyer's instigation, I don't
4 know, but they have been courting the press in a number of
5 ways, so I wouldn't be surprised.

6 The press comes calling and asked my client and
7 Mr. Dershowitz and Prince Andrew and everyone else whether any
8 of the allegations contained in this legal pleading are true.
9 Buckingham Palace issued a statement flatly denying the claims
10 made by plaintiff here. Mr. Dershowitz came out even stronger
11 and not only flatly denied it but did in fact call her a liar
12 and said, among other things, if she lied about me, she
13 probably lied about all these other world leaders that she
14 claims she was involved with at the age of 17 and 18, and that
15 the story dates back to '99 when she claims these activities
16 occurred. And so he came out and actually called her a liar.

17 Buckingham Palace said her claims were absolutely
18 untrue. At the end of one article, in which the two comments
19 about plaintiff were contained, is a statement attributed to my
20 client, Ms. Maxwell, and her statement reads, the claims
21 against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue. She has now made
22 additional statements about world leaders, and those claims are
23 obvious lies. So that part about obvious lies come after the
24 part about claims against world leaders and famous politicians
25 and the like.

G1ETGIUA

1 Well, I tried to go to the Florida action to find
2 where these allegations were that apparently plaintiff believes
3 my client's statement was in relation to. And guess what?
4 Judge Marra down in the Southern District of Florida has
5 stricken the declaration from public access. He has stricken
6 the actual paragraphs making all of these allegations, and has
7 restricted from public access the documents that contained the
8 allegations. And he issued an order, and I attached that
9 order, because I believe the Court can consider it taking
10 judicial notice, to my declaration here on the motion to
11 dismiss.

12 In the order, just so we're all clear, I'm not
13 misrepresenting what happened, as I was just accused doing,
14 Judge Marra held, after describing what he called lurid
15 allegations, he found they were impertinent and immaterial to
16 the motion to join the Victims' Rights Act filed by plaintiff.
17 He said that they concerned non-parties, including my client,
18 who was not there and able to defend herself within the
19 litigation, and he denied her request to join that action
20 finding that she waited a long time. While she may be a
21 witness to things that are concerned down there, she does not
22 need to join the action in order to assert rights that the
23 other plaintiffs down there are already asserting.

24 Then he goes on in the order to remind her counsel of
25 their Rule 11 obligations to only include pertinent materials.

G1ETGIUA

1 And he was not denying they would ever be able to, but seems to
2 seriously question whether or not admissible non-cumulative
3 evidence of the things that were claimed would ever be heard in
4 his court.

5 So I don't actually have a copy of whatever it is that
6 was claimed down there because it's not publicly available, and
7 it certainly was not mentioned in the complaint, wasn't
8 attached to the complaint, it's just somewhere out there that
9 the press has picked up on and published.

10 In the meantime, Mr. Dershowitz is now involved in
11 ongoing battles with plaintiff's lawyers down in Florida. They
12 cross claimed one another for defamation. And she's been
13 participating in that litigation as a non-party as well,
14 although it concerns her attorneys and the same exact
15 allegations.

16 So while others have called her a liar, notably
17 Mr. Dershowitz, and others have denied claims that plaintiff
18 has made, including Buckingham Palace, and while Judge Marra
19 down there has found her claims impertinent and immaterial to
20 the allegations going on in Florida, Ms. Maxwell has not
21 actually ever called her a liar.

22 And your Honor, all of these cases that plaintiff
23 cites to, Davis v. Boenheim, McNamee v. Clemens, all of those
24 cases had complaints which had attached to them the actual
25 statements at issue.

G1ETGIUA

1 I think in the McNamee v. Clemens case there were some
2 27 exhibits attached to the amended complaint where Mr. Clemens
3 had been on 60 Minutes and given statements to reporters and
4 gone on at length calling the plaintiff in that case,
5 Mr. McNamee, a liar, calling him a liar 25 ways to Sunday,
6 talking about his financial motives, his potential financial
7 gain, et cetera.

8 Likewise, in the Davis v. Boenheim case, Mr. Boenheim
9 gave a press conference in which he called the accusers liars.
10 He questioned their financial incentives following the Sandusky
11 case to be coming forward then, and he went on at length about
12 all of the reasons why they might be coming forward now with
13 their, quote, unquote lies.

14 In each of those cases, McNamee v. Clemens and Davis
15 v. Boenheim, the New York Court of Appeals, as well as the
16 Federal Court in the Eastern District of New York, made clear
17 that the one thing that is not actionable is a general denial.
18 And then they talk about why Mr. Boenheim's comments and
19 Mr. Clemens' comments went well beyond what anyone might
20 consider a general denial. And fortunately, those cases
21 actually had records which included the statements, included
22 the articles in which the statements were made, so the Court
23 could engage in the sort of analysis that it must, that is, to
24 decide whether, in context, the statement has a defamatory
25 meaning.

G1ETGIUA

1 So I think even now, saying that my client called her
2 client a liar is just not supported by a single fact in the
3 complaint. While the complaint makes conclusory statements
4 like it was a campaign questioning her dishonesty and all of
5 that, when you get right down to the actual statements, which
6 this Court has held on numerous occasions must actually be
7 spelled out in a defamation case, the only statements are,
8 quote, sentence fragments like allegations against Ghislaine
9 Maxwell are untrue.

10 And by the way, looking at those news articles, one
11 might see that they actually are talking about allegations that
12 have lodged in the British press. They don't refer to
13 Ms. Roberts, as she was then known, they don't refer to
14 anything about her, they don't call her a liar, they don't
15 question her financial motives, although I'm sure she has some.
16 So if you look at the cases Davis v. Boenheim, McNamee v.
17 Clemens, you will see Ms. Maxwell's statements, even to the
18 extent they're alleged, fall well within the general denial
19 privilege.

20 I think it's inaccurate to quote, with regard to the
21 prelitigation privilege, the statements attributed to
22 Ms. Maxwell that reserved her right to seek redress from the
23 British press for the repetition of what she said were untrue
24 allegations. And that is something that, under British law,
25 one must assert or waive. So if you don't, under British law,

G1ETGIUA

1 put the press on notice that you are challenging the veracity
2 of statements that the British press is publishing, then you
3 will have been deemed to have waived your right to do so in the
4 future.

5 We cited Khalil v. Front, which is a New York Court of
6 Appeals case from last year. It was actually affirming the
7 dismissal of a case on a motion to dismiss. So while plaintiff
8 claims that privileges like this can't be decided at the motion
9 to dismiss stage, the New York Court of Appeals directly found
10 otherwise. And there they said that if a statement is made in
11 anticipation of litigation, whether or not -- I think they used
12 the word "contemplated" litigation, whether or not the
13 litigation actually occurred is not material, but if they are
14 made in anticipation of potential litigation then they are
15 entitled to the prelitigation privilege.

16 So not only do I believe that the statements
17 themselves are non-defamatory general denials, but insofar as
18 they were issued to put the British press on notice, that
19 repetition of them may give rise to litigation. They also
20 should be afford the prelitigation privilege that the New York
21 Court of Appeals has recognized. Thank you.

22 THE COURT: Thank you very much. I will reserve
23 decision.

24 o0o

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE

USA / Plaintiff(s)

v.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL

Defendant(s)

Case No.: 15 CV 7433

NOTICE OF FILING OF OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT

Notice is hereby given that an official transcript of a *proceeding type* held on *date proceeding held* has been filed by the court reporter/transcriber in the above-captioned matter.

Redaction responsibilities apply to the attorneys of record or pro se parties, even if the person requesting the transcript is a judge or a member of the public or media.

The parties have seven (7) calendar days from the date of filing of this NOTICE to file with the court any NOTICE OF INTENT TO REQUEST REDACTION of this transcript. A copy of said NOTICE must also be served on the court reporter. If no such NOTICE is filed, the transcript may be made remotely electronically available to the public without redaction after ninety (90) calendar days.

This process may only be used to redact the following personal data identifiers: Social-Security numbers; dates of birth; minors' names; and financial account numbers. See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5.2, and Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 49.1. Parties wishing to request redaction of other information may proceed by motion.

/s MICHAEL MCDANIEL
Court Reporter

Date:

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

_____ /

**PLAINTIFF, VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S MOTION TO COMPEL THE PRODUCTION OF
DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER CLAIM OF PRIVILEGE**

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

Sigrid McCawley (*Admitted Pro Hac Vice*)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	ii
I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT	1
II. LEGAL ARGUMENT	2
1. Legal Standard	2
a. New York Privilege Law Controls.	2
b. The Common Interest Privilege Does Not Apply.	3
2. No Privilege Attaches To Communications Between Maxwell And Non-Attorneys.	6
a. Communications With Non-Attorney Jeffrey Epstein And Non-Attorney Ross Gow.	6
b. Communications Among Maxwell, Non-Attorney Ross Gow, And Attorneys.	7
c. Communications Among Maxwell, Non-Attorney Mark Cohen, And Attorney	9
d. Communications Involving Maxwell And Brett Jaffe Or Philip Barden	10
3. Maxwell’s Privilege Log Descriptions Are Inadequate.	12
CONCLUSION	14

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	<u>Page</u>
<u>Cases</u>	
<i>Allied Irish Banks v. Bank of Am., N.A.</i> , 240 F.R.D. 96 (S.D.N.Y. 2007).....	2, 3
<i>Aurora Loan Servs., Inc. v. Posner, Posner & Assocs., P.C.</i> , 499 F. Supp. 2d 475 (S.D.N.Y. 2007)	12
<i>Browne of N.Y.C., Inc. v. AmBase Corp.</i> , 150 F.R.D. 465 (S.D.N.Y. 1993).....	3
<i>Century Indem. Co. v. Brooklyn Union Gas Co.</i> , 22 Misc. 3d 1109(A), 880 N.Y.S. 2d 222 (Sup. Ct. 2008).....	11
<i>Chevron Corp. v. Donziger</i> 296 F.R.D. 168 (S.D.N.Y. 2013).....	4, 6, 13
<i>Delta Fin. Corp. v. Morrison</i> , 13 Misc. 3d 442, 820 N.Y.S. 2d 745 (Sup. Ct. 2006).....	3
<i>Dixon v. 80 Pine St. Corp.</i> , 516 F. 2d 1278 (2d Cir. 1975)	2
<i>Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev</i> , 290 F.R.D. 421 (S.D.N.Y. 2013).....	passim
<i>Fine v. Facet Aerospace Prod. Co.</i> , 133 F.R.D. 439 (S.D.N.Y. 1990)	11
<i>Finkelman v. Klaus</i> , 2007 WL 4303538 (N.Y.Sup. Ct. Nov. 28, 2007).....	6, 7
<i>Grinnell Corp. v. ITT Corp.</i> 222 F.R.D. 74 (S.D.N.Y. 2003).....	13
<i>In re Grand Jury Subpoena Duces Tecum Served Upon Shargel</i> , 742 F.2d 61 (2d Cir. 1984)	10
<i>In re Nassau Cnty. Grand Jury Subpoena Duces Tecum Dated June 24, 2003</i> , 4 N.Y. 3d 665, 797 N.Y.S. 2d 790, 830 N.E. 2d 1118	2
<i>In re Rivastigmine II Patent Litig.</i> , 237 F.R.D. 69 (S.D.N.Y. 2006).....	7

<i>Klein, Varble & Associates, P.C. v. DeCrescenzo</i> , 39 Misc. 3d 1240(A), 975 N.Y.S. 2d 366 (Sup. Ct. 2013).....	7, 9
<i>Nance v. Thompson Med. Co.</i> , 173 F.R.D. 178 (E.D. Tex. 1997)	8
<i>NXIVM Corp. v. O'Hara</i> , 241 F.R.D. 109 (N.D.N.Y. 2007)	8
<i>Pem-Am, Inc. v. Sunham Home Fashions, LLC</i> , No. 03 CIV. 1377JFKRLE, 2007 WL 3226156 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 31, 2007).....	4
<i>People v. Mitchell</i> , 58 N.Y.2d 368, 461 N.Y.S. 2d 267, 448 N.E.2d 121 (1983)	3
<i>Safeco Ins. Co. of America v. M.E.S., Inc.</i> , No. 09-CV-3312, 2013 WL 1680684 (E.D.N.Y. Apr. 17, 2013).....	13
<i>Sarfati v. Bertino</i> , 24 Misc. 3d 133(A), 890 N.Y.S.2d 371 (App. Term 2009)	10
<i>S.E.C. v. Yorkville Advisors, LLC</i> , 300 F.R.D. 152 (S.D.N.Y. 2014).....	1, 12, 13
<i>Stenovich v. Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz</i> 195 Misc. 2d 99, 756 N.Y.S. 2d 376 (Sup. Ct. 2003).....	11
<i>United States v. Ackert</i> , 169 F.3d 136 (2d Cir. 1999)	9
<i>United States v. Bilzerian</i> , 926 F.2d 1285 (2d Cir. 1991)	11
<i>Von Bulow by Auersperg v. Von Bulow</i> , 811 F. 2d 136 (2d Cir. 1987), 481 U.S. 1015, 107 S.Ct. 1891, 95 L.Ed. 2d 498 (1987)	3
<u>Statutes</u>	
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26	15

Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through undersigned counsel, respectfully submits this Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Attorney-Client Privilege and Common Interest Privilege. For the reasons set forth below, this Court should grant Plaintiff's Motion in its entirety.

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Defendant Maxwell asserts improper claims of attorney-client privilege and common interest in her privilege log in a wrongful attempt to withhold responsive documents from discovery. *See* Declaration of Sigrid McCawley ("McCawley Decl.") at Exhibit 1, Maxwell's Privilege Log¹. The documents at issue include communications solely between Maxwell and other non-attorneys, and communications between Maxwell and an attorney in which third parties are present, waiving the privilege. New York privilege law does not recognize such communications as being privileged in any way. To the contrary, New York state and federal courts require that such communications be produced.

In addition, Maxwell has failed to furnish an adequate privilege log, making it impossible for Plaintiff to assess the propriety of the privilege claims, and that is grounds for rejecting a claim of privilege, as discussed below. *S.E.C. v. Yorkville Advisors, LLC*, 300 F.R.D. 152, 164 (S.D.N.Y. 2014).

Finally, Ms. Maxwell's privilege log states that she is withholding documents "pursuant to British law" and Colorado law. However, British law and Colorado law do not apply to this case, as Maxwell has already conceded. New York law applies to this case. *See* Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's Memorandum of Law In Support of Motion to Dismiss [D.E. 15] ("Maxwell MTD") at 7. ("Here, because Ms. Maxwell is a resident of New York, and one of the purported statements was made in New York, this state has arguably a more substantial

¹ The number of each log entry has been added for ease of reference in this Motion.

relationship to the alleged tort . . . For these reasons, Ms. Maxwell asks the Court to apply New York law . . .”). Accordingly, the privileges she claims must be under New York law, and all other claims of purported privilege are invalid.

II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

1. Legal Standard

a. New York Privilege Law Controls

New York law governs the analysis of attorney-client privilege claims in this diversity action arising out of New York law.² See *Allied Irish Banks v. Bank of Am., N.A.*, 240 F.R.D. 96, 102 (S.D.N.Y. 2007) (“Because this Court's subject matter jurisdiction is based upon diversity . . . state law provides the rule of decision concerning the claim of attorney-client privilege”), citing Fed.R.Evid. 501; *Dixon v. 80 Pine St. Corp.*, 516 F.2d 1278, 1280 (2d Cir.1975). The privilege laws of any other jurisdiction, including Colorado and the United Kingdom, do not apply to Ms. Maxwell’s documents.

New York's statutory codification of the attorney-client privilege provides as follows: “an attorney or his or her employee, or any person who obtains without the knowledge of the client evidence of a confidential communication made between the attorney or his or her employee and the client in the course of professional employment, shall not disclose, or be allowed to disclose such communication, nor shall the client be compelled to disclose such communication” N.Y. C.P.L.R. § 4503(a)(1).

“The attorney-client privilege protects confidential communications between a lawyer and client relating to legal advice sought by the client.” *In re Nassau Cnty. Grand Jury Subpoena Duces Tecum Dated June 24, 2003*, 4 N.Y.3d 665, 678, 797 N.Y.S.2d 790, 830 N.E.2d 1118

² In the Motion to Dismiss, Maxwell does not dispute that NY law applies. See D.E. 15, Maxwell MTD at 7.

(2005) (citing *Priest v. Hennessy*, 51 N.Y.2d 62, 68–69, 431 N.Y.S.2d 511, 409 N.E.2d 983 (1980)) (additional citation omitted). For the privilege to apply, the communication itself must be “primarily or predominantly of a legal character.” *Delta Fin. Corp. v. Morrison*, 13 Misc. 3d 441, 444, 820 N.Y.S.2d 745, 748 (Sup. Ct. 2006) “The critical inquiry is whether, viewing the lawyer's communication in its full content and context, it was made in order to render legal advice or services to the client.” *Allied Irish Banks*, 240 F.R.D. at 103 (2007) (finding that party had not met its burden showing the applicability of the attorney-client privilege nor met its burden showing that any privilege has not been waived).

The party asserting privilege carries the burden to prove every element of the privilege. *People v. Mitchell*, 58 N.Y.2d 368, 373, 461 N.Y.S.2d 267, 448 N.E.2d 121 (1983). The party asserting privilege also has the burden to establish that there has been no waiver. *Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev*, 290 F.R.D. 421, 428 (S.D.N.Y. 2013). Such showings must be based on competent evidence, usually through affidavits, deposition testimony, or other admissible evidence. *See Von Bulow by Auersperg v. Von Bulow*, 811 F.2d 136, 147 (2d Cir.), cert. denied, 481 U.S. 1015, 107 S.Ct. 1891, 95 L.Ed.2d 498 (1987); *Bowne of N.Y.C., Inc. v. AmBase Corp.*, 150 F.R.D. 465, 472 (S.D.N.Y.1993). *Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev*, 290 F.R.D. 421, 428 (S.D.N.Y. 2013)

b. The Common Interest Privilege Dose Not Apply

Maxwell asserts a “common interest” privilege in entries 6, 7, 11, 14, 15, 19, and 20, but on their face, as Maxwell herself describes them, these entries do not qualify for this privilege because no attorney is involved in the communications. The common interest privilege also fails for entry 16 because Ms. Maxwell fails to satisfy her burden in making such a claim.

“New York courts applying the common interest rule to civil proceedings have often looked to federal case law for guidance.” *Egiazaryan*, 290 F.R.D. at 433. “The common interest

rule is an extension of the attorney-client privilege and not an independent basis for privilege.” *Pem-Am., Inc. v. Sunham Home Fashions, LLC*, No. 03 CIV. 1377JFKRLE, 2007 WL 3226156, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 31, 2007). “In order for a communication to be privileged within the common interest rule, it . . . **must still meet the requirements of a privileged attorney-client communication.**” *Id.* (Emphasis added).

“[T]he so-called joint defense privilege or common interest rule . . . serves to protect the confidentiality of communications passing from one party **to the attorney for another party** where a joint defense effort or strategy has been decided upon and undertaken by the parties and their respective counsel.” *Chevron Corp. v. Donziger*, 296 F.R.D. 168, 203 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (internal quotation marks omitted) (emphasis added). “A party asserting it first must establish that the documents purportedly subject to the rule are in fact attorney-client communications subject to the attorney-client privilege.” *Id.* Further:

[a]s in all claims of privilege arising out of the attorney-client relationship, a claim resting on the common interest rule requires a showing that the communication in question was given in confidence and that the client reasonably understood it to be so given. And once the party claiming common interest privilege has established that **the documents in question are subject to the attorney-client privilege**, it must further show that (1) it shares a common legal interest with the party with whom the documents or information were shared, and (2) the statements for which protection is sought were designed to further that interest.

Id. (internal quotes omitted, emphasis added). The “joint defense” or “common interest” privilege does not protect any of the documents for which Ms. Maxwell invokes the privilege.

The “common interest” or “joint defense” privilege can only be invoked when at least one attorney for one of the parties is present for the communication. *Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev*, 290 F.R.D. 421, 434 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (“communications are protected where there is a disclosure by A to the attorney representing B and vice-versa”). Therefore, Maxwell’s

communications with other parties, outside the presence of counsel for either party, does not come under the common interest or joint defense privilege under New York law, and Maxwell must produce these communications.

Despite there being no attorney involved in the communications, Maxwell asserts the common interest privilege in all her communications with convicted pedophile Jeffrey Epstein. *See* entries 6, 7, 11, 14, 15, 19, and 20, Maxwell Privilege Log. In addition to the reasons above, this assertion also fails because “[t]he common interest rule does not apply merely because two parties share the same attorney or ***because one party has an interest in a litigation involving another party***. Rather, ‘[t]here must be a substantial showing by parties attempting to invoke the protections of the privilege of the need for a common defense as opposed to the mere existence of a common problem.’ *Finkelman v. Klaus*, 2007 WL 4303538, at *4 (N.Y.Sup.Ct. Nov. 28, 2007).” *Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev*, 290 F.R.D. at 434. To be sure, Ms. Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein share a common problem: they both trafficked an underage girl for prostitution. However, Ms. Maxwell has offered no proof of a common interest under the applicable law between herself and Epstein that would satisfy this doctrine, a doctrine which cannot be invoked anyway, due to the absence of the attorney-client privilege for these non-attorney communications.

The remaining document that purports to be covered by the “common interest” privilege, entry 16, is an email communication between Philip Barden, Esq. and Martin Weinberg, Esq. This assertion of privilege also fails. Ms. Maxwell has made no showing whatsoever that any “common interest” exists between Barden and Weinberg; she doesn’t even identify who they are or what clients they represent. Therefore, this communication does not fall within that privilege.

Furthermore, the burden of establishing that a “common interest” privilege applies always rests upon the person asserting it. *Chevron Corp. v. Donziger*, 296 F.R.D. 168, 203 (S.D.N.Y. 2013). This showing must be made on a document-by-document basis, and based on competent evidence, usually through the admission of affidavits, deposition testimony or other admissible evidence. *Id.* Ms. Maxwell has put forth no evidence or argument that there exists a joint defense agreement between the parties represented by Mr. Barden and Mr. Weinberg; therefore, Maxwell has not met her burden in establishing that a “joint defense” agreement even exists.

For the foregoing reasons, Ms. Maxwell should produce entries 6, 7, 11, 14, 15, 16, 19, and 20 because she cannot, as a matter of law, show that the common interest privilege exist as to entries 6, 7, 11, 14, 15, 19, and 20, and she has failed to satisfy her burden to make any showing that there exists a common interest agreement that would protect entry number 16.

2. No Privilege Attaches to Communications Between Maxwell and Non-Attorneys

a. Communications with Non-Attorney Jeffrey Epstein and Non-Attorney Ross Gow³

Maxwell wrongly asserts a “common interest” privilege for communications with convicted pedophile Jeffrey Epstein in entries 6, 7, 11, 14, 15, 19, 20, and with Ross Gow in entries 3, 4, and 5. As discussed above, no privilege can attach because no legal advice was sought or rendered among these three non-attorneys. Moreover, neither billionaire Epstein nor Ms. Maxwell is a legal professional, paralegal, or part of a related trade, nor are they directly supervised by an attorney. Therefore, the communications made among each other are not covered by any privilege that attaches to the communications to those acting “under the authority

³ Ms. Maxwell’s communications with Gow are key documents in this case, as the sole claim concerns Ms. Maxwell defaming Ms. Giuffre in the press, yet Maxwell has arbitrarily refused to produce this highly relevant discovery.

or control of an attorney.” *See, e.g., In re Rivastigmine II*, 237 F.R.D. 69, 82 (S.D.N.Y. 2006). Even if legal advice was being discussed back and forth among those non-attorneys, such communications still would not fall under the ambit of attorney-client privilege (or, derivatively, common interest privilege) under New York law. *See Finkelman v. Klaus*, 17 Misc. 3d 1138(A), 856 N.Y.S.2d 23 (Sup. Ct. 2007) (“[The attorney-client privilege] does not, however, cover communications between a non-lawyer and a client that involve the conveyance of legal advice offered by the non-attorney, except perhaps when the non-lawyer is acting under the supervision or the direction of an attorney.”). Accordingly, there is no mechanism that would attach any privilege to the communications between Ms. Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein and between Ms. Maxwell and Ross Gow.

b. Communications among Maxwell, Non-Attorney Ross Gow, and Attorneys

Ms. Maxwell wrongly asserts attorney-client privilege for communications among her press agent and attorneys in entries 8, 10, 12, 13, and 18. This also fails. Under New York law, coordination of a media campaign among counsel and a public relations firm is not “legal advice” subject to attorney-client privilege. *See Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev*, 290 F.R.D. 421, 431 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (finding waiver of attorney-client privilege when the public relations firm participated in attorney-client communications: “[the party] has not shown that [the public relation’s firm’s] involvement was necessary to facilitate communications between himself and his counsel, as in the case of a translator or an accountant clarifying communications between an attorney and client”).⁴

⁴ “It is settled that communications made between a client and lawyer in the presence of a third party are not privileged.” *Klein, Varble & Associates, P.C. v. DeCrescenzo*, 39 Misc. 3d 1240(A), 975 N.Y.S.2d 366 (Sup. Ct. 2013) *aff’d as modified*, 119 A.D.3d 655, 988 N.Y.S.2d 897 (2014).

The *Egiazaryan* court explained: “[the public relations firm] was not competent to act as [the party’s] attorney and the mere fact that it was inserted into the legal decisionmaking process does nothing to explain why [the public relation’s firm’s] involvement was necessary to [the party’s] obtaining legal advice from his actual attorneys. Instead, it simply demonstrates the circumstances under which the waiver occurred.” *Id.* See also *NXIVM Corp. v. O’Hara*, 241 F.R.D. 109, 141 (N.D.N.Y. 2007) (agency exception to the attorney-client privilege is inapplicable under New York law to communications with a public relations firm “providing ordinary public relations advice and assist[ing] counsel in assessing the probable public reaction to various strategic alternatives”) (citation and internal quotation marks omitted); *Nance v. Thompson Med. Co.*, 173 F.R.D. 178, 182–83 (E.D.Tex. 1997) (waiver of attorney-client privilege occurred under New York law when otherwise privileged documents were shared with a public relations firm).

Ross Gow is a public relations professional. He is a managing partner at ACUITY Reputation in London, a public relations firm.⁵ ACUITY Reputation does not provide legal advice, but instead helps clients “manage reputation and forge opinion through Public Relations, strategic communications and high-level networking.”⁶ Ms. Maxwell has made no representation or showing that Gow was “called upon to perform a specific litigation task that the attorneys needed to accomplish in order to advance their litigation goals - let alone a task that could be characterized as relating to the “administration of justice.”” *Egiazaryan*, 290 F.R.D. at 432. Rather, Ross Gow “was involved in . . . public relations activities aimed at burnishing” Ms. Maxwell’s image. *Id.*

⁵ Upon information and belief, Ross Gow’s LinkedIn profile, detailing his profession, See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 2.

⁶ ACUITY Reputation website at: <http://acuityreputation.com/>

Therefore, any attorney-client privilege that may, have attached to her communications with attorneys Jaffe and Barden⁷, was waived through their disclosure to the third-party public relations professional because there has been no showing that Gow's involvement was necessary to facilitate communications between Ms. Maxwell and attorneys Jaffe and Barden. *See Egiazaryan*, 290 F.R.D. at 433. In fact, such a showing would be impossible for Ms. Maxwell to make under existing case law. There are no foreign language barriers or complex technical jargon barriers between Maxwell and her counsel that would require ***a public relations professional*** to act as an intermediary to translate the communications between attorney and client.⁸ Gow is merely a public relations professional, working at a public relations firm, who issued a statement to the press on behalf of Ms. Maxwell. Accordingly, Maxwell's claims of attorney-client privilege for entries 8, 10, 12, 13, and 18 fail.

c. The Communication among Maxwell, Not-Attorney Mark Cohen, and Attorney

As stated above, “[i]t is settled that communications made between a client and lawyer in the presence of a third party are not privileged.” *Klein, Varble & Associates, P.C. v. DeCrescenzo*, 39 Misc. 3d 1240(A), 975 N.Y.S.2d 366 (Sup. Ct. 2013) *aff'd as modified*, 119 A.D.3d 655, 988 N.Y.S.2d 897 (2014). The communication between Ms. Maxwell and Philip Barden, Esq. was in the presence of third party, non-attorney Mark Cohen. Therefore, Ms. Maxwell's claim of attorney-client privilege fails, and she must produce entry 17.

⁷ Ms. Maxwell has not met her burden to demonstrate that any attorney-client privilege attaches to her communications with Jaffe and Barden. Indeed, she has not even alleged that they represent her.

⁸ “[A] communication between an attorney and a third party does not become shielded by the attorney-client privilege solely because the communication proves important to the attorney's ability to represent the client.” *United States v. Ackert*, 169 F.3d 136, 140 (2d Cir.1999).

d. Communications Involving Maxwell and Brett Jaffe or Philip Barden

Maxwell has not carried out her burden of establishing that the attorney-client privilege attaches to the communications with Brett Jaffe, Esq. or Philip Barden, Esq. First, she has not even claimed that she has an attorney-client relationship with either Jaffe or Barden. Second, she has not claimed that the communications were seeking legal advice or receiving legal advice, as her “descriptions” are wholly inadequate, as discussed below. Every one of them simply states: “Communication re: legal advice.” This is the same, rote description she gives even to her emails with non-lawyers.

As this Court is aware, not all communications with an attorney are privileged. The attorney-client privilege only encompasses confidential communications necessary to obtain informed legal advice and advocacy. *See In re Grand Jury Subpoena Duces Tecum Served Upon Shargel*, 742 F.2d 61, 62 (2d Cir.1984). Indeed, “[a] communication which has no direct relevance to the legal advice to be given, unlike a communication which relates to the subject matter of the attorney's professional employment, is a collateral matter, which is not privileged.” *Sarfati v. Bertino*, 24 Misc. 3d 133(A), 890 N.Y.S.2d 371 (App. Term 2009).

The attorney-client privilege is also narrowly interpreted: “[s]ince the privilege prevents disclosure of relevant evidence and thus impedes the quest for truth, ... it must ‘be strictly confined within the narrowest possible limits consistent with the logic of its principle.’” *See In re Shargel*, 742 F.2d at 62 . (quoting 8 J. WIGMORE, EVIDENCE § 2291 (McNaughton rev. ed.1961)).

That Gow, a public relations professional, was involved in so many of the communications with Jaffe and Barden, creates a presumption that these communications focused on public relations matters, and were not centered on giving legal advice. The attorney-

client privilege “does not extend to business advice, even if provided by an attorney.” *Stenovich v. Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz*, 195 Misc. 2d 99, 106-07, 756 N.Y.S.2d 367, 376 (Sup. Ct. 2003), citing *Fine v. Facet Aerospace Prod. Co.*, 133 F.R.D. 439, 444 (S.D.N.Y.1990). By the same principle, public relations advice, even if given by an attorney, is not privileged. For the foregoing reasons, Maxwell has not met her burden to show that these communications are privileged.

Finally, this Court should note that in Defendant’s Initial Disclosures, she stated that “Email correspondence between Philip Barden and Ghislaine Maxwell concerning the issuance of statements to the press (March 2011 – January 2015)” are among the documents that “may be used to support Defendant’s claim or defenses.” Despite this statement in her Rule 26 disclosures, Maxwell still wrongfully asserts attorney-client privilege for these documents.

This is more evidence that this defendant is attempting to impermissibly use the attorney-client privilege as a sword and a shield, as her disclosures reveal she intends to selectively use these purportedly privileged documents to make her defense. New York law does not permit self-serving, selective disclosure of privileged materials. “[P]rivilege is a shield and must not be used as a sword. Where a party places the subject matter of a normally privileged communication or document at issue, or, where invasion of the privilege is required to determine the validity of the claim or defense and the application of the privilege would deprive the adversary of vital information, fairness requires the finding of waiver.” *Century Indem. Co. v. Brooklyn Union Gas Co.*, 22 Misc. 3d 1109(A), 880 N.Y.S.2d 222 (Sup. Ct. 2008) (internal quotations and citations omitted). *See also United States v. Bilzerian*, 926 F.2d 1285, 1292 (2d Cir. 1991) (“[T]he attorney-client privilege cannot at once be used as a shield and a sword. ... The privilege takes flight if the relation is abused.... A defendant may not use the privilege to prejudice his

opponent's case or to disclose some selected communications for self-serving purposes. ... Thus, the privilege may implicitly be waived when defendant asserts a claim that in fairness requires examination of protected communications.”) (internal quotations and citations omitted).

For all of the foregoing reasons, Ms. Maxwell should disclose these documents relevant to entry numbers 1, 2, and 9.

3. Maxwell’s Privilege Log Descriptions Are Inadequate

“Failure to furnish an adequate privilege log is grounds for rejecting a claim of attorney client privilege.” *Aurora Loan Servs., Inc. v. Posner, Posner & Assocs., P.C.*, supra, 499 F.Supp.2d 475, 479 (S.D.N.Y. 2007). The information set forth in Maxwell’s log is too sparse to comply with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5) and Local Rule 26.2(a)(2)(B)'s requirement that a party asserting privilege disclose information sufficient “to enable other parties to assess the claim.” The limited “descriptions” on the privilege log make it impossible for Plaintiffs to assess the propriety of the privilege claims.

Over, and over again, each and every entry on the Maxwell Privilege Log insufficiently describes the subject matter of the communications as “Communication re: legal advice.” See McCawley Decl. at Composite Exhibit 1. Maxwell, has failed to comply with Local Rule 26.2(a)(2)(B), which requires that “the general subject matter of the communication” be stated in the privilege log. The “subject matter” is not stated; it does not even indicate the matter or general topic upon which the purported attorney-client communication was made. Therefore, there is no “basis to conclude that the document contains legal advice that reejects a client confidence.” *Yorkville Advisors, LLC*, 300 F.R.D. at 164. With these unvarying and scanty descriptions, there is no way to assess if the withheld documents do, in fact, contain privileged material.

For example, in *Chevron Corp. v. Donziger*, the Court held that descriptions such as, “Email concerning litigation status and strategy,” and “Email concerning litigation status and strategy re Lago Agrio litigation” were inadequate. No. 11 CIV. 0691 LAK JCF, 2013 WL 4045326, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 9, 2013). Yet even those brief descriptions, rejected by the *Chevron* Court, are a surfeit of information and detail compared to Ms. Maxwell’s paltry, one-size-fits-all “Communication re: legal advice.” Therefore, controlling precedent requires a finding that the Maxwell Privilege Log is inadequate.⁹

Furthermore, the descriptions do not provide the titles or the roles of the authors and recipients, which also makes this privilege log inadequate. *See S.E.C. v. Yorkville Advisors, LLC*, 300 F.R.D. 152, 164 (S.D.N.Y. 2014). For example, for claims of attorney-client privilege, Ms. Maxwell does not even assert that individuals such as Brett Jaffe, Philip Barden, or Martin Weinberg represent her, or that any attorney-client relationship exists between them. Furthermore, there is no explanation as to how she could possibly claim an attorney-client privilege with non-attorney Ross Gow and non-attorney Jeffrey Epstein, as discussed above.

For the foregoing reasons, Maxwell’s Privilege Log fails to provide the information required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5) and Local Civil Rule 26.2(a)(2)(A), and it does not provide sufficient information to support the privilege claims asserted therein. Accordingly, this Court should find that Maxwell has waived her privilege claim for every entry which describes the subject matter as “Communication re: legal advice,” or at the very least,

⁹ At the very least, the Court must conduct an *in camera* inspection of these documents to test the propriety of a claim of privilege where no attorney is part of the communication and the privilege log description does not provide adequate detail. *See Grinnell Corp. v. ITT Corp.*, 222 F.R.D. 74, 78 (S.D.N.Y.2003) (examining privilege log as well as documents themselves in order to determine applicability of the privilege); *Safeco Ins. Co. of America v. M.E.S., Inc.*, No. 09–CV–3312, 2013 WL 1680684, at *4 (noting that “[i]n camera review is ‘a practice both long-standing and routine in cases involving claims of privilege.’”) (quoting *In re Grand Jury Subpoenas Dated Mar. 19, 2002 & Aug. 2, 2002*, 318 F.3d 379, 386 (2d Cir.2003)).

require Maxwell to submit the documents in question for *in camera* review to determine whether they are actually subject to any privilege claim.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, this Court should order Ms. Maxwell to produce the documents listed in her privilege log, or at the very least, conduct an *in camera* inspection to determine whether or not these documents are privileged under applicable law.¹⁰

Dated: February 26, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

¹⁰ Ms. Maxwell's Privilege Log is also incomplete because she has unilaterally, arbitrarily, and wrongfully withheld production of responsive documents from a great portion of the Relevant Period, as addressed in detail in Ms. Giuffre's Motion to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Objections. Accordingly, to the extent that Ms. Maxwell claims responsive documents from the remainder of the Relevant Period are privileged, she must furnish a revised privilege log bearing description of those documents as well.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on February 26, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCAWLEY IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS
SUBJECT TO IMPROPER CLAIM OF PRIVILEGE**

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.
2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Privilege.
3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's Privilege Log.
4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of Ross Gow's LinkedIn profile.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: February 26, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on February 26, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT 1

**United States District Court
For The Southern District of New York**

***Giuffre v. Maxwell* 15-
cv-07433-RWS**

*****Per Local Rule 26.2, the following privileges are asserted pursuant to British law, Colorado law and NY law.**

TAB	DATE	DOC. TYPE	FROM	TO	CC	RELATIONSHIP	SUBJECT MATTER	PRIVILEGE
1.	2011.03.15	E-Mails	Ghislaine Maxwell	Brett Jaffe, Esq.		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2.	2011.03.15	E-Mails	Brett Jaffe, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
3.	2015.01.02	E-Mails	Ross Gow	Ghislaine Maxwell		Attorney Agent /	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
4.	2015.01.02	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Ross Gow		Attorney Agent /	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
5.	2015.01.02	E-Mail	Ross Gow	Ghislaine Maxwell	Brian Basham	Attorney Agent /	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
6.	2015.01.06	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
7.	2015.01.06	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein, Alan Dershowitz, Esq.		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
8.	2015.01.10	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Philip Barden, Esq., Ross Gow		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
9.	2015.01.10	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Philip Barden, Esq.		Client / Attorney	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
10.	2015.01.09 2015.01.10	E-Mails	Ross Gow	Philip Barden, Esq.	G. Maxwell	Agent / Attorney /	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
11.	2015.01.11	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
12.	2015.01.11	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ross Gow	G. Maxwell	Attorney / Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
13.	2015.01.11	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell	Ross Gow	Attorney / Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
14.	2015.01.11 – 2015.01.17	E-Mails	Jeffrey Epstein	Ghislaine Maxwell		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest

TAB	DATE	DOC. TYPE	FROM	TO	CC	RELATIONSHIP	SUBJECT MATTER	PRIVILEGE
15.	2015.01.13	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
16.	2015.01.13	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Martin Weinberg, Esq.		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
17.	2015.01.13	E-Mails	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell	Mark Cohen	Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
18.	2015.01.21	E-Mail	Ross Gow	Philip Barden, Esq., Ghislaine Maxwell		Agent / Attorney /	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
19.	2015.01.21 - 2015.01.27	E-Mails	Jeffrey Epstein	Ghislaine Maxwell		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
20.	2015.01.21-2015.01.27	E-Mails	Ghislaine	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege

**United States District Court
For The Southern District of New York**

Giuffre v. Maxwell
15-cv-07433-RWS

***Per Local Rule 26.2, the following privileges are asserted pursuant to British law, Colorado law and NY law.

DATE	DOC. TYPE	FROM	TO	CC	RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES	SUBJECT MATTER	PRIVILEGE
2011.03.15	E-Mails	Ghislaine Maxwell	Brett Jaffe, Esq.		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2011.03.15	E-Mails	Brett Jaffe, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.02	E-Mails	Ross Gow	Ghislaine Maxwell		Attorney Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.02	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Ross Gow		Attorney Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.02	E-Mail	Ross Gow	Ghislaine Maxwell	Brian Basham	Attorney Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.06	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
2015.01.06	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein, Alan Dershowitz, Esq.		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
2015.01.10	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Philip Barden, Esq., Ross Gow		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.10	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Philip Barden, Esq.		Client / Attorney	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.09 2015.01.10	E-Mails	Ross Gow	Philip Barden, Esq.	G. Maxwell	Agent / Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.11	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
2015.01.11	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ross Gow	G. Maxwell	Attorney / Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.11	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell	Ross Gow	Attorney / Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.11 – 2015.01.17	E-Mails	Jeffrey Epstein	Ghislaine Maxwell		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege

DATE	DOC. TYPE	FROM	TO	CC	RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES	SUBJECT MATTER	PRIVILEGE
2015.01.13	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
2015.01.13	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Martin Weinberg, Esq.		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
2015.01.13	E-Mails	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell	Mark Cohen	Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.21	E-Mail	Ross Gow	Philip Barden, Esq., Ghislaine Maxwell		Agent / Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.21 - 2015.01.27	E-Mails	Jeffrey Epstein	Ghislaine Maxwell		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
2015.01.21-2015.01.27	E-Mails	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege

EXHIBIT 2

What is LinkedIn? Join Today Sign In

Ross Gow

Managing Partner at ACUITY Reputation
London, United Kingdom | Public Relations and Communications

500+ connections

Current ACUITY Reputation
Education College of Law, Chancery Lane
Websites Company Website

Search by name

Over 400 million professionals are already on LinkedIn. Find who you know.

First Name Last Name

Example: Jeff Weiner

Join LinkedIn and access Ross's full profile. It's free!

As a LinkedIn member, you'll join 400 million other professionals who are sharing connections, ideas, and opportunities.

- See who you know in common
- Get introduced
- Contact Ross directly

[View Ross's Full Profile](#)



Experience

Owner, Managing Partner

ACUITY Reputation
January 2010 – Present (6 years 2 months)



ACUITY advises Governments, Corporates and UHNWIs on reputational issues

Skills

- Public Relations Marketing Communications Change Management
- Reputation Management Management Corporate Communications Due Diligence
- Management Consulting Social Media Marketing Risk Management
- Event Management Media Relations Internal Communications Politics
- Crisis Communications [See 17+](#)

Education

College of Law, Chancery Lane

Bachelor of Laws (LLB)
1984 – 1985

Eton College

1976 – 1981

[What is LinkedIn?](#) [Join Today](#) [Sign In](#)

Interests

[sangliers](#) [Sauternes](#) [sunshine](#)

Volunteer Experience & Causes

Causes Ross cares about:

[Arts and Culture](#)
[Politics](#)

Groups



Fieldsports Club

View Ross' full profile to...

- See who you know in common
- Get introduced
- Contact **Ross** directly

[View Ross's Full Profile](#)

LinkedIn member directory: [a](#) [b](#) [c](#) [d](#) [e](#) [f](#) [g](#) [h](#) [i](#) [j](#) [k](#) [l](#) [m](#) [n](#) [o](#) [p](#) [q](#) [r](#) [s](#) [t](#) [u](#) [v](#) [w](#) [x](#) [y](#) [z](#) [more](#) | [Browse members by country](#)

© 2016 | [User Agreement](#) | [Privacy Policy](#) | [Community Guidelines](#) | [Cookie Policy](#) | [Copyright Policy](#) | [Unsubscribe](#)

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**PLAINTIFF, VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S MOTION TO COMPEL THE PRODUCTION OF
DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER OBJECTIONS**

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES.....	ii
I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT.....	1
II. LEGAL ARGUMENT.....	3
A. Legal Standard.....	3
B. Maxwell’s General Objections Fail.....	4
C. Maxwell’s Specific Objections Fail.....	8
1. Request No. 1.....	8
a. Maxwell’s Response.....	8
b. Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery.....	9
2. Request No. 3.....	9
a. Maxwell’s Response.....	9
b. Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery.....	10
3. Request No. 6.....	10
a. Maxwell’s Response.....	10
b. Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery.....	11
4. Request No. 7.....	12
a. Maxwell’s Response.....	12
b. Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery.....	12
5. Requests Nos. 8 and 33.....	13
a. Maxwell’s Response.....	13
b. Request No. 33.....	13

c.	Maxwell’s Response to Request No. 33.....	14
d.	Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery.....	14
6.	Request Nos. 10 and 11.....	15
a.	Request No. 10.....	15
b.	Maxwell’s Response to Request No. 10.....	15
c.	Request No. 11.....	15
d.	Maxwell’s Response to Request No. 11.....	15
e.	Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery.....	16
7.	Request No. 15.....	16
a.	Maxwell’s Response.....	16
b.	Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery.....	17
8.	Request No. 17.....	17
a.	Maxwell’s Response.....	17
b.	Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery.....	18
9.	Request Nos. 21 – 24.....	19
a.	Maxwell’s Response.....	19
b.	Request No. 22.....	19
c.	Maxwell’s Response to Request No. 22.....	19
d.	Request No. 23.....	19
e.	Maxwell’s Response to Request No. 23.....	19
f.	Request No. 24.....	20
g.	Maxwell’s Response to Request No. 24.....	20

h.	Maxwell’s Objections To Requests 21-24 Fail, As The Requests Seek Relevant Discovery.....	20
10.	Request No. 32.	21
a.	Maxwell’s Response.....	21
b.	Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery	21
11.	Request No. 34.	22
a.	Maxwell’s Response.....	22
b.	Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery	22
12.	Request No. 37.	23
a.	Maxwell’s Response.....	23
b.	Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery	23
13.	Request No. 39.	24
a.	Maxwell’s Response.....	24
b.	Maxwell’s Objections Fail, As The Request Seeks Relevant Discovery	24
CONCLUSION		24

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	<u>Page</u>
<u>Cases</u>	
<i>Am. Rock Salt Co., LLC v. Norfolk S. Corp.</i> , 228 F.R.D. 426 (W.D.N.Y. 2004)	6
<i>Edwards v. Am. Airlines, Inc.</i> , No. 95 CIV. 5356 (SAS), 1996 WL 432472 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 1, 1996).....	1
<i>Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay</i> , 302 P. 3d 235 (Colo. 2013).....	passim
<i>International Mining Co., Inc. v. Allen and Co.</i> , 567 F. Supp.777 (S.D.N.Y. 1983)	2
<i>Ottoson v. SMBC Leasing and Finance, Inc.</i> , 2015 WL 4597542 (S.D.N.Y. July 30, 2015).....	1
<i>State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co. v. Fayda</i> . No. 14CIV9792WHPJCF, 2015 WL 7871037 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 3, 2015).....	3, 23
<i>Stinson v. City of New York</i> , 2015 WL 4610422 (S.D.N.Y.) July 23, 2015)	1
<i>Zorn v. Howe</i> , 276 A.D.2d 51, 716 N.Y.S. 2d 128 (2000).....	7
<i>Zubulake v. UBS Warburg LLC</i> , 220 F.R.D. 212 (S.D.N.Y. 2003).....	7
<u>Statutes</u>	
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26	3, 22
Fed. R. Civ. P. 37	4, 8
Fed. R. Evid. 501	passim

Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through undersigned counsel, respectfully submit this Motion to Compel Production of Documents in Response to Request Nos. 1-39 and to Compel Documents Subject to Improper Objections Including Refusals to Produce Documents from Highly Relevant Time Periods. For the reasons set forth below, this Court should grant Plaintiff's Motion in its entirety.

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Plaintiff first served her request for production of documents on defendant on October 27, 2015. Now, almost four (4) months later, and even after this Court denied defendant's attempts to stay discovery and directed a response, defendant is still refusing to produce highly relevant documents. Defendant is attempting to grant herself a *de facto* stay of discovery, without Court approval, by refusing to produce documents or generally comply with a party's clear and unequivocal discovery obligations¹. Indeed, in response to thirty-eight (38) requests for production, the defendant has chosen to produce *two emails*.² This represents a willful disregard of her discovery obligations, something this Court should not condone.

“Although not unlimited, relevance, for purposes of discovery, is an extremely broad concept.” *Ottoson v. SMBC Leasing and Finance, Inc.*, (Sweet, J.) 2015 WL 4597542 at * 2 (S.D.N.Y. July 30, 2015) (granting motion to compel) (internal quotations omitted); *Stinson v. City of New York*, (Sweet, J.), 2015 WL 4610422 (S.D.N.Y. July 23, 2015) (granting in part motion to compel production).

In the Second Circuit, courts have dismissed actions where a party has demonstrated willful disregard for its discovery obligations. *Edwards v. Am. Airlines, Inc.*, No. 95 CIV. 5356

¹ Maxwell also waited four (4) months to produce her initial Rule 26 Disclosures which she just served on February 24, 2016.

² Notably, Maxwell even refuses to produce the defamatory press releases from her communications with her press agent Ross Gow, which are at the heart of this case.

(SAS), 1996 WL 432472, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 1, 1996). *See also International Mining Co., Inc. v. Allen and Co.*, (Sweet, J.), 567 F.Supp 777 (S.D.N.Y. 1983) (failure to produce documents and supply adequate answers to interrogatories without justifiable excuse warranted the dismissal of the complaint). The blatant nature of the defendant's failure to participate in discovery is akin to the conduct for which the Second Circuit has awarded sanctions.

This case turns on whether or not Maxwell defamed Ms. Giuffre when she called Ms. Giuffre's account of her sexual abuse "obvious lies." Ms. Giuffre intends to establish that Maxwell's defamatory statement was untrue, and that Ms. Giuffre was telling the truth. To prove the truth of her sexual abuse, Ms. Giuffre seeks discovery of documents evidencing her sexual abuse and sexual trafficking by Maxwell and her associates, including convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein. Therefore, documents evidencing Ms. Giuffre's encounters with Maxwell, and documents evidencing Maxwell's communications with her co-conspirators, are plainly relevant and discoverable. For example, Request 6 seeks documents relating to Maxwell's communications with Sarah Kellen. At a prior deposition, Sarah Kellen invoked her Fifth Amendment privilege when asked:

Q. Would you agree with me that Ghislaine Maxwell provides underage girls to Mr. Epstein for sex?

A. Upon the instruction of my lawyer, I must invoke my Fifth Amendment privilege.

Q. Take a look at what we marked as Exhibit 10. Do you recognize the two people in that photograph?

A. On the instruction of my lawyer, I must invoke my Fifth Amendment privilege.

Q. Would you agree with me that's Ghislaine Maxwell on the right and Jeffrey Epstein on the left?

A. On the instruction of my lawyer, I must invoke my Fifth Amendment privilege.

Q. Do you recognize the young lady shown in Exhibit 11?

A. On the instruction of my lawyer, I must invoke my Fifth Amendment privilege.

Q. Do you agree with me that the young girl shown in Exhibit 11 was recruited by Ghislaine Maxwell for sexual activity with Jeffrey Epstein?

A. On the instruction of my lawyer, I must invoke my Fifth Amendment privilege.

See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 1, March 24, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Sarah Kellen at 100-103.

Clearly, communications Maxwell had with Sarah Kellen are highly relevant to establishing Maxwell's involvement in trafficking underage girls. Yet, Maxwell is refusing to produce any communications with Sarah Kellen.

Moreover, defendant Maxwell has admitted that non-privileged,³ relevant documents exist. She is simply refusing to produce them. See Declaration of Sigrid McCawley ("McCawley Decl.") at Exhibit 2, Defendant Maxwell's Response to Plaintiff's First Request for Production Requests Nos. 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 15, 17, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 32, 33, 34, and 37. Indeed, it is undisputed that Maxwell spent many years traveling with Ms. Giuffre. And, for years thereafter, Maxwell continued her association with convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein. Ms. Giuffre is entitled to those documents in discovery because they go directly to the claim at issue in this litigation. Therefore, this Court should compel her to produce them.

II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. Legal Standard

Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34(a), a party may request that another party produce documents in its possession as long as the documents are within the scope of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b), which allows for broad discovery regarding any non-privileged matter that is relevant to any party's claim or defense. Information within this scope of discovery need not be admissible in evidence to be discoverable. Relevance is still to be "construed broadly to encompass any matter that bears on, or that reasonably could lead to other matter that could bear on" any party's claim or defense. *State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co. v. Fayda*, No.

³ Ms. Maxwell's privilege claims all fail as addressed in Ms. Giuffre's Motion to Compel Production Based on Improper Claim of Privilege.

14CIV9792WHPJCF, 2015 WL 7871037, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 3, 2015) (granting motion to compel). If the opposing party objects to producing the documents, the party seeking production can file a motion to compel with the court pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 37. Against this backdrop of broad discovery rights, Maxwell has refused to produce responsive documents.

B. Maxwell's General Objections Fail

The centerpiece of Maxwell's general objections is her disingenuous limitation of her discovery responses to a short window of time that she has unilaterally selected. Maxwell wrongfully attempts to limit discovery to the month of December 30, 2014 – January 31, 2015 when her defamatory statement was issued and 1999 – 2002⁴. Maxwell's time period limitation clearly violates both the letter and spirit of Rule 26. For example, a communication by Maxwell's press agent regarding the plaintiff is just as relevant if it was made on February 1, 2015 as the one that was made on January 3, 2015 and it is clearly discoverable. These communications with her press agent are key documents in this case, as the sole claim concerns Ms. Maxwell defaming Ms. Giuffre in the press, yet Maxwell has arbitrarily refused to produce highly relevant discovery.

The abuse at issue in this case is alleged to have started in or around 1999 and there are relevant documents and communications from that point to the present in that Maxwell continued to associate with convicted pedophile Jeffrey Epstein up until at least 2015 as evidenced by her privilege log. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 3, Maxwell's Privilege Log. Accordingly, plaintiff defined the relevant period for purposes of her requests for production as 1999 – present. While that may seem like a substantial period of time, all of the publically

⁴ Maxwell refers to her shortened time period as “the Relevant Time Period as defined in Paragraph 15” of her objections. To be clear, Ms. Giuffre's references herein to production for the “Relevant Time Period” refer to the Relevant Time Period of 1999 to the present as defined in her original requests for production.

available documents demonstrate that the whole period is highly relevant to the sexual abuse allegations. For example, the flight logs demonstrate that Maxwell was flying on Jeffrey Epstein's planes over 360 times from 1999 – 2005. In addition, Maxwell flew with plaintiff when she was a minor child in 2000 on Jeffrey Epstein's planes. The flight logs reveal that Maxwell continued to actively travel with Jeffrey Epstein and other unidentified "female" passengers through at least as late as September 5, 2005.⁵ *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 4.

Moreover, there is critical activity relevant to the abuse allegations happening in the mid-2000s as evidenced by the Palm Beach Police report that identified over 30 underage girls who were being victimized during that time period. In addition, house staff identifies Maxwell as the person in charge during this time period. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 5, Alfredo Rodriguez Deposition Transcript at 24-25.

The years of the mid to late 2000s are also highly relevant because that is during the time when convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein entered his plea deal with the government. Law enforcement conducted a trash pull from Jeffrey Epstein's residence in Florida and uncovered his house message pads. The message pads reveal that in 2004, Maxwell was coordinating "training" with underage girls as indicated by the redactions in the message pads. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 6, SAO 2830. Maxwell was also organizing "massages" for Epstein in 2004 with underage girls and indicating which girls she had lined-up on given days. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 6, SAO 02841.

Plaintiff here received a Victim Notification Letter on September 9, 2008. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 7. In 2009, an attorney sought Maxwell's deposition in connection

⁵ Only a fraction of the flight logs were made publically available. Therefore there are likely other records in Maxwell's possession, custody and control that would demonstrate Maxwell traveling with underage females but to date she has refused to produce this information and indeed is limiting her responses to a very narrow window of time.

with various sexual abuse allegations and Maxwell dodged the deposition claiming that her mother was ill and she would be traveling outside the country with no plans of returning. Despite this claim to avoid her deposition, she then was photographed thereafter at Chelsea Clinton's wedding in Rhinebeck, New York. *See* McCawley Decl. at Composite Exhibit 8 Maxwell Deposition Notice; Subpoena and Cancellation Payment Notice, and January 13, 2015 Daily Mail Article with photograph. In 2011, Maxwell started issuing press statements through her agent Ross Gow. The offending defamatory statement was issued on January 3, 2015. As demonstrated by the timeline, discussed above, any documents that Maxwell has from the period from 1999 to the present are highly relevant. Ms. Giuffre respectfully requests that this Court direct Maxwell to produce all responsive documents for the time period from 1999 to the present.⁶

Defendant Maxwell has also asserted fundamentally improper general objections which should be overruled. *Am. Rock Salt Co., LLC v. Norfolk S. Corp.*, 228 F.R.D. 426, 432 (W.D.N.Y. 2004) (“generalized objections that discovery requests are vague, overly broad, or unduly burdensome are not acceptable, and will be overruled.”).

Maxwell's general objection to producing material that implicates “privacy interests” is equally misplaced. Maxwell does not have a “privacy interest” in the illegal sexual abuse and trafficking of Ms. Giuffre and other minors, nor does she have a “privacy interest” in the communications with her co-conspirators, including convicted sex offender, Jeffrey Epstein and

⁶ Maxwell has asserted that she cannot find documents for Requests Nos. 1, 2, 6, 12, 13, 14, 35 and 38. The Requests are set forth in Appendix A. To the extent that these requests incorporate her General Objection to the Relevant Period articulated in paragraph 15 of her Objections, Plaintiff requests that this Court require Ms. Maxwell to search for and produce any responsive documents from the 1999 to the present that may have been excluded from Maxwell's original search for the reasons stated above.

others.⁷ See *Zorn v. Howe*, 276 A.D.2d 51, 57, 716 N.Y.S.2d 128, 133 (2000) (finding no legitimate privacy interest in illegal activity). Unsurprisingly, Maxwell cites no authority that would shield the production of those documents.⁸ These documents are responsive and relevant. The only proper objection Maxwell can make is an assertion of her Fifth Amendment privilege. Failing that assertion, she must produce them.

Furthermore, Maxwell claims that “prior to this litigation” she has “long had a practice of deleting emails after they have been read.” First, Ms. Giuffre is entitled to a forensic examination of Maxwell’s personal computers and devices to recover deleted emails and to discovery when and if Maxwell has performed a “swipe” of her computers/devices to permanently destroy deleted emails.

Second, in her Motion to Dismiss, Maxwell claims that in both 2011 and 2015 she anticipated litigation against tabloids. Specifically, she stated that in 2011, “litigation . . . was forthcoming,” and in 2015, she made her press release “‘pertinent to’ anticipated good-faith litigation.” When litigation is anticipated, it is incumbent on the party to preserve documents. See *Zubulake v. UBS Warburg LLC*, 220 F.R.D. 212, 218 (S.D.N.Y.2003) (“Once a party reasonably anticipates litigation, it must . . . ensure the preservation of relevant documents.”) Additionally, if Maxwell purposefully destroyed documents in 2015, this Court can instruct the jury to made an adverse inference against Maxwell or enter a default judgment in favor of Ms.

⁷ Non-attorney Maxwell claims that her communications with co-conspirator, convicted pedophile, and non-attorney Jeffrey Epstein are privileged, a specious claim that is challenged in Plaintiff’s Motion to Compel for Improper Assertion of Privilege.

⁸ Maxwell cites a non-controlling and inapposite Colorado case. In *Gateway*, the moving party sought to inspect personal computers, smartphones, and other devices belonging to the defendant *and his wife*, who was a non-party to the case. The court remanded the decision on the motion to compel that discovery to the trial court, requiring that the trial court make findings of fact balancing the defendants’ privacy interest with the plaintiffs’ need for the information sought as required by another case. It did not hold that such materials were not discoverable. Notably, Maxwell does not cite to any New York case in opposing this request, nor does she cite to a case from any other jurisdiction that is at all on point.

Giuffre. *See* Rule 37(e)(2)(b),(c), Fed. R. Civ. P. (“If electronically stored information that should have been preserved in the anticipation or conduct of litigation is lost because a party failed to take reasonable steps to preserve it, and it cannot be restored or replaced through additional discovery, the court . . . upon finding that the party acted with the intent to deprive another party of the information’s use in the litigation may . . . instruct the jury that it may or must presume the information was unfavorable to the party; or dismiss the action or enter a default judgment.”) Similarly, Maxwell was served with a subpoena *decus tecum* on September 21, 2009 seeking her testimony in relations to Epstein’s underage sex ring. *See* McCawley Decl. at Composite Exhibit 8, 2009 Subpoena issued to Maxwell. Maxwell avoided that deposition by falsely claiming to be out of the country (she was, instead, photographed at Chelsey Clinton’s New York wedding). *See* Composite Exhibit 8. Pursuant to that subpoena, Maxwell was placed on notice that her documents were relevant to pending litigation. All of these events triggering her duty to preserve documents center on Maxwell’s role in Epstein’s sex crimes; therefore, all of the documents she had a duty to preserve are relevant to this litigation. Defendant Maxwell must produce these documents or explain to the Court when and why they were destroyed.

C. Maxwell’s Specific Objections Fail

1. Request No. 1: All documents relating to communications with Jeffery Epstein from 1999 – Present.

a. Maxwell’s Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, the common interest privilege or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell is withholding documents outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, supra⁹, and is withholding production of documents that are privileged pursuant to a common interest agreement.

b. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Maxwell must produce documents for the entire Relevant Period as discussed above. Communications with convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein for whom Defendant Maxwell is alleged to have assisted him with his sexual trafficking activities are of the highest relevance in this case, and must be produced. Additionally, Maxwell has asserted an improper privilege with regard to these documents, which is addressed fully in Plaintiff's Motion to Compel for Improper Claims of Privilege.

2. Request No. 3: All documents relating to communications with Andrew Albert Christian Edward, Duke of York (a.k.a. Prince Andrew) from 1999 – present.

a. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other applicable privilege. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo.2013); Fed.R.Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request limited to the Relevant Periods described in

⁹ Maxwell's reference to her "redefined" Relevant Period comes from paragraph 15 of her Responses and Objections which provides: "Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction No. 1, in particular the definition of the "Relevant Period" to include July 1999 to the present, on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. The Complaint at paragraph 9 purports to describe events pertaining to Plaintiff and Defendant occurring in the years 1999 – 2002. The Complaint also references statements attributed to Ms. Maxwell occurring in January 2015. Defining the "Relevant Period" as July 1999 to the present" is vastly overbroad, irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence, and as to certain of the Requests, is intended for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell and it implicates her privacy rights. Thus, Ms. Maxwell interprets the Relevant Period to be limited to 1999 – 2002 and December 30, 2014 – January 31, 2015 and objects to production of any documents outside that period, except as specifically noted."

paragraph15, supra, and with private phone numbers and related information redacted. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

b. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Defendant Maxwell's communications with Prince Andrew, for the entire Relevant Period, are relevant to this litigation. Maxwell is alleged to have trafficked Ms. Giuffre to Prince Andrew when Ms. Giuffre was a minor. Indeed, there is photographic evidence of Prince Andrew with his arm around Virginia's waist, standing next to Maxwell, in Maxwell's London residence, when Virginia was a minor child. In the one email defendant did produce in Response to the Requests for Production, Maxwell instructs Prince Andrew to "call me" after Prince Andrew says he needs to speak about Virginia. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 9. Ms. Giuffre is entitled to all of the communications between Maxwell and Prince Andrew not only to show the communications between them regarding her trafficking, but also possible communications between them, that would establish Maxwell furnishing him with other females or discussing other individuals who may have been involved with this activity.

3. Request No. 6: All documents relating to communications with any of the following individuals from 1999 – present: Emmy Taylor, Sarah Kellen, Eva Dubin, Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel, and Nadia Marcinkova.

a. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell is withholding production of documents relating to communications with Nadia Marcinkova, Sarah Kellen and Eva Dubin that are outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph15, supra. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents relating to Ms. Marcinkova, Ms. Kellen or Ms. Dubin within the Relevant Periods. Maxwell also has been unable to locate any such documents responsive to this Request relating to Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel or Emmy Taylor for any time period.

b. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Ms. Kellen was previously deposed regarding Jeffrey Epstein's underage sex ring. When asked about Maxwell's involvement in the sex trafficking, Ms. Kellen asserted her Fifth Amendment privileges and refused to answer. Ms. Kellen's assertion implicates Maxwell in the sex trafficking activity.

Q. Would you agree with me that Ghislaine Maxwell provides underage girls to Mr. Epstein for sex?

A. Upon the instruction of my lawyer, I must invoke my Fifth Amendment privilege. See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 1, March 24, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Sarah Kellen at 100-103.

Maxwell's communications with Ms. Kellen, at any time during the original Relevant Period, are relevant to the sexual abuse suffered by Ms. Giuffre and others at the hands of Maxwell, and should not be withheld. Moreover, flight logs demonstrate that Sarah Kellen and Maxwell flew together multiple times, including with Ms. Giuffre. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 4.

Similarly, Nadia Marcinkova was a co-conspirator of Maxwell and Epstein, and communicated with them frequently as evidenced by the message pads law enforcement retrieved from Epstein's residence. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 6. Nadia Marcinkova also travelled on Jeffrey Epstein's planes with Maxwell. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 4, flight logs. Similarly, Emmy Taylor was Maxwell's assistant during this time frame and also travelled on Jeffrey Epstein's planes with Ms. Giuffre. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 4. These communications are relevant for the entire original Relevant Period and Maxwell must produce them.

Regarding Glen and Eva Dubin, flight logs demonstrate that they also travelled on Jeffrey Epstein's planes with Maxwell. Maxwell has acknowledged having communications with Eva Dubin, but she is refusing to turn them over. Eva and Glen regularly placed calls to Jeffrey Epstein and to Maxwell as evidenced by the police report trash pull of message pads. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 6, SAO2843, SAO2984, SAO2994, SAO3004, SAO3006, and SAO3009. Maxwell's communications with Glen and Eva Dubin are relevant for the entire original Relevant Period and should be produced.

4. Request No. 7: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to females under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

a. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request which relate or pertain to Plaintiff or any of the witnesses identified by Plaintiff in her Rule 26 disclosures. Maxwell is withholding production of other documents responsive to this Request, including things like mainstream newspapers, magazines, videos, DVDs or other media or family photographs which contain depictions of female children, including Maxwell herself as a child.

b. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

To clarify, Ms. Giuffre is not seeking the depictions of children under the age of 18 that include Maxwell as a child or Maxwell's relatives as children. Nor is Ms. Giuffre seeking mainstream images that are legally available, such as in mainstream newspapers, magazines, videos, or DVDs. Instead, Ms. Giuffre is seeking the depictions of underage girls possessed by Maxwell. For example, Alfredo Rodriguez, a former household manager for Epstein, testified that Maxwell kept images of naked girls on her personal computer whose identities are unknown to Ms. Giuffre:

Q. “Did they appear to be doing any sexual?

A. Yes, ma’am

Q. And in these instances were there girls doing sexual things with other girls?

A. Yes, ma’am.

Q. And I’m still talking about the pictures on Maxwell’s computer.

A. Yes, ma’am.”

See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 5, Alfredo Rodriguez August 7, 2009, Dep. Tr. at 311-312.

Accordingly, Maxwell’s depictions of females under the age of 18, goes to Ms. Giuffre’s claims of sexual abuse and should be produced for the entire original Relevant Period. These pictures would reveal which underage girls Maxwell was interacting with and photographing or videotaping which is highly relevant to this case. Importantly, this request is not limited to depictions of Ms. Giuffre or the individuals in Ms. Giuffre’s Rule 26 disclosures, as Maxwell tries to assert in her Objection.

5. Request Nos. 8 and 33: All documents relating to your travel from the period of 1999 – present, including but not limited to, any travel on Jeffrey Epstein’s planes, commercial flights, helicopters, passport records, records indicating passengers traveling with you, hotel records, and credit card receipts.

a. Maxwell’s Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P .3d 235 (Colo.2013); Fed.R.Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph15, supra, and is withholding documents within the Relevant Period that are private and are not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. The documents reflecting flight plans in Maxwell’s possession do not identify passengers or manifests.

b. Request No. 33

All travel records between 1999 and the present reflecting your presence in: (a) Palm Beach Florida or immediately surrounding areas; (b) 9 E. 71st Street, New York, NY 10021; (c) New Mexico; (d) U.S. Virgin Islands; (e) any jet or aircraft owned or controlled by Jeffrey Epstein.

c. Maxwell's Response to Request No. 33

Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome an/or proponent for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. This request is also duplicative and cumulative of Requests Nos. 8 and 14 above. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request for the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Period.

d. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Popularly known in mainstream media as the "Lolita Express,"¹⁰ Epstein is alleged to have used his private plane to traffic females across state lines for sexual purposes. The flightlogs available at this time to Ms. Giuffre only show a fraction of the flights made by the Lolita Express, but even those logs show Maxwell and Ms. Giuffre on these flights multiple times. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 4. This request concerning Maxwell's travel will show Maxwell's involvement in the trafficking, including Ms. Giuffre, across state lines with and for Epstein.

Jeffrey Epstein's private island is only reachable by helicopter or boat. Maxwell was known to fly the helicopter to the private island transporting guests. Therefore, her helicopter flight records will show which girls and other individuals that Maxwell flew to Epstein's private island. The records will also demonstrate when and how many times Maxwell was operating the helicopter.

Maxwell's commercial flight, passport, hotel, and credit card records are highly relevant because they will show, for example, that she flew to Paris, France with Ms. Giuffre while Ms.

¹⁰ *See, e.g.*, "All aboard the 'Lolita Express': <http://www.dailymail.co.uk/news/article-2922773/Newly-released-flight-logs-reveal-time-trips-Bill-Clinton-Harvard-law-professor-Alan-Dershowitz-took-pedophile-Jeffrey-Epstein-s-Lolita-Express-private-jet-anonymous-women.html>."

Giuffre was a minor child. Additionally, these records will place Maxwell at other locations around the United States and internationally at the same times Ms. Giuffre was in those locations, which goes to the defamation claim in this case. The records will also link her to other females who may have been trafficked for sex. Finally, Maxwell's travel to Epstein's residences in Florida, New York, New Mexico, and USVI will support the allegations that Maxwell assisted Jeffrey Epstein with his sexual trafficking operation. Accordingly, this is an improper objection. Defendant Maxwell has admitted that she is withholding responsive documents from production, and this Court should require her to produce them.

6. Request Nos. 10 and 11:

a. Request No. 10: All documents relating to payments made from Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity to you from 1999 – present, including payments for work performed, gifts, real estate purchases, living expenses, and payments to your charitable endeavors including the TerraMar project.

b. Maxwell's Response to Request No. 10:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

c. Request No. 11: All documents relating to or describing any work you performed with Jeffrey Epstein, or any affiliated entity from 1999 – present.

d. Maxwell's Response to Request No. 11:

Maxwell objects to this Request in that the terms "work," "with" and "affiliated entity" are vague, undefined and susceptible of multiple meanings and definitions. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

e. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Maxwell recruited Ms. Giuffre and groomed her to perform sexual acts for Jeffrey Epstein. She also performed other services for Jeffrey Epstein, including recruiting and scheduling girls to perform "massages" for Epstein. The household staff testified that they took instructions from Maxwell. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 5, Rodriguez at 24-25. Therefore, her work for Epstein and related entities is relevant. Discovery concerning Maxwell's compensation, formal or informal, for the work she performed for convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein is highly relevant for the entire Relevant Period, from 1999 to the present, because Maxwell performed these services, and received compensation and gifts during this entire time period. For example, a 2003 Vanity Fair article, written before the Jeffrey Epstein scandal broke, describes Maxwell as someone who "seems to organize much of [Epstein's] life -- recently she was making telephone inquiries to find a California-based yoga instructor for him."¹¹ The police records also reveal that Maxwell recruited a female to work for Jeffrey Epstein. The message pads also reveal Maxwell regularly working for Jeffrey Epstein, including organizing his schedule for training underage girls. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 6, SAO2830. The work she performed for Epstein, and the compensation she received, is relevant to the claim in this case for the entire Relevant Period. Therefore, Maxwell must produce the documents she is withholding.

7. Request No. 15: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media taken at a time when you were in Jeffrey Epstein's company or inside any of his residences or aircraft.

¹¹ "The Talented Mr. Epstein," Vanity Fair, March 2003, <http://www.vanityfair.com/news/2003/03/jeffrey-epstein-200303>

a. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P .3d 235 (Colo.2013); Fed.R.Evid . 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request that are within the Relevant Periods described in paragraph15, supra. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

b. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Maxwell must produce these documents for the entire Relevant Period, and not withhold any. Photographs and other electronic recordings with Jeffrey Epstein likely contain the image of other underage girls or trafficked women, and therefore, those photographs go to the claim in this case. Additionally, such depictions would reveal other potential witnesses in this case.

Accordingly, Maxwell must not withhold these documents based on her revised time period limitation for discovery.

8. Request No. 17: All documents relating to communications with you and Ross Gow from 2005 – present.

a. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell also objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the common interest privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell is withholding documents responsive to this Request that are outside of the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph15, supra as well as the period of January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011, and also withholding documents within the Relevant Periods that are privileged. Maxwell has been unable to locate any non-privileged documents that are within such Relevant Periods.

b. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Through her non-attorney¹², public relations professional, Maxwell made a defamatory statement to the press, and that statement is the genesis of this defamation lawsuit. The press quoted portions of this defamatory statement in its publications. The full statement, distributed to the press by Maxwell, through her agent Ross Gow, is clearly discoverable. Ms. Maxwell is in possession of that full statement. Ms. Maxwell admitted to having a January 2, 2015 "Email from Ross Gow to various news organizations," "Subject: 'Ghislaine Maxwell.'" Its date is the day before the known defamatory statements appeared in the press. It is clear that the full defamatory statement is contained within that January 2, 2015 email; it is increasingly clear that the full statement contains other defamatory remarks, which is why Ms. Maxwell is trying to hide it.

There are no privileges that attach to emails to the press or to press releases - their very purpose is wide dissemination. The fact that Maxwell has not disclosed this press release places her in clear violation of her discovery obligations: Ms. Giuffre is plainly entitled to the defamatory statement Maxwell released to the press upon which this lawsuit is based, including all communications with her press agent, and made by her press agent. Ms. Giuffre presumes that the full statement contains additional defamatory statements, which would explain Maxwell's spurious attempt to circumvent her discovery obligations by trying to convince the Court that a press release is somehow confidential and privileged.

In addition to the full statement released to the press, Ms. Giuffre is entitled to all previous drafts of the statement, and all communications Maxwell had with Mr. Gow regarding

¹² Ross Gow is not an attorney, and Maxwell has not alleged that he is an attorney. Upon information and belief, Ross Gow is merely a public relations professional who works for a PR firm that Maxwell employed. As a non-attorney, no attorney-client privilege attaches to Maxwell and Gow's communications. Maxwell's communications with Gow listed on the Maxwell privilege log are challenged in Plaintiff's Motion to Compel for Improper Claim of Privilege.

the statement. Accordingly, Ms. Giuffre is entitled to communications relating to Mr. Gow - particularly the January 2, 2015 email - for the entire Relevant Period.

9. Request No. 21-24: All telephone records associated with you including cellphone records from 1999 –present.

a. Maxwell’s Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome, propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell, and seeks documents outside of Maxwell’s possession, custody or control. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo.2013); Fed.R.Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, supra. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

b. Request No. 22: All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for you from 1999 –present.

c. Maxwell’s Response to Request No. 22:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome, propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell, and seeks documents outside of Maxwell’s possession, custody or control. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo.2013); Fed.R.Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, supra. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

d. Request No. 23: All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 –present.

e. Maxwell’s Response to Request No. 23:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome, propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell, and seeks documents outside of Maxwell’s possession, custody or control. Maxwell further objects to this

Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P .3d 235 (Colo.2013); Fed.R.Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph15, supra. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

f. Request No. 24: All documents relating to contact lists, phone lists or address books for you or Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 –present.

g. Maxwell’s Response to Request No. 24:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P. 3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed.R.Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request within the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph15, supra. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

h. Maxwell’s Objections To Requests 21-24 Fail, as the Requests Seek Relevant Discovery

Requests Nos. 21-24 seek Maxwell’s telephone records, Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein’s calendars, and Epstein’s contact lists for the Relevant Period. Maxwell admits that she has documents responsive to these request that she refuses to produce. Contact with, meetings with, and contact information for the Maxwell and Epstein’s underage victims and adult co-conspirators will prove that Ms. Giuffre is truthful regarding her sexual abuse. The small grouping of message pads pulled by law enforcement reflect that Maxwell was making arrangements for Jeffrey Epstein and was in regular and frequent contact with him. *See* SAO2847. Records of telephone calls and meetings are critical to this case. For example, in one of the two documents produced by Maxwell, she instructs co-conspirator Prince Andrew to “call

me.” See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 9. Another example is Jeffrey Epstein’s “black book” with the contact information for underage girls and co-conspirators. See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 10. Accordingly, Maxwell’s refusal to produce similar documents is not supported by law, and this Court should order them to be produced. Similarly, Maxwell’s and Mr. Epstein’s calendars, schedules and appointments reveal who they met with and when, including underage girls and co-conspirators.

Maxwell and Epstein’s illegal and abusive behavior is not only relevant for the period of time in which they trafficked Ms. Giuffre: their continued trafficking until Epstein’s 2008 indictment, and their continued collaboration up through the present regarding the related civil suits also go to the claim in this case, and support Ms. Giuffre’s account of her own sex abuse. Accordingly, Maxwell must produce the documents responsive to these four requests that she is withholding.

10. Request No. 32: All documents related to communications with or interaction with Alan Dershowitz from 1999 to present.

a. Maxwell’s Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request as being interposed for an improper purpose, specifically Plaintiff and her counsel’s civil litigation currently pending in Broward County, Florida in the matter of *Cassell v. Dershowitz*.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, supra. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

b. Maxwell’s Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Defendant Maxwell has been communicating with Alan Dershowitz about the sexual trafficking allegations as evidenced by the one email she produced. Maxwell’s communications

with Dershowitz are directly relevant to the claim. Maxwell has admitted that she has documents responsive to this request,¹³ but refuses to produce them under her arbitrary and self-serving restrictive limitation to the Relevant Period. Accordingly, this Court should require that Defendant Maxwell produce her communications with Dershowitz.

11. Request No. 34: All documents reflecting your ownership or control of property in London between the years 1999 and 2002.

a. Maxwell's Response

Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for documents that are a matter of public record and are thus equally available to the Plaintiff.

Subjection to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell is withholding documents Responsive to this Request that are a matter of public record.

b. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Defendant Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein trafficked Ms. Giuffre when she was a minor child to Prince Andrew in Maxwell's own home in London, as evidenced by the photograph of Ms. Giuffre, Maxwell, and Prince Andrew taken in her London home when Ms. Giuffre was only seventeen years old. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 11. Evidence of Maxwell's property in London evidences this incident of sexual trafficking, and it is therefore relevant. The ownership and property records are also relevant to establish whether any other individuals have ownership rights in the property, like Jeffrey Epstein. The recent amendments to Rule 26(b) allow courts to take into account "the parties' relative access to relevant information." Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1). Maxwell admitted that she already has responsive documents in her possession that she is choosing to withhold, purporting that they are "a matter of public record," without giving any

¹³ Alan Dershowitz is not Maxwell's attorney, and Maxwell has not alleged that he is her attorney. Therefore, no attorney-client privilege attaches to Maxwell and Dershowitz's communications. Maxwell has listed communications with Dershowitz on her privilege log. That entry is challenged in Plaintiff's Motion to Compel for Improper Claim of Privilege.

evidence or reasons supporting that statement, nor explaining how and whether such records can be accessed by a foreigner. Indeed, Ms. Giuffre's access to property records in a foreign jurisdiction is slight compared to Maxwell's access to documents already in her possession. The party resisting disclosure bears the burden of establishing alternative sources for the information, and Maxwell has not met that burden. *See State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co. v. Fayda*, No. 14CIV9792WHPJCF, 2015 WL 7871037, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 3, 2015) (internal citations and quotations omitted). Accordingly, Maxwell must produce her property records.

12. Request No. 37: All documents reflecting communications you have had with Bill or Hillary Clinton (or persons acting on their behalf), including all communications regarding your attendance at Chelsea's Clinton's wedding ceremony in 2010.

a. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request for the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

b. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

As recounted above, in 2009, an attorney sought Maxwell's deposition in connection with various sexual abuse allegations and Maxwell said her mother was ill and she would be traveling outside the country with no plans of returning. Despite this claim to avoid her deposition, she then was photographed at Chelsea Clinton's wedding in Rhinebeck, New York. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 8, Maxwell Deposition Notice; Subpoena and Cancellation Payment Notice, and January 13, 2015 Daily Mail Article with photograph. Maxwell admits that she has documents responsive to this request, and this Court should require her to produce them. Other communications she has had with the Clintons about Ms. Giuffre or the allegations in this case

are also highly relevant, particularly given that Mr. Clinton travelled with Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein and others on Jeffrey Epstein's plane a number of times, including a trip to Thailand.

13. Request No. 39: All documents reflecting training to fly a helicopter or experience flying a helicopter, including any records concerning your operation of a helicopter in the U.S. Virgin Islands.

a. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Maxwell is withholding documents responsive to this Request as irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

b. Maxwell's Objections Fail, as the Request Seeks Relevant Discovery

Epstein's private island in the United States Virgin Islands is only accessible via boat or helicopter. Maxwell flew people back and forth from Epstein's island as part of her sexual trafficking of underage girls. Records of Maxwell's operating a helicopter and training therefor is relevant to the claims of sexual abuse in this case. Maxwell has admitted that she has responsive documents; therefore, this Court should require her to produce them.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above, plaintiff Virginia Giuffre respectfully requests that the Court grant her Motion to Compel and direct Defendant Maxwell to produce documents responsive to Request Nos. 1 – 39 for the period of 1999 to the present.

Dated: February 26, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP

401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on February 26, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**APPENDIX A TO PLAINTIFF, VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S MOTION TO COMPEL THE
PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER OBJECTIONS**

A. Request No. 1

i. Verbatim Statement of Request No. 1:

All documents relating to communications with Jeffery Epstein from 1999 – Present

ii. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, the common interest privilege or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell is withholding documents outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, supra, and is withholding production of documents that are privileged pursuant to a common interest agreement.

B. Request No. 2

i. Verbatim Statement of Request No. 2

All documents relating to communications with Virginia Roberts Giuffre from 1999 - Present.

ii. Maxwell's Response

Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

C. Request No. 6

i. Verbatim Statement of Request No. 6

All documents relating to communications with any of the following individuals from 1999 – present: Emmy Taylor, Sarah Kellen, Eva Dubin, Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel, and Nadia Marcinkova.

ii. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell is withholding production of documents relating to communications with Nadia Marcinkova, Sarah Kellen and Eva Dubin that are outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, supra. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents relating to Ms. Marcinkova, Ms. Kellen or Ms. Dubin within the Relevant Periods. Maxwell also has been unable to locate any such documents responsive to this Request relating to Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel or Emmy Taylor for any time period.

D. Request No. 12

i. Verbatim Statement of Request No. 12

All confidentiality agreements between you and Jeffrey Epstein or any entity to which he is related or involved or such agreements which are or were in your possession or control related to any other employee of Jeffrey Epstein, or any associated entity.

ii. Maxwell's Response:

Maxwell objects to this Request in that the terms “confidentiality agreements” and “associated entity” are vague, undefined and susceptible of multiple meanings and definitions. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Maxwell. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request

E. Request No. 13

i. Verbatim Statement of Request No.13:

All documents from you, your attorneys or agents to any law enforcement entity, or from any law enforcement entity to you or any of your representatives related to any cooperation, potential charge, immunity or deferred prosecution, or which relates to suspected or known criminal activity.

ii. Maxwell's Response:

Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request as vague and confusing. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent it requests documents subject to either the attorney-client or work product privileges. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

F. Request No. 14

i. Verbatim Statement of Request No. 14:

All documents relating to travel of any female under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 - present.

ii. Maxwell's Response:

Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

G. Request No. 35

i. Verbatim Statement of Request No. 35:

All documents reflecting you or Jeffrey Epstein's membership or visits to the Mar-a-Lago Club in Palm Beach Florida between the years 1999 and 2002.

ii. Verbatim Statement of Response:

Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

H. Request No. 38

i. Verbatim Statement of Request No. 38

All documents reflecting contact with you by any law enforcement or police agency, including any contact by the FBI, Palm Beach Police Department, or West Palm Beach Police Department.

ii. Verbatim Statement of Response:

Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCRAWLEY IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS
SUBJECT TO IMPROPER OBJECTIONS**

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.

2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Objections.

3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of an Excerpt from the March 24, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Sarah Kellen.

4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's Responses and Objections to Plaintiff's First Request for Production.

5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3, is a true and correct copy of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's Privilege Log.

6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4, is a true and correct copy of Jeffrey Epstein's private plane Flight Logs.

7. Attached hereto as Composite Exhibit 5, is a true and correct copy of excerpts from the July 29, 2009 and August 7, 2009 Deposition Transcripts of Alfredo Rodriguez.

8. Attached hereto as Composite Exhibit 6, is a true and correct copy of the message pads obtained from Jeffrey Epstein's residence by law enforcement.

9. Attached hereto as Composite Exhibit 7, is a true and correct copy of the September 9, 2008 Victim Notification Letter.

10. Attached hereto as Composite Exhibit 8, is a true and correct copy of the Notice of Deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell, Subpoena and Cancellation Payment Notice, and January 13, 2015 Daily Mail Article.

11. Attached hereto as Exhibit 9, is a true and correct copy of Bates GM_00001 – GM_00015.

12. Attached hereto as Exhibit 10, is a true and correct copy of Jeffrey Epstein's phone book.

13. Attached hereto as Exhibit 11, is a true and correct copy of a photo of Ghislaine Maxwell, Prince Andrew, and Virginia Giuffre.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: February 26, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

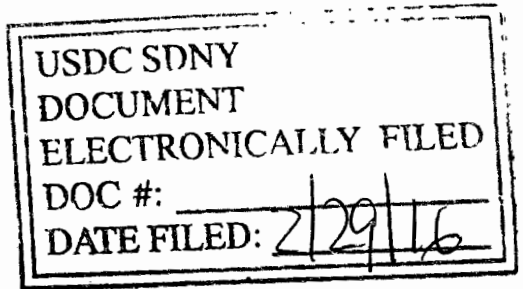
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on February 26, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK



-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

Plaintiff,

- against -

15 Civ. 7433 (RWS)

OPINION

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

Defendant.

-----X

A P P E A R A N C E S:

Counsel for Plaintiff

BOEIS, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1200
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
By: Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Counsel for Defendant

HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East Tenth Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
By: Laura A. Menninger, Esq.

Sweet, D.J.

Defendant has moved to dismiss the Plaintiff's complaint pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6). Based on the conclusions set forth below, Defendant's motion is denied.

I. Prior Proceedings

Plaintiff filed a complaint in this Court on September 21, 2015, alleging a single defamation claim. See Compl.¹ Defendant sought an extension of her time to answer, move, or otherwise respond to Plaintiff's Complaint to November 30, 2015. The request was granted on October 12, 2015. By Order filed October 30, 2015, the parties were directed to complete fact discovery by July 1, 2016, and expert discovery by August 3, 2016.

On December 1, 2015, Defendant filed the instant motion to dismiss and a motion to stay discovery pending a decision on the motion to dismiss, or in the alternative, for an extension of time. Oral argument was held on both motions and the matters deemed fully submitted on January 14, 2016. The motion to stay

¹ Some paragraph numbering in Plaintiff's Complaint repeats. Where necessary for clarification, citations will reference page numbers either in lieu of or addition to paragraph numbering.

discovery was denied and the motion to extend granted for fourteen days by Opinion dated January 19, 2016.

II. **Applicable Standard**

On a motion to dismiss pursuant to Rule 12(b)(6), all factual allegations in the complaint are accepted as true, and all inferences are drawn in favor of the pleader. Mills v. Polar Molecular Corp., 12 F.3d 1170, 1174 (2d Cir. 1993). A complaint must contain "sufficient factual matter, accepted as true, to 'state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face.'" Ashcroft v. Iqbal, 556 U.S. 662, 663 (2009) (quoting Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544, 555, 127 S. Ct. 1955, 1964, 167 L. Ed. 2d 929 (2007)). A claim is facially plausible when "the plaintiff pleads factual content that allows the court to draw the reasonable inference that the defendant is liable for the misconduct alleged." Iqbal, 556 U.S. at 663 (quoting Twombly, 550 U.S. at 556). In other words, the factual allegations must "possess enough heft to show that the pleader is entitled to relief." Twombly, 550 U.S. at 557 (internal quotation marks omitted).

Additionally, while "a plaintiff may plead facts alleged upon information and belief 'where the belief is based on

factual information that makes the inference of culpability plausible,' such allegations must be 'accompanied by a statement of the facts upon which the belief is founded.'" Munoz-Nagel v. Guess, Inc., No. 12-1312, 2013 WL 1809772, *3 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 30, 2013) (quoting Arista Records, LLC v. Doe 3, 604 F.3d 110, 120 (2d Cir. 2010)); Prince v. Madison Square Garden, 427 F. Supp. 2d 372, 384 (S.D.N.Y. 2006); Williams v. Calderoni, No. 11-3020, 2012 WL 691832, *7 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 1, 2012)). The pleadings, however, "must contain something more than . . . a statement of facts that merely creates a suspicion [of] a legally cognizable right of action." Twombly, 550 U.S. at 555 (citation and internal quotation omitted).

III. The Motion to Dismiss is Denied

Defendant's cites four grounds for dismissal: (1) the allegedly defamatory statements are protected by the self-defense privilege; (2) the allegedly defamatory statements are protected by the pre-litigation privilege; (3) the allegedly defamatory statements are non-actionable; (4) pleading defects in the Complaint, specifically, failure to allege adequate identifying details related to the statements, and failure to plead special damages. Def.'s Mem. in Supp. Mot. Dismiss Compl. 9-25 ("Def.'s MTD").

A. The Complaint is Adequately Pled

At the center of this case is the veracity of a contextual world of facts more broad than the allegedly defamatory statements. Specifically, as a minor, Plaintiff was a victim of sustained underage sexual abuse between 1999 and 2002. Compl. 3-6, ¶¶ 8-27. Plaintiff has since identified Defendant as closely involved in Plaintiff's trafficking for the purpose of this abuse. Id. ¶¶ 8-10, 13, 17-19, 27. Defendant has responded to those allegations, and this case concerns those responses.

Plaintiff has identified two statements as allegedly defamatory. The first is a statement Defendant made through her agent on January 3, 2015 (the "January 3 Statement"). Compl. at 6, ¶ 29-30. Plaintiff alleges that the content of this statement contained actionable falsehoods in stating that Plaintiff's own allegations "against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue," that Plaintiff's allegations have been "shown to be untrue," and that Plaintiff's "claims are obvious lies." Id. ¶ 30. The second concerns a January 4, 2015 on-camera statement made to the New York Daily News (the "January 4 Statement"). Id. at 7, ¶ 37. Plaintiff alleges that this statement constitutes an actionable falsehood by referring back to the January 3 statement in

response to a question regarding the allegations Plaintiff had made against Maxwell. Id.

Under New York law,² written defamation constituting actionable libel requires Plaintiff to plead: (1) a written defamatory statement of fact concerning the plaintiff; (2) publication to a third party; (3) fault, either negligence or actual malice, depending on the plaintiff's status; (4) falsity; (5) special damages or per se libel. Krepps v. Reiner, 588 F. Supp. 2d 471, 483 (S.D.N.Y. 2008) aff'd, 377 F. App'x 65 (2d Cir. 2010) (citing Celle v. Filipino Reporter Enters. Inc., 209 F.3d 163, 176 (2d Cir.2000)).

Defendant argues that the statements in question are not susceptible to a defamatory meaning.³ Def.'s MTD at 10-11; Def.'s

² Plaintiff is a citizen of Colorado. Compl. ¶ 7. The statements in question were made in New York, Defendant resides in New York, Plaintiff has brought suit in New York. Id. ¶¶ 7, 29-32, 37. There is no conflict between New York and Colorado defamation law. Compare Kforce, Inc. v. Alden Personnel, Inc., 288 F. Supp. 2d 513, 516 (S.D.N.Y. 2003) with Zerr v. Johnson, 894 F. Supp. 374, 376 (D. Colo. 1995). Because New York has the most significant interest, New York law applies. Catalanello v. Kramer, 18 F. Supp. 3d 504, 511 (S.D.N.Y. 2014).

³ Defendant submits this argument primarily as part of the self-defense privilege argument (arguing that Defendant was taking advantage of her right to generally deny the claims against her). Def.'s MTD at 10-11. Both parties argue this point in the form of supplementary authority. See Pl.'s Supp. Auth., filed Jan. 8, 2016; Def.'s Supp. Auth., filed Jan. 21, 2016. Because this issue goes to the heart of whether the statements Plaintiff identifies as allegedly defamatory can meet the pleading requirement of a defamatory statement of fact, it will be addressed in this pleading sufficiency Part.

Reply 1-6; see also Def.'s Supp. Auth. Plaintiff submits that Defendant has effectively called her a "liar," while Defendant points out the word "liar" was never used in the statements alleged. Pl.'s Opp. at 4-5,10-11; Def.'s Reply at 4. "The dispositive inquiry is whether, on the basis of the over-all context in which the assertion were made, a reasonable reader could have concluded that the statements were conveying facts about the plaintiff." Davis v. Boenheim, 24 N.Y.3d 262, 22 N.E.3d 999 (2014) (internal citations, ellipses, and brackets omitted). The distinction is one between fact and opinion, the latter of which is non-actionable. Id.

In distinguishing between fact and opinion, the Court asks "(1) whether the specific language in issue has a precise meaning which is readily understood; (2) whether the statements are capable of being proved true or false; and (3) whether either the full context of the communication in which the statement appears or the broader social context and surrounding circumstances are such as to signal readers or listeners that what is being read or heard is likely to be opinion, not fact." Id. (citations omitted). The Davis court held that to "communicate that [sexual assault victims] lied, [and] their motive was financial gain" constituted defamatory meaning. Id.

Courts recently grappling with the distinction between actionable defamation and non-actionable protected speech in the context of denials of sexual assault claims have come to different conclusions. In Green v. Cosby, the Defendant had called allegations of sexual assault “nothing” that had “proved to be nothing,” and an “absurd fabrication.” No. 14 Civ. 30211 (MGM), 2015 WL 5923553, at *3 (D. Mass. Oct. 9, 2015). In short, the Defendant had denied the allegations and, as here, given the impression that they were wholly untrue. The court concluded that “[g]iven the different nature of the [sexual assault] allegations in this case and the wording of the [denial] response, the court cannot conclude here that, as a matter of law, Defendant’s response is incapable of negatively impacting Plaintiff Green’s reputation within the community.” Id. at *11. Hill v. Cosby involved statements that a sexual assault allegations were “unsubstantiated, fantastical stories,” that the allegations constituted “innuendos” that ought to have been “fact-check[ed]” and “vet[ted].” No. 15 Civ. 1658 (AJS), 2016 WL 491728, at *5 (W.D.Pa. 2016). The Hill court found none of the alleged statements defamatory. Id. at *5.

Hill is distinguishable. Unlike Hill, this case (like Green) involves statements that explicitly claim the sexual assault allegations are false. Hill concerned statements that

the sexual assault allegations were unsubstantiated. The difference is slight but significant; both true and false allegations can be accurately described as unsubstantiated and insufficiently vetted. Vetting may make claims more or less likely to be true, but lack thereof does not alone establish falsity. Conversely, true allegations can never be accurately described as "proved to be nothing" or "absurd fabrication" as in Green, or "obvious lies" "shown to be untrue."

This case therefore requires the same finding as that in Davis and Green. First, statements that Giuffre's claims "against [Defendant] are untrue," have been "shown to be untrue," and are "obvious lies" have a specific and readily understood factual meaning: that Giuffre is not telling the truth about her history of sexual abuse and Defendant's role, and that some verifiable investigation has occurred and come to a definitive conclusion proving that fact. Second, these statements (as they themselves allege), are capable of being proven true or false, and therefore constitute actionable fact and not opinion. Third, in their full context, while Defendant's statements have the effect of generally denying Plaintiff's story, they also clearly constitute fact to the reader.

Though Defendant never called Plaintiff a "liar," to call her claims "obvious lies" that "have been shown to be untrue" demands the same meaning. Plaintiff cannot be making claims shown to be untrue that are obvious lies *without* being a liar. Furthermore, to suggest an individual is not telling the truth about her history of having been sexually assaulted as a minor constitutes more than a general denial, it alleges something deeply disturbing about the character of an individual willing to be publicly dishonest about such a reprehensible crime. Defendant's statements clearly imply that the denials are based on facts separate and contradictory to those that Plaintiff has alleged. Sexual assault of a minor is a clear-cut issue; either transgression occurred or it did not. Either Maxwell was involved or she was not. The issue is not a matter of opinion, and there cannot be differing understandings of the same facts that justify diametrically opposed opinion as to whether Defendant was involved in Plaintiff's abuse as Plaintiff has claimed. Either Plaintiff is telling the truth about her story and Defendant's involvement, or Defendant is telling the truth and she was not involved in the trafficking and ultimate abuse of Plaintiff. The answer depends on facts. Defendant's statements are therefore actionable as defamation. Whether they ultimately prove to meet the standards of defamation (including but not limited to falsity) is a matter for the fact-finder.

Defendant also argues that the allegedly defamatory statements are non-actionable because Plaintiff has "fail[ed] to provide the context within which the Statements were delivered." Def.'s MTD at 18. An allegedly defamatory must be examined in "the full context of the communication in which the statement appears" and within its broader social context and setting. Celle, 209 F.3d at 179. Failure to "provide" context is not fatal to Plaintiff's complaint. Plaintiff has pled the relevant elements of the January 3 press release calling Giuffre's claims false constitute defamation, identifying the particular defamatory words. Compl. ¶ 30. Likewise, Plaintiff alleges the January 4 statement constitutes defamation by referring back to the January 3 statement. Defendant cites dismissals of vague and conclusory defamation actions, but these cases are inapposite. See Def.'s MTD at 18. Plaintiff's claims are specific and reasoned defamatory on the basis of the history of sexual abuse Plaintiff sets forth in her Complaint. See Compl. ¶ 8-28. Plaintiff's claim is therefore sufficient.⁴

⁴ Plaintiff further argues that, when considered in context, "it is clear that the January 3 Statement was issued in self defense and in anticipation of good-faith litigation." Def.'s MTD at 18. This is not a pleading defect argument, but one that goes to the Defendant's self-defense and pre-litigation privilege arguments. The Court will therefore address this point in considering Defendant's privilege arguments.

With respect to the January 3 Statement, Defendant argues that the claim fails for failure to plead "to whom, where, or in what manner" the statement was made. Def.'s MTD at 20-1.

"Failure to state the particular person or persons to whom the allegedly slanderous or libelous comments were made as well as the time and manner in which the publications were made warrants dismissal." Hawkins v. City of New York, No. 99 Civ. 11704 (RWS), 2005 WL 1861855, at *18 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 4, 2005) (collecting citations). Each case Defendant cites involved a complaint so defective it lacked a claim of particular allegedly defamatory words. See id. ("failure to identify to whom the statement was allegedly made and the content of that statement"); J.P.R. Cafeteria, Inc. v. Kingsborough Cmty. Coll. of City Univ. of N.Y., 16 Misc. 3d 1127(A), 847 N.Y.S.2d 902 (Sup. Ct. 2007) ("[The Complaint] fails to set forth the particular words alleged to be defamatory"); Cruz v. Marchetto, No. 11 Civ. 8378, 2012 WL 4513484, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 1, 2012) ("Here, [Plaintiff] has not pled that [Defendant] published any statements to the various media outlets with specificity nor demonstrated any fault").

Unlike the cases Defendant cites, Plaintiff has alleged that the January 3 Statement was made in a press release for distribution to the media and the public for the purposes of

refuting Giuffre's story regarding her history of sexual abuse. See Compl. ¶ 30. Plaintiff's Complaint identifies the specific allegedly defamatory content by direct quotation. See id. By Defendant's own admission, the January 3 Statement was made to media in response to Plaintiff's publicized sexual abuse history. See e.g. Def.'s MTD at 10 ("Each attributed statement responds directly to allegations and claims made by Plaintiff."), 17-18 ("The January 3 Statement appears, *inter alia*, in a telegraph [sic] article . . . [containing] the following response by Ms. Maxwell's spokesman . . . made in response to repeated reputation-harming allegations"). Plaintiff has sufficiently pled to specificity of the content and context of the allegedly defamatory statements.

Defendant further argues that the January 4 Statement is not actionable, as it was a non-substantive response to reporters that amounts to a declination to comment. Def.'s MTD at 20. Defendant points out the sum total of the interaction and statements recorded were as follows:

Defendant: "I wish you a happy new year and thank you so much."

Off-Camera Individual 1: "So you're basically not commenting, is that..."

Defendant: "I'm referring to the statement that was made."

Off-Camera Individual 2: "Is any of that true?"

Defendant: "C'mon, guys..."

Def.'s MTD at 20.

Plaintiff has pled that the comment "I'm referring to the statement that was made" concerns the January 3 Statement, and in doing so, reiterates its content. Compl. ¶ 37. "[I]f, upon any reasonable view of the stated facts, plaintiff would be entitled to recovery for defamation, the complaint must be deemed to sufficiently state a cause of action" that survives a motion to dismiss. Davis, 24 N.Y.3d at 268 (collecting citations). It is a reasonable reading that in "referring to the statement that was made," Defendant was implying the content of the previous day's press release (particularly in the absence of any other "statement that was made"). Whether another listener could interpret Defendant's self-described reference merely as a declination to comment does not defeat the fact that Plaintiff's alleged reading is plausible.

Finally, Defendant argues the Complaint is facially defective for failure to plead special damages. Def.'s MTD at 23. "However, it is well established that compensable injury is presumed if the defamatory statement falls within a category of libel per se." CompuTech Int'l, Inc. v. Compaw Computer Corp., No. 02 Civ. 2628 (RWS), 2004 WL 1126320, at *12 (S.D.N.Y. May 21, 2004) (citations and internal quotation marks omitted).

Libel is "actionable per se if it tends to expose another to public hatred, shame, obloquy, contempt, ridicule, aversion, ostracism, degradation, or disgrace, or to induce an evil opinion of one in the minds of right-thinking persons and to deprive one of one's confidence and friendly intercourse in society or tends to disparage a person in the way of his office, profession or trade." Idema v. Wager, 120 F. Supp. 2d 361, 367 (S.D.N.Y. 2000) (internal marks and citations omitted).

Plaintiff has specifically pled libel per se on two grounds: First, "Maxwell's false statements constitute libel per se inasmuch as they exposed Giuffre to public contempt, ridicule, aversion, and disgrace, and induced an evil opinion of her in the minds of right-thinking persons." Compl. at 9, ¶ 10. Second, "Maxwell's false statements also constitute libel per se inasmuch as they tended to injure Giuffre in her professional capacity as the president of a non-profit corporation designed to help victims of sex trafficking, and inasmuch as they destroyed her credibility and reputation among members of the community that seeks her help and that she seeks to serve." Id. ¶ 11.

It is plausible that a comment indicating that an individual is lying about a history of underage sexual abuse

tends to expose that individual to public contempt as someone willing to lie and accuse others of a truly unfathomable and morally disgraceful course of action. Society takes accusations of pedophilia and sexual abuse sufficiently seriously that it is plausible to allege that to claim an individual has made false accusations of underage sex abuse would expose that individual to public contempt, ridicule, aversion, and disgrace in the minds of right-thinking persons.

Furthermore, for an individual acting in the capacity of president of a non-profit corporation designed to help victims of sex trafficking, publication of a false narrative of sex trafficking would tend to disparage that individual in the way of her profession. Defendant's argument that Plaintiff may not take advantage of this second ground on the basis that "victim" is not a profession ignores the valid profession of non-profit advocacy, and the very real importance of perceived competence and integrity in the conduct of that profession.⁵ Plaintiff has

⁵ For example, Somaly Mam, an internationally celebrated anti-sex trafficking advocate and head of the Somaly Mam Foundation was accused of fabricating her personal story of having been trafficked. Despite the irrefutable work of the Foundation on behalf of other victims of trafficking, Mam was forced to resign and the Foundation closed as a result of the scandal. See Gerhard Joren, Somaly Mam: The Holy Saint (and Sinner) of Sex Trafficking, Newsweek, May 14, 2014, available at <http://www.newsweek.com/2014/05/30/somaly-mam-holy-saint-and-sinner-sex-trafficking-251642.html>; see also Taylor Wofford, Somaly Mam Foundation Closes, Newsweek, Oct. 20, 2014, available at <http://www.newsweek.com/somaly-mam-foundation-closes-278657>.

therefore met her burden of adequately pleading libelous statements constituting libel per se on two independent grounds, and need not plead special damages. Accordingly, Plaintiff has sufficiently pled a claim of defamation.

**B. Defendant's Intent to Assert Affirmative Privilege
Defenses Does Not Justify Dismissal**

Defendant argues that the alleged defamatory statements are protected by the self-defense and pre-litigation privileges, and thus provide grounds to dismiss Plaintiff's complaint. Def.'s MTD at 7-16. "New York courts have articulated the standard for libel and defamation using various terms, not all of which explicitly include malice or the requirement that the statement in question lack privilege." Ornstein v. Figel, 677 F. Supp. 2d 706, 711 (S.D.N.Y. 2009) (citations omitted). At least some courts require a defamation claim plead lack of privilege. Id. (citing Dillon v. City of N.Y., 704 N.Y.S.2d 1, 5 (1st Dep't 1999); Roberti v. Schroder Inv. Mgmt. N. Am., Inc., No. 04 Civ. 2404 (LTS) (THK), 2006 WL 647718, at *8 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 14, 2006) (citing Peters v. Baldwin Union Free Sch. Dist., 320 F.3d 164, 166 (2d Cir.2003)).

Defendant acknowledges that these privileges are, even if applicable, qualified. Def.'s MTD at 8 ("New York. . . recognizes a qualified privilege to respond in self-defense") (citing Kane v. Orange Cty. Publications, 232 A.D.2d 526, 527, 649 N.Y.S.2d 23 (1996) (citations omitted) (stating "response to unfavorable publicity against [the defendant is] covered by a qualified privilege"); Id. at 13 ("Statements made by attorneys and parties pertinent to good faith anticipated litigation are conditionally privileged.").

"Qualified privilege is an affirmative defense that must be pleaded and proved by the defendant." Kroemer v. Tantilillo, 270 A.D.2d 810, 810, 706 N.Y.S.2d 538, 539 (2000). Plaintiff also has a right to rebut the privilege or show it was lost. The affirmative privilege defenses are therefore not appropriate for resolution on a motion to dismiss. Roberti, 2006 WL 647718, at *8 ("Defendant's alternative argument that it is entitled to dismissal of the defamation claim on qualified privilege grounds must also be rejected at this stage of the litigation" because "a claim of qualified privilege may be rebutted").

Moreover, to the extent the privileges do apply or lack of privilege is a requisite element of Plaintiff's claim, Plaintiff has met her burden by pleading facts supporting a plausible

conclusion that the privileges may be rebutted. "Under New York law, a qualified or conditional privilege may exist where statements are made, without malice, in furtherance of a common interest." Block v. First Blood Assoc., 691 F. Supp. 685, 699 (S.D.N.Y. 1988) (citing Loughry v. Lincoln First Bank, N.A., 67 N.Y.2d 369, 502 N.Y.S.2d 965, 494 N.E.2d 70 (1986)). "There is no qualified privilege under New York law when such statements are spoken with malice, knowledge of their falsity, or reckless disregard for their truth." Id.

Plaintiff has repeatedly pled that the January 3 and 4 Statement were made with malice and knowledge of their falsity. Compl. at 9, ¶ 10; 10, ¶ 17. The Complaint pleads adequate facts to support these conclusions. See Compl. at 3-7. Specifically, Plaintiff has pled that Maxwell assisted and participated in Giuffre's trafficking and ultimate abuse. See id. Taking these facts to be true as the Court must, it is a logically necessary conclusion that Maxwell's denial of this story would be made with knowledge of falsity; Maxwell could not have participated for the purpose of Plaintiff's trafficking and falsely deny that


fact without knowledge of falsity.⁵ Plaintiff has therefore pled sufficient facts to show a plausible defeat of any qualified privilege defense.

IV. Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons and as set forth above, Defendant's motion to dismiss is denied.

It is so ordered.

New York, NY
February 26, 2016



ROBERT W. SWEET
U.S.D.J.

⁵ The matter of falsity is for the fact-finder and not appropriate for resolution at the pleading stage. Moreover, the celebrity of third parties implicated in Plaintiff's allegations has no bearing on the veracity of her claims, as Defendant suggests.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,

v.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.

-----X

.....

15-cv-07433-RWS

DEFENDANT’S MOTION FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER

Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell, through undersigned counsel, moves this Court for the entry of a Protective Order pursuant to Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. In support of this motion, Ms. Maxwell states as follows:

Pursuant to F.R.C.P. 26(c) this Court “may, for good cause, issue an order to protect a party...from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense...” The nature of this case concerns highly personal and sensitive information from both parties. In this action, both parties have sought and will seek confidential information in the course of discovery from the other party and from non-party witnesses. Release of such confidential information outside of the litigation could expose the parties to “annoyance, embarrassment, [and] oppression” and result in significant injury to one or more of the parties’ business or privacy interests.

Plaintiff seeks to take the deposition of defendant Ghislaine Maxwell. Based on written discovery requests served to date, it is anticipated that Plaintiff will seek to question Ms.

Maxwell concerning her personal and professional relationships as well matters concerning her

private affairs. Furthermore, Plaintiff has served Ms. Maxwell with document requests that seek information of a sensitive and confidential nature. Dissemination of such information to third parties could be significantly harmful to Ms. Maxwell's business and personal privacy interests. Good cause exists for entry of this Protective Order.

WHEREFORE, Defendant respectfully requests that the Court grant her Motion for Protective Order in this matter in the form attached as Exhibit A to Declaration of Laura Menninger in Support of Defendant's Motion for a Protective Order.

Dated: March 2, 2016.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 2, 2016, I electronically filed this *Defendant's Motion for a Protective Order* with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to all counsel of record including the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,

v.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.

-----X

.....

15-cv-07433-RWS

**DECLARATION OF LAURA A. MENNINGER IN SUPPORT OF
DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER**

I, Laura A. Menninger, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of a Haddon, Morgan & Foreman, P.C. and duly licensed to practice in the States of New York and Colorado and admitted to practice in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.
2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Ms. Maxwell's Motion for Protective Order in this action.
3. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a proposed Protective Order.

Dated: March 2, 2016.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 2, 2016, I electronically filed this *Declaration of Laura A. Menninger in Support of Defendant's Motion for a Protective Order* with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to all counsel of record including the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

EXHIBIT A

**United States District Court
Southern District Of New York**

-----X
Virginia L. Giuffre,
Plaintiff,

v.
Ghislaine Maxwell,
Defendant.
-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

PROTECTIVE ORDER

Upon a showing of good cause in support of the entry of a protective order to protect the discovery and dissemination of confidential information or information which will improperly annoy, embarrass, or oppress any party, witness, or person providing discovery in this case, **IT IS ORDERED:**

1. This Protective Order shall apply to all documents, materials, and information, including without limitation, documents produced, answers to interrogatories, responses to requests for admission, deposition testimony, and other information disclosed pursuant to the disclosure or discovery duties created by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
2. As used in this Protective Order, “document” is defined as provided in FED.R.CIV.P. 34(a). A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.

3. Information designated “CONFIDENTIAL” shall be information that is confidential and implicates common law and statutory privacy interests of (a) plaintiff Virginia Roberts Giuffre and (b) defendant Ghislaine Maxwell.
4. CONFIDENTIAL information shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose except the preparation and trial of this case.
5. CONFIDENTIAL documents, materials, and/or information (collectively “CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION”) shall not, without the consent of the party producing it or further Order of the Court, be disclosed *except that* such information may be disclosed to:
 - a. attorneys actively working on this case;
 - b. persons regularly employed or associated with the attorneys actively working on this case whose assistance is required by said attorneys in the preparation for trial, at trial, or at other proceedings in this case;
 - c. the parties;
 - d. expert witnesses and consultants retained in connection with this proceeding, to the extent such disclosure is necessary for preparation, trial or other proceedings in this case;
 - e. the Court and its employees (“Court Personnel”) in this case;
 - f. stenographic reporters who are engaged in proceedings necessarily incident to the conduct of this action;
 - g. deponents, witnesses, or potential witnesses; and

- h. other persons by written agreement of the parties.
6. Prior to disclosing any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION to any person listed above (other than counsel, persons employed by counsel, Court Personnel and stenographic reporters), counsel shall provide such person with a copy of this Protective Order and obtain from such person a written acknowledgment stating that he or she has read this Protective Order and agrees to be bound by its provisions. All such acknowledgments shall be retained by counsel and shall be subject to *in camera* review by the Court if good cause for review is demonstrated by opposing counsel.
 7. Documents are designated as CONFIDENTIAL by placing or affixing on them (in a manner that will not interfere with their legibility) the following or other appropriate notice: “CONFIDENTIAL.” Discovery material designated CONFIDENTIAL shall be identified by Bates number. To the extent practical, the respective legend shall be placed near the Bates number.
 8. Designation of a document as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION shall constitute a representation that such document has been reviewed by an attorney for the designating party, that there is a valid and good faith basis for such designation, made at the time of disclosure or production to the receiving party, and that disclosure of such information to persons other than those permitted access to such material would cause a privacy harm to the designating party.

9. Whenever a deposition involves the disclosure of CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, the deposition or portions thereof shall be designated as CONFIDENTIAL and shall be subject to the provisions of this Protective Order. Such designation shall be made on the record during the deposition whenever possible, but a party may designate portions of depositions as CONFIDENTIAL after transcription, provided written notice of the designation is promptly given to all counsel of record within thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, and until the expiration of such thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, no party or counsel for any such party may share the contents of the deposition outside the limitations of this Protective Order.
10. Whenever a party seeks to file any document or material containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION with the Court in this matter, it shall be accompanied by a Motion to Seal pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions for the Southern District of New York.
11. A party may object to the designation of particular CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION by giving written notice to the party designating the disputed information. The written notice shall identify the information to which the objection is made. If the parties cannot resolve the objection within ten (10) business days after the time the notice is received, it shall be the obligation of the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL to file an

appropriate motion requesting that the Court determine whether the disputed information should be subject to the terms of this Protective Order. If such a motion is timely filed, the disputed information shall be treated as CONFIDENTIAL under the terms of this Protective Order until the Court rules on the motion. If the designating party fails to file such a motion within the prescribed time, the disputed information shall lose its designation as CONFIDENTIAL and shall not thereafter be treated as CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with this Protective Order. In connection with a motion filed under this provision, the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL shall bear the burden of establishing that good cause exists for the disputed information to be treated as CONFIDENTIAL.

12. At the conclusion of this case, unless other arrangements are agreed upon, each document and all copies thereof which have been designated as CONFIDENTIAL shall be returned to the party that designated it CONFIDENTIAL, or the parties may elect to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents. Where the parties agree to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents, the destroying party shall provide all parties with an affidavit confirming the destruction.
13. This Protective Order shall have no force and effect on the use of any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION at trial in this matter.

14. This Protective Order may be modified by the Court at any time for good cause shown following notice to all parties and an opportunity for them to be heard.

BY THE COURT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

_____ /

**PLAINTIFF VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S
MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER**

Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through undersigned counsel, respectfully submits this Response to Defendant's Motion for A Protective Order.

I. BACKGROUND

On February 5, 2016, Plaintiff, Virginia Giuffre, noticed Defendant Maxwell's deposition for March 2, 2016. *See* Sigrid McCawley Declaration (hereinafter "McCawley Decl.") at Exhibit 1. Due to Defendant's counsel's scheduling conflict, Ms. Giuffre re-noticed the deposition to March 25, 2016. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 2. Defendant demanded that Ms. Giuffre agree to a Protective Order before Defendant would agree to sit for her deposition. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 3, (E-mail from Laura Menninger stating: "We have not and will not accept the date of March 25, ***or any other date***, for Ms. Maxwell's deposition ***until a protective order is in place.***"). In an effort to move forward with the Defendant's deposition without further delay, Ms. Giuffre stated that she would be willing to "agree to a reasonable Protective Order being in place in this case" and attached a redlined version of Defendant's proposed Protective Order.

See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 4, McCawley e-mail correspondence dated February 26, 2016.

Ms. Giuffre also communicated that she would agree to treat Maxwell's deposition as confidential until such time as the Court would enter a Protective Order, to remove any need to delay Defendant's March 25, 2016 deposition. Defendant never responded to Ms. Giuffre's proposed revisions to the Protective Order: instead, she filed this Motion.

II. ARGUMENT

Ms. Giuffre does not oppose the entrance of a Protective Order in this case, but does oppose a Protective Order in the form proposed by Defendant because it is overly broad and can lead to abuse and over designation of material as "confidential." Ms. Giuffre's proposal¹, which is attached in both a redlined version and a clean version (*See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 5), addresses the following important issues:

- **Opening Paragraph**: Given the fact that this case involves sexual abuse allegations of a minor child, Ms. Giuffre defined confidential information as: "including sensitive personal information relating to a victim of sexual abuse, copyright or trade secrets, commercially sensitive information or proprietary information." Ms. Giuffre disagrees with Defendant's broad definition which provided "or information which will improperly annoy, embarrass or oppress any party, witness or person providing discovery in the case." There are a number of problems with Defendant's proposed language, for example, evidence that demonstrates that Maxwell engaged in abuse of a minor is clearly "embarrassing" but that should not be deemed "confidential" solely because Maxwell does not want her crimes to be made public. Allowing Maxwell to make overly broad

¹ Exhibit 5 varies slightly from Exhibit 4, the version sent to opposing counsel, because Ms. Giuffre corrected some typographical and spelling issues.

confidentiality designations of that type of discovery would wrongfully allow the abuser to hide behind a claim of confidentiality.

- **Purposes and Limitations:** Ms. Giuffre’s proposed revisions include an introductory “purpose” section which sets forth a requirement that confidential designations must be made in “good faith.” Ms. Giuffre contends this section is important to place an obligation on counsel to act in good faith and avoid broad sweeping confidentiality designations.
- **Paragraph 3:** In paragraph 3, Ms. Giuffre struck the word “implicates” and replaced it with “is covered by” because many things can “implicate” but only those things that are actually “covered by a common law and statutory privacy protection” should be deemed “confidential”. Ms. Giuffre also added “or any non-party that was subject to sexual abuse” because she anticipates there will be non-party witnesses in this case testifying to abuse they endured, and the non-parties should, likewise, be able to protect that sensitive personal information with a confidentiality designation. Accordingly, if Ms. Giuffre’s proposal is accepted, Paragraph 3 will read: “Information designated “Confidential” shall be information that is confidential and is covered by common law and statutory privacy protections of (a) plaintiff Virginia Giuffre (b) defendant Ghislaine Maxwell or (c) any non-party that was subject to sexual abuse.”
- **Paragraph 4:** Paragraph 4 provides: “Confidential information shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose except the preparation and trial of this case.” Ms. Giuffre proposed adding to this sentence: “and any related matter, including but not limited to, investigations by law enforcement.” Ms. Giuffre’s addition is

important because Defendant should not be able to shield her conduct from review by law enforcement by cloaking it in a “confidential” designation.

- **Paragraph 5**: Paragraph 5 addresses who may view confidential information and Ms. Giuffre proposed adding to that list: “(h) any person (1) who authored or received the particular Protected Material; (2) who has or had at any point in time access to the Protected Material outside of the context of this action; or (3) for which there is a good faith basis to conclude that the individual has earlier received or seen such Protected Material. and (j) any other person by written agreement of the parties or by Order of a Court of competent jurisdiction.” Ms. Giuffre made the proposed addition above because she contends it will alleviate debate over a document that has been marked “confidential” by one party but is a document that has been previously disclosed to certain individuals.
- **Paragraph 11**: Ms. Giuffre revised the protocol for challenging the designation of a document as “confidential” in order to stream line that process as follows: “(a) A Party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of any designation of discovery material under this Order at the time the designation is made, and a failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto. Moreover, failure to challenge the designation of any discovery material as CONFIDENTIAL shall not in any way constitute an admission that such material contains any competitively sensitive information, trade secret information, or other protectable material. (b) In the event that counsel for the Party receiving Protected Material objects to the CONFIDENTIAL designation of any or all such items, said counsel shall provide the Producing Party and, if different, the

Designating Party written notice of, and the basis for, such objections. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve such objections among themselves. Should the Receiving Party, the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party be unable to resolve the objections, the Receiving Party may seek a hearing before this Court with respect to the propriety of the designation. The Designating Party will cooperate in obtaining a prompt hearing with respect thereto. Pending a resolution, the discovery material in question shall continue to be treated as Protected Material as provided hereunder. The burden of proving that Discovery Material is properly designated shall at all times remain with the Designating Party.”

- **Paragraph 13:** Ms. Giuffre added paragraph 13 to provide protection for non-party witnesses who are subpoenaed in this case and are asked to disclose sensitive information regarding sexual abuse they may have endured. This paragraph provides a non-party with the opportunity to designate that sensitive information as “confidential”. The added paragraph 13 provides: “With respect to any Discovery Material produced by such non-party, the non-party may invoke the terms of this Order in writing to all Parties by designating discovery material “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”. Any such Protected Material produced by the non-party designated “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” shall be subject to the restrictions contained in this Order and shall only be disclosed or used in a manner consistent with this Order.”

- **Paragraph 14:** Ms. Giuffre added paragraph 14 to protect a circumstance of an inadvertent failure to designate and to include a protocol for how to handle a retroactive designation in that circumstance. The added paragraph 14 provides: “In the event that any Producing Party inadvertently produces Discovery Material eligible for designation as CONFIDENTIAL or HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL— ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY without such designation, the Parties agree that the Producing Party may retroactively apply the correct designation. If a Producing Party makes a subsequent designation, the Receiving Party will treat the Protected Material according to the retroactive designation, including undertaking best efforts to retrieve all previously distributed copies from any recipients now ineligible to access the Protected Material.”
- **Paragraph 15:** Ms. Giuffre also added a paragraph on “Limitations” to clarify that information that has been previously disclosed or is publicly available cannot be restricted from disclosure. Specifically, Ms. Giuffre added the following: “Limitations. Nothing in this Order shall restrict in any way the use or disclosure of Protected Material by a Receiving Party (a) that is or has become publicly known through no fault of the Receiving Party; (b) that is lawfully acquired by or known to the Receiving Party independent of the Producing Party; (c) that was previously produced, disclosed, and/or provided by the Producing Party to the Receiving Party or a non-party without an obligation of confidentiality and not by inadvertence or mistake; (d) with the consent of the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party; (e) pursuant to Order of the Court; or (f) for purposes of law enforcement.”

As addressed above, Ms. Giuffre proposed revisions to ensure that the Protective Order is fair and limited in scope so as not to be subject to abuse. For the foregoing reasons, Ms. Giuffre respectfully requests that the Court grant Ms. Giuffre's proposed revisions set forth in Exhibit 5. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 5.

Dated: March 4, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 4, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCAWLEY IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S
RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER**

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.
2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Response to Defendant's Motion for Protective Order.
3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of Plaintiff's February 5, 2016 Notice of Taking Videotaped Deposition of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell.
4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of the Re-Notice of Taking Videotaped Deposition of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell.
5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3, is a true and correct copy of Defendant's counsel, Laura Menninger's February 25, 2016 Email Correspondence to Sigrid McCawley.

6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4, is a true and correct copy of the Plaintiff's proposed Protective Order in redline format and clean format sent to Laura Menninger on February 25, 2016.

7. Attached hereto as Exhibit 5, is a true and correct copy of Plaintiff's proposed Protective Order in redline format and clean version.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: March 4, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 4, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT 1

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

PLAINTIFF'S NOTICE OF TAKING VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT, pursuant to Rule 30 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, counsel for Plaintiff, Virginia Giuffre, will take the deposition of the below-named individual on the date and hour indicated.

NAME: Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell
DATE AND TIME: March 2, 2016 at 9:30 a.m.
LOCATION: Boies Schiller & Flexner, LLP
575 Lexington Ave., 7th Floor
New York, NY 10022

The videotaped deposition will be taken upon oral examination before Magna Legal Services, or any other notary public authorized by law to take depositions.

The video operator shall be provided by Magna Legal Services. This deposition is being taken for the purpose of discovery, for use at trial, or for such other purposes as are permitted under the rules of this Court.

Dated: February 5, 2016

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 5th day of February, 2016, I served the attached document PLAINTIFF'S NOTICE OF TAKING VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL via Email to the following counsel of record.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT 2

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

PLAINTIFF'S RE-NOTICE OF TAKING VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT, pursuant to Rule 30 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, counsel for Plaintiff, Virginia Giuffre, will take the deposition of the below-named individual on the date and hour indicated.

NAME: Ghislaine Maxwell
DATE AND TIME: March 25, 2016 at 9:00 a.m.
LOCATION: Boies Schiller & Flexner, LLP
575 Lexington Ave., 7th Floor
New York, NY 10022

The videotaped deposition will be taken upon oral examination before Magna Legal Services, or any other notary public authorized by law to take depositions. The oral examination will continue from day to day until completed.

The video operator shall be provided by Magna Legal Services. This deposition is being taken for the purpose of discovery, for use at trial, or for such other purposes as are permitted under the rules of this Court.

Dated: February 22, 2016

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley
(Pro Hac Vice Pending)

Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I **HEREBY CERTIFY** that on the 22nd day of February, 2016, I served the attached document PLAINTIFF'S RE-NOTICE OF TAKING VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL via Email to the following counsel of record.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley

Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT 3

Sigrid McCawley

From: Laura Menninger <lmenninger@hmflaw.com>
Sent: Thursday, February 25, 2016 2:55 PM
To: Sigrid McCawley
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: FW: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Sigrid –

I would suggest that rather than repeated emails on the topic of scheduling the various depositions in this case, or the unilateral issuance of deposition notices and subpoenas, you and I have a phone conference wherein we discuss which depositions are going to be taken, where, and a plan for doing them in an orderly fashion that minimizes travel and inconvenience for counsel and the witnesses. As you are well aware from your own practice of law, attorneys have other clients, other court dates and other commitments to work around. The FRCP and Local Rules contemplate courtesy and cooperation among counsel in the scheduling and timing of discovery processes. This rule makes even more sense in a case such as this spanning various parts of the country where counsel must engage in lengthy travel and the attendant scheduling of flights, hotels and rental cars.

I am available for such a call today or tomorrow morning before 11 a.m. MST.

To respond to your last email:

Defendant's Deposition

We have not and will not accept the date of March 25, or any other date, for Ms. Maxwell's deposition until a protective order is in place. My email of February 12th requested your position on a protective order and, receiving no response from you, I sent you a proposed one on February 20th. As of today's date, I still have not received your position or your comments to that protective order.

Secondly, although the rules permit a party to seek leave of the court for a second deposition should new factors or evidence become known, you are aware in advance of Ms. Maxwell's deposition that she has yet to file an Answer or Counterclaim and therefore cannot be "surprised" about the fact that she will do so when and if necessary. Should you choose to take her deposition before such a pleading has been filed, you are acknowledging your waiver of the right to take a second deposition based on the filing of the answer and counterclaims because this is a fact known to you in advance of the first deposition.

To reiterate, I have not accepted the date of March 25, 2016 for my client's deposition and will not agree to schedule such a deposition in the absence of a protective order and your acknowledgement of waiver as outlined above.

Other Witness Depositions

I have asked to schedule the depositions of the two Florida witnesses on consecutive days to minimize travel expenses for counsel and you have refused.

Additionally, it is completely unclear to me what, if any, relevance either of the two Florida witnesses have to the defamation action. My client has made no statements about either woman, nor has your client's voluminous press and pleadings included any indication that either woman could corroborate her claims. Finally, as noted in my email to you

yesterday, Ms. Chambers is not even among the hundred witnesses listed in your Rule 26 disclosures, nor her contact info nor her counsel's contact info.

Please provide an offer of proof as to the relevance in this action (as compared to say, any of your client's media, publicity and other litigations) of either Ms. Chambers or Ms. Sjoberg's testimony. Also provide any contact information you have for them pursuant to Rule 26.

I hope that we will be able to continue a professional dialogue regarding the timing and sequence of discovery in this case without the need for judicial intervention.

-Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmessenger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

From: Sigrid McCawley [<mailto:Smccawley@BSFLLP.com>]
Sent: Tuesday, February 23, 2016 8:46 AM
To: Laura Menninger
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Hello Laura,

DEFENDANT's DEPOSITION:

As you are aware, we originally noticed your client's deposition for March 2, 2016. We then provided you with multiple alternative dates because you stated that you had a conflict with the date provided. You have confirmed below that Ms. Maxwell is available for her deposition on March 25th in New York. The revised deposition notice is attached above. We understand that your client is requesting the entrance of a protective order in this case. We are in receipt of your proposed protective order and are reviewing and will provide you with a response to same shortly.

With respect to your demand below that we concede that we will only seek to take one 7 hour deposition of the named defendant Ms. Maxwell in this case, we disagree that we have to make any such determination at this stage of the litigation. We are entitled under the rules to depose the defendant, without delay, for one 7 hour deposition. If after

that deposition there are reasons that require us to seek additional time from the Court, we will do so and you can lodge any objections you have. You are not entitled to use your demand as a transparent delay tactic in an effort to preclude what is a critical deposition in this matter.

NON- PARTY SUBPOENED WITNESSES:

As a result of the conflict you had with our original date for Johanna Sjorberg's deposition, we provided you with multiple alternatives. I understand you have a conflict with March 23rd so **please confirm you can be present for her deposition in Fort Lauderdale on March 16th in Fort Lauderdale, Florida.**

Ms. Chambers and Ms. Sjorberg's depositions cannot be taken on consecutive days because -- while they are both in the state of Florida -- the travel distance is about 7 hours by car so it won't work to schedule them consecutively. Moreover, these are non-party witnesses with varying work schedules that we are attempting to work around with their counsel and we have provided you will dates for which they are available.

Please confirm you can be present at Alyson Chambers deposition in St. Augustine Florida on March 22nd. For your travel arrangements, it is my understanding that the closest airport to St. Augustine is the Jacksonville, Florida airport.

As for your interpretation of Local Rule 30.1 we have reviewed the case law and it is not our understanding that this type of payment applies automatically to a named party. That said, you are of course able to make your application to the court in accordance with that rule and we will respond with our opposition, but nothing in that rule allows you to attempt to delay a subpoenaed deposition based on that rule.

Thank you,
Sigrid

Sigrid S. McCawley
Partner

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Phone: 954-356-0011 ext. 4223

Fax: 954-356-0022

<http://www.bsflp.com>

From: Laura Menninger [<mailto:lmenninger@hmflaw.com>]
Sent: Saturday, February 20, 2016 2:54 PM
To: Sigrid McCawley
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Sigrid -

I had not responded regarding the dates yet, in part, because you did not address the two issues I raised by email of February 12 (below). In particular, a protective order needs to be entered prior to Ms. Maxwell's deposition to address the same concerns you raised prior to your client's deposition in the Edwards/Cassell matter. I have taken the liberty of drafting a proposed protective order which I attach here. Please provide any comments you propose and we can get it filed and ruled upon by the Court.

Further, you did not provide your acknowledgement pursuant to Rule 30(d)(1) that this deposition, which likely will occur before Ms. Maxwell has filed an answer or counterclaims, will be her only deposition in this matter. If this is not your agreement, then we will need to seek a ruling from the Court.

Assuming that the attached protective order is entered in a timely fashion and your agreement that you will not be seeking a second deposition after Ms. Maxwell files an answer and counterclaim, then I can confirm the dates which will work for me and for her. Right now, of the dates you propose it appears that the March 25th date is best.

Regarding the depositions of Ms. Sjoberg and Chambers, I propose that we do those on consecutive days. Unfortunately, I am not available on March 23d as I have a sentencing in USDC Colorado that morning. I could propose March 24-25 or March 17-18. Also, given that these depositions are "more than 100 miles from the courthouse," I request your agreement to pay for my expenses for attendance at those depositions in Florida pursuant to Local R. 30.1.

Thank you,
Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

From: Sigrid McCawley <smccawley@bsfllp.com>
Date: Friday, February 19, 2016 at 9:25 AM
To: Laura Menninger <lmenninger@hmflaw.com>
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Hello Laura,

I am in receipt of your email below. As you are aware, the Court already denied your client's effort to stay discovery pending her motion to dismiss. As you are also aware, discovery in this case closes in a few short months. We are proceeding with discovery and cannot agree to wait any further for Ms. Maxwell's deposition.

You indicated you had a conflict with the original date we selected for Ms. Maxwell's deposition so we have provided you with alternate dates for Ms. Maxwell's deposition and would appreciate a timely response. You also stated that you had a conflict with the original subpoena date for Johanna Sjoberg. In an effort to accommodate the conflicts in your schedule, we provided you a selection of alternate dates that work for Ms. Sjoberg and her counsel and we have not heard back from you. Once again the dates are provided below. Please respond in a timely manner so we can schedule the depositions.

Proposed Alternate Dates for Ms. Maxwell's Deposition to be taken in NY at BSF's Office – Feb. 29th, March 1st, March 14th or March 25th.

Proposed Alternate Dates for Ms. Sjorberg's Deposition to be taken in Fort Lauderdale at BSF's Office – March 16th or March 23rd.

Presently Scheduled Date for Alyson Chambers Deposition to be taken in St. Augustine Florida – March 22nd. To my knowledge, you have not indicated that you have a conflict with this date.

Thank you,
Sigrid

Sigrid S. McCawley
Partner

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Phone: 954-356-0011 ext. 4223

Fax: 954-356-0022

<http://www.bsfllp.com>

From: Laura Menninger [<mailto:lmenninger@hmflaw.com>]

Sent: Friday, February 12, 2016 1:21 PM

To: Sigrid McCawley

Subject: Re: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Sigrid –

I'm happy to schedule a deposition for my client on a mutually agreeable date. I will check with her on these dates you have proposed and get back to you shortly.

It would make some sense to me to not schedule this deposition until after the judge rules on the motion to dismiss. If the motion is granted, we will have wasted time and money. If the Judge denies the motion, I intend to file an answer with affirmative defenses as well as counterclaims against your client.

Given that Rule 30(d) only permits one day of deposition lasting 7 hours, in the event you choose to depose Ms. Maxwell prior to the filing of our affirmative defenses and counterclaims, you will have exhausted that one chance to depose her, and I will not agree, and will vigorously contest, your ability to schedule a second deposition.

We should also discuss an agreed upon protective order for discovery in this case. If you have one you like, please forward it to me, or I can take the lead in drafting.

-Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

From: Sigrid McCawley [<mailto:Smccawley@BSFLLP.com>]
Sent: Thursday, February 11, 2016 12:41 PM
To: Laura Menninger
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Hello Laura -I can offer the following alternate dates for Ms Maxwell's deposition -February 29th or March 1st or March 11th or March 14, 25 or 16.

I will get back to you on an alternate date for Ms. Sjorberg's deposition.

Thank you,
Sigrid

-----Original Message-----

From: Laura Menninger [lmenninger@hmflaw.com]
Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2016 06:36 PM Eastern Standard Time
To: Sigrid McCawley
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Sigrid –

I have received your Notice of Deposition for Ms. Maxwell on March 2 as well as your subpoena for the deposition of Johanna Sjoberg on February 22. I am not available on either one of those dates due to pre-existing scheduling conflicts.

Local Rule 26.4(a) provides that "Counsel are expected to cooperate with each other, consistent with the interests of their clients, in all phases of the discovery process and to be courteous in their dealings with each other, *including in matters relating to scheduling and timing of various discovery procedures.*"

I respectfully request that you send me other proposed dates that would work for you to take those two depositions so that I can clear them with my calendar and (as pertains to her deposition), my client's calendar. Presumably, coordination with Ms. Sjoberg's counsel also makes sense per Rule 45(d)(1).

-Laura

Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmessenger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com



CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is **STRICTLY PROHIBITED**. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

The information contained in this electronic message is confidential information intended only for the use of the named recipient(s) and may contain information that, among other protections, is the subject of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this electronic message is not the named recipient, or the employee or agent responsible to deliver it to the named recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, copying or other use of this communication is strictly prohibited and no privilege is waived. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify the sender by replying to this electronic message and then deleting this electronic message from your computer. [v.1]

The information contained in this electronic message is confidential information intended only for the use of the named recipient(s) and may contain information that, among other protections, is the subject of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this electronic message is not the named recipient, or the employee or agent responsible to deliver it to the named recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, copying or other use of this communication is strictly prohibited and no privilege is waived. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify the sender by replying to this electronic message and then deleting this electronic message from your computer. [v.1]

The information contained in this electronic message is confidential information intended only for the use of the named recipient(s) and may contain information that, among other protections, is the subject of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this electronic message is not the named recipient, or the employee or agent responsible to deliver it to the named recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, copying or other use of this communication is strictly prohibited and no privilege is waived. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify the sender by replying to this electronic message and then deleting this electronic message from your computer. [v.1]

EXHIBIT 4

Sigrid McCawley

From: Sigrid McCawley
Sent: Friday, February 26, 2016 12:10 PM
To: Laura Menninger
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]
Attachments: 2016-02-25 Agreed Protective Order (redline).pdf; Clean Version of Agreed Protective Order.docx

Hello Laura,

It is clear to me based on the below that you are intentionally trying to stall the taking of these depositions, despite the fact that the Court denied your motion to stay discovery and are trying to grant yourself a *de facto* stay by placing conditions on these depositions that are not required by the Federal Rules, in order to push off depositions as far as you can while you await a ruling on the motion to dismiss. Again – the court denied your stay request and you cannot use unreasonable demands to try to create that delay. We are entitled to take the defendant’s deposition in this case and we are not required to waive any rights in that process.

As to your demand regarding a protective order, we have reviewed what you sent and can agree to a reasonable protective order being in place in this case and have attached redlined edits and a clean version for your review above.

As for the contact information for the two subpoenaed witnesses – that was provided to you previously. The attorney representing Johanna Sjorberg and Alyson Chambers is Dore Louis. His number is (305) 374-0544 and mdl@sinclairlouis.com. Because you had conflicts with the initial dates we scheduled for Johanna, I have been coordinating with him on alternative depo dates which I provided you below.

I will call you to discuss these depositions as they need to move forward without any additional delay.

Thank you,
Sigrid

Sigrid S. McCawley
Partner

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
Phone: 954-356-0011 ext. 4223
Fax: 954-356-0022
<http://www.bsflp.com>

From: Laura Menninger [mailto:lmessenger@hmflaw.com]
Sent: Thursday, February 25, 2016 2:55 PM
To: Sigrid McCawley
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: FW: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Sigrid –

I would suggest that rather than repeated emails on the topic of scheduling the various depositions in this case, or the unilateral issuance of deposition notices and subpoenas, you and I have a phone conference wherein we discuss which depositions are going to be taken, where, and a plan for doing them in an orderly fashion that minimizes travel and inconvenience for counsel and the witnesses. As you are well aware from your own practice of law, attorneys have other clients, other court dates and other commitments to work around. The FRCP and Local Rules contemplate courtesy and cooperation among counsel in the scheduling and timing of discovery processes. This rule makes even more sense in a case such as this spanning various parts of the country where counsel must engage in lengthy travel and the attendant scheduling of flights, hotels and rental cars.

I am available for such a call today or tomorrow morning before 11 a.m. MST.

To respond to your last email:

Defendant's Deposition

We have not and will not accept the date of March 25, or any other date, for Ms. Maxwell's deposition until a protective order is in place. My email of February 12th requested your position on a protective order and, receiving no response from you, I sent you a proposed one on February 20th. As of today's date, I still have not received your position or your comments to that protective order.

Secondly, although the rules permit a party to seek leave of the court for a second deposition should new factors or evidence become known, you are aware in advance of Ms. Maxwell's deposition that she has yet to file an Answer or Counterclaim and therefore cannot be "surprised" about the fact that she will do so when and if necessary. Should you choose to take her deposition before such a pleading has been filed, you are acknowledging your waiver of the right to take a second deposition based on the filing of the answer and counterclaims because this is a fact known to you in advance of the first deposition.

To reiterate, I have not accepted the date of March 25, 2016 for my client's deposition and will not agree to schedule such a deposition in the absence of a protective order and your acknowledgement of waiver as outlined above.

Other Witness Depositions

I have asked to schedule the depositions of the two Florida witnesses on consecutive days to minimize travel expenses for counsel and you have refused.

Additionally, it is completely unclear to me what, if any, relevance either of the two Florida witnesses have to the defamation action. My client has made no statements about either woman, nor has your client's voluminous press and pleadings included any indication that either woman could corroborate her claims. Finally, as noted in my email to you yesterday, Ms. Chambers is not even among the hundred witnesses listed in your Rule 26 disclosures, nor her contact info nor her counsel's contact info.

Please provide an offer of proof as to the relevance in this action (as compared to say, any of your client's media, publicity and other litigations) of either Ms. Chambers or Ms. Sjoberg's testimony. Also provide any contact information you have for them pursuant to Rule 26.

I hope that we will be able to continue a professional dialogue regarding the timing and sequence of discovery in this case without the need for judicial intervention.

-Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

From: Sigrid McCawley [<mailto:Smccawley@BSFLLP.com>]
Sent: Tuesday, February 23, 2016 8:46 AM
To: Laura Menninger
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Hello Laura,

DEFENDANT'S DEPOSITION:

As you are aware, we originally noticed your client's deposition for March 2, 2016. We then provided you with multiple alternative dates because you stated that you had a conflict with the date provided. You have confirmed below that Ms. Maxwell is available for her deposition on March 25th in New York. The revised deposition notice is attached above. We understand that your client is requesting the entrance of a protective order in this case. We are in receipt of your proposed protective order and are reviewing and will provide you with a response to same shortly.

With respect to your demand below that we concede that we will only seek to take one 7 hour deposition of the named defendant Ms. Maxwell in this case, we disagree that we have to make any such determination at this stage of the litigation. We are entitled under the rules to depose the defendant, without delay, for one 7 hour deposition. If after that deposition there are reasons that require us to seek additional time from the Court, we will do so and you can lodge any objections you have. You are not entitled to use your demand as a transparent delay tactic in an effort to preclude what is a critical deposition in this matter.

NON- PARTY SUBPOENED WITNESSES:

As a result of the conflict you had with our original date for Johanna Sjorberg's deposition, we provided you with multiple alternatives. I understand you have a conflict with March 23rd so **please confirm you can be present for her deposition in Fort Lauderdale on March 16th in Fort Lauderdale, Florida.**

Ms. Chambers and Ms. Sjorberg's depositions cannot be taken on consecutive days because -- while they are both in the state of Florida -- the travel distance is about 7 hours by car so it won't work to schedule them consecutively. Moreover, these are non-party witnesses with varying work schedules that we are attempting to work around with their counsel and we have provided you will dates for which they are available.

Please confirm you can be present at Alyson Chambers deposition in St. Augustine Florida on March 22nd. For your travel arrangements, it is my understanding that the closest airport to St. Augustine is the Jacksonville, Florida airport.

As for your interpretation of Local Rule 30.1 we have reviewed the case law and it is not our understanding that this type of payment applies automatically to a named party. That said, you are of course able to make your application to the court in accordance with that rule and we will respond with our opposition, but nothing in that rule allows you to attempt to delay a subpoenaed deposition based on that rule.

Thank you,
Sigrid

Sigrid S. McCawley
Partner

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Phone: 954-356-0011 ext. 4223

Fax: 954-356-0022

<http://www.bsflp.com>

From: Laura Menninger [<mailto:lmessenger@hmflaw.com>]
Sent: Saturday, February 20, 2016 2:54 PM
To: Sigrid McCawley
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Sigrid -

I had not responded regarding the dates yet, in part, because you did not address the two issues I raised by email of February 12 (below). In particular, a protective order needs to be entered prior to Ms. Maxwell's deposition to address the same concerns you raised prior to your client's deposition in the Edwards/Cassell matter. I have taken the liberty of drafting a proposed protective order which I attach here. Please provide any comments you propose and we can get it filed and ruled upon by the Court.

Further, you did not provide your acknowledgement pursuant to Rule 30(d)(1) that this deposition, which likely will occur before Ms. Maxwell has filed an answer or counterclaims, will be her only deposition in this matter. If this is not your agreement, then we will need to seek a ruling from the Court.

Assuming that the attached protective order is entered in a timely fashion and your agreement that you will not be seeking a second deposition after Ms. Maxwell files an answer and counterclaim, then I can confirm the dates which will work for me and for her. Right now, of the dates you propose it appears that the March 25th date is best.

Regarding the depositions of Ms. Sjoberg and Chambers, I propose that we do those on consecutive days. Unfortunately, I am not available on March 23d as I have a sentencing in USDC Colorado that morning. I could propose March 24-25 or March 17-18. Also, given that these depositions are "more than 100 miles from the courthouse," I request your agreement to pay for my expenses for attendance at those depositions in Florida pursuant to Local R. 30.1.

Thank you,
Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

From: Sigrid McCawley <smccawley@bsflp.com>
Date: Friday, February 19, 2016 at 9:25 AM
To: Laura Menninger <lmenninger@hmflaw.com>
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Hello Laura,

I am in receipt of your email below. As you are aware, the Court already denied your client's effort to stay discovery pending her motion to dismiss. As you are also aware, discovery in this case closes in a few short months. We are proceeding with discovery and cannot agree to wait any further for Ms. Maxwell's deposition.

You indicated you had a conflict with the original date we selected for Ms. Maxwell's deposition so we have provided you with alternate dates for Ms. Maxwell's deposition and would appreciate a timely response. You also stated that you had a conflict with the original subpoena date for Johanna Sjorberg. In an effort to accommodate the conflicts in your schedule, we provided you a selection of alternate dates that work for Ms. Sjorberg and her counsel and we have not heard back from you. Once again the dates are provided below. Please respond in a timely manner so we can schedule the depositions.

Proposed Alternate Dates for Ms. Maxwell's Deposition to be taken in NY at BSF's Office – Feb. 29th, March 1st, March 14th or March 25th.

Proposed Alternate Dates for Ms. Sjorberg's Deposition to be taken in Fort Lauderdale at BSF's Office – March 16th or March 23rd.

Presently Scheduled Date for Alyson Chambers Deposition to be taken in St. Augustine Florida – March 22nd. To my knowledge, you have not indicated that you have a conflict with this date.

Thank you,
Sigrid

Sigrid S. McCawley
Partner

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
Phone: 954-356-0011 ext. 4223
Fax: 954-356-0022
<http://www.bsfllp.com>

From: Laura Menninger [<mailto:lmenninger@hmflaw.com>]
Sent: Friday, February 12, 2016 1:21 PM
To: Sigrid McCawley
Subject: Re: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Sigrid –

I'm happy to schedule a deposition for my client on a mutually agreeable date. I will check with her on these dates you have proposed and get back to you shortly.

It would make some sense to me to not schedule this deposition until after the judge rules on the motion to dismiss. If the motion is granted, we will have wasted time and money. If the Judge denies the motion, I intend to file an answer with affirmative defenses as well as counterclaims against your client.

Given that Rule 30(d) only permits one day of deposition lasting 7 hours, in the event you choose to depose Ms. Maxwell prior to the filing of our affirmative defenses and counterclaims, you will have exhausted that one chance to depose her, and I will not agree, and will vigorously contest, your ability to schedule a second deposition.

We should also discuss an agreed upon protective order for discovery in this case. If you have one you like, please forward it to me, or I can take the lead in drafting.

-Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

From: Sigrid McCawley [<mailto:Smccawley@BSFLLP.com>]
Sent: Thursday, February 11, 2016 12:41 PM

To: Laura Menninger
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Hello Laura -I can offer the following alternate dates for Ms Maxwell's deposition -February 29th or March 1st or March 11th or March 14, 25 or 16.

I will get back to you on an alternate date for Ms. Sjorberg's deposition.

Thank you,
Sigrid

-----Original Message-----

From: Laura Menninger [lmenninger@hmflaw.com]
Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2016 06:36 PM Eastern Standard Time
To: Sigrid McCawley
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]

Sigrid –

I have received your Notice of Deposition for Ms. Maxwell on March 2 as well as your subpoena for the deposition of Johanna Sjoberg on February 22. I am not available on either one of those dates due to pre-existing scheduling conflicts.

Local Rule 26.4(a) provides that “Counsel are expected to cooperate with each other, consistent with the interests of their clients, in all phases of the discovery process and to be courteous in their dealings with each other, *including in matters relating to scheduling and timing of various discovery procedures.*”

I respectfully request that you send me other proposed dates that would work for you to take those two depositions so that I can clear them with my calendar and (as pertains to her deposition), my client’s calendar. Presumably, coordination with Ms. Sjoberg’s counsel also makes sense per Rule 45(d)(1).

-Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this

transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

The information contained in this electronic message is confidential information intended only for the use of the named recipient(s) and may contain information that, among other protections, is the subject of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this electronic message is not the named recipient, or the employee or agent responsible to deliver it to the named recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, copying or other use of this communication is strictly prohibited and no privilege is waived. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify the sender by replying to this electronic message and then deleting this electronic message from your computer. [v.1]

The information contained in this electronic message is confidential information intended only for the use of the named recipient(s) and may contain information that, among other protections, is the subject of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this electronic message is not the named recipient, or the employee or agent responsible to deliver it to the named recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, copying or other use of this communication is strictly prohibited and no privilege is waived. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify the sender by replying to this electronic message and then deleting this electronic message from your computer. [v.1]

The information contained in this electronic message is confidential information intended only for the use of the named recipient(s) and may contain information that, among other protections, is the subject of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this electronic message is not the named recipient, or the employee or agent responsible to deliver it to the named recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, copying or other use of this communication is strictly prohibited and no privilege is waived. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify the sender by replying to this electronic message and then deleting this electronic message from your computer. [v.1]

United States District Court
Southern District Of New York

Virginia L. Giuffre,
Plaintiff,

v. 15-cv-07433-RWS
Ghislaine Maxwell,
Defendant.

AGREED PROTECTIVE ORDER

Upon a showing of good cause in support of the entry of a protective order to protect the discovery and dissemination of confidential information, including sensitive personal information relating to a victim of sexual abuse, copyright or trade secrets, commercially sensitive information, or proprietary information, or information which will improperly annoy, embarrass, or oppress any party, witness, or person providing discovery in this case,

I. Purposes And Limitations

(a) The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures during discovery. Designations under this Order shall be made sparingly, with care, and shall not be made absent a good faith belief that the designated material satisfies the criteria set forth herein. If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that designated material does not qualify for protection at all, or does not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, the Designating Party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing or changing the designation.

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0", Space Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Double, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: I, II, III, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.75"

IT IS ORDERED:

Formatted: Indent: First line: 0.5", Space
Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Double

1. This Protective Order shall apply to all documents, materials, and information, including without limitation, documents produced, answers to interrogatories, responses to requests for admission, deposition testimony, and other information disclosed pursuant to the disclosure or discovery duties created by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
2. As used in this Protective Order, "document" is defined as provided in FED.R.CIV.P. 34(a). A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.
3. Information designated "CONFIDENTIAL" shall be information that is confidential and ~~implicates-is covered by~~ common law and statutory privacy ~~interests-protections~~ of (a) plaintiff Virginia Roberts Giuffre and (b) defendant Ghislaine Maxwell ~~or any non-party that was subject to sexual abuse~~.
4. CONFIDENTIAL information shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose except the preparation and trial of this case ~~and any related matter, including but not limited to, investigations by law enforcement~~.
5. CONFIDENTIAL documents, materials, and/or information (collectively "CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION") shall not, without the consent of the party producing it or further Order of the Court, be disclosed *except that* such information may be disclosed to:
 - a. attorneys actively working on this case;

- b. persons regularly employed or associated with the attorneys actively working on this case whose assistance is required by said attorneys in the preparation for trial, at trial, or at other proceedings in this case;
- c. the parties;
- d. expert witnesses and consultants retained in connection with this proceeding, to the extent such disclosure is necessary for preparation, trial or other proceedings in this case;
- e. the Court and its employees ("Court Personnel") in this case;
- f. stenographic reporters who are engaged in proceedings necessarily incident to the conduct of this action;
- g. deponents, witnesses, or potential witnesses; and
- h. any person (1) who authored or received the particular Protected Material; (2) who has or had at any point in time access to the Protected Material outside of the context of this action; or (3) for which there is a good faith basis to conclude that the individual has earlier received or seen such Protected Material; and
- h). any other persons by written agreement of the parties or by Order of a Court of competent jurisdiction.

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

6. Prior to disclosing any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION to any person listed above (other than counsel, persons employed by counsel, Court Personnel and stenographic reporters), counsel shall provide such person with a copy of this Protective Order and obtain from such person a written acknowledgment stating that he or she has read this Protective Order and

agrees to be bound by its provisions. All such acknowledgments shall be retained by counsel and shall be subject to *in camera* review by the Court if good cause for review is demonstrated by opposing counsel.

7. Documents are designated as CONFIDENTIAL by placing or affixing on them (in a manner that will not interfere with their legibility) the following or other appropriate notice: "CONFIDENTIAL." Discovery material designated CONFIDENTIAL shall be identified by Bates number. To the extent practical, the respective legend shall be placed near the Bates number.

8. Designation of a document as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION shall constitute a representation that such document has been reviewed by an attorney for the designating party, that there is a valid and good faith basis for such designation, made at the time of disclosure or production to the receiving party, and that disclosure of such information to persons other than those permitted access to such material would cause a privacy harm to the designating party.

9. Whenever a deposition involves the disclosure of CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, the deposition or portions thereof shall be designated as CONFIDENTIAL and shall be subject to the provisions of this Protective Order. Such designation shall be made on the record during the deposition whenever possible, but a party may designate portions of depositions as CONFIDENTIAL after transcription, provided written notice of the

designation is promptly given to all counsel of record within thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, and until the expiration of such thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, no party or counsel for any such party may share the contents of the deposition outside the limitations of this Protective Order.

10. Whenever a party seeks to file any document or material containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION with the Court in this matter, it shall be accompanied by a Motion to Seal pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions for the Southern District of New York.

~~A party may object to the designation of particular CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION by giving written notice to the party designating the disputed information. The written notice shall identify the information to which the objection is made. If the parties cannot resolve the objection within ten (10) business days after the time the notice is received, it shall be the obligation of the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL to file an appropriate motion requesting that the Court determine whether the disputed information should be subject to the terms of this Protective Order. If such a motion is timely filed, the disputed information shall be treated as CONFIDENTIAL under the terms of this Protective Order until the Court rules on the motion. If the designating party fails to file such a motion within the prescribed time, the disputed information shall lose its designation as CONFIDENTIAL and shall not thereafter be treated as CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with this Protective Order. In~~

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", Left + Not at 0.5" + 0.65"

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.5", No bullets or numbering

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

connection with a motion filed under this provision, the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL shall bear the burden of establishing that good cause exists for the disputed information to be treated as CONFIDENTIAL.

11. Challenging Designations Of Protected Material

(a) A Party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of any designation of Discovery Material under this Order at the time the designation is made, and a failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto. Moreover, failure to challenge the designation of any Discovery Material as CONFIDENTIAL shall not in any way constitute an admission that such material contains any competitively sensitive information, trade secret information, or other protectable material.

12. (b) In the event that counsel for the Party receiving Protected Material objects to the CONFIDENTIAL designation of any or all such items, said counsel shall provide the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party written notice of, and the basis for, such objections. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve such objections among themselves. Should the Receiving Party, the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party be unable to resolve the objections, the Receiving Party may seek a hearing before this Court with respect to the propriety of the designation. The Designating Party will cooperate in obtaining a prompt hearing with respect thereto. Pending a resolution, the discovery material in question shall continue to be treated as Protected Material as

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Underline, Font color: Black
Formatted: Normal, No bullets or numbering
Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Font color: Black
Formatted: Font: 12 pt
Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Hanging: 0.5", No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 1"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Font color: Black

provided hereunder. The burden of proving that Discovery Material is properly designated shall at all times remain with the Designating Party.

12. At the conclusion of this case, unless other arrangements are agreed upon, each document and all copies thereof which have been designated as CONFIDENTIAL, shall be returned to the party that designated it CONFIDENTIAL, or the parties may elect to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents. Where the parties agree to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents, the destroying party shall provide all parties with an affidavit confirming the destruction.

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", List tab + Not at 0.5"

13. With respect to any Discovery Material produced by such non-party, the non-party may invoke the terms of this Order in writing to all Parties by designating Discovery Material "CONFIDENTIAL." Any such Protected Material produced by the non-party designated "CONFIDENTIAL" shall be subject to the restrictions contained in this Order and shall only be disclosed or used in a manner consistent with this Order.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Hanging: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", List tab + Not at 0.5"

14. In the event that any Producing Party inadvertently produces Discovery Material eligible for designation as CONFIDENTIAL, without such designation, the Parties agree that the Producing Party may retroactively apply the correct designation. If a Producing Party makes a subsequent designation, the Receiving Party will treat the Protected Material according to the retroactive designation, including undertaking best efforts to retrieve all previously distributed copies from any recipients now ineligible to access the Protected Material.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", List tab + Not at 0.5"

13. Limitations. Nothing in this Order shall restrict in any way the use or disclosure of Protected Material by a Receiving Party (a) that is, or has become publicly known through no fault of the Receiving Party; (b) that is lawfully acquired by or known to the Receiving Party independent of the Producing Party; (c) that was previously produced, disclosed, and/or provided by the Producing Party to the Receiving Party or a non-party without an obligation of confidentiality and not by inadvertence or mistake; (d) with the consent of the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party; (e) pursuant to Order of the Court; or (f) for purposes of law enforcement.

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

14. 15. This Protective Order shall have no force and effect on the use of any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION at trial in this matter.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", List tab + 6.25", Right + Not at 0.5"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Font: Font color: Auto

16. This Protective Order may be modified by the Court at any time for good cause shown following notice to all parties and an opportunity for them to be heard.

Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.5", Hanging: 0.5", Outline numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 16 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.5" + Tab after: 0.5" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", List tab + Not at 0.5"

BY THE COURT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

United States District Court
Southern District Of New York

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

v.

15-cv-07433-RWS

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

AGREED PROTECTIVE ORDER

Upon a showing of good cause in support of the entry of a protective order to protect the discovery and dissemination of confidential information, including sensitive personal information relating to a victim of sexual abuse, copyright or trade secrets, commercially sensitive information, or proprietary information.

I. Purposes And Limitations

(a) The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures during discovery. Designations under this Order shall be made sparingly, with care, and shall not be made absent a good faith belief that the designated material satisfies the criteria set forth herein. If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that designated material does not qualify for protection at all, or does not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, the Designating Party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing or changing the designation.

IT IS ORDERED:

1. This Protective Order shall apply to all documents, materials, and information, including without limitation, documents produced, answers to interrogatories, responses to requests for admission, deposition testimony, and other information disclosed pursuant to the disclosure or discovery duties created by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
2. As used in this Protective Order, “document” is defined as provided in FED.R.CIV.P. 34(a). A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.
3. Information designated “CONFIDENTIAL” shall be information that is confidential and is covered by common law and statutory privacy protections of (a) plaintiff Virginia Roberts Giuffre and (b) defendant Ghislaine Maxwell or any non-party that was subject to sexual abuse.
4. CONFIDENTIAL information shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose except the preparation and trial of this case and any related matter, including but not limited to, investigations by law enforcement.
5. CONFIDENTIAL documents, materials, and/or information (collectively “CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION”) shall not, without the consent of the party producing it or further Order of the Court, be disclosed *except that* such information may be disclosed to:
 - a. attorneys actively working on this case;
 - b. persons regularly employed or associated with the attorneys actively working on this case whose assistance is required by said attorneys in the preparation for trial, at trial, or at other proceedings in this case;

- c. the parties;
 - d. expert witnesses and consultants retained in connection with this proceeding, to the extent such disclosure is necessary for preparation, trial or other proceedings in this case;
 - e. the Court and its employees (“Court Personnel”) in this case;
 - f. stenographic reporters who are engaged in proceedings necessarily incident to the conduct of this action;
 - g. deponents, witnesses, or potential witnesses;
 - h. any person (1) who authored or received the particular Protected Material; (2) who has or had at any point in time access to the Protected Material outside of the context of this action; or (3) for which there is a good faith basis to conclude that the individual has earlier received or seen such Protected Material; and
 - i. any other persons by written agreement of the parties or by Order of a Court of competent jurisdiction.
6. Prior to disclosing any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION to any person listed above (other than counsel, persons employed by counsel, Court Personnel and stenographic reporters), counsel shall provide such person with a copy of this Protective Order and obtain from such person a written acknowledgment stating that he or she has read this Protective Order and agrees to be bound by its provisions. All such acknowledgments shall be retained by counsel and shall be subject to *in camera* review by the Court if good cause for review is demonstrated by opposing counsel.

7. Documents are designated as CONFIDENTIAL by placing or affixing on them (in a manner that will not interfere with their legibility) the following or other appropriate notice: "CONFIDENTIAL." Discovery material designated CONFIDENTIAL shall be identified by Bates number. To the extent practical, the respective legend shall be placed near the Bates number.
8. Designation of a document as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION shall constitute a representation that such document has been reviewed by an attorney for the designating party, that there is a valid and good faith basis for such designation, made at the time of disclosure or production to the receiving party, and that disclosure of such information to persons other than those permitted access to such material would cause a privacy harm to the designating party.
9. Whenever a deposition involves the disclosure of CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, the deposition or portions thereof shall be designated as CONFIDENTIAL and shall be subject to the provisions of this Protective Order. Such designation shall be made on the record during the deposition whenever possible, but a party may designate portions of depositions as CONFIDENTIAL after transcription, provided written notice of the designation is promptly given to all counsel of record within thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, and until the expiration of such thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the

completion of the transcript, no party or counsel for any such party may share the contents of the deposition outside the limitations of this Protective Order.

10. Whenever a party seeks to file any document or material containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION with the Court in this matter, it shall be accompanied by a Motion to Seal pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions for the Southern District of New York.

11. **Challenging Designations Of Protected Material**

(a) A Party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of any designation of Discovery Material under this Order at the time the designation is made, and a failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto. Moreover, failure to challenge the designation of any Discovery Material as CONFIDENTIAL shall not in any way constitute an admission that such material contains any competitively sensitive information, trade secret information, or other protectable material.

(b) In the event that counsel for the Party receiving Protected Material objects to the CONFIDENTIAL designation of any or all such items, said counsel shall provide the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party written notice of, and the basis for, such objections. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve such objections among themselves. Should the Receiving Party, the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party be unable to resolve the

objections, the Receiving Party may seek a hearing before this Court with respect to the propriety of the designation. The Designating Party will cooperate in obtaining a prompt hearing with respect thereto. Pending a resolution, the discovery material in question shall continue to be treated as Protected Material as provided hereunder. The burden of proving that Discovery Material is properly designated shall at all times remain with the Designating Party.

12. At the conclusion of this case, unless other arrangements are agreed upon, each document and all copies thereof which have been designated as CONFIDENTIAL shall be returned to the party that designated it CONFIDENTIAL, or the parties may elect to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents. Where the parties agree to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents, the destroying party shall provide all parties with an affidavit confirming the destruction.
13. With respect to any Discovery Material produced by such non-party, the non-party may invoke the terms of this Order in writing to all Parties by designating Discovery Material "CONFIDENTIAL". Any such Protected Material produced by the non-party designated "CONFIDENTIAL" shall be subject to the restrictions contained in this Order and shall only be disclosed or used in a manner consistent with this Order.
14. In the event that any Producing Party inadvertently produces Discovery Material eligible for designation as CONFIDENTIAL without such designation, the Parties agree that the Producing Party may retroactively apply the correct designation. If a

Producing Party makes a subsequent designation, the Receiving Party will treat the Protected Material according to the retroactive designation, including undertaking best efforts to retrieve all previously distributed copies from any recipients now ineligible to access the Protected Material.

16. Limitations. Nothing in this Order shall restrict in any way the use or disclosure of Protected Material by a Receiving Party (a) that is or has become publicly known through no fault of the Receiving Party; (b) that is lawfully acquired by or known to the Receiving Party independent of the Producing Party; (c) that was previously produced, disclosed, and/or provided by the Producing Party to the Receiving Party or a non-party without an obligation of confidentiality and not by inadvertence or mistake; (d) with the consent of the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party; (e) pursuant to Order of the Court; or (f) for purposes of law enforcement. 15. This Protective Order shall have no force and effect on the use of any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION at trial in this matter. This Protective Order may be modified by the Court at any time for good cause shown following notice to all parties and an opportunity for them to be heard.

BY THE COURT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

EXHIBIT 5

United States District Court
Southern District Of New York

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

v.

15-cv-07433-RWS

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER

Upon a showing of good cause in support of the entry of a protective order to protect the discovery and dissemination of confidential information, including sensitive personal information relating to a victim of sexual abuse, copyright or trade secrets, commercially sensitive information, or proprietary information, or information which will improperly annoy, embarrass, or oppress any party, witness, or person providing discovery in this case,

Purposes And Limitations

The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures during discovery. Designations under this Order shall be made sparingly, with care, and shall not be made absent a good faith belief that the designated material satisfies the criteria set forth herein. If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that designated material does not qualify for protection at all, or does not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, the Designating Party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing or changing the designation.

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: First line: 0", Space Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Double

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Font color: Black

Formatted: Indent: First line: 0.5", Space Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Double

IT IS ORDERED:

Formatted: Indent: First line: 0.5", Space Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Double

1. This Protective Order shall apply to all documents, materials, and information, including without limitation, documents produced, answers to interrogatories, responses to requests for admission, deposition testimony, and other information disclosed pursuant to the disclosure or discovery duties created by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
2. As used in this Protective Order, “document” is defined as provided in FED.R.CIV.P. 34(a). A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.
3. Information designated “CONFIDENTIAL” shall be information that is confidential and ~~implicates~~ is covered by common law and statutory privacy ~~interests-protections~~ of (a) plaintiff Virginia Roberts Giuffre and (b) defendant Ghislaine Maxwell or (c) any non-party that was subject to sexual abuse.
4. CONFIDENTIAL information shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose except the preparation and trial of this case and any related matter, including but not limited to, investigations by law enforcement.
5. CONFIDENTIAL documents, materials, and/or information (collectively “CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION”) shall not, without the consent of the party producing it or further Order of the Court, be disclosed *except that* such information may be disclosed to:
 - a. attorneys actively working on this case;

- b. persons regularly employed or associated with the attorneys actively working on this case whose assistance is required by said attorneys in the preparation for trial, at trial, or at other proceedings in this case;
- c. the parties;
- d. expert witnesses and consultants retained in connection with this proceeding, to the extent such disclosure is necessary for preparation, trial or other proceedings in this case;
- e. the Court and its employees (“Court Personnel”) in this case;
- f. stenographic reporters who are engaged in proceedings necessarily incident to the conduct of this action;
- g. deponents, witnesses, or potential witnesses; **and**
- h. any person (1) who authored or received the particular Protected Material; (2) who has or had at any point in time access to the Protected Material outside of the context of this action; or (3) for which there is a good faith basis to conclude that the individual has earlier received or seen such Protected Material; and
- hi. any other persons by written agreement of the parties or by Order of a Court of competent jurisdiction.

6. Prior to disclosing any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION to any person listed above (other than counsel, persons employed by counsel, Court Personnel and stenographic reporters), counsel shall provide such person with a copy of this Protective Order and obtain from such person a written acknowledgment stating that he or she has read this Protective Order and

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

agrees to be bound by its provisions. All such acknowledgments shall be retained by counsel and shall be subject to *in camera* review by the Court if good cause for review is demonstrated by opposing counsel.

7. Documents are designated as CONFIDENTIAL by placing or affixing on them (in a manner that will not interfere with their legibility) the following or other appropriate notice: "CONFIDENTIAL." Discovery material designated CONFIDENTIAL shall be identified by Bates number. To the extent practical, the respective legend shall be placed near the Bates number.

8. Designation of a document as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION shall constitute a representation that such document has been reviewed by an attorney for the designating party, that there is a valid and good faith basis for such designation, made at the time of disclosure or production to the receiving party, and that disclosure of such information to persons other than those permitted access to such material would cause a privacy harm to the designating party.

9. Whenever a deposition involves the disclosure of CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, the deposition or portions thereof shall be designated as CONFIDENTIAL and shall be subject to the provisions of this Protective Order. Such designation shall be made on the record during the deposition whenever possible, but a party may designate portions of depositions as CONFIDENTIAL after transcription, provided written notice of the

designation is promptly given to all counsel of record within thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, and until the expiration of such thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, no party or counsel for any such party may share the contents of the deposition outside the limitations of this Protective Order.

10. Whenever a party seeks to file any document or material containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION with the Court in this matter, it shall be accompanied by a Motion to Seal pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions for the Southern District of New York.

~~A party may object to the designation of particular CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION by giving written notice to the party designating the disputed information. The written notice shall identify the information to which the objection is made. If the parties cannot resolve the objection within ten (10) business days after the time the notice is received, it shall be the obligation of the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL to file an appropriate motion requesting that the Court determine whether the disputed information should be subject to the terms of this Protective Order. If such a motion is timely filed, the disputed information shall be treated as CONFIDENTIAL under the terms of this Protective Order until the Court rules on the motion. If the designating party fails to file such a motion within the prescribed time, the disputed information shall lose its designation as CONFIDENTIAL and shall not thereafter be treated as CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with this Protective Order. In~~

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", Left + Not at 0.5" + 0.65"

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.5", No bullets or numbering

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

connection with a motion filed under this provision, the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL shall bear the burden of establishing that good cause exists for the disputed information to be treated as CONFIDENTIAL.

11. Challenging Designations Of Protected Material

(a) A Party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of any designation of ~~d~~Discovery ~~m~~Material under this Order at the time the designation is made, and a failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto. Moreover, failure to challenge the designation of any ~~d~~Discovery ~~m~~Material as CONFIDENTIAL or HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY shall not in any way constitute an admission that such material contains any competitively sensitive information, trade secret information, or other protectable material.

12: (b) In the event that counsel for the Party receiving CONFIDENTIAL ~~Protected~~ Material objects to the CONFIDENTIAL or HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY designation of any or all such items, said counsel shall provide the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party written notice of, and the basis for, such objections. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve such objections among themselves. Should the Receiving Party, the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party be unable to resolve the objections, the Receiving Party may seek a hearing before this Court with respect to the propriety of the designation. The

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Underline, Font color: Black

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Font color: Black

Formatted: Normal, No bullets or numbering

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Hanging: 0.5", No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 1",

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Font color: Black

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Font color: Black

Designating Party will cooperate in obtaining a prompt hearing with respect thereto. Pending a resolution, the discovery material in question shall continue to be treated as CONFIDENTIAL Protected Material as provided hereunder. The burden of proving that dDiscovery mMaterial is properly designated shall at all times remain with the Designating Party.

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Font color: Black

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Font color: Black

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Font color: Black

12. At the conclusion of this case, unless other arrangements are agreed upon, each document and all copies thereof which have been designated as CONFIDENTIAL shall be returned to the party that designated it CONFIDENTIAL, or the parties may elect to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents. Where the parties agree to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents, the destroying party shall provide all parties with an affidavit confirming the destruction.

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", List tab + Not at 0.5"

13. With respect to any dDiscovery mMaterial produced by such non-party, the non-party may invoke the terms of this Order in writing to all Parties by designating dDiscovery mMaterial "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY". Any such pProtected mMaterial produced by the non-party designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" shall be subject to the restrictions contained in this Order and shall only be disclosed or used in a manner consistent with this Order.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Hanging: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", List tab + Not at 0.5"

14. In the event that any Producing Party inadvertently produces dDiscovery mMaterial eligible for designation as CONFIDENTIAL or HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY without such designation, the

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", List tab + Not at 0.5"

Parties agree that the Producing Party may retroactively apply the correct designation. If a Producing Party makes a subsequent designation, the Receiving Party will treat the Protected Material according to the retroactive designation, including undertaking best efforts to retrieve all previously distributed copies from any recipients now ineligible to access the Protected Material.

~~13.~~ 15. Limitations. Nothing in this Order shall restrict in any way the use or disclosure of CONFIDENTIAL material Protected Material by a Receiving Party (a) that is or has become publicly known through no fault of the Receiving Party; (b) that is lawfully acquired by or known to the Receiving Party independent of the Producing Party; (c) that was previously produced, disclosed, and/or provided by the Producing Party to the Receiving Party or a non-party without an obligation of confidentiality and not by inadvertence or mistake; (d) with the consent of the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party; (e) pursuant to Order of the Court; or (f) for purposes of law enforcement.

~~14.~~ 16. This Protective Order shall have no force and effect on the use of any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION at trial in this matter.

~~17.~~ 17. This Protective Order may be modified by the Court at any time for good cause shown following notice to all parties and an opportunity for them to be heard.

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Hanging: 0.5", No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 1",

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 1", List tab + 6.25", Right + Not at 0.5"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Font: Font color: Auto

Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 1", No bullets or numbering

BY THE COURT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

**United States District Court
Southern District Of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

v.

15-cv-07433-RWS

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER

Upon a showing of good cause in support of the entry of a protective order to protect the discovery and dissemination of confidential information, including sensitive personal information relating to a victim of sexual abuse, copyright or trade secrets, commercially sensitive information, or proprietary information.

Purposes And Limitations

The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures during discovery. Designations under this Order shall be made sparingly, with care, and shall not be made absent a good faith belief that the designated material satisfies the criteria set forth herein. If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that designated material does not qualify for protection at all, or does not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, the Designating Party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing or changing the designation.

IT IS ORDERED:

1. This Protective Order shall apply to all documents, materials, and information, including without limitation, documents produced, answers to interrogatories, responses to requests for admission, deposition testimony, and other information disclosed pursuant to the disclosure or discovery duties created by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
2. As used in this Protective Order, “document” is defined as provided in FED.R.CIV.P. 34(a). A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.
3. Information designated “CONFIDENTIAL” shall be information that is confidential and is covered by common law and statutory privacy protections of (a) plaintiff Virginia Roberts Giuffre and (b) defendant Ghislaine Maxwell or (c) any non-party that was subject to sexual abuse.
4. CONFIDENTIAL information shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose except the preparation and trial of this case and any related matter, including but not limited to, investigations by law enforcement.
5. CONFIDENTIAL documents, materials, and/or information (collectively “CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION”) shall not, without the consent of the party producing it or further Order of the Court, be disclosed *except that* such information may be disclosed to:
 - a. attorneys actively working on this case;

- b. persons regularly employed or associated with the attorneys actively working on this case whose assistance is required by said attorneys in the preparation for trial, at trial, or at other proceedings in this case;
 - c. the parties;
 - d. expert witnesses and consultants retained in connection with this proceeding, to the extent such disclosure is necessary for preparation, trial or other proceedings in this case;
 - e. the Court and its employees (“Court Personnel”) in this case;
 - f. stenographic reporters who are engaged in proceedings necessarily incident to the conduct of this action;
 - g. deponents, witnesses, or potential witnesses;
 - h. any person (1) who authored or received the particular Protected Material; (2) who has or had at any point in time access to the Protected Material outside of the context of this action; or (3) for which there is a good faith basis to conclude that the individual has earlier received or seen such Protected Material; and
 - i. any other persons by written agreement of the parties or by Order of a Court of competent jurisdiction.
6. Prior to disclosing any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION to any person listed above (other than counsel, persons employed by counsel, Court Personnel and stenographic reporters), counsel shall provide such person with a copy of this Protective Order and obtain from such person a written acknowledgment stating that he or she has read this Protective Order and

agrees to be bound by its provisions. All such acknowledgments shall be retained by counsel and shall be subject to *in camera* review by the Court if good cause for review is demonstrated by opposing counsel.

7. Documents are designated as CONFIDENTIAL by placing or affixing on them (in a manner that will not interfere with their legibility) the following or other appropriate notice: "CONFIDENTIAL." Discovery material designated CONFIDENTIAL shall be identified by Bates number. To the extent practical, the respective legend shall be placed near the Bates number.
8. Designation of a document as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION shall constitute a representation that such document has been reviewed by an attorney for the designating party, that there is a valid and good faith basis for such designation, made at the time of disclosure or production to the receiving party, and that disclosure of such information to persons other than those permitted access to such material would cause a privacy harm to the designating party.
9. Whenever a deposition involves the disclosure of CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, the deposition or portions thereof shall be designated as CONFIDENTIAL and shall be subject to the provisions of this Protective Order. Such designation shall be made on the record during the deposition whenever possible, but a party may designate portions of depositions as CONFIDENTIAL after transcription, provided written notice of the

designation is promptly given to all counsel of record within thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, and until the expiration of such thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, no party or counsel for any such party may share the contents of the deposition outside the limitations of this Protective Order.

10. Whenever a party seeks to file any document or material containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION with the Court in this matter, it shall be accompanied by a Motion to Seal pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions for the Southern District of New York.

11. **Challenging Designations Of Protected Material**

(a) A Party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of any designation of discovery material under this Order at the time the designation is made, and a failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto. Moreover, failure to challenge the designation of any discovery material as CONFIDENTIAL or HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY shall not in any way constitute an admission that such material contains any competitively sensitive information, trade secret information, or other protectable material.

(b) In the event that counsel for the Party receiving CONFIDENTIAL Material objects to the CONFIDENTIAL or HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY designation of any or all such items, said

counsel shall provide the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party written notice of, and the basis for, such objections. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve such objections among themselves. Should the Receiving Party, the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party be unable to resolve the objections, the Receiving Party may seek a hearing before this Court with respect to the propriety of the designation. The Designating Party will cooperate in obtaining a prompt hearing with respect thereto. Pending a resolution, the discovery material in question shall continue to be treated as CONFIDENTIAL as provided hereunder. The burden of proving that discovery material is properly designated shall at all times remain with the Designating Party.

12. At the conclusion of this case, unless other arrangements are agreed upon, each document and all copies thereof which have been designated as CONFIDENTIAL shall be returned to the party that designated it CONFIDENTIAL, or the parties may elect to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents. Where the parties agree to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents, the destroying party shall provide all parties with an affidavit confirming the destruction.
13. With respect to any discovery material produced by such non-party, the non-party may invoke the terms of this Order in writing to all Parties by designating discovery material “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”. Any such protected material produced by the

non-party designated “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” shall be subject to the restrictions contained in this Order and shall only be disclosed or used in a manner consistent with this Order.

14. In the event that any Producing Party inadvertently produces discovery material eligible for designation as CONFIDENTIAL or HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY without such designation, the Parties agree that the Producing Party may retroactively apply the correct designation. If a Producing Party makes a subsequent designation, the Receiving Party will treat the Protected Material according to the retroactive designation, including undertaking best efforts to retrieve all previously distributed copies from any recipients now ineligible to access the Protected Material.
15. Limitations. Nothing in this Order shall restrict in any way the use or disclosure of CONFIDENTIAL material by a Receiving Party (a) that is or has become publicly known through no fault of the Receiving Party; (b) that is lawfully acquired by or known to the Receiving Party independent of the Producing Party; (c) that was previously produced, disclosed, and/or provided by the Producing Party to the Receiving Party or a non-party without an obligation of confidentiality and not by inadvertence or mistake; (d) with the consent of the Producing Party and, if different, the Designating Party; (e) pursuant to Order of the Court; or (f) for purposes of law enforcement.

16. This Protective Order shall have no force and effect on the use of any
CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION at trial in this matter.
17. This Protective Order may be modified by the Court at any time for good cause
shown following notice to all parties and an opportunity for them to be heard.

BY THE COURT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,
v.
GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.
-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

**DEFENDANT’S COMBINED MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN
OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF’S MOTIONS TO COMPEL THE
PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER CLAIM OF
PRIVILEGE AND SUBJECT TO IMPROPER OBJECTIONS**

Laura A. Menninger
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
303.831.7364

ARGUMENT

I. PLAINTIFF FAILED TO COMPLY WITH HER REQUIREMENT TO CONFER IN GOOD FAITH PRIOR TO FILING MOTIONS TO COMPEL

Rule 37(a)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure mandates that a motion to compel “*must* include a certification that the movant has in good faith conferred or attempted to confer with the person or party failing to make disclosure or discovery in an effort to obtain it without court action.” (emphasis added) Notwithstanding this Rule, Plaintiff filed two Motions to Compel (Doc. #s 33 and 35), neither of which includes the required certification. More importantly, Plaintiff, in direct contradiction to both the letter and spirit of Rule 37, did not make any effort to confer with Ms. Maxwell’s counsel regarding any of the issues presented in her Motions to Compel. This significant deficiency alone warrants the denial of both Motions. *Auto. Club of New York, Inc. v. Port Auth. Of New York & New Jersey*, No. 11 CIV. 6746 RKE HBP, 2012 WL 4791804, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 9, 2012) (failure to make any attempts to resolve any specific discovery disputes “alone is a sufficient ground for denying the motion [to compel]”); *Prescient Partners, L.P. v. Fieldcrest Cannon, Inc.* 96-CV-7590 (DAB)(JCF), 1998 WL 67672, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 18, 1998) (“Ordinarily...a motion to compel must be denied where the parties have failed to meet and confer.”); *Dorchester Fin. Holdings Corp. v. Banco BRJ, S.A.*, No. 11-CV-1529 KMW KNF, 2014 WL 3747167, at *5 (S.D.N.Y. July 28, 2014) (same).¹

The purpose of Rule 37(a)(1) is to encourage the parties to informally resolve discovery disputes in an effort to avoid the unnecessary time and expense of motion

¹ Indeed, during the time period in which Plaintiff was drafting her voluminous Motions to Compel, Ms. Maxwell’s counsel was busy conferring with Plaintiff’s counsel on a number of different discovery disputes, including location of depositions, timing of depositions, a protective order, and Plaintiff’s responses to interrogatories. *See generally* Plaintiff’s Letter Motion of February 26, 2016, Attachments (filed in contravention of this Court’s Individual Practices 1(A), “Copies of correspondence between counsel shall not be sent to this Court.”). The product of those conferrals was resolution of many of the parties’ issues.

practice and formal court hearings. *See* Notes of Advisory Committee on Rules—1993 Amendment. Here, had Plaintiff conferred with Ms. Maxwell prior to filing her motions to compel, several issues could have been resolved without Court intervention. While this list is by no means exhaustive, Ms. Maxwell highlights the following disputed areas that likely could be resolved by a conferral among counsel:

First, Plaintiff argues that the Ms. Maxwell’s privilege log is inadequate, in part because she does not assert “that individuals such as Brett Jaffe, Philip Barden, or Martin Weinberg represent her, or that any attorney-client relationship exists between them.” (Mot. Compel Priv. at 13). Certainly, court intervention is unnecessary to resolve the question of whether a certain attorney represented Ms. Maxwell at the time claimed in a privilege log entry. Local Civil Rule 26.2 requires that for written communications, a privilege log should include the author of the document, the addressees of the document, and any other recipients and “where not apparent, the relationship of the author, addressees and recipients to each other.” Neither the Local Rules nor the Federal Rules require a privilege log to include explanation or proof that an attorney-client relationship existed between an author and recipient of an email. In her log, Ms. Maxwell included the names of the parties to the communication and described the relationship of the parties. For example, in an entry for an email dated January 10, 2015, between Ms. Maxwell and Philip Barden, Esq., Ms. Maxwell described the relationship of the parties as “attorney/client.” If Plaintiff needed further clarification regarding that relationship, she could have, and should have, conferred with Ms. Maxwell.²

Second, Plaintiff takes issue with Ms. Maxwell’s objection to Plaintiff’s asserted “Relevant Time Period” of 1999 to the present. (Mot. Compel Imp. Obj. at 4-8). On this issue, while the parties’ respective definitions of the Relevant Time Period are currently far apart, it is likely that the parties would be able to reach a compromised limitation for

² Perhaps Plaintiff needs reminding that she has in her possession, and indeed has filed with this Court, documents reflecting Mr. Jaffe, Mr. Barden and Mr. Cohen’s representations of Ms. Maxwell in the course of litigation and other proceedings associated with Plaintiff’s allegations. A conferral on this point alone will save the parties’ expense in needlessly gathering affidavits from various attorneys and will save the Court’s time.

many of Plaintiff's requests. Such a compromise would either eliminate the need for court intervention entirely or at the very least, drastically minimize the scope of any potential motion to compel. For example, Plaintiff's Request No. 22 asks for "All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for you from 1999 – present." The overbreadth of this request is obvious. And while this Request may technically yield relevant documents, the Request could also yield such a large volume of unrelated documents that the balance of the production would not be "proportional to the needs of the case." Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1).

Third, the majority of Plaintiff's requests are presumptively overbroad. Plaintiff routinely uses the phrases "all documents relating to" or "relating to" as part of her requests for production of documents. *See, e.g.*, Requests Nos. 1, 3, 6,7, 8, 10, 11, 17, 22, 23, 24, 32 and 33. Where the phrase "relating to" is not employed, Plaintiff uses equally obtuse synonyms such as "reflecting" (Requests Nos. 34, 37) or "associated with." (Request No. 21).

"Relate" is a broad term. *See, e.g.*, WEBSTER'S NEW WORLD DICTIONARY 1198 (2d Coll. Ed. 1986) (defining "relate" to mean, *inter alia*, "to connect or associate, as in thought or meaning; show as having to do with," "to have some connection or relation (to)," and "to have reference (to)"). Courts have condemned the use of "related to" as overbroad and have refused to compel a responding party to answer discovery requests using the term. *See, e.g., Meeker v. Life Care Ctrs. of Am.*, No. 14-CV-02101-WYD-NYW, 2015 WL 4400533, at *4 (D. Colo. July 20, 2015) (denying motion to compel response to interrogatory that required identification of all documents that "relate to" drills or safety security training exercises "over a decade long span," and holding that interrogatory was "facially overbroad, and potentially sweep[s] in incidents that are not proximate in location, time, and may not even be remotely of the "same type"); *Avante Int'l Tech., Inc. v. Hart Intercivic, Inc.*, No. CIV. 07-169-DRH, 2008 WL 2074093, at *3 (S.D. Ill. May 14, 2008) ("the court finds that the request to identify 'all documents that refer or relate to each such person's contribution' to be overbroad and unduly burdensome, and sustains the objection to that part of the interrogatory"); *In re Urethane*

Antitrust Litig., No. 04-MD-1616-JWL-DJW, 2008 WL 110896, at *1 (D. Kan. Jan. 8, 2008) (holding that a discovery request is overly broad and unduly burdensome on its face if it uses an “omnibus term” such as “relating to,” because “such broad language ‘make[s] arduous the task of deciding which of numerous documents may conceivably fall within its scope’”); *Roda Drilling Co. v. Siegal*, No. 07-CV-400-GFK-FHM, 2008 WL 2234652, at *2 (N.D. Okla. May 29, 2008) (finding that “many of the parties’ requests for production of documents are overbroad, as they request ‘all documents’ relating to or concerning a subject”), *reconsideration denied in part*, 2008 WL 3892067 (N.D. Okla. Aug. 14, 2008); *Cotracom Commodity Trading Co. v. Seaboard Corp.*, 189 F.R.D. 655, 665 (D. Kan. 1999) (holding that challenged discovery request was facially overbroad due to its use of the “omnibus phrase ‘relating to’”); *Parsons v. Jefferson-Pilot Corp.*, 141 F.R.D. 408, 412 (M.D.N.C. 1992) (“[b]road and undirected requests for all documents which relate in any way to the complaint are regularly stricken as too ambiguous”).

And, Plaintiff has expanded the dictionary definition of “relate” in her definition section to make any attempt at deciding what documents might fall within the requests impossible.

Respectfully, this is an issue that should be discussed by professional counsel to attempt to craft a meaningful request, if possible. Here, no attempt has been made by Plaintiff to do so.

In light of the many areas in which a compromise could be reached between the parties, Plaintiff cannot claim her attempt to confer with Ms. Maxwell’s counsel would have been futile. *C.f. Alexander Interactive, Inc. v. Adorama, Inc.*, No. 12 CIV. 6680 PKC JCF, 2013 WL 6283511, at * 3 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 4, 2013) (recognizing that the merits of a discovery motion may be addressed despite a failure to confer where the papers submitted by the parties “indicate[d] that both sides have dug in—indeed... Ordering the parties to meet and confer is unlikely to resolve these disputes.”). Similarly, because this case is in its relatively early stages (Ms. Maxwell has yet to answer the Complaint) there are no temporal exigencies that would require immediate action. *C.f. In re NASDAQ*

Market-Makers Antitrust Litig., No. 94 Civ. 3996 (RWS), 1996 WL 187409, at * (S.D.N.Y. April 18, 1996) (J. Sweet) (finding the failure to meet and confer was mitigated by “the imminence of the deadlines for filing of papers relating to the class certification motion...”).

II. PLAINTIFF’S COMPLAINT THAT MS. MAXWELL DID NOT “SUBMIT EVIDENCE” TO SUPPORT HER CLAIMS OF PRIVILEGE IS PREMATURE

In support of her Motion to Compel Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Privilege, Plaintiff argues that Ms. Maxwell failed to satisfy her burden of establishing privilege because she did not submit “competent evidence, usually through affidavits, deposition testimony, or other admissible evidence.” Mot. Compel Priv. at 3. This argument is premature.

The established practice in this Court is for the party to challenge an assertion of privilege, after which the burden shifts to the withholding party to come forward with evidence establishing the elements of the applicable privilege or protection. *See Veleron Holding, B.V. v. BNP Paribas SA*, No. 12-CV-5966 CM RLE, 2014 WL 4184806, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 22, 2014) (“Once an assertion of privilege is challenged, the withholding party must ‘submit evidence...establishing only the challenged elements of the applicable privilege or protection, with the ultimate burden of proof resting with the party asserting the privilege or protection.’”) (*quoting A.I.A. Holdings, S.A. v. Lehman Bros. Inc.*, 97-CV-4978 (LMM), 2002 WL 31385824, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 21, 2002)). Indeed, the conferral process is exactly when the burden would shift to the withholding party. Thus, the Motion to Compel should be denied as premature and Ms. Maxwell should be afforded an opportunity to meet her burden.

For the foregoing reasons, Ms. Maxwell respectfully requests that the Court deny Plaintiff’s Motions to Compel and order the parties to meet and confer in good faith, as required under Rule 26(a)(1). Ms. Maxwell also respectfully requests permission to refile her response to Plaintiff’s Motions in the event the conferral is unsuccessful.

Dated: March 4, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 4, 2016, I electronically filed this DEFENDANT'S COMBINED MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTIONS TO COMPEL THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER CLAIM OF PRIVILEGE AND SUBJECT TO IMPROPER OBJECTIONS with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to all counsel of record including the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
Boies, Schiller & Flexner, LLP
East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

/s/Nicole Simmons

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**PLAINTIFF, VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S CONSOLIDATED REPLY IN SUPPORT OF
MOTIONS TO COMPEL THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO
IMPROPER OBJECTIONS AND IMPROPER CLAIM OF PRIVILEGE**

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES.....	ii
I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT.....	1
II. ARGUMENT	2
1. Conference Is Futile When A Party Is Stonewalling Discovery.	2
2. This Court Should Reject Defendant’s Improper Objections.....	5
3. This Court Should Grant Plaintiff’s Motion To Compel The Production Of Documents Subject To Improper Claim Of Privilege.	8
CONCLUSION	10

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	<u>Page</u>
<u>Cases</u>	
<i>Aqua Products, Inc. v. Aquaquality Pool & Spa, Inc.</i> , No. CV-05-2538 (DRH) (ARL), 2006 WL 2884913 (E.D.N.Y. Oct. 10, 2006).....	5
<i>Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev</i> , 290 F.R.D. 421 (S.D.N.Y. 2013).....	9
<i>Gibbons v. Smith</i> , No. 01 CIV. 1224 (LAP), 2010 WL 582354 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 11, 2010)	2
<i>Graham v. Ortiz</i> , No. 07-CV-1690 (JG)(LB), 2009 WL 4016055 (E.D.N.Y. Nov. 18, 2009)	5
<i>Metrokane, Inc. v. Built NY, Inc.</i> , No. 06-CIV-14447 (LAK-MHD), 2008 WL 4185865 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 3, 2008)	2
<i>Ottoson v. SMBC Leasing and Finance, Inc.</i> 2015 WL 4597542 (S.D.N.Y. July 30, 2015).....	7
<i>Rock Salt Co., LLC v. Norfolk S. Corp.</i> , 228 F.R.D. 426 (W.D.N.Y. 2004)	8
<i>Safeco Ins. Co. of America v. M.E.S., Inc.</i> , No. 09-CV-3312, 2013 WL 1680684 (E.D.N.Y. Apr. 17, 2013).....	3
<i>Stinson v. City of New York</i> , No. 10 Civ. 4228(RWS), 2015 WL 4610422 (S.D.N.Y. July 23, 2015)	2, 5, 7
<i>Time Inc. v. Simpson</i> , No. 02 Civ. 4917, 2002 WL 31844914 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 18, 2002)	3, 5
<i>Veleron Holding, B.V. v. BNP Paribas SA</i> , No. 12-CV-5966 CM RLE, 2014 WL 4184806 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 22, 2014).....	3
<u>Statutes</u>	
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26	1, 9

Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through undersigned counsel, respectfully submits this Consolidated Reply in Support of her Motion to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Privilege and Motion to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Objections. For the reasons set forth below, this Court should grant Plaintiff's Motions in their entirety.

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

It took an Order from this Court to force the Defendant to participate in and begin the discovery process. From the moment this case began, it appears that the Defendant's goal has been obstruction and delay, with the apparent aim of avoiding discovery altogether. The Defendant's opposition brief is the perfect example of this ongoing tactic, because rather than address the merits of her inadequate discovery responses, Defendant relies only on the misguided argument that Ms. Giuffre failed to satisfy a meet and confer obligation. As Ms. Giuffre demonstrates herein, no such requirement existed for these motions, as the Defendant's persistence in avoiding discovery rendered futile any attempt to engage in a meet and confer process.

From the outset of this litigation, the Defendant has consistently sought to avoid any participation in the discovery process. Indeed, Ms. Giuffre served her discovery requests in **October** – it is now **March** and the Defendant has only produced **two (2) e-mails** in response to Ms. Giuffre's discovery requests. This conduct began with a motion to stay all discovery in the case, which this Court denied. Defendant also missed the deadline for filing her Rule 26 disclosures and then waited an additional three months before filing the Rule 26 disclosures.¹ Additionally, when Ms. Giuffre's counsel sought dates for Defendant's deposition, Defendant's counsel responded that her client would not sit for deposition unless Ms. Giuffre agreed to waive future rights in this case. *See* S. McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 1, Letter Brief to Judge Sweet

¹ Rule 26(a)(1)(a), Fed. R. Civ. P. requires that parties produce certain discovery ***without awaiting a discovery request.*** (Emphasis added).

Regarding Defendant's Refusal to Sit for a Deposition. To date, Defendant has still failed to agree to sit for her deposition which was noticed a second time for March 25, 2016. Now, in response to Ms. Giuffre's requests for production, after requesting an additional extension of time to respond, the Defendant submitted wholesale, blanket objections that are facially improper, and moreover, Defendant unilaterally chose to eliminate over three-fourths of the time period of Ms. Giuffre's requests. With these responses, Defendant served a facially overbroad and legally deficient privilege log, where, among other things, she repeatedly asserted attorney-client privilege over communications that did not even involve an attorney. This repeated pattern of avoidance of Defendant's discovery obligations demonstrates the futility of any meet and confer.

Defendant's meet and confer arguments are particularly ironic where, after waiting four months to produce *any* discovery or her initial disclosures (then producing a mere *two e-mails*), her opposition brief does not *offer a single example* of any willingness to reconsider her improper, blanket objections. This Defendant appears to simply not want to participate in the discovery process, and her failure to respond substantively is another effort to delay and prejudice Ms. Giuffre's ability to prosecute her case.

II. ARGUMENT

1. Conference Is Futile When A Party Is Stonewalling Discovery

"[C]ourts have recognized that the meet-and-confer requirement is not a prerequisite to addressing the merits of a discovery motion and that it may be excused where the meet-and-confer would be futile." *Gibbons v. Smith*, No. 01 CIV. 1224 (LAP), 2010 WL 582354, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 11, 2010) (granting motion to compel). "[A] court may rule on a motion to compel even where the meet and confer requirement is entirely lacking." *Stinson v. City of New York*, (Sweet, J.), No. 10 Civ. 4228(RWS), 2015 WL 4610422, at *5 (S.D.N.Y. July 23, 2015) (Internal citations omitted) (granting in part motion to compel documents). *See also Metrokane, Inc. v. Built NY*,

Inc., No. 06CIV14447LAKMHD, 2008 WL 4185865, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 3, 2008) (granting in part motion for sanctions, finding that a met-and-confer session would have been futile); *See also Time Inc. v. Simpson*, No. 02 Civ. 4917, 2002 WL 31844914, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 18, 2002) (holding that the moving party’s failure to satisfy meet and confer requirement does not warrant rejecting its motion).²

Similarly, where claims of privilege are in dispute, courts have recognized that there is no “compromise” to be reached as to whether or not a document is privileged. *See Veleron Holding, B.V. v. BNP Paribas SA*, No. 12-CV-5966 CM RLE, 2014 WL 4184806, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 22, 2014) (“The principle separating the Parties was not amenable to compromise: either the privilege applied or it did not.”) (rejecting argument of failure to meet and confer). *See also Safeco Ins. Co. of America v. M.E.S., Inc.*, No. 09–CV–3312, 2013 WL 1680684, at *4 (noting that “[i]n camera review is ‘a practice both long-standing and routine in cases involving claims of privilege.’”).

Defendant’s current attempt to stall discovery is through the submission of improper, sweeping objections alleging overbreadth of Ms. Giuffre’s requests. As Ms. Giuffre demonstrated in her motion, such objections are legally deficient, and the only way to move discovery forward in this matter is to have the Court compel Defendant to produce the responsive documents that Ms. Giuffre properly requested. It is also apparent that the only way Ms. Giuffre will be able to depose Defendant – *the opposing party in this case* - is for this Court to Order her deposition. *See S. McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 1, Letter Brief to Judge Sweet Regarding Defendant’s Refusal to Sit for a Deposition.*

Defendant’s tactic of stonewalling and delay is the underlying problem, and requiring a meet and confer prior to the Court addressing this conduct would reward Defendant’s intransigence. The Complaint was filed September 21, 2015. Defendant’s responsive pleading

² Defendant cites several cases from outside the jurisdiction. None are relevant because the facts and circumstances in those cases make them inapposite as each result turned on specific facts not present here.

was due on October 13, 2015, but Defendant requested a month and a half extension of time until November 30, 2015 to respond to the Complaint. The Court set the parties on a tight discovery schedule with the close of discovery set for July 1, 2016. Ms. Giuffre served her discovery requests on October 27, 2016. Defendant then waited until November 30, 2016, and rather than respond to the discovery, she filed a Motion to Stay discovery which was ultimately denied by the Court on January 20, 2016 (D.E. 28). The Court, in its January 20, 2016 Order, acknowledged that Defendant already had substantial time to respond, noting that “Defendant was served with the request on October 27, 2015 and has therefore had an additional month and a half to digest the requests than is usually permitted by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.” *See* Order re Motion to Stay Discovery, D.E. 28, at 7. After having delayed through more than half of the discovery period granted by this Court, and after seeking an additional extension of time to respond to discovery, rather than properly respond to Ms. Giuffre’s discovery, Defendant stonewalled, lodging a litany of baseless objections including a substantial and unjustified reduction of the date range covered by the requests. Ms. Giuffre’s requests were served in October, 2015. It is now March, and Defendant has still failed to adequately respond to discovery.

Defendant has attempted to grant herself a *de facto* stay in discovery through intentional delay, in contravention of this Court’s Order, and the Court must put an end to the gamesmanship. These delay tactics are prejudicing Ms. Giuffre, as despite serving her requests in October of last year, and despite it being less than four months before the discovery cut-off deadline, Defendant has produced exactly two documents and has blocked any path forward in which to take her deposition absent a Court order. *See* D.E. 13.

Courts consistently recognize that no meet and confer obligation exists in such a circumstance, and this Court should reject defendant’s attempt at additional procedural delay. “[Meet and confer] requirements are designed to promote efficiency in litigation, and that goal

would not be advanced by further delay in resolving these issues on the merits.” *See Time Inc. v. Simpson*, No. 02 Civ. 4917, 2002 WL 31844914, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 18, 2002) (holding that the moving party’s failure to satisfy meet and confer requirement does not warrant rejecting its motion).³

2. This Court Should Reject Defendant’s Improper Objections

Defendant’s overbreadth argument is a complete red herring, as Defendant does not -- and cannot -- make the argument that any of the requests constitute an undue burden due to the volume of the responsive documents at issue.⁴ Defendant is not a corporation; she is an individual with a single set of emails and related electronic documents that would be responsive. This is not a case where - and Defendant raises no claim that - complying with the document requests would result in an unmanageable number of documents. Instead, Defendant is picking and choosing which documents she will produce, and which documents she will keep hidden. She’s not making this determination based on responsiveness, or based on undue burden, but, instead, based on preference. This is impermissible.⁵ *See Graham v. Ortiz*, No. 07-CV-1690 (JG)(LB), 2009 WL 4016055, at *1 (E.D.N.Y. Nov. 18, 2009)(“Plaintiff does not get to pick and choose what [discovery request] he will comply with”); *Aqua Products, Inc. v. Aquaquality Pool & Spa, Inc.*, No. CV 05-2538 DRH ARL, 2006 WL 2884913, at *1 (E.D.N.Y. Oct. 10, 2006) (“Counsel cannot

³ While defendant argues that Ms. Giuffre’s counsel did not confer with her about her deficient discovery responses, Ms. Giuffre’s counsel understood the Court’s individual practices to not require such a pre-motion conference. Even if Ms. Giuffre’s counsel misunderstood the Court’s individual practices, Defendant’s response proves that such conferral would have been futile because even in the response, Defendant fails to make *any* concessions to her abusive refusal to produce responsive documents.

⁴ Defendant communicated neither to Ms. Giuffre nor to the Court that the requests would yield a voluminous or unmanageable number of documents.

⁵ “When determining a motion to compel the production of ESI, a district court conducts a two-stage inquiry: first, has the party resisting discovery ***shown that the information in question is not reasonably accessible because of undue cost***, and second, has the party requesting discovery nonetheless shown good cause to obtain it?” *Stinson v. City of New York*, (Sweet, J.) 2015 WL 4610422, at *4 (Emphasis added).

pick and choose those documents that they believe satisfies the request; rather, they must provide the plaintiff with all non-privileged responsive documents in their client's possession.”)

Most significant is the fact that Defendant unilaterally purports to limit her production, which requested documents from 1999 to the present, to less than a quarter of what is requested, arbitrarily refusing to produce highly relevant discovery.⁶ At the same time, she has propounded discovery on Ms. Giuffre for *a longer period of time*: 1998 to the present.⁷ Ms. Giuffre sought documents from 1999 to the present because the first part of that period is when she contends convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein and Defendant were engaging in sexual trafficking conduct; the later part of that period includes the investigations by law enforcement and the co-conspirator’s efforts to coordinate and cover up the abuse that occurred. Therefore, the entire time period is highly relevant to the sexual abuse claims that underlie this defamation action.

Ms. Giuffre outlined in detail in her moving papers, using specific examples, why documents from 1999 to the present are highly relevant to this action. (*See* D.E. 35 at 4-6.) For example, flight logs show Defendant traveling on the convicted sex offender’s plane up to at least 2005; police reports in the Palm Beach investigation reveal the abuse occurred into the mid-2000s; victim notification letters were sent in 2008; Defendant dodged a deposition in 2009 to avoid having to answer questions about the abuse of Ms. Giuffre and others; and Defendant continued to communicate with convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein until at least 2015. As explained in Ms. Giuffre’s Motion to Compel, the abuse underlying this case started in or around

⁶ Defendant contends she will only produce documents for the month of December 31, 2014 to January 31, 2015 and from 1999 – 2002. Ms. Giuffre requested documents from 1999 to the present.

⁷ Specifically, Defendant does not define a “Relevant Period” in her Requests for Production. Instead, she defines the time period within the individual requests, asking for documents from “1998 to the present,” “since 1998,” “between 1998 and the present,” etc. This 1998-present “Relevant Period” applies to Nos. 5, 12, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 35, and many requests have *no date restrictions whatsoever*. *See, e.g.*, Request No. 26, “All Documents concerning any prescription drugs taken by You, including the prescribing doctor, the dates of said prescription, and the dates of any fulfillment of any such prescription.” In short, Defendant requests documents from an *even longer* period of time than Ms. Giuffre does.

1999, and Defendant has continued her association with Jeffrey Epstein up until at least 2015, when the defamatory statement was made, as evidenced by her privilege log. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 2, Maxwell’s Privilege Log. Accordingly, Ms. Giuffre has shown good cause for requiring the production of these documents. Indeed, this is not a situation where Defendant does not have responsive documents during that time period. Defendant has admitted she has responsive documents, but is simply refusing to produce the documents. Therefore, based upon the timeline set forth in the moving papers, Ms. Giuffre respectfully requests that this Court direct Defendant to produce responsive documents from 1999 to the present.

Defendant argues that the Requests for Production are “presumptively broad,” thus apparently improper, because they employed terms such as “all documents” and “relating to.”⁸ That is not the law. “Although not unlimited, relevance, for purposes of discovery, is an extremely broad concept.” *Ottoson v. SMBC Leasing and Finance, Inc.*, (Sweet, J.) 2015 WL 4597542 at * 2 (S.D.N.Y. July 30, 2015) (granting motion to compel) (internal quotations omitted); *Stinson v. City of New York*, (Sweet, J.), 2015 WL 4610422 (S.D.N.Y. July 23, 2015) (granting in part motion to compel production).

⁸ In her Response, Defendant takes issue with Ms. Giuffre’s requests of “all documents” that “relate to” various topics. However, Defendant also seeks from Ms. Giuffre “all documents” in 22 of her discovery requests, and employs the term “relate” in 11 of her discovery requests, including requests such as “[a]ll documents relating to any Communications occurring from 1998 to the present with . . . Sky Roberts,” who is Ms. Giuffre’s father.

Furthermore, Defendant’s own definition of “relate” is expansive. Defendant states “relate,” “related,” and “relating” “means concerning, referring to, responding to, relating to, pertaining to, connected with, evidencing, commenting on, regarding, discussing, showing, describing, reflecting, analyzing or constituting.” Defendant’s First Set of Discovery Requests to Plaintiff. Notably, her definition also includes the terms “reflecting” and “regarding.”

Defendant’s Request for Production containing the term “all documents” are Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 15, 17, 18, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, and 36. Defendant’s Request for Production containing the term “any documents” are Nos. 9, 33, and 36. Defendant’s Request for Production containing the term “relate” or “relating” are Nos. 3, 5, 10, 17, 21, 32, 33, 34, 35, and 36. The Requests for Production containing the word “reflect” or “reflecting” are Nos. 4, 9, 11, 19, 20, 24, 28, 33, 35, and 36.

The contention that Ms. Giuffre’s Requests for Production are “presumptively overbroad” is also directly refuted by the specific nature of the requests. Indeed, all of Ms. Giuffre’s discovery requests with the term “relating to” are linked to specific topics that are highly relevant to this action. For example, Request No. 6 seeks all communications that Defendant had with Sarah Kellen. These documents are critical to this case because Sarah Kellen was questioned at deposition in another action related to Defendant’s abuse of minor children, wherein Sarah Kellen invoked her Fifth Amendment Privilege:

Q. Would you agree with me that Ghislaine Maxwell provides underage girls to Mr. Epstein for sex?

A. Upon the instruction of my lawyer, I must invoke my Fifth Amendment privilege.

See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 3, Defendant’s Response to Plaintiff’s Request for Production of Documents. For another example, Request No. 1 seeks “[a]ll documents relating to communications with Jeffery Epstein from 1999 – Present.” These requests go to key issues in this case. Defendant has admitted that she has documents responsive to request for documents that go to the heart of this matter, she is simply refusing to produce them.

Defendant’s sweeping “overbroad” objections should be rejected because it is a fundamentally misleading argument in furtherance of Defendant’s ongoing goal of delay. *Am. Rock Salt Co., LLC v. Norfolk S. Corp.*, 228 F.R.D. 426, 432 (W.D.N.Y. 2004) (“generalized objections that discovery requests are vague, overly broad, or unduly burdensome are not acceptable, and will be overruled.”). Therefore, this Court should require Defendant to produce the documents she admits to withholding.

3. **This Court Should Grant Plaintiff’s Motion To Compel The Production Of Documents Subject To Improper Claim Of Privilege**

There are four key problems with Defendant’s privilege log that result in finding of waiver, or at least warrant *in camera* review. First, Defendant attempts to wrongfully claim that the

attorney-client privilege shields documents from production as to her communications with non-attorneys (including communications between herself and public relations professional Ross Gow, who was Defendant's press agent who issued the defamatory statements that lie at the heart of this matter). *See* Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Improper Claim of Privilege D.E. 33 at 6-9).

Second, Defendant improperly claims a "common interest" privilege applies to her communications with convicted sex offender – and non-attorney -- Jeffrey Epstein for which no attorney-client privilege applies, thus, precluding the application of the "common interest" privilege. *See Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev*, 290 F.R.D. 421, 434 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) ("communications are protected where there is a disclosure by A to the attorney representing B and vice-versa"). Defendant's communications with her co-conspirator Jeffrey Epstein are not privileged in any way and they are also highly relevant to the claim in this case.

Third, Defendant improperly claims the attorney-client privilege when the communications involved the presence of a third party not involved in providing legal services, such as Ross Gow or Mark Cohen. *See Egiazaryan*, 290 F.R.D. at 431 (finding waiver of attorney-client privilege when the public relations firm participated in attorney-client communications: "[the party] has not shown that [the public relation's firm's] involvement was necessary to facilitate communications between himself and his counsel, as in the case of a translator or an accountant clarifying communications between an attorney and client").

Fourth, as explained in detail in Ms. Giuffre's Motion to Compel (D.E. 33 at 12-14), the descriptions of the communications in the log are inadequate. Every single communication on the log, even those not involving any attorneys, is described as: "Communication re: legal advice." These sparse and unvaried descriptions simply do not comply with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5) and Local Rule 26.2(a)(2)(B), the former requiring that "the general subject matter of the communication" be stated in the privilege log. These bare bones descriptions do not

provide sufficient information to support the privilege claims asserted therein, and obviously fail to provide Ms. Giuffre with any ability to challenge those assertions.

Accordingly, this Court should find that Defendant has waived her privilege claim for every entry which describes the subject matter as “Communication re: legal advice,” or at the very least, require Defendant to submit the documents in question for *in camera* review to determine whether they are actually subject to any privilege claim. In addition, the Court should direct the production of documents on the privilege log that involve communications between the two non-lawyers.

CONCLUSION

This is a simple, straight-forward case that could stay on the Court’s imposed scheduled with a close of discovery in July, 2016 if the Defendant would simply comply in a timely manner with her discovery obligations. Since Defendant has refused to do so, Ms. Giuffre respectfully requests that this Court grant her Motions to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Privilege and Improper Objections (D.E.’s 33 and 35), and require Defendant to produce the documents she is withholding for the time period of 1999 to the present, to produce the documents listed in her privilege log, or at the very least, conduct an *in camera* inspection to determine whether or not these documents are privileged.

Dated: March 7, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies

Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 7, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley

Sigrid S. McCawley

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCawley IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF VIRGINIA
GIUFFRE'S CONSOLIDATED REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO COMPEL
PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER OBJECTIONS AND
IMPROPER CLAIM OF PRIVILEGE**

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.
2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Consolidated Reply In Support of Motions To Compel Production of Documents Subject To Improper Objections and Improper Claim Of Privilege.
3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's March 3, 2016 Letter Brief to Judge Robert Sweet Regarding Defendant's Refusal to Sit for a Deposition.
4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's Privilege Log.

5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3, is a true and correct copy of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's Response to Plaintiff's Request for Production of Documents.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: March 7, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 7, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT 1

(Pursuant to the Court's Individual Practice Rule 1A, Counsel has removed the Exhibits from the March 3, 2016 Letter to the Court.)

BOIES SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 EAST LAS OLAS BOULEVARD • SUITE 200 • FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33301-2211 • PH 954 355 0011 • FAX 954 355 0022

Sigrid S. McCawley
E-mail: smccawley@bsfllp.com

March 3, 2016

Via Facsimile (212) 805-7925

Honorable Judge Robert W. Sweet
United States District Judge
Southern District of New York
500 Pearl Street, Courtroom 18C
New York, New York 10007

Re: *Giuffre v. Maxwell*
Case No. 15-cv-007433-RWS

Dear Judge Sweet:

We write today in response to Defendant Maxwell's March 2, 2016 letter and to ask the Court to compel the deposition of Defendant Maxwell on March 25, 2016. The discovery issue before the Court regarding Defendant Maxwell's deposition is straightforward, and the Court should order Maxwell to sit for her deposition.

On February 25, 2016, Plaintiff Giuffre first noticed Defendant Maxwell's deposition for March 2, 2016. Due to Defendant's counsel's scheduling conflict, Plaintiff Giuffre tried to resolve the problem by re-noticing the deposition for March 25, 2016, a date for which she understood Maxwell and her counsel were available. Despite this, Defendant's counsel refused to produce Maxwell for deposition unless Ms. Giuffre would respond "acknowledging [her] waiver of the right to take a second deposition based on the filing of the Answer and Counterclaims... To reiterate, I have not accepted the date of March 25, 2016 for my client's deposition *and will not agree to schedule such a deposition in the absence of a protective order and your acknowledgment of a waiver as outlined above.*" See Exhibit A. Ms. Giuffre is simply trying to move discovery forward and respectfully requests that the Court direct Maxwell to sit for her deposition on March 25, 2016.¹ The issue is not "moot," as Maxwell represented in her letter to the Court, because Maxwell is still refusing to sit for her deposition until a Protective Order is entered.

¹ This is not the first time that Defendant Maxwell has attempted to avoid a deposition. In the civil actions involving Jeffrey Epstein's crimes, Maxwell represented she could not attend her deposition because she had to leave the country to care for her ill mother and did not anticipate returning. Thereafter, she was photographed in the United States at a high profile wedding. See January 13, 2015 Daily Mail article, *Bill Clinton pictured with Jeffrey Epstein's Social Fixer at Chelsea's Wedding AFTER Severing Links With Disgraced Pedophile.*

B O I E S . S C H I L L E R & F L E X N E R L L P

Letter to Honorable Judge Robert Sweet
March 3, 2016
Page 2

The Court should also enter the Protective Order that Ms. Giuffre has recommended. In response to Maxwell's Protective Order demand, Plaintiff provided Maxwell's counsel with a full proposed Order, based on a few revisions to the Order that Maxwell had originally circulated. *See* Exhibit B, February 26, 2016 Email Correspondence. Those revisions reasonably provided necessary parameters to protect from overuse and abuse of the "confidential" designation. Rather than respond to Plaintiff's revisions, Maxwell filed with the Court a Motion for Protective Order and submitted her original Protective Order to the Court [D.E. 38]. Ms. Giuffre is not opposed to the entry of a Protective Order. Ms. Giuffre, however, does ask that the Protective Order include specific language concerning the type of information to be protected and the method for challenging overbroad confidential designations to ensure that the Protective Order is not abused by the Defendant. Ms. Giuffre is setting forth her specific revisions in her Response to Defendant Maxwell's Motion for Protective Order, which will be filed shortly.

Finally, with respect to Maxwell's concluding remarks, Ms. Giuffre first sent her request for Maxwell's deposition of February 5, 2016. To date, Maxwell has still not agreed to sit for her deposition. In contrast, on February 20, 2016, Maxwell's counsel requested dates for Plaintiff's deposition to take place in mid-April. Plaintiff corresponded that she was conferring with her client regarding the proposed dates and would respond with a specific date.

Accordingly, Plaintiff Giuffre respectfully requests that the Court direct Maxwell to sit for her deposition on March 25, 2016. To the extent the Court is not able to resolve the Protective Order matter prior to Maxwell's deposition on March 25, 2016, Plaintiff will agree to treat the entire transcript as confidential until such a time as the Court enters the Protective Order. A Proposed order to this effect is attached. *See* Exhibit C, Proposed Order Granting Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Defendant's Deposition on March 25, 2016. Ms. Giuffre also agrees to sit for her deposition in mid-April, after Maxwell's deposition, at a date that is mutually convenient for the parties.

Respectfully,



Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

SSM/ep
Enclosure

cc: Laura A. Menninger, Esq. (*via facsimile 303-832-2628*)

EXHIBIT 2

United States District Court
For The Southern District of New York

Giuffre v. Maxwell
15-cv-07433-RWS

*** Per Local Rule 26.2, the following privileges are asserted pursuant to British law, Colorado law and NY law.

DATE	DOC. TYPE	FROM	TO	CC	RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES	SUBJECT MATTER	PRIVILEGE
2011.03.15	E-Mails	Ghislaine Maxwell	Brett Jaffe, Esq.		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2011.03.15	E-Mails	Brett Jaffe, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.02	E-Mails	Ross Gow	Ghislaine Maxwell		Attorney Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.02	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Ross Gow		Attorney Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.02	E-Mail	Ross Gow	Ghislaine Maxwell	Brian Basham	Attorney Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.06	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
2015.01.06	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein, Alan Dershowitz, Esq.		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
2015.01.10	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Philip Barden, Esq., Ross Gow		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.10	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Philip Barden, Esq.		Client / Attorney	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.09	E-Mails	Ross Gow	Philip Barden, Esq.	G. Maxwell	Agent / Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.11	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
2015.01.11	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ross Gow	G. Maxwell	Attorney / Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.11	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell	Ross Gow	Attorney / Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.11 – 2015.01.17	E-Mails	Jeffrey Epstein	Ghislaine Maxwell		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege

DATE	DOC. TYPE	FROM	TO	CC	RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES	SUBJECT MATTER	PRIVILEGE
2015.01.13	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
2015.01.13	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Martin Weinberg, Esq.		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
2015.01.13	E-Mails	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell	Mark Cohen	Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.21	E-Mail	Ross Gow	Philip Barden, Esq., Ghislaine Maxwell		Agent / Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.21 - 2015.01.27	E-Mails	Jeffrey Epstein	Ghislaine Maxwell		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
2015.01.21 - 2015.01.27	E-Mails	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege

EXHIBIT 3

United States District Court
Southern District Of New York

-----X

Virginia L. Giuffre,
Plaintiff,

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,
Defendant.

15-cv-07433-RWS

-----X

**DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO
PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS**

Defendant, Ghislaine Maxwell, by and through her undersigned counsel, hereby responds to Plaintiff's First Request for Production of Documents (the "Requests").

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT AND GENERAL OBJECTIONS

1. This response is made to the best of Ms. Maxwell's present knowledge, information and belief. Ms. Maxwell, through her attorneys of record, have not completed the investigation of the facts relating to this case, have not completed discovery in this action, and have not completed preparation for trial. Ms. Maxwell's responses to Plaintiff's requests are based on information currently known to her and are given without waiving Ms. Maxwell's right to use evidence of any subsequently discovered or identified facts, documents or communications. Ms. Maxwell reserves the right to supplement this Response in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(e).

2. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they attempt to impose any requirement or discovery obligation greater than or different from those under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the local rules of this Court or any Orders of the Court.

3. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they seek documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, Rule 408 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, any common interest privilege, joint defense agreement or any other applicable privilege.

4. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they seek documents or information outside of Ms. Maxwell's possession, custody or control.

5. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they seek information which is not relevant to the subject matter of the litigation and/or is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

6. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they are overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying, embarrassing, or harassing Ms. Maxwell.

7. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they are vague and ambiguous, or imprecise.

8. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they seek information that is confidential and implicates Ms. Maxwell's privacy interests.

9. Ms. Maxwell incorporates by reference every general objection set forth above into each specific response set forth below. A specific response may repeat a general objection for emphasis or for some other reason. The failure to include any general objection in any specific response does not waive any general objection to that request.

10. The Requests seek information that is confidential and implicates Ms. Maxwell's privacy interests. To the extent such information is relevant and discoverable in this action, Ms. Maxwell will produce such materials subject to an appropriate protective order pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c) limiting their dissemination to the attorneys and their employees.

OBJECTIONS TO DEFINITIONS

11. Ms. Maxwell objects to Definition No. 1 regarding "Agent" to the extent that it purports to extend the meaning beyond those permissible by law.

12. Ms. Maxwell objects to Definition No. 3 regarding "Defendant." The Definition is overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it attempts to extend the scope of the Requests to documents in the possession, custody or control of individuals other than Ms. Maxwell or her counsel.

13. Ms. Maxwell objects to Definition No. 5 regarding "Employee." Ms. Maxwell is an individual, sued in an individual capacity, and therefore there is no "past or present officer, director, agent or servant" of hers. Additionally, "attorneys" and "paralegals" are not "employees" of Ms. Maxwell given that she herself is not an attorney and therefore cannot "employ" attorneys.

14. Ms. Maxwell objects to Definition No. 9 regarding "You" or "Your." The Definition is overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it attempts to extend the scope of

the Requests to documents in the possession, custody or control of individuals other than Ms. Maxwell or her counsel.

OBJECTIONS TO INSTRUCTIONS

15. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction No. 1, in particular the definition of the “Relevant Period” to include July 1999 to the present, on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. The Complaint at paragraph 9 purports to describe events pertaining to Plaintiff and Defendant occurring in the years 1999 – 2002. The Complaint also references statements attributed to Ms. Maxwell occurring in January 2015. Defining the “Relevant Period” as “July 1999 to the present” is vastly overbroad, irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence, and as to certain of the Requests, is intended for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell and it implicates her privacy rights. Thus, Ms. Maxwell interprets the Relevant Period to be limited to 1999-2002 and December 30, 2014 - January 31, 2015 and objects to production of any documents outside that period, except as specifically noted.

16. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction No. 3 on the grounds that it is unduly burdensome and is intended for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell cannot possibly recall the specific disposition of documents, particularly electronic documents, dating back over 16 years. However, Ms. Maxwell, prior to this litigation has long had a practice of deleting emails after they have been read.

17. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction Nos. 5, 8, 9, 12, 17 to the extent they seek to impose obligations to supply explanations for the presence or absence of such documents, to specifically identify persons or documents, to provide information concerning who prepared documents, the location of any copies of such documents, the identities and contact information for persons who have custody or control of such documents, the reasons for inability to produce portions of documents, and the “natural person in whose possession they were found,” beyond the requirements of Rule 34. These Instructions improperly seek to propound Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33.

18. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction No. 13 on the grounds that it is unduly burdensome and is intended for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell cannot possibly recall the specific circumstances upon which a document dating back 16 years has ceased to exist.

19. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction No. 15 to the extent that it calls for documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other applicable privilege.

20. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instructions Nos. 18 & 19 to the extent they require information on any privilege log above and beyond the requirements of Local Civil Rule 26.2.

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S
FIRST REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS**

Document Request No. 1: All documents relating to communications with Jeffery Epstein from 1999 – Present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, the common interest privilege or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding documents outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*, and is withholding production of documents that are privileged pursuant to a common interest agreement.

Document Request No. 2: All documents relating to communications with Virginia Roberts Giuffre from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 3: All documents relating to communications with Andrew Albert Christian Edward, Duke of York (a.k.a. Prince Andrew) from 1999 – Present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request limited to the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*, and with private phone numbers and related information redacted. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 4: All documents relating to communications between you and Jeffrey Epstein regarding any female under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 5: All documents relating to massages, including but not limited to any documents reflecting recruiting or hiring masseuses, advertising for masseuses, flyers created for distribution at high schools or colleges, and records reflecting e-mails or calls to individuals relating to massages.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 6: All documents relating to communications with any of the following individuals from 1999 – present: Emmy Taylor, Sarah Kellen, Eva Dubin, Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel, and Nadia Marcinkova.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents relating to communications with Nadia Marcinkova, Sarah Kellen and Eva Dubin that are outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents relating to Ms. Marcinkova, Ms. Kellen or Ms. Dubin within the Relevant Periods. Ms. Maxwell also has been unable to locate any such documents responsive to this Request relating to Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel or Emmy Taylor for any time period.

Document Request No. 7: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to females under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request which relate or pertain to Plaintiff or any of the witnesses identified by Plaintiff in her Rule 26 disclosures. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of other documents responsive to this Request, including things like mainstream newspapers, magazines, videos, DVDs or other media or family photographs which contain depictions of female children, including Ms. Maxwell herself as a child.

Document Request No. 8: All documents relating to your travel from the period of 1999 – present, including but not limited to, any travel on Jeffrey Epstein’s planes, commercial flights, helicopters, passport records, records indicating passengers traveling with you, hotel records, and credit card receipts.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra* and is withholding documents within the Relevant Period that are private and are not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Document Request No. 9: All documents identifying passengers, manifests, or flight plans for any helicopter or plane ever owned or controlled by you or Jeffrey Epstein or any associated entity from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*, and is withholding documents within the Relevant Period that are private and are not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. The documents reflecting flight plans in Ms. Maxwell’s possession do not identify passengers or manifests.

Document Request No. 10: All documents relating to payments made from Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity to you from 1999 – present, including payments for work performed, gifts, real estate purchases, living expenses, and payments to your charitable endeavors including the TerraMar Project.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 11: All documents relating to or describing any work you performed with Jeffrey Epstein, or any affiliated entity from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request in that the terms “work,” “with” and “affiliated entity” are vague, undefined and susceptible of multiple meanings and definitions. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 12: All confidentiality agreements between you and Jeffrey Epstein or any entity to which he is related or involved or such agreements which are or were in your possession or control related to any other employee of Jeffrey Epstein, or any associated entity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request in that the terms “confidentiality agreements” and “associated entity” are vague, undefined and susceptible of multiple meanings and definitions. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 13: All documents from you, your attorneys or agents to any law enforcement entity, or from any law enforcement entity to you or any of your representatives related to any cooperation, potential charge, immunity or deferred prosecution, or which relates to suspected or known criminal activity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request as vague and confusing. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent it requests documents subject to either the attorney-client or work product privileges. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 14: All documents relating to travel of any female under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 15: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media taken at a time when you were in Jeffrey Epstein's company or inside any of his residences or aircraft.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request that are within the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 16: All computers, hard drives or copies thereof for all computers in operation between 1999- 2002.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of copies of computers or hard drives that contain documents, media and other data that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any computers, hard-drives or copies of any computers responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 17: All documents relating to communications with you and Ross Gow from 2005 – Present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the common interest privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding documents responsive to this Request that are outside of the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra* as well as the period of January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011, and also withholding documents within the Relevant Periods that are privileged. Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any non-privileged documents that are within such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 18: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to Virginia Roberts Giuffre.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent it calls for attorney-client communications and attorney work product. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it calls for video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to Virginia Roberts Giuffre that exists within the public domain, the internet or in public court records and which are equally available to both parties and can be obtained from some other source that is more convenient, less burdensome, and less expensive.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 19: All documents relating to your deposition scheduled in the matter of Jane Doe v. Epstein, 08-80893, United States Southern District of Florida.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this request on the grounds that it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, any common interest privilege, and the work-product doctrine.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding privileged documents Responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 20: All documents relating to any credit cards that were paid for by Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of copies of computers or hard drives that contain documents, media and other data that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 21: All telephone records associated with you, including cell phone records from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome, propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell, and seeks documents outside of Ms. Maxwell's possession, custody or control. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 22: All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for you from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome, propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell, and seeks documents outside of Ms. Maxwell's possession, custody or control. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 23: All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome, propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell, and seeks documents outside of Ms. Maxwell's possession, custody or control. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 24: All documents relating to contact lists, phone lists or address books for you or Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to

the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request within the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 25: All documents relating to any hospital records for Virginia Roberts Giuffre.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 26: All documents relating to any passport or license for Virginia Roberts Giuffre.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 27: All documents relating to any gifts or monetary payments provided to Virginia Roberts Giuffre by you, Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 28: All documents relating to Virginia Robert's employment or work as an independent contractor with you, Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 29: All documents identifying individuals to whom Virginia Roberts provided a massage.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 30: All documents relating to any employee lists or records associated with you, Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell has been “associated with” any number of entities over the last 17 years which have nothing to do with this civil case, Ms. Roberts or Mr. Epstein.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request insofar as it seeks employee lists for any entity related to Mr. Epstein, Ms. Roberts or any entity related to either one of them.

Document Request No. 31: All documents relating to Victoria Secret, models or actresses, who were ever in the presence of you or Jeffrey Epstein or Virginia Roberts between 1999 and 2005.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 32: All documents related to communications with or interaction with Alan Dershowitz from 1999 to present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request as being interposed for an improper purpose, specifically Plaintiff and her counsel’s civil litigation currently pending in Broward County, Florida in the matter of *Cassells v. Dershowitz*.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 33: All travel records between 1999 and the present reflecting your presence in: (a) Palm Beach Florida or immediately surrounding areas; (b) 9 E. 71st Street, New York, NY 10021; (c) New Mexico; (d) U.S. Virgin Islands; (e) any jet or aircraft owned or controlled by Jeffrey Epstein.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. This request is also duplicative and cumulative of Requests Nos. 8 and 14 above. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request for the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Period.

Document Request No. 34: All documents reflecting your ownership or control of property in London between the years 1999 and 2002.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for documents that are a matter of the public record and are thus equally available to the Plaintiff.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding documents Responsive to this Request that are a matter of public record.

Document Request No. 35: All documents reflecting your or Jeffrey Epstein's membership or visits to the Mar-a-Lago Club in Palm Beach Florida between the years 1999 and 2002.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 36: All documents you rely upon to establish that (a) Giuffre's sworn allegations "against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue." (b) the allegations have been "shown to be untrue."; and (c) Giuffre's "claims are obvious lies."

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to the Request as argumentative and misquotes and misconstrues sentence fragments attributed to Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this

Request to the extent it calls for attorney-client communications, attorney work product and other applicable privileges. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it calls for documents relating to Virginia Roberts Giuffre that exist within the public domain, the internet or in public court records and which are equally available to both parties and can be obtained from some other sources that are more convenient, less burdensome, and less expensive. Indeed, many documents which demonstrate the falsity of Ms. Giuffre's allegations concerning Ms. Maxwell are within the possession and control of Plaintiff.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is producing non-privileged documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 37: All documents reflecting communications you have had with Bill or Hillary Clinton (or persons acting on their behalf), including all communications regarding your attendance at Chelsea Clinton's wedding ceremony in 2010.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request for the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 38: All documents reflecting contact with you by any law enforcement or police agency, including any contact by the FBI, Palm Beach Police Department, or West Palm Beach Police Department.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 39: All documents reflecting training to fly a helicopter or experience flying a helicopter, including any records concerning your operation of a helicopter in the U.S. Virgin Islands.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent

it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Ms. Maxwell is withholding documents responsive to this Request as irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence and privacy.

Dated: February 8, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on February 8, 2016, I served the attached document DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS via email to the following counsel of record:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/Alan Schindler

Alan Schindler

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

Plaintiff,

v.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

Defendant.

-----X

.....

15-cv-07433-RWS

**DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN
RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL PRODUCTION
OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER OBJECTIONS**

Laura A. Menninger
HADDON, MORGAN, AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
303.831.7364

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION 1

ARGUMENT..... 3

I. PLAINTIFF’S CHOSEN RELEVANT PERIOD FOR DISCOVERY IS GROSSLY
OVERBROAD AND NOT REASONABLY RELATED TO HER CLAIM..... 3

II. MS. MAXWELL’S SPECIFIC OBJECTIONS ARE PROPER..... 4

III. EACH OF MS. MAXWELL’S OBJECTIONS IS APPROPRIATE..... 6

IV. PLAINTIFF’S FAILURE TO CONFER WITH MS. MAXWELL PRIOR TO FILING
HER MOTIONS TO COMPEL IS DISPOSITIVE 13

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Avante Int’l Tech., Inc. v. Hart Intercivic, Inc., No. CIV. 07-169-DRH, 2008 WL 2074093 5

Cotracom Commodity Trading Co. v. Seaboard Corp., 189 F.R.D. 655, 665 (D. Kan. 1999) 5

Estee Lauder, Inc. v. Fragrance Counter, Inc., 189 F.R.D. 269, 273-74 (S.D.N.Y. 1999) 2

Gomez v. Martin Marietta Corp., 50 F.3d 1511, 1520 (10th Cir.1995) 2

Hardrick v. Legal Services Corp., 96 F.R.D. 617, 618 (D.D.C.1983) 2

In re Urethane Antitrust Litig., No. 04-MD-1616-JWL-DJW, 2008 WL 110896 5

McGee v. Hayes, 43 Fed.Appx. 214, 217 (10th Cir. 2002) 2

Meeker v. Life Care Ctrs. of Am., No. 14-CV-02101-WYD- NYW, 2015 WL 4400533 4

Parsons v. Jefferson-Pilot Corp., 141 F.R.D. 408, 412 (M.D.N.C. 1992) 5

Piacenti v. Gen. Motors Corp., 173 F.R.D. 221, 223 (N.D.II1.1997) 3

Roda Drilling Co. v. Siegal, No. 07-CV-400-GFK-FHM, 2008 WL 2234652 5

Tottenham v. Trans World Gaming Corp., No. 00 Civ. 7697 (WK), 2002 WL 1967023 2

Zenith Electronics Corp. v. Exzec, Inc., No. 93 C 041, 1998 WL 9181 3

INTRODUCTION¹

Plaintiff initiated this action purportedly in reaction to statements attributed to Ghislane Maxwell on January 3, and 4, 2015. The first of the two statements, according to Plaintiff's complaint, was issued by Ross Gow in the United Kingdom. The second was made by Ms. Maxwell in New York when she was accosted by reporters on the street. Both statements were brief, contained no factual content, and can best be described as general denials of allegations made by Plaintiff against Ms. Maxwell, to wit, that Ms. Maxwell "assisted" and participated in sexual abuse of the Plaintiff between 1999 and 2002.

Plaintiff does not claim that any sexual abuse occurred after 2002 or that she had any contact with Ms. Maxwell after 2002. Indeed, according to Plaintiff, in 2002 she relocated, first to Thailand and then to Australia, where she married and started a family. Given that she has been thousands of miles away from the United States for more than a decade it is unlikely that Plaintiff has any personal knowledge about events involving Jeffrey Epstein after she left the country and broke off all contact with both Mr. Epstein and Ms. Maxwell.

It would seem, then, that this lawsuit presents one relatively simple question: is Plaintiff's claim that she was sexually abused by Jeffrey Epstein between 1999 and 2002 **"with the assistance and participation of"** Ms. Maxwell true?

Discovery that might be relevant to this relatively simple question could, theoretically, include the names of people that observed the Plaintiff from 1999 to 2002; records establishing the Plaintiff's whereabouts between 1999 and 2002; communications about the Plaintiff from

¹ Ms. Maxwell previously submitted a joint response (Doc. #42) to Plaintiff's Motions to Compel in which she argues that Plaintiff's failure to confer prior to filing her motions is, alone, grounds for this Court to deny her Motions. If the Court is inclined, however, to decide Plaintiff's Motions on the merits, Ms. Maxwell hereby submits a response to the merits of Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Objections. This response is timely to Plaintiff's Motion, filed electronically on February 26, 2016.

1999 to 2002; and where Ms. Maxwell was located in relation to the Plaintiff during this time frame. Plaintiff, however, does not seem to be interested in her claim. Rather, Plaintiff's pleadings are filled with other, more newsworthy and salacious allegations about which Plaintiff has no personal knowledge. And, because her core claim has no merit, Plaintiff like a remora, has repeatedly attempted to attach herself to these events that purportedly occurred while she was on another continent raising a family.

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(1) provides, in relevant part, that "[p]arties may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is relevant to the claim or defense of any party"

Although the scope of discovery is deliberately broad, a Court is not "required to permit plaintiff to engage in a 'fishing expedition' in the hope of supporting his claim." *McGee v. Hayes*, 43 Fed.Appx. 214, 217 (10th Cir. 2002) (unpublished opinion); see *Tottenham v. Trans World Gaming Corp.*, No. 00 Civ. 7697 (WK), 2002 WL 1967023, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. June 21, 2002) ("Discovery, however, is not intended to be a fishing expedition, but rather is meant to allow the parties to flesh out allegations for which they initially have at least a modicum of objective support") (quotations omitted); *Hardrick v. Legal Services Corp.*, 96 F.R.D. 617, 618 (D.D.C.1983) (courts should remain concerned about "fishing expeditions, discovery abuse and inordinate expense involved in overbroad and far-ranging discovery requests") (quotation omitted). "[B]road discovery is not without limits and the trial court is given wide discretion in balancing the needs and rights of both plaintiff and defendant." *Gomez v. Martin Marietta Corp.*, 50 F.3d 1511, 1520 (10th Cir.1995) (quotation omitted); see also *Estee Lauder, Inc. v. Fragrance Counter, Inc.*, 189 F.R.D. 269, 273-74 (S.D.N.Y. 1999) (J. Sweet) ("[W]hile discovery rules are broad, they do not permit discovery of matters that are [not] relevant to the

issues in the case...”). Although relevance in discovery is broader than that required for admissibility at trial, "the object of inquiry must have some evidentiary value before an order to compel disclosure of otherwise inadmissible material will issue." *Zenith Electronics Corp. v. Exzec, Inc.*, No. 93 C 041, 1998 WL 9181, at *2 (N.D.Ill.1998) (quoting *Piacenti v. Gen. Motors Corp.*, 173 F.R.D. 221, 223 (N.D.Ill.1997)). Courts have also recognized that "[t]he legal tenet that relevancy in the discovery context is broader than in the context of admissibility should not be misapplied so as to allow fishing expeditions in discovery." *Id.* (quotation omitted).

ARGUMENT

I. PLAINTIFF’S CHOSEN RELEVANT PERIOD FOR DISCOVERY IS GROSSLY OVERBROAD AND NOT REASONABLY RELATED TO HER CLAIM

Plaintiff has not limited the temporal scope of her discovery requests. Instead, she demands production of various documents (or documents related to those documents) for the last 17 years. Given the nature of the claim, the time period chosen by the Plaintiff is grossly overbroad.

As instructed by Fed. R. Civ. P. 34, Ms. Maxwell objected to the 17-year time period and limited the requests to a more reasonable time frame: the period during which Plaintiff claims to have been abused and one month prior to the purported defamation. Plaintiff has offered no plausible explanation for her expansive time frame as discussed below.

The gist of Plaintiff’s temporal relevance argument is that, according to Plaintiff, Ms. Maxwell communicated or associated with Mr. Epstein after 2002 up to 2015. And, according to Plaintiff, Mr. Epstein was suspected of or committed a sex crime after 2002. Therefore, says Plaintiff, everything in that time frame is relevant. This is nonsense. Plaintiff, given her absence from the country, cannot argue that she was victimized during this time frame. Ms. Maxwell has never been charged with nor accused of any crime by a prosecuting body. Ms. Maxwell has

never been identified as an accomplice to any crime allegedly committed by Mr. Epstein; and Ms. Maxwell has never been the subject of a civil lawsuit for sexual abuse under any theory of liability.

The relevant issue, as framed by Plaintiff's complaint, is did Ms. Maxwell assist or participate in Plaintiff's alleged sexual abuse by Mr. Epstein. General phone records, flight logs, or other documents having nothing to do with Plaintiff, who was in Australia, are simply too tangential and remote to be relevant even under the most broad definitions of relevance. Accordingly, Ms. Maxwell's objection is well founded and should be sustained by the Court.

II. MS. MAXWELL'S SPECIFIC OBJECTIONS ARE PROPER

Ms. Maxwell notes that all of Plaintiff's requests are fatally flawed as a result of her use of the phrases "all documents relating to" or "relating to" as part of her requests for production of documents. *See, e.g.*, Requests Nos. 1, 3, 6,7, 8, 10, 11, 17, 22, 23, 24, 32 and 33. Where the phrase "relating to" is not employed, Plaintiff uses equally obtuse synonyms such as "reflecting" (Requests Nos. 34, 37) or "associated with." (Request No. 21).

"Relate" is a broad term. *See, e.g.*, WEBSTER'S NEW WORLD DICTIONARY 1198 (2d Coll. Ed. 1986) (defining "relate" to mean, *inter alia*, "to connect or associate, as in thought or meaning; show as having to do with," "to have some connection or relation (to)," and "to have reference (to)"). Courts have condemned the use of "related to" as overbroad and have refused to compel a responding party to answer discovery requests using the term. *See, e.g., Meeker v. Life Care Ctrs. of Am.*, No. 14-CV-02101-WYD- NYW, 2015 WL 4400533, at *4 (D. Colo. July 20, 2015) (denying motion to compel response to interrogatory that required identification of all documents that "relate to" drills or safety security training exercises "over a decade long span," and holding that interrogatory was "facially overbroad, and potentially sweep[s] in incidents that are not proximate in location, time, and may not even be remotely of the "same type"); *Avante*

Int'l Tech., Inc. v. Hart Intercivic, Inc., No. CIV. 07-169-DRH, 2008 WL 2074093, at *3 (S.D. Ill. May 14, 2008) (“the court finds that the request to identify ‘all documents that refer or relate to each such person's contribution’ to be overbroad and unduly burdensome, and sustains the objection to that part of the interrogatory”); *In re Urethane Antitrust Litig.*, No. 04-MD-1616-JWL-DJW, 2008 WL 110896, at *1 (D. Kan. Jan. 8, 2008) (holding that a discovery request is overly broad and unduly burdensome on its face if it uses an “omnibus term” such as “relating to,” because “such broad language ‘make[s] arduous the task of deciding which of numerous documents may conceivably fall within its scope’”); *Roda Drilling Co. v. Siegal*, No. 07-CV-400-GFK-FHM, 2008 WL 2234652, at *2 (N.D. Okla. May 29, 2008) (finding that “many of the parties’ requests for production of documents are overbroad, as they request ‘all documents’ relating to or concerning a subject”), *reconsideration denied in part*, 2008 WL 3892067 (N.D. Okla. Aug. 14, 2008); *Cotracom Commodity Trading Co. v. Seaboard Corp.*, 189 F.R.D. 655, 665 (D. Kan. 1999) (holding that challenged discovery request was facially overbroad due to its use of the “omnibus phrase ‘relating to’”); *Parsons v. Jefferson-Pilot Corp.*, 141 F.R.D. 408, 412 (M.D.N.C. 1992) (“[b]road and undirected requests for all documents which relate in any way to the complaint are regularly stricken as too ambiguous”).

And, Plaintiff has expanded the dictionary definition of “relate” in her definition section to make any attempt at deciding what documents might fall within the requests impossible. Because all of the requests suffer from this fatal defect the court should sustain the objection and deny the motion to compel. However, there is more.

III. EACH OF MS. MAXWELL'S OBJECTIONS IS APPROPRIATE

1. Request No. 1: All documents relating to communications with Jeffrey Epstein from 1999-Present.

This request unabashedly seeks any record of 17 years of “communications” with Jeffrey Epstein. If, for example, Ms. Maxwell wrote a note to herself that a mutual friend discussed a recipe for rice pudding with Mr. Epstein in 2013 this “document” would be subject to production. The request is not limited by subject matter and therefore encompasses everything. This is a classic fishing expedition calculated to annoy, and harass Ms. Maxwell.

The rationale for the request is particularly disturbing: Plaintiff, with no evidence other than her self-serving and contradictory statements states: “ Communications with convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein for whom Defendant Maxwell is alleged to have assisted with his sexual trafficking activities are of the highest relevance in this case and must be produced.” (Pl.’s M. Compel at 9). That’s it. No evidence, just hyperbole. The request is not limited to communications about trafficking or even communications related to the Plaintiff. This stunningly overbroad request fails and Ms. Maxwell’s objection should be sustained.

2. Request No. 3: All documents relating to communications with Andrew Albert Christian Edward, Duke of York (a.k.a Prince Andrew) from 1999-present.

Even more tangential than Request No. 1, this request ask for “all documents relating to communications” for 17 years with Prince Andrew. Again, the request is not limited by any subject matter or person. It is not limited to communications about the Plaintiff, it is not even limited to communications about females. The purported justification for this overbroad request is Plaintiff’s unsupported claim that “Maxwell is alleged [by Plaintiff and no one else] to have trafficked Ms. Giuffre to Prince Andrew when she was a minor.” (Pl’s M. Compel at 10). Plaintiff’s unsatisfactory explanation for this request is that it may, uncover “communications between them regarding her trafficking” and “possible” communications regarding other females

or other individuals “involved with this activity”. (*Id.*) The request, however, as propounded, asks for much more than is rationally related to that explanation. The use of the word “possible” reveals that this request is a classic, prohibited fishing expedition. The request is overbroad and Ms. Maxwell’s objection should be sustained.

3. Request No. 6: All documents relating to communications with any of the following individuals from 1999 -the present: Emmy Taylor, Sarah Kellen, Eva Dubin, Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel, and Nadia Marcinkova.

This request is also not limited by subject matter or person and is, actually, six separate requests for production of documents. As support for these overbroad requests Plaintiff attached a deposition transcript from a separate litigation to which Ms. Maxwell was not a party in which the witness, Sarah Kellen, asserts her right to remain silent. (*Id.* at 11). Plaintiff neglects to disclose that Ms. Kellen asserted her Fifth Amendment right to every question asked of the witness. She refused to answer basic questions such as her then current address (3.24.2010 Tr. at 10); and what company she worked for as a model (*id.* at 97). There is no inference to be drawn from the, apparently unchallenged, assertions of privilege in an action that Ms. Maxwell was not a party and did not participate. There is no legal authority to support the claim that Ms. Kellen’s assertion of a privilege somehow spills over to become evidence relating to Ms. Maxwell.

Plaintiff also attached partial documents purporting to be flight logs and phone records that, according to Plaintiff, establish communication with some of the listed individuals. Again, Ms. Maxwell’s reaction to this is “so what” because there is no nexus between any of this alleged evidence and Plaintiff’s claims. Like the other requests the question is not reasonably targeted to obtain communications about the Plaintiff or even “sex trafficking.”

4. Request No. 7: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or other print or electronic media relating to females under the age of 18 from the period of 1999-present.

This request appears to cover books, DVDs, CDs, personal photographs and every other type of media that might “relate to” females under the age of 18. To respond to this request Plaintiff would apparently have Ms. Maxwell comb through her library to find literature “relating to” girls. A copy of the Nancy Drew series would be responsive to this request. Photographs of Ms. Maxwell as a child would be included. Any CD referencing a “girl” might be responsive. The list goes on and on. And, because Plaintiff failed to confer about this request before filing her motion to compel her self-imposed limitations are too little, too late. This request, as written is patently overbroad and the objection should be sustained.

Further, the attached testimony from Mr. Rodriguez, again occurring in a proceeding to which Ms. Maxwell was not a party, lacks foundation and credibility. (*Id.* at 12) It also, apparently, has nothing to do with the Plaintiff.

5. Request No. 8 : All documents relating to your travel from the period of 1999-present, including but not limited to, any travel on Jeffrey Epstein’s planes, commercial flights, helicopters, passport records, records indicating passengers traveling with you, hotel records, and credit card receipts. ; and

Request No. 33: All travel records between 1999 and the present reflecting your presence in: (a) Palm Beach Florida or immediately surrounding areas; (b) 9 E. 71st Street, New York , NY 10021; (c) New Mexico; (d) U.S. Virgin islands; (e) any jet or aircraft owned or controlled by Jeffrey Epstein.

Request Number 33 appears to be subsumed by the globally inclusive, unrestricted Request Number 8. Both requests fail in many ways. First, Plaintiff was living in another continent for the vast majority of the time covered by these requests. Plaintiff, by her own admission, was not traveling anywhere with Ms. Maxwell or Mr. Epstein after 2002. It would be reasonable, then, to assume that none of the requested records would establish any nexus

between Ms. Maxwell's post-2002 travel and the events at issue in Plaintiff's claim. If Plaintiff wanted records establishing her travel with Mr. Epstein or Ms. Maxwell that is what she should have asked for. Instead, she asked for every piece of information relating to Ms. Maxwell's travel by planes, trains, automobiles, helicopters, boats, horses and bicycles.

Read literally, Request Number 8 would require the production of 17 years of receipts for the purchase of gasoline at the neighborhood gas station, taxi receipts, lunch receipts, etc. for 17 years. The only records not covered would be those relating to Ms. Maxwell's residence, which unfortunately, is covered by another overbroad request, Request Number 34. Although slightly more limited, Request Number 33 remains impermissibly overbroad. Again, Plaintiff was not in the northern hemisphere after 2002 so could not have been in these places. Further, the phrases "immediately surrounding areas" "travel records" are impermissibly vague.

6. Request No. 10: All documents relating to payments made from Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity to you from 1999 – present, including payments for work performed, gifts, real estate purchases, living expenses, and payments to your charitable endeavors including the TerraMar project.

Request Number 10 is overbroad because it asks for, essentially, any document that relates to anything of value, no matter how small, given from Mr. Epstein to Ms. Maxwell (or their respective related entities) for 17 years. It is not targeted to any person, event, or job. The request could be interpreted in many ways and could include any financial, banking or accounting record compiled over a 17-year time frame. As such, the request fails and Ms. Maxwell's objection should be sustained.

7. Request No. 11: All documents relating to or describing any work you performed with Jeffrey Epstein, or any affiliated entity from 1999-present.

Request Number 11 is unintelligible. Ms. Maxwell does not know what this request means and should not have to guess. Because the request is too vague to respond to the objection should be sustained.

8. Request No. 15: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media taken at a time when you were in Jeffrey Epstein's company or inside any of his residences or aircraft.

This request is another obvious fishing expedition. It is not limited by person, place or time and apparently includes pre-1999 material. According to Plaintiff, she hopes that these records will contain the image of "other underage girls or trafficked women," which, according to Plaintiff "go to the claim in this case". (Pl's M. Compel at 17). Again, Plaintiff was not, according to her complaint, involved with Mr. Epstein before 1999 or after 2002. Plaintiff does not articulate how this material might "go to the claim in this case" and, accordingly, Ms. Maxwell's objection should be sustained.

9. Request No. 17: All documents relating to communications with you and Ross Gow from 2005 – present.

For the reasons stated repeatedly above, this request is also overly broad as there are no limitations for subject matter or person. Further, Plaintiff has offered no explanation as to the seemingly random time period of 2005 – present.

More importantly, Ms. Maxwell has objected to this request on the grounds that it seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. As discussed in her Supplemental Memorandum of Law in Response to Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Documents Subject to Improper Privilege, Ms. Maxwell's withholding of these documents as privileged is proper.

10. Request No. 21: All telephone records associated with you including cell phone records from 1999 – present.

Request No. 22: All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for you from 1999 – present.

Request No. 23: All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 – present.

Request No. 24: All documents relating to contact lists, phone lists or address books for you or Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 – present.

These requests seek “all documents” “associated” with Ms. Maxwell’s phone records and “all documents” “relating to” “the schedules and address books” of Ms. Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein for 17 years. Plaintiff, again, offers no coherent explanation as to how any of these records might relate to her claim, in this case, **that she was defamed**. Because of the excessive scope of the requests the objections should be sustained.

11. Request No. 32 : All documents related to communications with or interaction with Alan Dershowitz from 1999 – present.

Here, Plaintiff is asking for information about communications with Alan Dershowitz for 17 years. Plaintiff’s only argument in support of this request is “Maxwell’s communications with Dershowitz are directly relevant to the claim.” (Pl’s M. Compel at 22). Perhaps Ms. Maxwell’s communications with Mr. Dershowitz about Plaintiff may be discoverable and even relevant. Any and all documents “relating to communications” are not. Accordingly, the objection should be sustained.

12. Request No. 34: All documents reflecting your ownership or control of property in London between the years 1999 and 2002.

Whether Ms. Maxwell owned or controlled property in London between 1999 and 2002 is not relevant to any issue in this case. Plaintiff claims that a photograph of her when she was 17 somehow establishes she was “trafficked”. She offers no actual explanation, however, for

how “documents reflecting” ownership or control of any “London” property is relevant or discoverable. The request is overbroad, not relevant, and the objection should be sustained.

13. Request No. 37: All documents reflecting communications you have had with Bill or Hillary Clinton (or persons acting on their behalf), including all communications

Whether or not Ms. Maxwell communicated with any member of the Clinton family is not relevant to any issue in this case. Again, Plaintiff asks for “all documents reflecting communications” for a 17-year time period. The only support for the request is Plaintiff’s unsubstantiated claim that in an unrelated action Ms. Maxwell did not attend a deposition scheduled for July 1, 2010 because she had to attend to her mother. However, according to Plaintiff, Ms. Maxwell, 30 days later, attended the wedding of Chelsea Clinton. Taking care of an elderly mother in England and attending a wedding ceremony are not mutually exclusive events. This, again, has nothing to do with any issue in this case and the objection should be sustained.

13. Request No. 39: All documents reflecting training to fly a helicopter or experience flying a helicopter, including any records concerning your operation of a helicopter in the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Seventeen years of “all documents reflecting training to fly a helicopter “ are not relevant to any issue in this case. Plaintiff does not allege that Ms. Maxwell flew her to a private island by helicopter; she does not allege that she has personal knowledge of someone actually being flown by Ms. Maxwell to a private island for the purpose of “sexual trafficking of underage girls.” She simply demands 17 years of documents because she says they are relevant. The request is overbroad and not relevant and Ms. Maxwell’s objection should be sustained.

IV. PLAINTIFF'S FAILURE TO CONFER WITH MS. MAXWELL PRIOR TO FILING HER MOTIONS TO COMPEL IS DISPOSITIVE

It is likely that a conferral could have minimized many of the issues described above. Accordingly in addition to the substantive problems with the requests, detailed above, Plaintiff's Motions to Compel should be denied for the reasons articulated in Ms. Maxwell's separate response regarding the lack of any conferral (Doc. # 42) incorporated by reference.

Dated: March 7, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 7, 2016, I electronically filed this *Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's Supplemental Memorandum of Law in Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Objections* with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to all counsel of record including the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
Boies, Schiller & Flexner, LLP
East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

/s/ Brenda Rodriguez

United States District Court
Southern District Of New York

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,
v.
GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.
-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

**DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S
MOTION TO COMPEL PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS
SUBJECT TO IMPROPER CLAIM OF PRIVILEGE**

Laura A. Menninger
HADDON, MORGAN, AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
303.831.7364

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION 1

ARGUMENT 2

 I. Failure to Confer Fatal to Plaintiff’s Motion 2

 II. Defendant’s Communication with Attorneys Philip Barden, Mark Cohen, and Brett Jaffe Are Protected by the Attorney-Client Communication Privilege (Entries 1, 2, 9 and 17)3

 A. Choice of Law 3

 B. Maxwell’s Communications with her Attorneys Are Privileged..... 5

 C. Plaintiff Well Aware These Attorneys Were Defendant’s Counsel 7

 III. Communications Among Maxwell, Her Attorney, and Her Agent Protected by Attorney-Client Privilege (Entries 8, 10, 12, 13, and 18)..... 8

 IV. Common Interest Privilege Protects Communications with Gow, Epstein and Others 10

 A. Maxwell and her attorneys were involved in a common interest agreement with Epstein and his attorneys 12

 B. Maxwell and Epstein’s attorneys communicated with one another pursuant to the common interest agreement (Entry 16)..... 13

 C. Maxwell and Epstein shared their attorneys’ respective legal advice, strategies and mental impressions pursuant to the common interest agreement (Entries 11-15) 13

 D. Maxwell and Epstein exchanged documents pursuant to the common interest agreement in order to obtain legal advice (Entries 6, 7 and 19) 14

 E. Ms. Maxwell and Epstein shared information and advice to be forwarded to the others’ attorney for purposes of legal advice (Entries 14, 19 and 20) 15

 V. Ms. Maxwell’s Privilege Log Is Sufficient 15

CONCLUSION..... 17

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Ambac Assur. Corp. v. Countrywide Home Loans, Inc., 998 N.Y.S.2d 329, 331..... 11

Anwar v. Fairfield Greenwich Ltd., 982 F.Supp.2d 260, 264 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) 3

Anwar, supra (citing *Gucci Am., Inc. v. Guess?, Inc.*, 271 F.R.D. 58, 65 (S.D.N.Y. 2010)
 4

Aurora Loan Servs., Inc. v. Posner, Posner & Assocs., P.C., 499 F.Supp.2d 475, 479
 (S.D.N.Y. 2007)..... 16

Auto. Club of New York, Inc. v. Port Auth. Of New York & New Jersey, No. 11 CIV. 6746
 RKE HBP, 2012 WL 4791804, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 9, 2012)..... 2

Cf. In re Grand Jury Subpoenas Dated March 24, 2003, 265 F.Supp.2d 321, 330
 (S.D.N.Y. 2003)..... 9

Chevron Corp v. Donziger, 2013 WL 4045326 (S.D.N.Y. 2013)..... 17

Egiazarayan v. Zalmayev, 290 F.R.D. 421 (S.D.N.Y. 2013)..... 9

Gucci Am., Inc. v. Gucci, No. 07–CV–6820 (RMB)(JCF), 2008 WL 5251989, at *1
 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 15, 2008) 12, 14, 15

GUS Consulting GMBH v. Chadbourne & Parke LLP, 858 N.Y.S.2d 591, 593 (Sup. Ct.
 N.Y. Cnty. 2008) 11

Hendrick v. Avis Rent A Car Sys., Inc., 944 F. Supp. 187, 189 (W.D.N.Y. 1996). 8

Mileski v. Locker, 178 N.Y.S.2d 911 (Sup. Ct. Queens Cnty. 1958)..... 8

Millenium Health LLC v. Gerlach, 15-cv-7235 (WHP)(JLC), 2015 WL 9257444, at * 2
 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 18, 2015) 12

<i>S.E.C. v. Yorkville Advisors, LLC</i> , 300 F.R.D. 152, 155 (S.D.N.Y. 2014)	16
<i>Shaeffler v. United States</i> , 806 F.3d 34, 40 (2d. Cir. Nov. 10, 2015)	15
<i>Stroh v. Gen. Motors Corp.</i> , 623 N.Y.S.2d 873, 874-75 (1st Dep’t 1995)	8
<i>United States v. Kovel</i> , 296 F.2d 918 (2d Cir. 1961).	10
<i>United States v. Schwimmer</i> , 892 F.2d 237 (2d Cir.1989)	11

Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell, by and through undersigned counsel, hereby submits this Response to Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Attorney-Client Privilege and Common Interest Privilege¹. For the reasons outlined below, the Court should deny Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Privileges.

INTRODUCTION

Without a single conferral (despite multiple email and telephonic contacts between counsel in the interim weeks), Plaintiff unilaterally and frivolously challenges the assertions of privilege properly contained on a valid privilege log that Ms. Maxwell produced in response to Plaintiff's First Request for Production of Documents to Ghislaine Maxwell. Plaintiff feigns ignorance that Ms. Maxwell has been represented by Messrs. Philip Barden, Mark Cohen and Brett Jaffe during the last five years, yet submits to the Court documents demonstrating not only their representation but also Plaintiff's knowledge of said representations. Plaintiff claims that the presence of Ms. Maxwell's agent Ross Gow on communications with her attorney destroyed the privilege, despite binding New York law to the contrary. Plaintiff asserts that Ms. Maxwell and Mr. Epstein and their counsel were not in a common interest agreement without once having conferred regarding that fact and with knowledge that all of the elements of a common interest agreement are satisfied in this case.

¹ Ms. Maxwell previously submitted a joint response (Doc. #42) to Plaintiff's Motions to Compel in which she argues that Plaintiff's failure to confer prior to filing her motions is, alone, grounds for this Court to deny her Motions. If the Court is inclined, however, to decide Plaintiff's Motions on the merits, Ms. Maxwell hereby submits a response to the merits of Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Privileges. This response is timely to Plaintiff's Motion, filed electronically on February 26, 2016.

Rule 37 requires a certification of good faith conferral, something Plaintiff concededly failed to do, in advance of filing a Motion to Compel. While Plaintiff wishes to pick and choose which Rules of Civil Procedure she thinks should apply to her litigation, the rules apply equally to both sides. Raising proper objections and interposing appropriate privileges are demanded by the Rules of Civil Procedure. Plaintiff's hyperbole regarding "stonewalling" and un-reasonable delays in discovery should be dismissed. All of the delays could have been prevented had she served Requests for Production that tailored to the issues in this case and not some book or media deals she hopes to fulfill in the future. Likewise, her frivolous positions concerning privilege have caused the delay she decries. Plaintiff's failure to confer, as well as the binding Second Circuit and New York case law, dictate that her Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Privileges should be denied.

ARGUMENT

I. Failure to Confer Fatal to Plaintiff's Motion

Plaintiff failed to confer regarding this Motion in advance of its filing and failed to include the required certificate pursuant to Rule 37(a)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (motion to compel "*must* include a certification that the movant has in good faith conferred or attempted to confer with the person or party failing to make disclosure or discovery in an effort to obtain it without court action"). This significant deficiency alone warrants the denial of this Motion. *See, e.g., Auto. Club of New York, Inc. v. Port Auth. Of New York & New Jersey*, No. 11 CIV. 6746 RKE HBP, 2012 WL 4791804, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 9, 2012) (failure to make any attempts to resolve any specific discovery disputes "alone is a sufficient ground for denying the motion [to compel]").

Issues concerning privilege such as Plaintiff presents here are precisely the type that should be the subject of conferral. Plaintiff could simply ask whether any particular attorney was representing Ms. Maxwell at a specific time. Plaintiff could ask for more detailed descriptions of documents on the privilege log. Plaintiff could ask why British law was asserted on the privilege log. Indeed, all of the cases cited by Plaintiff involve such conferrals prior to judicial intervention. Such conferral would not be futile in this case with respect to privileges going forward and this Court should enforce Plaintiff's Rule 37 obligations with respect thereto.

II. Defendant's Communications with Attorneys Philip Barden, Mark Cohen, and Brett Jaffe Are Protected by the Attorney-Client Communication Privilege (Entries 1, 2, 9 and 17)

A. Choice of Law

Regarding Ms. Maxwell's communications with Brett Jaffe in 2011 as noted on the privilege log, she does not dispute that these are covered by the attorney-client communication privilege as defined by New York state law. Mr. Jaffe is a New York attorney. Menninger Decl. at Ex. B. Similarly, Mark Cohen likewise is a New York attorney. *Id.* at Ex. C. Ms. Maxwell consulted both regarding litigation pending in the US. *Id.* at Ex. E, Maxwell Aff. at ¶ 9-12.

However, choice-of-law with respect to foreign attorney-client communications is governed by the "touch base" test. Under this test, the court must ascertain the country with which the communications "touch base." "[A] court should apply the law of the country that has the predominant or the most direct and compelling interest in whether [the] communications should remain confidential, unless that foreign law is contrary to the public policy of this forum." *Anwar v. Fairfield Greenwich Ltd.*, 982 F.Supp.2d 260, 264 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (quoting *Astra Aktiebolag v. Andrx Parms., Inc.*, 208 F.R.D. 92, 98 (S.D.N.Y. 2002)). "Communications concerning legal proceedings in the United States or advice regarding United States law are

typically governed by United States privilege law, while communications relating to foreign legal proceedings or foreign law are generally governed by foreign privilege law.” *Anwar, supra* (citing *Gucci Am., Inc. v. Guess?, Inc.*, 271 F.R.D. 58, 65 (S.D.N.Y. 2010)).

As will be described more fully below, the privilege concerning Ms. Maxwell’s communications with Mr. Barden should be construed pursuant to British law. Ms. Maxwell, a dual-British / American citizen, retained Mr. Barden for the purposes of securing legal advice from a British lawyer for potential litigation in England under British law concerning press statements that were made in the British press. *Id.* at Ex. E. Likewise, to the extent that Mr. Gow was a participant in communications as between Mr. Barden and Ms. Maxwell, those also should be construed pursuant to British law. Mr. Gow is a British press relations specialist, hired as an agent consistent with British law, to render assistance to Ms. Maxwell’s counsel in England, for purposes of potential litigation in England. *Id.*

Given the time allotted for response in connection with this Motion to Compel Documents Privileges and Plaintiff’s failure to confer regarding this issue, Ms. Maxwell has not had sufficient time to secure appropriate affidavits, documents and legal opinions concerning British law’s attorney-client privileges but has been advised that British law extends the attorney-client communication to any of a client’s agents (also considered “associates” of the client). Should the Court be inclined to overlook Plaintiff’s failure to confer, Ms. Maxwell respectfully requests an additional two weeks within which to secure appropriate documentation and supporting affidavits under British law with respect to the question of the attorney-client privilege under British law and its applicability to a client’s agents. *See also* Fed. R. Civ. P. 44.1 (permitting Court to consider “any relevant material or source” to determine issue of foreign law).

Without waiver of the choice-of-law issue, Ms. Maxwell submits that the privilege also applies to her communications under New York law and so provides argument and authority herein on that law as well.

B. Maxwell’s Communications with her Attorneys Are Privileged

The two Requests for Production Implicated in this Motion are:²

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 17

All documents relating to communications with you and Ross Gow from 2005 – present.

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 19

All documents relating to your deposition scheduled in the matter of Jane Doe v. Epstein, 08-80893, United States Southern District of Florida.

As argued elsewhere, both of these Requests are overly broad and not relevant to any party’s claim or “proportional to the needs of this case.” FRCP 26(b)(1). Ms. Maxwell interposed her objections and also produced a privilege log containing any documents responsive to these requests which were privileged, specifically, documents covered by the attorney-client privilege.

Ms. Maxwell has been represented at various times by attorneys Brett Jaffe, Mark Cohen and Philip Barden. Mr. Jaffe represented Ms. Maxwell in connection with a scheduled deposition. *See* Menninger Decl. at Ex. E, Maxwell Aff. at ¶ 9. After Mr. Jaffe left the firm, his successor on the case was Mark Cohen. Both Mr. Jaffe and Mr. Cohen were affiliated with the law firm Cohen & Gresser, LLP. Mr. Cohen, a named partner, is still associated with that firm. *See id.* at Ex. C.

² The entry number 9, a communication solely between Ms. Maxwell and her attorney Philip Barden, was erroneously placed on the Privilege Log. It is not responsive to any of Plaintiff’s discovery requests.

Ms. Maxwell also has been represented for quite some time in the United Kingdom by solicitor Philip Barden. Mr. Barden is a partner with Devonshires Solicitors. *See* Menninger Decl. at Ex. D. Devonshires Solicitors issued the cease and desist letter to the British press following Plaintiff's first paid interview with the *Daily Mail* in March 2011 in which she made false allegations about and concerning Ms. Maxwell. That cease and desist letter was attached to Defendant's Motion to Dismiss (Menninger Decl. in Support of Motion to Dismiss, Doc. #16-1, Ex. B) and to Plaintiff's Reply (McCawley Decl. in Reply, Doc. #24-2, Ex. 2).

Mr. Barden's representation of Ms. Maxwell relates to potential civil litigation in the United Kingdom concerning defamation. Ms. Maxwell's communications with Mr. Barden were made for the purpose of seeking and obtaining legal advice, and Mr. Barden provided such legal advice. Mr. Barden did not provide business advice to Ms. Maxwell. *See* Maxwell Aff. at ¶ 2. Likewise, Messrs. Jaffe and Cohen's representation of Ms. Maxwell related to and concerned a deposition. *Id.* at ¶ 9. Ms. Maxwell solicited legal advice from Messrs. Jaffe and Cohen for the purpose of that deposition and they in fact supplied legal advice.

Plaintiff speculates that Ross Gow "was involved in so many communications with Jaffe and Barden" that the purpose of the communications must have been public relations matters. First, not a single one of the communications with Jaffe involved Mr. Gow. Second, the privilege log does not contain all of the communications Plaintiff had with her attorneys. Rather, Plaintiff's Request Number 17 sought "all communications related to communications with you and Ross Gow from 2005 – present." Thus, the only communications with Mr. Barden on the privilege log are those between Mr. Gow and Mr. Barden in which Mr. Gow was a participant or which were otherwise included in other privileged communications.

Plaintiff further complains that Defendant's Rule 26 Disclosures revealed that Defendant "may" use the email communications between herself and Mr. Barden "to support Defendant's claims or defenses." (Pl.'s M. Compel at 11-12). Should Defendant choose to affirmatively waive her attorney-client privilege with Mr. Barden, those emails would likely lose their privileged status. However, that is not a decision Ms. Maxwell has yet reached, especially at this early stage of the litigation given she has not even filed her Answer or Counterclaims.

C. Plaintiff Well Aware These Attorneys Were Defendant's Counsel

Plaintiff knew or should have known at the time she filed this Motion to Compel that Messrs. Jaffe, Cohen and Barden were Ms. Maxwell's attorneys. In Plaintiff's Motion to Compel based on Improper Objections, she actually supplied to the Court an exhibit which lists Mr. Jaffe as Ms. Maxwell's counsel. (Pl.'s Mot. Compel - Objections, Ex. 8, Doc. #36-9 at 11). Likewise, Mr. Jaffe worked at Cohen & Gresser, LLP. *Id.* The named partner of Mr. Jaffe's firm is Mark Cohen, as a simple internet search confirms. Menninger Decl. at Ex. C. Thus, Plaintiff had in her possession and actually provided to the Court proof that Ms. Maxwell was represented by these two attorneys. Her assertion that Ms. Maxwell "has not even claimed that she has an attorney-client relationship with ... Jaffe" is patently frivolous. (Pl.'s M. Compel at 10). Likewise, her designation of Mark Cohen as a "non-attorney" (*id.* at 9) is similarly frivolous.

Further, Plaintiff submitted to the Court in Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss, a cease and desist letter issued by Devonshires Solicitors, Mr. Philip Barden's firm. *See* McCawley Decl. in Support of Plaintiff's Opp'n to Motion to Dismiss at Ex. 2. She also, admittedly, possesses Defendant's Rule 26 disclosures listing Mr. Barden as counsel for Ms. Maxwell and his communications with her as attorney-client privileged. (Pl.'s M. Compel at 11).

Finally, Ms. Maxwell's privilege log lists Mr. Barden and Mr. Jaffe as "Esq." and notes their communications are attorney-client privileged. Plaintiff presents no credible argument that Ms. Maxwell's communications with her counsel should not be afforded the attorney-client communication privilege.

Plaintiff's Motion with respect to entry numbers 1, 2, 9 and 17 should therefore be denied.

III. Communications Among Maxwell, Her Attorney, and Her Agent Protected by Attorney-Client Privilege (Entries 8, 10, 12, 13 and 18)

Without waiver of Ms. Maxwell's position that British law should control the question, even under New York law, Mr. Gow's participation in communications among and between Ms. Maxwell and her counsel are privileged.

"New York courts have recognized that the attorney-client privilege may attach to communications between a client's agent and an attorney." *Hendrick v. Avis Rent A Car Sys., Inc.*, 944 F. Supp. 187, 189 (W.D.N.Y. 1996). "As a general rule, a communication by a client to his attorney by any form of agency employed or set in motion by the client is within the privilege." *Mileski v. Locker*, 178 N.Y.S.2d 911 (Sup. Ct. Queens Cnty. 1958); *see also First Am. Commercial Bancorp, Inc. v. Saatchi & Saatchi Rowland, Inc.*, 868 N.Y.S.2d 425, 427 (4th Dep't 2001) ("[w]hile communications made between a defendant and counsel in the known presence of a third party generally are not privileged, an exception exists for 'one serving as an agent of either attorney or client'"); *Stroh v. Gen. Motors Corp.*, 623 N.Y.S.2d 873, 874-75 (1st Dep't 1995) ("communications made to counsel through ... one serving as an agent of ... [the] client to facilitate communication, generally will be privileged").

Mr. Ross Gow is the agent for Ms. Maxwell, as Plaintiff acknowledges. Complaint ¶ 29 (Maxwell "directed her agent, Ross Gow"); ¶ 30 ("speaking through her authorized agent").

Plaintiff wrongfully relies on *Egiazarayan v. Zalmayev*, 290 F.R.D. 421 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (Gorenstein, Magistrate J.). That case, unlike this one, involved a public-relations firm hired specifically for litigation purposes by counsel to conduct a litigation-related public relations campaign on behalf of the client. That public relations firm assisted in a media campaign thereafter, which was relevant to the lawsuit alleging violation of New York anti-SLAPP provision. The decision concerned a subpoena for documents that the client had shared with the public relations firm. *Id.* at *4.

By contrast, Mr. Gow acted as Ms. Maxwell's agent for a number of years. Maxwell Aff. at ¶ 6. He provided information to Mr. Barden, Ms. Maxwell's counsel, at Ms. Maxwell's request regarding press inquiries so as to further Mr. Barden's ability to give appropriate legal advice to Ms. Maxwell regarding potential defamation litigation in the United Kingdom. As Ms. Maxwell's agent, Mr. Gow's involvement in providing Mr. Barden with information was necessary and critical for Mr. Barden to render proper legal advice concerning, among other things, the law of "fair comment" under UK law. *Cf. In re Grand Jury Subpoenas Dated March 24, 2003*, 265 F.Supp.2d 321, 330 (S.D.N.Y. 2003) ("the ability of lawyers to perform some of their most fundamental client functions – such as (a) advising the client of the legal risks of speaking publicly and of the likely impact of possible alternative expressions, (b) seeking to avoid or narrow charges brought against the client, and (c) zealously seeking acquittal or vindication – would be undermined seriously if lawyers were not able to engage in frank discussions of facts and strategies with the lawyers' public relations consultants.").

This case is particularly distinguishable from those relied upon by Plaintiff because the very nature of the issue in this case is defamatory statements to the press and responses thereto. Whereas public relations may not be an integral topic to other litigations (or potential litigations),

the need for input from a client's agent who is a press specialist is particularly potent when the issue is fair comment, litigation against the British press or the ability to respond to false statements levied by Plaintiff in the British press and elsewhere. In a scenario such as this, the press specialist agent is as integral to the discussion as an accountant is to a litigation that concerns a client's finances. *See United States v. Kovel*, 296 F.2d 918 (2d Cir. 1961).

Additionally, the communications among Mr. Gow, Mr. Barden and Ms. Maxwell occurred between January 9-21, 2015, a period which post-dates the issuance of Ms. Maxwell's only statement to the press on January 2, 2015 (and the alleged reference back to that statement on January 4, 2015). *See* Complaint ¶¶ 30, 31, 37. Plaintiff has not demonstrated that these post-press release documents are relevant, nor calculated to lead to relevant and admissible evidence.³

Mr. Gow acted as Ms. Maxwell's agent in communications to, with and among Ms. Maxwell and her attorney, Mr. Philip Barden on dates subsequent to the press release at issue here. His provision of information was a necessary part of Mr. Barden's ability to give cogent legal advice to Ms. Maxwell concerning matters of litigation in the United Kingdom. To the extent that New York law even applies to those communications, it shields involvement of a client's agent and Plaintiff's Motion with respect to entry numbers 8, 10, 12, 13 and 18 should therefore be denied.

IV. Common Interest Privilege Protects Communications with Gow, Epstein and Others

“The purpose of the attorney-client privilege is to enable attorneys to give informed legal advice to clients, which would be undermined if an attorney had to caution a client about

³ Ms. Maxwell also objected to Request No. 17: “All documents relating to communications with you and Ross Gow from 2005 – Present” on grounds other than privilege, including *inter alia*, “calls for production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to the discovery of admissible evidence.” Plaintiff did not assert in her Motion to Compel – Improper Objections that the period subsequent to the issuance of the press release was relevant (See Doc. #35 at 17-18) and thus has waived that argument.

revealing relevant circumstances lest the attorney later be compelled to disclose those circumstances.” *Shaeffler v. United States*, 806 F.3d 34, 40 (2d. Cir. 2015). “While the privilege is generally waived by voluntary disclosure of the communication to another party, the privilege is not waived by disclosure of communications to a party that is engaged in a ‘common legal enterprise’ with the holder of the privilege. Under *United States v. Schwimmer*, 892 F.2d 237 (2d Cir.1989), such disclosures remain privileged ‘where a joint defense effort or strategy has been decided upon and undertaken by the parties and their respective counsel ... in the course of an ongoing common enterprise ... [and] multiple clients share a common interest about a legal matter.’ *Id.* at 243 ‘The need to protect the free flow of information from client to attorney logically exists whenever multiple clients share a common interest about a legal matter.’ *Id.* at 243.”⁴ (emphases added).

As New York’s Appellate Division, First Department recently found, “pending or reasonably anticipated litigation is not a necessary element of the common-interest privilege.” *Ambac Assur. Corp. v. Countrywide Home Loans, Inc.*, 998 N.Y.S.2d 329, 331 (1st Dep’t 2014). Moreover, “a total identity of interest among the participants is not required under New York law. Rather, the privilege applies where an interlocking relationship’ or a limited common purpose’ necessitates disclosure to certain parties.” *GUS Consulting GMBH v. Chadbourne & Parke LLP*, 858 N.Y.S.2d 591, 593 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. 2008) (internal citations omitted).

⁴ “The common interest privilege is an exception to the rule that the presence of a third party will waive a claim that a communication is confidential. It requires that the communication otherwise qualify for protection under the attorney-client privilege and that it be made for the purpose of furthering a legal interest or strategy common to the parties asserting it.” *San Diego Gas & Elec. Co. v. Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc.*, No. 150017/15, 2016 WL 634951, at *1 (1st Dep’t Feb. 18, 2016).

Importantly for purposes of this case, “[t]he joint defense privilege may apply as between two individuals within a joint defense effort, regardless of the presence of an attorney.” *Millenium Health LLC v. Gerlach*, 15-cv-7235 (WHP)(JLC), 2015 WL 9257444, at * 2 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 18, 2015). “If information that is otherwise privileged is shared between parties that have a common legal interest, the privilege is not forfeited even though no attorney either creates or receives that communication. For example, if an attorney provides legal advice to a client ... the client can repeat that advice to a co-defendant outside the presence of any attorney without causing the privilege to be waived.” *Gucci Am., Inc. v. Gucci*, No. 07–CV–6820 (RMB)(JCF), 2008 WL 5251989, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 15, 2008).

A. Maxwell and her attorneys were involved in a common interest agreement with Epstein and his attorneys.

Beginning at least on December 30, 2014, Ms. Maxwell and her attorneys were engaged in a common interest agreement with Mr. Epstein and his attorneys. On that date, Plaintiff filed a pleading in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida falsely alleging that Ms. Maxwell participated in sex crimes against Plaintiff and others and also falsely alleged that Ms. Maxwell conspired with Mr. Jeffrey Epstein in sex crimes committed by him.⁵ By her pleading, Plaintiff sought to join that Crime Victims’ Rights Act litigation pursuant to pursue a remedy: force the Government to withdraw its non-prosecution agreement against Mr. Epstein so that she could pursue charges against him and others, including Ms. Maxwell. Plaintiff’s sworn pleading contained false statements about both Ms. Maxwell and Mr. Epstein.

Her pleading was unsuccessful: In April 2015, District Court Judge Marra struck the portions of her pleading having to do with Ms. Maxwell and others, denied Plaintiff the ability to

⁵ Curiously, Plaintiff has not even provided this pleading which she references in Complaint under her Rule 26(a)(1) obligations.

join as a party to that case, and suppressed portions of her pleading from public access. Prior to that, in January 2015, Ms. Maxwell and Epstein both shared a common legal interest in defending themselves against Plaintiff's false allegations. The fact that neither Ms. Maxwell nor Epstein was a party to a litigation involving Plaintiff is immaterial to their shared legal interest. *Ambac*, 998 N.Y.S.2d at 331. Likewise, that common shared interest extended not only to their lawyers (Barden and Cohen for Maxwell; Weinstein and Dershowitz for Epstein), but also to Ms. Maxwell's agent, Ross Gow, who had issued the January 2, 2015, press statement.

B. Maxwell and Epstein's attorneys communicated with one another pursuant to the common interest agreement (Entry 16).

The attorneys orally engaged in to a common interest agreement and in reliance on that agreement, shared documents, legal advice, impressions and strategies with one another to facilitate their common goal of exposing Plaintiff's false statements. Entry number 16 on the privilege log reflects such communications between Plaintiff's attorney, Philip Barden, and Epstein's attorney, Martin Weinberg on January 12-13, 2015. The emails' subject lines read: "Attorney Privileged Communication – subject to mutual interest privilege," and the contents include both attorneys' mental impressions, references to evidence, litigation strategy decisions and the like. Indeed, the emails would not be responsive to any request made by Plaintiff but for the fact that Ms. Maxwell's attorney forwarded the email chain to her and she forwarded it to Epstein, as discussed more fully below.

C. Maxwell and Epstein shared their attorneys' respective legal advice, strategies and mental impressions pursuant to the common interest agreement (Entries 11-15).

Ms. Maxwell and Epstein forwarded to one another emails they had received from their respective counsel containing counsel's mental impressions, legal advice and litigation strategy.

- Entry number 11 is an email from Ms. Maxwell forwarding to Epstein (without comment) emails reflected in entries 12 and 13, that is, communications from her

own attorney, Mr. Barden, to her (as to which Mr. Gow was copied on one, and directed to Mr. Gow and copied to Ms. Maxwell as to the other). Mr. Barden provided in emails at entries 12 and 13, legal advice to Ms. Maxwell.

- Entry numbers 14 and 15 likewise reflect emails on January 11 and January 13 wherein (a) Epstein forwards to Ms. Maxwell a communication to and from his attorney (Alan Dershowitz in that case); (b) Epstein forwards to Ms. Maxwell a communication from his attorney (Martin Weinberg in that case) regarding Weinberg's communications with Barden, and (c) Ms. Maxwell forwards to Epstein emails from her counsel, Mr. Barden, containing Mr. Barden's legal advice and mental impressions.

“If an attorney provides legal advice to a client ... the client can repeat that advice to a co-defendant outside the presence of any attorney without causing the privilege to be waived.”

Gucci Am., 2008 WL 5251989, at *1; *accord Millenium Health*, 2015 WL 9257444, at * 2.

Pursuant to their common interest agreement, Ms. Maxwell and Mr. Epstein shared their lawyers' advice to one another via email and thus “outside the presence of any attorney,” without causing their privilege to be waived.

Plaintiff's Motion to Compel with Respect to entries 11-15 should therefore be denied.

D. Maxwell and Epstein exchanged documents pursuant to the common interest agreement in order to obtain legal advice (Entries 6, 7 and 19).

Similarly, Ms. Maxwell engaged in communications with Mr. Epstein reflecting exchanges of documents pursuant to the common interest agreement. As reflected at entries numbered 6 and 7, Ms. Maxwell requests of Mr. Epstein a particular document and then send a different document to Mr. Epstein (as well as his counsel, Mr. Dershowitz) of importance to their common interest in disproving Plaintiff's false allegations.

Similarly, in entry number 19 as pertains to the January 21 email, Ms. Maxwell forwarded to Epstein a communication (entry number 18) received from her agent that was sent to Barden for purposes of obtaining legal advice. In the same way that sharing one's lawyer's

legal advice with a fellow member of the common interest agreement does not waive the privilege, nor does the sharing of documents. *Gucci, supra* (“If information that is otherwise privileged is shared between parties that have a common legal interest, the privilege is not forfeited even though no attorney either creates or receives that communication.”).

E. Ms. Maxwell and Epstein shared information and advice to be forwarded to the others’ attorney for purposes of legal advice (Entries 14, 19 and 20).

Entry numbers 14, 19 and 20 contain some emails between Ms. Maxwell and Mr. Epstein which reflect the sharing of their respective opinions, recollections, requests for information and advice. The purpose of these communications was to communicate information to be shared with their respective counsel for purposes of seeking and receiving legal counsel. These communications ought likewise to be privileged under the common interest agreement. “The need to protect the free flow of information from client to attorney logically exists whenever multiple clients share a common interest about a legal matter.” *Shaeffler v. United States*, 806 F.3d 34, 40 (2d. Cir. Nov. 10, 2015) (quoting *United States v. Schwimmer*, 892 F.2d 237 (2d Cir.1989) (“While the privilege is generally waived by voluntary disclosure of the communication to another party, the privilege is not waived by disclosure of communications to a party that is engaged in a ‘common legal enterprise’ with the holder of the privilege.”)).

Plaintiff’s Motion to Compel as pertains to entry numbers 14, 19 and 20 that reflect communications between Ms. Maxwell and Epstein for purposes of sharing information with their attorneys should be denied as well.

V. Ms. Maxwell’s Privilege Log Is Sufficient

Finally, Plaintiff complains that Ms. Maxwell’s privilege log insufficiently describes the “subject matter” of the communications. Plaintiff cites three cases from the Southern District of

New York, describes them as “controlling precedent” and demands an *in camera* review of the subject documents.

First, Ms. Maxwell’s privilege log satisfies the requirements of FRCP 26(c)(5) and Local Rule 26.2(a)(2). Local Rule 26.2(a)(2)(A) governs “documents”⁶ and requires “(i) the type of document, e.g., letter or memorandum; (ii) the general subject matter of the document; (iii) the date of the document; and (iv) the author of the document, the addressees of the document, and any other recipients and, where not apparent, the relationship of the author, addressees, and recipients to each other.” Notably, the Local Rule exempts the requirements where “divulgence of such information would cause disclosure of the allegedly privileged information.” To have provided more detailed descriptions of the subject matter in this case would have revealed the privileged information contained within the documents and therefore the general descriptions are sufficient.

Second, this type of issue is ripe for conferral among the parties in advance of court intervention. The three cases cited by Plaintiff are instructive. In *Aurora Loan Servs., Inc. v. Posner, Posner & Assocs., P.C.*, 499 F.Supp.2d 475, 479 (S.D.N.Y. 2007), the privilege log did not indicate the nature of the privilege asserted nor the parties to the communications. Nevertheless, the parties engaged in conferral, after which additional documents and an amended privilege log were produced which still omitted key information. It was only then the magistrate judge found that the privilege had been waived. In *S.E.C. v. Yorkville Advisors, LLC*, 300 F.R.D. 152, 155 (S.D.N.Y. 2014), the privilege logs failed to include the identities of the parties, as well as the subjects of the communications. Over the course of nine months, the parties engaged in

⁶ Plaintiff erroneously cites to the requirements of Local Rule 26.2(a)(2)(B) which apply to “oral communications,” not relevant here.

several rounds of conferrals regarding the log, a pre-motion conference with the magistrate during which he found the log inadequate, and only then the requesting party sought leave to file a motion to compel.

Finally, in *Chevron Corp v. Donziger*, 2013 WL 4045326 (S.D.N.Y. 2013), the court held that, while the document descriptions were insufficient, the log nevertheless contained the authors, recipients, dates and specified a privilege and so the proper remedy was to afford the withholding party the “opportunity to supplement his privilege log with descriptions of communications adequate to allow [his opponent] to assess whether the privilege is properly asserted.” *Id* at *3. Moreover, the complaint about the privilege log in that case arose after several rounds of motions to compel over the course of months.

Ms. Maxwell’s privilege log complies with the Federal and Local Rules, any omitted information from the descriptions would have revealed the privileged information, and Plaintiff utterly failed to confer regarding any purported deficiencies. There is no ground for either finding a waiver of privilege or conducting an *in camera* review under these circumstances.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Ms. Maxwell requests that Plaintiff’s Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Privileges be denied. To the extent the Court is inclined to disallow Ms. Maxwell’s assertion of attorney-client privilege with respect to communications with British solicitor, Mr. Philip Barden, Ms. Maxwell requests an Order permitting two weeks additional time to secure affidavits and other materials pertinent to British law concerning attorney-client privilege, including its protection for agents of the client.

Alternatively, Ms. Maxwell requests the Court to hold the Motion in abeyance until such time as the parties have actually met and conferred regarding the Motion’s contents.

Dated: March 7, 2016.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorney for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 7, 2016, I electronically served this *DEFENDANT'S MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER CLAIM OF PRIVILEGE* via ECF on the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

/s/ Brenda Rodriguez

Brenda Rodriguez

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

Plaintiff,

v.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

Defendant.

-----X

.....

15-cv-07433-RWS

**DECLARATION OF LAURA A. MENNINGER
IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT’S RESPONSE TO
PLAINTIFF’S MOTION TO COMPEL PRODUCTION
OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER PRIVILEGE**

I, Laura A. Menninger, declare as follows:

1. I am an attorney at law duly licensed in the State of New York and admitted to practice in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. I am a member of the law firm Haddon, Morgan and Foreman. P.C., counsel of record for Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell (“Maxwell”) in this action. I respectfully submit this declaration in support of Maxwell’s Response to Plaintiff’s Motion to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Privilege.

2. Attached as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of the statement dated January 2, 2015, issued by Ross Gow on behalf of Ghislaine Maxwell.

3. Attached as Exhibit B is a true and correct copy of the attorney profile for Brett D. Jaffe of Alston & Bird, formerly of Cohen & Gresser, LLP.

4. Attached as Exhibit C is a true and correct copy of the attorney profile for Mark S. Cohen of Cohen & Gresser, LLP.

5. Attached as Exhibit D is a true and correct copy of the profile for Philip Barden of Devonshires Solicitors.

6. Attached as Exhibit E is a true and correct copy of Affidavit of Ghislaine Maxwell and two pertinent exhibits.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on March 7, 2016 in Denver, Colorado.

By: */s/ Laura A. Menninger*

Laura A. Menninger

EXHIBIT A

From: <ross@acuityreputation.com>
Date: 2 January 2015 at 20:38
Subject: Ghislaine Maxwell
To: Rossacuity Gow <ross@acuityreputation.com>
bcc: martin.robinson@mailonline.co.uk,
P.Peachey@independent.co.uk,
nick.sommerlad@mirror.co.uk,
david.brown@thetimes.co.uk,
nick.alway@bbc.co.uk,
jo-anne.pugh@bbc.co.uk

To Whom It May Concern,
Please find attached a quotable statement on behalf of Ms Maxwell.

No further communication will be provided by her on this matter.
Thanks for your understanding.
Best
Ross

Ross Gow
ACUITY Reputation

Jane Doe 3 is Virginia Roberts - so not a new individual. The allegations made by Victoria Roberts against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue. The original allegations are not new and have been fully responded to and shown to be untrue.

Each time the story is re told it changes with new salacious details about public figures and world leaders and now it is alleged by Ms Roberts that Alan Dershowitz is involved in having sexual relations with her, which he denies.

Ms Roberts claims are obvious lies and should be treated as such and not publicised as news, as they are defamatory.

Ghislaine Maxwell's original response to the lies and defamatory claims remains the same. Maxwell strongly denies allegations of an unsavoury nature, which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere and reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such old defamatory claims.

Sent from my BlackBerry® wireless device

EXHIBIT B



Brett D. Jaffe

Partner

brett.jaffe@alston.com

Mr. Jaffe's practice focuses on the litigation of complex corporate and commercial disputes; securities, shareholder and derivative litigation; corporate control and M&A litigation; and real estate litigation. Mr. Jaffe represents corporate and individual clients in many industry sectors at the trial and appellate levels in federal and state courts throughout the United States, as well as in arbitration and other ADR forums. He has particular expertise in representing hedge funds, private equity funds (and their portfolio companies), venture capital funds, investment advisory firms, and broker-dealers. Mr. Jaffe also has extensive experience in white-collar criminal and enforcement proceedings (including investigations undertaken by the DOJ, SEC, CFTC, FINRA and various other regulators), and internal investigations on behalf of corporations, boards of directors and audit/special committees.

Mr. Jaffe is a graduate of New York University School of Law. In addition to his extensive litigation experience, Mr. Jaffe served as a vice president at a multi-strategy hedge fund, where he was responsible for negotiating and structuring PIPE financing transactions and participated in the management of the fund's investment portfolio.

Experience

- Represented a group of hedge funds in connection with litigation brought in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against an Asian sovereign wealth fund, asserting violations of the federal securities laws in connection with debt offering.
- Represented a major U.S. broker-dealer and its affiliates in the defense of multidistrict litigation resulting from a failed leveraged buyout.
- Represented a leading U.S. broker-dealer in the defense of federal class action litigation arising out of an offering of approximately \$700 million of RMBS mortgage pass-through certificates. The matter settled on terms favorable to client.
- Represented a major U.S. broker-dealer in connection with a series of FINRA arbitration proceedings arising out of the sale of auction rate securities and the subsequent collapse of the auction rate securities market. Completed arbitrations have resulted in three outright victories for the client, resulting in denial of claims seeking aggregate damages in excess of \$250 million.
- Represented a major U.S. airline in successful litigation brought in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia against one of the world's largest hospitality companies, seeking expedited injunctive relief stemming from the breach of a joint marketing agreement between the parties.
- Represented a leading U.S. investment fund in connection with litigation arising out of a failed real estate and private equity transaction.
- Represented a Philadelphia-based investment advisory firm in the successful defense of litigation in the Eastern District of New York alleging breach of fiduciary duty and violations of the federal



Offices: New York
T: 212-210-9547
F: 212-210-9444

Related Services

Litigation

Class Action

Financial Services
Litigation

Government & Internal
Investigations

Securities Litigation

Commercial

Education

New York University
(J.D., 1997)

University of Michigan
(B.A., 1994)

Admitted To Practice

New York

ERISA statute.

- Represented a major Houston-based oil and gas production and marketing company in connection with litigation in the Southern District of New York alleging breach of contract, fraud and conversion in connection with a series of complex oil and gas financing transactions. Obtained complete dismissal of the litigation in the district court and argued appeal in the Second Circuit, affirming the dismissal.
- Represented a major Texas-based hedge fund in connection with a complex civil litigation brought in the Commercial Division of the New York State Supreme Court relating to the client's participation in a lending syndicate under a credit facility and the borrower's (a major television station owner) alleged violation of various financial covenants in the operative credit agreement.
- Represented a major U.S. airline in connection with litigation in the Southern District of New York and the Western District of North Carolina related to contract disputes arising out of the airline's lease of several Boeing 737 commercial aircraft.
- Represented a former senior corporate executive in connection with various civil litigations related to the alleged back-dating of employee stock options.
- Represented a leading global investment banking, securities and investment management firm and several of its investment funds and senior executives in connection with litigation alleging fraudulent conveyance, breach of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment, and professional malpractice claims arising out of the leveraged buyout of an entity in which the funds held a significant private equity stake.
- Represented a major media company and a number of its senior officers and directors in connection with all civil litigation, including various shareholder class actions and derivative cases, arising out of the media company's sale of a biopharma company's stock.
- Represented a manufacturer of natural hand sanitizer and surface disinfectant products in connection with an investigation by the Maryland Attorney General's Office related to sales practices and advertising claims.
- Represented the president of a Dallas-based natural gas trading firm in connection with a joint investigation by the CFTC and Manhattan District Attorney's Office alleging impropriety in natural gas futures trading.
- Represented a senior corporate executive in connection with a Department of Justice investigation of alleged price-fixing in the market for TFT-LCD display panels.
- Represented a major broker-dealer in connection with parallel SEC and USAO investigations relating to the alleged misuse of material non-public information in the client's retail and institutional equities businesses.
- Represented the former general counsel of a major securities exchange in connection with an SEC investigation and subsequent Wells process related to the exchange's option-order handling rules.

News

- **Alston & Bird Client Blu Funds Wins Ruling on Sovereign Immunity**

On behalf of client Blu Funds, Alston & Bird secured a significant victory in the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.

February 11, 2016 Press Release

- **Alston & Bird Welcomes Brett Jaffe to Its Litigation & Trial Practice Group**

Alston & Bird today announced Brett Jaffe has joined the firm's New York office as a partner in the Litigation & Trial Practice Group.

June 16, 2014 In the News

Publications

- **"TRENDS in Litigation," Winter 2015**

Trends features updates on key litigation issues and highlights Alston & Bird's broad and diverse litigation practices. Our Winter 2015 edition is filled with a variety of short articles addressing interesting and timely topics.

January 7, 2015 Publications

- "Litigation: Lessons Learned from the Dell Saga in Going-Private Transactions," *InsideCounsel*, January 9, 2014.

January 9, 2014 Publications

- "Litigation: Delaware Court Decision Lowers Bar for Insurgent Director Slates," *InsideCounsel*, December 26, 2013.

December 26, 2013 Publications

- "Litigation: Forcing the Foreign Debtor to Keep Its Promises," *InsideCounsel*, December 12, 2013.

December 12, 2013 Publications

- "Litigation: The Erosion of the Fraud-on-the-Market Presumption of Reliance in Securities Class Action," *InsideCounsel*, December 5, 2013.

December 5, 2013 Publications

Memberships and Affiliations

- Member, American Bar Association (Co-Chair, Private Equity Litigation Sub-Committee, Section of Litigation)
- Member, Federal Bar Council
- Member, Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA)

EXHIBIT C

COHEN & GRESSER LLP

Mark S Cohen

Partner



Mark Cohen is a partner of the firm, which he co-founded in 2002, and is head of the firm's Litigation and Arbitration and White Collar Defense groups. Mark's litigation practice includes complex commercial litigation, real estate litigation, shareholder, securities, and derivatives litigation, corporate control and M&A litigation, and antitrust litigation. He also focuses on white collar defense, regulatory enforcement, and internal investigations, where he represents companies, financial institutions, corporate boards and their committees, and individual clients in

white collar criminal cases, federal and state regulatory proceedings, proceedings before self-regulatory organizations, and corporate internal investigations.

Since 2011, he has served as a court-appointed monitor for the largest fire department in the country following his appointment by the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York. The monitorship involves implementing the Court's remedial order following a lawsuit alleging racial discrimination.

Mark is a magna cum laude graduate of the University of Michigan Law School, where he was a Note Editor of the Law Review. He formerly practiced with Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson and served as an Assistant United States Attorney for the Eastern District of New York.

Mark has been selected by Chambers USA guide as a "Leading Individual" in the White Collar Crime and Government Investigations category each year since 2013, is regularly recognized by The Best Lawyers in America in the Criminal Defense: White Collar category, and has been a member of Law360's editorial advisory board for its white collar coverage since 2014. He has also been named a "Local Litigation Star" in the last four editions of Benchmark Litigation and has been included as one of New York's Super Lawyers for Business Litigation each year since 2008. In 2014 and 2015, Mark was selected by Super Lawyers as one of the top 100 lawyers in the New York metropolitan area.

Practice Areas

Litigation and Arbitration

Civil Antitrust

Class Action Defense

Commercial Litigation

Securities Litigation

White Collar Defense

Criminal Antitrust

Criminal Defense

FCPA/Anti-Corruption

Internal Investigations

Regulatory Enforcement

Education

University of Michigan Law School (J.D., magna cum laude, 1987); Cornell University (B.A., Phi Beta Kappa, 1984)

Bar Admissions

New York State; U.S. District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York; U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit

Activities and Affiliations

Board of Trustees, Federal Bar Council

Member, Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (Compliance and Legal Division)

Member, Law360 Editorial Advisory Board (for White Collar Coverage)

Former Co-Chair, Securities Subcommittee of the Committee on Commercial and Business Litigation, American Bar Association

Member, American Bar Association (Section on Litigation)

Board of Trustees, Supreme Court Historical Society

Member, New York City Bar Association

Board of Directors, New York Council of Defense Lawyers, 2008-2011

Member, UJA-Federation of New York (Lawyers Division, Criminal Law Group)

EXHIBIT D

Philip
Barden
Partner



HOW CAN WE HELP?

Type and hit enter to search

“A hard nosed litigator” Legal
500





HOME STRENGTHS PEOPLE NEWS EVENTS

PUBLICATIONS JOIN US CONTACT US

notable cases / recent work

Philip has also been assisting soldiers in various police enquiries being under taken in Northern Ireland as part of the Bloody Sunday Inquiry

Philip has been undertaking investigations into fraud and also to identify anonymous bloggers abusing social media

News & Press

Philip is regularly quoted in the press, including the Solicitors Journal, Inside Housing and the New Law Journal.

Awards

Philip was the winner of the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution award for 2015

EXHIBIT E

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X

VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

Plaintiff,

v.

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

Defendant.

15-cv-07433-RWS

-----X

AFFIDAVIT OF GHISLAINE MAXWELL

I, Ghislaine Maxwell, swear and affirm as follows:

1. On March 4, 2011, I hired Philip Barden of Devonshires Solicitors in London, England to represent me with respect to legal matters in England & Wales. He has represented me continuously since that time.

2. I sought and received legal advice from Mr. Barden concerning my rights in the United Kingdom to pursue defamation claims. I never sought or received business advice from Mr. Barden.

3. Mr. Barden's legal advice to me concerned matters of English law. To my knowledge, he is not admitted to practice law in the United States.

4. My communications with Mr. Barden were made for the purpose of receiving legal advice from him. I expected that my communications with Mr. Barden would remain confidential.

5. On March 10, 2011, Mr. Barden issued a cease and desist statement to the British press concerning Virginia Roberts' false allegations about me and fabrication of events published in the British press. That cease and desist statement is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

6. At the same time I hired Mr. Barden, I hired Ross Gow to act as my agent. As my agent, my communications with Mr. Barden to which Mr. Gow was privy are covered by attorney-client privilege in the United Kingdom as well as my contract with Mr. Barden.

7. Mr. Gow issued a statement to the British Press on my behalf on January 2, 2015. That statement is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

8. I did not issue any statement thereafter concerning or relating to Virginia Roberts or the matters alleged by her, either in the British press or elsewhere.

9. In 2009, I hired Brett Jaffe of Cohen & Gesser LLP to represent me in connection with a deposition notice and related matters in the United States.

10. Mr. Jaffe represented me for several years.

11. At some point, Mr. Jaffe left Cohen & Gesser, LLP. After he left, Mark Cohen, also of Cohen & Gesser, LLP, continued as my legal counsel.

12. My communications with Mr. Jaffe and Mr. Cohen were made for the purpose of receiving and soliciting legal advice from them.

13. I expected that my communications with Mr. Jaffe and Mr. Cohen would remain confidential.

14. I understand attorney Martin Weinberg to be acting as an attorney for Mr. Jeffrey Epstein. That representation has spanned several years, including 2015.

15. I understand that Alan Dershowitz also represented Mr. Jeffrey Epstein for many years.

16. I understood that my communications to Mr. Epstein concerning legal advice were to be confidential as pursuant to a common interest agreement between us and our respective counsel.

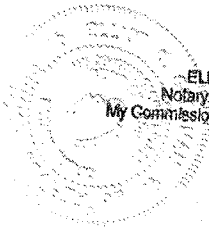
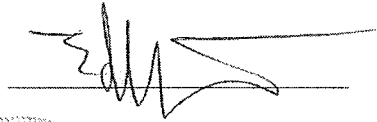
I affirm under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.



Ghislaine Maxwell

STATE OF MA)
COUNTY OF Suffolk)

Subscribed and sworn to me, this 7th day of March, 2016 by Ghislaine Maxwell.



ELLIOT C. GOLDMAN
Notary Public, Massachusetts
My Commission Expires September 28, 2018

PR Hub

Subscribe by Email...

Share this page

Breaking News | Entertainment | Sports | Business | Politics | Science | Technology | Odd News | Health | Law

More

Statement on Behalf of Ghislaine Maxwell

BY DEVONSHIRES SOLICITORS, PRNE
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9, 2011

LONDON, March 10, 2011 - Ghislaine Maxwell denies the various allegations about her that have appeared recently in the media. These allegations are all entirely false.

It is unacceptable that letters sent by Ms Maxwell's legal representatives to certain newspapers pointing out the truth and asking for the allegations to be withdrawn have simply been ignored.

In the circumstances, Ms Maxwell is now proceeding to take legal action against those newspapers.

"I understand newspapers need stories to sell copies. It is well known that certain newspapers live by the adage, "why let the truth get in the way of a good story." However, the allegations made against me are abhorrent and entirely untrue and I ask that they stop," said Ghislaine Maxwell.

"A number of newspapers have shown a complete lack of accuracy in their reporting of this story and a failure to carry out the most elementary investigation or any real due diligence. I am now taking action to clear my name," she said.

Media contact:

Ross Gow
Acuity Reputation
Tel: +44-203-008-7790
Mob: +44-7778-755-251
Email: ross@acuityreputation.com

Media contact: Ross Gow, Acuity Reputation, Tel: +44-203-008-7790, Mob: +44-7778-755-251, Email: ross at acuityreputation.com

Filed under: Government and Policy, Law, Media

Tags: Devonshires Solicitors, London, March 10, United Kingdom

GOVERNMENT AND POLICY NEWS

CSA Group Selects Frankfurt, Germany for new European Headquarters

The First International Gateway to Africa Conference in Geneva: Africa's Challenges Today and Tomorrow

Central Saint Martins and Method Launch Accelerator to Drive Innovation and Support UK Economic Growth

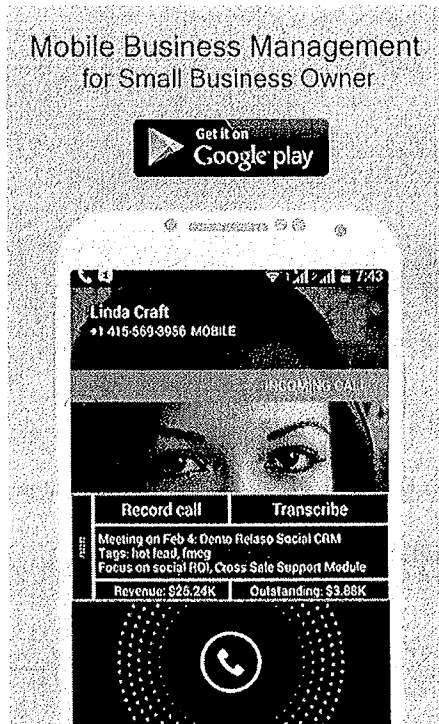
North East Lincolnshire Council Employees' Ideas Win Votes

MARCH 10 NEWS

Tech Mahindra Opens a new Development Centre in Bonn, Germany

Website Optimisation and Internet Marketing From Weblinx

Sir Paul McCartney Supports BUAV Campaign to end Cruel



Older News

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12

Exhibit A

From: <ross@acuityreputation.com>
Date: 2 January 2015 at 20:38
Subject: Ghislaine Maxwell
To: Rossacuity Gow <ross@acuityreputation.com>
bcc: martin.robinson@mailonline.co.uk,
P.Peachey@independent.co.uk,
nick.sommerlad@mirror.co.uk,
david.brown@thetimes.co.uk,
nick.alway@bbc.co.uk,
jo-anne.pugh@bbc.co.uk

To Whom It May Concern,
Please find attached a quotable statement on behalf of Ms Maxwell.

No further communication will be provided by her on this matter.
Thanks for your understanding.
Best
Ross

Ross Gow
ACUITY Reputation

Jane Doe 3 is Virginia Roberts - so not a new individual. The allegations made by Victoria Roberts against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue. The original allegations are not new and have been fully responded to and shown to be untrue.

Each time the story is re told it changes with new salacious details about public figures and world leaders and now it is alleged by Ms Roberts that Alan Dershowitz is involved in having sexual relations with her, which he denies.

Ms Roberts claims are obvious lies and should be treated as such and not publicised as news, as they are defamatory.

Ghislaine Maxwell's original response to the lies and defamatory claims remains the same. Maxwell strongly denies allegations of an unsavoury nature, which have appeared in the British press and elsewhere and reserves her right to seek redress at the repetition of such old defamatory claims.

Sent from my BlackBerry® wireless device

Exhibit B

GM_00068

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

USDC SDNY
DOCUMENT
ELECTRONICALLY FILED
DOC #:
DATE FILED: 3/8/16

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

Plaintiff,

- against -

15 Civ. 7433 (RWS)

O R D E R

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,


Defendant.
-----X

Sweet, D.J.

Plaintiff's motions to compel, filed February 26, and
Defendant's motion for a protective order, filed March 2, 2016,
shall be heard at noon on March 31, 2016 in Courtroom 18C, United
States Courthouse, 500 Pearl Street.

It is so ordered.

New York, NY
March 6, 2016


ROBERT W. SWEET
U.S.D.J.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,
v.
GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.
-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

**DEFENDANT’S REPLY IN FURTHER SUPPORT OF
MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER**

Laura A. Menninger
HADDON, MORGAN, AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
303.831.7364

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	1
ARGUMENT	3
I. PLAINTIFF’S PROPOSED ORDER IS INADEQUATE AND CONTRARY TO FED. R. CIV. P. 26.....	3
A. The Proposed Opening Paragraph and the Purposes and Limitations Paragraph are Based on False Premises	3
B. The Proposed Changes to Paragraph 3 are Unnecessary	4
C. The Proposed Changes to Paragraph 4 Gut the Protective Order	5
D. The Proposed Changes to Paragraph 5 Make the Order Unenforceable	6
E. Adopting the Proposed Changes to Paragraph 11 Would Make the Disclosure Process Cumbersome and Unpredictable	7
F. Proposed Paragraph 13 Adds Another Layer of Unnecessary Uncertainty	7
G. Proposed Paragraph 14 Should Be Subject to a Reasonable Time Limitation	8
H. Paragraph 15 Fails for the Same Reasons as Paragraph 5	8
CONCLUSION.....	8

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Martindell v. Int’l Tel. & Tel. Corp., 594 F.2d 291, 295 (2d Cir. 1979) 2

Seattle Times Company v. Rhinehart, 467 U.S. 20, 35 (1984) 2

Securities and Exchange Commission v. Gilbert, 79 F.R.D. 683 (S.D.N.Y. 1978)..... 3

United States v. Hines, 110 A.F.T.R.2d 2012-6363, 2012 WL 5182910 (E.D.N.Y. Oct. 17, 2012)
..... 3

United States v. Parcels of Land, 903 F.2d 36, 43 (1st Cir. 1990)..... 3

INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff's response to a routine request for a plain vanilla protective order is both disturbing and revealing. It is disturbing because Plaintiff incorrectly and disingenuously attempts to re-cast the history of discovery issues in this case to support her equally disingenuous "non-protective" order. Revealing, because the "non-protective" order proposed by Plaintiff exposes her true motives: First, her continued desire to use this Court and the discovery process to promote her fantastical story to the media; second, her tactical plan to bully potential witnesses into silence by inappropriate threat of criminal prosecution. The Court should reject the "non-protective" order proposed by Plaintiff and enter the reasonable, and enforceable, order submitted by Ms. Maxwell.

The True Facts

Plaintiff, on February 4, 5 and 12, 2016, unilaterally and without conferral noticed a number of depositions in Florida and New York to occur shortly after the notices were served. It would have been obvious to any experienced trial lawyer that it was unlikely, given the short time frame, lack of notice, and significant travel, that opposing counsel would not be available on dates chosen without conferral in contravention of this Court's Local Rule 26.4. Not surprisingly, Counsel for Ms. Maxwell was unavailable on the dates unilaterally selected by Plaintiff.

Counsel for Ms. Maxwell attempted to have a professional conversation about an orderly discovery plan and, contemporaneously with that request, on February 12, suggested that the parties present a stipulated motion for protective order to the Court. Counsel for Ms. Maxwell received no response to this request and, accordingly, on February 20, sent a draft of a protective order to Plaintiff. This draft was, at first, ignored. When pressed, Plaintiff provided a revised

protective order that contains traps and loopholes rendering it meaningless. Thus, Ms. Maxwell was forced to file her request for a protective order with the Court.

Ms. Maxwell has a real need for a protective order in this case. Plaintiff and her counsel have made numerous statements to the media about Ms. Maxwell and others. Plaintiff, in this matter, has repeatedly attached transcripts from unrelated matters, news articles about public figures, material obtained from government investigations, and discovery obtained in other cases to her hyperbolic pleadings. These attachments appear to be directed at the media as they have no real relation to any issues before the Court. The attachments are simply a mechanism to make information available to the media in the hope of generating publicity. Likewise, and in contravention of this Court's Practice Standards 1(A), Plaintiff attaches correspondence between counsel while misrepresenting the facts relating to those communications.

The Law

Under Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure any party may move the court, for good cause shown, for a protective order regarding pretrial discovery "which justice requires to protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression or undue burden or expense." Fed. R.Civ.P. 26(c). "Although the Rule contains no specific reference to privacy or to other rights or interests that may be implicated, such matters are implicit in the broad purpose and language of the Rule." *Seattle Times Company v. Rhinehart*, 467 U.S. 20, 35 (1984).

Confidentiality orders are intended "to 'secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination' of civil disputes by encouraging full disclosure of all evidence that might conceivably be relevant." *Martindell v. Int'l Tel. & Tel. Corp.*, 594 F.2d 291, 295 (2d Cir. 1979). Unless protective orders are "fully and fairly enforceable," persons relying upon such orders will be inhibited from providing essential testimony and information in civil litigation, "thus

undermining a procedural system that has been successfully developed over the years for disposition of civil differences.” *Id.*

ARGUMENT

I. PLAINTIFF’S PROPOSED ORDER IS INADEQUATE AND CONTRARY TO FED. R. CIV. P. 26

A. The Proposed Opening Paragraph and the Purposes and Limitations Paragraph are Based on False Premises

The “Opening Paragraph” of Plaintiff’s proposed protective order falsely claims that she is a victim, other witnesses are victims, and Ms. Maxwell is a perpetrator. Thus, according to Plaintiff, the language of a standard, neutral, protective order must be changed to accommodate only those claiming to be victims and not those falsely accused. Plaintiff cites no authority for this proposal which is inapposite to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 and the law of this Circuit. It is a regular practice for courts to include language in protective orders that protect the interests of parties and witnesses who may be accused of crimes. *See, e.g., Martindell, supra; United States v. Parcels of Land*, 903 F.2d 36, 43 (1st Cir. 1990) (acknowledging that the district court had entered a protective order prohibiting the use of the claimant’s “deposition transcript, interrogatory answers and affidavit in any criminal proceeding brought against him by the United States Attorney for the District of Massachusetts,” with certain exceptions); *Securities and Exchange Commission v. Gilbert*, 79 F.R.D. 683, 687 (S.D.N.Y. 1978) (ordering the SEC “not to furnish the U.S. Attorney specially with any information procured in the course of discovery in this case”). Protective orders can also serve as “an accommodation to defendants that are entitled to assert their Fifth Amendment rights in a civil lawsuit involving the government.” *United States v. Hines*, 110 A.F.T.R.2d 2012-6363, 2012 WL 5182910, at *4 (E.D.N.Y. Oct. 17, 2012). The Eastern District of New York discussed “the intersection of a court’s power to issue a protective

order prohibiting the use of discovery obtained in a civil litigation in other proceedings, and a party's constitutional right to assert the Fifth Amendment privilege” *Id.* at *3. The court held, in part, that the magistrate judge had not erred by issuing a protective order “despite the potential burden it may place on the government's ability to bring parallel civil and criminal proceedings” *Id.* at *7.

Plaintiff quibbles with the language describing the information to be protected, claiming that it is “overbroad.” This language, however, is not Defendant’s creation, it is taken almost verbatim from Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c)(1) which states: “The court may, for good cause, issue an order to protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense....”

Plaintiff proposes a Purposes and Limitations revision to include a “good faith” certification. Counsel for Ms. Maxwell understand their professional obligations under the Rules of Civil Procedure and the Rules of Professional Conduct. They have and will act pursuant to those rules. No such provision is needed to regulate the conduct of Ms. Maxwell’s lawyers.

B. The Proposed Changes to Paragraph 3 are Unnecessary

Plaintiff takes exception to the use of the word “implicates” and substitutes “covered by” and then proceeds to provide her own definition of “covered by” which cannot be found in any dictionary. In fact, use of the colloquial phrase “covered by” is imprecise and subject to many interpretations as the word “covered” has, depending on the dictionary, 13 to 14 definitions including defining a sexual act between horses. *See, e.g.* “Cover,” *Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary*, 2015 ed., available at www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/cover (last accessed March 9, 2016); *see also* “Cover,” *Cambridge Dictionaries Online*, 2016 ed., available at dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/English/cover (last accessed March 9, 2016). Implicates,

on the other hand, is easily understood and means: to involve as a consequence, corollary, or natural inference. “Implicate,” *Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary*, 2015 ed.

Plaintiff wants to add the phrase “or any non-party that was subject to sexual abuse.” The obvious question raised by this proposal is: According to whom? Will the parties be able to challenge the claim of the non-party that the individual was “subject to sexual abuse.” The protective order proposed by Ms. Maxwell covers this problem by allowing either party to designate information as confidential. Under Ms. Maxwell’s proposal if the Plaintiff wanted to designate the information of a non-party as confidential she could, without any “sexual abuse” qualifier.

C. The Proposed Changes to Paragraph 4 Gut the Protective Order

Paragraph 4 provides: “Confidential information shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose except the preparation and trial of this case.” Plaintiff suggests adding: “and any related matter, including but not limited to, investigations by law enforcement.” The use of the slippery phrase “and any related matter, including but not limited to” makes any order meaningless. With this language Plaintiff would be free to claim anything is a “related matter” and disseminate confidential information to anyone.

As discussed above, protection from government investigations is a valid and “vital function” of a protective order under F.R.C.P. 26(c). *Martindell, supra*, at 295. Given that the allegations relating to Plaintiff’s claims, depending on the version, occurred over a decade ago, the likelihood of any prosecution related to Plaintiff, as an alleged victim, appears unlikely. However, Plaintiff seems to want the specter of some theoretical prosecution to hang over this case as a scare tactic. A witness adverse to Plaintiff would be reluctant to testify and may be bullied into asserting a Fifth Amendment privilege to avoid the potential of information being forwarded to a prosecutor by the Plaintiff or her lawyers.

D. The Proposed Changes to Paragraph 5 Make the Order Unenforceable

Plaintiff proposes to dilute the enforceability of the order by adding the following to the list of people who can lawfully possess the information: “(h) any person (1) who authored or received the particular Protected Material; (2) who has or had at any point in time access to the Protected Material outside of the context of this action; or (3) for which there is a good faith basis to conclude that the individual has earlier received or seen such Protected Material; and (j) any other person by written agreement of the parties or by Order of a Court of competent jurisdiction.”

Proposed subsection (h)(1) seems to apply to anyone who is the recipient of the Protected Material. Thus, an email or postage stamp renders the order meaningless. Plaintiff’s (h)(2) makes it virtually impossible for an aggrieved party to enforce the order because the person in possession of the Protected Material simply has to claim that they, at any point in time, “had access to” the Protected Material. “Access to” is a very broad term. A burglar has “access to” an unprotected house. A hacker has “access to” an unprotected computer. Simply because someone has “access to” something does not confer the right to have it. And, it would be time consuming, expensive, and likely futile to attempt to prove when someone did, or did not, have “access to” the material.

Subsection (h)(3) further muddies Plaintiff’s murky swamp of disclosure. If Plaintiff or her lawyers have a “good faith basis to conclude” that someone has either “received” (and apparently not looked at) or “seen” (which would imply receipt followed by viewing) Plaintiff or her lawyers can disseminate Protected Material to that person. Seemingly, if either Plaintiff or her lawyers are tricked by someone in the press or otherwise and have a “good faith” but

mistaken “basis to conclude” that the reporter has at some time “received” or “seen” the material they are free from sanctions.

E. Adopting the Proposed Changes to Paragraph 11 Would Make the Disclosure Process Cumbersome and Unpredictable

As originally proposed, paragraph 11 provides for a very straightforward and predictable process: a party designates information that she deems confidential as such; the other party can object, in writing, to the designation. If the parties can resolve the disagreement within 10 days it is resolved without Court intervention. If not, it is incumbent on the objecting party to file a motion asking for the Court’s assistance in resolving the matter.

Plaintiff’s proposal, however, allows an unlimited amount of time to object to a confidentiality designation. Invariably, this will lead to some attempt to game the process by delaying the objection process. Moreover, if something is designated as confidential and the parties rely on that designation it would be inappropriate to then, potentially months after the fact, litigate the designation. This proposal results in sloppy work and an unreliable process. In addition, Plaintiff in her proposed paragraph 11 has injected a new category of designation, “highly confidential-attorneys’ eyes only.” It is unclear why this designation would apply in this case and this designation, if appropriate, should be subject to a different, more individualized process. And, the “highly confidential” documents are not referenced in paragraph 12. Presumably these types of documents would be destroyed at the conclusion of the case.

F. Proposed Paragraph 13 Adds Another Layer of Unnecessary Uncertainty

Ms. Maxwell’s proposed protective order does not limit any party’s ability to restrict documents. Accordingly, should Plaintiff or Ms. Maxwell believe that a non-party’s deposition contains confidential information either party is free to designate it as such. If neither of the

parties believed that the information should be afforded confidential treatment it makes no sense for a non-party to, apparently at any time, request confidential treatment. If a non-party has a particular interest that is inconsistent with that of the parties they are free to request a separate protective order that addresses that concern.

G. Proposed Paragraph 14 Should Be Subject to a Reasonable Time Limitation

Ms. Maxwell does not object to the addition of a provision that allows either party to claw back documents inadvertently not designated as Confidential. However, without any restriction as to the time each party has to exercise this right, the burden on the receiving party of “undertaking best efforts to retrieve all previously distributed copies from any recipients now ineligible to access the Protected Material” can become unreasonably onerous. Ms. Maxwell thus proposes that paragraph 14 be modified to require that the producing party be given a reasonable time, not to exceed thirty days, to claw back any inadvertently undesignated document.

H. Paragraph 15 Fails for the Same Reasons as Paragraph 5

Paragraph 15 is a restatement of Plaintiff’s proposed changes to paragraph 5 and fails for the same reasons.

CONCLUSION

The Orders of a United States District Court Judge should be understandable and enforceable. The language proposed by Plaintiff renders the Protection Order neither. The Protective Order offered by Ms. Maxwell is neutral, understandable, and enforceable. It is the type of order routinely entered in U.S. District Courts and should be entered in this case.

Dated: March 9, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorney for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 9, 2016, I electronically served this *DEFENDANT'S REPLY IN FURTHER SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER* via ECF on the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

/s/ Nicole Simmons

Nicole Simmons



ADVERTISEMENT

to less financial runar
and aggravation.

THE CFPB CAN

WORLD

SOMALY MAM FOUNDATION CLOSES

BY TAYLOR WOFFORD ON 10/20/14 AT 6:28 PM

*Cited in Giuffre v Maxwell
15Civ7433 Decided 2/26/16
Archived on 3/7/16
This document is protected by copyright.
Further reproduction is prohibited without permission.*



Somaly Mam, left, and actress Susan Sarandon attend the Somaly Mam Foundation NYC benefit gala in 2009.

AMY SUSSMAN/GETTY

WORLD

SOMALY MAM

The Somaly Mam Foundation, a nonprofit organization dedicated to combating sex trafficking in Cambodia, has “officially ceased all operations, ended all grant funding and permanently closed [its] doors,” the foundation announced in a statement October 18.

Although the statement, signed by the foundation’s former board of directors, did not say why it had shut its doors for good, the foundation and its eponymous founder, Somaly Mam, have hemorrhaged popular support after journalist Simon Marks wrote a cover story about Mam for *Newsweek* in May.

In his story, Marks showed that many details of Mam’s life story—including her tale of being abandoned by her parents and raised by a tyrannical character she called “Grandfather,” who later sold her into sexual slavery—were fabrications. He also reported that Mam had instructed young Cambodian girls to lie about their pasts as sex slaves to drum up backing for the Somaly Mam Foundation. Marks interviewed employees of AFESIP, Mam’s charity in Cambodia, one of whom called Mam “tyrannical,” “moody,” “erratic” and “entitled,” a far cry from her beneficent public image.

Try Newsweek for only **\$1.25 per week**

In April, before that story appeared in *Newsweek*, but after Marks had made repeated requests for an interview with Mam as part of his reporting for *Newsweek* and *Cambodia Daily*, Gina Reiss-Wilchins, the Somaly Mam Foundation’s executive director, announced the foundation had retained the law firm Goodwin Procter to conduct an independent investigation into questions about Mam and her methods. The results of that investigation were not released to the public, but, “as a result of

Goodwin Procter's efforts," the board accepted Mam's resignation from the foundation at the end of May.

In a statement from June that has vanished along with most of its website, the Somaly Mam Foundation announced it would rebrand, rename and relaunch itself in the wake of *Newsweek's* cover story and the subsequent independent investigation by Goodwin Procter.

Mam gave no interviews and made no attempt to defend herself until September, when she spoke to journalist Abigail Pesta for *Marie Claire*. "I was not silent," Mam told Pesta. "I had so many lives to fix." In her story, Pesta wrote Mam's retreat from the spotlight "reveal[s] a cultural chasm." Pesta wrote:

In the West—where media savvy is part of the drill of being famous—it was assumed that, because Mam had become an international figure, she had lawyers or public relations gurus at her disposal to manage her message. Her silence for months, then, was taken as confirmation of the truth of the claims against her.

Living a world away in Cambodia, one of the poorest places on earth, Mam had a different perspective. "I didn't need a lawyer. Lawyers are all about money. You can kill people and have a lawyer, and if you're rich, you can go free," she says. "I did nothing wrong. My heart is my lawyer.

But Mam did have public relations gurus at her disposal. Hours after Pesta's story appeared in *Marie Claire*, Mam landed in New York and began a public relations blitz. Mam's publicist, Scott Gorenstein, who also represents Liza Minelli, wrote in an email to journalists:

Somaly Mam wants her dignity and reputation restored. It is her hope that having set the record straight, she can return

to the work of rescuing and rehabilitating victims of human trafficking and to helping to halt sexual slavery in all its forms. Please let us know if you are interested to speak to Somaly Mam.

Two weeks after Mam's redemption tour began, *Cambodia Daily* reported that Cambodian Council of Ministers spokesman Phay Siphon said his government would prevent Mam from starting another foundation. "We are not going to allow her to run this kind of activity again," he wrote. Siphon called Mam's fabrications a "breach of trust, because she used a huge amount of international money."

Siphon later changed his statement. "Since the miss-code [sic] by some articles and publicly articulated, may I reiterated that Royal Government of Cambodia have no intention of blocking or detouring the humanity activities of AFESIP as well as Mrs. SOMALY MAM for ongoing operates in the Kingdom of Cambodia," read a statement by Siphon sent to *Newsweek*.

Which brings us to today. Will the Somaly Mam Foundation truly close its doors or is this part of its rebranding?"

REQUEST REPRINT OR SUBMIT CORRECTION

Sponsored Topics

1	Reverse Mortgage Calculator	>
2	Dental Implants for Seniors	>
3	Best Diabetic Diet	>
4	Type 2 Diabetes Treatment	>

Promoted Links

Ads by Revcontent 



Anxiety? Cannabis Extract, Now Legal in NY

Healthy Report



Remove Your Eye Bags In Under 2 Minutes

Fit Mom Daily



How To Destroy Any Attacker In Seconds Using Only Your Bare Hands

Target Focus Training



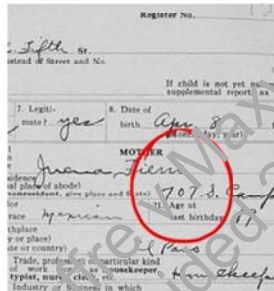
25 Shocking Historical Photos Declassified!

Buzzle.com



Most Embarrassing Pictures Ever Captured

LifeHackLap



Social Security Sucks: Born Before 1969? You Can Get An Extra \$4,098 Monthly

Palm Beach Group



The Wedding Photographer Wasn't Expecting To Capture That

Mind Pause



There's A Smarter Way To Sleep - 3 Reasons To Ditch The Mattress Store

LULL

Join the Discussion

2 Comments

Sort by



[Empty comment box]



Farhad Sonia Shushtarian · Burnaby, British Columbia

Was this article good for Cambodia? Irresponsible journalism

Like · Reply · Jan 26, 2015 7:05pm



Paul Siemering · Bunker Hill Community College

way to go newsweek. all those child traffickers must thank you for rescuing them from this great woman. And for letting them keep their girls enslaved!

Like · Reply ·  1 · Jul 9, 2015 6:47pm

 Facebook Comments Plugin

ADVERTISEMENT



Discover it Miles
Unlimited 1.5x Miles
on every purchase.
No annual fee*



DISCOVER it
< Miles

MILES AND MORE ▶

*See Rate, Fees and Rewards Terms.

Cited in *Giuffre v Maxwell*
15 Civ 7433 Decided 2/26/16
Archived on 3/17/16
This document is protected by copyright.
Further reproduction is prohibited without permission.

ADVERTISEMENT





Cited in *Giuffre v. Maxwell*
150 CV 7433 Decided 2/26/16
Archived on 3/7/16
Further reproduction is prohibited without permission.

ADVERTISEMENT



All Cars.
All Parts &
Accessories.

JUST
DRIVE

Buy Now

ADVERTISEMENT

Terms and conditions apply.

GET YOUR HOTEL
**AT THE LOWEST RATE
GUARANTEED**

BOOK NOW



AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVEL

RELATED STORIES

Cited in *Giuffre v Maxwell*
15Civ7433 Decided 2/26/16

Archived on 3/7/16

This document is protected by copyright.
Further reproduction is prohibited without permission.

© 2016
NEWSWEEK LLC

[About Us](#)

[Corrections](#)

[Contact Us](#)

[IBT Media](#)

[Careers](#)

[Advertise](#)

[Copyright](#)

[Privacy Policy](#)

[Terms of Service](#)

[Terms of Sale](#)

[Archive](#)

Recent Issues



Cited in *Giuffre v Maxwell*
15Civ7433 Decided 2/26/16
Archived on 3/7/16
This document is protected by copyright.
Further reproduction is prohibited without permission.

March 04 Issue

How Iraqi Forces Drove ISIS
From Ramadi

On the Hunt for the Balkans' Most
Wanted

The GOP Is Violating the Spirit of
the Constitution

February 26 Issue

El Chapo's Narco Mafia

Will China Follow Japan Into
Economic Stagnation?

This Robot Cockroach Could Be
a Lifesaver

[Browse Archives](#)

Cited in *Giuffre v Maxwell*
15Civ7433 Decided 2/26/16
Archived on 3/7/16

This document is protected by copyright.
Further reproduction is prohibited without permission.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,
v.
GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.
-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

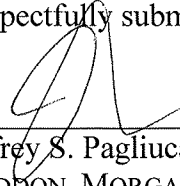
MOTION FOR ADMISSION PRO HAC VICE

Pursuant to Rule 1.3 of the Local Rules of the United States Courts for the Southern District of New York, I Jeffrey S. Pagliuca, hereby move this Court for an Order for admission to practice Pro Hac Vice to appear as counsel for Defendant, Ghislaine Maxwell in the above-captioned action.

I am in good standing of the bar of the state of Colorado and there are no pending disciplinary proceedings against me in any state or federal court.

Dated: March 14, 2016

Respectfully submitted,



Jeffrey S. Pagliuca, Atty. Reg. #12462
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
jpagliuca@hmflaw.com

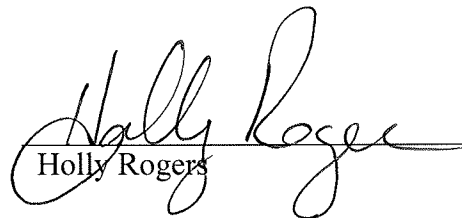
Attorney for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 14, 2016, I electronically served this MOTION FOR

ADMISSION PRO HAC VICE via ECF on the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com



Holly Rogers

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**PLAINTIFF, VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S REPLY IN RESPONSE
TO DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL MEMORANDUM OF LAW
IN RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL THE
PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER OBJECTIONS**

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	ii
I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT	1
II. ARGUMENT	2
A. Ms. Giuffre’s Relevant Period Is Appropriate.....	2
1. Defendant is Taking a Disingenuous Position Regarding Her Objections to Plaintiff’s Time Period	2
2. Ms. Giuffre’s Post-2002 Discovery Requests Are Narrowly Tailored To Seek Specific, Relevant Evidence Of Defendant’s Continued Involvement In Jeffrey Epstein’s Underage Sex Trafficking	3
B. Defendant’s Objections Are Improper.	5
C. Defendant’s Specific Objections Are Inappropriate.....	6
1. Request No. 1, Request No. 10, and Request No. 11	6
2. Request No. 3.	7
3. Request No. 6.	8
4. Request No. 37.	8
5. Request No. 7 and Request No. 15.....	9
6. Request No. 17.	10
7. Request No. 8, Request No. 33, and Request No. 39.	10
CONCLUSION	10

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	<u>Page</u>
<u>Cases</u>	
<i>Anwar v. Fairfield Greenwich Ltd.</i> , 982 F. Supp. 2d 260 (S.D.N.Y. 2013)	1
<i>Civil Aeronautics Bd. of Civil Aeronautics Auth. v. Canadian Colonial Airways</i> , 41 F. Supp. 1006 (S.D.N.Y. 1940)	4
<i>In re A2P SMS Antitrust Litig.</i> , 972 F. Supp. 2d 465 (S.D.N.Y. 2013)	1
<i>In re 650 Fifth Ave.</i> , No. 08 CIV. 10934 KBF, 2013 WL 1870090 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 24, 2013).....	6

Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, respectfully submits this Reply in Response to Defendant's Supplemental Response to Plaintiff's Motion to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Objections [D.E. 45]. For the reasons set forth below, this Court should grant Ms. Giuffre's Motion to Compel in its entirety.

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT¹

After sitting on Ms. Giuffre's First Request for Production for *four months*, Defendant only produced *two documents*. Defendant acknowledges that she has other responsive documents, but she is withholding them from production.²

Flight logs demonstrate the incredibly close relationship between Defendant and convicted pedophile Jeffrey Epstein during the time they were abusing Ms. Giuffre and, then, other minors: Defendant flew on Jeffrey Epstein's private plane no less than *360 times*, and *over 20 times* with Ms. Giuffre when Ms. Giuffre was a minor child.³ Message pads from Law Enforcement's trash pull of Jeffrey Epstein's Palm Beach mansion show Maxwell in regular contact with him, including Defendant arranging for Epstein to meet with *underage girls*. This evidence alone rebuts Defendant's specious objections that seeking documents relating to Defendant's trafficking of other underage girls is merely a "fishing expedition." Indeed, *over thirty underage girls* were recruited for Epstein's sex abuse, most of which were recruited after

¹ Ms. Giuffre views Defendant's "Supplemental Responses" (D.E. 45 and 46) as impermissible sur-replies. Defendant already filed a Response, and her "supplemental" responses were filed *after* Ms. Giuffre filed her Reply to Defendant's Response. See *In re A2P SMS Antitrust Litig.*, 972 F. Supp. 2d 465, 500 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (striking sur-reply because it does not respond to "new issues which are material to the disposition of the question before the [C]ourt,"); *Anwar v. Fairfield Greenwich Ltd.*, 982 F. Supp. 2d 260, 263 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) ("the Court notes that Plaintiffs' letter is a sur-reply filed without permission of the Court and does not identify new controlling law, and therefore will not be considered."). To the extent that this Court has not yet made a *sua sponte* ruling to strike them from the docket to date, Ms. Giuffre hereby files her reply briefs within the time allotted under the Local Rules.

² She is also adamantly refusing to sit for her deposition. Most recently, Defendant is attempting to hold hostage Ms. Giuffre's effort to take Defendant's deposition by refusing to agree on a basic privilege log production parameters unless Ms. Giuffre agrees to cancel the most critical deposition in this case – that of the Defendant.

³ These numbers are based only upon the partial and incomplete flight logs available to Ms. Giuffre at this time.

Ms. Giuffre escaped.⁴ Therefore, discovery requests concerning Defendant’s continued trafficking of minors, and continued contact with her co-conspirators (including payments from Epstein), are relevant and discoverable.

II. ARGUMENT

A. Ms. Giuffre’s Relevant Period Is Appropriate

1. Defendant is Taking a Disingenuous Position Regarding Her Objections to Plaintiff’s Time Period

Defendant argues that, “[g]iven the nature of her claim, the time period chosen by the Plaintiff [17 years] is grossly overbroad.” (See D.E. 45 at 3.)⁵ However, Defendant’s own document requests belie this contention. Defendant requested documents from *an even greater period of time*, and many requests have *no date restrictions* (“NDR”) whatsoever:

Defendant’s Requests:

Request	Years
No. 1	18
No. 2	18
No. 3	NDR
No. 4	NDR
No. 5	18
No. 6	NDR
No. 7	4
No. 8	4
No.	18
No. 10	N/A

Request	Years
No.11	N/A
No. 12	18
No. 13	4
No. 14	18
No. 15	18
No. 16	6
No. 17	18
No. 18	16
No. 19	NDR
No. 20	NDR

Request	Years
No. 21	5
No. 22	16
No. 23	16
No. 24	14
No. 25	NDR
No. 26	NDR
No. 27	NDR
No. 28	NDR
No. 29	NDR
No. 30	NDR

Request	Years
No. 31	NDR
No. 32	NDR
No. 33	NDR
No. 34	NDR
No. 35	18
No. 36	NDR
No. 37	NDR

For example, Defendant’s Request No. 26 seeking “All Documents concerning any prescription drugs taken by You,” has no date restrictions. Defendant, therefore, must believe that every prescription drug Ms. Giuffre has taken - from infancy - will likely be helpful to prove

⁴ See Declaration of Sigrid McCawley (“McCawley Decl.”) at Exhibit 1, Palm Beach Police Report.

⁵ Defendant disregarded Ms. Giuffre’s requested date range of 1999 to the present and unilaterally limited her production to the years 1999 – 2002 and for one month from December 31, 2014 to January 31, 2015.

or disprove the claim in this case.⁶ Defendant cannot hold the position that documents relevant to the claim in this case arise solely from a self-serving fraction of the requested date range if collected from her, while concomitantly holding the position that documents from an even larger date range are relevant when collecting from Ms. Giuffre. With her briefing in one hand, and her requests for production in the other, Defendant is engaging in double-speak. Accordingly, this Court cannot take Defendant's argument regarding the Relevant Period at face value, and should reject it.

2. Ms. Giuffre's Post-2002 Discovery Requests Are Narrowly Tailored To Seek Specific, Relevant Evidence Of Defendant's Continued Involvement In Jeffrey Epstein's Underage Sex Trafficking

As articulated in Ms. Giuffre's moving brief and her consolidated reply (D.E. 35, and 43), Ms. Giuffre has shown the relevance of her narrowly-tailored requests seeking certain documents from the period of time after Ms. Giuffre escaped Defendant's abuse. To recount, Defendant continued to recruit underage girls for sex with convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein after Ms. Giuffre escaped.⁷ This fact is established by documentary evidence, sworn testimony, and other statements by third parties. Indeed, flight logs show Defendant traveling on the convicted sex offender's plane up to at least 2005; and police reports in the Palm Beach investigation reveal the abuse occurred into the mid-2000s.⁸ In addition, message pads from law enforcement trash pulls from Jeffrey Epstein's home show that Defendant arranged to have underage girls come over for "training."⁹

⁶ Despite issuing multiple requests like the one quoted above, Defendant's "Supplemental Response" brief complains of a "fishing expedition" by Ms. Giuffre seven times.

⁷ Indeed, *over thirty underage girls* were recruited for Epstein's sex abuse. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 1.

⁸ *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 2, Flight Logs from Jeffrey Epstein's private plane and Exhibit 1, Palm Beach Police Report.

⁹ *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 3, Message Pads from Law Enforcement trash pulls of Jeffrey Epstein's Palm Beach home.

Documents showing Defendant recruiting underage girls from that time period are relevant because they help establish Ms. Giuffre's contention that Defendant recruited her while she was underage. Again, ***over thirty underage girls*** were recruited for Epstein's sex abuse in Florida alone, most of which were recruited after Ms. Giuffre escaped.¹⁰ Such documents would show a pattern and practice of Defendant's behavior and also show Defendant's role within Jeffrey Epstein's criminal enterprise. That Ms. Giuffre was in Australia while Defendant continued her illegal activities does not lessen the weight of that evidence.¹¹ To the contrary, the fact that Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein recruited other girls for abuse gives more weight to Ms. Giuffre's allegations.

Furthermore, for the period after Epstein was indicted for sex crimes against children, documents showing Defendant's continued communications with Epstein and his associates, documents showing receipt of payments from Epstein, and documents showing her attempts to cover up her wrongful sexual abuse of minors are relevant.

There are already materials implicating Defendant's post-2008 involvement with Epstein and the related cover-up. For example, Defendant dodged a deposition in 2009 to avoid answering questions about the abuse of Ms. Giuffre and others.¹² Additionally, since 2005, when the investigation started, to the present, Defendant has been engaged in a joint defense agreement with Jeffrey Epstein.¹³ And, Defendant has continued to communicate with convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein, at least, through 2015, when she made her defamatory statement.¹⁴

¹⁰ See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 1.

¹¹ "If it be that defendant has violated the provisions of law, and continues so to do, there is no good reason why the plaintiff may not produce evidence of defendant's continuing wrongful conduct." *Civil Aeronautics Bd. of Civil Aeronautics Auth. v. Canadian Colonial Airways*, 41 F. Supp. 1006, 1008 (S.D.N.Y. 1940).

¹² See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 4, Notice of Deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell, Subpoena and Cancellation Payment Notice, and January 13, 2015 Daily Mail Article.

¹³ See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 5, January 12, 2016 Deposition Transcript of Alan Dershowitz at 527; see also March 7, 2016 Affidavit of Ghislaine Maxwell, attached at Exhibit E to D.E.47-5.

¹⁴ This is evidenced by Defendant's privilege log, McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 6.

Documents evidencing these acts and occurrences after Epstein's indictment show her continued involvement in the conspiracy.

Defendant states that "this lawsuit presents one relatively simple question: is Plaintiff's claim that she was sexually abused by Jeffrey Epstein between 1999 and 2002 'with the assistance and participation of' Ms. Maxwell true?" (D.E. 45 at 1). She cannot claim that evidence of her involvement in Jeffrey Epstein's abuse of other girls, after 2002, does not tend to prove the allegations that Defendant was involved in the abuse of Ms. Giuffre.¹⁵ In short, evidence of Defendant trafficking other girls, and evidence of Defendant covering up the abuse after the fact, is relevant to proving that she was involved in the abuse and trafficking of Ms. Giuffre. Defendant has admitted she has responsive documents for this period. Therefore, this Court should direct that she produce them.

B. Defendant's Objections Are Improper

Defendant's argument against Ms. Giuffre's use of the phrase "all documents" or "relating to" is disingenuous because she uses those phrases in her requests to Ms. Giuffre. Defendant argues that the terms, "all documents" and "relate," are too broad to be employed in Requests for Production, thus making all of Ms. Giuffre's requests "fatally flawed." At the same time she makes this argument, Defendant has propounded 37 requests for production on Ms. Giuffre. Twenty-five of them seek "all documents" or "any documents." Twenty of them seek documents "relat[ing] to" or "reflecting" various topics. Only 8 of her 37 requests are free of these "obtuse" terms that she claims are "fatal defect[s]." Presumably, Defendant is neither conceding that the majority of her Requests for Production are "fatally flawed," nor is she

¹⁵ Accordingly, Defendant's objections to Request Nos. 21, 22, 23, 24, and 27 are improper.

withdrawing the 29 of them. Accordingly, Ms. Giuffre respectfully requests the Court reject this argument.¹⁶

C. **Defendant's Specific Objections Are Inappropriate**

1. **Request No. 1:** All documents relating to communications with Jeffrey Epstein from 1999-Present.
Request No. 10: All documents relating to payments made from Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity to you from 1999-present, including payments for work performed, gifts, real estate purchases, living expenses, and payments to your charitable endeavors including the TerraMar Project.
Request No. 11: All documents relating to or describing any work you performed with Jeffrey Epstein, or any affiliated entity from 1999-Present.

Jeffrey Epstein's message pads, pulled from trash by law enforcement, show that Defendant arranged for a minor child to come over to Jeffrey Epstein's house for "training".¹⁷ The Palm Beach Police Department collected these incriminating message pads from Epstein's home. A member of Jeffrey Epstein's household staff, Juan Alessi, testified under oath that Defendant lived with Epstein, and ran his household.¹⁸ These are just some examples of evidence showing that Defendant was employed by convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein to traffic minor children for him.

Despite this evidence, Defendant claims that discovery requests seeking evidence of work she performed for Epstein, the payments she received from Epstein,¹⁹ and the communications she had with and about Epstein, constitutes a "fishing expedition." (D.E. 45 at 6.) These requests are not merely "reasonably calculated" to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence,

¹⁶ In discovery disputes, "[w]hat is good for the goose is good for the gander." *In re 650 Fifth Ave.*, No. 08 CIV. 10934 KBF, 2013 WL 1870090, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 24, 2013) (requiring that the government produce a privilege log in order to persist in its allegations that the defendants' privilege logs are inadequate).

¹⁷ See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 3, Message Pads from Jeffrey Epstein's house.

¹⁸ See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 7, Deposition Transcript of Juan Alessi.

¹⁹ Indeed, substantial payments received from Epstein at key times during the Government investigation can show if he paid her in exchange for her silence. Evidence of Epstein (or Epstein's attorney, see McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 8, February 2, 2015 Page Six Article) paying for her New York home (recently listed at \$19M), and evidence of Epstein's continued payments throughout the Relevant Period, are also indicative of Maxwell's ongoing involvement with Epstein.

but they zero-in on exactly the type of admissible evidence that would directly support Ms. Giuffre's claim of being sexually abused.

Defendant argues she should not have to produce communications related to Jeffrey Epstein and "rice pudding." Ms. Giuffre disagrees. Communications revealing Defendant's frequent and constant contact with Epstein, particularly regarding the minutia of his life, shows the depth of her access to, and involvement with, Epstein. Indeed, frequent communications showing how Defendant was the intimate caretaker of Epstein's private life - from rice pudding recipes to his predilection for underage girls - reveal her role as a participant in the trafficking and, importantly, thoroughly refute any affirmative defense she might make that she was unaware of the abuse.

2. **Request No. 3:** All Documents Relating To Communications With Andrew Albert Christian Edward, Duke Of York (A.K.A Prince Andrew) From 1999-Present.

Ms. Giuffre has alleged that Defendant trafficked Ms. Giuffre to Andrew while she was a minor child. Ms. Giuffre has a photograph of Andrew's arm around her bare waist in the presence of Defendant, in Defendant's London apartment, while Ms. Giuffre was under age. Defendant has never answered the question: what was this child doing in her London townhouse with them? Another witness has supplied some of the details on Ms. Giuffre's trafficking to Andrew. Johanna Sjoberg reported that "Virginia, another girl there, sat on a chair and had the puppet on her lap. Andrew sat on another chair, I sat on his lap and he put his hand on my breast. Ghislaine puppet's hand on Virginia's breast, then Andrew put his hand on mine . . ." ²⁰ Accordingly, communications with Andrew are relevant, and they would likely show Defendant's arrangements to traffic Ms. Giuffre to him, and possibly the trafficking of other girls to him.

²⁰ See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 9, September 23, 2007 Red Ice Creations Article.

3. **Request No. 6:** All Documents Relating To Communications With Any Of The Following Individuals From 1999 -The Present: Emmy Taylor, Sarah Kellen, Eva Dubin, Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel, And Nadia Marcinkova

Both Sarah Kellen and Nadia Marcinkova asserted their Fifth Amendment privilege when asked under oath about Defendant's involvement in trafficking underage girls.²¹ For example, co-conspirator Nadia Marcinkova testified:

Q. Isn't it true that yourself, Ghislaine Maxwell and Sarah Kellen had access to a master of list of underage minor females names and phone numbers so they could be called for the purpose of coming to Jeffrey Epstein's house to be sexually molested? . . .

A. Fifth. . .

Q. And also typical of Ghislaine Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein to prostitute or pimp out underage minors to friends? . . .

A. Fifth.²²

Co-conspirator Jean Luc Brunel left a note for Epstein on a message pad saying he had a *sixteen-year-old girl* who could "teach Russian" to Epstein for "free."²³ Finally, Emmy Taylor, is photographed with Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein on a trip to Europe with Ms. Giuffre when she was a minor, and the Dubins are on flight logs with Defendant and Epstein.²⁴ Therefore, the communications with these individuals are relevant, and show the sexual trafficking.

4. **Request No. 37:** All Documents Reflecting Communications You Have Had With Bill Or Hillary Clinton (Or Persons Acting On Their Behalf), Including All Communications

Defendant has a history of avoiding deposition in relation to sex abuse claims. In 2009, Maxwell's deposition was sought in connection with various sexual abuse allegations. Maxwell avoided her deposition, claiming her mother was ill, so she would be traveling outside the country with no plans of returning. Despite this claim to avoid her deposition, she was

²¹ Contrary to Defendant's claims, Sarah Kellen did not assert her Fifth Amendment rights in response to every question in her deposition. See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 11, March 24, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Sarah Kellen.

²² See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 10, April 13, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Nadia Marcinkova at 34 and 48.

²³ See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 10, April 13, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Nadia Marcinkova.

²⁴ See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 12, Picture taken by Ms. Giuffre of Defendant Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, and Emmy Taylor while she is in Europe. See also McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 2, Flight logs.

photographed shortly thereafter in the United States at Chelsea Clinton's wedding in Rhinebeck, New York.²⁵ Most recently, when Ms. Giuffre attempted to meet and confer on the procedure for the production of her privilege log, Defendant refused to reach any agreement relating to the procedural issue unless Ms. Giuffre would *cancel* the Defendant's deposition.

Further, other communications Defendant has had with the Clintons about Ms. Giuffre or the allegations in this case are also highly relevant, particularly given that former President Clinton travelled with Defendant, Jeffrey Epstein and others on Jeffrey Epstein's plane a number of times, including a trip to Thailand. Maxwell admits that she has documents responsive to this request, and this Court should require her to produce them.

5. **Request No. 7:** All Video Tapes, Audio Tapes, Photographs Or Other Print Or Electronic Media Relating To Females Under The Age Of 18 From The Period Of 1999-Present.

Request No. 15: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media taken at a time when you were in Jeffrey Epstein's company or inside any of his residences or aircraft.

Regarding Request No. 7, Alfredo Rodriguez, Epstein's former house manager, testified that Defendant kept naked pictures of girls on her computer.²⁶ As explained in her moving brief, Ms. Giuffre is not seeking mainstream, legally available depictions of minors. She is seeking the photos described by Mr. Rodriguez and any other (non-family) under-age girls, including Ms. Giuffre, photographed or otherwise recorded by Defendant. Regarding Request No. 15, media depicting individuals in Epstein's company or inside his residences or aircraft are relevant to Ms. Giuffre's claims that she was trafficked to others.

²⁵ See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 4, Maxwell Deposition Notice; Subpoena and Cancellation Payment Notice, and January 13, 2015 Daily Mail Article with photograph.

²⁶ See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 13, Deposition Transcripts of Alfredo Rodriguez.

6. **Request No. 17**: All Documents Relating To Communications With You And Ross Gow From 2005 – Present.

Defendant's defamatory statements to the press were issued by Ross Gow, and it is the genesis of this action. Accordingly, requests seeking Defendant's communications with Gow are reasonably calculated to lead to admissible evidence. Additionally, Ms. Giuffre only seeks documents from Ross Gow from 2005 - present, because Defendant had not been publically implicated in an underage sex trafficking ring prior to 2005. Therefore, any other communications with Mr. Gow prior to that time are irrelevant.

7. **Request No. 8**: All Documents Relating To Your Travel From The Period Of 1999- Present, Including But Not Limited To, Any Travel On Jeffrey Epstein's Planes, Commercial Flights, Helicopters, Passport Records, Records Indicating Passengers Traveling With You, Hotel Records, And Credit Card Receipts.

Request No. 33: All Travel Records Between 1999 And The Present Reflecting Your Presence In: (A) Palm Beach Florida Or Immediately Surrounding Areas; (B) 9 E. 71st Street, New York , NY 10021; (C) New Mexico; (D) U.S. Virgin Islands; (E) Any Jet Or Aircraft Owned Or Controlled By Jeffrey Epstein.

Request No. 39: All documents reflecting training to fly a helicopter or experience flying a helicopter, including any records concerning your operation of a helicopter in the U.S. Virgin Islands.

These requests seek information about Defendant's sexually trafficking of minors, including documents relating to her flying girls to be with Epstein.²⁷ Related to the trafficking, Epstein's Caribbean property is only reachable via helicopter or boat, and Defendant's records of transporting underage girls or other individuals to that property are relevant to Ms. Giuffre's claims of Defendant's sexually trafficking her.

CONCLUSION

Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court grant her Motion to Compel.

²⁷ Ms. Giuffre is in possession of some of Epstein's private aircraft flight logs, but they are incomplete.

Dated: March 14, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 14, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley

Sigrid S. McCawley

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,
v.
GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.
-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

ANSWER

Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell, through her attorneys Haddon, Morgan & Foreman, P.C., answers the Complaint as follows:

Introduction

1. Ghislaine Maxwell did not participate in, facilitate, manage or otherwise conspire to commit sex trafficking as alleged by Plaintiff Virginia Roberts Giuffre (“Giuffre”). Giuffre’s unsubstantiated allegations concerning Ms. Maxwell are false. Giuffre’s fantastical claims, contained in news stories and press-releases masquerading as legal pleadings over the last five years have been well-crafted with the assistance of high-priced attorneys to facilitate Giuffre’s media exposure, to enhance her marketability, to extract financial gain for herself and her family, and to promote her sham non-profit, Victims Refuse Silence, Inc.

2. No law enforcement agency pursued any criminal charges against Ms. Maxwell, even after both federal and state investigators fully scrutinized Ms. Maxwell’s one-time

employer, Jeffrey Epstein, who was jailed for soliciting underage prostitution. No court or jury has ever determined Ms. Maxwell responsible for any criminal conduct against Giuffre or anyone else. No civil complaint has ever been lodged against Ms. Maxwell for sexual misconduct nor abuse nor has she settled privately any private claims for such. Indeed, no other person has ever made any claim of any sort against Ms. Maxwell.

3. Rather, Giuffre fabricated a story of abuse at the hands of Ms. Maxwell in exchange for hundreds of thousands of dollars from British tabloids with a motive for selling papers and advertisements and without regard for truth, veracity or substantiation. The more time that passes and the more potential for monetary gain she and her attorneys perceive, the more Giuffre's story, like Pinocchio's nose, continues to grow without limitation: more and more famous people, more lurid accounts of tawdry sexual encounters, and more exploitive circumstances. Giuffre's stories have proven wildly contradictory and, even by her own words, have been definitively proven untrue.

4. Giuffre published her false allegations and accusations about Ms. Maxwell in tabloids and in media interviews and then in press-releases disguised as legal pleadings which she shared with the press. Faced with unrelenting negative press and harassment by the media in the United Kingdom spurred by Giuffre's false claims, Ms. Maxwell was obligated by British law to set the record straight and to defend herself by issuing a denial of Giuffre's claims about her and pointing out that her more fantastical stories contained obvious lies.

5. Giuffre filed this defamation action against Ms. Maxwell for financial and media gain and for her 15 minutes of fame. Ms. Maxwell submits this Answer to Giuffre's unsubstantiated Complaint in order to seek vindication from Giuffre's vicious lies and improper abuse of this country's judicial system.

NATURE OF THE ACTION¹

1. Ms. Maxwell denies the factual allegations and legal conclusions contained in Paragraph 1.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. Paragraph 2 contains legal conclusions for which no response is required. To the extent the Court determines a response is required, Ms. Maxwell denies knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as the allegations in paragraph 2.

3. Ms. Maxwell admits the allegations concerning her residency. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to Plaintiff's residency. Ms. Maxwell denies that the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000. The remaining allegations are legal conclusions for which no response is required. To the extent the Court determines a response is required, Ms. Maxwell denies knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as the allegations in paragraph 3.

4. Ms. Maxwell admits the allegations concerning her residency and denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 4.

5. Paragraph 5 contains legal conclusions for which no response is required. To the extent the Court determines a response is required, Ms. Maxwell denies knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as the allegations in paragraph 5.

¹ Because Plaintiff's Complaint repeats paragraph numbers throughout, this Answer tracks the headings and paragraph numbers contained therein to facilitate cross-reference between the two documents.

PARTIES

6. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to Plaintiff's residency.

7. Ms. Maxwell admits that she is not a citizen of the state of Colorado and admits that she was domiciled in the Southern District of New York at the time this action commenced.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 8.

9. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 9.

10. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 10.

11. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 11.

12. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 12.

13. Ms. Maxwell denies that she was a co-conspirator of Epstein and is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 13.

14. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 14.

15. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 15.

16. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 16.

17. Ms. Maxwell admits that Virginia Roberts made allegations about Ms. Maxwell in a lawsuit she instituted against Jeffrey Epstein. Ms. Maxwell is otherwise without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 17.

18. Ms. Maxwell admits that Virginia Roberts made allegations about Ms. Maxwell in a lawsuit she instituted against Jeffrey Epstein but denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 18, including that allegation that she engaged in any sex trafficking or any recruiting of any minor for purposes of sexual crimes.

19. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 19.

20. Ms. Maxwell admits that her attorney received a document entitled “subpoena” in connection with some litigation against Mr. Epstein. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 20.

21. Ms. Maxwell admits that her then 89 year old mother was very ill in 2010 and that she traveled to the United Kingdom to help with her care. Ms. Maxwell denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 21.

22. Ms. Maxwell denies that she committed or participated in any sexual abuse. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 22.

23. Ms. Maxwell denies that Giuffre was a victim of sexual trafficking or abuse insofar as those allegations relate to Ms. Maxwell and is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 23.

24. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 24.

25. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 25.

26. Ms. Maxwell is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in Paragraph 26.

27. Ms. Maxwell admits that Ms. Giuffre made false allegations about her in a motion filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida that were stricken by that Court as “impertinent and immaterial” and Ms. Maxwell denies those allegations.

28. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 28.

29. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 29.

30. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 30, including the allegations in sub-paragraphs 30 (a) – (c).

31. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 31.

32. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 32.

33. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 33.

34. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 34.

35. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 35.

36. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 36.

37. Ms. Maxwell admits that she made a verbal statement to a reporter in Manhattan on or about January 4, 2015 after the reporter accosted her outside her home with a camera, in which she referenced the statement that had been made and declining further questions. The video speaks for itself. Ms. Maxwell denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 37.

COUNT 1: DEFAMATION

1. Ms. Maxwell restates all of the foregoing answers contained in paragraphs 1-37 above. Ms. Maxwell denies that she or her representatives made any defamatory statements. To the extent paragraph 1 of the Complaint states conclusions or characterizations of the law, no response is required. To the extent the Court determines a response is required, Ms. Maxwell denies knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as the allegations in paragraph 1.

Ms. Maxwell denies the remaining factual allegations contained in Paragraph 1.

2. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 2.

3. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.

4. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 4.

5. Ms. Maxwell denies that she or Mr. Ross Gow made any defamatory statement.

To the extent Paragraph 5 states conclusions or characterizations of the law, no response is required. Ms. Maxwell otherwise denies the legal conclusions contained in Paragraph 5.

6. Ms. Maxwell denies that she or Ross Gow made any defamatory statement. To the extent Paragraph 6 states conclusions or characterizations of the law, no response is required.

7. Ms. Maxwell denies that she or Ross Gow made any defamatory statement. To the extent Paragraph 7 states conclusions or characterizations of the law, no response is required.

8. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 8.

9. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 9.

10. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 10.

11. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 11.

12. Ms. Maxwell admits that Plaintiff lied about being recruited by Maxwell and lied about being sexually abused by Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell otherwise denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 12.

13. Ms. Maxwell admits that Plaintiff lied about specific facts. Ms. Maxwell denies that she made any false or defamatory statements. Ms. Maxwell is without information or knowledge sufficient to form a belief as to what other persons understood. Ms. Maxwell otherwise denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 13.

14. Ms. Maxwell denies that Giuffre's public description of factual events was true and therefore denies that her own statements were false. Ms. Maxwell is without information or knowledge sufficient to form a belief as to what other persons understood.

15. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 15.

16. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 16.

17. Ms. Maxwell denies that her own statements were false. Ms. Maxwell denies the remaining allegations and legal conclusions contained in Paragraph 17.

18. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 18.

19. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 19.

20. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 20.

21. Ms. Maxwell denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 21.

22. As to all the entire Complaint, Ms. Maxwell denies any allegation not specifically admitted.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

23. The Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief could be granted.

24. Plaintiff's claims may be barred by the statute of limitations.

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred by the "single publication" rule.

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred because the statements made by Ms. Maxwell or her agent (if any) were constitutionally protected opinions.

27. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by the United Kingdom's Defamation Act of 2013.

28. Plaintiff's claims are barred because the statements made by Ms. Maxwell or her agent (if any) were non-defamatory statements of fact.

29. Plaintiff's claims are barred because the statements made by Ms. Maxwell or her agent (if any) were protected by the self-defense privilege.

30. Plaintiff's claims are barred because the statements made by Ms. Maxwell or her agent (if any) were protected by qualified or conditional privileges.

31. Plaintiff's claims are barred because she is a public figure and unable to prove that Ms. Maxwell acted with "actual malice."

32. Plaintiff's claims are barred because the statements made by Ms. Maxwell or her agent (if any) were substantially true.

33. Plaintiff's claims are barred because the statements made by Ms. Maxwell or her agent (if any) constituted "fair comment."

34. Plaintiff's claims are barred because the statements made by Ms. Maxwell or her agent (if any) cannot realistically have caused impairment to Plaintiff's reputation.

35. This Court lacks subject matter to adjudicate Plaintiff's claims because they do not exceed the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a).

36. Plaintiff's claims are barred because the statements made by Ms. Maxwell or her agent (if any) did not cause or contribute to any damages suffered by Plaintiff.

37. To the extent Plaintiff suffered an injury, she failed to take reasonable, necessary, appropriate and feasible steps to mitigate her alleged damages, and to the extent of such failure to mitigate, she should be barred from recovering some or all of the alleged damages she seeks.

38. Plaintiff's damages, if any, are the proximate result of intervening causes, pre-existing medical and mental conditions of Plaintiff, and/or causes that occurred without knowledge or participation of Ms. Maxwell and for which Ms. Maxwell is not responsible.

39. Plaintiff's damages, if any, were the result of her own conduct or the conduct of others and were not proximately caused by any action of Ms. Maxwell.

40. Plaintiff voluntarily or negligently assumed a known risk.

41. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the affirmative defenses of waiver, estoppel, laches, and/or unclean hands.

JURY DEMAND

Ghislaine Maxwell demands a jury trial.

WHEREFORE, Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell demands judgment as follows:

- A. That Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre take nothing by way of her Complaint;
- B. That the Complaint be dismissed *with prejudice*;
- C. That Judgment be entered in favor of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell and against Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre;
- D. That Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell be awarded her costs and fees in this action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and pre- and post-judgment interest; and
- E. All other such relief as this Court deems just and proper.

Dated: March 14, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorney for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 14, 2016, I electronically served this *Answer* via ECF on the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

/s/ Nicole Simmons

Nicole Simmons

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCawley IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S REPLY IN RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO MOTION TO COMPEL PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER OBJECTIONS

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.
2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Reply In Response to Defendant's Supplemental Response to Motion To Compel Production of Documents Subject To Improper Objections [D.E. 45].
3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of the Palm Beach Police Department's Report.
4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of the Flight Logs from Jeffrey Epstein's private plane.

5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3, is a true and correct copy of the Message Pads from Law Enforcement's trash pulls from Jeffrey Epstein's Palm Beach mansion.

6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4, is a true and correct copy of the 2009 Notice of Deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell, Subpoena and Cancellation Payment Notice, and January 13, 2015 Daily Mail Article.

7. Attached hereto as Exhibit 5, is a true and correct copy of Excerpts from the January 12, 2016 Deposition Transcript of Alan Dershowitz.

8. Attached hereto as Exhibit 6, is a true and correct copy of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's Privilege Log.

9. Attached hereto as Exhibit 7, is a true and correct copy of the Deposition Transcripts of Juan Alessi.

10. Attached hereto as Exhibit 8, is a true and correct copy of the February 2, 2015 Page Six Article.

11. Attached hereto as Exhibit 9, is a true and correct copy of the September 23, 2007 Red Ice Creations Article.

12. Attached hereto as Exhibit 10, is a true and correct copy of the April 13, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Nadia Marcinkova.

13. Attached hereto as Exhibit 11, is a true and correct copy of the March 24, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Sarah Kellen.

14. Attached hereto as Exhibit 12, is a true and correct copy of a photograph taken by Ms. Giuffre of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell, Emmy Taylor, and Jeffrey Epstein while they were all in Europe.

15. Attached hereto as Exhibit 13, is a true and correct copy of the Deposition Transcripts of Alfredo Rodriguez.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: March 14, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 14, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT 1

PART 1

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 1
Program: CMS301L

ase No. : 1-05-000368
PECIAL NOTES : Occur From Date: 1/27/05 0000
ccur To Date : 1/27/05 0000 Report Date . : 3/14/05 1600
ay Of Week . : Thursday
ommon/Location: 358 EL BRILLO WY
ity : PALM BEACH, FL
ocation Type : RESIDENCE-SINGLE FAMILY
eat Assignment: DETECTIVE BUREAU Map Reference : 10
ept Class . . : SEXUAL BATTERY Report Officer : PAGAN, MICHELE
ase Status . . : OPEN / ACTIVE Case Status Dt : 3/14/05
pervisory Dt.: TRYLCH, JEFFREY 3/14/05
tury Date . . : OREGERO, LAURA 4/06/05
ames? : Property? . . . :
ehicles? . . . : Offenses? . . . :
arrative? . . . : Related Cases? :

***** VEHICLE INFORMATION # 1 *****

ase number . . : 1-05-000368 Category :
ate Veh Type : Year : 0
ake : Model :
odel Name . . : Permit Number :
yle : Color - Top . . :
lor - Bottom : License # :
N : Stolen value . . : 0
sposition . . : Insured :
sured by . . . : Keys in car . . . :
hicle locked : Lein holder . . . :
te recovered : 0/00/00 Recovery value : 0
reet number :
ty :
covery code : NCIC number . . :
On Look Out?:

***** PERSON REPORTING INFO - # 1 *****

se Number . . : 1-05-000368 Last Name . . . :
reet Number :
ty :
rth Date/Age : Employer? . . . :
cupation . . : Oper Lic No. . . :
ne Phone No. : Race : White
x : Female Height : 0
ight : 0 Other Phone Nbr:

***** SUSPECT / ARRESTEE INFORMATION - # 1 **

se Number . . : 1-05-000368 Prompt valid in: ROBSON, HALEY
reet Number : 12247 72ND CT NORTH
ty : ROYAL PALM BEACH, FL 334121460
rth Date . . . : 4/09/1986 18 Maximum Age . . : 18
oloyer? . . . : Occupation . . . :
er Lic No. . . : R125320866290 FL Home Phone No. :
er Phone Nbr: Race : White
t : Female Minimum Height : 0
imum Weight : 0 Maximum Height : 0

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 2
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368
Maximum Weight : 0
Aliases? :
Hair Color :
Hair Style :
Glasses :
Facial Hair :
Teeth :
Tattoos :
Shirt :
Shoes :
Body Marks #2 :
Body Marks #4 :
Arrest Case No.:

(Continued)

Misc. ID# :
MO/Crime Spec? :
Hair Length :
Eye Color :
Complexion :
Build :
Speech :
Coat :
Pants :
Body Marks #1 :
Body Marks #3 :
Status : STILL SUSPECT
Additional UCR? :

***** S U S P E C T / A R R E S T E E I N F O R M A T I O N - # 2 **

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number : 358 EL BRILLO WY
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date : 5/25/1979 25
Employer? :
Driver Lic No. : 241534676 HA
Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Sex : Female
Minimum Weight : 0
Maximum Weight : 0
Aliases? :
Hair Color :
Hair Style :
Glasses :
Facial Hair :
Teeth :
Tattoos :
Shirt :
Shoes :
Body Marks #2 :
Body Marks #4 :
Arrest Case No.:

Prompt valid in: KELLEN, SARAH LYNNELLE
Maximum Age : 25
Occupation : PERSONAL ASST/EPSTEIN
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000
Race : White
Minimum Height : 0
Maximum Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
MO/Crime Spec? :
Hair Length :
Eye Color :
Complexion :
Build :
Speech :
Coat :
Pants :
Body Marks #1 :
Body Marks #3 :
Status : STILL SUSPECT
Additional UCR? :

***** S U S P E C T / A R R E S T E E I N F O R M A T I O N - # 3 **

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number : 358 EL BRILLO WY
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date : 1/20/1953 52
Employer? :
Driver Lic No. : E123425530200 FL
Other Phone Nbr:
Sex : Male
Minimum Weight : 0
Maximum Weight : 0
Aliases? :
Hair Color :
Hair Style :

Prompt valid in: EPSTEIN, JEFFREY
Maximum Age : 52
Occupation :
Home Phone No. :
Race : White
Minimum Height : 0
Maximum Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
MO/Crime Spec? :
Hair Length :
Eye Color :

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Case No. : 1-05-000368
Glasses :
Facial Hair :
Teeth :
Hat :
Shirt :
Shoes :
Body Marks #2 :
Body Marks #4 :
Arrest Case No.:

Complexion :
Build :
Speech :
Coat :
Pants :
Body Marks #1 :
Body Marks #3 :
Status : STILL SUSPECT
Additional UCR?:

(Continued)

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 1 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Street Number : [REDACTED]
City : [REDACTED]
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 14
Occupation : STUDENT
Home Phone No. : [REDACTED]
Sex : Female
Height : 0
On Look Out?:
Victim Type : JUVENILE
Residency Sts :
Can Identify :
Injury Extent :
Injury Type 2 :
Medical Treatment :
Phys Last Name :

Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
Other Phone Nbr :
Residency Type :
File Charges :
Victim Sobriety :
Injury Type 1 :
Hospital ID :
Phys First Name :

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 2 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 18
Occupation :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000
Sex : Female
Height : 0
On Look Out?:
Victim Type : ADULT
Residency Sts :
Can Identify :
Injury Extent :
Injury Type 2 :
Medical Treatment :
Phys Last Name :

Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Type :
File Charges :
Victim Sobriety :
Injury Type 1 :
Hospital ID :
Phys First Name :

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 3 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 16

Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Employer? :

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 4
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368
Occupation :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000
Sex : Female
Height : 0
On Look Out?:
Victim Type : JUVENILE
Residency Sts :
Can Identify :
Injury Extent :
Injury Type 2 :
Medical Treatment :
Phys Last Name :

Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Type :
File Charges :
Victim Sobriety:
Injury Type 1 :
Hospital ID :
Phys First Name:

(Continued)

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 4 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 17
Occupation :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000
Sex : Female
Height : 0
On Look Out?:
Victim Type : JUVENILE
Residency Sts :
Can Identify :
Injury Extent :
Injury Type 2 :
Medical Treatment :
Phys Last Name :

Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Type :
File Charges :
Victim Sobriety:
Injury Type 1 :
Hospital ID :
Phys First Name:

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 5 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 18
Occupation :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000
Sex : Female
Height : 0
On Look Out?:
Victim Type : ADULT
Residency Sts :
Can Identify :
Injury Extent :
Injury Type 2 :
Medical Treatment :
Phys Last Name :

Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Type :
File Charges :
Victim Sobriety:
Injury Type 1 :
Hospital ID :
Phys First Name:

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 6 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 5
Program: CMS301L

ase No. : 1-05-000368 (Continued)

Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : ██████████ 16 Employer? . . . :
Occupation . . . : Oper Lic No. . . :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Race : White
Sex : Female Height : 0
Weight : 0 Misc. ID# . . . :
On Look Out?: Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Victim Type . : JUVENILE Residency Type :
Residency Sts : File Charges . :
Can Identify . : Victim Sobriety:
Injury Extent : Injury Type 1 :
Injury Type 2 : Hospital ID . :
Medical Treatment : Phys First Name:
Surnames Last Name :

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 7 *****

ase Number . : 1-05-000368 Prompt valid in: ██████████
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : ██████████ 17 Employer? . . . :
Occupation . . . : Oper Lic No. . . :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Race : White
Sex : Female Height : 0
Weight : 0 Misc. ID# . . . :
On Look Out?: Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Victim Type . : JUVENILE Residency Type :
Residency Sts : File Charges . :
Can Identify . : Victim Sobriety:
Injury Extent : Injury Type 1 :
Injury Type 2 : Hospital ID . :
Medical Treatment : Phys First Name:
Surnames Last Name :

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 8 *****

ase Number . : 1-05-000368 Prompt valid in: ██████████
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : ██████████ 16 Employer? . . . :
Occupation . . . : Oper Lic No. . . :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Race : White
Sex : Female Height : 0
Weight : 0 Misc. ID# . . . :
On Look Out?: Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Victim Type . : JUVENILE Residency Type :
Residency Sts : File Charges . :
Can Identify . : Victim Sobriety:
Injury Extent : Injury Type 1 :
Injury Type 2 : Hospital ID . :
Medical Treatment : Phys First Name:
Surnames Last Name :

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 9 *****

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 6
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368
Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 17
Occupation :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000
Sex : Female
Height : 0
On Look Out?:
Victim Type : JUVENILE
Residency Sts :
Can Identify :
Injury Extent :
Injury Type 2 :
Medical Treatment :
Phys Last Name :

(Continued)
Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Type :
File Charges :
Victim Sobriety:
Injury Type 1 :
Hospital ID :
Phys First Name:

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 10 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 17
Occupation :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000
Sex : Female
Height : 0
On Look Out?:
Victim Type : JUVENILE
Residency Sts :
Can Identify :
Injury Extent :
Injury Type 2 :
Medical Treatment :
Phys Last Name :

Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Type :
File Charges :
Victim Sobriety:
Injury Type 1 :
Hospital ID :
Phys First Name:

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 11 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 18
Occupation :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000
Sex : Female
Height : 0
On Look Out?:
Victim Type : ADULT
Residency Sts :
Can Identify :
Injury Extent :

Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Misc. ID# :
Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Type :
File Charges :
Victim Sobriety:
Injury Type 1 :

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 7
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368
Phys Last Name :

(Continued)

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 12 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368 Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 18 Employer? :
Occupation : Oper Lic No. :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Race : White
Sex : Female Height : 0
Weight : 0 Misc. ID# :
On Look Out?: Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Victim Type : ADULT Residency Type :
Residency Sts : File Charges :
Can Identify : Victim Sobriety:
Injury Extent : Injury Type 1 :
Injury Type 2 : Hospital ID :
Medical Treatment : Phys First Name:
Phys Last Name :

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 13 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368 Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 16 Employer? :
Occupation : Oper Lic No. :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Race : White
Sex : Female Height : 0
Weight : 0 Misc. ID# :
On Look Out?: Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Victim Type : JUVENILE Residency Type :
Residency Sts : File Charges :
Can Identify : Victim Sobriety:
Injury Extent : Injury Type 1 :
Injury Type 2 : Hospital ID :
Medical Treatment : Phys First Name:
Phys Last Name :

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 14 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368 Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 16 Employer? :
Occupation : Oper Lic No. :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Race : White
Sex : Female Height : 0
Weight : 0 Misc. ID# :
On Look Out?: Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Victim Type : JUVENILE Residency Type :
Residency Sts : File Charges :
Can Identify : Victim Sobriety:
Injury Extent : Injury Type 1 :

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 8
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368
Injury Type 2 :
Med Treatment :
Phys Last Name :

Hospital ID :
Phys First Name:

(Continued)

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 15 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368 Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 19
Occupation : Employer? :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Oper Lic No. :
Sex : Female Race : White
Weight : 0 Height : 0
Be On Look Out?: Misc. ID# :
Victim Type : ADULT Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Sts : Residency Type :
Can Identify : File Charges :
Injury Extent : Victim Sobriety:
Injury Type 2 : Injury Type 1 :
Med Treatment : Hospital ID :
Phys Last Name : Phys First Name:

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 16 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368 Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 17
Occupation : Employer? :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Oper Lic No. :
Sex : Female Race : White
Weight : 0 Height : 0
Be On Look Out?: Misc. ID# :
Victim Type : JUVENILE Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Sts : Residency Type :
Can Identify : File Charges :
Injury Extent : Victim Sobriety:
Injury Type 2 : Injury Type 1 :
Med Treatment : Hospital ID :
Phys Last Name : Phys First Name:

***** V I C T I M I N F O R M A T I O N - # 17 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368 Prompt valid in: [REDACTED]
Street Number :
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 16
Occupation : Employer? :
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Oper Lic No. :
Sex : Female Race : White
Weight : 0 Height : 0
Be On Look Out?: Misc. ID# :
Victim Type : JUVENILE Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000
Residency Sts : Residency Type :
File Charges :

Case No. : 1-05-000368 (Continued)
Can Identify :
Injury Extent : Victim Sobriety:
Injury Type 1 :
Injury Type 2 : Injury Type 2 :
Hospital ID :
Med Treatment : Phys First Name:
Phys Last Name :

***** OTHER PERSON INFORMATION - # 1 *****
Case Number : 1-05-000368 Last Name :
Street Number :
City :
Birth Date/Age : 14 Employer? :
Occupation : STUDENT Oper Lic No. :
Home Phone No. : Race : White
Sex : Female Height : 0
Weight : 0 Person Type : OTHER PERSON
Other Phone Nbr:

***** OTHER PERSON INFORMATION - # 2 *****
Case Number : 1-05-000368 Last Name : MARCINKOVA, NADA
Street Number : 358 EL BRILLO WY
City : PALM BEACH, FL 000033480
Birth Date/Age : 2/21/1985 19 Employer? :
Occupation : Oper Lic No. : M625620855610 FL
Home Phone No. : Race : White
Sex : Female Height : 510
Weight : 0 Person Type : OTHER PERSON
Other Phone Nbr:

***** OTHER PERSON INFORMATION - # 3 *****
Case Number : 1-05-000368 Last Name :
Street Number :
City :
Birth Date/Age : 35 Employer? :
Occupation : Oper Lic No. :
Home Phone No. : Race : White
Sex : Female Height : 0
Weight : 0 Person Type : OTHER PERSON
Other Phone Nbr: 561/330-0400

***** OTHER PERSON INFORMATION - # 4 *****
Case Number : 1-05-000368 Last Name :
Street Number :
City :
Birth Date/Age : 37 Employer? :
Occupation : PAINTER Oper Lic No. :
Home Phone No. : Race : White
Sex : Male Height : 0
Weight : 0 Person Type : OTHER PERSON
Other Phone Nbr:

***** OTHER PERSON INFORMATION - # 5 *****
Case Number : 1-05-000368 Last Name : BACK, KATHY

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 10
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City :
Birth Date/Age : 0/00/0000 0
Occupation : FAMILY THERAPIST
Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000
Sex : Female
Height : 0
Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000

(Continued)

Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Person Type : OTHER PERSON

EMPLOYER INFORMATION

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Employer Name : PBC DIVISON OF YOUTH AFFAIRS
Address : 4200 N AUSTRALIAN AV
City/State/Zip : WEST PALM BEACH, FL 33407
Phone Number : 561/840-4540

***** OTHER PERSON

INFORMATION - # 6 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City :
Birth Date/Age : 16
Occupation : STUDENT
Home Phone No. :
Sex : Male
Height : 0
Other Phone Nbr:

Last Name :
Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Person Type : OTHER PERSON

EMPLOYER INFORMATION

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Address :
City/State/Zip :
Phone Number :

Employer Name :

***** OTHER PERSON

INFORMATION - # 7 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City :
Birth Date/Age : 0/00/0000 0
Occupation :
Home Phone No. :
Sex : Male
Height : 0
Other Phone Nbr:

Last Name :
Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race : White
Height : 0
Person Type : OTHER PERSON

***** OTHER PERSON

INFORMATION - # 8 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368
Street Number :
City :
Birth Date/Age : 0/00/0000 0
Occupation :
Home Phone No. :
Sex : Female
Height :

Employer? :
Oper Lic No. :
Race :
Height : 0

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 11
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368
Weight : 0
Other Phone Nbr:

(Continued)
Person Type : OTHER PERSON

***** O T H E R P E R S O N I N F O R M A T I O N - # 9 *****

Case Number : 1-05-000368 Last Name : [REDACTED]

Street Number : [REDACTED]

City : [REDACTED]

Birth Date/Age : [REDACTED] 16 Employer? : [REDACTED]

Occupation : [REDACTED] Oper Lic No. : [REDACTED]

Home Phone No. : 561/000-0000 Race : White

Sex : Female Height : 0

Weight : 0 Person Type : OTHER PERSON

Other Phone Nbr: 561/000-0000

***** N A R R A T I V E # 1 *****

Original Report LO Reported By: PAGAN, MICHELE D. 9/20/05
Entered By.: OREGERO, LAURA D. 9/20/05

On 03/14/2005, I received a call from a woman who did not wish to identify herself (later identified as [REDACTED]). She stated that her fourteen year old step daughter (later identified as [REDACTED]) possibly may have been molested in Palm Beach by a wealthy man. According to [REDACTED], she learned of the possible molestation by a third party. She explained that she had received a call from the mother of her stepdaughter's friend. The mother claimed to have overheard a conversation between her daughter and a male friend; they were talking about [REDACTED]. The conversation was about how [REDACTED] had met with a 45-year-old man and had sex with him and was paid for it. I advised [REDACTED] that I would like to meet with her to obtain a more detailed statement and facts. [REDACTED] stated she did not know what to do and had to discuss the matter with her husband. At this point [REDACTED] did not provide me with a call back number or any other information. She stated that she would contact me once she had spoken with her husband and [REDACTED] mother.

On 03/14/2005 received a call from Mr. & Mrs. [REDACTED]. They stated it was all right to speak to their daughter [REDACTED] via cell phone [REDACTED]. Her mother [REDACTED] had been made aware of the case. They agreed to meet me at the police department later this date.

On 03/14/2005, Mr. [REDACTED] accompanied by his wife [REDACTED] came to the Palm Beach Police Department where they advised me that they believed their fourteen year old daughter may have had some type of sexual relationship with an older male who resided in Palm Beach. Neither knew the suspect's name or address. Both stated that their daughter did not talk to them about the incident, nor would she admit to it.

[REDACTED] identified his daughter as [REDACTED] w/f, DOB [REDACTED]; resides with her biological mother [REDACTED] at [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] is a twin,

Case No. : 1-05-000368 (Continued)

her sister [redacted] resides with Mr. [redacted]. Both [redacted] and [redacted] are currently attending [redacted], which is an involuntary admitted juvenile educational facility. [redacted] stays at the facility during the week and comes home on the weekend. According to [redacted] she was admitted to the school because of disciplinary problems that recently escalated. The facility also coordinates with the families to provide one on one as well as family counseling.

According to Mrs. [redacted] she believes the incident occurred on Sunday, Feb 6, 2005. A friend of [redacted], named Haley picked her up at their house and left. They believe Haley initiated the relationship with the older gentleman, though they do not have any proof. Haley lives close by with her mother. Mrs. [redacted] further explained that [redacted] was introduced to Haley by [redacted], a boy she was dating (goes to [redacted], plays baseball). Mrs. [redacted] continued that on Sunday, Haley picked up [redacted] and drove to Palm Beach where they met the man. Supposedly, the man has a lot of money and often has young girls come over to his house. Haley offers these girls a way to make fast cash. The man starts with a massage. If he likes them, he keeps them around and does more. The [redacted] did not have any information on Haley other than she lives on 72nd Place North, the last house on right side (north side).

Mrs. [redacted] talked of a conversation that she had with [redacted], the mother of [redacted], a former friend of [redacted]. She found it strange that they were no longer friends until she received the call from her mother telling her of the conversation she overheard between [redacted] and a boy named [redacted].

Mrs. [redacted] told me of an incident that occurred on 02/09/2005. [redacted] got into a fight at school ([redacted]). Mrs. [redacted] found over \$300.00 in [redacted] purse. [redacted] gave different explanations for the large sum of money. Initially the school administration thought it was drug related but then dismissed the claim. Since that day, [redacted] did not return to school; she ran away Thursday, 02/10th or Friday 02/11 and returned to her mother's house later that night after midnight. It was not until after [redacted] received the call from [redacted] mother, [redacted], that she learned [redacted] was the girl that got into the fight with [redacted]. The fight was instigated when [redacted] accused [redacted] of being a prostitute.

[redacted], who has legal joint custody of his daughter [redacted], signed the affidavit of prosecution indicating he wished to prosecute against the inappropriate sexual behavior with his fourteen-year-old daughter.

Mr. [redacted] stated that he had no objections with our agency speaking with his daughter [redacted] about the incident. Mr. [redacted] stated that [redacted] mother [redacted] is aware of the allegations and also was willing to cooperate. According to Mrs. [redacted], she does not believe her daughter had any additional contact with the suspect as she was with

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 13
Program: CMS301L

ase No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

her mother and then placed into [REDACTED].

I contacted the School Board Police who provided me the information for [REDACTED], also known as [REDACTED]. Checking the school board records for [REDACTED] and [REDACTED], there was no disciplinary record found. I was advised if no disciplinary action was taken for a fight, such as an expulsion or detention, the incident may not have been recorded. This was at the discretion of the individual school security and principal.

03/15/2005, I called the Palm Beach County Sheriff's Office and left a message for PBSP Sgt. Chris Keen, Child Abuse Unit.

On 03/15/2005, I went to [REDACTED] where I met with white female [REDACTED]. Also present was Kathy Back, [REDACTED] therapist. During an audiotaped interview, I spoke with [REDACTED] about the allegations that were made. [REDACTED] initially denied anything had happened, only admitting to going with Haley (later identified as Haley Robson) to Palm Beach to pick up money Robson was owed. [REDACTED] identified Haley Robson as the cousin of her former boyfriend [REDACTED]. She ultimately admitted to knowing that Robson worked for a wealthy man and possibly did sexual favors for him. She also admitted that Robson had offered her an opportunity to make money.

[REDACTED] identified Robson's boss as a white male named "Jeff" who lived in Palm Beach (later positively identified as Jeffrey Epstein). [REDACTED] explained that she was first approached by Robson to go with her to Jeff's house, when they were at [REDACTED] house. According to [REDACTED], she was not sure exactly what was going on with Robson but agreed to go with her. [REDACTED] ([REDACTED] boyfriend) became angry when he heard Robson inviting [REDACTED] to accompany her. [REDACTED] believed it was to pick up money the man owed Robson. [REDACTED] stated Robson told her that she would pick her up at her house on Sunday. [REDACTED] was not sure of the exact dates but knew it was a Sunday. According to [REDACTED], Robson along with an unknown, possibly Hispanic female, picked her up at her father's house on [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] told her father that they were going shopping. It was later confirmed by [REDACTED] that Robson picked his daughter up. According to Mr. [REDACTED], Robson drove a pick up truck.

Robson drove [REDACTED] along with the unknown female to Palm Beach. Sometime on the way there, a conversation occurred between Robson and [REDACTED] whereby Robson told [REDACTED] that if Jeff asked her ([REDACTED]) age, she should say she was eighteen.

[REDACTED] recalled that Jeff's house was on a dead end street. All three girls walked up a driveway, past what appeared to be a small guard/security room. In fact, [REDACTED] recalled a male approaching them asking what they wanted. Robson stated they were there to see Jeff. The male allowed them to continue walking up to the house.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 14
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

██████████ stated the man told them that Epstein was not there but was expected back. He allowed them to enter the house, via the kitchen. He offered them something to drink while they waited inside. Shortly after, Epstein and a woman, described as white with blond hair entered the kitchen. ██████████ believed the woman was Epstein's Assistant. ██████████ added that the woman did not seem friendly and kept her responses short and direct. Epstein introduced himself to ██████████ as Jeff. ██████████ got the impression that Epstein and Robson's friend knew each other. ██████████ described Epstein as being approximately forty-five years old, a long face, and bushy eyebrows, with graying hair.

Robson and Epstein left the kitchen leaving ██████████ and Robson's friend alone in the kitchen. They returned a short time later. They all spoke briefly in the kitchen. While speaking to me, ██████████ became upset and started to cry. ██████████ stated the woman instructed her to follow her upstairs, which she did. According to ██████████, the woman led her to a room that had a massage table in it. The woman started to fix up the room, putting the covers on the table and taking lotions out. She then told ██████████ that Epstein would be up in a second. The woman left the room, and soon after, Epstein walked in and told ██████████ to take off her clothes. As ██████████ was telling me what had happened, she looked away from me, and with a pointed finger, repeatedly pressed it into her thigh. ██████████ stated he was stern when he told her to take off her clothes. ██████████ said she did not know what to do as she was the only one there. ██████████ took off her shirt leaving her bra on. Epstein, dressed in a towel told her to take off everything. ██████████ stated she removed her pants leaving her thong panties on. Epstein then instructed her to give him a massage pointing to a specific lotion for her to use. Epstein laid on the table, face down. As ██████████ began to give Epstein the massage, he told her to get on his back. ██████████ stated she straddled herself on Epstein's back. ██████████ stated her exposed buttocks were touching Epstein's bare buttocks. As ██████████ was giving Epstein the massage, he turned around, and wacked off ██████████ later explained that wacking off was masturbating). ██████████ stated she was disgusted by Epstein's actions but did not say anything. According to ██████████, Epstein told her that she "had a really hot body." Epstein excused himself and went to the bathroom where she believed he masturbated again. Epstein returned to the room and told ██████████ that he was done and gave her three hundred dollars. They went back down stairs where they met Robson. Epstein said good-bye and they left. Robson asked ██████████ how did it go and asked what did she ██████████ do. When ██████████ told Robson that Epstein asked for a massage, Robson allegedly stated "I know." ██████████ stated they then went shopping. ██████████ stated Robson also got paid, but that she did not know why since she was confident that Robson did not do anything.

██████████ described Epstein's house as a two story pink house with a Cadillac Escalade parked in the driveway. There were gates leading into the property. From the kitchen, ██████████ recalled walking up a flight of stairs, lined with photographs, to a room. Upon entering

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

the room there was a large bathroom to the right. [REDACTED] recalled a hot pink and green sofa in the room. There was a door on each side of the sofa. [REDACTED] recalled there being a mural of a naked woman in the room, as well as several photographs of naked women on a shelf.

[REDACTED] stated Epstein did not change in front of her but did take off his towel, exposing himself. [REDACTED] recalled Epstein being hairy especially on his chest. Epstein also had a hairline that continued to his buttocks. [REDACTED] admitted to seeing his penis. I asked [REDACTED] if she knew what being circumcised meant and she stated no. [REDACTED] then said that she thought Epstein was on steroids because he was a "really built guy and his wee wee was very tiny." [REDACTED] would explain that when she stated "wee wee" she meant penis. [REDACTED] stated Epstein exposed himself when he took his towel off, placing it on the floor as he laid down on the table.

[REDACTED] said Epstein was specific in his instruction to her on how to massage, telling her to go clockwise, etc. [REDACTED] recalled that Epstein got up from the table and went to the bathroom where she heard him making, what she believed to be sexual type of noises. (moaning) He then returned to the room where he again laid down on the table. Epstein then turned over and instructed [REDACTED] to massage his boobs. As she did this, Epstein continued to make moaning noises.

[REDACTED] resumed massaging his chest area. [REDACTED] was now standing on the ground. Epstein turned to his side, and with the towel on the ground started to rub his penis in an up and down motion. [REDACTED] stated Epstein held on to the small of her back as she massaged his chest, back and shoulder area. [REDACTED] recalled Epstein ejaculating because he had to use the towel to wipe himself as he got off the table. [REDACTED] also recalled Epstein having a noticeable freckle on his chest.

Epstein then left the room and [REDACTED] got dressed. She went back downstairs where she met Haley and the unknown white female. [REDACTED] admitted to getting paid three hundred dollars in cash from Epstein. Before they left, Epstein asked [REDACTED] to leave her phone number. As they were leaving the house, Haley asked [REDACTED] what had happened and how much she was paid. [REDACTED] stated Haley seemed upset or jealous when she told her that she received three hundred dollars. Haley stated received only two hundred dollars that day. [REDACTED] stated that she believed Haley was paid two hundred dollars for bringing her.

Robson told [REDACTED] that if they do this every Saturday, they could be rich; [REDACTED] agreed. They then went shopping, though she is not sure where. Possibly at TJ Maxx or Marshall's. [REDACTED] stated she never saw Robson again as she got into a fight at school. She had not spoken with Robson either as her mother took away her cell phone.

I asked [REDACTED] if she was aware of any video equipment while she was in the room. She stated no.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 16
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

██████████ stated she was afraid that Robson would retaliate against her or her family if she ever went to the police regarding the incident. ██████████ stated that her father's vehicle was recently vandalized. ██████████ admitted to telling ██████████ what had happened with Epstein. According to ██████████, ██████████ became angry and upset, punching a hole in the wall. ██████████ guessed that it was ██████████ who told ██████████ about the incident, and now there were rumors in school about ██████████ and what she did with Epstein.

I then talked to ██████████ about truth and lying. We talked about the color sweater she was wearing. ██████████ denied having sexual intercourse with Epstein. She denied touching his penis. ██████████ again admitted to observing Epstein masturbate.

██████████ agreed to cooperating with the police department in placing a phone call to Robson in a controlled setting. I met with Ms. Back and advised her of the families' as well as ██████████ willingness to cooperate with this investigation. Copies of this interview were placed into evidence.

I made contact with ██████████ mother of ██████████. I advised her briefly of my investigation. She was aware of the incident and stated that she overheard a portion of a conversation that her daughter was having with a boy named ██████████. ██████████ stated that it was her opinion that both girls liked ██████████. ██████████ recalled hearing her daughter calling ██████████ a whore. ██████████ admitted that she did not listen to the entire conversation but did confront her daughter about it later. ██████████ told her mother that something to the effect that ██████████ had slept with an older man for money. ██████████ stated that she would not object to me speaking with her daughter. It was ██████████ belief that everyone in the school may have known about this because of the fight that her daughter ██████████ and ██████████ had gotten into. I reminded ██████████ that this was an ongoing investigation and requested she not discuss the fact that I had contacted her. She agreed.

On 03/16/2005, PBSO Sgt. Chris Keen left a message that he was returning my call. I spoke with Keen and discussed the case with him and inquired if he had any open allegations or cases where the suspect resided in Palm Beach. Keen stated he was unaware of any. Keen offered any assistance if needed. Keen stated it was his experience that due to the age of the parties involved, it would be difficult to interview them and expect the investigation to remain confidential.

Because of the time delay, there was no need for the victim to be taken to a medical facility for a physical for the purpose of obtaining evidence. There was also no need to take her to CPT as she was already in a juvenile facility, with an assigned therapist, in which coordinating a day and time to obtain a statement could be made.

On 03/17/2005, I queried Jeffery Epstein on the internet and obtained

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 17
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

a photo of Epstein to be used in a photo line up. I met with [REDACTED] at which time she viewed the photo line up. She immediately recognized Epstein and pointed to him (Position #5). [REDACTED] signed the photo line up under Epstein's picture. This signed line up was placed into evidence.

On 03/18/2005, I met with [REDACTED] at her residence for the purpose of placing a controlled call to Haley Robson. [REDACTED] spoke with Robson and asked if she could arrange another meeting with Jeff. Robson stated that she would have to call him and make the arrangements. A copy of this conversation was placed into evidence.

03/19/2005, I spoke with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] and was advised that [REDACTED] left the state to visit with her aunt and uncle. [REDACTED] is scheduled to return to Florida on 03/27/2005

03/21/2005, I coordinated with PB BSF Unit and OCVAN to initiate surveillance on 358 El Brillo.

03/21/2005, Coordinated with Det. Lee regarding trash pulls from 358 El Brillo. On this same date I called [REDACTED] to schedule an appointment to speak with [REDACTED]. She stated the school guidance counselor was reluctant to have police presence at the school. I assured her that I would respond to the school in civilian clothes and an unmarked vehicle.

[REDACTED] called me back and advised that I did not need to make an appointment to see [REDACTED]

I received a return phone call from [REDACTED] stating that [REDACTED] would be attending the family therapy sessions with [REDACTED]

I received messages from [REDACTED]

I conducted a computer query on Epstein. The results of this query indicated the most recent driver's license on file for Epstein was for the state of Florida, which had expired.

A cross reference of Epstein's residence, 358 El Brillo, Palm Beach, revealed the following affiliated names: Nada Marcinkova, w/f, dob 02/21/1985, Mark L. Epstein, w/m dob 07/14/1954, & Ghislaine N. Maxwell, uk/f, dob 12/25/1961. A computer query for both returned no history.

On 03/23/2005, I spoke with [REDACTED] cell phone wk [REDACTED]. I requested that she not discuss the incident with anyone including her daughter [REDACTED] as I did not want the investigation compromised. I was told at this time, that [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] have not been getting along due to the fact that [REDACTED] has decided to continue living with her father.

On 03/29/2005, I placed telephone calls to both the [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] residences requesting to speak with them regarding the

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 18
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368 (Continued)

investigation. I received return phone calls from Mrs. [REDACTED] and Mrs. [REDACTED] and advised them that I would be contacting Kathy Back, [REDACTED] family therapist to coordinate a time to meet with [REDACTED]. This was at the request of both Back and Mrs. [REDACTED] that [REDACTED] strict classroom and therapy schedule be disrupted as little as possible. I also updated them to the investigation thus far. Both [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] stated they had no objection to my meeting with [REDACTED]. In speaking with Ms. [REDACTED] she identified the cell phone number of [REDACTED] as being the phone assigned to [REDACTED]. Ms. [REDACTED] had no objections and provided consent to giving it to the police department for the use of placing controlled phone calls from it. [REDACTED] stated the phone had been taken away from [REDACTED] as part of her punishment for not doing well in school. According to [REDACTED] [REDACTED] used to be an excellent student, but in the past two months has become irritable, verbally abusive to the family and has run away. [REDACTED] stated her daughter's recent behavior is the opposite of what she normally is. [REDACTED] stated they are going through family therapy sessions with the school but none of this had come up. Arrangements were made for Det. Captain Gudger to retrieve the cell phone from [REDACTED] at her place of employment.

I called [REDACTED] and requested to speak with Ms. Back. Upon speaking with Ms. Back she advised me that she was in the middle of therapy sessions and would call me back once the sessions were completed. Ms. Back stated the sessions should be concluded by 7:00 PM. At approximately 8:00PM I had called Ms. Back at which time I left a message on her voice mail requesting a return phone call. I spoke with Ms. [REDACTED] and advised her that I did not meet with her daughter and that I would again attempt to coordinate a time with the counselor so as not to disrupt [REDACTED] school schedule. [REDACTED] had no objections. Shortly after speaking with Ms. [REDACTED] I received a call from Ms. Back. I explained the situation and requested a time to meet with [REDACTED]. Back reviewed [REDACTED] schedule and advised that [REDACTED] would be available after 3:00PM.

On 03/30/2005, I met with Ms. Back and [REDACTED] at [REDACTED]. I reminded [REDACTED] of her conversation with Robson. During this time [REDACTED] initiated a conversation with me in which she admitted that she was not telling me everything that had happened during the time she was alone with Epstein. According to [REDACTED], while she and Epstein were alone on the second floor, Epstein used a purple vibrator to massage her vaginal area. [REDACTED] stated there was no penetration as the vibrator was on top of her underwear. I asked [REDACTED] if Epstein ever asked her age and she stated he had. [REDACTED] stated she told him she was eighteen. When Epstein asked what school she was in, [REDACTED] responded she was in the twelfth grade at [REDACTED]. During the course of this incident, [REDACTED] stated Epstein told her that Haley had worked for him for years.

We then continued with the controlled call to Robson. At approximately 3:35pm [REDACTED] from her cell phone, made a call to Robson s home, (561)333-0180. Robson was not home. [REDACTED] was told

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 19
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

that Haley Robson was at working a double and could be reached on her cell phone, (561) 308-0282. W/F, Haley Robson is employed at The Olive Garden Restaurant, located on Forest Hills Blvd in Wellington.

██████████ called Robson. During the conversation between Haley Robson and ██████████ Robson asked ██████████, what happened, stating that she had heard rumors that ██████████ was going to press charges. Robson asked if they, meaning ██████████ parents, knew about Jeffery. Robson claimed to have heard that ██████████ father had found out about Jeffrey. ██████████ told Robson that they (her parents) did not know anything about Epstein. Robson told ██████████ that Epstein needed someone to work tomorrow and asked if she was available. Robson stated she would call Epstein and then call ██████████ back.

During the course of these conversations with ██████████, she would at times appear to be articulate and well spoken. She would then start to act in an immature manner, by looking around, not paying attention, drawing on a paper. ██████████ would offer me a high five whenever she claimed to have told me the truth in the details of the afternoon at Epstein's house. ██████████ would sit in the chair, with her knees propped up to her chest as she admitted that she did not tell me the all the details of her encounter with Epstein during our first meeting. As a means of positive reinforcement I would high five ██████████

On 03/31/2005, subpoena requests for T-Mobile Wireless (561)317-2143 and Cingular Wireless, ██████████ (Robson and ██████████ phone numbers) were drafted.

On 04/01/2005, I met with members of PB BSF Unit for the purpose of conducting surveillance on 358 El Brillo. Cross-reference supplement.

On 04/01/2005, I met with Det. Krauel of the Palm Beach Police Department who provided me a copy of the concealed weapons permit for Mr. Epstein. It revealed Epstein had a valid permit. There was no current photo attached to the renewal notice.

On this same date I queried various different web sites for a possible identification of the purple item retrieved from the trash pull from 358 El Brillo. The item was similar in description as the one described by ██████████ and used by Epstein.

I made contact with Spicygear.com and spoke with the owner John. I emailed a photograph of the item for his opinion. He identified the items as a Jelly Anal Wand of some sort. The item is easily available at sex shops in South Florida.

04/06/2005, I conducted business queries into Epstein utilizing the internet. I located articles relating to financial reports. There was no local history.

On 04/01/2005 - 04/03/2005, with the assistance of BSF, there was

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 20
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

continued surveillance on the property.

On 04/04/2005, I obtained a copy of voice mail messages, dated 03/31 and 04/01 from Haley Robson to [REDACTED]. A female identifying herself as Haley states that she could pick [REDACTED] up to take her to Epstein's house for an eleven o'clock appointment. A copy of this was placed into evidence.

On 04/05/2005, a trash pull was conducted at 358 El Brillo by Det. Lee and me. There were several messages written on various forms of papers. There was a message from Haley, indicating [REDACTED] 11:00. The following was additional information obtained from trash retrieved from 358 El Brillo: Jean Luc 6:20 AM; David 772-546-6952; Sarah Kellen 655-0995; 881-8116; 655-0995; [REDACTED], Alexis, [REDACTED] Brit; Rion 1x; fullias Friday 5:30PM; Joanna H; Wilde [REDACTED] & [REDACTED]; Nicole; Sherry; Haley; a message receipt dated 4/4 1:05- Joanne S. 771-0546 She is looking to speak to you .; 917-7783-4113.

On 04/06/2005, I faxed subpoena requests to SA Mighdoll's office for Epstein, Robson and [REDACTED] phone records. (Phone numbers (561)832-4117, (561)317-2143, [REDACTED] & (561) 383-7542).

On 04/06/2005, I called [REDACTED], [REDACTED] ext 311, and spoke with Principal [REDACTED]. He confirmed that they had a student by the name of [REDACTED]. He requested a written request prior to releasing any additional information. On this same date I faxed Heers a request for student and parent information on [REDACTED]. I advised Heers that due to this being an open investigation he was not to discuss the matter with anyone.

On 04/08/2005, I received a message from [REDACTED] providing me the following information: [REDACTED] w/m DOB [REDACTED] Parents name: [REDACTED] work [REDACTED]

Det. Lee provided me with trash obtained from 358 El Brillo for 04/06 04/07/05. The following information was retrieved: Jet Aviation 800-538-0724 itinerary, indicating a departure date of 04/05/2005 at 4:00 PM with an arrival in New York City of 6:15PM. Flight crew captain David Rodgers, co-captain, Larry Visoski, flight engineer Larry Morrison. Call sign N908JE; a note stating Bye J. thank you Johanna, hand written notes & messages 11-Glenn, 12:30 chicken, Melissa 4, 3 September B & J, Big Screen x8, Johanna work Sunday @ 4PM, [REDACTED] Monday after school?; left message for [REDACTED] Joanna Harrison, Rhiannon; Sandy works 4-9 Monday and Tuesday, leaves school @ 11:30 AM; [REDACTED] will be here tomorrow @ 10:30 Am; Mrs. Business 654-6699 Karen; 833-4533. There was no trash for 04/08/05.

04/22/05 received the results of a subpoena request from Bellsouth for 561-832-4117. The results only provided subscriber information. I contacted Alice Grant Investigative Subpoena Compliance Center who stated the request was not complete and the results would be sent to

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 21
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

me as soon as the query was finished.

Cross-referencing the names Christine Tatum and Joanna Harrison as well as phone numbers, which were obtained from message notes via trash pulls, I identified the before mentioned individuals as being acquainted with someone at 358 El Brillo. Tatum, DOB 06/07/1984, FL DL #T350115847070 and Harrison, DOB 06/12/1986 FL DL3h625432867120 are both above the legal age of consent.

On 05/03/2005, I spoke with [REDACTED] and updated her on the investigation. [REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] was doing well in the school. Her contact with the outside is limited as they do not have access to the phones. [REDACTED] comes home on the weekends and she is not allowed to go anywhere alone.

On 05/11/2005, I made arrangements to meet with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]

On Thursday, 05/12/05, I spoke with [REDACTED] regarding the case. They will be moving to GA in July 2005. They will be very busy over the next few weeks but would be available via phone. Will coordinate a date to meet to discuss the matter further.

During this week I conducted surveillance at Epstein s residence and at the airport, but there was nothing to indicate that Epstein was in town.

Due to conflicting appointments, rescheduled until 06/02/2005, to meet with Ms. [REDACTED]

I also spoke with [REDACTED] and updated her to the investigation.

On 06/02/2005, I met with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] [REDACTED] advised that she could be reached via her cell phone until she is able to provide me with her new contact information.

I also received a message from [REDACTED] Attempted call back but the line was busy.

June 14, 2005, I received information that Epstein's plane was at Jet Aviation. I spoke with Det. Lee regarding surveillance.

I called the Olive Garden and asked for Haley Robson. I was advised she was not working today. This would indicate that Robson was still employed there.

On 07/07/2005, I faxed subpoena requests to SA Mighdolls office for Epstein, Robson and [REDACTED] phone records. (Phone numbers (561)832-4117, (561)317-2143 and [REDACTED]). The original subpoena requests only provided subscriber and billing information.

On 07/20/2005, conducted a trash pull arranged by Ofc. Lee. Inside there were misc. papers with phone numbers and names. There were

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 22
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368 (Continued)
misc. female hygiene products in the trash. Based on a prior Auto Track report done on 358 El Brillo, a possible subject residing at the residence is Nada Marcinkova. Marcinkova fit the description provided by officers who had conducted surveillance in the area of a female seen entering and leaving the residence.

On 07/21/05, I received the Duces Tecum dated 07/18/05, which was clerked by ASO

On 07/26/2005, I received the results of Bell South Subpoena.

On 08/04/05, I received DHL Express from T mobile with the results of the query.

I spoke with [REDACTED] who confirmed that [REDACTED] was still living out of state. It appeared that all was going well.

I left a message for [REDACTED] at [REDACTED]

On 08/08/2005, I received the results of Cingular cell phone subpoena.

During the week of 09/08/2005, I checked 358 El Brillo and the Palm Beach International Airport but there was no direct indication that Epstein was in town.

On 09/08/2005, I reviewed the case notes of this file, as the case will be turned over to Det. Recarey.

On 09/11/2005, while on patrol, I conducted a check at Epstein's residence and found that it still had the hurricane shutters on. On a drive by the Palm Beach International Airport later that afternoon, I did not observe Epstein's plane.

On 09/14/2005, I conducted a check at the Palm Beach International Airport but did not see Epstein's plane.

On 09/19/2005, I spoke with [REDACTED] to keep her updated and to find out if there was any change of address or phone numbers for [REDACTED]. I was told no. I left a message for [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] in order to provide her with Detective Recarey's information.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 2 *****
Reported By: RECAREY, JOSEPH 9/21/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 9/21/05

On September 19, 2005, I met with Officer Pagan and received the information pertaining to this case. Members of the Burglary Strike Force had previously been conducting surveillance on both Epstein and Robson. Officer Munyan was assigned to monitor the Epstein home and Sgt Sorge and Officer Minot were assigned to monitor Robson. Both teams provided a surveillance log that will be placed into the

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 23
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368
attachment file.

(Continued)

Det. Dawson was assigned to relieve Officer Munyan at 4:00 pm; he informed me that at approximately 8:00 pm, Epstein had left for the airport and his private jet was sitting on the tarmac. Epstein's private vehicle drove to the jet and unloaded packages into the jet. It appeared that Epstein left the county at this time. Surveillance will continue to determine when Epstein will return.

Inv Continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 3 *****
A Reported By: PARKINSON, GREGORY A. 9/23/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 9/23/05

On Friday, September 23, 2005 at approximately 1:45 p.m., I began to copy a tape micro cassette, under case number 05-368 and property number 05-243, tape number 1. I placed the tape in the telex copy-et, series 2 machine and began to go through the copying process. Approximately 1/2 through the tape, the tape wrapped around the spindle and became locked and stretched the tape. I examined it and determined that it was in the best interest to leave it as it is as a prior copy had been made and turned over to Sergeant Frick. I immediately took the tape to Sergeant Frick and allowed him to examine it and then obtained the copy from him and Detective Recarey and brought the copy of the tape down and made a copy for him based on that. The tape was placed back in the original container and is retained in the evidence bag under the previously mentioned property number of 05-243. It is not advisable to attempt to copy this tape as further damage could result to the recorded material and there is an existing copy anyway.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 4 *****
Reported By: PARKINSON, GREGORY A. 9/26/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 9/26/05

On 3-24-05 at 11:00 pm, a copy of tape 2 (case number 05-294) had been made for Det. Pagan by Evidence Specialist Annette Badger. The copy was turned over to Detective Recarey.

On Friday, 09-23-05 at approximately 2:15 pm, I was in the process of reproducing audio tapes (micro and standard) to standard size when it was discovered, in the test review process, that tape number 2 was blank. I notified Sgt. Frick and Det. Recarey. I was informed that they had a prior copy and I could use it to make a master tape. I did so and when reviewing and signing the evidence sheet, I noticed Evidence Specialist Badger had written "#2 is blank."

I obtained that copy from Det. Recarey and made a new copy on a standard size tape. The new copy was placed in the evidence bag under

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 24
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368
property number 05-294 with the blank tape.

(Continued)

***** N A R R A T I V E # 5 *****
JA Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 9/26/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 9/28/05

Copies of the tapes that were submitted into evidence were requested. Additionally, trash pulls were started on September 21, 2005. Sgt. Szarszewski made telephone contact with Tony Higgins, Supervisor of the Sanitation Department, and requested that trash be collected at the Epstein House located at 358 El Brillo in Palm Beach. Sgt Szarszewski met with Sanitation worker, Jeff Williams and observed him enter the property at 358 El Brillo. Shortly thereafter, Williams exited the property and placed the three white trash bags in the empty well in the rear of the truck. Williams then drove away where he met with Sgt. Szarszewski who removed the bags from the well and placed them into one large black trash bag. The bag was returned to the Police Station where I was waiting for him. Upon his arrival, we inspected the bags where several notes and papers were found. These notes contained names of girls with times. Additionally, there was a note from [redacted] and Laura to Jeffrey Epstein on a notepad, which stated, "For a good time call [redacted] and Laura at [redacted]." Also, there was another telephone number on the note [redacted]. Also found was a written note, which stated, [redacted] can not come at 7 p.m. tomorrow because of soccer. These items were written on notepads that contain Jeffrey Epstein on the bottom of the notes. These items were placed into evidence for future follow up. I requested subpoenas for subscriber information on the telephone numbers listed above on the note from [redacted] and Laura. The cellular telephones [redacted] and [redacted] are both assigned to Cingular Cellular Service. Other notes were found within the trash on Jeffrey Epstein pad, papers that contained telephone numbers. One note had [redacted] with [redacted] written on it. This cellular number is assigned to Cingular Cellular Service. Another sheet had written [redacted] which is assigned to Bell South Telecommunications. The subpoenas were picked up and submitted to Cingular and Bell South Telecommunication for subscriber information.

On September 22, 2005, I was informed by Sgt. Szarszewski that there would be no trash pick up as it was recycle pick up day. A request for copies of the micro and standard size cassettes were requested from crime scene to familiarize myself with the interviews conducted.

On September 23, 2005, the tapes were received and I began to become familiar with the interviews that were conducted. Det. Krauel had met with Town of Palm Beach Sanitation worker, Jeff Williams and observed him enter the property of 358 El Brillo. Shortly thereafter, Williams exited the property and placed the three white trash bags in the empty well in the rear of the truck. Williams then drove away where he met with Det. Krauel who removed the bags from the well and placed them into one large black trash bag. The bag was returned to the Police Station where I was waiting for him. Upon his arrival, we inspected

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 25
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

the bags where several notes and papers were found. The notes will be inspected for future use. The items collected were placed into evidence.

It became evident that some of the recordings were recorded with background noise and some interference. The calls most affected were the control phone calls from the victim to the suspect Haley Robson. I obtained the graphic equalizer and discovered that the calls are able to be legible with the use of the equalizer by lowering the background noise and increasing voice gain. I also learned that a tape was broken during the copying of the tape. I returned the copy of the tape marked Property Number 05-243 to have it recopied to have an original in evidence and a working copy with the file.

Upon researching the file, it was discovered that the suspect, Haley Robson's cellular calls were subpoenaed incorrectly. The suspect telephone number was 561-308-0282 and the original request was for 561-908-0282. I requested the information through Cingular Cellular Service from February 2005 through the present. The purpose was to have a record of Robson making calls to victim, Jeffrey Epstein and the frequency of calls. The request was submitted to the State Attorney's Office.

Investigation Continues....

***** N A R R A T I V E # 6 *****
Reported By: KRAUEL, CURTIS D. 10/06/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 10/06/05

On or about September 23, 2005 at approximately 0915 hours, I responded to 358 El Brillo and met with PB Sanitation worker Jeff Williams. Williams had been previously notified to assist in trash pulls at the residence of Jeffrey Epstein, 358 El Brillo, Palm Beach, Florida. I observed Williams enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo and remove several plastic bags of trash and place the contents into the back of an empty sanitation truck.

I then followed Williams to a predetermined location and seized the trash from the truck. The trash was transported to the Palm Beach Police Department where I began sifting through its contents. There was a total of 4 white in color plastic bags and each contained documentation and correspondence for 358 El Brillo and Jeffrey Epstein. All documents of evidentiary value were removed and turned over to Det. Recarey for follow-up.

On or about September 26, 2005 at approximately 0900 hours, I responded to 358 El Brillo and met with PB Sanitation worker Jessie Jones. Jones had been previously notified to assist in trash pulls at the residence of Jeffrey Epstein, 358 El Brillo, Palm Beach, Florida. I observed Jones enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo, where no trash was located within the receptacles. I left the area without incident

Date: 7/19/06

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT

Page: 26

Time: 15:01:37

Incident Report

Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

and notified Det. Recarey to that affect.

On or about September 27, 2005 at approximately 0915 hours, I responded to 358 El Brillo and met with PB Sanitation worker Jesse Jones. I observed Jones enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo and remove one plastic bag of trash and place it in the back of an empty sanitation truck.

I then followed Jones to a predetermined location and seized the trash from the truck. The trash was transported to the Palm Beach Police Department where I began sifting through its contents. There was a total of 1 white in color plastic bag which contained correspondence for 358 El Brillo. All documents of evidentiary value were removed and turned over to Det. Recarey for follow-up.

On or about Monday October 3, 2005 at approximately 0915 hours, I responded to 358 El Brillo and met with PB Sanitation worker Jeff Williams. I observed Williams enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo and remove several plastic bags of trash and place the contents into the back of an empty sanitation truck.

I then followed Williams to a predetermined location and seized the trash from the truck. The trash was transported to the Palm Beach Police Department where I began sifting through its contents. There was a total of 7 white in color plastic bags with a red tie and 1 black in color bag which contained 2 white in color plastic bags with a red tie. Each of the bags contained documentation and correspondence for 358 El Brillo and Jeffrey Epstein. Inside of one of the white in color bags, I located a broken piece of a hard plastic or clear acrylic stick, which was shaped with small ridges. This device is commonly used as a sexual toy which is inserted into the vagina or anus for stimulation. This item, along with all documents of evidentiary value were removed and turned over to Det. Recarey for follow-up.

On or about Tuesday October 4, 2005 at approximately 0928 hours, I responded to 358 El Brillo and met with PB Sanitation worker Jeff Williams. I observed Williams enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo and remove several plastic bags of trash and place the contents into the side well of the sanitation truck. This side of the truck is separate from the rear of the truck and does not come into contact with other trash.

I then followed Williams to a predetermined location and seized the trash from the truck. The trash was transported to the Palm Beach Police Department where I began sifting through its contents. There was a total of 2 white in color plastic bags which were tied at the top. Each of the bags contained documentation and correspondence for 358 El Brillo and Jeffrey Epstein. All documents of evidentiary value were removed and turned over to Det. Recarey for follow-up.

On or about Wednesday October 5, 2005 at approximately 0928 hours, I

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 27
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

responded to 358 El Brillo and met with PB Sanitation worker Jeff Williams. I observed Williams enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo and remove several plastic bags of trash and place the contents into the bed of the sanitation truck.

I then followed Williams to a predetermined location and seized the trash from the truck. The trash was transported to the Palm Beach Police Department where I began sifting through its contents, with the assistance of Det. Recarey. There were a total of 2 bags, one of which was white in color and tied in a knot at the top, and the other was a black in color bag, which contained two white in color trash bags along with loose debris. Each of the bags contained documentation and correspondence for 358 El Brillo and Jeffrey Epstein. All documents of evidentiary value were removed and turned over to Det. Recarey for follow-up.

***** NARRATIVE # 7 *****

Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 10/07/05

Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 10/07/05

I met with Det. Krauel and requested further assistance to maintain trash collections at Epstein's residence at 358 El Brillo Road. On October 3, 2005, at approximately 10:30 am, I was contacted by Sgt. Frick to respond to the Palm Beach Police Station. Det. Krauel had observed Jeff Epstein riding his bicycle on South County Road. Upon my arrival, I met with Sgt Frick who advised, as Epstein was currently in Town; we interview Haley Robson as to her involvement with Epstein and the girls that are brought to his house. As we were to interview Robson in the county, (outside of our jurisdiction), I contacted the State Attorney s Office Investigation Division, and made contact with Assistant Supervisor Investigator Carlos Ortiz. I requested assistance to interview Robson as the interview may occur in the county. Supervisor Ortiz assigned Investigator Mike Waites to assist us at the location and interview of Robson.

Det. Dicks had responded to the address of Robson and viewed her vehicle parked in the driveway. Robson's vehicle a red Plymouth Neon baring Florida Tag of H49-PKB was parked in the driveway of 12247 72nd Court in Loxahatchee. Sgt Frick and I responded to 120th Ave and awaited the arrival of Investigator Mike Waites. Upon his arrival, he was briefed that should she wish to be interviewed within her home he would be needed. However, should Robson agree to return to the police station for further questioning, he would not be needed. Sgt. Frick and I knocked on the door and met with Haley Robson. Robson was told that we were investigating a claim involving Jeffrey Epstein of El Brillo in Palm Beach. Robson was asked if she wanted to accompany us back to the police station for further questioning. She was also told that at the conclusion of the interview she would be returned home. She agreed and wished to change her clothes prior to accompanying us back to the police station. At the conclusion of her changing clothes, she advised she was ready to go. I thanked Inv. Waites and advised she was going to voluntarily return to the police station.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 28
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Upon Robson s entry in the unmarked Detective vehicle, I placed a tape recorder within the vehicle to record any conversations within the vehicle. During the ride back to the police station, Robson advised she is attending Palm Beach Community College at the Palm Beach Gardens Campus and is majoring in journalism.

Upon our arrival at the police station, Robson was brought to the interview room in the Detective Bureau. I explained to Robson that I appreciated her willingness to assist us and informed her that should she desire to leave at any time she may do so. I further explained the interview room door is only closed for privacy. Robson stated she understood. During the taped sworn interview, Robson was asked how she came in contact with Epstein. Robson stated back when she turned 17 years of age she was approached by a friend Molly in the Canopy Beach Resort in Rivera Beach. Robson was asked if she wanted to make money.

She was told she would have to provide a massage and should make \$200.00. Robson thought about the offer and agreed to meet with Jeffrey. Molly (Unknown last name) and Tony (Unknown last name) picked her up and she was taken to Epstein's house. Upon her arrival at the house, she was introduced to Epstein in the kitchen of the house. She was also introduced to a white female known to her as Sara. She was led upstairs to the main bedroom known to her as Jeff Epstein s bedroom. Sara arranged the massage table and covered the table with a sheet. She brought out the massage oils and laid them next to the massage bed. Sara then left the room and informed her Jeff would be in a minute. Jeff entered the bedroom wearing only a towel. He lay on the table onto his stomach and picked massage oil for Robson to rub on him. During the massage, Robson stated, He tried to touch me and I stopped him. I asked how he tried to touch her. He grabbed her buttocks and she felt uncomfortable. Robson also stated Epstein has a vibrator, which is large and white in color. Robson told Epstein, I'll massage you but I don't want to be touched. Robson stated she performed the massage naked. At the conclusion of the massage, Epstein paid Robson \$200.00 for the massage. He explained, I know you re not comfortable, but I'll pay you if you bring some girls. He told her the younger the better. Robson stated she once tried to bring a 23-year-old female and Epstein stated that the female was too old. Robson was asked how many girls she brought in total to Epstein. Robson stated six that she can remember. Robson stated she brought

[REDACTED], [REDACTED], [REDACTED], [REDACTED] and the victim in this case.

I asked Robson which one was the youngest. Robson advised the victim was the youngest. Robson stated every girl she brought knew what to expect when they arrived. They were told they would provide a massage, possibly naked, and some touching. I asked her if the victim was aware. She stated every girl she brought knew what to expect. She explained she knew the victim wanted to make money. She approached the victim and explained about going to work for Jeff. The

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 29
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

victim agreed and arrangements were made to bring the victim to Epstein's house on a weekend. Robson stated that she and [REDACTED] (later identified as [REDACTED]) picked up the victim at the victim's house. They traveled to Epstein's House and entered through the kitchen door. They met with the house chef and Epstein's assistant Sara. The victim was introduced to Epstein while they were in the kitchen area. Sara led the victim upstairs and Epstein went upstairs. When the massage was over, the victim returned to the kitchen area. Robson stated she was paid \$200.00 for bring the victim to Epstein's. Robson stated the victim told her she was paid \$300.00 for the massage. Back in the vehicle, Robson asked the victim what happened. The victim told her about the massage and then they went shopping. Robson stated the victim was the last person she brought to Epstein. She further stated that she had changed her cellular number to avoid being contacted by Sara. She continued that when Epstein announces to his assistant that he is traveling to Palm Beach, Sara would contact Robson to arrange girls for Epstein. Sarah, later identified as Sarah Kellen Date of Birth 05-25-1979, had told Robson that Jeff likes to have his fun with the girls.

Robson stated that once her parents discovered that she was visiting Epstein, they disapproved of the encounters with him and she stopped. Robson further stated that Sara still tries to call the house and leaves messages. With the assistance of Robson, we were able to identify [REDACTED] DOB [REDACTED], [REDACTED] DOB [REDACTED], [REDACTED] DOB [REDACTED], and [REDACTED] DOB [REDACTED].

Sgt Frick entered the room and explained that based on her own statements, she had implicated herself with bringing underage girls to Epstein's house. Robson was aware of what she had stated and wished to assist further in hopes to receive a lesser charge. Robson provided cellular telephone numbers for the girls she had mentioned previously. Additionally, she also provided possible addresses and areas in which they lived. As Robson was being taken home in the vehicle, a tape recorder was placed within the vehicle to record any conversations within the vehicle. During the drive back to her home, Robson made the comment I m like a Heidi Fliess. (Hollywood Madam who sent girls to clients for sexual favors in California). Robson was dropped off at her house without incident.

Sgt Frick and I went to [REDACTED] in [REDACTED] Florida in an attempt to speak with [REDACTED]. We met with Mrs. [REDACTED] (Mother) at the front door. We explained the ongoing investigation and felt that [REDACTED] may have additional information as we had information that she had worked for Jeff. Mrs. [REDACTED] introduced us to her husband and allowed us entry into the home. We sat in the dinning room and met with [REDACTED] Date of Birth [REDACTED]. As she was under the age of eighteen, Mrs. [REDACTED] was advised we would be speaking with her. She expressed, if her daughter had information she wanted to assist. As we interviewed [REDACTED] she denied having any inappropriate encounters with Jeff (Epstein). She stated she had gone to Jeff's

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 30
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

House with Haley Robson approximately eight months ago and sat in the kitchen with the house chef but nothing happened. As the parents were present during the interview, we felt that [REDACTED] was withholding information from us. She made several comments as to she has put the entire incident behind her. I left my direct telephone number and advised should she wish to speak with me again to telephone me. Sgt Frick and I thanked Mrs. [REDACTED] for her time and left the area. She stated she would ask her again after we left as to what happened at Epstein s house. I informed her that [REDACTED] had my telephone number and hopefully she would call.

Sgt Frick and I then attempted contact with [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] in [REDACTED]. We met with [REDACTED] who stated [REDACTED] was her daughter. [REDACTED] was at the Wellington Mall and was not home. We explained the ongoing investigation and felt the [REDACTED] may have additional information as we had information that she had worked for Jeff. We left our phone numbers and asked her to telephone me upon her daughter's return. We then left the area.

On October 4, 2005, at approximately, 8:05 am, Sgt Frick had retrieved a voice mail message from [REDACTED]. She stated she had spoken with her daughter and she had information as to what occurred at Jeff s house. I contacted [REDACTED] who stated her daughter was in the shower at the moment and would be traveling back to Orlando to attend College. I informed her I would be en route to her home in [REDACTED]. Det. Dawson and I drove to the [REDACTED] home and met with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]. During a sworn taped statement, [REDACTED] stated she was taken to the house by Haley Robson. She was told she could make money working for Jeff. She was told she would have to provide a massage to Jeff. [REDACTED] stated upon her arrival to the house she was brought to the kitchen area by Robson.

They met with the house chef and Haley stayed in the kitchen. She was introduced to Sara, Jeff's assistant and was brought upstairs to the mater bedroom. Sara prepared the room and massage table for a massage. Epstein entered the room and she provided a massage. [REDACTED] stated she kept her clothes on during the massage. She stated sometime during the massage Epstein grabbed her buttocks and pulled her close to him. [REDACTED] said she was wierded out by the incident involving Jeff. At the conclusion of the massage, she was paid \$200.00 for the massage. I asked [REDACTED] if she has any formal training in massages to which she replied no. I asked her if Robson received any monies for taking her to perform the massage. [REDACTED] stated Robson also received money for taking her there. [REDACTED] stated she went with Robson and another girl, [REDACTED] to Jeff's house once. [REDACTED] stated she waited in the kitchen with Robson, while [REDACTED] was taken upstairs by Sara. [REDACTED] stated she only did the massage once, as she was wierded out by the whole experience. At the conclusion of the interview and the tape was stopped, I was informed that Sara had attempted to reach [REDACTED] via cell phone. A voice mail message on October 4, 2005 at 10:59 am, revealed a female voice who identified herself as Sara who requested her to call her back reference the

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 31
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

police questioning. This voice mail message was recorded onto a micro cassette. [redacted] provided the incoming telephone number as 917-855-3363. [redacted] stated she inadvertently told [redacted] about the police investigation because [redacted] had called her to tell her about how she just received a rental car from Jeff Epstein. [redacted] had called her to tell her that she was given a rental car, a 2005 Silver Nissan Sentra, to utilize to visit family and visit Jeff. [redacted] asked her what was going on at the house that the police would be asking questions. [redacted] stated [redacted] then called Jeff and Sara and asked what was going on reference the ongoing police investigation. According to [redacted], Sara has since then been trying to contact her to ask about the police questions. I instructed [redacted] not to contact Sara and do not provide any more information to [redacted] as she would notify Jeff Epstein and Sara what was transpiring.

Investigation Continues...

***** N A R R A T I V E # 8 *****
A Reported By: LEE, LA'MONT 10/07/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 10/07/05

On March 30, 2005, I was asked by Sgt. Daniel Szarszewski to begin conducting surveillance and trash pulls reference Detective Pagan conducting a criminal investigation involving Jeffrey Epstein. I was advised that Epstein was possibly engaging in sexual contact with young females.

On March 30, 2005, I made contact with Town of Palm Beach Sanitation Office Supervisor Tony Higgins and requested trash pulls for 358 El Brillo Way to begin on March 31, 2005.

On March 31, 2005 at 9:20 a.m., I responded to the area of 358 El Brillo Way and met with Town of Palm Beach sanitation employee, Jeffrey Williams. I observed Williams enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo Way, collect the trash bags from Epstein's property and place the contents into an empty sanitation truck. I followed Williams to a nearby area, where he turned over seventeen white plastic trash bags, which were collected from Epstein's property.

I took the trash bags to the sanitation department where I sifted through its contents. I collected mail correspondence from Armani Exchange addressed to Nada Marcinkova, Jeffrey E. Epstein notepaper with [redacted] an important message notepaper addressed to J.E dated 03/29/05 at 8:15 p.m. reference Peggy Seagal, U.S Airways boarding pass copy for passenger, Janusz Banasiak, Montgomery County, Maryland Health Department food service ID NO#40820 for Janusz Banasiak and Ghislaine Maxwell notepaper with names and phone numbers. Photocopies of the trash collected were attached with the supplement. Detective Pagan was advised of the contents that were collected for evidentiary value.

Date: 7/19/06

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT

Page: 32

Time: 15:01:37

Incident Report

Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

On March 31, 2005, Sgt. Daniel Szarszewski requested that I set up a surveillance vehicle on El Brillo Way and conduct video surveillance of the front exterior of Epstein's residence. At 3:00 p.m., I set up a surveillance vehicle equipped with a video monitoring device. The surveillance vehicle was parked on El Brillo Way approximately fifty feet east of Epstein's driveway. The purpose of the video surveillance was to gather investigative intelligence by monitoring and recording all vehicle and pedestrian traffic entering and leaving Epstein's property.

The video surveillance tapes were changed daily with a new Maxell T-160 VHS tape. Video surveillance was established for Epstein's from March 31, 2005 through April 05, 2005. On April 05, 2005, video surveillance was concluded. I reviewed the video tapes and advised Detective Pagan the surveillance videos yielded no evidentiary value.

On April 01, 2005 at 9:30 a.m., I responded to the area of 358 El Brillo Way to meet with Town of Palm Beach sanitation employee, Jessie Jones. While parked in the area of 358 El Brillo Way waiting to collect Epstein's trash, I observed a white female, who I recognized as Nada Marcinkova from her Florida driver's license photograph. I made no contact with Marcinkova. While parked in the area, I also observed Epstein's GMC Yukon truck leave the property as well as other vehicles arrive and park across the street from the property. The occupants of these vehicles appeared to be housekeepers, maintenance men, and gardeners.

At 9:38 a.m., I met with Town of Palm Beach sanitation employee, Jessie Jones. I observed Jones enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo Way and collect the trash from Epstein's property. I followed Jessie to a predetermined area at which time I collected the trash bags from the sanitation truck. I transported the trash bags to the sanitation department, where I sifted through its contents. I collected mail correspondences addressed to Jeffrey Epstein, automotive records and personal documents for Janusz Banasiak and Beata Banasiak as well as Jeffrey Epstein notepaper with the names and appointment times for [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]. No last names or other personal information was written on the notepaper.

While sifting through Epstein's trash, I also collected a three-inch purple finger size object, which had a broken end. The object appeared to be a broke piece from a sexual toy similar to a (Cyclone Vibrator) possibly used for rectal gratification. The sexual object was photographed for Detective Pagan, packaged in a biohazard evidence bag (possible body fluids) and secured as investigative evidence. All items collected from Epstein's trash were turned over to Detective Pagan for evidentiary purposes.

On April 05, 2005 at 9:18 a.m., I met with Town of Palm Beach sanitation employee, Jessie Jones. I observed Jones enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo Way and collect the trash from Epstein's property. I followed Jessie to a predetermined area at which time I

Date: 7/19/06

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT

Page: 33

Time: 15:01:37

Incident Report

Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368 (Continued)
collected the trash bags from the sanitation truck. I transported the trash bags to the sanitation department, where I sifted through its contents. I collected mail correspondences addressed to Jeffrey Epstein as well as notepaper (Important Message) with names and telephone numbers. The following are items collected from Epstein s trash.

Joanne G. (714-0546)
blank piece of white paper (561-881-8118)
black paper (655-7626)
black paper (917-783-4113)
David (772-546-6952)
MSN Hotmail web page with email address (adrianamucinska@hotmail.com)

The following items were documented for Detective Pagan s investigation for evidentiary purposes.

On April 06, 08, 11, 12, 13, 15, 2005, at approximately 9:30 a.m, I met with Town of Palm Beach sanitation employees. I observed the employee enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo Way and collect the trash from Epstein's property. I followed the employee to a predetermined area at which time I collected the trash bags from the sanitation truck. I transported the trash bags to the sanitation department, where I sifted through its contents.

All of the documents collected from Epstein's trash during my assistance were turned over to Detective Pagan for evidentiary purposes.

On June 14, 2005, Detective Michelle Pagan contacted me and advised that the airplane belonging to Jeffrey Epstein of 358 El Brillo Way was parked at the Palm Beach International Airport.

Detective Pagan requested that I begin trash pulls for the purpose of gathering evidence and intelligence.

I made contact with Town of Palm Beach Sanitation Office Supervisor Tony Higgins and requested trash pulls for 358 El Brillo Way to begin on June 15, 2005.

On June 15, 2005, I met with a sanitation employee. I observed the employee enter the driveway of 358 El Brillo Way and collect the trash from Epstein s property. I followed the employee to a predetermined area at which time I collected the trash bags from the sanitation truck. I transported the trash bags to the sanitation department, where I sifted through its contents. The trash yielded negative results and no evidence was collected.

No further trash was collected throughout the week due to the fact that Epstein s security gates remained closed throughout the week; therefore, the sanitation employees were unable to gain access onto the property for collection of the trash.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 34
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

All evidence and intelligence gathered by this officer has been turned over to the detective bureau and no further action has been taken by this officer.

End of supplement.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 9 *****

A Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 10/07/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 10/10/05

On October 4, 2005, I made telephone contact with [REDACTED] who had left several messages on voice mail. During the message, she advised she was not completely truthful when we met in person but would like to speak with me to advise what had happened. She further advised she did not want to speak of this incident in front of her mother. At approximately 15:48 pm, I made telephone contact with [REDACTED] at [REDACTED]. During a taped recorded statement, [REDACTED] stated the following: Approximately a year ago, when she was sixteen years of age, Robson took her to Jeff's house twice. The first time she went, Haley Robson drove to the house. They entered through the kitchen area where she was introduced to Sara and Jeff. She was taken upstairs to a bedroom by Sara who set the room up with a massage bed and brought out the oils to use. Jeff then entered the room wearing a towel. He lay on the table and picked out a lotion for [REDACTED] to rub on him. At one point during the massage, he tried to remove her shirt at which point she became very upset and discontinued the massage. Both [REDACTED] and Jeffrey had a verbal disagreement at which time she left without being paid. She met with Haley Robson who was sitting in the kitchen and told her let's go. [REDACTED] advised she received no money for that day. [REDACTED] also said that Haley Robson had told her if she was uncomfortable with what was going on, to let him know and he'll stop. She knew that the more you do the more you are paid.

Several weeks later, [REDACTED] advised she agreed to be taken a second time by Haley Robson. Once they arrived at the residence, Haley sat in the kitchen and Sara took her upstairs to the master bedroom again. Sara set the room up with a massage bed and brought out the oils to use. Jeff then entered the room wearing a towel. He lay on the table and picked out a lotion for [REDACTED] to rub on him. At one point during the massage, he tried to touch her buttocks. As [REDACTED] was wearing tight jeans and had a tight belt on Jeff was unable to touch her buttocks. Jeff then rolled onto his back during the massage; he attempted to touch her breasts. [REDACTED] then became upset again and told him she didn't want to be touched. [REDACTED] discontinued the massage and was paid \$200.00. [REDACTED] then went downstairs where Haley Robson was waiting for her. She told Robson she wanted to leave. [REDACTED] said she never returned to the house. [REDACTED] stated she is aware that her friend, [REDACTED] was also at the house and had a problem with Jeff. She provided a telephone number

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 35
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

for [REDACTED] The interview was concluded and the micro cassettes were turn in as evidence.

On October 5, 2005, I researched the incoming telephone number that had left [REDACTED] a message. The telephone number, [REDACTED] was assigned to ATT/Cingular Cellular service. I prepared a subpoena request and faxed the request to the State Attorney s Office. Information requested was subscriber information as well as all incoming and outgoing calls for the months of September and October 2005.

I later researched [REDACTED] and discovered she resides in [REDACTED] Det. Dawson and I drove to [REDACTED] and met with [REDACTED] at her residence [REDACTED] in [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] agreed to speak with us in the kitchen area. During a sworn taped statement, [REDACTED] stated the following: On or about November 2004, she was approached by Haley Robson and asked if she wanted to make money. She agreed and was told she would provide a massage to wealthy man in Palm Beach. Robson picked her up and drove her to a house in Palm Beach. She was brought into the kitchen area of the house. She further stated that [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] went with them. They were brought into the kitchen where she was introduced to Jeff and other females. [REDACTED] stated she was introduced to a helper of Jeff; the female was described as white female (unknown name), with blond hair. She stated that the assistant was familiar with Robson. The assistant set up the massage table and put out lotions to be used. She told [REDACTED] Jeff would available in a minute. Jeff entered the room wearing only a towel. Jeff lay on the massage table and picked a lotion to rub on his thighs and back. [REDACTED] further stated that during the massage Jeff asked her to remove her clothes. She complied and removed her pants and blouse. [REDACTED] didn't remember if she had removed her bra but feels that she did. [REDACTED] was certain that she stayed in her thong underwear. [REDACTED] continued the massage and at one point she straddled him to massage his back, which touched his buttocks with hers. [REDACTED] was instructed to return to the ground at which time Jeff turned to have his chest rubbed. [REDACTED] advised it was at this time she is sure he was masturbating. [REDACTED] did not want to look at his penis area because she was uncomfortable. Jeff removed a large white vibrator and turned it on. [REDACTED] stated he began rubbing the vibrator over her thong underwear on her vaginal area. Shortly thereafter, Jeff ejaculated and removed himself from the table. He walked over to where the shower was and opened the glass door. She waited as he was taking a shower in her direct view. When I asked [REDACTED] how old she was when this occurred, she stated she had just turned seventeen. At the conclusion of the shower, [REDACTED] was paid either \$350.00 or \$400.00. She stated she wasn't sure, but knows it was close to \$400.00. At the conclusion of the interview, [REDACTED] stated she never returned to provide a massage for Jeff. She advised she was ashamed and uncomfortable with the situation.

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 36
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Det. Dawson and I then left the area and responded to the [REDACTED] where Robson and all the above-mentioned girls had attended. I met with School Police Officer, Off Williams. I explained I was looking for a previous student who attended [REDACTED]. I inquired about [REDACTED]. I further explained that I was working a case in which most of the girls I have interviewed are either witnesses or victims and felt that [REDACTED] may be one as well. Officer Williams researched his previous student records and found [REDACTED]. She attended the same year and graduated in the same year as the other girls. I was provided the last known address of [REDACTED].

At approximately 2:10 pm, Det. Dawson and I met with [REDACTED] at her residence, [REDACTED] in [REDACTED]. As [REDACTED] was only seventeen years of age, I had notified her mother, Mrs. [REDACTED] that she would be interviewed reference an ongoing investigation in Palm Beach. I assured her that her daughter was not a suspect. I explained the possibility of her being either a witness or victim. Mrs. [REDACTED] advised she wanted [REDACTED] to cooperate and consented to the interview. During a sworn taped statement, [REDACTED] stated the following: at the age of sixteen, during the month of September 2004, she was approached by Haley Robson for a chance to make money. [REDACTED] was friends with the friends of Robson and knew the same people. [REDACTED] had been previously told by her friends what Robson did for Jeff. Robson called a person known to [REDACTED] as Sara and scheduled the appointment. Robson picked [REDACTED] up and drove her to Palm Beach to a street called Brillo Way. They drove to the end of the street and entered a large driveway. They entered the kitchen area of the house and met with Jeff. [REDACTED] was introduced to Jeff. Robson led [REDACTED] upstairs to the main bedroom area and set up the room with a massage table and set out the oils. Robson dimmed the lights and turned on soft music. Robson exited the room and Jeff entered the room wearing only a towel. Jeff picked oils and instructed her to rub his legs, under his buttocks, back and chest area. Jeff asked her to get comfortable. [REDACTED] advised she did not remove her clothes. She was wearing tight jeans and a cropped tank top exposing her belly area. During the massage, Jeff removed his towel. As [REDACTED] rubbed his chest area, Jeff attempted to reach down her pants through the buttocks area, however was unable to due to the tightness of the jeans and a tight belt. [REDACTED] advised Jeff began to masturbate as she rubbed his chest. Jeff moaned as she rubbed his chest. She observed he was continuing to masturbate and attempted to reach up her tank top and touch her breasts. [REDACTED] pulled back and Jeff stopped. However, he kept masturbating until he climaxed. He cleaned himself with the towel he was previously wearing. I asked [REDACTED] if she knew the difference between circumcised and not circumcised. She explained she knew and advised Jeff was circumcised. [REDACTED] was paid \$200.00 for the massage and left the area. She met with Robson who was waiting in the kitchen area and left the house.

[REDACTED] then explained she never provided another massage for Jeff. She did however, go to the house with Robson and [REDACTED] as they

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 37
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

took another friend of Robson's. [redacted] advised she was present when [redacted] went to work for Jeff. She advised she rode over and sat in the kitchen area with Robson to wait for [redacted]. [redacted] advised that while they waited for [redacted], the house chef prepared lunch for them, as it was almost lunchtime. As [redacted] was finished with the massage, they left the area. I asked [redacted] if Robson ever told what would be expected of her when she provided a massage. [redacted] stated yes, Robson told her that a massage would be expected possibly naked and possibly some touching involved. [redacted] has no formal training in providing massages.

[redacted] spoke about a third and last time she went to Jeff's house. Robson drove another girl, [redacted], who is [redacted] friend, to Jeff's house. [redacted] stated she knew that Robson had made money providing girls for Jeff and she wanted to do the same. Robson took them in the kitchen area of the house and introduced [redacted] to Sara. Robson and Sara took [redacted] upstairs to the main bedroom. [redacted] advised she doesn't know what happened as [redacted] did not speak about what happened in the room. [redacted] received \$100.00 from Robson for going with her to Jeff's house and recommending [redacted]. [redacted] was unable to remember [redacted] telephone number. The interview was concluded and we left the area.

Investigation Continues...

***** N A R R A T I V E # 10 *****
Reported By: RECAREY, JOSEPH 10/09/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 10/10/05

On October 6, 2005, Det. Dawson and I went to [redacted] located in [redacted]. We met with Dean of Students, [redacted]. I explained to Mr. [redacted] that we were investigating a crime within the Town of Palm Beach and felt that a student, [redacted], may have information. [redacted] confirmed that [redacted] is a student and currently on the soccer team for [redacted]. She was in computer class at the time of our arrival. [redacted] sent a security guard to locate [redacted] in class and bring her to the office. Mr. [redacted] allowed us to interview [redacted] in an empty conference room.

At 11:45 am I met with [redacted] and explained to her why we there to interview her. She advised she was aware of the ongoing investigation. [redacted] stated she had previously spoken with [redacted] who told her she was interviewed by detectives. During a sworn taped statement, [redacted] stated she knew that Haley Robson worked for Jeff in Palm Beach. [redacted] advised she has been there many times for massages. I asked her if she had formal training in providing massages, [redacted] stated she did not. [redacted] advised she was told what was expected of her by providing massages and would have to remove clothing but if she felt uncomfortable just to say so and Jeff would stop pushing the issue. [redacted] began providing massages and advised she kept her clothes on. She considered Jeff a pervert who kept

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 38
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

pushing to go further and further. ██████ explained she would keep telling him she had a boyfriend and that it would not be right to her boyfriend. It wasn't until recently ██████ admitted to removing her clothes and staying in her thong underwear to provide a massage. ██████ explained Jeff wanted to be rubbed on his back and recently he began turning over to have her rub his chest as he masturbated. He would try to touch her breasts as she rubbed his chest. ██████ stated, Jeff would try to get away with more and more on each massage. Originally, Robson drove her to the house for the original massage. ██████ left Sara her cell phone number and every time Jeff would come into town, Sara would call her for an appointment. Each time she went, Sara would meet her at the kitchen door area. She would bring her upstairs and prepare the massage table. ██████ advised Jeff would ask her questions about herself. He knew she was a soccer player and would be attending ██████ ██████. I asked ██████ if he knew her real age, ██████ stated Jeff didn't care. The most recent massage she provided was on October 1, 2005. During the massage she asked Jeff if she could borrow one of his vehicles to visit her family and boyfriend in Orlando. Jeff had told she could borrow one of his vehicles but later stated he would rent her a car. She continued with the massage as Jeff grabbed her buttocks and caressed the buttocks cheeks. I asked ██████ if she was wearing undergarments to which she replied her thong underwear. Once he tried to touch her breasts she would pull away from him and he would stop. ██████ was asked if he ever used a vibrator on her. ██████ was aware of the vibrator but advised she never would allow him to use the vibrator on her. She described the vibrator as a large white vibrator with a huge head on the tip of the vibrator. She stated he kept the vibrator in a closet near the massage table. ██████ advised she had been doing the massage for approximately two years, which meant she would have started doing massages for Jeff at the age of sixteen.

██████ stated she was contacted by Sara on October 3, 2005. Sara had informed her that Jeff had rented her a new Nissan Sentra and she should come by the house to pick it up. Sara informed ██████ she would have the car for a month. ██████ stated Jeff knew her car was not working properly and had missed appointments in the past because of her car being inoperable. ██████ explained the car is currently parked next to the Gym field. I asked her if she ever took any one to the house. ██████ explained she took ██████ ██████, a friend of hers who has returned to Orlando to attend college. I asked she ever allowed another female in the room. ██████ advised no one was brought into the room with her. At the conclusion of the interview, Det. Dawson and I went to the Gym area and located the Silver Nissan Sentra bearing Florida tag X98-APM. The vehicle is registered to Dollar rent a car out of the Palm Beach International Airport.

Telephone contact was made with ██████ ██████, the victim's mother, at ██████. I explained to her that I was following up on this case and provided a complete update on the case.

Investigation Continues.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 39
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

***** N A R R A T I V E # 11 *****
IA Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 10/21/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 10/21/05

On October 10, 2005, at approximately 2:30 p.m., I made telephone contact with [REDACTED]. During a taped conversation, [REDACTED] was told of an ongoing investigation in which I felt she had information pertaining to Jeffrey Epstein. [REDACTED] explained she met Epstein when she was just sixteen years of age. She was approached by [REDACTED], a friend who also had previously gone to Epstein's house for massages. [REDACTED] advised she was working at the Wellington Mall when she was approached. [REDACTED] told her that she would have to provide a massage to Epstein and she would have to perform this massage naked. [REDACTED] thought about the offer and stated she could make \$200.00 for only 30 minutes of work. She agreed to perform the massage and [REDACTED] set the appointment for her that same day. [REDACTED] remembered it was a weekend as she only worked at the mall on the weekends. [REDACTED] took her to the house where she was introduced to Sara, Jeff Epstein's assistant. Sara took her upstairs to a master bedroom. [REDACTED] explained that as she was walking up the stairs she observed several photographs of naked women along the walls and tables of the house. [REDACTED] further explained that she was brought into the bedroom where Sara prepared the room by setting up the massage table and provided the oils for her to rub on Epstein.

Epstein entered the room and introduced himself. Epstein lay on the table and told her to get comfortable. [REDACTED] could not remember if he was naked or if he entered the room with a towel. [REDACTED] stated she provided the massage wearing only her panties. She continued rubbing his legs, thighs and feet. [REDACTED] advised he turned over onto his back. She continued to rub his legs with the oils. Epstein touched her breasts and began to masturbate. I asked [REDACTED] if she knew what circumcised and un-circumcised meant. [REDACTED] stated circumcised is when the penis has no foreskin and the head of the penis is visible. [REDACTED] said Epstein is circumcised. [REDACTED] began to cry on the telephone and stated she had been to his house hundreds of times over a two-year period. She claimed to have made thousands of dollars during her visits. [REDACTED] stated she could not remember how many times exactly she went to Epstein's home but said it was a lot.

[REDACTED] became more upset, crying hysterically and stated she was paid and instructed to have sex with Epstein's assistant, Nada Marcinkova by Epstein. Epstein continued to watch them have sex and masturbated himself as they had sex with each other. She further stated that things escalated further and further. Epstein used sexual toys such as vibrators, rubber penises and strap-on penises on [REDACTED]. Additionally, [REDACTED] stated he performed oral sex on her numerous times. She claimed he (Epstein) put his fingers inside her vagina while he masturbated in an attempt to make her climax. [REDACTED] could not continue and wanted some time to regain her composure. I explained to [REDACTED] to take her time. After taking several minutes to regain her composure I

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident ReportPage: 40
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

explained that I would travel to meet with her in person as I felt she had additional information to provide. I met with Sgt. Frick and explained the importance to meet with [REDACTED] in person. Sgt. Frick agreed and made arraignments for Det. Dawson and I to meet with [REDACTED] in [REDACTED].

On October 11, 2005, at 4:10 p.m., Det. Dawson and I met with [REDACTED] and her friend, [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] in [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] wanted to have [REDACTED] present for support. I explained to her that I did not have a problem as long as she wanted [REDACTED] present during the interview. [REDACTED] stated she wanted her present. I explained that as [REDACTED] was present she was not allowed to comment or ask any questions during the interview. She was only there to comfort [REDACTED] should the interview upset her.

During a sworn taped statement, [REDACTED] explained how everything began. She said she was brought through the kitchen area where she met Sara for the first time. She was led to the master bedroom, Epstein's room. [REDACTED] explained that as she was walking up the stairs she observed several photographs of naked women along the walls and tables of the house. [REDACTED] further explained that she was brought into the bedroom, where Sara prepared the room by setting up the massage table and provided the oils for her to rub on Epstein. [REDACTED] explained she remembered the steam room area, which contained two large showers. Epstein entered the room from the steam room area and introduced himself. Epstein lay on the table and told her to get comfortable. [REDACTED] removed her skirt and kept her shirt on. She could not remember if he was naked or if he entered the room with a towel. Epstein then instructed her to remove her shirt. [REDACTED] removed her shirt and remembered she was not wearing a bra. [REDACTED] stated she provided the massage wearing only her panties. She continued rubbing his legs, thighs and feet. [REDACTED] advised he turned over onto his back. She continued to rub his legs with the oils. Epstein touched her breasts and began to masturbate. Epstein ejaculated which meant the massage was over. At the conclusion of the massage, [REDACTED] was paid \$200.00. They walked together downstairs where Sara and [REDACTED] were waiting. [REDACTED] stated [REDACTED] received an unknown amount of money for taking her to Epstein. Epstein instructed to leave her cellular telephone number so that he could contact her when he is in town.

[REDACTED] explained that she continued to go to Epstein's house and became a regular at the house. She could not provide an exact number but claimed she had been there hundreds of times. She claimed sexual activities did not occur every time she was there. There were times she went to dinners and parties with Epstein. [REDACTED] explained that things began to escalate more than the massage. The encounters included bringing in his assistant, Nada Marcinkova. [REDACTED] explained Epstein had purchased her from her family in Yugoslavia. Epstein bragged he brought her into the United States to be his Yugoslavian sex slave. [REDACTED] advised he was naked in the bedroom, she entered and removed her clothing. Marcinkova entered the room from the steam room area already naked. He instructed [REDACTED] to perform oral sex on

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 41
Program: CMS301L

ase No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Marcinkova . . . refused to perform that act. Epstein offered her an additional \$200.00 for her to perform oral sex on Marcinkova for five minutes. . . . agreed to perform the oral sex for the additional \$200.00. . . . explained that Epstein would masturbate while he watched them perform sexual acts.

Things continued to escalate by purchasing sex toys. . . . stated she had massagers, vibrators and strap on rubber penises used on her. Each time something new was introduced additional monies were produced and offered for . . . to allow the acts to happen. . . . was adamant that she performs all these acts but there was an understanding with Epstein that no vaginal penetration would occur with his penis. . . . explained that Epstein's penis was deformed. . . . explained that his penis was oval shaped. She claimed when Epstein's penis was erect, it was thick toward the bottom but was thin and small toward the head portion. She called it egg-shaped.

. . . continued that the sexual encounters with Marcinkova, Epstein and her became a ritual. . . . would arrive at the house and walk herself upstairs, where Marcinkova and Epstein were waiting. . . . would remove her clothing and join them on the bed. . . . explained Marcinkova and she would begin by kissing and touching each other. . . . explained sex toys were brought into the bed by either Epstein or Marcinkova and they would begin using the toys on each other. Epstein would perform oral sex on either person depending who was on top during the intercourse. . . . explanation revealed they were in a missionary position.

. . . advised one day, . . . was unable to state and exact date when this incident occurred), she came to the house after Sara had informed her that Epstein had arrived. She arrived at the house and went upstairs to the master bedroom. . . . advised she immediately removed her clothing, as Nada Marcinkova and Epstein were already naked in the bedroom. . . . explained that Nada Marcinkova and she had a sexual encounter to include kissing, touching and oral sex. . . . remembered that she climaxed and was removing her self from the massage table. . . . asked for a sheet of paper and drew the massage table in the master bathroom and where Epstein, Marcinkova and she were. Epstein turned . . . on to her stomach on the massage bed and inserted his penis into her vagina. . . . stated Epstein began to pump his penis in her vagina. . . . became upset over this. She said her head was being held against the bed forcibly, as he continued to pump inside her. She screamed no, and Epstein stopped. She told him that she did not want to have his penis inside of her. Epstein apologized for his actions and subsequently paid her a thousand dollars for that visit. Additionally, shortly thereafter, Epstein gave . . . a 2005 Doge Neon, blue in color for her personal use.

. . . advised there were times that she was so sore when she left Epstein's house. . . . advised she was ripped, torn, in her vagina area. . . . advised she had difficulty walking to the car after leaving the house because she was so sore. . . . advised that other

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 42
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

than that one time, when Epstein inserted his penis inside her vagina, there was no other penile intercourse.

██████████ provided names of girls that she knew of that have gone to Epstein's house. ██████████ provided the name of ██████████ and feels she still may be going to the house to massage Epstein. According to ██████████, ██████████ is still sucking his dick."

When asked if she had been recently contacted by anyone of the house, ██████████ advised she received an email from Sara, from KellenS@earthlink.net, which is her email account. The email was just a hello, how are you doing type of email. There had been no other contact from the house. The interview was concluded and ██████████ left the area. The tapes and drawing were submitted into evidence.

Investigation continues...

***** N A R R A T I V E # 12 *****
A Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 11/01/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/07/05

On October 12, 2005, Det. Dawson and I traveled to the Orlando area and made telephone contact with ██████████. ██████████ agreed to meet with us as we were in the Orlando area. ██████████ provided directions to her apartment. Det. Dawson and I met with ██████████ who stated, during a sworn taped statement that nothing happened between her and Epstein. ██████████ appeared nervous during the interview. I assured her that I had spoken with other people who advised differently. ██████████ stated she only went a couple of times and provided a massage to Epstein. She stated she was brought to the Epstein house in March of 2005. ██████████ brought her to work. ██████████ has no formal training in providing massages. ██████████ stated she provided a massage, fully clothed for \$200.00. As I sensed hesitancy in her answers, I asked ██████████ if she had been contacted by anyone from the house. ██████████ stated she was interviewed already by an investigator for Epstein. He met with her on October 8, 2005, at a Roadhouse in Orlando. He identified himself as Paul and inquired about the police investigation and left his telephone number 305-710-5165 for additional contact. ██████████ provided no additional information, as it appeared her responses were almost scripted. We left the area and returned to Palm Beach Police Department.

Based on the information acquired during the interviews, a search warrant was prepared for entry at the Epstein home. On October 18, 2005, I met with Judge Laura Johnson who reviewed the warrant request. She found there was sufficient probable cause and signed the warrant request. On October 20, 2005, at approximately 9:36 am, members of the Palm Beach Police Investigations Unit executed the search warrant at 358 El Brillo in Palm Beach. Members of the Investigations Unit included Capt Gudger, Sgt Frick, Det. Dicks, Det. Dawson, Det. Melnichok, Det. Sandman, Det. Krauel, the crime scene unit and myself.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident ReportPage: 43
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

As we entered onto the property, we encountered the house manager, Janusz Banasiak who was in the guest portion of the house. The guesthouse section had open doors and no forced entry was made. I made contact with Banasiak, Date of Birth 04-07-1953, FL DL B522-420-53-127-0, and informed him of the search warrant for the premises. The members of the Police Department entered the residence and announced we had a search warrant. A safety search was done and members exited the home. I read the search warrant to Banasiak as Mgr Parkinson videotaped the search warrant execution. Several interior decorators were located on the property. I spoke with Mark Zeff, of 515 W 20th Street in New York. Mr. Zeff stated he is the designer for Mr. Epstein's homes. He advised he was contacted in March of 2005 to do a complete overhaul on the house. He advised he was on the phone with Mr. Epstein when officers announced the search warrant. Mr. Epstein was then made aware of the search warrant. Mr. Zeff advised, his contact with Epstein is strictly business and he has never witnessed Epstein with any girls except for his assistants, Sara or Nada.

I then interviewed Daniel Estes, of 315 East 14th Street in New York. Mr. Estes stated he has worked for Zeff for seven years. He advised he personally worked on the New York and Palm Beach home for Mr. Epstein. He has previously met with Sara and Adrianna, Epstein's assistants in New York and in Florida. Estes stated they travel with Epstein everywhere he goes.

I interviewed Zara Bailey of 35 Riverside Jersey City, New Jersey. Bailey stated she just arrived from Scotland and has worked with Zeff for only one month. She stated she has never met Epstein and has not seen him. The interview was then concluded.

I then spoke with Douglas Schoettle of 243 Riverside Dr in New York City. Schoettle stated he has been Epstein's Architect for seven years. He further stated he deals with Epstein's assistants and speaks with Epstein on the phone. Schoettle stated he mainly speaks with Sara Kellen, Epstein's main assistant, who travels with Epstein. Schoettle stated he only has contact with Epstein when his services are needed.

At approximately 10:30 am, I was informed that the videotaping was concluded. I entered the residence and located two covert (hidden) cameras. The first camera was a covert wall clock in the garage area. I traced the wire behind the clock and removed the RCA wire and unplugged the camera. The other covert camera was located within a desk clock beside Epstein's desk. I traced the wire behind the clock and unplugged the RCA wire. I could not locate another camera. I then began with the search of the residence for the specified evidence.

My search consisted of the second floor. Det. Krauel and I began in the master bedroom area where several items were located. They were

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 44
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

marked to be retrieved by the evidence custodian. In the master desk with Epstein's notepads marked Jeffrey Epstein we located a high school transcript from [REDACTED] for [REDACTED]. Also in the room, was the dresser /armoire where we located a bottle of peach flavored Joy Jelly (Sexual Lubricant). Additionally, there were several photographs of young naked teenage girls within the closet, which was consistent with what the witnesses said. The massage table was also located within the master bedroom. Video tapes were located beside the television, which were also collected. An itemized list of the property and locations was prepared on the property receipts. At approximately 2:55 pm, the house was secured; the exit of the residence was videotaped. Upon our exit of the property, I encountered Atty. Guy Fronstein who advised he was representing Mr. Epstein. He provided a business card and provided his assistance with the investigation.

Due to Hurricane Wilma, which struck South Florida causing massive power outages, the courthouse was closed due to the lack of power. I was previously told that the Chief Judge had extended the filing deadlines due to the hurricane and the Courthouse being closed. On October 27, and 28, 2005 the courthouse was closed and I could not file the search warrant and inventory at the clerk's office. On October 31, 2005, I responded to the courthouse and filed the paperwork along with an order to seal, signed by Judge Johnson, to deny any release of any paperwork on this case.

INV CONTINUES..

***** N A R R A T I V E # 13 *****
Reported By: PARKINSON, GREGORY A. 10/20/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/07/05

On October 20, 2005, at approximately 8:30 a.m., Thursday morning, I was advised by Captain Gudger that a search warrant would be executed and that I was to assemble the Crime Scene Investigative Team and stand by the south side of the building ready to go. I designated Evidence Specialist Annette Badger to handle the inventory return, the documentation of the property receipts and the collection and bagging of the evidence at the scene. I further instructed CSI Kim Pavlik, ID # 8807, to accompany us and perform the role of photographing the scene and the items that may be taken into custody by the affiant, Detective Joseph Recarey, ID # 7915.

My responsibility was to go through from the reading of the warrant to the final exit from the residence and perform a video recording of the reading of the warrant, the initial walk through of the residence showing the current condition and then finally a walk through of the residence at the time of the police exit.

We started out towards the residence, which was located at 358 El Brillo and arrived at approximately 9:33 a.m. The search was conducted, items were collected by Evidence Specialists Badger,

EXHIBIT 1

PART 2

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 45
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

photographed by CSI Pavlik and then videotaped by myself. The search was concluded at approximately 3:05 p.m. whereupon Detective Recarey and I were the last two officers in the house. Upon securing the residence we met with the gentleman who identified himself to Detective Recarey as the lawyer for the defendant and he was informed that the residence was secured and that copies of the inventory return had been left on the first floor table of the personal assistant's office.

Detective Recarey and I returned to Police Headquarters and secured for the day.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 14 *****
A Reported By: DAWSON, MICHAEL C. 11/07/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/07/05

On October 20, 2005, I assisted Detective Recarey in the execution of a search warrant at 358 El Brillo Way, Palm Beach, Florida, 33480.

Upon the announcement of the search warrant, immediate contact was made with three white males who came out of the house or surrounding structures. Those males were identified as Janusz Banasiak, Daniel Estes, and Mark Zeff. As other members of the police department cleared the home, I kept watch over these three males. Once the house was cleared, those males were turned over to Detective Recarey.

Detective Dicks and I were assigned to assist in the search of the main house, the cabana and the servant's quarters. We started in the garage. All areas of the garage were searched to include four vehicles. These vehicles were three black Mercedes Benz cars registered to Jeffrey Epstein. The fourth vehicle was a Harley Davidson motorcycle, green in color, registered to Jeffrey Epstein. Nothing was recovered from the garage.

A towel closet and pantry located off the kitchen were searched and yielded negative results.

The kitchen was searched and taken into evidence was a phone message book that was located near a house phone.

North of the kitchen was an office room which contained a computer. The room had a closet that contained a locked gun locker. The combination was entered by Banasiak in the presence of Sgt. Frick and the safe was opened. Items were taken from the room. See the completed property receipt for a detailed list.

A green bathroom located on the first floor was searched and nothing was taken.

A closet located just west of the green bathroom was searched. Two massage tables were located in the closet along with a photo of a nude

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 46
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

female from the waist up. See the property receipt for details.

I searched two bedrooms and their adjoining bathrooms, which were located on the second floor on the East side of the house. In the Northeast bedroom closet I found adult sex toys called Twin Torpedoes.

Soap made in the shape of a penis and vagina were also found in these upstairs bedrooms. See the property receipt for details.

I searched the pool cabana located on the South side of the pool. Photos were taken from the wall. See the property receipt for details.

I assisted in the search of Banasiak's living quarters. Numerous CD s along with a message book was seized. See the property receipt for details.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 15 *****

A Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 11/08/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/08/05

On November 1, 2005, I was contacted by Atty. Gus Fronstin, who advised he was willing to assist with the investigation. Atty. Fronstin advised he would try to have his client, Jeffrey Epstein available to be interviewed. I explained I would be interested in conducting an interview with his client as well as other employees that are employed within the house. Atty. Fronstin advised he would return my call once he received confirmation on the interviews.

On November 6, 2005, I attempted contact with [REDACTED] at her residence. I left a business card for her to return my call. Upon returning to the police department, I had received a telephone call from [REDACTED]. I returned her call at [REDACTED] and spoke with [REDACTED]. She made arrangements to respond to the station to provide an interview. At approximately 3:30 pm, she arrived at the Palm Beach Police Station with her boyfriend. Her boyfriend was allowed to sit in the lobby area while Ms. [REDACTED] was interviewed.

I took Ms. [REDACTED] to the Detective Bureau Interview room. I closed the door for privacy and explained to her that I appreciated her coming to the police station for the interview. During the sworn taped statement, she advised she was at Jeffrey Epstein s house one time. Approximately two months ago, she was approached by a girl, [REDACTED], who was dating her roommate, to make some quick money. [REDACTED] advised she was in need to make some quick cash to make the rent that month. She agreed to go to the house. She had been told by [REDACTED] that the massage would have to be done in her underwear. She advised [REDACTED] drove with her and brought her into the house. They walked into the kitchen area and took the stairs upstairs. [REDACTED] further stated she was brought into a master bedroom area. She advised she recalled seeing portraits of naked women throughout the room. A massage table was already out near the sauna/shower area in the master bedroom. Epstein entered the room wearing only a towel and

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 47
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

introduced himself as Jeff. [redacted] advised she recalled she and [redacted] removed their clothing down to their panties, Epstein lay on his stomach area and they provided a massage on his legs and feet area. I asked [redacted] if she had any formal massage training and she replied no. [redacted] advised she was topless and the panties she wore were the boy shorts lace panties. She and [redacted] continued the massage until the last ten minutes of the massage, Epstein, told [redacted] to leave the room so that [redacted] could finish the massage.

[redacted] got dressed and Epstein turned over onto his back. Epstein then removed the towel, which had been around his waist. Epstein laid there naked and requested that [redacted] rub his chest area. [redacted] stated as she did this, Epstein, began masturbating as she rubbed his chest. [redacted] stated he pulled down her boy short panties and he produced a large white vibrator with a large head. She stated it was within a drawer in his master bathroom. He rubbed the vibrator on her vagina area. [redacted] advised he never penetrated her vagina with the vibrator.

He continued to rub her vagina with the vibrator as he continued to masturbate. [redacted] stated she was very uncomfortable during the incident but knew it was almost over. Epstein climaxed and started to remove himself from the table. He wiped himself with the towel he had on previously and went into the shower area. [redacted] got dressed and met with [redacted] in the kitchen area. Epstein came into the kitchen and provided [redacted] \$200.00 for bringing [redacted] and paid \$200.00 to [redacted] for providing the massage. [redacted] was told to leave her telephone number with Sarah, his assistant for future contact. [redacted] provided her cellular telephone number for future contact. [redacted] was asked if she was recently contacted about this investigation by anyone from the Epstein organization. She replied she was called but it was for work. She stated she was called by Sarah for her to return to work for Epstein. [redacted] stated work is the term used by Sarah to provide the massage in underwear. [redacted] advised she declined, as she was not comfortable in providing that type of work. The interview was concluded and the videotape was placed into evidence.

Investigation Continues..

***** N A R R A T I V E # 16 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 11/10/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/10/05

On November 7, 2005, I made telephone contact with [redacted] who advised she would be able to meet with me at her home. Det. Sandman and I traveled to her home in [redacted] and made contact with [redacted]. During a sworn taped statement, [redacted] stated she met Jeffrey Epstein through Haley Robson. Robson would approach females who wished to work for him. [redacted] stated she was asked to work for him but declined. [redacted] explained that work means give massages. She was asked about any formal training in providing massages to which she said no. [redacted] said she accompanied Robson and other females

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 48
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

who were taken to Epstein s house to provide massages. [REDACTED] further stated she had been to the house approximately 4 or 5 times in the past year. She accompanied Robson with [REDACTED] the 14-year-old victim, and [REDACTED]. Each time the girls were taken over, they were previously told they would have to provide a massage, possibly naked. It was also told that should Epstein require them to do anything extra and they were not comfortable just to tell him and he would stop. [REDACTED] stated Robson received \$200.00 for each girl she brought over to massage Jeffrey Epstein. When I asked which girl appeared to be the youngest, she replied, the victim, as she stated she was fifteen years old at the most; she looked really young. [REDACTED] a further stated each time she went to the house, she sat in the kitchen and waited with Robson until the massage was over. She further stated that the cook would make lunch or a snack for them as they waited. I asked her if there was anything that caught her attention within the home. [REDACTED] stated there were a lot of naked girls in photographs throughout the house. The interview was concluded and the tape was turned into evidence.

Investigation Continues..

***** N A R R A T I V E # 17 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 11/10/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/10/05

Det. Dawson and I attempted contact with [REDACTED] in [REDACTED]. I left my business card at her front door. Ms [REDACTED] returned my call and arranged a meeting with me at the Palm Beach Police Department for November 8, 2005. At approximately 2:00pm, [REDACTED] arrived at the Palm Beach Police Department. She was brought into the interview room and the door was closed for privacy. She was told that I appreciated her coming to the police station for questioning regarding an on going investigation. She was told that I was investigating a crime involving Jeffrey Epstein and knew, based on the investigation, that she had encounters with him in the past. During a sworn taped statement, [REDACTED] stated she had met Epstein approximately two years ago. She was first introduced to Epstein by Haley Robson. Robson approached her about working for Epstein and providing a massage to him for \$200.00. The arrangements were made and as Robson could not take her the day the arrangements were made, [REDACTED] took [REDACTED] [REDACTED] also attended [REDACTED] and was familiar with Epstein.

[REDACTED] recalled she was brought there and entered through the back kitchen door. She had met with an assistant Sarah and another assistant Adrianna. Sarah brought her upstairs as she observed several photographs of naked females throughout the house. [REDACTED] stated Epstein came in the room, wearing only a towel, and laid on the table. [REDACTED] stated he picked out the oils he wanted her to use and requested she remove her clothing to provide the massage. [REDACTED] stated that on the first massage she provided she did not remove her

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 49
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

clothing. [redacted] stated she had returned several times after that. Each time she returned more things happened. [redacted] stated that the same thing would happen. Epstein would walk into the master bedroom/bathroom area wearing only a towel. He would masturbate as she provided a massage. [redacted] stated she was unsure if he climaxed as he masturbated under the towel. Additionally she never looked blow his waist. She claimed that Epstein would convince her to remove her clothes. She eventually removed her clothes and stayed in her thong panties. On occasion, Epstein would use a massager/vibrator, which she described as white in color with a large head, on her. Every time she provided a massage he would masturbate. [redacted] added she has no formal training in providing a massage. [redacted] stated she brought two females during her visits to provide massages. [redacted] stated she brought a girl named [redacted] and [redacted] from [redacted]. [redacted] stated she received \$200.00 for each girl she brought. Additionally, [redacted] was given \$200.00 for taking her in the very beginning. The interview was concluded and the tape was placed into evidence.

Investigation continues...

***** N A R R A T I V E # 18 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 11/13/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/14/05

On November 8, 2005, I made telephone contact with [redacted] W/F, [redacted] at her residence. [redacted] responded to the police station for an interview reference an ongoing investigation. At approximately 2:30 pm, she arrived at the Palm Beach Police Station and was brought into the interview room for the interview. The door was closed for privacy and she was told that I appreciated her cooperation in this case. During a sworn taped statement, [redacted] stated she had met Jeffrey Epstein approximately one year ago. She was approached by a subject known to her as [redacted]. [redacted] had asked her if she wanted to make money providing massages to Epstein. [redacted] had heard that several girls from [redacted] were doing this and making money. She agreed and was taken to the house by [redacted]. [redacted] had introduced her to Sarah and Epstein and brought her upstairs to a master bedroom and Master bathroom where a massage table was prepared and the proper oils were taken out. [redacted] left the room and waited downstairs for [redacted]. [redacted] stated Epstein entered the room wearing a towel and she provided a massage wearing only her thong panties. [redacted] advised Epstein had masturbated every time she provided a massage. She stated Epstein continued to masturbate until he climaxed; once that occurred the massage was over. She felt the whole situation was weird but she advised she was paid \$200.00 for providing the massage. She also stated [redacted] received \$200.00 for bring [redacted] to Epstein.

[redacted] stated she had gone a total of 15 times to his residence to provide a massage and things had escalated from just providing a

Date: 7/19/06

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT

Page: 50

Time: 15:01:37

Incident Report

Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

massage. Epstein began touching her on her buttocks and grabbed her closer to him as he masturbated. Epstein also grabbed her breasts and fondled her breast with his hands as she provided the massage. ██████ stated on one occasion, he offered extra monies to have vaginal intercourse. She stated this all occurred on the massage table. ██████ stated Epstein penetrated her vagina with his penis and began having intercourse with her until he reached the point of climax. Epstein removed his penis from her vagina and climaxed onto the massage table. ██████ received \$350.00 for her massage. I asked her if she had any formal training in providing massages, ██████ stated she did not.

██████ continued to state on one other occasion, Epstein introduced his assistant, Nada, into the massage. Nada was brought into room with ██████ to provide a massage. Epstein had them kiss and fondle each other around the breasts and buttocks as they provided a massage to Epstein. Epstein, watched and masturbated as this occurred. On other occasions, Epstein introduced the large white vibrator/massager during the massage. Epstein stroked the vibrator/massager on ██████ vagina as she provided the massage.

██████ stated the last time she spoke with anyone at the house, was with Sarah during the weekend of October 2 or 3, 2005. ██████ stated she had brought two people to the Epstein house. She provided the names of ██████ and ██████ (unknown last name). It should be noted, ██████ had been previously identified as ██████ and had been previously interviewed. The interview was concluded and the videotape was placed into evidence via the locker system.

On November 9, 2005, Sgt Frick and I traveled to 6791 Fairway Lakes Drive in Boynton Beach, Florida in hopes to interview Juan Alessi, the former houseman of Epstein's home. As no one was home, a business card was left for him to return my call. We then traveled to 11349 SW 86th Lane in Miami in hopes to interview Alfredo Rodriguez, a former house man of Epstein. We did not locate them at home. I left a business card for him to return my call.

We then traveled to ██████ and met with Dean of Students, Mr. ██████. We requested to speak with ██████. ██████ was re interviewed, as she still was in possession of the rental car that Epstein had acquired for her. ██████ stated that Sarah, Epstein's assistant, had called her on her cellular telephone and informed her that rental was extended for her. Sarah stated she had paid an additional \$625.00 for her to keep the rental an extra month. ██████ was asked if she had any additional contact with either Epstein or anyone from his organization. ██████ stated she did not, other than the telephone call informing her that she could keep the car for an extra month. ██████ did not provide any additional information.

On November 10, 2005, at approximately 9:47 am, Alfredo Rodriguez had telephoned reference my business card found on his door. Rodriguez stated he had worked with Epstein for approximately six months after

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 51
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

the previous houseman left. Rodriguez stated that it was his responsibility to keep the identity of the masseuses private. Mr. Epstein had a massage in the morning and one in the afternoon. Mr. Rodriguez stated he would rather speak about this in private. He advised he would come to the police station to speak with me. Rodriguez stated he would return my call on Monday, November 14, 2005.

I then made telephone contact with Juan Alessi. He advised he found my card on his door and wanted to know what I needed to speak with him about. I explained to Alessi that I was conducting an investigation on his former employer, Mr. Epstein. Alessi stated he would return my call shortly as he was in the middle of a project at his home. I received a telephone call from Attorney Donald Morrell from 686-2700. Mr. Morrell stated he represented Mr. Alessi and did not want me speaking with his client. I then made telephone contact with the State Attorney's Office and confirmed that subpoenas would be issued to the former employees to assist in the investigation.

I then made telephone contact with Attorney Guy Fronstin, attorney for Mr. Epstein. I explained to Mr. Fronstin that I would like to speak with Mr. Epstein. He stated Mr. Epstein is not in residence in Florida at this time and would check with him to ascertain if he could be here by Wednesday November 16, 2005 for an interview. Mr. Fronstin stated he would return my call should Mr. Epstein decide to come in to the police station for an interview.

Investigation continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 19 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 11/15/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/16/05

On November 14, 2005, Det. Sandman and I traveled to [REDACTED] in [REDACTED] and spoke with [REDACTED]. She was told of the ongoing investigation involving Epstein. [REDACTED] advised she had gone to the house on several occasions. During a sworn taped statement, she advised she started going to the house approximately one year ago and was brought by [REDACTED] (Unknown last name). [REDACTED] stated [REDACTED] brought her into the house and she was introduced to a girl named Sarah. Once she met her, Sarah brought her upstairs into a master bedroom bathroom. [REDACTED] stated she met Jeffrey in the bathroom. He lay on the table and picked the massage oils. She provided the massage, as he lay naked on the massage bed. She stated she rubbed his calves and back area. Upon the end of the massage, Epstein removed himself from the massage table and paid her \$300.00 for the massage.

[REDACTED] stated she had only been at the house approximately five or six times. [REDACTED] said each time she went to the house she was notified by Sarah, Epstein's assistant, that Epstein was in town and would like her to work. [REDACTED] stated she returned to the house and was again led upstairs by Sarah. She provided the massage, clothed.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident ReportPage: 52
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

██████████ advised it wasn't really weird until later on. ██████████ was asked if she ever removed her clothing to provide a massage. ██████████ stated it was not until the third time she went that she removed her clothing. ██████████ stated she was notified by Sarah that Epstein wanted her to come to work. She arrived at the house and was led upstairs by Sarah. She started providing the massage when Epstein asked her to remove her clothing. ██████████ removed her pants, shirt and bra. She stayed in her thong panties and continued rubbing Epstein. Epstein turned over onto his back and she rubbed his chest area. ██████████ stated she knew he was masturbating himself as she providing the massage. ██████████ stated she believed he climaxed based on his breathing. She did not want to view either the climax or the fact that he was masturbating. ██████████ stated once the breathing relaxed he got up and told her to get dressed. She was paid \$300.00 for her services.

██████████ stated on the last time she went to provide a massage, she was notified by Sarah to come to the house and work. ██████████ stated she was now dating her current boyfriend and did not feel comfortable going. She recalled it was approximately January 2005. She said she went, already thinking that this would be the last time. She went upstairs and went into the master bathroom. She met with Epstein, who was wearing only a towel as he entered the room to lie on the table. ██████████ stated Epstein caught her looking at the clock on several occasions. Epstein asked her if she was in a hurry. ██████████ stated her boyfriend was in the car waiting for her. ██████████ further stated that Epstein got upset, as she wasn't enjoying the massage. She told him that she didn't want to continue and she would not be back. Epstein told her to leave as she was ruining his massage. I asked her if she had any contact with Epstein's organization, she stated she received \$200.00 from Western Union in Royal Palm Beach and Okeechobee Blvd as a Christmas gift. ██████████ advised she had no formal training in provide any massages. ██████████ also stated she was sixteen years old when she first went to Epstein's house.

At approximately 4:22 pm, I made telephone contact with ██████████ at ██████████. She agreed to meet with me at a public place. I suggested she come to the police station for an interview. ██████████ did not want to meet at the police station. I recommended we meet at the Palm Beach Gardens Mall in the food court area. She agreed and an appointment was made for November 15, 2005 at 5:00 pm at the food court.

Investigations Continue.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 20 *****
Reported By: SANDMAN, JENNIFER R. 11/16/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/17/05

On 10/20/2005, I assisted executing a search warrant at 358 El Brillo Way in the Town of Palm Beach, Palm Beach County Florida under the direction of affiant Detective Joe Recarey.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 53
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Detective Melnichok and I searched the pantry room that is west next to the kitchen. This room had all white cabinets with a dark grey and black counter top. We did not find anything in this room.

We searched the yellow and blue room that is west next to the pantry room. This room had a very large statue of man with a bow. Taken into evidence from this room were nine photographs in frames of various women.

We searched the main entrance foyer that is to the north of the yellow and blue room. This room contained two bamboo chairs and ottomans with cushions. It also contained a round table with numerous books.

We searched another blue room that is west of the foyer. This room had a stereo system and book shelves that were from the floor to the ceiling. Taken into evidence from this room were eight photographs in frames of various women and/or Epstein, the owner of the residence.

We searched the room to the west of the blue room that has sliding glass doors that lead out to the pool. In this room in a dresser were two DVD's and two VCR tapes. These items were taken into evidence.

We searched a 2004 black Chevy Suburban bearing Florida tag X99-EGL, registered to Jeffrey Epstein DOB 01/20/53, which was located on the east side of the driveway facing south. I found a Thrifty rental agreement between the passenger seat and the middle console. The name on the rental agreement was Johanna Sjoberg from 622 Holly Drive Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410. The phone number on the rental agreement was (561) 714-0546. The vehicle rented was a white 2005 Chrysler Sebring bearing Florida tag W99-FUN. The vehicle was rented on 9/25/05 at 17:58 hours and was returned on 9/26/05 at 16:52 hours. The last four numbers of the credit card used are 9821. Detective Melnichok found a piece of paper in the middle console that said I used the cash in here to fill up the tank and was signed by Johanna.

I searched the 2005 black Cadillac Escalade ESV bearing Florida tag Q29-9GT, registered to Jeffrey Epstein dob 01/20/53, which was located on the west side of the driveway facing south. I did not find anything in this vehicle.

All of the items that were taken into evidence were photographed in the place they were located and then turned over to crime scene.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 21 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 11/17/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/17/05

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 54
Program: CMS301L

ase No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

On November 15, 2005, Det. Sandman and I traveled to [REDACTED] [REDACTED] in [REDACTED]. We met with [REDACTED], a seventeen-year old juvenile who was not in school this day due to a cold from which she was suffering. [REDACTED] was told that I needed to speak with her in reference to an ongoing investigation involving a subject she would know as Jeffrey Epstein. Prior to speaking with her, I explained that because of the fact that she is a minor, I needed to speak with her parents prior to speaking with her. She telephoned her father, Mr. [REDACTED], on his cell phone and explained to him that Det. Sandman and I were there to speak with her. I spoke with Mr. [REDACTED] on the telephone and informed him I needed to speak with his daughter in reference to an ongoing investigation. Mr. [REDACTED] advised he had no problem with us speaking with his daughter.

During a sworn taped statement, [REDACTED] stated she met Jeffrey Epstein over a year ago. She was sixteen years of age and was approached by [REDACTED] who informed her that she could make monies providing a massage to Epstein for \$200.00. [REDACTED] had informed her that she would have to provide this massage topless. [REDACTED] made the arrangements with Epstein and his assistants and took [REDACTED] to the house. [REDACTED] stated [REDACTED] and she entered through a glass door that led into a kitchen. [REDACTED] took her upstairs, to a master bedroom and master bathroom. She recalled the bathroom had a large pink couch, sauna and matching shower. Epstein entered into the room wearing only a towel. [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] removed their clothing remaining only in thong underwear. She further stated that Epstein lay on his chest on the table. Epstein selected which oils to use for the massage. Both [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] provided the massage on his legs, back and feet. Forty minutes into the massage, Epstein turned over onto his back and requested [REDACTED] wait downstairs in the kitchen area for [REDACTED]. Epstein instructed [REDACTED] to finish the massage. As [REDACTED] got dressed, [REDACTED] starting rubbing his chest. [REDACTED] left the room, and Epstein began masturbating himself as [REDACTED] rubbed Epstein's chest. [REDACTED] stated he continued masturbating until he climaxed on the towel he was wearing. When asked if he had removed the towel she stated he turned the towel around so that the opening would allow him to expose himself. After he cleaned himself off with the towel, he instructed [REDACTED] the massage was done and to get dressed and met with him downstairs. [REDACTED] got dressed and met with Epstein in the kitchen area. She was paid \$200.00 dollars for providing the massage. [REDACTED] stated she was aware that [REDACTED] also received monies for the same thing.

The second time she went to the house she was again approached by [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] asked if she wanted to return to the house to provide another massage; [REDACTED] agreed and the arrangements were made by [REDACTED] for her to return to the house. [REDACTED] stated [REDACTED] drove her to the house and knocked on the same glass door that leads to the kitchen area. They were allowed entry into the house by one of the staff members. [REDACTED] led her upstairs to the master bedroom and

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 55
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

master bathroom area. [redacted] left [redacted] this time to do the massage alone. Epstein entered the room again wearing only a towel. [redacted] began removing her clothing as she did the last time she was at the house. Epstein instructed her to get naked. He lay on the table on his stomach as [redacted] began massaging his legs and back.

As [redacted] finished with Epstein's back and legs, Epstein then turned over onto his back. [redacted] started to rub his chest and he began masturbating himself. As [redacted] rubbed his chest, Epstein leaned over and produced a massager/vibrator. He turned it on and began rubbing [redacted] vagina and masturbating himself at the same time. [redacted] stated she continued to rub his chest as this was occurring. She described the vibrator/massager as large, grey with a large head. Epstein rubbed her vagina for approximately two to three minutes with the massager/vibrator. He then removed the vibrator from her vaginal area and concentrated on masturbating himself. [redacted] stated he climaxed onto the towel again and informed her that the massage was done. [redacted] got dressed and met with [redacted] who was waiting in the kitchen area. She received \$200.00 for the massage. [redacted] said she never returned to the house and had no desire to return to the house. [redacted] was asked if she received any formal massage training. She advised she had no formal training. [redacted] was asked if Epstein knew her real age. [redacted] stated he knew as he asked her questions about herself and high school. He was aware she attended and is still attending [redacted].

The interview was concluded. I suggested [redacted] inform her parents of what occurred at the Epstein house. [redacted] stated she would tell her father as he was unaware this had occurred. I left my business card for any questions they may have. We left the area and returned to the police station. The tape was placed into evidence.

Investigation Continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 22 *****
Reported By: RECAREY, JOSEPH 11/17/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 11/17/05

On November 15, 2005, Officer Munyan and I responded to the Palm Beach Gardens Mall food court section to meet with [redacted]. At approximately 5:10 p.m., [redacted] arrived and met with us at the food court. [redacted] provided a sworn taped statement in which she stated she had been at the Epstein house over fifty times. She began going to Epstein's house when she turned eighteen years old. [redacted] was asked if she knew of the on-going investigation. [redacted] stated she was aware there was an investigation as she had been told by other girls that were interviewed. Additionally, she has had several telephone conversations with Epstein's assistants as to what had been going on during the investigation.

I asked [redacted] how she was introduced to Epstein. [redacted] stated she did not want to disclose who brought her to the house but she would

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 56
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

respond to any other questions. When I asked her what happened at the house, ██████ stated everything happened. It all began with the massages. Each time she went more things happened. She would massage Epstein and he would masturbate and climax. She stated things escalated from there. She provided oral sex on Epstein and he provided oral sex on her. She stated he would also use a massager/vibrator on her vagina to stimulate her as she massaged him. He introduced his assistant Nadia or Nada to have vaginal intercourse with ██████. She stated Nada or Nadia would utilize a strap-on (synthetic penis) to have intercourse with her. She was told to masturbate herself as Epstein and Nada had sexual intercourse. All this was done at Epstein's direction.

██████ could not provide exact dates as she had been to the house so many times. ██████ stated Epstein inserted his fingers in her vagina to stimulate her as she massaged him. When I asked her if there had been any vaginal intercourse with Epstein, she stated she did not have sex with him. She did admit having sex with Nada, his assistant. ██████ stated not every time she went involved sexual favors. Sometimes she would just talk with him and get paid. I asked her how much she was paid each time she went to Epstein's residence. ██████ stated she got paid \$300.00 every time she went to the house. She was told to bring other girls to him to provide massages. ██████ declined stating that she does what she does and did not want to introduce anyone else to do what she does. ██████ stated she had never received any formal training in providing massages.

I showed ██████ a photo line up in which Nada Marcinkova was placed in position six. She reviewed the six photographs and immediately identified Nada Marcinkova as the person with whom she had intercourse. Additionally, it was the same person she watched have intercourse with Epstein. She signed the photo line-up under Nada Marcinkova's photo as the person she identified. We then left the mall and returned to the police station. The photo line up and tape were placed in to evidence.

Investigation Continues...

***** N A R R A T I V E # 23 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 11/29/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 12/01/05

On November 17, 2005, I received a phone message from Atty. Guy Fronstin who advised to call his cellular phone reference his client Jeffrey Epstein. I telephoned his cell phone and left a message for him to return my call. I did not receive a call back on Thursday, November 17, 2005. On Friday, November 18 2005, I retrieved another voice mail from my work phone from Mr. Fronstin advising he would not produce his client Jeffrey Epstein for any statement. Fronstin stated he had spoken with ASA Lana Belohlavek and expressed Mr. Epstein has a passion for massages. I called ASA Lana Belohlavek and confirmed that

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 57
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Fronstin had telephoned her reference this case. Although nothing was discussed, Mr. Fronstin did advise her that Epstein is very passionate about massages.

I also spoke with ASA Daliah Weiss reference the previous employees, Juan and Maria Alessi. She advised that they had been served through a subpoena process server. They were both scheduled to appear on Monday November 21, 2005 at 12:00 p.m.

On November 21, 2005, I met with ASA Weiss, Atty. Donnie Murrell and Juan and Maria Alessi at the State Attorney Office. ASA Weiss had requested a court reporter to be present to take the statement of the Alessi s. I spoke with Maria Alessi, in the presence of her attorney, Donnie Murrell. She advised she had worked for Epstein for eight years, from the period of 1994 through 2002. She advised she had never had any direct conversations with him. She stated it was her husband who spoke directly with Epstein. Her work consisted of doing house cleaning, shopping and other preparations when Epstein would arrive in town. Alessi stated the preparations consisted of preparing the house and bathrooms for his arrival. She advised she did view several masseuses that arrived at the house. She advised that two or three girls would come during a day and provide the massages. The girls that arrived looked young in age. Mrs. Alessi did not know any of the girls personally and were always different. She was told that when Epstein was in residence he did not want to encounter the Alessis during his stay in Palm Beach.

I then spoke with Mr. Alessi in the presence of his attorney, Donnie Murrell. Mr. Alessi stated that he was employed for eleven years with Mr. Epstein. He originally was hired as a part time employee and then moved up into a full time position. His duties included everything. Alessi stated he was the house manager, driver and house maintenance person. It was his responsibility to prepare the house for Epstein s arrival. When asked about cooks or assistants, Alessi stated they traveled with Epstein on his private plane. He remembered dealing with his girlfriend, Ms. Maxwell originally and then dealt with Epstein directly.

I asked Mr. Alessi about massages that occurred within the home. Mr. Alessi stated Mr. Epstein had up to three massages a day. Each masseuse that visited the house was different. Alessi stated that towards the end of his employment, the masseuses were younger and younger. When asked how young, Mr. Alessi stated they appeared to be sixteen or seventeen years of age at the most. The massages would occur in Epstein's bedroom or bathroom. There were times he recalled that he would set up the massage tables either in Epstein s bedroom or in his bathroom. I asked if there were things going on other than a massage. Alessi stated that there were times towards the end of his employment that he would have to wash off a massager/vibrator and a long rubber penis, which were in the sink after the massage. Additionally, he stated the bed would almost always have to be made after the massage. Alessi was never privy to what went on during the

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 58
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368
massages.

(Continued)

He was asked if he remembered any names of the girls that massaged Epstein. He tried to remember and was unable to provide any exact names of any girls. Alessi was asked about any contact with anyone from the Epstein organization. Alessi said he did speak with Mr. Epstein shortly after my initial contact with him to find out what was going on. Alessi also stated that approximately on November 11, 2005, he was contacted by a private investigator from the Law Office of Roy Black. The investigator had called him to meet with him to ascertain what he was going to tell the police. Alessi stated they met at the Carrabba s Restaurant in Boynton Beach and discussed the same questions I was asking him. I informed Mr. Alessi and Mr. Morrell that as this is an ongoing investigation and anything we discuss should be confidential. They both acknowledged the fact that the information would be kept confidential. It should be noted that a court reporter was present during the interviews and would be providing a copy of the statements to me when they become available.

On November 21, 2005, I received a voice mail from Mr. Fronstin who advised he would not be making Mr. Epstein available for any statements. He did have some words that he wanted to relay on behalf of Mr. Epstein. I telephoned his office and left a message for him to return my call.

On November 29, 2005, I received a call back from Mr. Fronstin who left a voice mail after hours on November 28, 2005, advising he would return my call during normal business hours to speak with me reference the case on November 29, 2005.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 24 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 11/29/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 12/01/05

On November 29, 2005, at approximately 2:30 p.m. I received a telephone call on the department issued cell phone. Mr. Fronstin stated he was calling to relay information that Mr. Epstein wished he could relay. Mr. Fronstin stated that he would not allow Mr. Epstein to speak with me at this time. He further stated that Mr. Epstein is very passionate about massages. He continued that Mr. Epstein had allegedly donated over \$100,000 to the Ballet of Florida for massages. The massages are therapeutic and spiritually sound for him that is why he has had many massages. Mr. Fronstin stated he appreciated the way the investigation has not been leaked out into the media. I explained to Mr. Fronstin that it is as important to protect the innocent if the allegations are not substantiated. Mr. Fronstin was told of the allegations that the private investigators assigned to the case have been portraying themselves as police officers. Additionally, I explained that my cell phone had been called by the private investigators. Mr. Fronstin advised he was not aware of that and advised they were under the direction of Attorney Roy Black in

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 59
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Miami. Mr. Fronstin further stated Epstein had originally called Mr. Dershorwitz in Boston, who recommended Roy Black in Miami, who asked Mr. Fronstin to assist. I informed him that if and when any charges would be presented I would notify him. The call was then terminated.

Investigation continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 25 *****
JA Reported By: RECAREY, JOSEPH 12/15/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 12/16/05

A review of the telephone message books, which were obtained during the search warrant, was conducted in which various messages from different dates were made to Jeffrey Epstein. The telephone message books have a duplicate copy (Carbon Copy) which, once a phone message is written into the book, the top copy is then torn on the perforated edge and the carbon copy is left in the book. First names of girls, dates and telephone numbers were on the copy of the messages. I recognized various numbers and names of girls that had already been interviewed. The body of the messages was time of the day that they called for confirmation of "work." Other names and telephone numbers were located in which the body of the messages were, "I have girls for him" or "I have 2 girls for him." These messages were taken by Sarah for Jeffrey Epstein. Based on the context of the body of the messages, I requested subpoenas for subscriber information on the telephone numbers and the time frame involved. Copies of the messages were made for evidentiary purposes.

I obtained [redacted] yearbooks for 2005, 2004 and 2003. I first reviewed the 2005 yearbook and located most of the girls I had spoken with. Additionally, I located [redacted]. Based on the corrected name spelling, I was able to locate her to her residence in [redacted]. On December 8, 2005, Det. Caristo and I responded to [redacted] in [redacted]. I located [redacted] at her home. She advised she is attending [redacted] and is participating in the early release program so she can maintain her part time job. As she is still a minor, I left my business card to have her mother return my call to request an interview with her daughter. We then left the area.

I also had previously researched the telephone number for [redacted] and telephone number [redacted]. A subpoena had been issued for the information on [redacted]. The telephone number was registered to [redacted] of [redacted]. A query of [redacted] revealed that she is the daughter of [redacted] and is currently residing at [redacted]. Det. Caristo and I attempted contact with [redacted] with negative results. I left my business card on her front door requesting she return my call. We then responded to [redacted]. I also attempted contact with Mr. [redacted] with negative results. I left my business card for him to return my call.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident ReportPage: 60
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

On December 9, 2005, I received a telephone call from [REDACTED] [REDACTED] mother, who was made aware of the on going investigation in Palm Beach. [REDACTED] advised she was told of everything that occurred at Epstein's house involving Epstein and his staff. She advised she would allow me to question her daughter about what occurred and would cooperate with the investigation. [REDACTED] provided me with [REDACTED] cellular telephone number to schedule an appointment for an official interview. I telephoned her cellular telephone and made a tentative appointment for Monday, December 12, 2005.

I then received a telephone call from [REDACTED] [REDACTED] father of [REDACTED] [REDACTED] who stated he found the business card on his door. I explained that I was conducting an investigation and needed to speak with [REDACTED] as she may have information that could assist in the investigation. Mr. [REDACTED] stated that his daughter no longer resides with him and has her own trailer in another trailer park. He advised he would tell her to call me.

On December 12, 2005, due to a conflict with schedules, arrangements were made to meet with [REDACTED] [REDACTED] on Tuesday, December 13, 2005 at 5:00 pm. On December 13, 2005, Det. Dawson and I traveled to [REDACTED] and met with [REDACTED]. During a sworn taped statement, [REDACTED] stated that when she was sixteen years old, she was taken to Epstein's house to provide a massage for money. [REDACTED] stated it was before Christmas last year when [REDACTED] approached her and asked if she needed to make money for Christmas; [REDACTED] stated she did and agreed to provide a massage for money. [REDACTED] made arrangements to take [REDACTED] to the house and drove [REDACTED] to the house to "work." [REDACTED] stated she could not remember the street name but would be able to drive to the street. They drove to the last house on the street and pulled in the last house on left side. They walked up the driveway and entered through a side gate which led to a kitchen door. They knocked on the door and were encountered by an employee who [REDACTED] described as a "Spanish looking lady." They informed her that they were expected. They were then encountered by a white female with long blond hair. [REDACTED] was unable to remember the name of the white female with blond hair but knew she was Epstein's assistant. She was led upstairs by the white female who explained that there would be lotions out already and Epstein would choose the lotion he wanted her to use. She was led through a spiral staircase which led to a master bedroom and bathroom. The massage table was already set up in the bathroom. [REDACTED] described the bathroom as a large spacious bathroom with a steam room and shower beside it with a sink to the right. [REDACTED] was introduced to Jeff who was on the phone when she entered. Jeff was wearing a white towel and lay on his stomach so that [REDACTED] may massage his feet and calves. [REDACTED] started the massage with the massage oil Jeff chose and rubbed his feet and calves. Jeff got off the phone and requested she massage his back as well. [REDACTED] began rubbing his back and got to the small of his back. During the rubbing of his back Jeff asked her to get comfortable. He

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 61
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

requested she remove her pants and shirt. [REDACTED] removed her shirt and pulled her pants off. [REDACTED] stayed in her bra and thong panties.

As she finished the small of the back, Jeff then turned onto his back. He instructed she rub his chest and pinch his nipples. As she began to rub his chest, Jeff asked her questions about herself.

[REDACTED] remembered telling him she attended [REDACTED]. Jeff asked her if she was sexually active. Before [REDACTED] could answer, he also asked what sexual positions does she enjoy.

[REDACTED] stated she was shy didn't like talking about those things. She continued rubbing his chest. Epstein reached up and unsnapped her bra from the front. [REDACTED] explained the bra she used had a front snapping device. Epstein rubbed her breasts and asked her if she like having her breasts rubbed. [REDACTED] said "no, I don't like that."

Epstein then removed his towel and lay on the bed naked exposing his penis to [REDACTED]. He began touching his penis and masturbated as he touched her breasts. [REDACTED] explained Jeff then touched her vagina area by rubbing her vagina with his fingers on the outside of her thong panties. [REDACTED] tensed up and stated Jeff was aware that she was uncomfortable.

[REDACTED] stated that Jeff told her , "Relax, I'm not going inside." She further explained Jeff commented to her how beautiful and sexy she was. Jeff then moved her thong panties to one side and now was stroking her clitoris. [REDACTED] said "Jeff commented how hard my clit was." He then inserted two fingers in her vagina and was stroking her within her vagina. She tried pulling back to pull out his fingers from within her vagina. Jeff removed his fingers from within her vagina and apologized for putting his fingers inside her. During this time he kept his hand on her vagina area rubbing her vagina. [REDACTED] stated he rubbed her real hard as he was masturbating. [REDACTED] said he climaxed onto the towel he had been previously wearing and got up from the table. Jeff told her there was \$200.00 dollars for her on the dresser within the master bathroom. Jeff also told her that there was an additional \$100.00 that was to be given to [REDACTED] for bringing her there to massage him. Jeff told her to leave her telephone number with his assistant as he wanted to see her again. Jeff stated his assistant would contact her to work again soon.

I asked her if she ever received any formal massage training to which [REDACTED] stated she did not. [REDACTED] stated it was the only time she ever went to work for Jeff and knew what happened to her was wrong. She stated she no longer speaks to [REDACTED] because she was upset that [REDACTED] took her there. She further stated that she had never been contacted for any additional work. The interview was terminated and we left the area.

Investigation Continues...

***** N A R R A T I V E # 26 *****

Reported By: DICKS, ALLEN C.

12/18/05

Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A.

12/19/05

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 62
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

On 102005 at approx 0930hrs I assisted with the execution of a search warrant at 358 El Brillo Ave, Palm Beach.

Initially I was assigned to enter the residence and conduct a sweep of the premises for safety purposes. I then accompanied CSEU tech Pavlik while she photographed the exterior of the house. Once this was complete I was assigned to search certain areas of the house with Det. Dawson as part of the search warrant.

We began in the garage, searching three Mercedes Benz vehicles, a Harley Davidson motorcycle and adjacent closets in the garage. Nothing of evidentiary value was located.

We then searched two closets off the kitchen area on the east side. These can best be described as pantry or storage closets. Nothing of evidentiary value was obtained.

A small office with adjoining bath was then searched. In the bath area I located a phone message book with recent messages. This item was seized as evidence. Please note this bath and shower area are not used as designed but are storage areas containing a variety of items to include a gun safe in the shower and assorted household items.

We then searched a bath area and closet at the base of the main stairs in the foyer. Inside the closet two massage tables were located as well as partial nude female photographs. These items were later seized as evidence. Nothing of evidentiary value was noted in the bathroom.

We then searched two bedrooms upstairs on the east side of the residence. Located in the bath room of the south bedroom was penis shaped soap. Located in the bedroom of the northern bedroom was penis and vagina shaped soap as well as an adult sex toy. These items were seized as evidence.

We then searched the pool cabana located in the south west corner of the property. Several photographs of nude females were seized as evidence.

I was then assigned to stand by with a person I believe was Douglas Schoettle. Mr. Schoettle was in the residence at the beginning of the search warrant. He was present during the warrant service and subsequent search. I stood by with him until the search was completed and I departed the residence. I had no conversation with him regarding the reason for our presence.

Regarding seized evidence, all items were photographed in place and then collected by CSEU personnel.

This concludes my involvement in this case.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 63
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

***** N A R R A T I V E # 27 *****
IA Reported By: KRAUEL, CURTIS D. 12/21/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 12/21/05

On Thursday, October 20, 2005 at approximately 0936 hours, I assisted in the execution of a search warrant located at 358 El Brillo Way, Palm Beach, Florida, residence of Jeffrey Epstein. I was instructed by Case Agent Det. Joseph Recarey, to secure all computer and media related material from the residence.

Upon my arrival I was directed by Det. Recarey to a room designated as the Kitchen Staff Office. I observed a, Silver in color, CPU with the left side cover removed, exposing the CPU s hardware sitting on floor next to a glass type desk. The CPU had no discernable identifiers or features indicating a make or model. This CPU was powered off with the power cord not plugged in. The keyboard and mouse were atop the CPU. It should be noted that the CPU was not connected to a monitor, printer, or other media device. On the back Panel of the CPU, I observed an A/V card with RCA jacks attached. This type of hardware would allow audio and video to be downloaded onto the CPU s hard disk. The ends of the RCA jacks were unattached at the time of the search and no external camera was located within this room.

The CPU was located on the right side of a desk that held a flat panel LCD screen. The desk also held another keyboard and mouse, indicative of a second computer; however, no other computer was found. It appeared as though a second computer had been recently removed as the cables ends from the monitor, keyboard and mouse were in the same area. A further search of the room revealed no media storage devices, i.e. CD s, Floppy Disks, Zip Disks, etc. This type of media is commonly stored in an area where computers are placed, yet no media was found.

After completing a search of this room, I secured the CPU and turned all items over to the Evidence Custodian for future forensic analysis via a property receipt.

I was then directed by Det. Recarey to a room designated as the Garden Room, where I observed a wooden desk facing west. The desk held a flat screen LCD monitor, keyboard, mouse, media card reader and printer; however, no CPU was located. All of the cables were removed from an area where a computer had once been. A search of the desk area revealed no signs of any media devices.

Det. Recarey directed me to a third location designated as the Cabana room, which is detached from the residence and located just south of the pool. In the South East corner of the room, I observed an office type setting, with an L-shaped desk holding a flat screen LCD monitor, keyboard, mouse and printer; however, no CPU was located. All of the cables were removed from an area where a computer had once been. A search of the desk area revealed no signs of any media devices.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 64
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Det. Recarey directed me to a second detached structure located on the South East corner of the property. This area of this structure was assigned with single letters to identify a particular part of the room. In the office area, designated as Room B, I observed a powered on Dell Dimension 2350, attached to an LCD flat panel monitor. The screen displayed an open Microsoft Internet Explorer browser with URL address of http://home.bellsouth.net/. I observed no other active windows in the Start panel window and photographed screen. The power cord was removed from the back of the Dell CPU and I disconnected the cable modem to prevent remote access. At that time, the Dell CPU, marked with Serial Number 6WTVN21, was secured and turned over the evidence custodian for future forensic analysis via property receipt. I also located several media related items within Room B, which were recorded onto a property receipt and turned over the Evidence Custodians.

I then responded to a Bedroom designated as Room F, where I observed a white in color CPU marked Premio. The Premio CPU was in a computer desk which held a white CRT monitor, both of which were powered on. The CRT monitor displayed a message from Norton Antivirus software, warning of an expired subscription. I observed no other active windows in the Start panel window and photographed screen. I removed the power cable from the back of the Premio CPU and shutdown all other media. The Premio CPU, marked with Serial Number 2000091078, was secured and turned over the evidence custodian for future forensic analysis via property receipt. I also located several media related items within Room F, which were recorded onto a property receipt and turned over the Evidence Custodians.

This concluded my participation in the search of the residence.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 28 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 12/21/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 12/21/05

On December 20, 2005, I contacted ASA Daliah Weiss in an attempt to subpoena the Epstein former houseman, Alfredo Rodriguez. Rodriguez, who resides in Miami, had eluded the process servers previously and was not served the investigative subpoena. A telephone message was left as she is not available during the week of 12/19/2005. I made contact with State Attorney Inv Theresa Wyatt and requested the same via telephone message.

I then researched the victim's [REDACTED] cellular telephone subpoena data which had been received from a previous subpoena request. I analyzed the records which depict several calls from Haley Robson. The telephone calls start on February 6, 2005 at 12:49 pm.; the same day which the victim and the victim's father stated the incident occurred at Epstein s house. The first incoming call was from Robson's residence at 561 333-0180. The second incoming call from Robson's

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 65
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

cellular phone 561-308-0282 occurred at 1:02 pm. The call durations were one minute or less. The time frame was within thirteen minutes apart. It should be noted that Robson's residence was in close proximity to the victim's. The next call occurred at 5:50 pm when the victim telephoned Robson's residence. Several calls were made after the above mentioned calls both incoming and outgoing to Robson. Further analysis showed no telephone calls to either Robson's cellular telephone or Robson's residence were registered prior to February 6, 2005.

Additionally, I also conducted an analysis on the telephone calls from 305-710-5165. The subscriber information confirmed that the number is registered to Paul A Lavery from Hialeah, Florida. The address was cross referenced to the Office of Kiraly and Riley Private Investigators. I researched the web page www.rileykiraly.com which also showed various cases in which they assisted. I also located another web site under www.coralspringssparklandrotary.org in which Mr. Riley attended a Miami Rotary meeting and confirmed Atty. Roy Black is among his clientele.

The telephone calls revealed Lavery had telephone contact with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] either just after I attempted to interview them, or just prior. A background was conducted on Lavery which revealed he holds a current Private Investigator License. A criminal arrest record revealed he had been previously arrested for possession of cocaine and solicitation of prostitution.

I also researched the girls using www.myspace.com. This web site is a new social networking service that allows members to create unique personal profiles online in order to find and communicate with old and new friends. The site allows one to establish your own myspace.com page and decorate the page any way one wishes. I found the following people have myspace sites: Haley Robson, [REDACTED], [REDACTED], [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]

I received a Cingular Wireless packet which contained a CD which contained the results of the subpoena request for verbatim calls on [REDACTED]. An analysis will be conducted in the near future on the phone numbers called.

Investigation Continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 29 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 12/27/05
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 12/29/05

Upon doing research on the message books recovered in the search warrant, I located the identity of [REDACTED]. The telephone number [REDACTED] was registered to [REDACTED]. She currently is seventeen years old and is attending the [REDACTED]. I

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 66
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

responded to [REDACTED] also known as the [REDACTED]. I located the [REDACTED]. I located [REDACTED] inside the foundation and informed her that I was investigating a case against Jeffrey Epstein and knew she had been at the house. [REDACTED] started to cry and advised she had put that part of her life behind her. I explained that although she is seventeen years old I needed to inform her parents that she would be interviewed. She provided her home telephone number. I attempted contact and left voice mail messages at the house to speak with her parents.

Det. Caristo and I then located [REDACTED] at her residence located at [REDACTED] in [REDACTED]. I attempted to interview her about Jeffrey Epstein. She advised she is so in love with Jeff Epstein and would do anything for him. She further explained that she would not speak with us about him either negative or positive. She asked us to leave her property. I informed her that although she did not wish to speak with us, I had sufficient information at this point in the investigation to know she was at Epstein's house and provided girls to Epstein to work. I also explained that prior to our arrival at her residence I had telephone contact with her father, [REDACTED] who was told she would be interviewed. [REDACTED] is currently seventeen years old and as a juvenile, parental notification would be required. We then left the area and returned to the police station.

While at the police station, I left another telephone message for [REDACTED] parents. I began an analysis of Sarah Kellen's Cellular telephone. The telephone number 917-855-3363 is assigned to Sarah Kellen and the financially responsible party is Jeffrey Epstein of 457 Madison Ave. in New York City, New York. The time frame which was subpoenaed was September 2005, through October 2005. There were eighty seven pages of calls made either to the cell phone or from the cell phone. The local (561) numbers were analyzed. A spread sheet was prepared and placed into the attachment file of who was called.

The unknown numbers were researched using FoneFinder.com and subpoenas were requested to determine subscriber information. This was done to identify additional victims or witnesses. The analysis revealed that Kellen had called the victim/witnesses frequently when Epstein was in the Town of Palm Beach to "work." This confirms what the girls interviewed had previously stated. Kellen would notify them when Epstein was in town and their willingness to "work." The CD was placed into evidence.

Investigation Continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 30 *****
Reported By: RECAREY, JOSEPH 1/03/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 1/03/06

On December 29, 2005, I received a facsimile from National Compliance

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 67
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Center from Cingular Wireless for telephone number 561-308-0282. This was the telephone number for Haley Robson during the time frame when the victim, [REDACTED] was brought to the Epstein house to "work." An analysis of the phone records, of all incoming and outgoing calls, showed that on February 6, 2005, the day the victim, [REDACTED] was brought to the house, Robson first called Sarah Kellen, Epstein's assistant, at 917-855-3363 at 12:50 pm (EST). The next call was made to Epstein's house in Palm Beach, at 12:52 pm (EST). The following call was made to the victim, [REDACTED] at 1:01 pm (EST) and at 1:02 pm (EST). This confirms the information provided by the victim and victim's father. I photo copied the records and enlarged the page 8 of 10 to show the calls made by Robson on February 6, 2005.

To this date, I have not heard from [REDACTED] parents. I will attempt to establish contact with them during the evening hours.

I received a package from Atty. Guy Fronstin, which was hand delivered at the police station. Within the package, was a letter from Alan Dershowitz, and two www.myspace.com profiles. The profiles were that of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]. MySpace.com is a social networking service that allows members to create unique personal profiles online in order to find and communicate with old and new friends. This package was in response to a previous meeting in which Mr. Dershowitz called to assist in the investigation in providing any additional witnesses such as house employees who have been reluctant to speak with law enforcement.

I reviewed the profiles Mr. Dershowitz enclosed. [REDACTED] who designed her blog to be [REDACTED] " still attends [REDACTED] [REDACTED] sends and receives messages from friends which contain some profanity. Upon reviewing her friends' comments section from Myspace, most of her good friends sent messages to establish contact and invite her to go out.

I then reviewed [REDACTED] web blog which was provided by Mr. Dershowitz. Ms. [REDACTED] designed her blog to be [REDACTED]. Her blog states that her interests include music, theater and weed (Marijuana). I reviewed her packet in which [REDACTED] declares her love for her live-in boyfriend. She also describes using marijuana with her boyfriend [REDACTED].

The letter Mr. Dershowitz sent advised he was looking into the allegation that one of the private investigators used by the private attorneys of Epstein, attempted to impersonate or state that they were police officers from Palm Beach. Mr. Dershowitz advised that the investigators used to interview [REDACTED] had "quite a distinct speech impediment", did not claim to be nor did they impersonate themselves as a police officer. This package was sent to both ASA Lana Belohlavic and ASA Daliah Weiss at the State Attorney's Office.

I made telephone contact with ASA Weiss to confirm she received the package and request an interview with Sarah Kellen, Nada Marcinkova, and Janusz Banasiak. She advised she would assist in attempting to

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 68
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368
contact Mr. Dershowitz.

(Continued)

On January 3, 2006, I received a telephone call from ASA Weiss who informed me that she made telephone contact with Mr. Dershowitz. She had requested the employees be available the week of January 3, 2006. Mr. Dershowitz informed her that the assistants are out of the country and would require additional time to locate them and make them available.

Investigation Continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 31 *****
A Reported By: MINOT, LORI S. 1/03/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 1/03/06

On Thursday, 03/31/05, I started conducting surveillance at 358 El Brillo. At this point I observed at 1155 hours, a Tan Altima bearing FL tag A303AN in Roadway, Black SL bearing FL tag V55RFW in drive, Tan Honda Civic bearing FL tag X98APM in Roadway, Black Chevy Suburban in driveway and a Black Caddy Escalade in driveway. At 1325 Hours I observed Tan Honda Civic X98APM in roadway, Black Chevy Suburban in driveway, Black Caddy Escalade in drive and a White Kia car bearing FL tag D651BQ. At 1615 hours I observed a Tan Honda Civic, X98APM in roadway, Black Chevy Suburban in drive, Black Caddy Escalade in driveway and a White Kia car D651BQ in roadway.

On Friday, 04/01/05, I continued surveillance at 358 El Brillo. At 1130 hours I observed a Tan Honda Civic bearing FL tag X98APM in roadway, Black Caddy Escalade in driveway and a Tan unknown make/model bearing FL tag A303AN in roadway. At 1227 hours, I observed a Tan Honda Civic X98APM in roadway, Black Caddy Escalade in driveway and a Black Chevy SUV located behind the Escalade. At 1345 hours, I observed a Tan Honda Civic X98APM in roadway and a Black Chevy SUV in driveway. At 1558 hours, I observed a Tan Honda Civic X98APM in roadway, Black Chevy SUV in driveway, Black Caddy Escalade in driveway and a dark unknown model/make car parked in garage.

On Saturday, 04/02/05, I continued surveillance at 358 El Brillo. At 0713 hours, I observed a Red Explorer bearing FL tag J98JEI in roadway and a Black Caddy Escalade in driveway. At 0814 hours, I observed a Red Explorer J98JEI in roadway, Black Caddy Escalade in driveway and a Tan Honda Civic X98APM. At 0952 hours, I observed a Red Explorer J98JEI in roadway, Black Caddy Escalade in driveway, Tan Honda Civic X98APM in roadway and also a Grey unknown make/model with a B.M in trunk retrieving landscaping tools.

At 1155 hours, I observed a Grey Camaro bearing FL tag [REDACTED] parking in the roadway in front of 358 El Brillo. A W/F, blond hair, teens to early 20's, thin and tall wearing a white tank top and short blue jean shorts, exited the vehicle and walked to the rear of the house. I also observed a Red Explorer J98JEI in roadway, Tan Honda Civic X98APM in roadway and a Black Caddy Escalade in driveway. At 1310 hours, I

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 69
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

observed a Red Explorer W/F driver leaving the area, Tan subcompact on roadway and a Red Neon bearing FL tag [REDACTED]. Then observed 3 W/Fs, approximately 16 to 18 years of age jogging. All 3 females ran into the driveway. There were 2 with blond hair and one brown hair.

On Sunday, 04/03/05, I continued surveillance at 358 El Brillo. At 0719 hours I observed a Tan Honda Civic X98APM in roadway and a Black Caddy Escalade. At 0934 hours, I observed a Tan Honda Civic X98APM in roadway and a Black Caddy Escalade in driveway. At 1057 hours I observed only the Tan Honda Civic X98APM.

On Tuesday, 04/05/05, I continued surveillance at 358 El Brillo. At 1052 hours, I observed a Red Explorer J98JEI in roadway, a Green Explorer, bearing FL tag F91KAK in roadway, a Grey Altima bearing FL tag A303AN in roadway, White Ford Truck H58LRA in roadway, Black Mercedes in driveway being washed by a B/M and an unknown dark car parked in the garage. At 1059 hours a Blue Chevy Suburban drove to the house of 358 El Brillo and parked in the driveway. At 1119 hours, I observed the White Ford Truck H58LRA leave the area and the driver was the pool man.

At 1126 hours, I observed a Grey unknown make/model car park in roadway. W/M got out of the car and walked to a house on the south side of El Brillo. At 1406 hours, I observed a Red Explorer parked on roadway and a large white box truck parked behind the surveillance suburban.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 32 *****

Reported By: BATES, MICHAEL J. 1/03/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 1/03/06

On 03/31/05, at approximately 1500 hours while conducting surveillance at 358 El Brillo, I observed a Black Cadillac Escalade, unknown tag, a Black Chevrolet Suburban, unknown tag, a Black Mercedes S600 FL tag U90BQL parked in the east driveway next to the 3-car garage. There was a Tan Honda Civic FL tag X98APM parked on the street in front of the residence.

At approximately 1700 hours, I observed the Black Suburban, Black Escalade, Black Mercedes and Tan Honda Civic parked in the same place. At 1750 hours, there was no change in vehicles. At 1840 hours, I observed the Black Escalade, Black Suburban and Black Mercedes along with a Silver Hyundai Accent FL tag A136AN all parked in the east driveway and a Red Ford Explorer FL tag J98JEI parked on the street in front of the residence.

At 2000 hours, I observed the Black Escalade, Black Suburban parked in the east driveway and the Red Explorer and Tan Civic parked on the street.

On Friday, 04/01/05 at approximately 1700 hours, I observed the Black

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 70
Program: CMS301L

ase No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Escalade and Black Suburban parked in the east driveway and the Tan Honda Civic parked on the street in front of the residence. At 1820 hours, I observed the Suburban and Civic in the same place and a Gold Chevrolet Camaro FL tag [REDACTED] parked on the street in front of the residence. At 2250 there was no change. At 2330, I observed the Black Escalade parked in the driveway and the Red Explorer parked on the street in front of the residence.

On Saturday, 04/02/05 at approximately 1700 hours, I observed a Black Escalade, unknown tag, parked in the driveway and a Tan Honda Civic FL tag X98AMP parked in the street in front of the residence. At 1805 hours the Escalade and Civic were in the same position and the Black Mercedes FL tag U90BQL was also parked in the east driveway. At 1920 hours the Escalade and Civic were the only vehicles and both were in the same position. At 2030 hours and 2145 hours there were no vehicles observed.

At 2115 hours, I observed a Black Mercedes, 4-door parked in the east driveway FL tag G14CT. At 2300 hours, 2350 hours and 0045 hours, the Black Mercedes was the only vehicle observed.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 33 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 1/05/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 1/05/06

I made contact with Mr. [REDACTED] father of [REDACTED] who was told that I wished to interview his daughter. Mr. [REDACTED] stated he was aware and had spoken with his daughter about the incident. He stated that his daughter had previously told him that she was hired to model lingerie at a Palm Beach mansion. Mr. [REDACTED] stated he knew nothing else about what she did when she went to "work." Mr. [REDACTED] advised he would cooperate with the investigation and make his daughter available for interviews. I asked if she was available for an interview, [REDACTED] stated she was not at home at the moment. I informed him I would make contact with her at a later time. Mr. [REDACTED] expressed his interest in the resolution in this matter as he stated this information has affected his daughter emotionally.

On January 4, 2005, I acquired the subpoenas from the State Attorney's Office for Cingular Wireless, Metro PCS, Verizon, Bell South Telecommunications and Sprint for the unknown telephone numbers from Sarah Kellen's cellular telephone. The subpoenas were sent to the respective telephone carriers for subscriber information.

I received a telephone call from State Attorney's Office, who informed me that the former houseman for Jeffrey Epstein, Alfredo Rodriguez, was present at the State Attorney's Office for an interview. Rodriguez was issued an investigative subpoena for an interview on the on-goings at Epstein's house during his employ. I responded to the State Attorney's Office and encountered Mr. Rodriguez waiting in the lobby. I brought Mr. Rodriguez to the interview room.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 71
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

During a sworn taped statement, Mr. Rodriguez stated he was employed by Jeffrey Epstein for approximately six months. He was referred by associates and his employment lasted the months of November 2004 through May 2005. His responsibilities as house manager included being the butler, chauffeur, chef, houseman, run errands for Mr. Epstein and provide for Epstein's guests. Rodriguez advised he had very limited contact with Mr. Epstein. If Rodriguez needed to relay a message to Mr. Epstein, he would have to notify Epstein's secretary "Leslie" in New York City, who would then notify Epstein's personal assistant, Sarah, who would relay the message to Epstein. Rodriguez stated Epstein did not want to see or hear the staff when he was in residence.

I asked Rodriguez if Epstein received many guests during his stay in Palm Beach. Rodriguez advised he had many guests. I asked specifically about masseuses coming to the house. Rodriguez stated he would have two massages a day. Epstein would have one massage in the morning and one massage in the afternoon everyday he was in residence. Rodriguez stated he would be informed to expect someone and make them comfortable until either Sarah or Epstein would meet with them.

Rodriguez stated once the masseuses would arrive, he would allow them entry into the kitchen area and offer them something to drink or eat. They would then be encountered by either Sarah or Epstein. They would be taken upstairs to provide the massage. I asked Rodriguez if any of the masseuses appeared young in age. He advised he didn't ask their ages but felt they were very young. Rodriguez stated they ate like his own daughter who is in high school. Rodriguez stated they would eat tons of cereal and drink milk all the time. Rodriguez stated the girls that would come appeared to be too young to be masseuses. He stated one time under Epstein's direction, he delivered a dozen roses to [REDACTED] for one of the girls that came to provide a massage. He knew the girls were still in high school and were of high school age. I asked Rodriguez about the massages. He felt there was a lot more going on than just massages. He would clean Mr. Epstein's bedroom after the alleged massages and would discover massager/vibrators and sex toys scattered on the floor. He also said he would wipe down the vibrators and sex toys and put them away in an armoire. He described the armoire as a small wood armoire which was on the wall close to Epstein's bed.

Epstein ordered Rodriguez to go to the Dollar rent a car and rent a car for the same girl he brought the roses to, so that she could drive her self to Epstein's house without incident. Rodriguez said the girl always needed rides to and from the house. Rodriguez referred himself as a "human ATM machine" and was ordered by Epstein to maintain a minimum balance of \$2,000 dollars on him at all times. When a girl would come by the house and Mr. Epstein was either not in residence or was not at home at the time, Rodriguez was to provide the girl (masseuse) several hundred dollars for their time and to notify Epstein the amount they were given. Epstein also ordered Rodriguez to

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 72
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

purchase several gifts and provide them as tips to the girls. I asked what kind of gifts. Rodriguez stated he purchased IPODS, jewelry, anything the girls would want.

Rodriguez stated the amount of girls that came to the house was approximately fifteen. Each of the girls knew each other and all seemed to know at [REDACTED] who Mr. Epstein was. When asked to identify these girls, Rodriguez stated he could not at the moment but knew he wrote their names down on a journal he kept during his employ with Mr. Epstein. He kept a journal in the event he needed to explain either to Mr. Epstein or his assistants what was done at the house or who visited the house as he stated he was in-charge of Mr. Epstein's personal security while in Palm Beach. I informed him I would need to view this journal to which he stated he would research the book and contact me to provide the book. The interview was concluded and left the area. I returned back to the police station where the micro cassette was placed into evidence. At approximately 7:20 pm, I was notified Rodriguez located the journal and would call me on January 5, 2005 to provide the journal.

Investigation Continuesàà

***** N A R R A T I V E # 34 *****

Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 1/09/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 1/10/06

On January 5, 2006, I attempted to meet with Alfredo Rodriguez to recover the folder or journal in which he kept the notes that were given to him during his employ with Mr. Jeffrey Epstein. He kept this folder to justify what he did during his employ should the need arise to justify what occurred with the monies he had to keep or any questions as to the petty cash he withdrew from the household account from the bank. At approximately 10:00 pm, I attempted contact with Mr. Rodriguez and discovered he was assisting his wife at her place of employment and would not be able to meet with me. Mr. Rodriguez stated he would meet with me on January 6, 2006, in Broward County, in the morning hours.

On January 6, 2006, at approximately 9:00 am, I received a telephone call from Mr. Rodriguez who advised he had the file in hand and would be traveling northbound to meet with me in Broward County. At 10:50 am, I met with Alfredo Rodriguez at the parking lot of Bank of America in Boca Raton on Yamato Road and Military Trail (known as the Polo Center). Rodriguez produced a green folder which contained documents, a note with Mr. Epstein's stationary with direction to deliver a bucket of roses to [REDACTED] after [REDACTED] high school drama performance. Also in that same note was direction to rent a car for [REDACTED] and direction to extend the rental contract. I returned to the Palm Beach Police Station and placed the folder into evidence.

I received a fax from Verizon from the subpoena request sent on

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 73
Program: CMS301L

ase No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

01-04-06, for telephone number 561-302-1844. The phone number is registered to Dr Perry Bard, from West Palm Beach. Dr. Bard is a chiropractor and has an office located 4275 Okeechobee Blvd in West Palm Beach. The cellular number is Dr Bard's personal cellular number.

On January 9, 2006, Det. Caristo and I traveled to 622 Holly Drive in Palm Beach Gardens in an attempt to locate Johanna Sjoberg, who had been previously seen on the property and identified through her Florida Drivers License and Florida license Plate. A business card was left for her to return my call. We then traveled to the [REDACTED] and located [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] agreed to speak with us and in a private room within the school provided us a taped statement.

During the statement, [REDACTED] advised that when she was fifteen or sixteen years of age, she was taken to Jeffrey Epstein's house by her associate, [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] stated this occurred late May 2004 or early June 2004. She was told she could model lingerie for money for a wealthy Palm Beacher. She remembered they traveled by yellow cab from their residence in West Palm Beach to Epstein's house. She remembered encountering Epstein at the front door during the evening hours.

He introduced himself and brought them into the kitchen so that the chef could prepare something for them to eat. After having a meal, [REDACTED] and Epstein brought [REDACTED] upstairs to a master bedroom which had a large bathroom. She observed a large style shower, sauna and there was a large massage bed also in the bathroom. Epstein entered a room within the bathroom and came out wearing only a towel. [REDACTED] said they would provide a massage on his feet. [REDACTED] asked why they are doing this. [REDACTED] told her this was part of the routine and told her to rub his legs and calves. Epstein had told [REDACTED] to get comfortable. [REDACTED] continued rubbing Epstein's calves and feet. At Epstein's direction, [REDACTED] then left the room leaving [REDACTED] there by herself. Epstein told [REDACTED] to get comfortable. [REDACTED] removed her blouse and pants and stayed in her panties. [REDACTED] stated she was not wearing a bra. She believed she was wearing thong panties. Epstein turned over onto his back and began touching her. Epstein touched her breasts and began touching her in her vagina area. Epstein instructed her to rub his chest and rub his nipples. [REDACTED] stated the touching consisted over the panties on the first time; he stroked her vagina but stayed on top of the panties. During the first massage, she stated Epstein was stroking her and began masturbating himself at the same time. He put his hands under the towel and appeared as to masturbate himself however she never saw his penis. She continued rubbing his chest until he grabbed her and pulled her closer to him. He appeared to have climaxed because after he pulled her closer to him the massage was over. Epstein had told her that there was two hundred dollars for her on the dresser. He told her that she could not tell anyone what happened at the house or bad things could happen. [REDACTED] stated she went to Epstein's house three

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 74
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

or four times total. [REDACTED] was very scared and felt very nervous. She knew because of Epstein's money he was powerful. After the massage, Epstein ordered his houseman at the time to drive the girls home. The employee was to drop off the girls at their house and watch them go inside their house.

[REDACTED] could not remember who the houseman was. She stated Epstein and his assistant Sarah would call her at her father's house to arrange for her to come and "work." She advised each time she returned to the house, Epstein would do the same thing. [REDACTED] stated it was a routine with Epstein. She would rub his feet and calves. He would then turn over and begin to touch her on her vagina area. The only difference was that it was done without panties. Epstein's fingers would stroke her vagina area as he would masturbate and finally climax and the massage would be over. She was paid \$200.00 each time she went. Each time she went she was reminded not to speak of what happened at the house and that she would be contacted again. She began to purposely miss the calls when either Sarah or Epstein would call her. She once brought a friend, [REDACTED] unknown last name, to work for Epstein. She was paid \$200.00 for bringing [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] stated she no longer returned to work for Epstein. She also stated that she wanted to notify the police of what happened at the house. [REDACTED] stated she was scared of what could have happened to her or her family if she notified authorities.

On January 10, 2006, I received the results from the subpoena from BellSouth Telecommunications for telephone number [REDACTED]. The number is assigned to Mr. [REDACTED], [REDACTED] father in [REDACTED]. I also received the results from Western Union which confirmed the money order sent to [REDACTED] from Jeffrey Epstein in New York City. The "wire" was sent by Jeffrey Epstein of 457 Madison Ave in New York City on December 23, 2004 at 12:05 pm. The amount of \$222.00 was charged to Epstein's credit card so that [REDACTED] could receive \$200.00 in [REDACTED]. The twenty-two dollars was for processing and local fees to send the money via Western Union. A copy of the check presented to [REDACTED] was also attached to the receipt of the wire. This confirmed what [REDACTED] advised she received as a Christmas bonus from Epstein.

Investigation continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 35 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 1/10/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 1/10/06

I received and reviewed the Cingular Wireless results from the subpoena requests for subscriber information for telephone numbers 561-818-8361, 561-389-6874 and 561-309-0079. The first number, 561-818-8361, is assigned to Janusz Banasiak in care of Jeffrey Epstein of 457 Madison Ave in New York City. Banasiak is the current houseman/house manager for 358 El Brillo Way in Palm Beach, Fl 33480. The second number, 561-389-6874, is assigned to Christina Venero of

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 75
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368 (Continued)

1685 61st Drive in West Palm Beach. Research conducted on Venero revealed she is a licensed Massage therapist with a Florida conditional/active license number MA39723. Venero had been previously arrested for battery / unwanted touching and DUI. Requests for copies of the reports involving the arrests were requested from the Palm Beach County Sheriff's Office. The last number 561-309-0079 is assigned to Thomas Rofrano of 9850 Alt A1A in Palm Beach Gardens. Research on Mr. Rofrano, revealed that he is a Florida Chiropractic Physician.

Vehicles that were previously documented on the property while surveillance was being conducted were researched. I determined a tan Chevrolet Camaro, bearing Florida license [REDACTED] was seen on the property in which a young white female was seen entering the Epstein property. Research was conducted which revealed that the vehicle is registered to [REDACTED] of [REDACTED]. Mr. [REDACTED] has two daughters, [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] is currently residing in Connecticut and [REDACTED] is residing with her father in [REDACTED]. Research on [REDACTED] revealed she was recently involved in a traffic stop in Lake Clarke Shores in May 19, 2005. A request to discover any information from the stop was requested.

I spoke with ASA Daliah Weiss who informed me that Janusz Banasiak will be available for an interview tomorrow at the State Attorney's Office in West Palm Beach at 1:30 pm. I informed her that I would be at her office for the interview.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 36 *****

Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 1/23/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 1/23/06

On January 19, 2006, Det. Caristo and I met with Johanna Sjoberg at 622 Holly Drive in Palm Beach Gardens. Sjoberg was identified as a licensed massage therapist who had previously been seen on Epstein's property when physical surveillance was done. Sjoberg was told of the on going investigation and I felt she may have information pertaining to the case. During a sworn taped statement, Sjoberg stated she met Epstein three years ago when Ghaline Maxwell approached her while she was attending Palm Beach Atlantic College to work around Epstein's house. Maxwell had told her that they needed some girls to work at the house to answer phones and run errands. Sjoberg accepted the job and began working at Epstein's house on El Brillo in Palm Beach. Sjoberg stated it was a part time job during the time she went to Palm Beach Atlantic College. She continued going to Epstein's house and would be notified when Epstein would travel to Palm Beach. Sjoberg advised she would be notified by Maxwell, Epstein or Sarah, his assistant, when he would travel to Palm Beach. Sjoberg stated she began providing massages to Epstein before she became a massage therapist. She continued giving massages not only to Epstein but to Nadia Marcinkova, and Sarah, his assistant. Sjoberg was asked about what occurred during the massages. Sjoberg stated as she was twenty

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 76
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

three years old when she met Epstein, anything that happened was between two consenting adults. I explained to her that she was not in any trouble however as part of this investigation, I needed to ask certain questions. Sjoberg stated that there were times that Epstein would ask her to perform during the massage. He would instruct her to rub his nipples as he masturbated himself. Sjoberg stated she felt "grossed" about the behavior but as she was getting paid, she just continued. Sjoberg also advised she would on occasion perform the massages naked. Epstein would on occasion, utilize the vibrator/massager on her vagina area when she performed the massages. Sjoberg explained that Epstein never exposed himself to her as he maintained himself covered under the towel he would be wearing. When Epstein would masturbate he would be covered.

I asked if Sjoberg ever received any gifts, or any gratuities from Epstein. Sjoberg advised aside from being paid well, she advised Epstein took care of her tuition from Palm Beach Atlantic College. She received a rental car for a week when her scooter broke down.

Additionally she received other gifts from Epstein. Epstein also recommended her to another client who resides at Breakers Row in Palm Beach. The client she was referred to was "Glenn" unknown last name, and his wife, who she provided a massages to. The statement was concluded and placed into evidence upon our return to the Palm Beach Police Department.

While at the police station, I researched Florida tag [REDACTED] which was also previously seen on the property when there was physical surveillance being done at the property. The vehicle is registered to [REDACTED] of [REDACTED]. Researching Mr. [REDACTED] and the vehicle revealed that his daughter, [REDACTED] had been driving the vehicle and was cited for unlawful speed in Lake Clark Shores. The vehicle is a tan, Chevrolet Camaro, 2-door. I researched [REDACTED], date of birth, [REDACTED], resides at [REDACTED] in [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] has a my space page called [www.myspace.com/\[REDACTED\]](http://www.myspace.com/[REDACTED]). In her web page, shows various photos of [REDACTED] photographed at a beach. An interview is forthcoming.

A review of the video disks which was extracted at the Palm Beach County Sheriff's Office Computer Crime Unit revealed that only one hidden camera was functional at the time. Several images of Epstein working at his office were seen. Additional footage of Sarah Kellen and Nadia Marcinkova was seen. There was other footage of females seen. The identity of the females is unknown at this time, until such time as I meet with certain females to show the video footage to confirm if, in fact, it is them on the video. At this time it appears that [REDACTED] and Haley Robson are seen sitting with Epstein beside his desk in the evening hours. Due to poor lighting, a direct confirmation cannot be made at this time.

Inv. Continues.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 77
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

***** N A R R A T I V E # 37 *****
A Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 1/30/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 1/30/06

On January 25, 2006, Det Caristo and I, responded to [redacted] in [redacted] and met with [redacted] [redacted] stated last year, when she was seventeen years of age, she met Jeffrey Epstein through her former room mate [redacted] [redacted] was allegedly dating Epstein at the time. [redacted] and [redacted] had once cohabitated together when they modeled. [redacted] explained [redacted] called her on her telephone and advised her that she was in Palm Beach and requested to see her. [redacted] made arrangements to meet with her at Epstein's house. [redacted] arrived and met Epstein and [redacted]. [redacted] and [redacted] went to the Palm Beach Mall together and went shopping. [redacted] advised that [redacted] and she had received money from Epstein to go to the mall. They visited Victoria's Secret and purchased undergarments from the store utilizing monies given by Epstein. [redacted] advised she purchased one item and [redacted] purchase various items. The money used to purchase the items was the money given by Epstein.

[redacted] and [redacted] continued shopping and having a day together. [redacted] stated [redacted] explained how she and Epstein have been dating each other and he has been paying all of her bills. [redacted] claimed [redacted] advised they met in New York and had been dating ever since. They later returned to Epstein's home and encountered Epstein. He had a brief conversation with [redacted] about her modeling career. He knew of her modeling career from [redacted]. He requested to see her modeling portfolio and explained that he could help her with modeling jobs. [redacted] had her book with her to show [redacted] and showed the book to Epstein. He commented negatively about her photographs and portfolio. [redacted] felt uncomfortable with the comments made as she had been working with other professional modeling companies who had offered her work from her photographs. Epstein requested to see what was purchased at the mall. [redacted] took out the undergarments which were purchased. She immediately showed Epstein different sets purchased. Epstein then requested to view what [redacted] purchased. [redacted] was reluctant to show the outfit however since it was Epstein's money that purchased the item, she pulled it out of the bag. Epstein asked her to try it on. [redacted] looked at [redacted] who told her "yeah, try it on." Feeling compelled to try the undergarment outfit on; she went to another room and put on the bra and panty set. She walked out to the living room where they were sitting, and modeled the suit. She then went back into the other room and changed back into her clothes. [redacted] returned into the room and told [redacted] she would be going home. [redacted] scheduled another day for [redacted] to return for massages with her.

[redacted] stated within that same week, she returned to meet with [redacted] and have a massage. [redacted] had told her that she would be unable to stay with her as she would be going on a bike ride with Epstein. [redacted] explained she could stay at the house and take advantage of the massage.

Date: 7/19/06
 Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
 Incident Report

Page: 78
 Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

██████████ stated she met with an unknown massage therapist and had the table already set up in a guest room. ██████████ removed her clothing, leaving her panties on, and wrapped herself with a towel for the massage. ██████████ remembered that the door to the guest room was closed but not locked. As the therapist was working her back, the door was opened by Epstein and entered into the room. ██████████ was trying to conceal herself as Epstein was talking to her about his chiropractic session. Epstein told ██████████ turn over onto her back. ██████████ eventually turned over exposing her breasts to Epstein as he applied pressure on her shoulder and her waist. ██████████ stated Epstein "popped" her back. ██████████ removed her self from the table, got dressed and left the house. ██████████ further stated ██████████ had attempted to call her on several occasions to invite her back to Epstein's house to which ██████████ replied "I'm busy." ██████████ advised she has not had contact with either ██████████ or Jeffrey Epstein. It should be noted that her mother, ██████████ was present during the interview. The interview was concluded and we thanked them her for their time.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 38 *****
 Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 1/31/06
 Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 1/31/06

On January 27, 2006, I made telephone contact with Christina Venero, at 772-878-7280. Venero is a licensed massage therapist who had frequented the home of Jeffrey Epstein. Ms. Venero has been unable to meet with me in Palm Beach County, and because she lives and works in Port St Lucie, a telephone interview was conducted. I explained to Ms. Venero that there was an on going investigation involving Jeffrey Epstein.

Venero stated she knows Epstein and has been employed by him for approximately three years. Epstein has paid Venero to perform Swedish Massages (Deep Tissue) on him and other guests. Venero explained that approximately three year ago she met Ghislaine Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein through a mutual friend. Epstein and Maxwell were looking for a massage therapist. Venero stated since that time, she is notified when Epstein is coming to Palm Beach. Venero stated she comes to his house and provides the massage or massages. Venero explained she has also massaged his guests and assistants. Venero continued that she is paid \$100.00 and hour for the massage.

I asked Venero if anything occurred during the massage that would have made her feel uncomfortable. Venero stated she only provided massages and that was it. She never was approached for anything else. I asked if Epstein ever asked her to rub his chest she stated she would not rub his chest as that is not part of her massage. Venero explained that she was not Epstein's type. The girls she would see at Epstein's house were very thin, beautiful and without tattoos. Venero explained she has several tattoos that are visible. Maxwell and Epstein have commented negatively about her tattoos previously when she has provided massages.

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 79
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Venero stated she only provided massages for Epstein and his associates and nothing happened during those massages. Venero stated as she does Swedish style massages, the patient is usually sore after the massages. I thanked her for her assistance and the interview was concluded at this time.

I received a facsimile from T-Mobile Cellular service on telephone number 561-317-5844, which is assigned to David Rodgers, pilot for Mr. Epstein, who resides in Lake Worth. Rodgers' telephone number was dialed on several occasions by Sarah Kellen. A background on Rodgers indicated he has a valid FAA pilot license First Class for the Southern FAA Region. Rodgers has another historical FAA license for Airline Transport Pilot.

Investigation Continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 39 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 2/14/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 2/16/06

On Friday, February 3, 2006, I had made arrangements to meet with Joanna Harrison at the Palm Beach Police Station. At approximately 1:00pm, Harrison and her friend, Victoria Bean arrived at the police station. During an interview with Harrison, she stated she met Epstein when she turned eighteen years old and was brought to Epstein's house to provide a massage. She advised this occurred on May of 2005. She advised Haley Robson had informed her if she wanted to provide a massage for \$200.00. Harrison agreed and was brought to Epstein's house to provide a massage. Harrison stated she had been to the house on many occasions during the massage sessions. Harrison also stated she would remove her clothing to provide the massage on Epstein. Harrison advised Epstein would pay her \$300.00 to rub his back, legs and chest. During the massages, Epstein would masturbate himself as she rubbed his chest. I asked her if Epstein ever touched her breasts during the massages. Harrison replied. "Yes." I asked her if Epstein ever touched or massaged her vagina. Harrison stated he had on several occasions. I asked her if he ever penetrated her with either his penis or any other objects. Harrison stated that during a massage he inserted his fingers in her vagina as she massaged him. She stated this occurred one time only. Harrison stated the massage would be over when Epstein would climax onto a towel. I asked Harrison if she had any formal massage training to which she replied that she did not. Harrison was then asked if she ever brought anyone to the house to "work." Harrison stated she brought two people to the house. She advised she received money for bringing people to the house to "work." Harrison stated she brought a girl named [REDACTED] and her friend Tory Bean. Bean was still waiting for Harrison in the lobby of the police station. I thanked Harrison for her time and her cooperation and escorted her to the lobby.

I asked Ms Bean if I could speak with her about this investigation. I

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 80
Program: CMS301L

ase No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

brought her to the interview room and explained to her that I was conducting an investigation on Jeffrey Epstein and felt she may have information pertaining to the investigation. Ms Bean identified herself as Victoria Bean and resides in Wellington, Florida. She advised approximately a year ago she was brought to Epstein's house to provide a massage for money. Bean stated she needed to make money and felt it was a quick way to make some money. Bean stated she was brought to the house by Harrison and was introduced to Epstein and his assistant. She was brought to his main bathroom and provided a massage. I asked her if she provided the massage naked. Bean stated she did. She rubbed Epstein's legs, back and chest. I asked Bean if Epstein touched her during the massage. She advised he did not, however he did masturbate himself as she rubbed his chest. Once he climaxed the massage was over. She was paid her money and left the area. Bean advised it occurred one time and she never returned to Epstein's house. The interview was concluded and Bean was escorted to the lobby.

I located a telephone number for [REDACTED] and attempted to contact her on several occasions. I called [REDACTED] and spoke with Ms. [REDACTED] who advised she would speak with me in [REDACTED] where she resides. Due to a scheduling conflict, we were unable to meet. I informed her I would contact her to schedule another appointment to speak with her about this investigation. I have attempted to meet with her and make telephone contact with negative results.

On February 13, 2006, I met with David Rodgers at 7318 Heathley Drive in Lake Worth. Rodgers was identified as Epstein's pilot. I spoke with Rodgers who advised he has been employed with Epstein since 1991. He flies both planes for Epstein depending where he wants to fly to. Rodgers was asked about passengers in the plane he flies. Rodgers stated unless Epstein flew to his island off of St Thomas, there would be no way of knowing who the passengers were. I mentioned a recent flight to Ohio, where Rodgers flew to Ohio to pick up [REDACTED]. Rodgers stated he recalled flying on several occasions and did remember [REDACTED]. Rodgers stated once he is in the cockpit, he does not know who the passengers are. When he prepares the passenger manifests, he lists Epstein and his assistants he knows by name, Sarah and Adrianna. Rodgers stated he would list either female or male passengers on the manifests only to keep a count on the passengers. Mrs. Rodgers came into the living room and recommended that her husband consult with an attorney. Mr. Rodgers agreed he would speak with the family attorney to inform him of this questioning. I explained to Mr. Rodgers that he was not the suspect in this investigation and ceased all questions. Based on the fact Rodgers could not advise who passengers were in the plane, I then left the area.

I attempted to locate [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] in [REDACTED]. I left my business card for her to return my call. On February 14, 2006, at 12:06 pm, I received a call back from Ms. [REDACTED].

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 81
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

on my voice mail. Ms [REDACTED] left her telephone number for a return call 561-662-3098. I left her a message to return call.

Investigation Continues..

***** N A R R A T I V E # 40 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 2/21/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 2/22/06

On February 15, 2006, I made telephone contact with [REDACTED] who provided directions to where I could locate her. Det Caristo and I responded to 806 Old Dixie Hwy in Lake Park to meet with [REDACTED]. Upon my arrival, I met with [REDACTED] in the parking lot directly behind MAACO Auto Painting. She was advised I was there to speak with her about an ongoing investigation that concerned Jeffrey Epstein in Palm Beach. [REDACTED] stated she knows Epstein very well and did not want to speak with me about Mr. Epstein. She was very fond of Epstein and did not want to speak with me about anything concerning Jeffrey Epstein. I explained to her that she was seen at the house and I would like to speak with her. She stated she knew there was an investigation and that I had spoken with other people and therefore I should know what happened at Epstein's house. [REDACTED] ended the conversation and walked back into her boyfriends business, Blanton Automotive. Det Caristo and I left the area and returned to the police station.

Investigation continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 41 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 4/10/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 4/10/06

A Grand Jury Session was requested during the month of February 2006, in which all the girls that had been interviewed would have been called to testify before the Grand Jury to seek an indictment against Jeffrey Epstein. Due to subsequent meetings with the State Attorney's Office and Defense Attorney Alan Dershowitz the Grand Jury was postponed until a later time. Dershowitz had provided a package of material on the main victims in this case in which they appear on myspace.com and speak about alcohol use and some marijuana use. The State Attorney's Office wanted time to review the material.

I requested additional subpoenas from the State Attorney's Office in which I requested information from Dollar Rent a Car and Jet Aviation. The information requested from Dollar Rent a Car was for the rented vehicle by Alfredo Rodriguez while under the employ of Epstein for one of the victims. The other subpoena requested was for Jet Aviation for dates and times when Epstein's planes were in Palm Beach County.

I continued to research other names that were acquired either from interviews or intelligence gathered during the investigation. I

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 82
Program: CMS301L

Case No. . . . : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

located [redacted] in [redacted]. I responded to [redacted] in [redacted]. During the interview, [redacted] stated she knew I would be speaking with her. [redacted] stated she was first introduced to Epstein when she turned eighteen years old. [redacted] stated she was sure of her age as it was her senior year in [redacted]. She advised she was brought there to make money and was told she would have to provide a massage to this Palm Beach guy. She remembered she met Epstein and his assistant Sarah in the kitchen area. She stated she was taken by one of her friends, [redacted]. She stated she went upstairs with Sarah while Epstein got ready for the massage. He exited his bathroom naked and [redacted] turned around. Epstein asked her if being naked offended her. [redacted] stated it made her uncomfortable. Epstein then put on a towel and lay on the table. [redacted] stated she rubbed his back and feet. She stated she had no massage training or experience. [redacted] stated during the massage, Epstein attempted to touch her buttocks. [redacted] pulled away as he touched her buttocks. She told him again she was uncomfortable with him touching her. Epstein then cut the massage short and became upset with her. Epstein paid her \$200.00 for the massage and told her to leave the house. [redacted] never returned to the house. She did advise of one time she went with [redacted] however she waited in the car for [redacted] as she did not want to go into the house. At the conclusion of [redacted] visit with Epstein they left the area. [redacted] stated she had heard from other girls that have gone to the house that Epstein now required them to do the massage naked and allow him to touch them in their private areas for monies. The interview was concluded as [redacted] did not have any other information to provide.

I then learned from the original victim, [redacted] the defense attorney had learned of her identity. I spoke with the father of the victim, who stated there has been a private investigator on his house photographing his family and chasing visitors who come to the house. He provided a Florida License of E79-4EH. This vehicle is registered to Ivan Robles of West Palm Beach. Robles is a private investigator intern who is licensed by the state. I informed the State Attorney's Office of the above information.

I received the Grand Jury subpoenas to be delivered to three victims for a Grand Jury session to be held on April 18, through April 20, 2006.

Investigation continues.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 42 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 4/14/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 4/18/06

The Grand Jury Subpoenas were personally served to the individuals they were issued to. On April 5, 2006, at approximately 7:30 p.m., I personally served the parents of [redacted] who had informed me that the private investigators were still photographing the family. On April

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 83
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

On 10, 2006, at approximately 2:30 p.m., I served [REDACTED] at her residence in [REDACTED]. The subpoena was given to her mother, [REDACTED].

I learned through one of the victims [REDACTED] that she was personally contacted through a source that has maintained contact with Epstein. The source assured [REDACTED] she would receive monetary compensation for her assistance in not cooperating with law enforcement. [REDACTED] also stated she was told, "Those who help him will be compensated and those who hurt him will be dealt with." I told [REDACTED] that tampering with a witness/victim is an arrestable offense and very serious. I asked her who approached her during this encounter. [REDACTED] originally was reluctant to provide the name of the person who approached her to offer her not to testify because she felt they were still friends.

On April 11, 2006, Det Dawson and I traveled to Tallahassee, Florida and met with the victim, [REDACTED] identified [REDACTED] W/F, [REDACTED], as the person who approached her in Royal Palm Beach while she was home during Spring Break in March 2006. [REDACTED] also stated she did not want to pursue the intimidation charges on [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] was concerned that the defense attorney was given a copy of the report as certain things she had told me in confidence were repeated to her by Beal. Prior to our departure, the victim was given a copy of her subpoena for the Grand Jury which was scheduled to commence April 18, 2006.

Upon our return from Tallahassee, I notified the State Attorney's Office of what was told to me. I also notified them that the subpoenas were delivered to the witnesses and they would be calling for arrangements for the date and time needed for the Grand Jury. I spoke with ASA Weiss and informed her of the possible intimidation by the defense.

On April 13, and April 14, 2006 I attempted contact on several occasions with ASA Weiss and ASA Belohlavic to ascertain when the victims needed to report for Grand Jury testimony. Messages were left on their voicemail. On April 17, 2006, during the hours of 9:00 am and 11:30 am, I again left messages for ASA Weiss and ASA Belohlavic for either of them to return my call as I had not heard from the State Attorney's Office as to the time and date of the Grand Jury.

At approximately 12:30 pm, I went to the State Attorney's Office and located ASA Weiss and ASA Belohlavic in their offices. I entered ASA Belohlavic's office who informed me that she was going to return my call. She explained that an offer was made to the defense, Atty Guy Fronstin and Atty Alan Dershowitz. The offer is 1 count of Agg Assault with intent to commit a felony, five years probation, with adjudication withheld. Epstein would have to submit to psychiatric/sexual evaluation and no unsupervised visits with minors.

When asked about the all the other victims, ASA Belohlavic stated that was the only offer made as to one victim, [REDACTED]. ASA Belohlavic cell phone rang and went to voice mail. She checked her voice mail and played the message on speaker. The caller identified himself as

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 84
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Atty Guy Fronstin and acknowledged the deal made between them. Fronstin stated in the message, he spoke with his client, Jeffrey Epstein, and agreed to the deal. Fronstin asked to call off the grand jury as they would accept this deal. Belohlavic stated a probable cause would be needed to book Epstein in the county jail and would let me know as to when it would be needed. I explained my disapproval of the deal and not being consulted prior to the deal being offered. However I expressed that was only my opinion and the final approval would come from the Chief of Police. She explained to have Chief Reiter call Barry Krisher about the deal. I left the area and returned to the police station where I briefed the Chief about the deal offered.

I checked my voice mail messages and discovered a message from stepmother for the victim. She was calling because the State Attorney's Office still had not returned any of her calls as to when they are needed for this case. I then called ASA Belohlavic's office and left messages for her to call the victims on this case and explained to them what the State Attorney's Office had done.

On April 17, 2006, at approximately 4:30 pm, State Attorney Investigator Tim Valentine called to officially notify me of the cancellation of the Grand Jury. He requested I contact the victims that had been served to appear, to notify them of the cancellation. I advised Valentine that as this Grand Jury session was called based on the State Attorney's Office decision to have the victims heard by the Grand Jury that I felt it was the States Attorney's Office responsibility to contact the victims and advise them of the reason they were no longer needed.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 43 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 5/04/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 5/04/06

As I had not received any contact from anyone at the State Attorney's Office, on May 1, 2006, I prepared three arrest warrant requests and submitted them to the State Attorney's Office. The packages were delivered to the Crimes against Children Unit in care of ASA Lana Belohlavek. Jeffrey Epstein's arrest warrant was requested for 4 counts of Unlawful Sexual activity with certain minors and one count of Lewd and Lascivious Molestation. Sarah Kellen, Epstein's assistant's, arrest warrant request was for 4 counts of Principal in the 1st degree Unlawful Sexual activity with certain minors and one count of Principal in the 1st degree Lewd and Lascivious Molestation. Haley Robson's arrest warrant request was for Lewd and Lascivious Acts on a victim under 16 years of age. The receipt of delivery was signed and brought back to the records division at the police department.

On May 3, 2006, at approximately 2:54 pm, I received a telephone call from ASA Daliah Weiss on my cellular telephone. ASA Weiss advised she

ate: 7/19/06
ime: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 85
Program: CMS301L

ase No. . . . : 1-05-000368 (Continued)

has been taken off the Jeffrey Epstein case because her husband is employed with Attorney Jack Goldberger. Attorney Goldberger is the attorney of record for Jeffrey Epstein. His previous attorney, Guy Fronstin, has been fired from representation. ASA Lana Belohlavek has been assigned the case. ASA Weiss stated she can no longer speak about the Epstein case with me. I thanked her for her telephone call. ASA Weiss further stated that ASA Belohlavek would be calling me.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 44 *****

Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 5/15/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 5/15/06

On May 10, 2006, information was received that Epstein's associate, Leslie Wexner, The Limited Inc, CEO's, plane had arrived in West Palm Beach, PBIA. The plane, a Gulfstream 4 bearing a N900LS registration, was on the tarmac at Galaxy Aviation. As Epstein had recently acquired the services of a new attorney, and the fact that Epstein's house is currently under remodeling, it was believed that Epstein may be in Palm Beach. I conducted physical surveillance at the residence, 358 El Brillo Way. I observed a large construction crew conducting remodeling at the house. The contractor, David Norr, was observed driving a Ford Explorer, white in color. The vehicle has a Florida registration of F30QQF. Norr left Epstein's house and traveled north on County Road. Det Caristo and I conducted surveillance on Norr. Norr traveled to several construction sites and checked on certain jobs. Surveillance was discontinued on Norr and Det Caristo and I traveled to Galaxy Aviation. I observed the white plane with a blue stripe along the body and tail of the plane; the tail number was visible on the bottom of the tail, closer to the body of the plane. We maintained visual surveillance on the plane until 4:57 p.m., when a caravan of Cadillac Escalades drove onto the tarmac. We observed several people exit the vehicles and discovered that they were part of the executive team for Limited Inc. The executives were in Palm Beach County for an executive meeting for the day. They arrived in Palm Beach County on May 9, 2006 at 9:30 pm and were scheduled to leave on the 10th at 5:00 pm.

On May 12, 2006, I met with ASA Lana Belohlavek at the State Attorney's Office. She explained that her boss, Barry Krischer, was requesting this case be taken to the Grand Jury again. I explained to her I had requested arrest warrants for Jeffrey Epstein, Sarah Kellen, and Haley Robson. I asked that she either issue the warrants or direct file, as so much time has elapsed since the original request to the Grand Jury. I explained that the Palm Beach Police Department had concluded the case in December of 2005 and has been waiting for the case to go forward. Belohlavek stated the original offer was again offered to the new defense attorney. She was waiting for their answer by Friday May 19, 2006. She stated she would advise me of the answer.

***** N A R R A T I V E # 45 *****

Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 6/05/06

Date: 7/19/06
 Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
 Incident Report

Page: 86
 Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A.

6/06/06

On May 22, 2006, I received several phone calls throughout the day from Mr. [REDACTED] who stated he had been followed aggressively by a private investigator. Mr. [REDACTED] stated that as he drove to and from work and running errands throughout the county, the same vehicle was behind him running other vehicles off the road in an attempt not to lose sight of Mr. [REDACTED] vehicle.

I explained to him as Mr. Epstein had retained new legal council it was possible it would be new private investigators following him to observe his daily activities. I also explained to him that there was a meeting scheduled with ASA Lana Belohlavek and Attorney Jack Goldberger at Mr. Krischer's office scheduled on June 1, 2006 at 9:00 am. I attempted to call ASA Lana Belohlavek to inform her of the private investigators following Mr. [REDACTED] however; she was on her vacation during the week of May 22 through May 30 2006.

On May 23, 2006, I received other phone calls from Mr. and Mrs. [REDACTED] who advised they were able to acquire the private investigators license plate information. The subject following them was again driving very aggressively and caused Mrs. [REDACTED] to run off the road. Mrs. [REDACTED] stated the vehicle is a green Chevy Monte Carlo bearing Florida tag I35-XGA. The vehicle is registered to Zachary Bechard of Jupiter Florida. Bechard is employed with Candor Investigations from Jupiter, Florida. Bechard is a licensed Private Investigator in the State of Florida.

Since the discovery of the threat made against one of the victims in this case [REDACTED], I requested subpoenas for all calls made to and received from [REDACTED] during the month of March 2006 for her cell phone and home phone. I had confirmed with Florida State University the exact dates of Spring Break for 2006. The Spring Break was from March 4, 2006 through March 12, 2006. I received a subpoena from Sprint/Nextel with all calls made during the month of March 2006. I reviewed the 989 calls made and received during the month of March 2006. I observed on March 7, 2006, [REDACTED] made and received thirty five calls during that day.

Date	Time	Seconds	In/Out	To/From
7-Mar-06	11:03 AM	492	Outbound	561XXXX
7-Mar-06	11:16 AM	6	Inbound	561XXXX
7-Mar-06	11:22 AM	887.2	Inbound	561XXXX
7-Mar-06	11:37 AM	48	Outbound	9178553363
7-Mar-06	11:39 AM	28.2	Inbound	2125356831
7-Mar-06	12:02 PM	727.2	Inbound	2125356831

The table reflects the date of the calls, time of day (EST), duration

Date: 7/19/06
Time: 15:01:37

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Incident Report

Page: 87
Program: CMS301L

Case No. : 1-05-000368

(Continued)

of call in seconds, inbound or outbound calls and calls made to or from [redacted] phone. On March 7, 2006, at 11:03 am, [redacted] made a call to the victim [redacted] which lasted 492 seconds (8 minutes and 2 seconds). The victim then returned the call at 11:16 am which lasted 6 seconds. The victim then made contact with [redacted] at 11:22 am for 877.2 seconds (14 minutes and 6 seconds). These sequences of calls were consistent with what the victim had described to me on the date of the intimidation. Immediately after speaking with the victim, [redacted] makes a call to Sarah Kellen, Epstein's assistant, which lasts for forty-eight seconds. A call is then immediately received, a telephone number registered to a Corporation affiliated with Jeffrey Epstein located at 457 Madison Ave in New York. An extensive computer check revealed 457 Madison Ave is a business address in which Epstein has his corporations assigned to. Epstein had corporation attorney, Darren Indyke, register the businesses and register himself as an agent. I also observed Epstein has his El Zorro Ranch Corporation, New York Strategy Group, Ghislaine Corporation, J Epstein and Company and the Financial Strategy Group registered to this same address. Finally, a third call is received by [redacted] at 12:02 pm from the same corporate number which lasts 12 minutes and 1 second. It should be noted that there is no further contact with either the victim during the month of March or April of 2006. I also noted that there was no further contact with Sarah Kellen or Jeffrey Epstein during the remainder of the month of March or April 2006.

On June 1, 2006, ASA Lana Belohlavek telephoned me to inform me of the meeting that occurred with Atty. Jack Goldberger and her reference this case. She advised she would make her determination on whether to file on this case or not by Monday June 5, 2006.

Inv Continues.

***** NARRATIVE # 46 *****
Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 7/12/06
Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 7/12/06

On June 29, 2006, I had spoken to ASA Lana Belohlavic who informed me that the case would be sent to the Grand Jury for charges. She informed me that the grand jury would convene on July 19, 2006 to hear the Epstein case. Belohlavic stated State Attorney Barry Krisher made the determination to go the Grand Jury to hear the case.

On July 12, 2006, I spoke with Mrs. [redacted] mother of the victim, [redacted] who inquired about the status of the case. I explained to her that I was told we would be going to the Grand Jury during the week of July 19, 2006. She stated she had not been contacted as of yet by the State Attorney's Office for any information. I provided her with the telephone numbers to the State Attorney's Office.

Investigation continues...

***** END OF REPORT *****

Date/Time: 10/16/06 9:24:44

System: HTE
Progrr: CHF004P

PALM BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT
Narrative Print

Page: 1

Case Number: 1-05-000368

***** N A R R A T I V E # 47 *****

NA Reported By: RE CAREY, JOSEPH 8/03/06

Entered By.: ALTOMARO, NICKIE A. 8/03/06

On July 18, 2006, I received a Grand Jury letter to appear before the Grand Jury on July 19, 2006, reference the Jeffrey Epstein case. On July 19, 2006, I responded to the Grand Jury Room and testified before the grand jury. At the conclusion, ASA Belohlavec stated the grand jury returned with a true bill for Felony Solicitation of Prostitution.

On July 25, 2006, Epstein turned himself into the county jail and was released on a \$3,000 bond. Epstein is to return for arraignment on August 25, 2006 at 8:45 am.

ATT POLICE CLERKS: Please show this case cleared by arrest with the arrest of Jeffrey Epstein W/M 01-20-1953.

** End of Report **

EXHIBIT 2

PART 1

Date 1997 DEC	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE		
14	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1056	JE, GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JOE DAN DUBEN, NANNY, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2	1	
17	"	"	TEB	BCT		1057	JE, MANDY ELLISON, GWENDOLYN BECK, WARREN SPECTOR, JIMMY + MRS COYNE, ET		2	5	
17	"	"	BCT	PBI		1058	JE, MANDY ELLISON, GWENDOLYN BECK, EMMY TAYLER			1	
1998 JAN 3	"	"	PBI	TEB		1059	JE, GM, ET, GLEN DUBEN, JIMMY + MRS COYNE, WARREN WHITTET, MARGARET WHITTET		2	3	
8	"	"	TEB	SAF		1060	JE, GM, ET, DOUG SCHOETTLE	✓	3	8	
10	"	"	SAF	PBI		1061	JE, GM, ET, DOUG SCHOETTLE	✓	2	7	
13	"	"	PBI	TEB		1062	JE, GM, ET	✓	2	3	
18	"	"	TEB	PBI		1063	JE, ET, 1 FEMALE	✓	2	4	
20	"	"	PBI	TIST		1064	JE, GM, ET, GWENDOLYN BECK, SIBBEE	✓	2	0	
25	"	"	TIST	TNCM		1065	JE, GM, ET, MELINDA LUNTZ, SIBBEE CLARE	✓		4	
25	"	"	TNCM	TEB		1066	JE, GM, ET, ML, SC	✓	4	2	
30	"	"	TEB	PBI		1067	JE	✓		2	3
31	"	"	PBI	JAX		1068	JE	✓		8	
31	"	"	JAX	APF		1069	JE, ELLEN SPENCER	✓		8	
31	"	"	APF	PBI		1070	JE, ELLEN SPENCER	✓		4	
FEB 2	"	"	PBI	TEB		1071	JE, SOPHIE BIDDLE		2	2	
6	"	"	TEB	PBI		1072	JE, GM, ET, SOPHIE BIDDLE, EVA, CELIN, TORON, CELINA DUBEN	✓	2	6	
9	"	"	PBI	TEB		1073	JE, GM, ET CLARE BAZAN, JOEL PASHCOW, 1 FEMALE, ALAN DERSTOWITZ, MANDY S DUBEN	✓	2	4	
12	"	"	TEB	PBI		1074	JE, GM, JOEL PASHCOW, LAUREN PASHCOW, ET, JEM + MRS COYNE, WARREN SPECTOR	✓	2	6	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodger

Page Total	14	38	9
Amount Forward	5975	7095	3
Total to Date	5729	7134	2

Date 19 ⁴⁸ FEB	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRPLANE				
1	C172	N75RR	LNA-F45	LNA			CHECK OUT IN CESSNA 172	5/5	8				
7	C172	N75RR	LNA-X10	PBI-LNA			CHRIS WAGNER, HOOD 53L, CONTACTS APPROX 20 CLIMBS, TURNS TO 9 HIGHER, LOW WIND DISTURBANCE	3/3	20				
14	G1159B	N908JK	PBI	SAF		1075	JE, GM, ET	1/1	39				
15	"	"	SAF	LAS		1076	JE	1/1	13				
15	"	"	LAS	VNY		1077	JE	1/1	7				
18	"	"	VNY	MRY		1078	JE, BOB, KET, 3 FEMALES, 1 MASC.		8				
21	"	"	MRY	SAF		1079	JE		15				
22	"	"	SAF	TEB		1080	JE, GM, ET	1/1	33				
27	"	"	TEB	DCA		1081	JE, ET, GWENDOLYN BECK	1/1	6				
27	"	"	DCA	TIST		1082	JE, GWENDOLYN BECK		32				
28	"	"	TIST	PBI		1083	JE, GM, ET, GB, GARY KERNEY	1/1	27				
MAR 4	C421	N908BM	PBI	AVO			CHRIS WAGNER RAPID COMMUNICATIONS, PSS, PILOTAGE FLIGHT PLANS, VOR NAVIGATION, RAPID	1/1	7				
4	C421	"	AVO	LEE			CHRIS WAGNER, CLASS B CIRCULAR NAV VOR RADARS, ADF BEARING	1/1	7				
4	"	"	LEE	PBI			RAPID SERVICES, ARTCC, CLASS B CLEARANCE CHRIS WAGNER - XL OVER 100NM		10				
11	"	"	PBI	AVO			CHRIS WAGNER - HOOD TCMG, PILOTAGE, RAPID	1/1	8				
11	"	"	AVO	PBI			CHRIS WAGNER - VOR NAVIGATION, CONTACTS DISPLAY OPERATIONS	1/1	8				
12	"	"	PBI	EYW			CHRIS WAGNER - RAPID PROCEDURES, PILOTAGE, TONY LUCKY + 1	1/1	11				
12	"	"	EYW	PBI			CHRIS WAGNER - VOR, NIGHT OPS 0.5 ACTUAL		10				
20	G1159B	N908JC	PBI	PBI		1084	TEST FLIGHT AFTER OPS 1	1/1	4				

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	20	27	3
Amount Forward	5989	7134	2
Total to Date	6009	7161	5
	5748		

Date 19 ⁹⁸ MAR	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ARRIVAL	
23	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1085	JE, GM, EVA ANDERSSON, CELINA JORDAN DUBBY, NANNY, 1 MALE	1/1	2	2
25	"	"	TEB	SAF		1086	JE, GM, ET		4	4
27	"	"	SAF	PBI		1087	JE, GM, DOUG SHOETLE, ET	1/0	2	9
31	C172	N51898	LNA	LNA			CHECK OUT INCESSNA TR	3/3		8
31	"	"	LNA-PBI-LNA				CHRIS WAGNER - 3 EMERGENCY LANDINGS, NIGHT REQUIREMENTS RECURRENTS TRAINING AT SDMCOM		1	3
16	C421	SEMPULATOR					EMERGENCY PROCEDURES			
17	"	"					INSTRUMENT COMPETENCY CHECK			
13 APR	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1088	JE, HEATHER MITCHELL, BABY MITCHELL 1 FEMALE, MELINDA LUNTZ	1/1	2	5
6	"	"	TEB	W47		1089	JE, 2 FEMALES (BEKBY FARMS)	1/1		7
6	"	"	W47	RIC		1090	JE, PAUL MELLON, 2 FEMALES, CAROLYN	1/1		5
6	"	"	RIC	W47		1091	JE, PAUL MELLON, 2 FEMALES	1/1		4
9	"	"	W47	TEB		1092	JE, 2 FEMALES	1/1		7
9	"	"	TEB	BEO		1093	JE, OLIVER SACHS	1/1		6
9	"	"	BEO	TEB		1094	JE, OLIVER SACHS, ROBIN			9
9	"	"	TEB	PBI		1095	JE, GM GLEN, EVA, CELINA, JORDAN, DUBBY JEFF SEHANTZ, WIFE, 2 KIDS		2	3
11	C172	N75RR	LNA-FXC-LNA			1096	CHRIS WAGNER - 1000 HRS, VOR COMPRESSOR ADREPORT, EMERGENCY PROCEDURES	2/2	1	2
16	G1159B	N908JE	MYNN	MYNN		1096	JE (MET PRINCESS SARAH FERGUSON ON THE GROUND)	1/1		6
16	"	"	MYNN	PBI		1097	JE	1/1		6

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodges

Page Total	15 14	22	6
Amount Forward	6089 5748	7161	5
Total to Date	6024 5762	7184	1

Date 19 ⁴⁸ APR	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE		
17	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	PBI		1098	CERTIFICATION FOR GPS APPROACHES	1/1	1	0	
17	C421	N908GM	PBI	X21			CHRIS WAGNER - PATSY, KRISTY, LAURIE CONTROL AIRPORT OPERATIONS	1/1		9	
17	C421	"	X21	TIX			SAME AS ABOVE	1/1		1	
17	"	"	TIX	CRG			KRISTY RODGERS, PATSY S+L, CLIMBS, DESCENTS, TURNS	1/1		6	
18	"	"	CRG	LAL			PATSY RODGERS, KRISTY S+L, CLIMBS, DESCENTS, TURNS	1/1		8	
18	"	"	LAL	PBI			CHRIS WAGNER, LAURIE, KRISTY, PATSY VOR, PLEASAGE, RADIALS, RADIAL COMM.	1/1	1	1	
19	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	CMH		1099	JE, CLAIR HAZEL, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	0	
20	"	"	CMH	LUK		1100	JE, GINGER, MANDY LANE	1/1		3	
20	"	"	LUK	TEB		1101	JE, GINGER, MANDY LANE	1/1	1	2	
24	"	"	TEB	PBI		1102	JE, GM, COCOA BROWN, ET, LINDA	1/1	2	2	
25	C172	N75RR	LNA-PBI-LNA				CHRIS WAGNER - NO FLAP APPROACH EMERGENCY PROCEDURES - CLASS C	4/4	1	0	
25	"	"	LNA	LNA			SHORT, SOFT, REJECTED TAKEOFF, EMERGENCY LANDINGS - CHRIS WAGNER	6/6		8	
26	"	"	LNA-PBI-LNA				TRAFFIC PATTERN, EMERGENCY LANDINGS, CLASS C OPERATIONS	5/5		9	
26	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1103	JE, GM, ET	1/1	2	3	
MAY	"	"	TEB	PBI		1104	JE, GM, ET, BLEN DUBIN, JORPON, CELINDA, & NANNY	1/1	2	5	
1	C172	N75RR	LNA-PBI-LNA				SHORT & SOFT, PLEASAGE, T.O. #1, EMERGENCY LANDINGS, T.O.S, CLASS C OPERATIONS	1/1	1	5	
3	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1105	JE, GM, ET, MARY, CELINDA, JORPON, NANNY, & WENDY BLOOM	1/1	2	3	
5	"	"	TEB	BCD		1106	JE, ROBBIN	1/1		6	
5	"	"	BCD	TEB		1107	JE, ROBBIN, STEVEN	1/1		7	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	40 38	22	8
Amount Forward	6024 5762	7184	1
Total to Date	6064 5800	7206	9

Date 19 <u>48</u> <u>MAY</u>	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					ASPL	PL
7	G1159B	N908JE	TEB	PBI		1108	JE, ET		2	3
9	"	"	PBI	TIST		1109	JE, ET, SHERPCE, CLARE HAZEL	1/1	2	0
11	"	"	TIST	TEB		1110	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL, CHOE KRAE	1/1	3	1
15	"	"	TEB	PBI		1111	JE, MANDY ELLISON	1/1	2	0
17	"	"	PBI	TEB		1112	JE	1/1	2	4
18	"	"	TEB	MDW		1113	GM, ET, SHANNON HEALY, ALBERTO PINTO, 1 MALE	1/1	1	6
18	"	"	MDW	SAF		1114	GM, ET, JE, SHANNON, ALBERTO, 1 MALE		2	5
20	"	"	SAF	LAX		1115	JE, GM, ET, ALBERTO PASCAL, 1 MALE	1/1	1	7
20	"	"	LAX	TEB		1116	GM, ET, ALBERTO, 1 MALE	1/1	4	5
<u>JUN</u> 4	"	"	TEB	PBI		1117	JE, MANDY ELLISON, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	2
8	"	"	PBI	TEB		1118	JE, GWENDOLYN BECK, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	5
12	"	"	TEB	TIST		1119	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL, MELANIE STARNES	1/1	3	0
15	"	"	TIST	JFK		1120	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL, MELANIE STARNES	1/1	4	3
18	"	"	JFK	PBI		1121	JE, GM, LYNN FONTANILLA GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	2	0
21	"	"	PBI	TEB		1122	JE, RALPH ELLISON, LYNN FONTANILLA GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	2	5
23	"	"	TEB	BED		1123	JE GARY ROXBURGH	1/1		7
23	"	"	BED	TEB		1124	JE, HENRY ROSOVSKY GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	1	2
26	"	"	TEB	PBI		1125	JE, GM, MELINDA LUNTZ GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	2	6
TOTAL AT BOTTOM OF PAGE										

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature

David Reddy

Page Total	15	43	7
Amount Forward	6064	7206	9
Total to Date	5809	7250	6

Date 1994 M Y	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICO
17	G-1159B	N908JK	TEB	SAF		1235	ET, RECH	1	3	3	
17	"	"	SAF	ABQ		1236	ET, RECH		2		
18	"	"	ABQ	DAL		1237	TE, ET, TIFFANY GRAMZA	1/1	1	5	
18	"	"	DAL	PBI		1238	TE, ET, TIFFANY GRAMZA		2	3	
19	R-107B	N500JA	PBI-LNA	-PBI			STRATEGIC IN + 160 AUTOROTATIONS				
20	"	"	PMP	PMP			M, V, & APPROACHES to the surface, and noise sensitive proc.				1
21	"	"	PMP	DAB			D- via shoreline				1
21	"	"	DAB	PBI			D- via 1-95				2
21	"	"	PBI	PMP			Return				1
23	G-1159B	N908JK	PBI	TEB		1239	JG, GM, ET, TIFFANY GRAMZA	1/1	2	7	
FLIGHT TIMES REPORTED TO INSURANCE COMPANY									FOR		
27	G-1159B	N908JK	TEB	PBI		1240	JG, GM, ET, GUY WOODLEY BELIC, GLEN DUBO, GVA, CILLIAN, JORDAN, MANNY DUBO, PAM	1/1	2	3	
29	"	"	PBI	TEST		1241	JG, GM, ET		2	3	
30	"	"	TEST	PBI		1242	JG, GM, ET		2	3	
31	"	"	PBI	SAF		1243	JG, GM, ET	1/1	2	8	
JUN 4	"	"	SAF	PBI		1244	JG, GM, ET, TIFFANY GRAMZA	1/1	3	7	
7	"	"	PBI	TEB		1245	JG, GM, ET, TIFFANY GRAMZA	1/1	3	2	
9	"	"	TEB	PBI		1246	JG, GM, ET, MANNY GIBSON, TIFFANY GRAMZA	1/1	2	5	
15	"	"	PBI	TEB		1247	JG, GM, TIFFANY GRAMZA, GUY WOODLEY PBI	1/1	2	5	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature

David Rodriguez

Page Total	9/7	32	1		6
Amount Forward	6207 5915	7509	9	3	59
Total to Date	6216 5922	7542	0	3	65

Date 19 ¹⁸ JUL	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIRPLANE			
5	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	OXC		126	JE	1/1	2	5		
5	"	"	OXC	TEB		1127	JE	1/1		4		
10	"	"	TEB	PBI		1128	JE, SOPHIE BIDDLE, 2 FEMALE	1/1	2	3		
12	C150	49563	JVK	JVK		4	C150 CHECK OUT DAN-CFE JUNIOR	2/2		6		
12	"	N778ME	JVK	JVK		1	JONATHAN M AND - PRE-FLIGHT CHECKLIST, ENGINE START, MIXTURE CONTROL, S/L, TURBOP	2/2	1	4		
13	"	"	"	"		2	ARRIVAL, TRAFFIC PATTERNS, CLIMBS, TURNS, MCA, FORWARD + SLOC SLIP, DESCENTS	3/3	1	1		
17	"	"	"	"			EMERGENCY LANDINGS, NORMAL TAKEOFFS	2/2		5		
16	"	"	"	"		3,4	JONATHAN M AND, VY, VA, STEEP TURNS, MCA, HAZ FORWARD SLIP, T/L, BASE ROAD PROCEDURES	4/4	1	0		
16	"	"	"	"		5	JONATHAN M AND, CLIMBING TURNS, DEPARTURE AND ENTRY OF TRAFFIC PATTERN, ALL STOPS, CRIT. ATTS.	3/3		9		
17	"	"	"	"		6	GO AROUND, T/EM, BASE ROAD PROCEDURES, T/EM, S-TURNS, TAP, MCA, ENGINE FAILURE	2/2	1	1		
17	"	N45563	JVY	BQM		7	VOR TRACKING, (STALL-POWER ON, CGE, BANK, MCA, CONTROL TOWER OPERATIONS	2/2		8		
17	"	"	BQM	JVY			ATIS, GROUND CONTROL, NORMAL TAKE-OFF + LANDINGS, RADIO PROCEDURES	4/4		8		
17	"	N778ME	JVY	JVY		8	FLIGHT AT VARIOUS AIRSPEEDS FROM CRUISE TO SLOW FLIGHT, FULL STALLS, STALLS FROM VARIOUS ATTITUDE AND POWER CONFIGURATION	5/5	1	2		
17	"	"	"	"			CROSSWIND TAKE-OFF + LANDINGS, DESCENTS USING HIGH + LOW PRAG CONFIGURATION, RTO	9/9		8		
18	"	"	JVY (LEX)	IMS		19	CHECKPOINTS, FAA FLIGHT PLAN ACTIVATION, PILOTAGE, DEAD RECKONING, ALTERNATE AIRPORT	1/1	1	4		
18	"	"	IMS	JVY		19	VX, VOR TRACKING, VOR PASSAGE, VOR RADIALS, LEVEL OFF IN DESCENT, CROSSWIND LANDING	1/1		4		
28	G1159B	SIMULATOR	IRW	IRW			RTO, STEEP TURNS, ALL STALLS, REVERSE DEPLOY NO ENGINES LANDING, T/L, SINGLE ENGINE T/L, NOB		2	1		
29	"	"	HUB	HOU			JET UPSET, (WAKE TURBULENCE) DOUBLE GO AROUND, FAILURE, SINGLE ENGINE GO AROUND, HOLDING		1	8		
30	"	"	CYS	COS			WINDSHIELD, HST-HIGH ALTITUDE OPERATIONS, CIRCUIT APPROACH, VOR, EMERGENCY DESCENT,		2	1		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Redden

PROBABLE PROBLEMS NO FLIGHT APPROACH
DME ARE,

Page Total	43/43	23	2
Amount Forward	6079 5809	7250	6
Total to Date	6122 5852	7273	8

Date 19 <u>48</u> <u>AUG.</u>	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	
3	G11S9B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1136	JE, GM, ADAM, EMMY, RON	1/1	2	5	
4	"	"	TEB	HTO		1137	JE, MELANIE STARNUS	1/1		7	
4	"	"	HTO	OQU		1138	NO PASSENGERS	1/1		5	
4	"	"	OQU	TEB		1139	JE	1/1	1	1	
5	"	"	TEB	BEO		1140	JE	1/1		8	
5	"	"	BEO	MVY		1141	JE	1/1		5	
5	"	"	MVY	TEB		1142	JE	1/1	1	0	
6	"	"	TEB	CMH		1143	JE	1/1	1	3	
6	"	"	CMH	TEB		1144	JE	1/1	1	3	
7	"	"	TEB	TVC		1145	JE, GM, ET, MCLUNDA LUNTZ			1	8
11	"	"	TVC	TEB		1146	JE, GM, ET	1/1	1	5	
13	"	"	TEB	PBI		1147	JE, GM, ET, PAULA EPSTEIN		2	4	
17	"	"	PBI	TEB		1148	JE, GM, ET	1/1	2	5	
21	"	"	TEB	SAF		1149	JE, GM, ET, ADAM PERRY LAMP	1/1	3	5	
24	"	"	SAF	ASE		1150	JE	1/1		8	
22	SCHIEFFER SF34	N4424E	OEO	OEO			T.O. + T.O.W ASSISTED, STRAIGHTS, GLIDES, TURNS, THERMALS, XCOUNTRY CROSSED				9
25	G11S9B	N908JE	ASE	VNY		1151	JE, JOE PAGANO, GWYN DOLYN BOCK	1/1	1	9	
29	"	"	VNY	PBI		1152	JE	1/1	4	9	
9-1	"	"	PBI	TEB		1153	JE, GM	1/1	2	4	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	16/14	31	7	9
Amount Forward	6122 5052	7273	8	
Total to Date	6138 5071	7305	5	9

Date 19 <u>98</u>	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	
9-4	G1159B	N908JE	TEB	TEST		1154	JE, GM, ET				
4	"	"	TEST	PBI		1155	JE, GM, ET	✓	3	7	
8	"	"	PBI	TEB		1156	JE, GM, ET, MANDY ELISE N	✓	2	5	
13	"	"	TEB	SAF		1157	JE, GM, ET, ALBERTO + LINDA PINTO	✓	2	7	
9/15	GROB 103HA	N307BG	OEB	CCL			TOW & LAND THERMALING	✓	4	0	
9/15	G103HA	N307BG	OEB	CCL			UNASSISTED T.O.C. Thermaling				3
9/15	G103HA	N307BG	OEB	CCL			UNASSISTED T.O.C. Thermaling				4
9/15	"	"	"	CCL			UNASSISTED TOW & LANDING ON CIGHT				5
9/15	"	"	"	CCL			UNASSISTED TOW & LANDING THERMALING				3
9/15	"	N307BG	"	CCL			STALLS, UNPLANNED SPALS				6
9/15	"	N307BG	"	CCL			PATTERN TOW				3
1/11	G1159B	N908JE	SAF	ASC		1158	JE, ET				
19	"	"	ASC	IAD		1159	JE, ET, LARRY SUMMERS, GUYMOND WISEL	✓	6		
19	"	"	IAD	TEB		1160	JE, ET, GWYNOLYN BECK	✓	3	0	30
25	"	"	TEB	DCA		1161	JE, LYNN FORESTER		6		6
25	"	"	DCA	IAD		1162	REPOSITION FOR CUREW	✓	7		7
25	"	"	IAD	TEB		1163	JE, LYNN FORESTER		1		1
26	"	"	TEB	PBI		1164	JE, GM		7		7
Oct 4	"	"	PBI	TEB		1165	JE, ET, LUBA, DARA	✓	2	1	

James Miles
 CFI 166035
 9/20/00

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	8/6	22	9	2	4
Amount Forward	6133	7305	5		9
Total to Date	5872	7328	4	3	3

Date 19 ⁹⁸ OCT	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...	
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER
6	G-1159B	N908JC	TEB	BED		1166	JE, RHONDA SHERER	1/1		6
6	"	"	BED	TEB		1167	JE, RHONDA SHERER + HUSBAND			7
9	"	"	TEB	DCA		1168	JE, ET, ADAM PERRY LANG	1/1		7
9	"	"	DCA	PBI		1169	JE, GM, ET, AP		2	0
12	"	"	PBI	TEB		1170	JE, GM, ET, AP	1/1	2	3
15	"	"	TEB	PBI		1171	JE, SOPHIE BIDDLE		2	1
19	"	"	PBI	TEB		1172	JE, SOPHIE BIDDLE	1/1	2	0
21	"	"	TEB	BED		1173	JE	1/1		6
21	"	"	BED	TEB		1174	JE, ALAN DERSHOWITZ	1/1		8
23	"	"	TEB	PBI		1175	JE, GM, ET, GWYNDOLYN BECK	1/1	2	3
NOV 7	"	"	PBI	TEB		1176	NO PASSENGERS	1/1	2	3
7	"	"	TEB	PBI		1177	JE		2	3
10	"	"	PBI	TEB		1178	JE	1/1	2	5
14	"	"	TEB	TIST		1179	JE, ET, CLAUDE HAZEL, FRANCOIS	1/1	3	2
15	"	"	TIST	PBI		1180	JE, GM, CLAUDE HAZEL, ET, FRANCOIS	1/1	2	4
16	"	"	PBI	CMH		1181	JE, GM, ET, CLAUDE HAZEL, FRANCOIS	1/1	2	0
16	"	"	CMH	TEB		1182	JE, GM, ET, FRANCOIS	1/1	1	1
20	"	"	TEB	TIST		1183	JE, GM, ET, AP	1/1	3	3
1	C421B	N908GM	PBI - NORTH	W - PBI				3/3	1	0

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature

David Rodriguez

Page Total	16/12	34	4		
Amount Forward	6146 5872	7323	4	3	3
Total to Date	6162 5884	7362	8	3	3

Date 19 ⁹⁴ mm	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICO
3/23	206L3	500JA	PMP-NORTHWEST	PMP			12 TAKEOFFS WITH DINGS / 9	(72)			1
3/24	206L3	500JA	PMP-SUA	2IS-PMP			SOLO CROSS COUNTRY				2
3/24	206L3	500JA	PMP-XS1	PMP			SOLO CROSS COUNTRY				1
3/25	G1159B	N908JC	TEB	PBI	1215		JG, ET, AP, EVA, COLMAN, SOLIDOW, NANNY 2 FEMALES	2	5		
3/26	206L3	500JA	PMP-LNA	PMP			SOLO LOCAL				2
3/26	206L3	500JA	PMP-PHK	PMP			P, Q	(2)			1
3/27	G1159B	N908JC	PBI	TEST	1216		JG, ET, AP, 2 FEMALES	1/1		2	8
3/27	"	"	TEST	PBI	1217		SHELLEY AND LEWIS JERRY AND KATHRYN GRANZA	1/1		2	9
3/30	"	"	PBI	TEB	1218		REPOSITION TO TEB	1/1		2	5
3/31	"	"	TEB	TEST	1219		GM ALBERTO & LINDA PINTO, PHILIPPE MUGNIER, FRANCIS VERONIA	1/1		3	5
3/31	"	"	TEST	PBI	1220		JG, GM ALBERTO LINDA, ET, AP PHILIPPE MUGNIER, FRANCIS VERONIA	1/1		2	7
4/2	"	"	PBI	ABQ	1221		JG, AP, ALBERTO LINDA, PHILIPPE, FRANCIS, IMBLE	1/1		4	0
4/4	"	"	ABQ	TEB	1222		JG, GM, CLAUDE HAZEL	1/1		3	5
4/5	206L3	500JA	PMP	PMP			SOLO LOCAL				
4/5	206L3	500JA	PMP-LA	PMP			A-I PREP FOR PVT TEST				
4/6	206L3	500JA	PMP-BCT	PMP			A-I, M, N PREP FOR PVT TEST				1
4/7	206L3	500JA	PMP	PMP			A-E, G, H, L, O, R, U, V PREP FOR PVT TEST				1
4/8	G1159B	N908JC	TEB	PBI	1223		JG, GM, AP, ENCA, KERSTON	1/1		2	3
4/10	206L-3	500JA	PMP-LNA	PBI-PMP			A-H, J, L, M, N, R, + V				

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	8/7	26	2		15
Amount Forward	6190 5901	7456	8	3	33
Total to Date	6198 5908	7483	0	3	48

Date 1919 APR	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
11	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEB		1224	JG, GM, ET, AP, CHARLES, MONICA, 2 FEMALE, INCA	1/1	3	2	
13	206L-3	500JA	PMP	PMP			PPL prep: A-D, G, H, J, M, C, W, V				
14	206L-3	500JA	PMP	PMP			SOLO LOCAL				
16	G1159B	N904JE	TEB	PBI-MVY		1225	JG, ET, ALAN DERSHOWITZ, IMALE	1/1			
16	G1159B	"	MVY	BOS		1226	JG, ET, IMALE	1/1		7	
16	"	"	BOS	PBI		1227	JG, ET	1/1		5	
20	"	"	PBI	TEST		1228	JG, GM, ET	1/1		3	1
25	"	"	TEST	TEB		1229	JG, TIFFANY GRAMZA, DANIEL HALL, ALEXIA WALLACE	1/1		2	4
27	"	"	TEB	TEST		1230	JG, SOPHIE BIDDLE, I FEMALE	1/1		4	0
2	"	"	TEST	TEB		1231	JG, SOPHIE BIDDLE, TIFFANY GRAMZA, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/0		3	4
6	"	"	TEB	PBI		1232	JG, GM, CLARE HAZEL, TIFFANY GRAMZA, INCA DOGRETIC	1/0		3	7
7	206L-3	500JA	PBE	PBE			Private Pilot Return of Helicopter Checkride "PASS" valid till 12-31-99			2	3
7	"	"	PMP-LNA-PBE				PPL PREP - A-J, M, N, R + V				
7	"	"	PBE	PMP			Return/started CPL training				1
8	"	"	PMP-LNA-PBE				H, + 1 (Right), includ. 0-speed + S-TURNS				8
8	"	"	PBE-LNA-PMP				H + 1 (Left)				1
10	G1159B	N908JE	PBE	BED		1233	JG, GM, CLARE HAZEL, TIFFANY GRAMZA, INCA DOGRETIC	1/1		2	7
10	"	"	BED	TEB		1234	GM, CLARE HAZEL, TIFFANY GRAMZA, INCA DOGRETIC				
16	206L-3	500JA	PMP	PMP			H + 1 (Left + Right 500-700)				9

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodriguez

Page Total	17	269			15
Amount Forward	6198	74830	33	481	
Total to Date	6267	75099	33	591	
	5915				

Date 1919 JUN	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER		
25	ZENITH	N282A	PBI-LNA	PBI		STALL, EMERGENCY, CRITICAL DTSITUDE RECOVERY, EMERGENCY LANDING, STEEP CLIMB	6/6	1	3				
19	G1159B	N908JC	TEB	PBI		JE, GM, ET	1/1	2	4				
27	"	"	PBI	TEB		JE, ET, SHELLEY	1/1	2	5				
29	"	"	TEB	BEO		JE	1/1		0				
29	"	"	BEO	TEB		JE		1	0				
JUL 1	"	"	TEB	PBI		JE, ET, TIFFANY GRAMZA	1/1	2	3				
2	KATANA	N6910A	FPR	FPR		CHECK OUT, STALL, STEEP TURN, EMERGENCY LANDING, PRECISION	5/5	1	0				
3	G1159B	N908JC	PBI	TEST		JE, CLAIR HAZEL, TIFFANY GRAMZA	1/1	2	6				
4	"	"	TEST	TEB		JE, CLAIR HAZEL, TIFFANY GRAMZA	1/1	3	7				
6	Bell 206 B-111	N16909	PMP-SUA	PMP		DUAL CROSS COUNTRY AT NIG BY MORE THAN 50 NM						2	2
7	"	"	PMP-X44-LNA-PMP			SOLO NIG HT						2	3
13	"	"	PMP-X44-PMP			SOLO NIG HT						2	8
16	DA 20	N125MF	HWO	HWO		Precision Keatinge SOLO (CROSS COUNTRY) + CLIMB OUT	2/2		4				
16	DA 20	"	HWO-PBI-HWO			JEFFREY EPSTEIN 1.0 TAKE-OFF TAXING, SLOW FLIGHT, RECOVERY WITH POSITIVE LANDING	3/3	3	4				
15	G1159B	N908JC	TEB	PBI				2	5				
22	"	"	PBI	SAF		JE, GM, ET	1/1	3	4				
25	"	"	SAF	VNY		JE, GM, ET, LESA	1/1	1	7				
29	"	"	VNY	OAK		JE, SHELLEY	1/1		9				
29	"	"	OAK	SAF		JE, SHELLEY	1/1	2	2				

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Redgers

Page Total	26 24	32	6			7	3
Amount Forward	6216 5922	7542	0	3	3	65	6
Total to Date	6242 5946	7574	6	3	3	72	4

Date 19__	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					FLYING	GLIDER	HCDC
JUL 29	G-1159B	N908JE	SAF	PBI		1260	JE, SHELLEY				
JUL 30	"	"	"	"							
JUL 4	"	SIMULATOR	JFK	JFK			STEER FULL, STALLS, WAKE TURBULENCE, ELECTRIC REJECTED TAKE-OFF HOLDING, 14-MINUTE TAKEOFF	3	5		
JUL 5	"	"	"	"			SINGLE ENGINE APPROACHES & GO-AROUNDS, HYDRATION, DOUBLE ENGINE FAILURE, CRABLANDING	3	8		
JUL 6	"	"	"	"			ICE, EMERGENCY DESCENT, NON-PREPARATION APPROACH, SINGLE ENGINE WORK	2	7		
JUL 7	"	N908JE	TEB	PBI		1262	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL 1 FEMALE	✓			
JUL 8	"	"	PBI	TEB		1263	JE, ET, 1 FEMALE	✓			
JUL 11	"	"	TEB	PBI		1264	JE, ET	✓			
JUL 14	"	"	PBI	MTPP		1265	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL	✓			
JUL 14	"	"	MTPP	TEST		1266	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL	✓			
JUL 18	"	"	TEST	TEB		1267	JE, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL	✓			
JUL 19	206L3	72PH	FLL	LNA			HUGE AUTO, NORMAL, SHALLOW, STEEP MAX ROL TAKE OFF, IMBALANCE, etc	2	6		
JUL 23	G-1159B	N908JC	PBI	TEST		1268	JE, ADAM, TIFANY, PAUL	✓			
JUL 26	"	"	TEST	PBI		1269	JE, ADAM, TIFANY	✓			
JUL 28	"	"	PBI	TEB		1270	JE, GM, ET	✓			
SEP 1	"	"	TEB	AGC		1271	JE, ET	✓			
SEP 1	"	"	AGC	CMH		1272	JE, ET	✓			
SEP 2	"	"	CMH	TEB		1273	JE, ET, CLARE, VICTORIA, MRS HAZEL CASSIN	✓			
SEP 2	"	"	TEB	SAF		1274	JE, ADAM, SHELLEY, TIFANY, ALBERTO ALEXANDRO PANTO	✓			
SEP 5	"	"	SAF	SAN		1275	JE, SHANNON HEALY, TIFANY, SHELLEY	✓			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: *David Rodgers*

Page Total	12/9	43	4		
Amount Forward	6242 5446	7574	6	3	72
Total to Date	6254 5458	7618	0	3	74

Date 1999	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers; Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ALPPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
5	G-1159B	N908JK	SAF	SAF	1276	JE, SHANNON HEALY	✓	1	6		
7	"	"	SAF	TEB	1277	JE, CLAIRE, VICTORIA HAZEL, ADAM	✓	3	5		
8	"	"	TEB	CMH	1278	JE, CLAIRE HAZEL	✓	1	4		
8	"	"	CMH	TEB	1279	JE, CLAIRE, MARSHALL, I MALK		1	3		
9	"	"	TEB	PBI	1280	JE, ELIZABETH		2	5		
13	"	"	PBI	TEB	1281	JE, GM, PAULA EPSTEIN, MANDY RALPH ELLISON, CLARE HAZEL	✓	2	4		
17	"	"	TEB	PBI	1282	JE, GM, PAULA EPSTEIN, ET, CLARE HAZEL		2	4		
19	C-172	N2388L	LNA	LNA		A/C OUT, SAT. TILLWALL (FBI 260025) 2/10	2/2		7		
20	G-1159B	N908JK	PBI	TEB	1283	JE, GM, CLARE, ET	✓	2	5		
22	"	"	TEB	PBI	1284	JE, ET, AP		2	6		
23	C-172	N2388L	LNA-	FXG		ED AMATO CFI RENEWAL	✓	1	1		
23	"	"	FXG	LNA		ED AMATO CFI RENEWAL	✓		5		
25	G-1159B	N908JE	PBI	TEST	1285	JE, GM, AP, SHELLY HARRISON	✓	2	5		
26	"	"	TEST	TEB	1286	JE, GM, AP, SHELLY HARRISON	✓	3	8		
27	"	"	TEB	TEST	1287	JE, SHELLY LEWIS	✓	3	5		
9	"	"	TEST	PBI	1288	JE, SHELLY LEWIS	✓	2	6		
11	"	"	PBI	SAF	1289	JE	✓	3	7		
12	"	"	SAF	TEB	1290	JE, SOPHIE BIDDLE	✓	3	5		
14	"	"	TEB	BED	1291	JE, GM, AP, AUDREY RAIMBAULT, ET	✓		7		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	16/14	428			
Amount Forward	6254 5955	7618	0	33	743
Total to Date	6270 5969	7660	8	33	743

Date 1999 OCT	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers; Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRCRAFT	GLIDER	HELICOPTER		
14	G-1159B	N908JE	BED	PBI		1292	JG, GM, ET, AP, AUREY RAIMBAULT		2	9			
16	"	"	PBI	TIST		1293	JE, GM, AUREY RAIMBAULT	1/1	2	5			
18	"	"	TIST	TEB		1294	JG, GM, AUREY, MGLENOA LUNTZ	1/1	3	6			
21	"	"	TEB	PBI		1295	JG, GM, ET	1/1	2	7			
27	"	"	PBI	TEB		1296	JG, ET, GWYNDOLYN BUCK, MR. BROWN FREYA WISSING	1/1	2	4			
29	"	"	TEB	PBI		1297	JG, GM, ET, CLARE HAZEL		2	4			
31	"	"	PBI	TEB		1298	JG, GM, ET, CLAIRE HAZEL		2	5			
NOV 5	"	"	TEB	BED		1299	JE, SHELLY ANNE LEWIS	1/1		8			
5	"	"	BED	PBI		1300	JE, SHELLY ANNE LEWIS	1/1	2	8			
9	"	"	PBI	TEB		1301	JE, ET	1/1	2	6			
11	"	"	TEB	SAF		1302	JE, AP, ALBERTO PINTO GARY ROXBURGH G-R	1/1	4	0			
11	"	"	SAF	VNY		1303	JE		1	7			
13	"	"	VNY	SAN		1304	JE		GARY ROXBURGH				
13	"	"	SAN	SAF		1305	JE		GARY ROXBURGH				
14	"	"	SAF	TEB		1306	JE, AP, ALBERTO PINTO, 1 MALE		1	6			
16	"	"	TEB	PBI		1307	JE		GARY ROXBURGH	1/1	3	6	
18	"	"	PBI	TEB		1308	JG		1/1	2	4		
19	"	"	TEB	PBI		1309	JG, MANDY ELISON, JEAN MICHELLE GATHY	1/1	2	5			
22	"	"	PBI	TIST		1310	JG, GM, ET, JEAN MICHELLE GATHY		2	2			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	9/7	46	4		
Amount Forward	6270 5969	7660	8	33	743
Total to Date	6279 5976	7707	2	33	743

Date 19 <u>99</u> <u>NOV</u>	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ADP/PLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPT
25	G-1159B	N908JE	TIST	PBI		1311	JG, GM, ET	1/	2	6	
28	"	"	PBI	TEB		1312	JG, GM, ET, AP, GLEN, EVA, CELENA, JORDAN NANNY, RALPH		2	4	
30	"	"	TEB	SAF		1313	JG, GM, ET, AP, CLARE + VICTORIA HAZEL		3	9	
DEC 3	"	"	SAF	VNY		1314	JG, GM, ET	1/1	1	8	
4	"	"	VNY	PBI		1315	JG, ET		4	6	
7	"	"	PBI	TIST		1316	JG	1/	2	3	
7	"	"	TIST	PBI		1317	RETURN FOR CMP CARDS		2	7	
2000 JAN 4	"	"	PBI	TEB		1320	JG, GM, ET, AP, EVA, CELENA, JORDAN MICHAEL WINTZ	1/1	2	4	
6	"	"	TEB	PBI		1321	JG, SOPHIE BLOODG, 1 FEMALE		2	7	
8	"	"	PBI	ABY		1322	JG	1/1	1	2	
8	"	"	ABY	PBI		1323	JG		1	1	
10	"	"	PBI	TEB		1324	JG, SOPHIE, JOEL POSHKOW	1/1	2	4	
12	"	"	TEB	TIST		1325	JG, AP, SOPHIE, SHELLY		3	3	
16	"	"	TIST	TEB		1326	JG, AP, SOPHIE, SHELLY LEWIS	1/1	4	1	
24	206L3	N72PH	PMP	PMP			HOVER AUTO'S, FULL AUTOS, STUCK PEDALS, INSTRUMENT FAILURE		7	5	1
24	206L3	"	PMP	PMP			EMERGENCY LANDING, 180 FULL AUTOS BOTH OPERATION, ENGINE FAILURE ON TAKE OFF, SLOPES				1
25	"	"	PMP	PMP			NO HYDRAULICS, STUCK PEDALS, LTE SETTLING WITH POWER, CONFUSED APPROX				1
28	G-1159-B	N908JE	TEB	PBI		1327	JG				2
31	"	"	PBI	SAF		1328	JG, GM, ET, AP, FRANKLIN GLENN CLARE HAZEL	1/1	2	6	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature Clarence Hazell

Page Total	9/7	44	2		50
Amount Forward	6279 5976	7702	2	33	743
Total to Date	6288 5983	7751	4	33	743

Date 2015 Feb	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPT
2	G1154-B	N908JK	SAF	VNY		1324	GM, ET, AP, FR, INTRUS GORGINGT CLARE INTRUS	1/1	1	0	
2	"	"	VNY	TEB		1330	GM, ET, AP, CLARE INTRUS		4	7	
3	"	"	TEB	PBE		1331	NO PASSENGERS 72 MONTHS INSPECTION CPL PAINT		2	5	
7	206L3	N72PH	PMP	PMP			REVIEWED A-G & M				1
8	206L3	N72PH	PMP-NW-PMP				COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, I, J - INCLD. UNUSUAL ATT.				15
9	206L3	N72PH	PMP-NW-PMP				COMMERCIAL PREP G, H, J, S, V, & DGE maneuvers				15
9	206L3	N72PH	PMP-NW-PMP				COMMERCIAL PREP H & I, incld. X-Wind techniques				12
11	206L3	N72PH	PMP-NW-PMP				COMMERCIAL PREP C, G, H, I & O				16
11	206L3	N72PH	PMP-NW-PMP				CPL PREP COMPLETE REVIEWED I, incld. G, H, I & O				11
14	206L3	N72PH	PMP	HST							06
14	206L3	N72PH	HST	PMP			QUICK REVIEW - G, I, N, & R				13
15	206L3	N72PH	PMP	FLL							4
15	206L3	N72PH	FLL	PMP							3
15	206L3	N72PH	PMP	FXE			Commercial Pilot, Helicopter Checkride Passes: 10/11/15 for 170-GMP-CR-10-12				8
15	206L3	N72PH	FXE	PMP							2
16	206L3	72PH	PMP-LCL-PMP				IFR / L1				13
16	206L3	72PH	PMP-LCL-PMP				IFR / L7 & 8, incld - 9	1-NDB FXE			19
22	206L3	72PH	PMP-FXE-PMP				IFR / L7, 8, & 9 MSP HOLDINGS	1-NDB FXE			17
23	EC120B	121TH	PBE	PBE			MARK MCGEE				3

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature

David Rodgers

Page Total	1	9	0	16	9
Amount Forward	5238	5483	7751	4	33
Total to Date	5238	5931	7760	4	33
	5934				96

Date 1966 FEB	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ACRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
23	206L3	N72PH	PMP-FXE	PMP			IFR/L7, 8, + 10 ONLY LANDING	1			
24	206L-3	N72PH	PMP-FXE	PMS			IFR/L6, 9, + 10	1			
25	206L-3	N72PH	PMP-FXE	PMP			IFR/L7 + 9	1			
26	206L-3	N72PH	PMP-LNA-SUA	LMP-PMP				1			
29	"	"	PMP	FMY							2
29	"	"	FMY	VRB			IFR/L6, 7, 9, 10				1
29	"	"	VRB	FXE-PMP			IFR/L6, 7, 9, 10	1			1
2	"	"	PMP-FXE	PMP			PREP IFR/L1, 3, 4, 5, 9, + 10	1			1
2	"	"	PMP-F45-LNA	PMP			PREP IFR/L2, 6, 7, 9, + 10	1			1
3	"	"	PMP	PMP			PREP IFR/L4, 6-8, 16, + 17	1			1
3	"	"	PMP	LNA			PREP IFR/L6, 8, + 12 (AUTO'S)	1			1
10	"	"	PMP	PMP			IFR REVIEW/L9 + 10	1			1
14	"	"	PMP	PMP			IFR REVIEW/L9 + 10	1			1
1	"	"	PMP-LNA-ENVERGLES	PMP			INSTRUMENT RATING AND OLD HELICOPTER CHECKS "PASSED" BY AL 17% until expiration LEFT SCAT FLYING	1			1
31	G-1159B	N908JK	PBE	PBE		1332	TEST FLIGHT	1			5
3	"	"	"	"		1333	3 NIGHT TAKE-OFF + LANDINGS, 2 VOR APPROACHES, VOR HOLDING	1			7
4	"	"	PBE	TEB		1334	REPOSITIVE	1			6
4	"	"	TEB	PBE		1335	TE, OM, ET AP, JUEL, PMS, LNU	1			4
7	"	"	PBE	TEST		1336	TE, OM, ET AP, JUEL, PMS, LNU	1			2

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature *David Ridge*

Page Total	3	3	4	16
Amount Forward	1.24	7.00	4	3 3 7.4
Total to Date	1.24	10.24	8	3 3 11.2

Date 1980 MAY	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					PLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER		
8	G-1154B	N9085K	TIST	TEB		1337	JG, GM, ET, AP JEAN LUC BRUNEL CHRISTINA ESTEROS, LETICIA MICHOU BERKHOFF	1/	3	8			
12	"	"	TEB	PBI		1338	JG, GM, ET, AP, P. S. U. C. + V. R. L. W. J. O. N. G. L. A. R. D. ALEXANDER, FEMALE	1/1	2	4			
15	"	"	PBI	TEB		1339	JG, AP, PAULA EPSTEIN, ALEXANDER	1/1	2	4			
16	"	"	TEB	TIST		1340	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	3	6			
21	"	"	TIST	TEB		1341	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	4	0			
30	"	"	TEB	MDW		1342	REPOSITION		1	9			
31	"	"	MDW	TEB		1343	JG, GM		1	7			
JUN 1	"	"	TEB	PBI		1344	JG, GM, ET, AP, 1 FEMALE		2	4			
4	"	"	PBI	TEB		1345	JG, GM, ET, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	4			
9	"	"	TEB	SAF		1346	JG, GM, 1 FEMALE	1/1	3	9			
12	"	"	SAF	VNY		1347	JG	1/1	1	7			
14	"	"	VNY	SFO		1348	JG	1/1	1	2			
14	"	"	SFO	LAS		1349	JG	1/1	1	2			
15	"	"	LAS	PHX		1350	JG	1/1	1	0			
17	"	"	PHX	PBI		1351	JG	1/1	3	9			
18	"	"	PBI	TEB		1352	JG	1/1	2	6			
25	"	"	TEB	TIST		1353	JG, GM, ET, AP, PETER MARENGO, 2 FEMALES	1/1	3	7			
25	"	"	TIST	TEB		1354	ELIZABETH JOHNSON, FREDERICK + ALEXANDER REXKAE, ANDREY BLATSE, BE PALMARD	1/1	3	7			
25	"	"	TEB	PBI		1355	REPOSITION		2	4			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodriguez

Page Total	14/12	499			
Amount Forward	6292 5986	7768	8	33	112 6
Total to Date	6306 5998	7818	7	33	112 6

Date 2015 JUN	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GENERAL	HELICOPT		
30	G-1159B	N908JC	PBI	TIST		1356	REPOSITION	1/p	2	8			
30	"	"	TIST	PBI		1357	JG, GM, CT, AP, SOPHIE BEDDLE		2	5			
JUL 3	"	"	PBI	TEB		1358	JG, CT, AP, GM, SOPHIE BEDDLE, MELINDA LUNTZ	1/	2	5			
5	"	"	TEB	LFPB		1359	JG, GM	1/	6	9			
6	"	"	LFPB	LIEO		1360	JG, GM	1/	2	0			
9	"	"	LIEO	GMMX		1361	JG, GM	1/1	2	9			
11	"	"	GMMX	GMFF		1362	JG, GM	1/1		9			
11	"	"	GMFF	LEBB		1363	JG, GM	1/1	1	9			
11	"	"	LEBB	EGGW		1364	JG, GM	1/	1	7			
12	"	"	EGGW	EGAA		1365	JG, GM	1/1	1	0			
12	"	"	EGAA	BGR		1366	JG, GM	1/	6	4			
12	"	"	BGR	TEB		1367	JG, GM		1	1			
14	"	"	TEB	PBI		1368	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	2	5			
19	"	"	PBI	TEB		1369	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	2	5			
19 AUG 20	"	"	TEB	SAF		1370	JG, GM, CT, AP, SOPHIE, JASMINE 1 MALC GARY ROXBURGH GARY ROXBURGH		4	1			
20	"	SIMULATOR	JFK	JFK			STEEPURNS, SPALLS, SLOW FLIGHT, REJECTED TAKE OFF		3	9			
3	"	"	JFK - TEB - SWF				SINGLE ENGINE APPROACHES, ELECTRICAL FAILURES, HYDRAULIC FAILURES		4	0			
4	"	"	JFK - SWF - JFK				ICING, EMERGENCY DESCENT NO/D APPROACHES, ENGINE MALFUNCTIONS		4	1			
21	"	N908JC	PBI	SAF		1378	JG, GM, CT, AP	1/	3	5			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature

David Redinger

Page Total	12	7	57	2		
Amount Forward	6306	5998	7818	7	3	3
Total to Date	6318	6005	7875	9	3	3

6
6

Date 2000 AUG	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ACRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
24	G-1159B	N908JE	SAF	VNY		1379	JE, KELLY SPAMM	✓	17		
26	"	"	VNY	TEB		1380	JE, GM, AP	✓	49		
31	"	"	TEB	PBI		1381	JE		22		
SEP 6	"	"	PBI	TEB		1382	JE	✓	25		
9	"	"	TEB	PBI		1383	JE, GM, ET, AP		23		
10	"	"	PBI	TIST		1384	JE, GM, ET, AP, CHERI KRAPE	✓	25		
12	"	"	TIST	TEB		1385	JE, GM, ET, AP, CHERI KRAPE	✓	39		
21	"	"	TEB	SAF		1386	JE, GM, AP, JOE PAGANO, 1 FEMALE		42		
25	"	"	SAF	VNY		1387	JE, KELLY SPAMM	✓	18		
26	"	"	VNY	TEB		1388	JE, TIFFANY GRAMZA	✓	48		
29	"	"	TEB	TIST		1389	JE, PETER MARINO, 1 PERSON	✓	36		
30	"	"	TIST	PBI		1390	JE, PETER MARINO, 1 FEMALE	✓	26		
OCT 3	"	"	PBI	TEB		1391	JE, GM, ET, 1 FEMALE	✓	25		
5	"	"	TEB	PBI		1392	JE, SHARLEY LEWIS	✓	24		
10	"	"	PBI	TEB		1393	JE, GM, ET	✓	25		
13	"	"	TEB	LGA		1394	JE REPOSITION FOR PARIS		5		
13	"	"	LGA	LFPB		1395	JE, VOR HOLDING	✓	71		
15	"	"	LFPB	EGBB		1396	JE, SHARLEY LEWIS	✓	13		
17	"	"	EGBB	BGR		1397	JE, SHARLEY LEWIS	✓	64		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodriguez

Page Total	13 / 10	597		
Amount Forward	6318 6005	7875 9	3 3	112 6
Total to Date	6331 6015	7935 6	3 3	112 6

Date 19 2000	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPT		
OCT 17	G-1159B	N908JE	BGR	LGA		1388	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS	✓	1	3			
21	"	"	PBI	MIA		1400	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM GARY ROXBURGH			6			
21	"	"	MIA	TIST		1401	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM RICARDO LEGORRETTA GARY ROXBURGH		2	3			
23	"	"	TIST	EWR		1402	JE, GM, ET GARY ROXBURGH	✓	3	9			
25	"	"	EWR	EGGW		1403	JE, GM, ET	✓	6	4			
28	"	"	EGGW	BGR		1404	JE, GM, ET NORTHERN LIGHTS		7	1			
29	"	"	BGR	PBI		1405	JE, GM, ET		3	0			
30	"	"	PBI	TCB		1406	JE, GM, ET	✓	2	7			
31	"	"	TCB	PBI		1407	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS		1	9			
NOV 5	"	"	PBI	TIST		1408	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS, JESSICA	✓	2	4			
7	"	"	TIST	TCB		1409	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS, JESSICA BARBER	✓	4	4			
9	"	"	TCB	PBI		1410	JE, ET	✓	2	4			
12	"	"	PBI	CMH		1411	JE,	✓	2	2			
12	"	"	CMH	PBI		1412	JE	✓	2	3			
15	"	"	PBI	SAF		1413	JE, GM, ET		4	2			
16	"	"	SAF	VNY		1414	JE, GM, ET	✓	1	9			
17	"	"	VNY	SAN		1415	GM, ET	✓	7				
17	"	"	SAN	PBI		1416	JE, GM, ET		4	0			
19	"	"	PBI	BED		1417	JE, GM, ET	✓	2	6			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodriguez

Page Total	11/9	563				
Amount Forward	6331 6015	7935	6	3	3	112 6
Total to Date	6342 6024	7991	9	3	3	112 6

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
NOV 19	G-1159B	N908JE	BCD	TEB		1418	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS				
22	"	"	TEB	DCA		1419	JE, AP, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	1	0	
22	"	"	DCA	PBI		1420	JE, AP, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	2	2	
28	"	"	PBI	TIST		1421	JE, GM		2	4	
30	"	"	TIST	PBI		1422	JE, GM	1/1	2	7	
DEC 1	"	"	PBI	DFW		1423	JE, GM	1/1	2	7	
1	"	"	DFW	ABQ		1424	JE, GM, RICARDO LEGORRETTA	1/1	1	8	
2	"	"	ABQ	SAF		1425	REPOSITION	1/1		5	
2	"	"	SAF	TEB		1426	JE, GM		3	5	
5	"	"	TEB	LFPB		1427	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM	1/1	6	8	
6	"	"	LFPB	EGGW		1428	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM		1	0	
7	"	"	EGGW	EGYM		1429	JE, GM, KELLY SPAMM, TOM PRITZKER 1 FEMALE (MARTIN AIR FORCE BASE)			5	
7	"	"	EGYM	EGSH		1430	REPOSITION (SANDRINGHAM NORWICH, ENGLAND)			4	
9	"	"	EGSH	CYQX		1431	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM (FIELDWORK SHOW ON RUNWAY)		5	0	
9	"	"	CYQX	PBI		1432	JE, GM, ET, KELLY SPAMM		4	7	
11	"	"	PBI	TEB		1433	JE, GM, ET, VIRGINIA	1/1	2	6	
14	"	"	TEB	TIST		1434	JE, GM, AP, VIRGINIA	1/1	3	5	
14	"	"	TIST	PBI		1435	REPOSITION FOR OPS 2 +TKAS		2	4	
JAN 13	"	"	PBI	PBI		1436	TKAS CERTIFICATION	1/1		7	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	9/10	455			
Amount Forward	6342 6024	79919	33	112	6
Total to Date	6351 6034	80374	33	112	6

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
2001											
JAN 16	G-1159B	N908JE	PBI	LCQ		1437	JG, GM, ET	1/1		8	
16	"	"	LCQ	TEB		1438	JG, GM, ET	1/1	2	1	
17	"	"	TEB	PBI		1439	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS		2	4	
22	"	"	PBI	TEB		1440	JG, GM, ET, AP	1/1	2	5	
23	"	"	TEB	LFPB		1441	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	6	7	
25	"	"	LFPB	CYQX		1442	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	5	9	
25	"	"	CYQX	TEB		1443	JG, SHELLEY LEWIS		2	7	
26	"	"	TEB	PBI		1444	JG, GM, ET, VIRGINIA ROBERTS		2	4	
18	C172	N1446V	PBI ^{LMA}	PBI ^{LMA}			C172 VOUT PETE SCRENSON	2/2		4	
18	"	"	LMA	LCQ			B727 CLOSING N505LS	1/1	2	4	
19	"	"	LCQ	MCO			JONATHAN MAND - INSTRUMENT COMPETENCY CHECK - SATISFACTORY		2	0	
19	"	"	MCO	LMA					1	9	
29	G1159B	N908JE	PBI	TIST		1445	JG, GM, ET, VIRGINIA ROBERTS	1/1	2	4	
30	"	"	TIST	PBI		1446	JG, GM, ET, VIRGINIA ROBERTS	1/1	2	6	
FEB 3	C-421B	N908GM	SAF	DFW			JONATHAN MAND - FAR 61.31(G) SATISFACTORY QUALIFICATION FL270	1/1	3	0	
17	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MEM	MEM			STABS, STEEP TURNS, ENGINE START, TURNS, CLIMBS, DESCENTS, V1 ENGINE FAILURE, WHEEL APU FIRE, RTC, ENGINE FIRE, ONE & TWO ENGINE APPROACH, FLAP ASYMMETRY, NON RAMP APPROACH			3	0
18	"	"	"	"			PUSH BACK, DITCH ROLL, EMERGENCY DESCENT			3	0
19	"	"	DFW	MEM			CIRCLING APPROACH, MANUAL REVERSE			3	2
20	"	"	MEM	MEM			FORCED STABILIZER SINGLE ENGINE LOSS, 2 ENGINE GO AROUND, SCIN, STEEP TURNS, HOLDING			3	5

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Redgen

Page Total	10/9	52	4			
Amount Forward	6351 6034	8037	4	33	112	6
Total to Date	6361 6643	8089	8	33	112	6

Date +9=	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ASPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
21	B-727-200	SPAN 800	DFW	DFW			RUNWAY STABILIZER, MANUAL GEAR EXTENSION FUEL DUMPING, RTO BRAKE COLLISION, DATES/ISSUES				
22	"	SIMULATOR	MGM	MEM			SLEEP TURNS, STALLS, SINGLE ENGINE GO AROUND, 1 & 2 ENGINE APPROACHES, RTO START MALFUNCTION	2	5		
23	"	"	"	"			B727 CHECK RIDE	2	5		
23	C-421B	N908GM	DFW	ADS			JONATHAN MAND - HIGH DENSITY AIRPORTS OPERATIONS	1/1		6	
23	"	"	ADS	PNS			JONATHAN MAND - SID, ICING OPERATIONS, FUEL MANAGEMENT, PERFORMANCE CHARTS	1/1	3	2	
23	"	"	PNS	PBE			JONATHAN MAND - LOST COMMUNICATIONS PROCEDURES, WEIGHT & BALANCE		3	1	
3	"	"	PBE	LCQ			KRISTY ROGERS - CLIMBS, DESCENTS, STRAIGHT & LEVEL FLIGHTS		1	9	
3	"	"	LCQ	LAL			KRISTY ROGERS - TURNS, STRAIGHT LEVEL		1	3	
3	"	"	LAL	PBE			KRISTY ROGERS - DESCENTS, SL		1	1	
5	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	CYJT	1464		JE, GM, ET, VERGENIA ROBERTS CARRY		3	8	
6	"	"	CYJT	LFPB	1465		JE, GM, ET, VR		5	3	
8	"	"	LFPB	LEGR	1466		JE, GM, ET, VR, ALBERTO + LINDA PENDO LEGARUS, RECORDS LEGARUS	1/1	2	5	
8	"	"	LEGR	GMTT	1467		JE, GM, ET, VR, ALBERTO + LINDA PENDO LEGARUS	1/1		8	
9	"	"	GMTT	EGGW	1468		JE, GM, ET, VR	1/1	2	8	
11	"	"	EGGW	BGR	1469		JE, GM, ET, VR		6	6	
11	"	"	BGR	TEB	1470		JE, GM, ET, VR		1	2	
14	C-421B	N908GM	PBE	FLL			LARRY MORRISON - TAKEOFF, SL, CLIMBS, DESCENTS, TURNS	1/1		6	
14	"	"	FLL	PBE			LARRY MORRISON - CLIMBS & DESCENTS TURNS, SL	1/1		8	
15	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	ISP	1471		JE, GM, AP, ALBERTO WALLAGAS, BRANDY KOLICK/ROLV	1/1		6	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rediger

Page Total	8/7	43	6		
Amount Forward	6361 6043	8089	8	33	112
Total to Date	6369 6050	8133	4	3	112

Date To 2001	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPT		
MAR 15	G-1159B	N909JC	ISP	LCQ		1472	JG, GM, AP, ALEXIA WALLGERT, RGR BANU KUCUKKOYLU	1/1	2	6			
15	"	"	LCQ	PBI		1473	JG, GM, AP, AW, BK	1/1		9			
16	"	"	PBI	MLA		1474	JG, GM, AP, AW, BK, CHERRY LYNDY RGR	1/1		7			
16	"	"	MFA	TJST		1475	JG, GM, AP, AV, BK, CL, ED TUTTLE RGR	1/1	2	3			
19	"	"	TJST	LGA		1476	JG, GM, AP, AW, BK, CL, ED TUTTLE RGR	1/1	3	8			
22	"	"	LGA	PBI		1477	JG, GM, AP, JG PAGANO, EVA, CELINA, RGR JORDAN, ROBIN, MYA RUBEN & MANNY AW K. ESTY RODGERS - SCL, TURNS	1/1	2	4			
23	C-424B	N908GM	PBE	OPF			KRISTY RODGERS - SCL, TURNS	1/1	6				
23	"	"	OPF	FLL			JONATHAN MAND - ILS - PBI	1/1	4				
23	"	"	FLL	PBE			JONATHAN MAND - IFR CROSS COUNTRY STAR, CROSSING AIRSPEEDS	1/1	1	0			
24	"	"	PBE	ISM			JONATHAN MAND - IFR CROSS COUNTRY ATC MISCOMMUNICATIONS	1/1	1	1			
24	"	"	ISM	PBE		1478	JG, GM, STVR, 2 FGMAUGS, BANU RGR KUCUKKOYLU	1/1	2	5			
27	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	TGB		1479	JG, GM, AP, UR, BK, MARVEN MENSKY HENRY JARCEK		4	1			
29	"	"	TGB	SAF		1480	JG, GM, AP, UR, NARDA BJORLIN, HENRY JARCEK, MARVEN MENSKY	1/1	3	3			
31	"	"	SAF	PBE		1481	JG, GM, AP	1/1	1	0			
APR 1	"	"	PBE	LCQ		1482	JG, GM, AP		2	1			
1	"	"	LCQ	TGB		1483	JG, HEATHER MANN, LYDIA	1/1		9			
3	"	"	TGB	GAI		1484	JG, HEATHER MANN, LYDIA			8			
3	"	"	GAI	TGB		1485	JG, RHONDA	1/1	8				
4	"	"	TGB	BGP						8			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Reddy

Page Total	15/12	51	9				
Amount Forward	6369 6650	8133	4	3	3	112	1
Total to Date	6384 6062	8165	3	3	3	112	6

Date 19 2001	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
APR 4	G-1159B	N909JG	BEO	TEB		1486	JG				
5	"	"	TEB	PBI		1487	JG, ET, BK			9	
6	C-421B	N908GM	PBI	FLL			LARRY MORRISON - TAXE S+L, CLEMB TURNS, DESCENTS, LANDING	1/1	2	3	
6	"	"	FLL	PBI			LARRY MORRISON - TAKE OFF & LANDING TAXE, CHECK LIST, CLEMB, TURNS, DESCENTS	1/1		7	
9	G-1159B	N909JG	PBI	ACY		1488	JG, ET, VR, BK, JOANN	1/1		6	
9	"	"	ACY	TEB		1489	JG, ET, VR, BK, JOANN	1/1	2	4	
11	"	"	TEB	TEST		1490	JG, GM, AP, BK, VR, JOANN	1/1		7	
16	"	"	TEST	PBI		1491	JG, GM, AP, VR, BK, GWENDOLYN BECK	1/1	3	5	
17	"	"	PBI	TEB		1492	JG, GM, ET, AP, BK, GB, JESSE PRASHKOW, MICHELLE, KALLI, JEMALC	1/1	2	7	
20	"	"	TEB	PBI		1493	JG, GM, ET, BK	1/1	2	5	
23	"	"	PBI	GRL		1494	JG, GM, ET, KYLE	1/1	2	3	
23	"	"	GRL	TEB		1495	JG, GM, ET, KYLE, HENRY BRAGGKE, STAY	1/1		8	
27	"	"	TEB	SAF		1496	JG, BK	1/1	2	2	
29	"	"	SAF	VNY		1497	JG, BK, KELLY BOJANA	1/1	3	9	
MAY 2	"	"	VNY	SAN		1498	JG	1/1	1	7	
2	"	"	SAN	LIT		1499	JG	1/1		7	
3	"	"	LIT	ADS		1500	JG	1/1	3	0	
3	"	"	ADS	SAT		1501	JG, VERGINA ROBERTS	1/1		9	
5	"	"	SAT	PBF		1502	JG, VR	1/1		9	
							GARY ROXBOROUGH	1/1	2	4	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodriguez

Page Total	14/11	35	1			
Amount Forward	6384 6062	8165	3	3	3	112 6
Total to Date	6298 6073	8200	4	3	3	112 6

Date 2015	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
7	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	CHO		1503	JE, GM, ET, INEA DOERRIG	1/1	2	0	
7	"	"	CHO	TEB		1504	JE, GM, ET, INEA DOERRIG				
10	C421B	N908GA	PBE	MCN			JONATHAN MAND - CROSS COUNTRY IER, LARRY MORRISON, PATSY, KRISTY	1/1	2	6	
10	"	"	MCN	27K			JONATHAN MAND - IFR CROSS COUNTRY LARRY MORRISON, PATSY, KRISTY	1/1	2	1	
10	"	"	27K	OSU			JONATHAN MAND - IER XC LARRY MORRISON	1/1	1	2	
10	"	"	OSU	JUY			JONATHAN MAND - GPS OPERATIONS		1	2	
11	"	"	JUY	27K			NO PASSENGERS	1/1			
12	"	"	27K	IMS			NO PASSENGERS	1/1		7	
13	"	"	IMS	GNV			RYAN COOMER - CLEMSTONS, DESCENTS, TD, FL PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA	1/1		7	
13	"	"	GNV	PBE			RYAN COOMER - RADIO COMMUNICATIONS, CALVE PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA	1/1	3	0	
14	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	TEB		1506	JE, GM, ET, BK, VR 1 FEMALE	1/1/1	3	8	
20	C-421B	N908GM	PBE	ISM			PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA KRISTY - COLLISION, MP, PROPS, MATURE	1/1	1	1	
20	"	"	ISM	PBE			PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA	1/1	1	1	
24	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	PBE		1507	JE, GM, ET, AP, FEMALE	1/1	2	6	
25	C-421B	N908GM	PBE	LAL			PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA	1/1	1	3	
26	"	"	LAL	MCN			PATSY, KRISTY, ALYSSA COMMUNICATIONS TEMPORARY LOGS RATE, TAXI	1/1	1	8	
27	"	"	MCN	ISM			PATSY, KRISTY	1/1	1	8	
28	"	"	ISM	PBE			PATSY, KRISTY - GPS OPERATIONS PERFORMANCE - CRUISE STAR	1/1	1	1	
28	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	TEB		1508	JE, GM, ET, AP, JUEL PAST, CON, 1 MISC 2 FEMALE	1/1	2	5	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David R. Coomer

FLIGHT TRACK

Page Total	16				
Amount Forward	6398	8200	4	33	112 6
Total to Date	6414	8233	9	33	112 6

Date 19 2001	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER		
4-2 JUN	B727-31	N505LS	LCQ	PBI			REPOSITION COREE WALLERIE	# /	1	0			
6-1	G-1159B	N909JC	TEB	PBI		1509	JG, GM, ST, AP, BANU KUCUK KOYLU	✓ /	2	6			
3	"	"	PBI	TJST		1510	JG, VIRGINIA ROBERTS, BANU KUCUK KOYLU	✓	2	4			
5	"	"	TJST	TEB		1511	JG, VR, BK	✓ /	3	8			
8	"	"	TEB	CYUL		1512	JG, GM, NAOME CAMPBELL, REBELLA WIDJIT, ANBUK, LAVALLEE, ANNA MOLOVA, DAVIDO	✓ /	1	1			
12	"	"	CYUL	TEB		1513	REPOSITION (APU BLEED AIR DUCT)	✓ /	1	1			
12	"	"	TEB	PBI		1514	JG	✓ /	2	3			
13	"	"	PBI	TEB		1515	JG, CAROL	✓ /	2	4			
15	"	"	TEB	PBI		1516	JG, GM, SHERIDAN, CAROLYN, 1 FEMALE		2	3			
18	"	"	PBI	TEB		1517	JG, GM, 1 FEMALE	✓ /	2	5			
22	"	"	TEB	LFPO		1518	JEFFREY, GM, CRISTALLA WASCHIG, EKATERINA GRINGVA	✓ /	7	0			
23	"	"	LFPO	LFMN		1519	JG, GM, 1 FEMALE	✓ /	1	2			
25	"	"	LFMN	LIML		1520	JG, GM, 1 FEMALE	✓ /		7			
26	"	"	LFML	LFPB		1521	JG, GM	✓ /	1	4			
28	"	"	LFPB	LPAZ		1522	JG, GM, ET, ED TUTTLE	✓ /	3	9			
28	"	"	LPAZ	TJST		1523	JG, GM, ET, ED TUTTLE		6	0			
JUL 4	"	"	TJST	PBI		1524	JG, AP, VR, 1 FEMALE	✓ /	2	5			
8	"	"	PBI	TEB		1525	JG, GM, ET, AP, VR, SHERIDAN GIBSON BUTZ, 1 FEMALE GARY REBER	✓ /	2	7			
11	"	"	TEB	CPS		1526	JG, GM, ET, VR CAROL ROXBURG H		2	3			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	16 / 14	49	2			
Amount Forward	6414 6088	8233	9	3	3	112 6
Total to Date	6430 6102	8283	1	3	3	112 6

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
19 2001											
JUL 16	G-1159B	N909JE	CPS	SAF		1527	REPOSITION. PILOT STATIC LEAK				
16	"	"	SAF	TEB		1528	JE, ET, GM, VR GARY ROBERTS GARY ROBERTS	1/1	2	2	
23	"	"	PBE	TJST		1529	JE, STEVEY LEWIS	1/1	3	5	
28	"	"	TJST	PBE		1531	JE, VIRGINIA ROBERTS	1/1	2	5	
29	"	"	PBE	ISP		1532	JE	1/1	2	6	
29	"	"	ISP	TEB		1533	JE	1/1	2	5	
AVG 2	"	"	TEB	PBE		1534	JE, GM, ET, 1 FEMALE	1/1		7	
3	B-727-31	N908JE	JAX	PBE			MEX DONOVAN CAN NIGHTS SECT	1/1	2	4	
4	B-727-100	PANAM SP-WASOR	MDA	MFA			NIGHT CURRENCY	4/4	1	4	
5	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	TEB		1535	JE, GM, AP, ET, TAYLOR	1/1	1	0	
5	"	"	TEB	PBE		1536	NO PASSENGERS	1/1	2	6	
7	B-727-31	N908JE	PBE	LGA		1			2	3	
7	"	"	LGA	ABQ		2	JE, GM, ET, AP, 2 FEMALES MEX DONOVAN	1/1	2	6	
14	C-421B	N908GM	PBE	JAN			JONATHAN MAND - INSTRUMENT COMPETENCY CHECK SATISFACTORY	1/1	4	0	
14	"	"	JAN	AMA			JONATHAN MAND - LDA WITH GS XS KNOT XWIND LANDING	1/1	3	9	
14	"	"	AMA	BCQ			JONATHAN MAND -	1/1	3	6	
15	"	"	BEQ	ABQ			JONATHAN MAND - HIGH DENSITY GLIDE JUDGE OPERATIONS	1/1	1	7	
15	"	"	ABQ	ZURRO			JONATHAN MAND - SHORT FIELD PARPORT OPERATIONS	1/1		5	
16	B-727-31	N908JE	ABQ	PBE		6	JE, GM, ET, AP, FLEET, JONATHAN MAND	1/1	7		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Redger

Page Total	20/17	44	5			
Amount Forward	6430 6162	8283	1	3	3	112 6
Total to Date	6450 6119	8327	6	3	3	112 6

Date 19 2007	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER		
AUG 19	B-727-31	N908JC	PBE	HPN		7	JE, GM, ET, AP FLEUR PERROTIN GZL, GURLY, ROGER	✓	2	5			
24	"	"	HPN	PBE		8	JE, GM, BANUKROKROYL	✓	2	4			
27	"	"	PBE	HPN		9	JE, GM, BK	✓	2	6			
29	"	"	HPN	TIST		10	JE, GM, ET, AP, BK	✓	3	7			
30	G-1157B	N908JC	PBE	PBE			3 FLG APPROACHES SACRE PLOU LADLY V BASSILE	3/3	3	6			
SEP 3	B-727-31	N908JC	TIST	HPN		11	JE, GM, ET, AP, BK ALEXANDRE PEXON, SARAH KELLON	✓	3	7			
6	"	"	HPN	PBE		12	JE, GM, ET, BK, 1 FEMALE	✓	2	4			
9	"	"	PBE	HPN		13	JE, GM, ET, BK	✓	2	7			
15	"	"	HPN	PBE		14	JE, GM, ET, KAREN CASEY, LISA	✓	2	6			
JUN 19	C-172	N1446V	LNA	LNA			AL PERROCA - TAXI, TAXI OFF, TURN, CLIMB, DESCENT	4/4	4	9			
SEP 19	B-727-31	N908JC	PBE	HPN		15	JE, GM, ET	✓	2	7			
21	"	"	HPN	CYQX		16	JE, GM, ET	✓	2	2			
22	"	"	CYQX	LFPB		17	JE, GM, ET	✓	4	9			
25	"	"	LFPB	CYQX		18	JE, ET, ED TUTTLE	✓	5	5			
25	"	"	CYQX	HPN		19	JE, ET, ED TUTTLE	✓	3	0			
28	"	"	HPN	PBE		20	JE, ET, PAULA EPSTEIN	✓	2	7			
OCT 5	"	"	PBE	ABQ		21	JE, GM, SARAH KELLON	✓	4	0			
8	"	"	ABQ	HPN		22	JE, GM, SK, 2 FEMALES	✓	3	7			
8	"	"	HPN	JAX		23	NO PASSENGERS	✓	2	2			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	17/14	55	0		
Amount Forward	6450 6119	8327	6	33	112
Total to Date	6467 6133	8382	6	33	112

Date 19__ 2008	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...					
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER			
Oct 15	C172R	N385SP	LNA	LNA			3/3		5					
15	"	N395SP	LNA-BCT	LNA		LARRY MORRISON - BFR SATISFACTORY STALLS, MCA, STEEP TURNS, EMERGENCY LANDING	4/4	1	3					
9	B-721-31	N908JK	JAX	LCQ		24 NO PASSENGERS	1/1		5					
10	G-1159B	N909JK	PBI	TEB		1538 NO PASSENGERS	0/0	2	5					
11	"	"	TEB	PBI		1539 JE, SARAH KELLEN		2	3					
15	"	"	PBI	TEB		1540 JE, GM, SK, LARRY, STEVE, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	4					
17	"	"	TEB	BED		1541 JE, BONNIE	1/1		8					
17	"	"	BED	TEB		1542 JE, BONNIE		1	0					
18	"	"	TEB	TEST		1543 JE, GM, AP, SK, 2 FEMALES		3	5					
23	"	"	TEST	TEB		1544 JE, GM, AP, SK, SHERIDAN GIBSON, ALEXIA WARDLE	1/1	4	0					
26	"	"	TEB	PBI		1545 JE, ET, SK, SHERIDAN GIBSON, 2 FEMALES MOKE GIMP + SHERIDAN		2	6					
30	"	"	PBI	LCQ		1546 JE, SARAH KELLEN, JULIE	1/1	1	0					
30	"	"	LCQ	TEB		1547 JE, SK, JULIE	1/1	2	0					
NOV 3	"	"	TEB	SAF		1548 JE, GM, SK	1/1	4	0					
5	"	"	SAF	ASC		1549 JE, GM, SK	1/1		8					
5	"	"	ASC	PBI		1550 JE, GM, SK	1/1	3	7					
6	"	"	PBI	CMH		1551 JE, SK BELLA WYNGER'S FUNERAL	1/1	2	4					
6	"	"	CMH	TEB		1552 JE, SK		1	4					
9	"	"	TEB	LCQ		1553 JE, AP, SK, JULIE	1/1	2	2					
I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.								18						
Pilot's Signature: <u>David Redinger</u>								16	38	9				
								6467						
								6133	8382	6	3	3	112	6
								6485						
								6149	8421	5	3	3	112	6
Total to Date														

Date 1999 Nov	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AERPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
4	C-421B	N908GM	ZORRO	SAF							
4	"	"	SAF	ZORRO		TATEANNA, 2 MEN (STALAN PARENTS)	✓		5		
4	"	"	ZORRO	ZORRO		TATEANNA, 2 MEN (STALAN PARENTS)	✓		5		
4	"	"	ZORRO	ZORRO		HARRY VESKE TAKING PICTURES OF JES & LV HOUSE	✓		5		
30 DEC	B-727-31	N908JC	HPN	PBE		33 JES, SK, GB, JP, KC	✓		2	5	
4	"	"	PBE	ISP		34 JES, SK	✓		2	5	
8	"	"	ISP	PBE		35 JES, AP	✓		2	7	
9	"	"	PBE	TEST		36 JES, GM, AP, 1 FEMALE	✓		2	2	
13	"	"	TEST	HPN		37 JES, GM, SK, AP, GT, CU, CD	✓		4	0	
15	"	"	HPN	CMH		38 JES, SL, 2 FEMALES, 2 MALES	✓		1	5	
16	"	"	CMH	PBE		39 JES			2	1	
17	"	"	PBE	TEST		40 JES, GM, SK, 1 FEMALE	✓		2	6	
26	"	"	TEST	TLPL		41 JES, GM, SK, AP, FLEUR PERRYLANE BOB BRESLIN	✓		1	1	
26	"	"	TLPL	PBE		42 JES, GM, SK, AP, FLEUR PERRYLANE BOB BRESLIN	P/O		3	6	
30	"	"	PBE	TEST		43 JES, GM, AP, SK, 1 FEMALE			2	4	
2001 JAN 6	"	"	TEST	EWR		44 JES, GM, SK, AP, ALEXIA WALLACE, GINNY LOPEZ	✓		4	1	
11	"	"	EWR	PBE		45 JES, GM, ROGER, WARREN, MARGARET, 1 FEMALE	✓		2	0	
13	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	MBPV		1557 JES, GM	✓		1	5	
13	"	"	MPPV	PBE		1558 JES, GM	✓		1	7	
14	B-727-31	N908JE	PBE	LGA		46 JES, GM	✓		2	2	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Redafer

Page Total	157	408		
Amount Forward	6492 6155	8450	1	33 112
Total to Date	6507 6162	8490	9	33 112

EXHIBIT 2

PART 2

Date 2008	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					PLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
9	G-1159B	N909JE	LCQ	PBJ		1554	JE, AP, SK, JULIE	1/1	1	0	
12	"	"	PBI	TEB		1555	JE, GM, AP, JOEL PASZKOW, JULIE SHAY	1/1	2	5	
15	"	"	TEB	PBI		1556	JE, GM, SARAH KELLY, MCLINDA LINDSEY, 1 FEMALE	2/5	2	5	
17	B-727-31	N908JE	LCQ	PBI		25	REGISTRATION FROM PAENT (TEMCO)	1/1	0	9	
18	"	"	PBI	CYQX		26	JE, GM, SK	1/1	4	3	
18	"	"	CYQX	LFPB		27	JE, GM, SK	1/1	4	9	
23	"	"	LFPB	LIML		28	JE, GM, SK	1/1	1	2	
23	"	"	LIML	LIPR		29	JE, EDUARDO	1/1	8		
23	"	"	LIPR	LIML		30	JE, EDUARDO	1/1	9		
24	"	"	LIML	EGGW		31	JE, GM, SK		1	7	
26	"	"	EGGW	HPN		32	JE, GM, SK		7	9	
30	"	"	HPN	PBI		33	JE, SK, GWEN MOLIN BECK, JOEL PASZKOW, KAREN CASBY	1/1	2	5	
DEC 4th	"	"	PBI	ISP		34	JE, SK	1/1	2	5	
8	"	"	ISP	PBI		35	JE, AP	1/1	2	7	
9	"	"	PBI	TEST		36	JE, GM, AP, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	2	
13	"	"	TEST	HPN		37	JE, GM, SK, AP, LEON TINTAY, KRISTALL WASCHE, CHAUN PALMANN	1/1	4	0	
15	"	"	HPN	CMH		38	JE, STELLY LEWIS, 2 FEMALES, 1 MALL	1/1	1	5	
15	"	"	CMH	PBI		39	JE	1/1	2	1	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	7/6	226			
Amount Forward	6485 6149	84215	3	3	112
Total to Date	6492 6155	84501	3	3	112

Plaintiff's Exhibit
 Composite
 Rogers
 BROWN GALLO

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ABRADING	GLIDER	HGLD.

2002 JAN 6	"	"	TEST	EWR	44	JE, GM, SK, AP, ALEXIA WALLACE, CINDY LOPEZ	1	4	1			
11	"	"	EWR	PBE	45	JE, GM, ROGER, WAREM, MARGARET, KEMAL	1/1	2	6			
13	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	MBPV	1557	JE, GM	1/1	1	5			
13	"	"	MPPV	PBE	1558	JE, GM		1	7			
14	B-727-31	N908JE	PBE	LGA	46	JE, GM	1	2	2			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Redafer

Page Total	157	40	8		
Amount Forward	6492 6155	8450	1	3	3 112 6
Total to Date	6507 6162	8490	9	3	3 112 6

Aircraft Class		HELICOPTER CATEGORY	Conditions of Flight					Number of Instrument Approaches	Link or Flight Simulator	As Flight Instructor	Type of Piloting Time			Total Duration of Flight			
L	MEL		XC	NL	Night	Actual Instrument	Aircraft (Hooded)				Dual Received	Pilot-in-Command	Second-in-Command				
		5	5									5		5			
		5	5									5		5			
		5	5									5		5			
		25	25	/	1	18	6					25		25			
		25	25	/	1	10							25	25			
		27	27	/	1	17	5					27		27			
		22	22	/	1	15							22	22			
		40	40	/	1	18	1					40		40			
		15	15	/	1	5							15	15			
		21	21	/	1	19							21	21			
		26	26									26		26			
		11	11									11		11			
		36	36	/	1	36						36		36			
		24	24	/	1		6					24		24			
		41	41	/	1	20	7	Holdover					41	41			
		26	26									26		26			
		15	15										15	15			
		17	17	/	1	17							17	17			
		22	22	/	1	15							22	22			
		408	408	/	12	190	25					230	178	408			
21746	62755	327	69454	12685	20717	6190	990	1452	211	S	1485	1	266	475269	7727	8566	0
21746	63163	327	69857	12722	20910	7621	5990	1452	211	S	1485	1	266	475499	7905	8606	8

Date 19 2002	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					PLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
JAN 15	B-727-31	N908JE	LGA	BED		47	JE	1/1	7		
15	"	"	BED	HPN		48	JE, JESSICA		8		
17	"	"	HPN	TEST		49	JE, GM, SK, AP, CINDY LOPEZ, JOANNE, 1 FEMALE		3	4	
20	"	"	TEST	PBI		50	JE, GM, SK, AP, CINDY LOPEZ, JOANNE, MARS & RUBY, ALEXANDER, STACY, TUCKERSON, JH	1/1	2	6	
22	"	"	PBI	HPN		51	JE, GM, SK, AP, CINDY LOPEZ, JOANNE	1/1	2	5	
25	"	"	HPN	PBI		52	JE, GM, SK, AP, ALBERTO PINTO, YVES, PEEK, ARDT, STEVE, SHERIDAN, 3 FEMALE		2	7	
27	"	"	PBI	TEST		53	JE, GM, AP, SK, ED TUTTLE, 1 MALE, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	4	
FEB 30	"	"	TEST	JFK		54	JE, GM, SK, AP, ED TUTTLE, CINDY LOPEZ	1/1	3	7	
5	"	"	JFK	PBI		55	JE, GM, SK, AP, 1 MALE, 1 FEMALE	1/1	2	8	
9	"	"	PBI	MEA		56	JE, SK, AP				
9	"	"	MEA	HPN		57	BILL CLINTON, 4 SECRET SERVICE, 2 MALES, 1 FEMALE, JE, GM, SK, AP		2	6	
10	"	"	HPN	LFPB		58	JE, GM, SK, AP, FLEUR PERRYLANE, MARK LLOYD	1/1	6	5	
13	"	"	LFPB	ESSA		59	JE, SK	1/1	2	2	
14	"	"	ESSA	LFML		60	JE, SK	1/1	2	4	
15	"	"	LFML	EGGW		61	JE, SK		1	8	
15	"	"	EGGW	BGR		62	JE, GM, SK		7	2	
16	"	"	BGR	PBI		63	JE, GM, SK		3	5	
18	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	ABY		1559	JE	1/1	1	4	
18	"	"	ABY	PBI		1560	EMPTY	1/1	1	1	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Reddy

Page Total	10 7	51	0		
Amount Forward	6507 6162	8490	9	33	112
Total to Date	6517 6169	8541	9	33	112

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					Fixed Wing	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
2002											
JAN 21	N908GM	C-421B	PBI	FXG			D.O. AT BROTHERS AUCTION TO MAKE EQUIPMENT SETUP	1		6	
MAY 11	N908JC	B-727-31	PBI	JFK		93	JE, SK	1			
"	B-727-31	N908JC	JFK	LFPB		94	JE, GM, SK	1		25	
15	"	"	LFPB	LFPB		95	REPOSITION	1		72	
15	"	"	LFPB	EGGW		96	JE, GM, SK			5	
16	"	"	EGGW	LFMN		97	JE, GM, SK			8	
19	"	"	LFMN	UNNT		98	JE, GM, SK	1		18	
20	"	"	UNNT	RJTA		99	JE, GM, SK	1		67	
22	"	"	RJTA	VHHH		100	JE, GM, SK, PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON, MEXE, DAVE BOND, JIM NICK, JESSICA	1		65	
23	"	"	VHHH	ZGSZ		101	SAME AS ABOVE			40	
23	"	"	ZGSZ	WSSS		102	SAME AS ABOVE			4	
25	"	"	WSSS	VTBD		103	SAME AS ABOVE			34	
25	"	"	VTBD	WBSB		104	SAME AS ABOVE			22	
27	"	"	WBSB	WRRR		105	JE, GM, SK			26	
29	"	"	WRRR	VCBI		106	JE, GM, SK	1		21	
29	"	"	VCBI	OMDB		107	JE, GM, SK			52	
30	"	"	OMDB	LFPB		108	JE, GM, SK			44	
31	"	"	LFPB	EGGW		109	JE, GM, SK			38	
JUN 7	"	"	EGGW	EIPW		110	REPOSITION	1		10	
										17	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodage

Page Total	67	574			
Amount Forward	6533 42180	86351	33	112	6
Total to Date	71813	86925	33	112	6

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
2002 FEB 18	B-727-31	N908JC	PBE	ABY		64	GM, SK, GLEN DUBEN, 2 FEMALES REINHARD COOK	✓	1	3		
18	"	"	ABY	JFK		65	JK, GM, SK, GLEN DUBEN, 2 FEMALES REINHARD COOK		2	1		
20	"	"	JFK	MRY		66	JK, SK, GERALDINE LAYBORN, KET LAYBORN, STEVEN DANIEL, NENA + SEM ZAGAT	✓	5	9		
23	"	"	MRY	VNY		66	DAVID ROCKWELL, CAROLYN MULLER, MICHAEL WOLF, JOHN BROCKMAN, KASENA MATSON, CANDY	✓	1	1		
23	"	"	MRY	VNY		67	JK, SK, KELLY BOVENA, NENA + SEM ZAGAT, 6 OTHER PASSENGERS	✓	1	1		
23	"	"	VNY	JAX		68	B CHECK FMS, EMERGENCY PROCEDURES, LARRY MORRISON SFC, T, J, P, LANDINGS	✓	1	1		
25	G-1159B	N908JC	PBE	ABY		1561	ROGER, SLOANE + SRENEER BARNETTE, ARLINE (NANNY)	✓	1	1		
25	"	"	TGB	ABQ		1562	GM	✓	1	1		
28	B-727-31	N908JC	JAX	PBE		71	B CHECK	✓	1	1		
MAR 6	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MFP	MEA			STEEP TURNS, STALLS, HOLDING,	✓	1	1		
7	"	"	"	"			EMERGENCY DESCENT, PTO, UNUSUAL ATTITUDES, ENGINE PROBLEMS, MISSED APPROACH		2	0		
7	"	"	"	"			EMERGENCY DESCENTS 2 ENGINES OUT, WINDS AHEAD, HYDRAULIC PROBLEMS		2	0		
8	"	"	"	"			EMERGENCY DESCENT, HOLDING, ENGINE PROBLEMS, WING WELLS		2	0		
10	B-727-31	N908JC	TIST	JFK		72	JK, GM, SK, AP, CANDY, 2 FEMALES	✓	1	1		
14	"	"	JFK	PBE		73	JK, SK, JOE PAGANO, JULIE, TODD	✓	1	1		
17	"	"	PBE	JFK		74	JK, SK, JOE PAGANO, JULIE, TODD, 1 FEMALE	✓	1	1		
19	"	"	JFK	EGGW		75	BILL CLINTON, DOUG BANDS, 3 SECRET SERVICE	✓	1	1		
21	"	"	EGGW	JFK		76	JK, GM, SK	✓	1	1		
22	"	"	JFK	PBE		77	BILL CLINTON, DOUG BANDS, 10 SECRET SERVICE, JK, GM, SK, NAOME CAMPBELL, 1 FEMALE	✓	1	1		
							JK, NICOLE JUNCKER MANN		2	6		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature Daniel Redgate

Page Total	89	56	6		
Amount Forward	6517 6169	8541	9	3	112
Total to Date	6526 6175	8544	5	3	112

Aircraft Class		Helicopter LANDINGS	Conditions of Flight					Number of Instrument Approaches	Link or Flight Simulator	As Flight Instructor	Type of Piloting Time			Total Duration of Flight			
L	MGL		XC	NL	Night	Actual Instrument	Aircraft (Hooded)				Dual Received	Pilot-in- Command	Second-in- Command				
	13		13	✓1		5					13			13			
	21		21	✓1	21						21			21			
	59		59									59		59			
	8		8								8			8			
	42		42	✓1	46	3	ILS		40		42			42			
	25		25									25		25			
	43		43									43		43			
	12		12									12		12			
	20			3/3	20	16	ILS, LOC, NDB	20			20			20			
	20			✓1	20	16	ILS, LOC, NDB	20			20			20			
	20			2/2	20	17	ILS, ILS NDB	20			20			20			
	20			✓1	20	17	ILS, LOC NDB	20			20			20			
	41		41	✓1	10							41		41			
	25		25	✓1	25	8					25			25			
	26		26	✓1	15							26		26			
	67		67	✓1	28	9					67			67			
	78		78	✓1	78							78		78			
	26		26	✓1	26	9					26			26			
	566		486	12/15	304	95		13	80	40	282	284		566			
2174	663673	327	70367	1284 629	2125	623	3	990	1456	2115	1485	1	2664	7575	1816	38657	8
2174	664239	327	70853	1293 644	2152	9632	8	990	1469	2195	1489	1	2664	7603	3844	78714	4

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRCRAFT	GENERAL	HELICOPTER		
19 2002 APR 1	B-727-31	N908JE	PBI	TIST		78	JE, GM, SK, AP, 2 FEMALES SCAN KEO FUEL LV	1/1	2	3			
5	"	"	TIST	PBI		79	SCAN KEO FUEL LM	1/1	2	7			
5	"	"	PBI	IAD		80	SCAN KEO FUEL LM		2	1			
6	"	"	IAD	PBI		81	SCAN KEO FUEL LM	1/1	2	3			
8	"	"	PBI	JFK		81	JE, SK, SHELLEY LEWIS	2/1	2	5			
20	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MIA	MIA			PRE-FLIGHT TR LOSS, CSD LOW OIL PRESSURE AND DISCONNECT, START VALVE PROBLEMS HOT START		2	0			
22	"	"	"	"			NO APU START, LOSS OF ALL GENERATORS, STAB FROM FINAWAY, MANUAL GEAR EXTENSION		2	0			
23	"	"	"	"			APU FIRE, BATTERY START, CROSS BLEED START ENGINE FIRE, ENGINE SHUT DOWN		2	0			
24	"	"	"	"			IN FLIGHT START, FUEL DUMPING, SYSTEM B LOSS ELECTRICAL SMOKE & FIRE, SYSTEM A & B LOSS		2	0			
25	"	"	"	"			TWO GENERATORS ENGINE FAILURE, TWO ENGINES NON OPERATING ENGINE FIRE, LOW OIL PRESSURE, UNSTART		2	0			
26	"	"	"	"			YAW DAMPER FAILURE, APU FIRE, LED ABNORMAL LOSS OF ALL GENERATORS, ENGINE FIRE		2	0			
27	"	"	"	"			TR LOSS, LOSS OF ALL GENERATORS, SMOKE IN PASS. COMPARTMENT, SMOKE IN A WING, STRUCTURAL DEGT		3	0			
29	B-727-31	N908JE	PBI	ABQ		90	JE, GM, SK RESC ROSTHOLS		4	1			
MAY 2	"	"	ABQ	JFK		91	JE, GM, SK	1/1	3	2			
4	"	"	JFK	PBI		92	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	2	4			
TOTALS REPORTED TO													

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature

David Rostholz

Page Total	25	36	6			
Amount Forward	6520 6175	8598	5	3	3	112
Total to Date	6533 6180	8635	1	3	3	112

Grade Class		HELICOPTER LATINUMS	Conditions of Flight					Number of Instrument Approaches	Link or Flight Simulator	As Flight Instructor	Type of Piloting Time				Total Duration of Flight						
SLL	MEL		XC	NL	Night	Actual Instrument	Aircraft (Hooded)				FLIGHT ENGINEER	Dual Received	Pilot-in- Command	Second-in- Command							
	23		23				2	ILS				23		23							
	27		27									27		27							
	21		21	✓1	2	1	4					21		21							
	23		20	✓1									23	23							
	25		23	✓1		8	3						25	25							
	20								20		20			20							
	20								20		20			20							
	20								20		20			20							
	20								20		20			20							
	20								20		20			20							
	20								20		20			20							
	30								30		30			30							
	41		41									41		41							
	32		32	✓1	1	2	3	ILS				32		32							
	24		24										24	24							
INSURANCE																					
	366		211	34	4	1	2	2	150		19	1	128	47	366						
174	66423	9	327	7085	3	1293	1644	2152	9632	8990	1469	2195	1489	1	266	47603	3844	78714	4		
174	66460	5	327	7106	4	1295	1648	2157	0634	0990	1471	2345	1489	1	19	1	266	47616	1849	48751	0

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	ACROBAT	
2002 JUN 8	B-727-31H	N908JE	EIDW	JFK		111	JE, GM, SK	✓	6	9		
8	"	"	JFK	PBI		112	JE, SK	✓	2	3		
12	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	PBI		1567	GMU FLIGHTS-SCAN RELEY, GREG CAMPBELL	✓	2	7		
14	B-727-31H	N908JE	PBI	BOS		113	REPOSITION	✓	2	6		
14	"	"	BOS	TIST		114	JE, SK, CINDY LOPEZ, LAUREN HAMES		3	7		
16	"	"	TIST	JFK		115	JE, GM, SK, CINDY LOPEZ, LAUREN HAMES	✓	3	8		
19	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEB		1568	REPOSITION	✓	3	2		
19	"	"	TEB	PBI		1569	JE, GM, SK, CINDY LOPEZ	✓	2	5		
21	"	"	PBI	MYEF		1570	JE, GM, SK, CL JEAN LUC BRUNEL, VERONIQUE ROBERTS	✓	1	1		
21	"	"	MYEF	PBI		1571	REPOSITION	0/0	1	2		
23	"	"	PBI	MYEF		1572	REPOSITION	0/0	1	1		
23	"	"	MYEF	TEB		1573	JE, GM, SK, CL JUEBIA BORGES, JEAN LUC BRUNEL, MARISSA STANU	✓	2	9		
23	"	"	TEB	PBI		1574	REPOSITION	✓	2	5		
27	B-727-31H	N908JE	JFK	LFPB		116	JE, GM, SK, AP, FRIGGIE FLORIAN, ALGYNORGE GILKAE, SEREN YOUNGLEY, LAGI JIP SEMON, DANA LYNN PREGG, DR. HENRY JAROCKI, NICHOLAS JAROCKI, JULIE CILICK-BRUGH, ANITA KALEP FOX, JEAN LUC BRUNEL, AILEEN WALLACE, AMANDA UMBARO	✓	7	1		
29	"	"	LFPB	LGAH		117	SAME AS 116		1	3		
JUL 10	"	"	LGAH	LFPB		118	JE, JULIE CONCEBAUGH	✓	1	5		
13	"	"	LFPB	LFMN		119	JE	0/0	1	2		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Redofus

Page Total	8/7	47	6		
Amount Forward	6539 6187	86925	33	112	6
Total to Date	6547 6194	87401	33	112	6

Date 19 2002	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					WING	GLIDER	HELICOPTER		
JUL 13	B-727-31H	N908JE	LFMN	GMTT		120	JE, GM, SK, AP, CINDY LOPEZ		2	1			
13	"	"	GMTT	GMME		121	JE, GM, SK, CL, AP			7			
13	"	"	GMME	LPAZ		122	JE, GM, SK, AP, CL, PRESIDENT CLINTON DOUG BARRY, MIKE, & SECRET SERVICE		2	4			
13	"	"	LPAZ	JFK		123	JE, GM, SK, AP, CL, PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON, DOUG BARRY, MIKE, & SECRET SERVICE		5	8			
18	"	"	JFK	PBE		124	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS, 2 FEMALES		2	2			
19	"	"	PBE	JAX		125	KRESTY RODGERS, GREG HODGERT, ALYSSA HOLDERT - C CHECK		1	0			
AUG 4	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	MVY		1583	JE, 1 FEMALE		2	0			
4	"	"	MVY	BED		1584	JE, 1 FEMALE			7			
4	"	"	BED	TEB		1585	JE, 1 FEMALE			9			
5	"	"	TEB	SAF		1586	JE, SK, 2 FEMALES	1/1	3	9			
6	C-172XP	N739SP	ACG	ACG			172 CHECK OUT	3/3		9			
6	206L3	N474AW	ZORRO	ACG									
15	B-727-31H	N908JE	JAX	JAX		126	C-CHECK FLIGHT TEST PETE RODGERS	1/1		9			
16	"	"	JAX	PBE		127	RETURN FROM C-CHECK PETE RODGERS			1	1		
17	G-1159-B	N909JE	SAF	TEB		1589	JE, GM, SK, CINDY LOPEZ, VIRGINIA ROBERTS, DAN CONWARD, ALGER, MARGARETA, MIK SEMMONS		3	7			
18	"	"	TEB	PBE		1590	JE, VIRGINIA ROBERTS, 1 FEMALE		2	4			
21	B-727-31H	N908JE	PBE	TEST		128	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS		2	5			
25	"	"	TEST	JFK		129	JE, SK	1/1	3	6			
28	"	"	JFK	LFPB		130	JE, SK, CINDY LOPEZ, 1 FEMALE		6	4			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	6/6	44	0				5
Amount Forward	6547 6194	8710	1	3	3	112	6
Total to Date	6553 6200	8754	1	3	3	113	1

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
2012 AUG 31	B-727-31H	N908JE	LFPB	EGBB		131	JE, NICOLE JUNKERMANN	1/1	1	0	
SEP 2	"	"	EGBB	LFPB		132	JE, NICOLE JUNKERMANN		1	0	
3	"	"	LFPB	JFK		133	JE, SK, CINDY LOPEZ, JEAN LUC BRUNEL	1/1	7	5	
4	"	"	JFK	PBI		134	JE, 1 FEMALE		2	5	
8	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEB		1592	JE, ANDREA, 2 FEMALES		2	7	
9	G-1159B	"	TEB	BED		1593	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS	1/1	9		
9	"	"	BED	TEB		1594	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS		9		
10	"	"	TEB	TEST		1595	JE, SHELLEY LEWIS, ANDREA 1 MALE		3	8	
15	"	"	TEST	PBI		1596	JE, SK, DRANK FLEETWOOD	1/1	2	6	
21	B-727-31H	N908JE	JFK	LPAZ		136	PRESIDENT WILHELM J. CLINTON, ^{JEAN LUC} KEVIN SPACEY, CHRIS TUCKER, JE, GM, SK, CL CHAUNTAE DAVIES, ANDREA METROVICH, BOB BANN, DAVID SLING, JIM KENNEY, ERIC NOVAES, ROANEY SLATER, CASEY FLOWERS, WASSERMAN, RON BURKLE (GAYLE SMITH)	1/1	5	2	
22	"	"	LPAZ	DGAA		137		1/1	5	7	
23	"	"	DGAA	DNAA		138		1/1	1	7	
24	"	"	DNAA	HRYR		139	SAME AS ABOVE LESS RON BURKLE		4	0	
25	"	"	HRYR	FQMA		140	SAME AS ABOVE PLUS IRA MAGALZNER		3	3	
26	"	"	FQMA	FACT		141	SAME AS ABOVE	1/1	2	4	
27	"	"	FACT	FATS		142	SAME AS ABOVE LESS JE, GM, SK, CL CHAUNTAE DAVIES, ANDREA METROVICH		2	1	
28	"	"	FATS	FACT		143	SAME AS ABOVE LESS GAYLE SMITH, IRA MAGALZNER		2	0	
29	"	"	FACT	DGAA		144	SAME AS ABOVE ADD: JE, GM, SK, CL CN, AM		6	2	
29	"	"	DGAA	LFPB		145	SAME AS ABOVE	1/1	6	5	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodex

Page Total	5/6	625			
Amount Forward	6553 6200	8784	1	33	113
Total to Date	6558 6206	8846	6	33	113

Date 19 2002	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					Fixed Wing	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
29 OCT 1	B-727-31H	N909JE	LFPB	EGGW		146	SAME AS ABOVE LESS JE, SK, ED, LAURA + CLASSET WASSERMAN	1/1		9		
2	"	"	EGGW	LFPB		147	G-M, NICK + EDWENA SIMMONDS					
3	"	"	LFPB	JFK		148	JE, G-M, SK, CL AND RGA METROUECH, MADAME CAMPBELL			10		
6	G-1159B	N909JE	JFK	PBI		149	JE, SK, ANDREA METROUECH, NICK SIMMONDS			8	1	
11	"	"	PBI	TEB		157	JE, SK, AMBER, RYAN, I E MALL			2	4	
14	"	"	TEB	PBI		158	JE, G-M, AMBER, RYAN, STAFF			2	3	
15	"	"	PBI-OPF	PBI		159	MARK POTTER - PPE ILS SINGLE ENGINE + GROUND SC	1/1		8		
17	"	"	PBI	TEB		160	JE, G-M, ANDREA METROUECH, RYAN DEONNE	1/1		2	4	
21	"	"	TEB	TEST		161	JE, SK, ANDREA METROUECH			3	7	
30	"	"	TEST	PBI		162	JE, SK, AM ANNA HANIS, JULIETTE BRYANT	1/1		2	6	
30	"	SIMULATOR	JFK	MEV ^{ES} _{SN}			STEP TURN, STALL, SLOW CLIMBS, REVERSE TAKEOFF HOLDING			2	0	
31	"	"	MEV	JFK ^{ES} _{SN}			SINGLE ENGINE APPROACH TO LTRUAND EMERGENCY DESCENT, ENGINE ELECTRICAL			2	0	
31	"	"	SWF	JFK ^{ES} _{SN}			ENGINE FIRE, SINGLE ENGINE APPROACH DOUBLE ENGINE EMERGENCY EMERGENCY APPROACH	3/3		2	0	
6	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	PBI	TEST		163	JE, SK, ANDREA METROUECH	1/1		2	3	
6	"	"	MDA	MDA ^{ALTS} _{SN}			DOUBLE ENGINE FAILURE LOSS OF ALL GENERATORS, EMERGENCY DESCENT SYSTEMS, LOSS OF LOW OIL PRESSURE, HIGH PARK POV, CRITICAL SYSTEM LOSS OF ALL GENERATORS			2	0	
10	G-1159B	N909JE	MDA	MDA			JE, SK, KELLY MCCARTHY, MADAME CAMPBELL, PLACHE, TEGAN BURNS			2	0	
15	"	"	TEST	TEB		164	JE, G-M, RYAN DEONNE, MADAME CAMPBELL, HANIS HANIS, AMBER	1/1		4	3	
15	"	"	TEB	TEST		165	JE, G-M, RYAN DEONNE, MADAME CAMPBELL, HANIS HANIS, AMBER			3	6	
15	"	"	TEST	PBI		166	REPURPOSE			2	6	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature [Signature]

Page Total	4/3	495		
Amount Forward	6558	88466	33	113
Total to Date	6567	89461	33	113
	6214			

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					Asst Pilot	Crew	Passenger		
Nov 18	B-727-31H	N408JK	PBI	TLST		150	REGISTRATION	1/1	2	4			
18	"	"	TLST	LPAZ		157	JG, G-M SK, ANA PRCAMETROVITCH, RYAN DEONNE, ED TUTTLE		5	6			
19	"	"	LPAZ	LFPB		158	JG, G-M SK, ANA PRCAMETROVITCH, RYAN DEONNE, ED TUTTLE	1/1	4	1			
22	"	"	LFPB	ERCH		159	JG, SK, JEAN LU BRUNEL, ANA PRCAMETROVITCH		1	8			
22	"	"	ERCH	UUWW		160	JG, G-M SK, ANA PRCAMETROVITCH		2	5			
24	"	"	UUWW	ULLI		161	JG, G-M SK, ANA PRCAMETROVITCH	1/1	1	4			
24	"	"	ULLI	EDNN		162	JG, G-M SK, ANA PRCAMETROVITCH		3	6			
24	"	"	EDNN	JFK		163	JG, G-M SK, ANA PRCAMETROVITCH		5	6			
26	"	"	JFK	PBI		164	JG, SK, RYAN DEONNE, MICHAEL LIEGMANN, ERIC PERCLOUS JEDI		2	7			
Dec 1	"	"	PBI	JFK		165	JG, G-M SK, ED TUTTLE, MICHAEL LIEGMANN, RYAN DEONNE, TOPIC, 2 MALES, 4 FEMALES		2	5			
5	"	"	JFK	PBI		166	JG, SK, MICHAEL LIEGMANN, 2 FEMALES		2	8			
9	"	"	PBI	TLST		167	JG, G-M SK, RYAN DEONNE, MICHAEL LIEGMANN, 2 FEMALES	1/1	2	4			
15	"	"	TLST	PBI		168	JG, G-M SK, RD CHANTRE, PAVEL SPERANT AMSCHEV, TEBLA PASEK, JULES TO BRANT, MAGALI PLOUWER		2	5			
21	G-1154B	N409JE	PBI	ABY		169	JG	1/1	1	2			
21	"	"	ABY	PBI		169	JG		1	1			
23	"	"	PBI	TLST			JG, G-M SK, RYAN DEONNE, MICHAEL LIEGMANN, GARY ROXBURG II	1/1	2	3			
2003 2 JAN	"	"	TLST	PBI			JG, G-M SK, RYAN DEONNE, MICHAEL LIEGMANN, MICHAEL LIEGMANN, EVELYN BOULET	1/1	2	8			
6	"	"	PBI	TEB			JG, G-M SK, VALSAN		2	4			
9	"	"	TEB	PBI			JG, SK, VALSAN		2	4			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodriguez

Page Total	7/6	53	1		
Amount Forward	6567 6214	8846	1	3	3 113
Total to Date	6574 6220	8949	2	3	3 113

Date 19 2013	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
JAN 11	A-19 C-1159D	N9109TE	PBI	PBI					5		
13	B-727-31H	N9108JC	PBI	JFK		JG C-MSK MAGALI BLACHON, VALSAR MICHAEL LIEFMANN, ANOREA MITROVICH	✓	2	2		
17	"	"	JFK	PBI		JG C-MSK, MICHAEL LIEFMANN, RYAN DEWINE, JEAN LUC BRUNET		3	1		
22	"	"	PBI	TIST	171	JG C-MSK MAGALI BLACHON, RYAN DEWINE, MICHAEL LIEFMANN	✓	2	2		
25	"	"	TIST	PBI	172	JG C-MSK, RYAN DEWINE, MICHAEL LIEFMANN		2	8		
26	"	"	PBI	JAX	173		✓		9		
26	C-1159B	N9104TE	PBI	TEB	164	JG SK, MICHAEL LIEFMANN GARY RON DEWINE, MAGALI BLACHON (BUNDLING)	✓	2	5		
31	"	"	TEB	PBI	165	JG SK, MAGALI BLACHON GARY RON DEWINE, MICHAEL LIEFMANN		2	6		
FEB 1	B-727-31H	N9108JC	JAX	PBI	174		✓	1	0		
3	"	"	PBI	JFK	175	JG C-MSK MICHAEL LIEFMANN MAGALI BLACHON		2	3		
7	"	"	JFK	PBI	176	JG SK MAGALI BLACHON MICHAEL LIEFMANN	✓	2	9		
11	"	"	PBI	TIST	177	JG C-MSK MAGALI BLACHON, PATRICK GUYEN, MICHAEL LIEFMANN		2	5		
12	"	"	TIST	LEGR	178	JG C-MSK MAGALI BLACHON, PATRICK GUYEN, MICHAEL LIEFMANN, GABRIEL	✓	7	2		
13	"	"	LEGR	LFPB	179	JG C-MSK MAGALI BLACHON, PATRICK GUYEN, MICHAEL LIEFMANN	✓	2	2		
17	"	"	LFPB	CYQX	180	JG C-MSK, MAGALI BLACHON, DANIEL GUYEN, JULIETTE BRUNY, DEBORAH AMSELEN, MICHAEL LIEFMANN		5	5		
17	"	"	CYQX	PBI	181	JG C-MSK, MAGALI BLACHON, MICHAEL LIEFMANN, PATRICK GUYEN, JULIETTE BRUNY, DEBORAH AMSELEN		5	5		
23	"	"	PBI	JFK	182	JG DEBORAH AMSELEN, JULIETTE BRUNY, MICHAEL LIEFMANN	✓	2	9		
25	"	"	JFK	MRY	183	JG SK CHARLENE DAVIES, DEAN KAYE + 19 PAX		6	3		
						OMITTED LOGBOOK ENTRIES	109/109	11	0		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Ridge

Page Total	116/115	65	0		
Amount Forward	6574 6220	8449	2	3	3
Total to Date	6590 6335	9015	2	3	3

Date 19 2003	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					ADSP/PLNG	G-LD-2	HELICOPT
FEB 28	B-727-31H	N908JE	MRY	ABQ		184	JG, GM, SK, EMMY TAYLER, BRENT MAGALE BLACHON				
MAR 4	"	"	ABQ	JFK		185	JG, GM, SK, ET, MAGALE BLACHON JULIETTE BRYANT	1	8		
5	"	"	JFK	PBI		186	JG, MAGALE BLACHON	3	5		
12	B-727-200	FLYING JERSEY SIMULATOR	MEA	LCL			HOLDING	2	8		
12	"	"	"	"				2	5		
13	"	"	"	"				2	5		
13	"	"	"	"				2	5		
17	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEB			JG, GM, SK, MICHAEL LEFEMANN, MAGALE BLACHON, BRENT	2	5		
19	"	"	TEB	BED		187	JG		2	4	
19	"	"	BED	TEB			JG	VI	1	0	
20	"	"	TEB	PBI			JG, GM, SK, PRESIDENT ANDRES PASTRANA MICHAEL LEFEMANN, JEAN LUC BRUNEL	1	1		
21	"	"	PBI	MYNN			JG, GM, SK, PRESIDENT ANDRES PASTRANA, JEAN LUC BRUNEL	2	8		
23	"	"	MYNN	PBI		185	JG, GM, SK, JEAN LUC BRUNEL	VI	1	0	
25	B-727-31H	N908JE	PBI	JFK		187	JG, GM, JEAN LUC BRUNEL, SK MICHAEL LEFEMANN	8			
27	"	"	JFK	TEST		188	JG, SK, CINDY LOPEZ, MAGALE BLACHON BRENT TINDALL	2	5		
APRIL 2	"	"	TEST	SBGR		189	JG, GM, SK, JEAN LUC BRUNEL MAGALE BLACHON, NAOMI CAMPBELL	3	3		
5	"	"	SBGR	GVAC		190	JG, GM, SK, JEAN LUC BRUNEL MAGALE BLACHON	6	4		
6	"	"	GVAC	LFPB		191	JG, GM, SK, JEAN LUC BRUNEL MAGALE BLACHON	6	2		
10	"	"	LFPB	CYOK		192	JG, GM, SK, MICHAEL LEFEMANN EMILY BOULET, SUETLANA GRIAZNOVA	VI	5	2	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodriguez

Page Total	3/3	56	2		
Amount Forward	6640 6335	9015	2	3	3 113
Total to Date	6693 6378	9071	4	3	3 113

Date 2003	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
APRIL 10	B-727-31H	N908JE	CYQX	PBJ		193	JE, GM, EVELYN BOULET, MARIANNE LERMAN SK, SUGITANA GRIAZNEVA				
13	C-1159B	N909JE	CMH	TEB		1627	LM, JE, ML, SK, BT BARRY MASSIOW	5	2		
13	"	"	PBE	CMH		1626	LM, JE, ML, SK, BT BARRY MASSIOW	1	2		
14	"	"	TEB	MIV		1626	LM BARRY MASSIOW	1	1		
16	"	"	MIV	TEB		1629	BARRY MASSIOW			8	
17	"	"	TEB	PBE		1630	JE, SK, BT, GM BARRY MASSIOW			8	
21	"	"	PBE	ADS		1631	CINDY LOPEZ, ANDRÉ METROVITCH JE, SK, BT, CL			2	4
21	"	"	ADS	SAF		1632	JE, CL, SK, BT	1	1	2	8
24	"	"	SAF	SBA		1633	JE, SK, TEALA DAVIES, DEANE	1	1	1	6
24	"	"	SBA	VNY		1634	JE, SK, CHARLOTTE DAVIES, DEANE KELLY BOVENA, EMMY TAYLOR			2	0
26	"	"	VNY	TEB		1635	JE, SK				6
MAY 3	"	"	TEB	LAD		1636	ANDRÉ METROVITCH, SK, BT	1	1	4	8
3	"	"	LAD	PBE		1637	JE, AM, SK, BT				9
7	BHT-407	N407BP	BELLSCHAW	HURST, TX			PEDAL TURN, QUICK STOP, NO HYDRAULICS HOVER AUTOS, SLOPES			2	1
7	"	"	"	"			AUTOROTATIONS, 180 AUTO ROTATIONS, NO HYDRAULIC, HOVER AUTOS				1
8	"	"	"	"			AUTOROTATIONS, 180 AUTO ROTATIONS, NO HYDRAULICS, HOVER AUTOS				1
9	"	N4060Y	"	"			AUTOROTATIONS, 180 AUTO ROTATIONS, NO HYDRAULICS, AUTO HOVERS				1
12	"	N491GM	TEST	TEST			AUTOROTATION, 180 AUTO ROTATIONS, NO HYDRAULICS, HOVER AUTO, TREADMILL				1
12	B-727-31H	N908JE	TEST	JFK		195	JE, AM, SK, BT, TEALA DAVIES, TATIANA ESPINOSA, CHRISTIANE POKITKO			3	7

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature: David Rodger

Page Total	4 / 3	3	1	1	5	4
Amount Forward	6693 6338	9071	4	3	3	113
Total to Date	6697 6341	9102	5	3	3	118

Date 19 2003	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER		
MAY 20	B-727-31H	N908JE	LIRA	LEMD		198	JE, AM, JEAN LUC BRUNEL, GM, SK PETE RATHGEB LEK RATHGEB		2	2			
21	"	"	LEMD	JFK		199	JE, JEAN LUC BRUNEL			7	6		
22	"	"	JFK	PBI		200	JE, JECU PASIKOW, TOPP INSTRUCTOR BROUS TENDALL	1/1	2	6			
26	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEB		1638	JE, BT, JULIE	✓	2	5			
30	"	"	TEB	TEST		1639	JE, AM, SK, BT			4	0		
JUN 4	"	"	TEST	TEB		1640	JE, AM, SK, VALDSONESTREN	1/1	3	8			
4	B1H-467	N491GM	TEST	TEST			JE, AM, SK, VC						
7	G-1159B	N909JE	TEST	PBI		1641	JE, AM, SK, VC			2	5		
11	"	"	PBI	TEB		1642	JE, AM, SK	1/1	2	6			
14	"	"	TEB	CYUL		1643	JE, DUC BANO, GM			1	2		
14	"	"	CYUL	PBI		1644	JE, DUC BANO, GM			3	0		
17	B-727-31H	N908JE	PBI	MYNN		201	JE, AM, VC, SK BOB BROSLIN			8			
17	"	"	MYNN	JFK		202	JE, AM, GM, SK, VC BOB BROSLIN			2	6		
29	"	"	TESS	JFK		206	JE, BT, SUGAN HAMBLEN, JULIE KERSON			3	8		
JUL 2	"	"	JFK	PBI		207	JE, BT, FABREAME PA-HCO JLBS, SK, SH	✓	2	4			
7	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEB		1645	JE, BT, FP, SK, SH	1/1	2	6			
11	"	"	TEB	PBI		1646	JE, AM, SH	0/0	2	4			
14	"	"	PBI	TEB		1647	JE, AM, BT, SH, MACKLA	1/1	2	5			
14	"	"	TEB	MIV		1648		1/1		8			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodger

Page Total	8/6	49	9		
Amount Forward	697 6341	9102	5	3	3 118
Total to Date	6705 6347	9152	4	3	3 118

Date 19__ 2003	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
JUL 31	B-727-31H	N908JE	JFK	PBE		215	JC, SK, MYLEAVE, <u>PETER RUTHERFORD</u>	✓	2	5		
AUG 4	"	"	PBE	TISS		216	JC, BT, AM, GM, SK <u>CARY ROXBOROUGH</u>	1/1	2	4		
4	BH#407	N491GM	LSS	TISS				0/0				
5	"	"	TISS-LSS	TISS								
10	B-727-31H	N908JE	TISS	JFK		217	JC, AM, BT, GM, <u>CARY ROXBOROUGH</u> CC, CARBORNE DORBY, MYLEAVE <u>ARMON</u>	1/1	3	8		
10	"	"	JFK	PBE		218	<u>CARY ROXBOROUGH</u>		2	5		
13	G-1159B	N909JE	MEV	TEB		1649	SK, AM, BT, GM	1/1		4		
13	"	"	TEB	SAF		1650	JC, AM, BT, GM	✓	3	8		
20	"	"	SAF	ASE		1651	JC, SK, GM			8		
20	"	"	ASE	TEB		1652	JC, GM, SK		3	8		
22	"	"	TEB	PBE		1653	JC, GM, SK, TM	1/1	2	3		
31	B-727-31H	N908JE	PBE	JAX		214				9		
31	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	TEB		1654	JC, BT, GM, SH,		2	5		
31	"	"	TEB	TEB		1655				3		
SEP 16	"	SIMULATOR	LGB	LGB			HOLDING JACK KEARLY - SEM LWS <u>CHARLES GAMBLE</u>	✓	4	0		
17	"	"	LGB	LGB			HOLDING PETER ROXBOROUGH - CAPT <u>CHARLES GAMBLE</u>		4	0		
18	"	"	LGB	LGB			<u>CHARLES GAMBLE</u>	4/4	4	0		
22	"	N909JE	PBE	TISS		1662	JC, BT, NADEA, SK, SH, TD	1/1	2	6		
26	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MIA	MIA			DAVE DAVACE - INSTRUCTOR		2	0		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	12 8	43	1				
Amount Forward	6765 6347	9152	4	3	3	118	
Total to Date	6717 6355	9195	5	3	3	119	

Date 2003	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
SEP 26	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MIA	MIA							
9/27	C-172	N5279X	LNA	LNA			RYE DARZANA - EXAMINER		20		
27	"	"	"	"			Pattern - Safety check P/B, 20100105/05 ED AMATO - EXAMINER	3/3	5		
29	G-1159B	N909JC	PBI	TEB		1664	GM	2/2	8		
30	"	"	TEB	PBI		1665	AM, FRAM, PAULA EPSKEM		24		
1 OCT	"	"	PBI	TEB		1666	JE, AM, SK, TD, VC		26		
2	BHT-407	N491GM	PBI	MYNN			LARRY VESTAKE	1/1	25		
2	BMFF407	N491GM	MYEF	MBPV			LV				1
3	"	"	MDPP	MDPC			LV				2
3	"	"	TEST	TEST			LV				1
3	G-1159B	N909JC	TEB	PBI		1667	JE, AM, SK, TD				
6	"	"	PBI	BED		1668	JE, AM, SK, TD		26		
7	"	"	BED	TEB		1669	JE, SK	1/1	28		
11	"	"	TEB	PBI		1670	JE, BT, GM, TD, CAROLINA		10		
14	"	"	PBI	TEB		1671	JE, BT, GM, SK,	1/1	27		
16	"	"	TEB	PBI		1672	JE, BT, AM, SK		25		
19	"	"	PBI	TEB		1673	JE, AM, BT, SK		26		
21	"	"	TEB	MTN		1674	LARRY GOLD SMITH GARY REXBURGH	1/1	27		
21	"	"	MTN	TEST		1675	JE, BT, SK, LAV CHRISTOPHER GARY REXBURGH	1/1	7		
									36		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Redger

Page Total	11/10	320		5
Amount Forward	6717 6355	91955	33	1197
Total to Date	6728 6365	92275	33	1250

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
2003												
26	G-1159B	N909JE	TEST	TEB		1676	JE, BT, SK, TD, LC		3	9		
26	"	"	TEB	MIV		1677				9		
27	B-727-311H	N908JE	JAX	JAX		220						
28	"	"	JAX	PBI		221		✓	1	4		
30	"	"	PBI	JFK		222				1	0	
30	"	"	JFK	LFPB		223	JE, AM				2	5
NOV 4	"	"	LFPB	EBBR		224	JE, AM, SK	/	6	4		
4	"	"	EBBR	ENGM		225	JE, AM, PROC BAND GM, HIGHER SERVICE			9		
4	"	"	ENGM	ESSA		226	PRESIDENT BELL CLINTON, JK			1	8	
5	"	"	ESSA	ENGM		227	JE, AM, GM, SK				9	
5	"	"	ENGM	UNNT		228	JE, AM, GM, JK, DAVIS BAND, 4 SECRET SERVICE	/		9		
6	"	"	UNNT	VHAA		229	PRESIDENT BELL CLINTON	/		5	3	
7	"	"	VHAA	ZUUU		230	JE, AM, GM, JK, DAVIS BAND, 4 SECRET SERVICE	/		6	5	
9	"	"	ZUUU	ZBAA		231	JE, AM, GM, JK, DIB, ERA MAGAZINE				2	4
11	"	"	ZBAA	PANC		232	PRESIDENT BELL CLINTON, 4 SECRET SERVICE				2	2
11	"	"	PANC	JFK		233	JE, AM, SK	✓			7	8
14	"	"	JFK	PBI		234	JE, AM, SK	/		6	3	
18	"	"	PBI	JFK		235	JE, BT, SK, ANDREA, LC				2	5
21	"	"	JFK	CMH		236	JE, SK	/			2	6
											1	5

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature

David Redger

Page Total	6 / 4	58	2		
Amount Forward	6729 6365	9227	5	3	125
Total to Date	6734 6369	9285	7	3	125

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
2003 NOV 21	B-727-31H	N908JC	CMH	TEST		237	JE, SK				
22	"	"	TEST	PBI		238	JE, SK, NICK CAMBRU, MRS CAMBRU, TOM PAYETTE	✓	3	7	
23	"	"	PBI	JFK		239	JE, SK		2	7	
25	"	"	JFK	PBI		240	JE, BT, EVA ANDERSEN, C.M., AM, GLEN GLENN, JORDAN DUBEN, VANCE MARCENKO		2	4	
DEC 7	G-1159B	N909JC	MIV	JFK		1678	JE, SK, VANCE MARCENKO, MICHAEL DUBBERLY	✓		8	
7	"	"	JFK	CMH		1679	JE, SK, VANCE MARCENKO, MICHAEL DUBBERLY	✓		15	
7	"	"	CMH	PBI		1680	JE, SK, VANCE MARCENKO, MICHAEL DUBBERLY	✓		23	
9	"	"	PBI	TEST		1681	JE, SK, TD, GARY RENVEL	✓		24	
15	"	"	TEST	TGB		1682	JE, AM, TD, KEMBERT BURNS	✓		45	
19	"	"	TGB	TEST		1683	JE, C.M., SK, STEVE LESJIE	✓		39	
24	"	"	TEST	PBI		1684	JE, C.M., BT, STEVE LESJIE	✓		27	
26	"	"	PBI	TEST		1685	JE, BT, C.M., GARY RENVEL	✓		23	
2004 JAN 2	"	"	TEST	PBI		1686	JE, BT, C.M., JEAN LUC DELING, NM, MANUELA STREITZ	✓		27	
3	"	"	PBI	ISM		1687	JE, LELENA DUBEN, EVA ANDERSEN, C.M., JORDAN DUBEN, BRUCE, VANCE MARCENKO	✓		7	
3	"	"	ISM	PBI		1688	JE, C.M., JD, C.M., G.B., NM, BRUCE	✓		7	
5	"	"	PBI	TGB		1689	JE, BT, JLB, SK	✓		25	
8	"	"	TGB	PBI		1690	JE, BT, JLB, SK	✓		26	
12	B-727-31H	N908JC	PBI	JFK		241	JE, BT, NM, TEAL DAVIES, SK	✓		24	
15	"	"	JFK	PBI		242	JE, SK, TD, NM	✓		25	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodez

Page Total	10/6	458		
Amount Forward	6734 6369	92857	33	125
Total to Date	6744 6375	93315	33	125

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
2004 JAN 20	B-727-31H	N908JG	PBI	JFK		243	JE, BT, NM, SK, TD LV LM				
23	"	"	JFK	PBI		244	JE, BT, CHAUNTC DAVES, TD, NM, ANDREA METREWICH LV LM				
26	G-1159B	N909JG	PBI	TEB		1691	JE, BT, NM, TD LV				
28	"	"	TEB	TIST		1692	JE, BT, NM, SK, TD LV	1/			
FEB 2	"	"	TIST	TEB		1693	JE, BT, JLB, NM, TD, SK, ALING WEBER LV	1/			
5	"	"	TEB	BED		1694					
5	"	"	BED	TEB		1695	ALAN PERSHOWITZ LV				
5	"	"	TEB	PBI		1696	JE, AD, SK LV				
9	B-727-31H	N908JG	PBI	JFK		245	JE, BT, SK, GR LM	1/			
12	"	"	JFK	LFPB		246	JE, GM, JLB, ALING WEBER, NINA KEITA LV LM				
17	"	"	LFPB	BGR		247	JE, GM, JLB, NM, TD, AW LV LM				
17	"	"	BGR	JFK		248	JE, GM, JLB, TD, NM, AW LV LM				
19	"	"	JFK	PBI		249	JE, BT, NM, SK, TD, LV LM				
22	"	"	PBI	JFK		250	JE, BT, NM, TD, AW LV LM				
24	"	"	JFK	MRY		251	JE, SK, TD, NM, FOREST SAWYER LV LM	1/			
27	"	"	MRY	VNY		252	JE, NM, SK, TD LV LM				
29	"	"	VNY	ABQ		253	JE, NM, SK, TD LV LM	1/1			
MAR 1	"	"	ABQ	JFK		254	JE, GM, NM, SK, TD LV LM				
3	"	"	JFK	PBI		255	JE, NM, TD, VALDSON COTREN LV LM	1/			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature

David Podajko

Page Total	6/1	573			
Amount Forward	6744 6375	9331	5	33	125
Total to Date	6750 6376	9388	8	33	125

Date 19 2004	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
MAR 7	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	TEB		1697	JE, NM, TD				
8	"	"	TEB	BGD		1698	JE, TD GARY BLACKWELL	✓	2	8	
9	"	"	BGD	TEB		1699	JE, TD GARY BLACKWELL	✓		8	
11	"	"	TEB	PBE		1700	JE, TD, SK, NM VALDWIN GIBREN GARY BLACKWELL	✓	1	1	
13	"	"	PBE	TEST		1701	JE, TD, SK, VC, NM SPENCER LESTER	✓	2	3	
17	B-727-200	SEMULATOR	MFA	MFA			LARRY INSTRUCTOR GARY ROXBOROUGH	✓	2	0	
17	"	"	MFA	MFA			HOLDING LARRY INSTRUCTOR GARY ROXBOROUGH	GR	2	0	
17	"	"	MFA	MFA			FE CHECK RIDE HANK COOPER	GR	2	0	
18	"	"	MFA	MFA			REY BARZANO	GR	2	0	
18	"	"	MFA	MFA			REY BARZANO	GR	3	0	
19	G-1159B	N909JE	TEST	PBE		1702	B-727 CAPT CHECK RIDE JE, SK, TD, VC	GR	3	0	
31	B-727-31A	N908JE	PBE	JFK		256	JE, NM, TD,	LV	2	6	
APR 2	"	"	JFK	PBE		257	JE, JLB, NM, TD	LV LM	✓	2	3
6	G-1159B	N909JE	PBE	TEST		1705	JE, BT, NM, SK, TD	LV LM	✓	2	5
11	B-727-31A	N908JE	PBE	JFK		258	JE, BT, CDEA, JD, GM, NM, TD GLEN DUBEN, MYA DUBEN, 2 MANUVERS	LV LM	✓	2	4
15	"	"	JFK	BGD		259	JE, SK, LARRY SUMMERS	LV LM	✓	2	4
16	"	"	BGD	PBE		260	JE, SK	LV LM	✓	9	
19	"	"	PBE	JFK		261	JE, SK, JENNIFER	LV LM	1/0	2	6
22	"	"	JFK	PBE		262	JE, BT, MARK EPSTEIN, NM TD, TAME, GM	LV LM	✓	2	6

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Reddy

Page Total	9/4	42	3		
Amount Forward	6750 6376	9328	8	3	3 125
Total to Date	6759 6380	9431	11	3	3 125

Date 19 <u>2004</u>	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
APR 27	B-727-311F	N908JC	PBI	JFK		263	JG, BT, NM, TD					
MAY 1	"	"	JFK	PBI		264	JG, NM, SK	LV	2	2		
4	"	"	PBI	JFK		265	JG, NM, SK	LV	2	6		
5	"	"	JFK	LFPB		266	JG, GM, NM, SK	LV	2	4		
8	"	"	LFPB	EGGW		267	JG, GM, NM, SK ARIZONA REVOLUTIONS	LV	1	6	9	
10	"	"	EGGW	LKPR		268	JG, GM, NM, SK	LV		9		
12	"	"	LKPR	LFPB		269	JG, GM, JLB, NM	LV	1	1	8	
14	"	"	LFPB	CYQX		270	JG, NM, SK	LV		1	4	
14	"	"	CYQX	PBI		271	JG, NM, SK	LV	1	5	8	
15	G-159B	N909JC	PBI	PBI		1767	RON	LV	1	4	2	
17	"	"	PBI	TGB		1768	JG, BT, NM, TD	LV	1	7		
21	"	"	TGB	PBI		1769	JG, BT, NM, TD	LV		3	2	
24	"	"	PBI	TEST		1710	JG, NM, SK, TD	LV	1	2	4	
31	"	"	TEST	TGB		1711	JG, NM, SK, TD MANUELA STEFFER	LV		2	6	
JUN 4	"	"	TGB	HVN		1712	BT	LV	1	4	2	
4	"	"	HVN	PBI		1713	JG, BT, MS, NM, TD	LV			5	
7	"	"	PBI	TGB		1714	JG, BT, MS, NM, TD	LV		2	7	
9	"	"	TGB	BGD		1715	JG, MS, SK	LV	1	2	5	
9	"	"	BGD	TGB		1716	JG, MS, SK	LV			9	
										8		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Redafer

Page Total	7/7	487		
Amount Forward	6759 6392	9431	1	33125
Total to Date	6766 6397	9479	8	33125

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIR PLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
19 2004 JUN 11	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	MDW		1717	JE, SK	1/1	1	9		
18	"	"	MDW	PBI		1718	JE, SK	LV	2	7		
13	B-727-31H	N908JE	PBI	JFK		272	JE, SK, A.D. GOSMAR,	LV LM	2	5		
15	"	"	JFK	TEST		273	JE, BT, MS, SK, TD	LV	1/1	3	5	
20	"	"	TEST	PBI		274	JE, BT, JANEZKA KALIN, MS, NM, NATALYA MALYSHOV	GR LM	1/1	2	5	
21	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEB		1719	JE, BT, MS, NM	LV		2	6	
23	"	"	TEB	SAF		1720	JE, NM, SK	LV	1/1	4	4	
JUL 2	"	"	SAF	LAS		1721	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMBENE,	GR	1/1	1	6	
2	"	"	LAS	SAF		1722	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMBENE,	GR		1	3	
4	"	"	SAF	ASC		1723	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMBENE	GR	1/1		9	
4	"	"	ASC	PBI		1724	JE, MS, NM, SK, SEMBENE	GR	1/0	3	8	
11	"	"	PBI	TEB		1725	JE, ANDREJ MESTROVICI, BT, NM, SK	LV		2	7	
15	"	"	TEB	PBI		1726	JE, BT, JLB, NM, SK, ZSUZSA, CZE PRZE, JK,	LV	1/1	2	6	
19	B-727-31H	N908JE	PBI	TEST		275	JE, BT, SK, NM, JK, STEFANEG	LV LM		2	6	
22	"	"	TEST	PBI		276	JE, BT, NM, SK, JK STEVE MALLOR	LV LM		2	6	
25	"	"	PBI	JFK		277	JK, NM, BT	SM LM	1/1	2	4	
29	"	"	JFK	LFPB		278	JE, MS, NM, SK	LV LM		6	6	
AUG 3	"	"	LFPB	LEPA		279	JE, MS, NM, SK, TD	LV LM	1/1	1	7	
3	"	"	LEPA	LPAZ		280	JE, MS, NM, SK, TD	LV LM	1/1	3	6	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rediger

Page Total	11/9	25		
Amount Forward	6166 6357	94798	33	125
Total to Date	6177 6346	95323	33	125

Date 1977 2004	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
AUG 3	B-727-31H	N908JE	LPAZ	TEST		281	JE, MS, NM, SK, TD, LV LM	✓	5	6		
6	"	"	TEST	PBI		282	JE, SK, TD, JE JENNIFER KOLLE, NATALYA MALYSHOV LV LM		2	4		
10	"	"	PBI	JFK		283	JE, JOJO, LYN FANTANELLO, SK, NATALYA MALYSHOV, DAVED LV LM		2	4		
13	"	"	JFK	ABQ		284	JE, MS, UMARLENKOVA, FLORA, DAVED, JK LV LM	✓	4	7		
18	"	"	ABQ	VNY		285	JE, MS, NM, JK LV LM		1	7		
19	"	"	VNY	PBI		286	JE, MS, NM, JK FRANK GAMBLE LV LM		4	7		
24	"	"	PBI	SEGU		287	JE, GM, NM, SK, TD LV LM		4	1		
25	"	"	SEGU	PBI		288	JE, GM, NM, SK, TD LV LM	✓	4	3		
SEP 1	"	"	PBI	TEST		289	JE, NM, SK, TD LV LM		3	2		
2	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEB		172	KRISTY RODGERS, PISTY RODGERS LV		2	5		
5	B-727-31H	N908JE	TEST	JFK		290	JE, NM, TD, JK, NATALYA MALYSHOV, RALPH PASARELV LV LM	✓	3	8		
16	"	"	JFK	PBI		291	JE, NM, SK, JK, DAVED MULLIN LV LM		2	7		
20	BHT-407	N407BP	BELLSCHHEEL	HURST, TX			HANGER, HANGER AUTOS, OBSTACLE TAKE-OFF STRATEGIC EN AUTOS, 180° AUTO		+	+		1
21	BHT-407	N407BP	BELLSCHHEEL	HURST, TX			1733849 CFI EXP 1/00		+	+		1
SEP 5	B-727-31H	N908JE	PBI	JFK		296	JE, NM, SK, LV LM	✓	2	4		
8	"	"	JFK	PBI		297	JE, EVA ANDERSSON, VM, 2 MANIFEST, CELINA + MYA DUBEN, JORDAN, SK LV LM		2	3		
10	"	"	PBI	JFK		298	JE, EVA ANDERSSON, 2 MANIFEST, SK, DM, CELINA + JORDAN + MYA DUBEN LV LM	✓	2	5		
12	"	"	JFK	TEST		299	JE, JK, NM, SK LV LM		3	3		
13	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	PBI		1728	GM LV LM		2	5		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	6/3	55	1		2
Amount Forward	6177 6396	9532	3	3	125
Total to Date	6183 6399	4581	4	3	127

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...				
			From	To					AIRPORT	CLUB	WELL		
2014 OCT 16	B-727-31H	N908JE	TEST	PBI		300	JE, JK, NM, SK LAURA & ANDREW, LESIA ANDREW	LV LM	✓	2	4		
17	"	"	PBI	JFK		301	JE, CM, SK, NM LAURA & LESIA ANDREW	LV LM		2	5		
20	"	"	JFK	LFPB		302	JE, JK, NM, SK, DAVID MULLEN	LV LM	/	6	8		
25	"	"	LFPB	JFK		303	JE, NM, JK, SK, DM	LV LM		7	6		
25	"	"	JFK	JAX		304		LV LM		2	1		
29	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEB		1729		LV		2	6		
29	"	"	TEB	PBI		1730	JE, JK, NM, NATALIE	LV		2	3		
1	"	"	PBI	TEST		1731	JE, NM	LV	✓/✓	2	6		
1	BHT-467	N491C-M	TEST	LJS				LV					
1	"	"	LJS	TEST				LV					
2	G-1159B	N909JE	TEST	TEB		1732	JE, NM	LV		4	0		
7	G-1159B	SEMULTEC	DFW	DFW			STEEL TURN, STALL, JET UPSET, ICEING SE. ILS ABORT, ENGINE FIRE HOLDING, HIGH ALTITUDE ABORTS, EMERGENCY DESCENT, IEO			4	0		
8	"	"	"	"			NORMAN REMBLE			4	0		
9	"	N909JE	PBI	TEB		1734	JE, SK	PIA TRUSSELL	✓	2	7		
10	"	"	TEB	PBI		1735	JE, SK	PIA TRUSSELL		2	4		
14	"	"	PBI	ABY		1736	JE, NM, SK, TD, VC	LV		1	3		
14	"	"	ABY	TEB		1737	JE, NM, SK, TD, VC	LV		2	1		
16	"	"	TEB	BED		1738	JE, ANDREA	LV	✓/✓	8			
16	"	"	BED	TEB		1739	JE, ANDREA	LV		8			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodriguez

Page Total	4/3	51	0		
Amount Forward	6703 6399	9587	4	3	127
Total to Date	6197 6402	9638	4	3	128

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER
2004 NOV 18	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	PBI		1740	JE, JK, NM, SK, DM, ANDREA	LV			
20	B-727-31H	N908JE	JAX ^(INC. ATD) _{ADP}	JAX		305		LV LM	✓	23	
20	"	"	JAX	PBI		306		LV LM	✓	26	
23	"	"	PBI	TEST		307	JE, NM, SK, DM, SUSAN HAMBLEN	LV LM	✓	10	
26	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEST		1741	GM, JK	LV LM	✓	23	
28	B-727-31H	N908JE	TEST	JFK		308	JE, GM, JK, NM, SK, DM, SH	LV LM	✓	24	
DEC 3	"	"	JFK	PBI		309	JE, NM, SK, SH, ADRIANA	LV LM	✓	40	
14	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MED	MED			HANK COLLIER - INSTRUCTOR			28	
15	"	"	"	"			HANK COLLIER - INSTRUCTOR			10	
15	"	"	"	"			HANK COLLIER WILLIAM JESU			17	
21	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEST		1745	REY BALANA - INSTRUCTOR JE, SK, NM, GM STEVE COSTER			17	
29	"	"	TEST	TNCM		1746	JE, NM, SK	LV	✓	23	
29	"	"	TNCM	TEST		1747	JE, NM, SK	LV		7	
30	BHT-407	N491GM	TEST-LST	TEST				LV		7	
30	"	"	LST	TEST				LV			
2005 JAN	G-1159B	N909JE	TEST	TQPF		1748	JE, JLB, SK, DM, NM MADETTA BJORLEN, ZENTA BROOKS	LV	✓	6	
1	"	"	TQPF	PBI		1749	JE, DM, JLB, NM, SK, ZB	LV	✓	32	
3	"	"	PBI	TEB		1750	JE, DM, GM, NM, SK	LV		27	
6	"	"	TEB	PBI		1751	JE, DANA	LV		27	

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	7/5	355			13
Amount Forward	6787 1402	9639	4	33	128
Total to Date	6794 6407	9673	9	33	129

Date 40 2015	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AERIAL	GLIDER	11.11.11
JAN 29	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	RSW		1752	LV				
8	"	"	RSW	PBI		1753	LV	1/1	6		
11	B-727-311H	N908JE	PBI	TEST		310	JE, NM, SK				
14	"	"	TEST	PBI		311	JE, NM, SK		25		
27	"	"	PBI	TEST		315	JE, NM, ANDRICA		28		
31	"	"	TEST	JFK		316	JE, NM, SK, DB, ANDREA MUNCEWICZ		23		
FEB 3	"	"	JFK	CMH		317	JE, DM, JLB, NM, SK, DANA BURD		38		
3	"	"	CMH	PBI		318	JE, DM, JLB, NM, SK	1/1	14		
7	"	"	PBI	JFK		319	JE, DM, NM, SK		22		
10	G-1154B	N909JE	PBI	PBI		1754	NEEL, BEGGEN PETE RATHGANS		25		
19	"	"	PBI	TEST		1755	COLLEEN	GR 1/1	11		
19	"	"	TEST	PBI		1756	GM, EVA ANDERSSON, COLLEEN + MITT DUBEN, CRESCENCIA VALDEZ	GR 1/1	24		
24	B-727-311H	N908JE	PBI	PBI		324	BILL HAMMOND	EV	27		
MAR 1	"	"	PBI	JFK		325	JE, NM, ANDRICA, MILENSKY, DB, DM	LV 1/1	5		
6	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MEA	MEA			HOLDING: STEEP TURN, STALL, RTG, VI CUT, 2GO, 1GO, RICK MONVOR - EAST, RTG, STEEP TURN, STALL, 1GO, 2GO, RYBACZAKA CIRCULAR APPROACH, EVALUATION VRIEG		24		
7	"	"	MEA	MEA					20		
8	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	SAN		1754	GM BILL MURPHY	1/1	25		
13	"	"	SAN	MDW		1760	GM	BM 1/1	56		
14	"	"	MDW	TEB		1761	GM	BM 1/1	35		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodriguez

Page Total	9/6	43	1		
Amount Forward	6794 6401	9673	9	3	3 1241 11
Total to Date	6003 6413	9717	0	3	3 1241 4

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
19 2005												
MAR 24	B-727-31H	N908JE	JFK	TEST		333	JE, NM, SK, DB, DM	LV				
29	"	"	TEST	JFK		334	JE, NM, SK, DM, DB	BH				
31	"	"	JFK	PBI		335	JE, GM, DB	BH	✓			
APR 1	G-1159B	N909JE	SAV	PBI		1766		LV				
5	"	"	PBI	PDK		1767	G-M	LM				
5	"	"	PDK	TEB		1768	G-M	LV	✓			
6	B-727-31H	N908JE	PBI	JFK		336	JE, DB, DM, SK ADRIANA MUCLENSKA	LV	✓			
29	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEST		1773	JE, AM, NM, VC ADRIANA MUCLENSKA	LM	✓			
MAY 4	"	"	TEST	TEB		1774	JE, AM, NM, VC	LV				
6	"	"	TEB	PBI		1775	JE, AM, DM, NM, SK	BH	✓			
10	"	"	PBI	TEB		1776	JE, DB, DM, SK	LM LV				
12	B-727-31H	N908JE	JFK	TEST		339	JE, AM, DM, NM, DB	LV	✓			
16	"	"	TEST	JFK		340	JE, NM, DB, DM, AM	BH	✓			
19	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	PBI		1777	JE, AM, SK	LV				
24	"	"	PBI	TEB		1778	JE, AM, SK	BH	✓			
JUN 1	"	"	PBI	TEB		1779	JE, AM, SK	LV				
15	B-727-200	SEMULASER	MIA	MIA			RICK MOUNAR - INSTRUCTOR	LV	✓			
15	"	"	"	"			REY BARZANA - V REDE					
JUN 27	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	PBI		1786	JE, DB, SK	LV	✓			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodger

Page Total	10/6	50		
Amount Forward	6803 6413	9717	0	33 12 14
Total to Date	6813 6419	9767	4	33 12 14

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					PROP	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
49 2015 JUL 5	G-1191B	N409JE	PBI	TEB		1787	JE, AM, SK	LV		25		
10	"	"	TIST	TEB		1787	JE, AM, DB, NM	BH	1/1	40		
18	"	"	PBI	TEB		1792	JE, DB, SK	LV	1/1	26		
20	"	"	TEB	BKL		1793	GM, IAN	JIM POWD	1/1	12		
20	"	"	BKL	TEB		1794	GM, IAN	JIM POWD	1/1	12		
22	"	"	TEB	PBI		1795	JE, SK, DB, TATIANNNA	BH		25		
25	"	"	PBI	TEB		1796	JE, SK, DB, TATIANNNA	BH	1/1	26		
28	"	"	TEB	TIST		1797	JE, NM, JK	BH	1/1	39		
AUG 1	"	"	TIST	TEB		1798	JE, JK, NM	BH	1/1	38		
2	"	"	TEB	SAF		1799	JE, SK, DB, AM, ALEX, NATALIE, SEMOVA, TATIANNNA	BH	1/1	36		
18	"	"	TEB	PBI		1802	JE, AM, MR + MRS, MULENSKA, NM, MS MULENSKA	LV	1/1	23		
22	"	"	PBI	TEB		1806	JE, NM	LV		25		
24	"	"	TEB	FDK		1807	JE, DB	LV	1/1	8		
24	"	"	FDK	TEB		1808	JE, DB	LV	1/1	8		
26	"	"	TEB	MVY		1809	JE, DB, SK, DM	LV		8		
26	"	"	MVY	TIST		1810	JE, DB, DM, SK	LV		33		
27	"	"	TIST	PBI		1811		LV	1/1	26		
SEP 5	"	"	PBI	TEB		1914	JE, DB, GM, AM	BH		24		
8	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MEA	MEA			HAL LEXO - INSTRUCTOR	LM		20		

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature

David Rodriguez

Page Total

12/11

454

Amount Forward

6813
6419

4767

4 3 3 12.9 4

Total to Date

6825
6430

4982

8 3 3 12.9 4

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...			
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GLIDER	HELICOPTER	
2005 SEP 9	B-727-200	SIMULATOR	MIA	MEAT								
11	G-1159B	N909JE	PBI	TEST		1816	LM ✓ RDC REY BARZANNA ✓ RDC LYNNER JE, AM, NM	LV	20			
13	"	"	TEST	TEB		1817	JE, AM, NM	BH	26			
14	"	"	TEB	BED		1818	JE, AM, SK	BH	38			
14	"	"	BED	HPN		1819	JE, AM, SK, LARRY SUMMERS	BH	8			
20	"	"	PBI	TEST		1821	JE, DB, SK, JIM	LV	8			
24	"	"	TEST	TEB		1822	JE, DB, SK, ALEX RESNICK, SANDY BURGER TATIANA SEMANOVA	LV	25			
25	"	"	TEB	CMH		1823	JE, NM, SK, PAUL HALSDORF	LV	37			
25	"	"	CMH	TEB		1824	JE, NM, SK	LV	14			
27	"	"	TEB	BED		1825	JE, AM, NM	LV	14			
27	"	"	BED	TEB		1826	JE, AM, NM	LV	8			
OCT 8	B-727-31H	N908JE	LCQ	LCQ		343	JE, AM, NM GEORGE GUYER	LV	10			
22	"	"	TEST	JFK		348	JE, AM, NM	BH	17			
NOV 2	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	BED		1834	JE, GM, SK, TATIANNIA, DB	LV	37			
2	"	"	BED	OQU		1835	GM	LV	8			
2	"	"	OQU	BED		1836	GM	LV	5			
2	"	"	BED	TEB		1837	JE, DB, GM, SK, TATIANNIA	LV	5			
3	B-727-31H	N908JE	JFK	TEST		351	JE, NM, SK	LV	9			
8	"	"	TEST	JFK		352	JE, ANDREA METROVICH, NM, SK, CRISTALIG WASHIG LOUIE ZANOVICH, CHAZELINT	LV BH LM	44			

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	5/4	372		
Amount Forward	6925 6430	98128	33	12.11
Total to Date	6930 6434	98500	33	12.11

Date	Aircraft Make and Model	Aircraft Identification Mark	Points of Departure & Arrival		Miles Flown	Flight No.	Remarks, Procedures, Maneuvers, Endorsements	Number of Landings	Aircraft Category...		
			From	To					AIRPLANE	GROUND	HELICOPTER
2005 Nov 12	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	TIST			JE, ADRIAN MUCENSKA ICAR ZENOVEW, NM, VC, MARK TACOP BH				
16	"	"	TIST	TEB		1833	JE, AM, NM		3	4	
17	"	"	TEB	BED		1840	JE, AM, AM		3	8	
17	"	"	BED	CYUL		1841	ALAN DERSHOWITZ	1/1		8	
17	"	"	CYUL	BED		1842	ALAN DERSHOWITZ	1/1		9	
17	"	"	BED	TEB		1843	JE, AM, AD, TATEANNA			8	
19	B-727-31H	N908JE	JFK	TIST		353	JE, NM, SK			9	
20	"	"	TIST	TAPA		354	JE, NM, SK, TATEANNA KOVYLENA		3	5	
20	"	"	TAPA	TIST		355	JE, NM, SK, TATEANNA KOVYLENA	1/1		8	
28	"	"	TIST	JFK		356	JE, AM, IZ, MARK TACOP, TATEANNA SEMENOVA, JUAN MOLYNEUX	1/1		8	
30	G-1159B	N909JE	TEB	BED		1844	JE, AM, NM			3	9
30	"	"	BED	TEB		1845	JE, AM, NM			8	
DEC 10	"	SIMULATOR	DFW	DFW			HOLDING, STEEP TURNS, STOL, SETBACK, NO FLAP LANDING, AUTOCHECKOUT			9	
11	"	"	"	"			RTD, EMERGENCY DESCENT, VL CUT, WINDY SHEAR, NO FLAP LANDING			2	5
21	"	N909JE	TEB	BED		1852	GM	2/2		2	0
21	"	"	BED	TIST		1853	GM, LARRY + LISA SUMMERS			9	
2006 Jan 15	"	"	TIST	BED		1854	JE, NM		3	8	
16	"	"	BED	TEB		1855	JE, NM	1/1		3	8
19	"	"	TEB	SAF		1856	JE, GM, IZ, NM, SK			1	0
										4	5

I certify that the statements made by me on this form are true.

Pilot's Signature David Rodgers

Page Total	7/6	39	8		
Amount Forward	6830 6434	9850	0	3	3 12 1 1
Total to Date	6837 6440	9889	8	3	3 12 1 4

EXHIBIT 3

PART 1

MESSIEGE BOOK #1

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/27/05 TIME 10:18 AM PM

M _____

OF Ms. Maxwell

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She is home

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/26/05 TIME 4:40 AM PM

M Geon Luc

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE no phone #

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please!
Call him

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeff. w

DATE 2/28/05 TIME 12:30 AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She is working
if 2:30 is ok
we are needs to
stay in school

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeff. w

DATE 2/27/05 TIME 07:41 AM PM

M Geon Luc

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE That he
called back

SAO01067

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 02/07/05 TIME 10:12 A.M. P.M.
 M. Satin

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 310 463 5759

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That ~~star~~
she returned your
call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 2/28/05 TIME 12:40 A.M. P.M.
 M. Lauren Cameron

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 1917 742 9892

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Please call her
back she would
like to speak
with you

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 03/01/05 TIME 10:11 A.M. P.M.
 M. Cecilia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
She had Mr.
Erlik on the
phone

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 03/01/05 TIME 10:00 A.M. P.M.
 M. Eva

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That she called

SIGNED _____

SAO01068

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 03/01/05 TIME 10:12 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M. Sofia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 310 463 5759

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE That ~~star~~
she returned your
call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 2/22/05 TIME P:40 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M. Laurie Jameson

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 1917 742 9892

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Thous' call her
back she would
like to speak
with you

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 03/01/05 TIME 10:11 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M. Adria

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She had Mr.
Exite on the
phone

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 03/01/05 TIME 10:00 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M. Eva

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE That she called

SIGNED _____

SAO01069

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 03/05/05 TIME 02:30 A.M. P.M.
 M. Debra Paula
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 518 2484

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She is at the
Brokers Hotel

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Douglas
 DATE _____ TIME 10:40 A.M. P.M.
 M. Helen
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call
her as soon as
you have time.

SIGNED LER 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/05/05 TIME 03:40 A.M. P.M.
 M. Les from Columbus
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE You have it

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call him
back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Douglas
 DATE 2/2 TIME 10:00 A.M. P.M.
 M. Cecilia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call
her at the office

SIGNED LER SA001070 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/6/05 TIME 03:00 AM
 M. Mort Zuckerman

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 750 1900

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Returning your phone call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/06/05 TIME 11:40 AM
 M. Clara

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 914 669 4651

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That he called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 3/7/05 TIME 7:30 AM
 M. Dr. Moskowitz

OF office
 PHONE/MOBILE 833-6116

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Do you want to see him?

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Ms. M. Maxwell
 DATE 3/06/05 TIME 9:01 AM
 M. Bruce

OF Farm The Island
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Left his cell #
340-771-1339

SIGNED _____ SAO01071 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/18/05 TIME 04:20 A.M. P.M.
 M. Helen

OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She had Nam San on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE _____ TIME 09:47 A.M. P.M.
 M. Era Anderson

OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE That she called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/18/05 TIME 06:15 A.M. P.M.
 M. Tatum

OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She can be tomorrow here from 2pm to whenever.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/18/05 TIME 4:21 A.M. P.M.
 M. Sarah

OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Is it ok if " will come at 5 ~~pm~~?

SIGNED _____ SA001072 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. Jeff

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 212-744-0770

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Just calling to check in

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 3/18/05 TIME 7:33 A.M. P.M.

M. Tatum

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 1561 684-6642

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please! Call her

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 3/19/05 TIME 11:36 A.M. P.M.

M. Larry Visocki

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917 8686145

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Tom from Midnight Express is at the Convention Center with new boat. They are 2 parts of ship on the water and at the Center.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 3/19/05 TIME 8:26 A.M. P.M.

M. Tatum

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 684-6642

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01073

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

151
972 527 1080
972 544 986 337

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 3/19/05 TIME 11:40 AM PM

M Celina

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

That she is calling back.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 3/21/05 TIME 3:30 AM PM

M Jean-Luc

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 3/19/05 TIME 2:34 AM PM

M Alisia

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE _____

SAO01074

SIGNED OER 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 5/30/05 TIME 7:35 ^{AM}~~PM~~

M Eva, Celina, Jordan

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah, Adriana

DATE 3/31/05 TIME 8:40 ^{AM}~~PM~~

M Julie

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED ∞ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 3/31/05 TIME 3:31 ^{AM}~~PM~~

M Glen

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE 917 748 8292

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE That he called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 3/21/05 TIME 5:20 ^{AM}~~PM~~

M Nadia

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Would like you to call her

SIGNED ∞ SA001075 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jack

DATE 6/2 TIME 12:35 A.M. P.M.

M Friday

OF
PHONE/
MOBILE

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU*		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SIGNED 9 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Adriana

PHONE/
MOBILE 313 716 7132

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
What time do
you want her
to come
2

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01076

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E
DATE 6/10/05 TIME 5:07 ^{AM} _{PM}
M. Mark Saks

OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE (917) 716-9111

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E
DATE 6/10/05 TIME 10:32 ^{AM} _{PM}
M. Svetlana

OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE (917) 774-3061

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____
DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
M. _____

OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E
DATE _____ TIME 11:45 ^{AM} _{PM}
M. Vanessa Modoly

OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE 262 262 284738

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01077

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah

DATE 6-18-05 TIME 3:10 A.M. P.M.

M Heather

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.

DATE 6/13/05 TIME 10:58 A.M. P.M.

M G. M.

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please call her back

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 6/12/05 TIME 12:05 A.M. P.M.

M Jody Goldsmith

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 772

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 6/11/05 TIME 12:05 A.M. P.M.

M Coleen

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

SAO01078

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.

DATE 6/19/05 TIME 3:13 ^{AM}/_{PM}

M. Stephanie Burns

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (310) 212-9940

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.

DATE 6/19/05 TIME 10:20 ^{AM}/_{PM}

M. Jean-Luc

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 6/19/05 TIME 7:15 ^{AM}/_{PM}

M. Adriana

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED L. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah

DATE 6/19/05 TIME 10:45 ^{AM}/_{PM}

M. Dr Barth

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 302-1844

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE: Please, let him know if 10 AM tomorrow will be good time for him to come.

SIGNED J. 1184

SAO01079

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____
DATE _____ TIME _____ AM/PM

M _____
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 6/20/05 TIME 2:55 AM/PM

M Dr. Jarecki
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein
DATE 7/1/05 TIME 2:15 AM/PM

M Tatiana
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

2

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein
DATE 7/1/05 TIME 2:34 AM/PM

M Jim Daly
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
212-837-2375

SAO01080

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 7/4/05 TIME 6:25 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M _____
 OF G.M.
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 7/4/05 TIME 7:20 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Tatiana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED T 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE G- TIME 12:30 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She called Eduardo
he's going to have
dinner w/ him - he's not
going to Grand Prix -
but she told her to
call his secretary to
organize passes -

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE Tatyana TIME 10:35 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE called to say
goodnight

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01081

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 7/18/05 TIME 7:50 AM
M. Eva

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She is in Sweden

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 7/4/05 TIME 6:28 AM
M. _____

OF Nathalie
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 7/05 TIME 7:05 AM
M. Adriana

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
just about
to take off on
flight

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 7/5/05 TIME 2:15 AM
M. Ania

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE 646-436-9784

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SIGNED J. 1184

SAO01082

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 7/24/05 TIME 4:07 ^{AM} _{PM}
M Darwin

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 7/18/05 TIME 8:12 ^{AM} _{PM}
M Heather

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please!
Call her after
6:30 PM

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 7/24/05 TIME 10:10 ^{AM} _{PM}
M Darwin

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE 973/597-1165

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 7/24/05 TIME 4:07 ^{AM} _{PM}
M Daren

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

SAO01083

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 8/19/05 TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M Cecilia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Remanid you about conference call at 9 AM

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 25/07/05 TIME 11:45 A.M. P.M.

M from Wexner office

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Jim Lucas the head of the text department has answer on aircraft
His number is
614 415 1078

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JK

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Joanna

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She doesn't want to camp to the movies, but call her if you want a massage before or after the movie.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 9:05 A.M. P.M.

M G-

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She's at 7/5th
please call

SIGNED _____ SAO01084 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 8/19/05 TIME 4:12 P.M.

M. G.M.

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE she left message on answering machine.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 8/19/05 7:50 P.M.

DATE Adriana TIME _____

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE key to get information where he has to go to Hampton and how to meet this person? He can be reach on Tatiana cell phone.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF Savoh

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please don't butney work on Sunday @ 4.00 and @ 4.30

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 8/19/05 7:35 P.M.

DATE Adriana TIME _____

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE will be here tomorrow at 11:00 AM

SIGNED J. SAO01085 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF NADIA

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
I went to a store to buy food
I will be back @ 5:00

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Adriana

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Christina & _____ are confirmed

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Jenny

PHONE/MOBILE 917 330 1033

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF NADIA

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
The movie starts @ 7.15

SIGNED _____ 1184

SA001086

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/4 TIME 9:05 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Adriana
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE confirmed at 11:00 AM
1:30 PM - 4:30 PM

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jess Staly
 DATE 09/03/05 TIME 4:40 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/4/05 TIME 9:08 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Adriana
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE It is O.K. for Tatum to stop by and drop something.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Tatum
 DATE 09/03/05 TIME 4:40 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Jess Staly
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE 631 283 0188

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01088

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 9/10/05 TIME 11:16 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M G.M.

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Dana Butrus
got invitation

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 9/5/05 TIME 10:25 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M Brittney

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE 5:00 PM
is O.K. with her

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 9/10/05 TIME 11:16 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M G.M.

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Dana Butrus
got an invitation

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 9/8/05 TIME 4:30 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M Tatum

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Her new phone #
574-0400

SAO01090

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/10/05 TIME 12:50 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Celina
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Call her in North Salem

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/10/05 TIME 11:16 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M G.M.
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Dana Burns decline invitation

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M DANA
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE RETURNING YOUR CALL @ 12²⁰

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/10/05 TIME 1:15 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Adriana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Lauren confirm 4 PM

SIGNED J. SAO01091 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/10/05 TIME 5:40 ^{AM} ~~PM~~
 M Dana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE I went to Sarah and made her water bottle and I went work out with G.M.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____
 DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{AM} ~~PM~~
 M _____
 OF LADA
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE The UNFINISHED LIFE is not playing yet. I got tickets for the Broken Flowers @ 9:30

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/10/05 TIME 5:55 ^{AM} ~~PM~~
 M Adriana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She got messages she talk with Miles she will be at 12:30

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{AM} ~~PM~~
 M _____
 OF Douglas
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Asked Jim to call review the report reg. to floor. It takes several days to days...

SIGNED _____ SAO01092 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/11/05 TIME 9:15 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M. Adriana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE
I got a car for

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M. _____
 OF N
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE
Adriana hasn't confirmed
Julie for 11.00 yet so
she is keeping Britney
on hold in case Julie
doesn't call back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein
 DATE 9/11/05 TIME 10:01 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M. George Haldsmith
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

SIGNED L 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/10/05 TIME 10:10 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M. Adriana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE
Julie will be at
11:AM
Do you want me to
cancel Britney

SIGNED J. SAO01093 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 10/2/05 TIME 10:00 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Mr Goldsmith
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE cell. 772-971-1000

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/20/05 TIME 4:45 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Lary
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Global is at Jet Aviation.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 09/30/05 TIME 3:35 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Joan Liu
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE american cell

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE It's Sabat but he will make exception for you and he will answer phone when you call him back!!!

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah
 DATE 9/20/05 TIME 4:30 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Stephanie Butrus
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 646/414-6596 ^{X352}

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01094

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____ A.M.

DATE _____ TIME _____ P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 10/03/05 TIME 10:30 A.M.

M Julie

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE 801 3590

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____ A.M.

DATE _____ TIME _____ P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____ A.M.

DATE _____ TIME _____ P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01095

Phone Message Log to 

SAO01445

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/27/05 TIME 10:18 AM PM

M _____

OF Mrs. Maxwell

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She is home

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/26/05 TIME 4:40 AM PM

M Geon Luc

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE no phone #

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please!
Call him

SIGNED J. 1184

COPY

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Teffy

DATE 2/28/05 TIME 12:30 AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She is home today
if 2:30 is ok
she can't go to school

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Teffy

DATE 2/27/05 TIME 07:45 AM PM

M Geon Luc

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE that he
called back

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01446

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/18/05 TIME 04:20 AM ~~P.M.~~
 M Helen

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She had Tom Star
on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE _____ TIME 09:47 AM ~~P.M.~~
 M Eva Anderson

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
That she called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/18/05 TIME 06:15 AM ~~P.M.~~
 M _____

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She can be
tomorrow here from
2pm to whenever.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/18/05 TIME 4:21 AM ~~P.M.~~
 M Sarah

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Is it ok if
... will come
at 5 ~~pm~~?

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01447

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 8/19/05 TIME 4:12 ^{A.M.} ~~P.M.~~
 M G.M.
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE she left message on answering machine.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 8/19/05 7:50 ^{A.M.} ~~P.M.~~
 DATE Adriana TIME _____
 M _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE try to get information where he has to go to Hampton and how to meet this person? He can be reach on Tatiana cell phone

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{A.M.} ~~P.M.~~
 M _____
 OF Savah
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE can Britney work on Sunday @ 4.00 and @ 4.30

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 8/19/05 7:55 ^{A.M.} ~~P.M.~~
 DATE Adriana TIME _____
 M _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE will be here tomorrow at 11:00 AM

SIGNED J. SAO01448 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 8/23/05 TIME 2:18 A.M. P.M.

M Alicia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED L 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR TE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Sasha

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Call has been lost, please

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 8/22 TIME 4:21 A.M. P.M.

M Alicia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please call her

SIGNED L 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 8/21 TIME 11:39 A.M. P.M.

M Nadia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE I cannot work today. The Britney will be here at 2:00 pm.

SAO01449

SIGNED L 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/4 TIME 9:01 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Adriana

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jess Staley
 DATE 09/03/05 TIME 4:40 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M _____

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/4/05 TIME 9:08 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Adriana

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE It is O.K. for
Tatum to stop by
and drop something.

SIGNED T. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jess Staley
 DATE 09/03/05 TIME 4:40 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Jess Staley

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 631 283 0188

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01450

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 9/10/05 TIME 11:16 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M G.M.

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Dana Butus
got invitation

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR T.E.

DATE 9/5/05 TIME 10:25 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M Brittany

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
5:00 PM
is O.K. with her

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 9/10/05 TIME 11:16 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M G.M.

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Dana Butus
got an invitation

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 9/8/05 TIME 4:50 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M Tatum

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Her new phone #
574-0400

SAO01451

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 11/08/04 TIME 1:10 A.M. P.M.

M Katy?

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (917) 678-2772

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her.

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 11/08/04 TIME 1:15 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (561)

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

I have 2 female for him

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE Adriana M. TIME 11:45 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE _____ TIME 6:45 A.M. P.M.

M David Giosaf

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 4155866358

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SA001452

SIGNED _____ 1184

SC1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/13/04 TIME 9:36 AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 561-5611

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Just tell him that I called

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 12/14/04 TIME 5:3 AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Healy called hi: 561 308 0282

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 12/14/04 TIME _____ AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Called to demand you of all G's follow orders here in PR. (Should they come back to NY?)

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/16/04 TIME 2:23 AM PM

M _____

OF Dragon

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 379-5467

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

~~SAO01453~~

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/19/04 TIME 10:55 A.M. P.M.

M. David Coppok

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (560) 855-6110

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

I just want to
say hello

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/19/04 TIME 2:45 A.M. P.M.

M. Dillon

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (973) 537-1165

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please tell him
that I called

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/21/04 TIME 10:27 A.M. P.M.

M. Jess Stanley

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (212) 837-2375

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Returning your
cell

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR [Signature]

DATE 12/21/04 TIME 2:15 A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

... just
wake up -
on her way to pick
her up now, so
they will be late -
closer to 3pm -

SIGNED _____ SAO01454 1184

501184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR M. J. E

DATE 1/29/05 TIME 10:00 A.M.

M. Maria

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (917) 774-4452

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her.

SIGNED RZ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR M. J. E

DATE 1/29/05 TIME 10:10 A.M.

M. Cochz

OF Brazil

PHONE/MOBILE 00551183834951

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

This is her new call number. Please call her

SIGNED RZ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E

DATE 1/29/05 TIME 9:00 A.M.

M. Telcoz

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (501) 667-1972

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her back

SIGNED RZ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E

DATE 1/29/05 TIME 5:10 A.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (961) _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

I have 2 female for him

SIGNED RZ SAO01455 1184

501184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr Epstein

DATE 02/02/03 TIME 8:54 A.M. P.M.

M. BANU

OF _____

PHONE 310 498 3045
AREA CODE NUMBER EXTENSION

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Could you please call back, it's very important

SIGNED Evlyn

1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 01/02/03 TIME 16:30 A.M. P.M.

M. CAROLINE CASEY

OF _____

PHONE 889 5900
AREA CODE NUMBER EXTENSION

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED GWT

1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR GWT

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE _____
AREA CODE NUMBER EXTENSION

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Tammy phoned to confirm icatw

SIGNED _____

1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 01/02/03 TIME 21:06 A.M. P.M.

M. ANANDA

OF _____

PHONE 963 8470
AREA CODE NUMBER EXTENSION

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE WANTS TO KNOW IF SHE SHOULD RING HER FRIEND HOLLY WILKINSON TONIGHT

SIGNED M... ..

SAO01456

1184

Item # of BOOKS

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 4/24/14 TIME 5:11 AM P.M.

M. Tatum

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 640-7912

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE has girl for tonight

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein

DATE 4/24/14 TIME 5:29 AM P.M.

M. Mark Epstein

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Call me in New York

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein

DATE 4/24/14 TIME 5:29 AM P.M.

M. Mark Epstein

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 410-255-8228

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Will be available at this number for 30 min. otherwise tomorrow 9 AM - 1:00 PM

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 4/24/14 TIME 12:30 AM P.M.

M. Dr. Moushwitz

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE 561 346 6269

SIGNED _____ SA001457 1184

SC1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME 4:57 P.M. A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Tatum is available at 9:00

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 175 MEXICO

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M LARRY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917-868-6145

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Returning call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MIR ESTHER

DATE 4/25/04 TIME 7:00 A.M. P.M.

M EVA DUBIN

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 414-669-4651

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01458

SCH184 7001

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89
90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
108
109
110
111
112
113
114
115
116
117
118
119
120
121
122
123
124
125
126
127
128
129
130
131
132
133
134
135
136
137
138
139
140
141
142
143
144
145
146
147
148
149
150
151
152
153
154
155
156
157
158
159
160
161
162
163
164
165
166
167
168
169
170
171
172
173
174
175
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
183
184
185
186
187
188
189
190
191
192
193
194
195
196
197
198
199
200
201
202
203
204
205
206
207
208
209
210
211
212
213
214
215
216
217
218
219
220
221
222
223
224
225
226
227
228
229
230
231
232
233
234
235
236
237
238
239
240
241
242
243
244
245
246
247
248
249
250
251
252
253
254
255
256
257
258
259
260
261
262
263
264
265
266
267
268
269
270
271
272
273
274
275
276
277
278
279
280
281
282
283
284
285
286
287
288
289
290
291
292
293
294
295
296
297
298
299
300
301
302
303
304
305
306
307
308
309
310
311
312
313
314
315
316
317
318
319
320
321
322
323
324
325
326
327
328
329
330
331
332
333
334
335
336
337
338
339
340
341
342
343
344
345
346
347
348
349
350
351
352
353
354
355
356
357
358
359
360
361
362
363
364
365
366
367
368
369
370
371
372
373
374
375
376
377
378
379
380
381
382
383
384
385
386
387
388
389
390
391
392
393
394
395
396
397
398
399
400
401
402
403
404
405
406
407
408
409
410
411
412
413
414
415
416
417
418
419
420
421
422
423
424
425
426
427
428
429
430
431
432
433
434
435
436
437
438
439
440
441
442
443
444
445
446
447
448
449
450
451
452
453
454
455
456
457
458
459
460
461
462
463
464
465
466
467
468
469
470
471
472
473
474
475
476
477
478
479
480
481
482
483
484
485
486
487
488
489
490
491
492
493
494
495
496
497
498
499
500
501
502
503
504
505
506
507
508
509
510
511
512
513
514
515
516
517
518
519
520
521
522
523
524
525
526
527
528
529
530
531
532
533
534
535
536
537
538
539
540
541
542
543
544
545
546
547
548
549
550
551
552
553
554
555
556
557
558
559
560
561
562
563
564
565
566
567
568
569
570
571
572
573
574
575
576
577
578
579
580
581
582
583
584
585
586
587
588
589
590
591
592
593
594
595
596
597
598
599
600
601
602
603
604
605
606
607
608
609
610
611
612
613
614
615
616
617
618
619
620
621
622
623
624
625
626
627
628
629
630
631
632
633
634
635
636
637
638
639
640
641
642
643
644
645
646
647
648
649
650
651
652
653
654
655
656
657
658
659
660
661
662
663
664
665
666
667
668
669
670
671
672
673
674
675
676
677
678
679
680
681
682
683
684
685
686
687
688
689
690
691
692
693
694
695
696
697
698
699
700
701
702
703
704
705
706
707
708
709
710
711
712
713
714
715
716
717
718
719
720
721
722
723
724
725
726
727
728
729
730
731
732
733
734
735
736
737
738
739
740
741
742
743
744
745
746
747
748
749
750
751
752
753
754
755
756
757
758
759
760
761
762
763
764
765
766
767
768
769
770
771
772
773
774
775
776
777
778
779
780
781
782
783
784
785
786
787
788
789
790
791
792
793
794
795
796
797
798
799
800
801
802
803
804
805
806
807
808
809
810
811
812
813
814
815
816
817
818
819
820
821
822
823
824
825
826
827
828
829
830
831
832
833
834
835
836
837
838
839
840
841
842
843
844
845
846
847
848
849
850
851
852
853
854
855
856
857
858
859
860
861
862
863
864
865
866
867
868
869
870
871
872
873
874
875
876
877
878
879
880
881
882
883
884
885
886
887
888
889
890
891
892
893
894
895
896
897
898
899
900
901
902
903
904
905
906
907
908
909
910
911
912
913
914
915
916
917
918
919
920
921
922
923
924
925
926
927
928
929
930
931
932
933
934
935
936
937
938
939
940
941
942
943
944
945
946
947
948
949
950
951
952
953
954
955
956
957
958
959
960
961
962
963
964
965
966
967
968
969
970
971
972
973
974
975
976
977
978
979
980
981
982
983
984
985
986
987
988
989
990
991
992
993
994
995
996
997
998
999
1000

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Latina

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 577-5896

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH

DATE 1-12-2004 TIME 3:55 A.M. P.M.

M 30 30

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917 775 4500

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE CALLED SAYING

SOMEONE CALLED

FROM PALM BEACH

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Latina

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She'll be here

at 5:30

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Ms. Haxwell

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SAO01460

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH LIN

DATE 07/10/14 TIME 6:33 A.M. P.M.

M

OF RA6HU

PHONE/MOBILE 516 771 1144

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE PL CALL
7/11/14

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M CICILIA (OFFICE)

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 212 759 1176

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH

DATE 7/9/14 TIME 11:31 A.M. P.M.

M MILEC

OF LESLIE (NYC)

PHONE/MOBILE 303 772 4488

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE HE IS WORKING
PLEASE CALL HIM
BACK TO NYC
HELP

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 7/9/14 TIME 7:50 A.M. P.M.

M MICHAEL

OF TATUM

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE "BRITNEY IS
AVAILABLE ON TUESDAY
NO ONE FOR TOMORROW

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01461

801184 1001

SC1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 7/17/04 TIME 10 A.M. 10 P.M.

M George Jeostalby

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH

DATE 7/17/04 TIME 8:02 A.M. 02 P.M.

M _____

OF GEORGE

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE "I AM JET-LAG AND NODDING OFF. JUST SAY I CALLED HER."

SIGNED Ru 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 7/17/04 TIME 6:55 A.M. 55 P.M.

M _____

OF TATUM

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 201 0237

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE 'ME & C... CAN COME TOMORROW ANY TIME OR TATUM ALONE

SIGNED Ru 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH OR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 07/17/04 TIME 6:45 A.M. 45 P.M.

M C... ..

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (561) ...

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE ' WAS IN A CAR ACCIDENT ON HER WAY SO CAN NOT COME. SHE JUST GOT BACK

SIGNED Ru 1184

SAO01462

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89
90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
108
109
110
111
112
113
114
115
116
117
118
119
120
121
122
123
124
125
126
127
128
129
130
131
132
133
134
135
136
137
138
139
140
141
142
143
144
145
146
147
148
149
150
151
152
153
154
155
156
157
158
159
160
161
162
163
164
165
166
167
168
169
170
171
172
173
174
175
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
183
184
185
186
187
188
189
190
191
192
193
194
195
196
197
198
199
200
201
202
203
204
205
206
207
208
209
210
211
212
213
214
215
216
217
218
219
220
221
222
223
224
225
226
227
228
229
230
231
232
233
234
235
236
237
238
239
240
241
242
243
244
245
246
247
248
249
250
251
252
253
254
255
256
257
258
259
260
261
262
263
264
265
266
267
268
269
270
271
272
273
274
275
276
277
278
279
280
281
282
283
284
285
286
287
288
289
290
291
292
293
294
295
296
297
298
299
300
301
302
303
304
305
306
307
308
309
310
311
312
313
314
315
316
317
318
319
320
321
322
323
324
325
326
327
328
329
330
331
332
333
334
335
336
337
338
339
340
341
342
343
344
345
346
347
348
349
350
351
352
353
354
355
356
357
358
359
360
361
362
363
364
365
366
367
368
369
370
371
372
373
374
375
376
377
378
379
380
381
382
383
384
385
386
387
388
389
390
391
392
393
394
395
396
397
398
399
400
401
402
403
404
405
406
407
408
409
410
411
412
413
414
415
416
417
418
419
420
421
422
423
424
425
426
427
428
429
430
431
432
433
434
435
436
437
438
439
440
441
442
443
444
445
446
447
448
449
450
451
452
453
454
455
456
457
458
459
460
461
462
463
464
465
466
467
468
469
470
471
472
473
474
475
476
477
478
479
480
481
482
483
484
485
486
487
488
489
490
491
492
493
494
495
496
497
498
499
500
501
502
503
504
505
506
507
508
509
510
511
512
513
514
515
516
517
518
519
520
521
522
523
524
525
526
527
528
529
530
531
532
533
534
535
536
537
538
539
540
541
542
543
544
545
546
547
548
549
550
551
552
553
554
555
556
557
558
559
560
561
562
563
564
565
566
567
568
569
570
571
572
573
574
575
576
577
578
579
580
581
582
583
584
585
586
587
588
589
590
591
592
593
594
595
596
597
598
599
600
601
602
603
604
605
606
607
608
609
610
611
612
613
614
615
616
617
618
619
620
621
622
623
624
625
626
627
628
629
630
631
632
633
634
635
636
637
638
639
640
641
642
643
644
645
646
647
648
649
650
651
652
653
654
655
656
657
658
659
660
661
662
663
664
665
666
667
668
669
670
671
672
673
674
675
676
677
678
679
680
681
682
683
684
685
686
687
688
689
690
691
692
693
694
695
696
697
698
699
700
701
702
703
704
705
706
707
708
709
710
711
712
713
714
715
716
717
718
719
720
721
722
723
724
725
726
727
728
729
730
731
732
733
734
735
736
737
738
739
740
741
742
743
744
745
746
747
748
749
750
751
752
753
754
755
756
757
758
759
760
761
762
763
764
765
766
767
768
769
770
771
772
773
774
775
776
777
778
779
780
781
782
783
784
785
786
787
788
789
790
791
792
793
794
795
796
797
798
799
800
801
802
803
804
805
806
807
808
809
810
811
812
813
814
815
816
817
818
819
820
821
822
823
824
825
826
827
828
829
830
831
832
833
834
835
836
837
838
839
840
841
842
843
844
845
846
847
848
849
850
851
852
853
854
855
856
857
858
859
860
861
862
863
864
865
866
867
868
869
870
871
872
873
874
875
876
877
878
879
880
881
882
883
884
885
886
887
888
889
890
891
892
893
894
895
896
897
898
899
900
901
902
903
904
905
906
907
908
909
910
911
912
913
914
915
916
917
918
919
920
921
922
923
924
925
926
927
928
929
930
931
932
933
934
935
936
937
938
939
940
941
942
943
944
945
946
947
948
949
950
951
952
953
954
955
956
957
958
959
960
961
962
963
964
965
966
967
968
969
970
971
972
973
974
975
976
977
978
979
980
981
982
983
984
985
986
987
988
989
990
991
992
993
994
995
996
997
998
999
1000

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF SARAH

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE George's flight was cancelled..
She would like you to call her back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH

DATE 7/19/14 TIME 7.52 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF GLEN DUEIN

PHONE/MOBILE 212 238 4544

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE "PL. CALL BACK"

SIGNED ku 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 7/19/14 TIME 3:00 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF TATUM

PHONE/MOBILE 561 201 0237

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE " IS IT OK TO TAKE A TAXI"

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 4:30 A.M. P.M.

M ZERO

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE They are replacing the board & everything should be fixed & running by Cap Knight

SIGNED _____ SAO01463 1184

1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JEFFREY

DATE AUG 2 TIME 12:45 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M. TATUM & RYANNA

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 201-6237

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE THEY ARE AVAILABLE ALL WEEKEND AND ~~BEING~~ MAYBE DANA TOO

SIGNED NICKIE HORSE 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 7/25/04 TIME 5:02 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M. _____

OF SNYDER

PHONE/MOBILE 914 763 9167

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE "RETURNING YOUR CALL"

SIGNED Ru 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARA

DATE AUG 2 TIME 2:00 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M. NICKIE HORSE

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE Nickie Horse 201-6237

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Please call IN REFERENCE TO ~~some~~ the framed photo I moved them over Mr Maxwell's request.

SIGNED NICKIE HORSE 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 7/25/04 TIME 1:48 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M. _____

OF MS MAXWELL

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE "TELL HIM TO CALL ME"

SIGNED M 1184

SAO01464

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE MR TIME 11 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF MS BRYWELL

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 7:30 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Brittany

PHONE/MOBILE 662-3098

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She said if she could drive probably before she had to after 4:00 (6:30 or 7:00) coz she has birthday dinner with her grandpa

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE she will see you at 7:30

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR Epstein

DATE _____ TIME 2:18 A.M. P.M.

M Manuela

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She said that she had had messages & said that she's sorry for not seeing you in California

SIGNED _____ SAO01465 1184

501184 10/01

EXHIBIT 3

PART 2

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE Cecilia

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF 718-1921

PHONE/MOBILE EMAIL for tomorrow

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE HE WANTS TO
CONFER at 11:00
tomorrow

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF TATUM

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE AF - AN, ETC
NOT AVAILABLE
PLS CALL

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MIL. HSEIN

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF TATUM

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE TAMIKA CANT DO
IT TOMORROW 4:30
BUT VIVIAN'S
AVAILABLE

SIGNED _____ SAO01466 1184

8011841001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE _____ TIME 4:30 A.M. P.M.

M. Julie

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE wondering if she can work tomorrow

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE _____ TIME 9:17 A.M. P.M.

M. DR JERACKY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 212 986 1440

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Returning your call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE _____ TIME 8:07 A.M. P.M.

M. LAIYA DONFKY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 561 252 4639

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Her mother and your mother were best friends and she wants to speak w/you

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE _____ TIME 7:05 A.M. P.M.

M. Svetlana

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917 774 3061

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO01468

1184 71

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 10/1/05 TIME 2:50 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Nadia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 10/1/05 TIME 9:50 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Sorain
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE ... confidential
at 11 AM
and ... - 4 PM

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 10/1/05 TIME 7:10 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M John Brockman
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE (212) 595-0208

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 10/1/05 TIME 10:15 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Tatum
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 574-0400

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J 1184

SAO01469

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 10/2/05 TIME 10:40 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Sarah
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Julie is sick and she can't come today

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 10/1/05 TIME 7:20 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Jerry Goldsmith
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein
 DATE Oct. 2.05 TIME 12:30 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Tatum
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

574-0400 (501)

SIGNED L 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 10/2/05 TIME 10:20 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Julie
 OF 301-3590
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SAO01470

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 10/3/05 TIME 2:50 A.M. P.M.
 M. Tila
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE (917) 603-2236

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 10/2/05 TIME 9:05 A.M. P.M.
 M. Sandy Berger
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE (516) 759-2661

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
Can you call him
at this # between
10:00 - 10:30 PM

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 10/3/05 TIME 4:10 A.M. P.M.
 M. Sarah
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Ashley will be
1/2 hour late

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

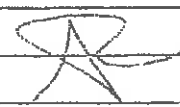
FOR Mr. J. Epstein
 DATE 10-2-05 TIME 12:30 A.M. P.M.
 M. Natalie
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____


TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	


MESSAGE _____

SAO01471

item 70

IMPORTANT MESSAGE			
FOR <u>Mr. J.E.</u>			
DATE <u>12/7/04</u>		TIME <u>6:15</u> <small>A.M.</small>	
M. <u>Tatum</u>			
OF _____			
PHONE/MOBILE <u>(561) 640-0239</u>			
TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	
MESSAGE _____			
<u>Pl 6236 call her</u>			
			
SIGNED _____			1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE			
FOR <u>Mr. J.E.</u>			
DATE <u>12/09/04</u>		TIME <u>7:05</u> <small>A.M.</small>	
M. <u>David Copperfield</u>			
OF _____			
PHONE/MOBILE _____			
TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	
MESSAGE _____			
<u>Just called to say</u>			
<u>hello</u>			
			
SIGNED _____			1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE			
FOR <u>Mr. J.E.</u>			
DATE <u>12/09/04</u>		TIME <u>7:10</u> <small>A.M.</small>	
M. <u>Anybody</u>			
OF <u>TEXACO Records</u>			
PHONE/MOBILE <u>1-888-274-5101 x3108</u>			
TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	
MESSAGE _____			
<u>This is in reference</u>			
<u>to his investment in</u>			
<u>Texaco, Record #3108</u>			
			
SIGNED _____			1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE			
FOR _____			
DATE _____		TIME _____ <small>A.M.</small>	
M. _____			
OF _____			
PHONE/MOBILE _____			
TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	
MESSAGE _____			
SAO01472			
SIGNED _____			1184

SC1184 1001

IN SAGE

FOR: Sarah

DATE: 12/19/09 TIME: 9:45 **AM** **P.M.**

M: _____

OF: _____

PHONE/MOBILE: (561) _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

Please call her to

set up time for tomorrow

SIGNED: [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR: J.E.

DATE: 1/12/05 TIME: 4:10 **AM** **P.M.**

M: Miciz

OF: _____

PHONE/MOBILE: (305) 588-8013

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

Please call her.

SIGNED: [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR: J.E.

DATE: 1/12/05 TIME: 4:25 **AM** **P.M.**

M: Mr Lawrence Krauss

OF: _____

PHONE/MOBILE: (216) 970-3496

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

He left a message

in NY office, and wants to

follow up the conversation.

SIGNED: [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR: J.E.

DATE: 1/12/05 TIME: 4:25 **AM** **P.M.**

M: Mr Lawrence Krauss

OF: _____

PHONE/MOBILE: (216) 970-3496

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

He left a message

in NY and wants to follow

up on the conversation.

SAO01473

SIGNED: [Signature] 1184

SC1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah

DATE 3/20/05 TIME 1:10 A.M. P.M.

M Halley

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Left her cell #

308-0282

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 3/18/05 TIME 8:05 A.M. P.M.

M Jeff Stoly

OF (212) 744-0770

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Ms. B. Maxwell

DATE 3/19/05 TIME 3:45 A.M. P.M.

M EMa

OF Spa The Breakers

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Appointment is at

9:30^{am} tomorrow.

Christine is not

available if its

okay to have

another person.

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 3/18/05 TIME 12:55 A.M. P.M.

M Sarah

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO01474

SIGNED T 1184

SC1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F.
 DATE 4/20/05 TIME 8:10 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M. Tatum
 OF _____
 PHONE/
 MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah
 DATE 4/20/05 TIME 1:10 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M. Tatum
 OF _____
 PHONE/
 MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Left her tel #
571-634-664

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F.
 DATE 4/28/05 TIME 9:05 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M. Jean Luc
 OF _____
 PHONE/
 MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE I need a big
favor. I hope
you will do it.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 4/26/05 TIME 7:10 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M. Mrs Mexler
 OF _____
 PHONE/
 MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

SAO01475

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 8/20/05 TIME 2:45 ^{AM} _{P.M.}
 M. Tony
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 561/790-5475

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 8/20/05 TIME 12:40 ^{AM} _{P.M.}
 M. Tatiana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please call me

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 8/20/05 TIME 8:50 ^{AM} _{P.M.}
 M. Adriana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Britney - confirmed
at 4 PM
Who is scheduled
for morning?
I believe Julie wants
to work.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 8/20/05 TIME 7:30 ^{AM} _{P.M.}
 M. Sarah
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

SAO01476

SC1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F.

DATE 9/3/05 TIME 8:50 A.M./P.M.

M Adriana

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE I left message for Ashley to confirm for 11:00 AM and Vanessa for 4:30 PM

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F.

DATE 8/22/05 TIME 9:20 A.M./P.M.

M Nicole

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F.

DATE 9/4/05 TIME 12:55 A.M./P.M.

M Brittney

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 662-3093

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She would like to reschedule her time.

SIGNED T. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F.

DATE 8/22/05 TIME _____ A.M./P.M.

M GM

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED T. 1184

SAO01477

#2

3 MESSAGE BOOKS

BK-1
BK-2
BK-3



SAO2826

OK #2

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 4/23/04 TIME 6:10 A.M. P.M.

M. MARK EPSTEIN

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE TH YOUR MOTHER

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR Maxwell

DATE 4/23/04 TIME 5:25 A.M. P.M.

M. hollen

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE Office

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. MARK EPSTEIN

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR Maxwell

DATE 4/23/04 TIME 5:37 A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SAO2827

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 4/24/04 TIME 5:11 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. Tatum

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 640-7912

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE has girl for tonight

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein

DATE 4/24/04 TIME 8:29 ^{AM} _{PM}

M.R. Mark Epstein

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Call me in New York

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 4/24/04 TIME 5:29 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. DR LADENSON

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 410-255-8228

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Will Be available At This Number For 30 min. Otherwise Tomorrow 9 AM - 1:00 PM

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME 1230 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. Dr. mouskwits

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE 561 346 6269

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2828

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME 4:56 ^{A.M.} _(P.M.)

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE: Tatum is available at 9:00

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mrs Maxwell

DATE 4/25/09 TIME 9:50 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}

M LARRY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917-868-6145

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE: Returning call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mrs Epstein

DATE 4/25/04 TIME 9:08 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}

M EVA DUBIN

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 914-669-4651

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO2829

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 6m

DATE 4/28/04 TIME 2:00 AM P.M.

M Martha

OF Colonial Bank

PHONE/MOBILE 653-5593

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MS. MAXWELL

DATE 04/25/04 TIME 6:55 AM P.M.

M MS. NECOLE HESSE

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 832 6777

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE RETURNIN YOUR CALL

SIGNED Rushie 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M AMY BIRSE

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 561-373-9042

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<u>X</u>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M Christaine

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE would be helpful to have ~~him~~ come to Palm Beach today to stay here and help train new staff with Christaine

SIGNED _____ SAO2830

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SENNITER

DATE 04.29 TIME 2:50 A.M. P.M.

M CHRISTOPHER

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE TUESDAY AM 8 AM

OK. PLEASE CALL

ON ~~THIS~~ HIS CELL

IF YOU NEED

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 05.02 TIME 4:15 A.M. P.M.

M TATUM

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE # 2010237

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 3:15 A.M. P.M.

M Cowlyn Archimmo

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 856-7647

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Kim wants to

work-

SAO2831

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 05/21/04
 DATE FOR MR EPSTEIN TIME 5:37 A.M. P.M.
 M JERRY GOLDSMITH

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 561 844 9715

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE ' PLEASE CALL ME ''

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN
 DATE _____ TIME 8:30 A.M. P.M.
 M SARAH

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE WILL CALL
BACK

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN
 DATE 05/21/04 TIME 4:38 A.M. P.M.
 M JOHANNA FJOBERG
 (F-561)
 PHONE/MOBILE 714 0546

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE " CALLED "
" CALL BACK "

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 05/21/04
 DATE TO MR EPSTEIN TIME 12:45 A.M. P.M.
 M _____
 OF CHRIS CONDOM (MS)
 PHONE/MOBILE Box 2 561 301 2211

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE CALLED

SAO2833

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME 1 A.M. P.M.

M. LARRY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917 868 6145

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE WHETHER MR EPSTEIN
WILL BE AVAILABLE
TO TEST DRIVE
A CAR AT 2:30PM.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 561-

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE CALLED

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 5.22.04 TIME 1.50 A.M. P.M.

M. S WEXNER

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE SITTING IN
THIRD PLACE

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 05/21/04 TIME 6.49 A.M. P.M.

M. JES STALEY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 212 744 0770

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE 'CALL ME'

SAO2834

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeff

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M JEFF STALEY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 212 744 0770

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE (CALLED)

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 6/5/04 TIME 2:13 A.M. P.M.

M SDECLANA

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917 774 3061

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE "CALLED"

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Jamie is

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2835

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M Ghislaine

OF called

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 06/06/04

DATE FOR MR EPSTEIN TIME 7.44 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF MS. MAXWELL

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE " CALLED BUT NOT VERY IMPORTANT "

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 06/11/04 TIME 1.48 A.M. P.M.

M FRANCIS WARD

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 346 1715

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE 'CALL BACK'

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 6/6/04 TIME 8.57 A.M. P.M.

M TONY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 790 5475

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE " WILL BE COMING AT 11 AM TODAY "

SAO2836

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME 1:00 A.M. P.M.

M Darren

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
He said that he got a call from Byron

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 7/6 TIME 8:00 A.M. P.M.

M DARREN

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 6/17/15 TIME 1:30 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF ~~Caroline~~ CAROLINE Ambrosio

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
I need a work I need cash I don't have money
Do you have some work for me?

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah

DATE _____ TIME 8:10 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Johanna

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2838

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 3/16/17 TIME 3:05 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M Progen

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
He said that
he got a call
from Byron

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 3/16/17 TIME 8:00 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M _____

OF TATUM/EPSTEIN

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She has a person
available for 4.00
Her name is Sabrina
Call her at
201.0231

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 3/17 TIME 12:10 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M _____

OF Mark Epstein

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Call him at
his cellphone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 3/17 TIME 2:00 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M _____

OF DARREN

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SAO2839

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 7.9.2004 TIME 7.30 A.M. P.M.

M. SCHANZ

OF

PHONE/MOBILE 516 791 0044

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
CALLED

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 7/9 TIME 6.45 A.M. P.M.

M. IVAN ROSH

OF

PHONE/MOBILE 914-393-1225

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH

DATE 7/9/04 TIME 10.36 A.M. P.M.

M. LESKIE (NY OFFICE)

OF

PHONE/MOBILE 203 972 4488

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
SHE IS WORKING FROM HOME TODAY PL CALL THE ABOVE # ASAP

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 7/9 TIME 6.05 A.M. P.M.

M. MAXWELL

OF WARREN

PHONE/MOBILE

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
PLEASE CALL WHEN POSSIBLE

SAO2840

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH IN

DATE 7/10/04 TIME 6:33 A.M. P.M.

M. SCHAND

OF RA6HU

PHONE/MOBILE 516 791 0044

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE PL CALL
(CALLED)

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME (9) A.M. P.M.

M. CECILIA (OFFICE)

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917 389 2176 25

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SARAH

DATE 7/9/04 TIME 10:36 A.M. P.M.

M. MILES

OF LESLIE (NY OFFICE)

PHONE/MOBILE 203 472 4488

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE SHE IS WORKING
FROM SECONALTD DAY
IL BEAR THE ABOVE
A HSTEP

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 7/9/04 TIME 7:50 A.M. P.M.

M. MAYDELL E

OF TATUM

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE "BRITNEY IS
AVAILABLE ON TUESDAY
NO ONE FOR TOMORROW

SAO2841

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 3/11/14 TIME 9:19 A.M. P.M.

M MANUELA

OF MANUELA

PHONE/MOBILE 511 711 444

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE ⁴ I LOOKED ON THE ELEVATION AND WE HAVE TO TALK ~~OR~~ BECAUSE OF THE MISTAKES~~AR~~ AROSE, NOW I AM GOING TO THE GYM AND WILL CALL LATER "

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 03/11/14 TIME 8:20 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF JOHN ELUICE

PHONE/MOBILE 30 712 4444

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE SAY I CALLED

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR THE

DATE _____ TIME 10:20 A.M. P.M.

M Mont Zuckerman

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 212 326 4011

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO2842

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 7/18/04 TIME 4:30 A.M. P.M.

M Glenn Dubin

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Will be home (NY) in 20 min - please call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr Epstein

DATE 7/18/04 TIME 3:00 A.M. P.M.

M ROGER

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (He has my #)

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE "TELL HIM I SENT ANOTHER ONE TO READ"

SIGNED Ru 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE 7/19/04 TIME 3:00 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF TATUM

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 201 0237

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE "IS IT OK TO TAKE A TAXI"

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein

DATE 07/17/04 TIME 2:48 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF PETER FROM LONDON

PHONE/MOBILE (DID NOT GIVE THE #)

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE "I AM RETURNING YOUR CALL"

SAO2843

SIGNED Ru 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR SE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF SARAH

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

• SHE LEFT MESSAGES FOR EVERYBODY

• SU

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 7/24 TIME 1:29 A.M. P.M.

M DR JARECKI

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 914 527 3254

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

WANTS TO TALK TO YOU.

SIGNED g 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSIEIN

DATE 7-24 TIME 1:39 A.M. P.M.

M SARAH

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

CALLED -

SAO2844

SIGNED _____ 1184

SC1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jo Jo
 DATE 8/16/04 TIME 12:00 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M _____
 OF Dave
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Arriving at
Customs at 8:15
Need: 2 vehicles
(5) people

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE _____ TIME 9:30 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Nadia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
will phone again
in 1/2 hr.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M _____
 OF EVA
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE _____ TIME 11:30 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Abegassman
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 818 8162

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2845

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR EPSTEIN

DATE 8/20/04 TIME 6:30 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (917) 774 4452

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE ALICIA CALLED

(917) 774 4452

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME 7:30 A.M. P.M.

M Polina

OF 1-917-612-3450

PHONE/MOBILE She's in the neighbor

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR DE

DATE _____ TIME 11:50 A.M. P.M.

M Darren - office

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO2846

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 8/20 TIME 9:40 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 512-...

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 8/20 TIME 9:40 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF 561-...

PHONE/MOBILE (...)

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 10:00 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Parren

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO2847

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JG

DATE 20 AUG TIME 9:10 AM P.M.

M _____

OF 312-1-23-11-1

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE CALLER

SHE WAS ALL THE INFO YOU NEED

CALL AT 631.537.9385

SIGNED Mianu 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JG

DATE 20 AUG TIME 8:66 AM P.M.

M _____

OF 312-1-23-11-1

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Text

CALL HER BACK

917.503.2296

SIGNED Mianu 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JG

DATE 20 AUG TIME 8:40 AM P.M.

M _____

OF 312-1-23-11-1

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Returns your call

917.204.4676

SIGNED SAO2848 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JG

DATE 20 AUG TIME 3:40 AM P.M.

M Christine

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE SHE LET LARRY GO

THE ONLY FLIGHT TO PB leaves

at 3:15

Not heard from Tom Ford

IF you call it means she will pick

up TF alone in the chopper

if you want to change please

SIGNED call GM back 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR ~~Sophie Biddle~~

DATE ~~Mar 10 2:45~~ TIME ~~2:45~~ A.M./P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE ~~...~~

SIGNED _____ 1:05 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR ~~J.E.~~

DATE ~~...~~ TIME ~~9:33~~ A.M./P.M.

M ~~Sarah~~

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She said she call everybody & left messages for everyone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. Epstein

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M./P.M.

M Sophie Biddle

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 310-463-5759

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE ~~...~~

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. Epstein

DATE _____ TIME 2:48 A.M./P.M.

M Manuela

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She said that Sophie did her messages & said that she's sorry for not seeing you in California

SIGNED _____ SAO2849 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR ~~MR. EPSTEIN~~

DATE ~~THU~~ ~~2:45~~ A.M. P.M.

M. ~~MS. MAYWELL~~

OF ~~MS. MAYWELL~~

PHONE/MOBILE

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE TIME 9:30 A.M. P.M.

M. Sarah

OF Brittany

PHONE/MOBILE 662-3598

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE She said if she can't come to her left before 4:00 or 4:00 or 4:00 coz she has birthday dinner w/ her grandpa

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE TIME A.M. P.M.

M. Sophie Biddle

OF

PHONE/MOBILE 310-463-5759

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE she will see you at 7:30

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE TIME 2:48 A.M. P.M.

M. Manuela

OF

PHONE/MOBILE

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE She said that Sophie got her messages & said that she's sorry for not seeing you in California

SIGNED _____ SAO2850 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Harvey

DATE 3/11 TIME 6:30 A.M. P.M.

M Harvey

OF Harvey

PHONE/MOBILE 212-941-3838

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE 3/11 TIME 9:20 A.M. P.M.

M Harvey

OF Harvey

PHONE/MOBILE 662-3098

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She said if she could call her next before she goes to work after her 6:30. You know she has to lay down with a headache

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR STE Epstein

DATE 3/11 TIME 6:00 A.M. P.M.

M Howard Gardner

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 617-547-6066

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She said that some of the cable staffs I saw that she's sorry for not being in California

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE _____ TIME 3:30 A.M. / P.M.

M. TONY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Andrea & Tony
will be here @
5pm -

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE _____ TIME 4:17 A.M. / P.M.

M. _____

OF JOHANNA

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
CALLED

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. EPSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. / P.M.

M. _____

OF LES A JESS

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE DOV/ANE TIME 2:15 A.M. / P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 617-597-6666

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2852

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein

DATE _____ TIME 7:35 AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 344-19715

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Mr. Goldsmith

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein

DATE _____ TIME 2:40 AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Darin
office

~~_____~~

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 10 AM PM

M Faith

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 60815379385

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 9:45 AM PM

M _____

OF Ann Harlow

PHONE/MOBILE 614 415 1258

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2853

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 2:50 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF GLEN

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

CALLED

HE IS IN COLORADO

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 7:20 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF ALLY

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SHE IS GOING TO BE IN

PB ON WEDNESDAY.

DO YOU WANT TO SEE

HER?

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF PARKEN

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 10:30 A.M. P.M.

M Darren

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 973.597.1169

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO2854

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 832-6777

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Nicole

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah

DATE _____ TIME 3:30 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 317 5050

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Daniel

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME 4:00 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Tatum

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 2:30 A.M. P.M.

M LOS WEXTON

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 644 415 7500

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO2855

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Cecilia

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF 718-1924

PHONE/ MOBILE EMU for tomorrow 11:00

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE SHE WKN'T'S TO
COMPLAIN AT 11:00
TOMORROW.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF TATUM

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE JE SAID GIRLS
ASST. AVAILABLE
PLS. CALL

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR MR. ERSTEIN

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF TATUM

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE TAMIKA CAN'T DO
IT TOMORROW 4:30
BUT VIVIAN'S
AVAILABLE

SIGNED _____ SAO2856 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR TIA
 DATE 9/1/04 TIME _____ A.M. P.M.
 M Your sister
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Your sister called. Call her on her cell.

SIGNED Nicole Keane 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 9/1/04 TIME 5:30 A.M. P.M.
 M _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.
 DATE 9/13/04 TIME 2:11 A.M. P.M.
 M _____
 OF Joanne
 PHONE/MOBILE 561-714-0546

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE I have am back in Florida Safety

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.
 DATE 9/16/04 TIME 8:00 A.M. P.M.
 M AMY
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 561-718-1924

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE normal Kristen will like to meet him

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE Sue Hanklin TIME 9:45 A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 212-472-4606

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 3:25 A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Her friend got in a car accident Friday & she didn't have any minutes left on her phone - \$. She couldn't call long distance etc. her to work

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 9:30 A.M. P.M.

M. Glen in office

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 212-287-4949

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 8:30 A.M. P.M.

M. Madeline M

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917-204-9696

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE please call

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2858

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 1.50 TIME AM PM

M Natalie

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 2.20 TIME AM PM

M Carren

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE 12.7 TIME 2:24 AM PM

M Filan

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Thomas at the
Ferico residence
561
659 5198

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 5.45 TIME AM PM

M Natalie

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2859

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/04/05 TIME 10:49 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 644 1639 644 1639

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Kenan called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE _____ TIME 5:36 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Mr. David Copperfield
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
He will be arriving later. He will be updating

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/07/05 TIME 3:10 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Linda
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 206 760 3226 X

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Linda
She would like to discuss seminar she is organizing with u.
You can reach her tomorrow @ Pacific time.

SIGNED ALH 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE _____ TIME 2:25 ^{A.M.} _{P.M.}
 M. Anisa
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	X

MESSAGE

SAO2860

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/08/05 TIME 11:20 ^{AM} P.M.
 M. Darren
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 646 246 6434

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
He has some numbers for you.

SIGNED DH 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/09/05 TIME 9:40 ^{AM} P.M.
 M. Glen
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 914 669 4651

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Please call him back.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/09/05 TIME 11:40 ^{AM} P.M.
 M. Regan (Mr. Cooperfield assistant)
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 212 753 6555

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
The 28th will be the best day to come and see show. The show starts at 8:30

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/09/05 TIME 10:00 ^{AM} P.M.
 M. Mr. Cooperfield
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 212 753 6555

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
He is home

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2861

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/09/05 TIME 1:35 A.M. P.M.
 M. Teala

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 603 2296

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
"She called again"

SIGNED RM 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/09/05 TIME 12:20 A.M. P.M.
 M. Natalie

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 304 9696

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Returning phone call

SIGNED AM 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey/Sarah
 DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.
 M. Richard

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 516 883 4448

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/10/05 TIME 12:40 A.M. P.M.
 M. Sarah

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 855 3363

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Just that she called

SIGNED _____ SAO2862

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 01/09/05 TIME 4:20 ^{A.M.} ~~P.M.~~

M Lauria Krauss

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 216 970 3496

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Calling regarding
-Sento Bee Institute
- thanking for
hospitality
- if you would like
to have look at his books
Please call him back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{A.M.} ^{P.M.}

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE ~~At home~~

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 01/09/05 TIME 7:40 ^{A.M.} ^{P.M.}

M Nadia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She is wondering
if she could come
later tomorrow

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 01/09/05 TIME 6:50 ^{A.M.} ^{P.M.}

M Sarah

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 914 855 3363

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She needs to speak
to you

SIGNED SAV SAO2863

EXHIBIT 3
PART 3

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/10/05 TIME 12:12 A.M. P.M.
 M Jean-Luc
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 646 786 7000

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE
Please call
him back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/10/05 TIME 9:20 A.M. P.M.
 M Darion
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE
He will call
later

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____
 DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.
 M _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/10/05 TIME 10:45 A.M. P.M.
 M Mr. Copeland
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 212 753 6555

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE
He is just checking
You can reach him
at home

SIGNED _____ SAO2864

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 09/17/05 TIME 2:15 AM ~~P.M.~~

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 09/17/05 TIME 1:30 AM ~~P.M.~~

M Jean-Luc

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE That he called again

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 01/17/05 TIME 10:00 AM ~~P.M.~~

M Jean-Luc

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE Just that he called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 01/17/05 TIME 2:20 AM ~~P.M.~~

M Darren

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE He called again

SIGNED _____ SA02865

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE Adriana TIME _____ AM/PM _____

M. Adriana

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 78 246 6697

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 4:33 AM/PM EST

M. Alicia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917.774.4452

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 10 AM/PM (A.M.)

M. Mark Epstein

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 570-729-1056

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 9:10 AM/PM (P.M.)

M. Garver

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2937

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah

DATE 11-4-04 TIME 2:40 AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 644-7226

TELEPHONED	<u>PLEASE CALL</u>	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Return

Brittney's

Call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Apprey

DATE 11-4-04 TIME 2:55 AM PM

M _____

OF From Sarah

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Brittney would

like to work @ 4:00

if possible.

[Brittney is scheduled

for 5:00 today]

SIGNED the 1184

movie is @ 7:30

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah

DATE 12/6/04 TIME 1:00 AM PM

M _____

OF Britney

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 965-6857

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/6/04 TIME 1:30 AM PM

M r. Harry Beller

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (212) 750-1176

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Returning your

Call

SAO2939

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/7/04 TIME 10:15 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. r. Jerry Goldsmith

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (772) 971-1000

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call him

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/7/04 TIME 12:15 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. Dr. Garecki

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (212) 984-1440

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call him

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/7/04 TIME 12:40 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. E v2

OF NYC

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

"Tell Jeffrey that's pouring rain and 40°F"

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/7/04 TIME 12:35 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. E v2

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Since said to call Mr. J.E. pouring rain 40°F in N

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

SAO2940

501184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/7/04 TIME 5:15 AM PM

M _____

OF Nzblis

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/7/04 TIME 4:30 AM PM

M r Lesley Waxing

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call him

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/08/04 TIME 11:43 AM PM

M r Harry Baller

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE NYC Office

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

He has the info.

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/08/04 TIME 12:30 AM PM

M r Cheri

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE (561) 373-1412

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

(1) Kery Connolly (was 2) Steward

(2)

SAO2941

SIGNED R 1184

SC1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M JOHN

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME 7:30 A.M. P.M.

M JE

OF Learnlec

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

LC² models.com
MC² models.com
was already taken

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE Darren TIME 1:25 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO2942

SIGNED _____ 1184

© 1184 1987
1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/13/04 TIME 0:36 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (561)

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

Just tell him
that I called

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 12/14/04 TIME 3:53 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

Helly called
di 561
308 0282

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 12.14.04 TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M Sarah

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

Called to Remind
you of Ms. G's
father's papers
here in PB.
(Should they come
back to NY?)

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/16/04 TIME 2:23 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Dr 292 n2

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 379-8467

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

~~_____~~

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2944

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/16/04 TIME 2:23 ^{AM} _{PM}

M.S. Dragone

OF Saturday Realty

PHONE/MOBILE: (661) 379-5467

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

She has some

houses to show you

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR M.J.E.

DATE 12/18/04 TIME 7:10 ^{AM} _{PM}

M.S. Jean-Luc

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

Tell him that I called

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/18/04 TIME 8:15 ^{AM} _{PM}

M.S. Erz

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

Just called to say Hello

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 12/18/04 TIME 8:16 ^{AM} _{PM}

M.S. Nablic

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE: (917) 204-9686

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

She spoke with

Jean-Luc and

every thing it's ok

SIGNED AR SAO2945

1184 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/19/04 TIME 10:59 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. David Coppokold

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (866) 855-6110

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

I just want to
say hello

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/19/04 TIME 2:45 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. Darron

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (973) 597-1165

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please tell him
that I called!

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.F.

DATE 12/21/04 TIME 10:20 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. Jason Stanley

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (212) 837-2375

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

The turning your
cell

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR [Signature]

DATE 12/19/04 TIME 2:15 ^{AM} _{PM}

M. [Signature]

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

were up - call us
on her way to pick
her up now, so
they will be late -
closer to 3pm -

SIGNED _____ SAO2946 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 1/6/05 TIME 8:30 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M. r. Rhiamnon

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 644-1639

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her.

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 1/6/05 TIME 6:30 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M. r. Leslie Wexner

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (614) 415 7500

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call

him.

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 01/7/04 TIME 9:52 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M. r. Lawrence Krauss

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (216) 970-3496

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Thank you for the

evening last night in NYC

and you can call him about

time and money"

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 1/7/04 TIME 11:15 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M. r. Pignato

OF

PHONE/MOBILE 33144187575 home

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call him

in his hours

SIGNED AR SAO2947 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E
 DATE 1/7/05 TIME 3:15 AM PM
 M. r. Eduardo Tadorean
 OF Hotel Delano (M. Beach)
 PHONE/MOBILE 305672-2000 -> Room 817

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E
 DATE 1/7/05 TIME 2:15 AM PM
 M. Sarah
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

" Please tell Mr. J.E.
 that I called "

SIGNED RE 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E
 DATE 1/7/05 TIME 7:03 AM PM
 M. Sarah
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

" Please tell J.E. that
 I called "

SIGNED RE SAO2948

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E
 DATE 1/7/05 TIME 11:30 AM PM
 M. Sarah
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

She said that
 she couldn't understand
 your messages

SIGNED RE 1184

50108 1001
 50108 1001

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 1-8-05 TIME 4:05 ^{AM} _{PM}
 M. Amya
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE (818) 445-9879

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call me

back!

 SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/08/05 TIME 10:15 ^{AM} _{PM}
 M. Nadia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

please call
her

 SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 1-8-05 TIME 4:55 ^{AM} _{PM}
 M. Copperfield
 OF Call (702) 235 5555
 PHONE/MOBILE (212) 753-6555

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call him

 SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 01/08/05 TIME 9:30 ^{AM} _{PM}
 M. Jean Luc
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

asking if you
have called
him he has
sth for some
message for you

 SIGNED _____ SAO2949 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR M. J. E

DATE _____ TIME 3:50 AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Please call her

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 01/09/05 TIME 1:00 AM PM

M Tealu

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917 603 2296

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Tealu called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 1/9/05 TIME 3:37 AM PM

M Jerry Goldsmith

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (772) 971-1000

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Please call him
when you get a chance

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 01/09/05 TIME 01:30 AM PM

M Linda

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 206 760 3226

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE

SAO2950

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E

DATE 1/09/05 TIME 10:00 AM PM

M Nadia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

keep talk to him

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E

DATE 1/09/05 TIME 10:00 AM PM

M Nadia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

"Just tell him that I called"

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E

DATE 1/10/05 TIME 12:22 AM PM

M Derron

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (573) 557-1169

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

Please call me, I'm at home

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Tiff

DATE 01/10/05 TIME 1:25 AM PM

M Derron

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION

MESSAGE

Just that he called

SAO2951

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 1/11/05 TIME 03:40 AM ~~P.M.~~

M Katya

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
You called
but so she was
calling back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E

DATE 1/11/05 TIME 1:50 AM ~~P.M.~~

M Ceciliz

OF NYC office

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call her

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/11/05 TIME 6:27 AM ~~P.M.~~

M Jess Staley

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (977) 912-7145

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
"Please call me
back"

SIGNED R 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 01/11/05 TIME 03:10 AM ~~P.M.~~

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call
her back

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2952

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E
DATE 1/13/05 TIME 7:30 AM
M Courtney Wild
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE (561) 202-0188

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
Please call h6-

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____
DATE _____ TIME _____ AM
M _____
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E
DATE 1/13/05 TIME 5:00 AM
M Murley Gallmann
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE (505) 699-3845

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
h6 is in P.B. and
h6 would like to talk to
you or Ms Maxwell.
SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR [Signature]
DATE 1/13/05 TIME 6:00 AM
M _____
OF 212 984 1440
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO2953
SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/15/05 TIME 7:22 AM PM

M Miciz

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (305) 588-8013

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her back

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/15/05 TIME 9:10 AM PM

M Manuelz

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (212) 300-6136

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

She called twice
looking for Mr. J.E.

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/16/05 TIME 1:06 AM PM

M S Stephanie Burns

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (310) 210-9944

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Returning your
call.

SIGNED [Signature] SA02954 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/16/05 TIME 1:48 AM PM

M r. Murray Goll Henn

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (505) 699-3845 Cell.

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

He was in P.B
2 wanted to talkod
to you.

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 1/16/05 TIME 2:10 AM PM

M Manuelz

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (212) 300-6136

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Tell him that
I called

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/16/05 TIME 2:25 AM PM

M David Copperfield

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (702) 235-5555

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Returning your
call. He has some
info.

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 1/16/05 TIME 9:25 AM PM

M Coslic Wexner

OF

PHONE/MOBILE "You know the number"

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call him
(He's in Georgia)

SIGNED [Signature] SA02955 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/20/05 TIME 5:04 AM PM

M Maniz

OF

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 641-1639

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please Tell him
that I called

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 1/20/05 TIME 7:05 AM
PM
 M Claudia
 OF Nathan Hyhruld
 PHONE/MOBILE (425) 467-2309

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Returning Your
Call

 SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 1/22/05 TIME 1:15 AM
PM
 M Miciz
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE (305) 588-8013

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her

 SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 1/21/05 TIME 9:02 AM
PM
 M Evz
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please talk him
that I called

 SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 1/22/05 TIME 1:52 AM
PM
 M Anyz
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her

 SIGNED [Signature] 1184

SAO2956

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/22/04 TIME 6:00 A.M. P.M.

M. Morton Zuckerman

OF Isis Fitz Carlton Hotel

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 533-6000 X314

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
He would like to know the address of the house to "drop by" tomorrow at 10:45 AM

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/22/05 TIME 2:05 A.M. P.M.

M. Sarah

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call her

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/22/05 TIME 7:30 A.M. P.M.

M. David Copperfield

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (702) 235-5555

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
It's Jackpot

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2957

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 1/25/05 TIME 03:50 AM
M. Claudia
OF Nathan's office
PHONE/MOBILE 425 467 2309

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Please call back. Nathan has a lunch ^{meeting} starting in 15min (pacific time) IT WILL TAKE 1h30min other than that at any time.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 01/24/05 TIME 10:50 AM
M. Cecilia
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE # Mitchel called back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 1/25/05 TIME 3:55 AM
M. Terry Goldsmith
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE You've got it

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Please call back

SIGNED _____ SA02958

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 01/25/05 TIME 12:00 AM
M. _____
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE 1511

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She is asking if you want her work 400day? The best time will be 2pm or 9:45pm

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 1/25/05 TIME 6:57 AM P.M.
M Paulz
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE (617) 518-2484

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
"Jan returning his
call"

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 1/25/05 TIME 7:15 AM P.M.
M H.R.H. Duchess of York
OF Sarah (Fergie)
PHONE/MOBILE 447768151215

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
'She is expecting
your call'

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 1/26/05 TIME 1:20 AM P.M.
M _____
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
She said that instead
of 1:45 she'll be at 2:00 pm

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 1/26/05 TIME 6:40 AM P.M.
M SARAN
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
Please tell him
that I called

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

SAO2959

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Adriene

DATE 1/26/05 TIME 1:30 AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (You know the number)

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

*She is confirming
for 5:30 PM

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F

DATE 1/27/05 TIME 2:15 AM PM

M Miciz

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (917) 774-4452

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her
back

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F

DATE 1/28/05 TIME 6:40 AM PM

M Miciz

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (917) 774-4452

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please tell him
that I called

SIGNED [Signature] SA02960 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F

DATE 1/28/05 TIME 2:40 AM PM

M Miciz

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (917) 774-4452

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please tell him
that I called

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 1/29/05 TIME 10:00 AM PM

M. Mia?

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (917) 774-4452

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her.

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J.E.

DATE 1/29/05 TIME 10:10 AM PM

M. Cachz

OF Brazil

PHONE/MOBILE 00551183834951

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

This is her new call number - Please call her

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/29/05 TIME 9:00 AM PM

M. Telenz

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (561) 667-1973

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Please call her back

SIGNED AR SA02961 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/29/05 TIME 4:10 AM PM

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (561)

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

I have 2 females for him

SIGNED AR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 1/30/05 TIME 7:35 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M. Wynessa Modely

OF her new phone number:

PHONE/MOBILE (805) 452-7254

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

Just to let you

know my new phone number

SIGNED [Signature] 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/2/05 TIME 1:22 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M. Gorson Co.

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE (888) 274-5101

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

Please call them

about Texaco stock

ID # 3108

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/3/05 TIME 10:12 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M. _____

OF (561)

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please, call me

back

SIGNED J. SAO2962

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/5/05 TIME 9:05 ^{AM} _{P.M.}

M. Glen and Eva

OF (914) 663-4651

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J.

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein
DATE 2/8/05 TIME 12:10 ^{AM} _{PM}
M. Katia

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
Left her #
511-8383-4951
SIGNED ORR 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F.
DATE 2/5/05 TIME 9:10 ^{AM} _{PM}
M. Laurie Kraus

OF (216) 283-3807
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
Would like talk
with you
SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
DATE _____ TIME 4:45 ^{AM} _{PM}
M. Topo

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE 310 702 0109

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
It's
important
SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
DATE _____ TIME 2:15 ^{AM} _{PM}
M. David Copperfield

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
SIGNED _____ SAO2963 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 2/13/05

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein

DATE 2/12/05 TIME 8:59 A.M. P.M.

M EVA

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Called to say
"Hello"

SIGNED NER 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/13/05 TIME 12:20 A.M. P.M.

M David Copperfield

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

He is not available
right now.
Will call within
2 hours.

T

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Sarah

DATE 2/12/ TIME 5:50 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SAO2964

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 2/16/05 TIME 4:35 AM PM
 M. _____
 OF 561- _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 561- _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
NO message

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 2/15/05 TIME 12:35 AM PM
 M. C.
 OF 561- _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE

SIGNED J.B. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 02/15/05 TIME 01:20 AM PM
 M. Jeff to Ceelia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
she had Jeff Holman on the phone.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE _____ TIME 5:35 AM PM
 M. Gen Goldsmith
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 844 9715

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE

SIGNED _____ SAO2965 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein

DATE 2/21/05 TIME 7:30 A.M. P.M.

M Jon Luc

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Want you to know that he called.

SIGNED LER 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/18/05 TIME 3:45 A.M. P.M.

M Ms Wexler

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
NO MESSAGE

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE Natalie TIME 10:15 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 977 2049096

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Pascal & Kiara are confirmed for 4pm tomorrow Anya is available tomorrow tonight

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 2/20/05 TIME 11:40 A.M. P.M.

M George Mitchel

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE /202/329-9466

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Return a call

SAO2966

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 2/24/05 TIME 4:18 ^{AM} _{PM}
 M. Katia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 011-551183834951

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please! Call her
Tomorrow is her
birthday

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 2/22 TIME 12:45 ^{AM} _{PM}
 M. Shana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE (561) 689-4717

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please! Call her.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 2/25/05 TIME 01:10 ^{AM} _{PM}
 M. Dore Bois
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 914 552 4400

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call
him back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. Epstein
 DATE 2/24/05 TIME 11:19 ^{AM} _{PM}
 M. Katia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She needs Ken's
telephone number.
Left her #
917-678-2772

SIGNED L'ER 1184

SAO2967

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 02/26/05 TIME 11:15 ^{AM} P.M.
M Dance
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE 750 802 4061

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call her
back in 1h 30
she is on the way
to the gym

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 02/25/05 TIME 05:50 ^{AM} P.M.
M Teen-bee
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE You have it

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Going back to
concertation.
what about
Paris on Saturday

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 2/26/05 TIME 12:40 ^{AM} P.M.
M Sandra
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call
her

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2968

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 2/26/05 TIME 12:21 ^{AM} P.M.
M Anice
OF _____
PHONE/MOBILE 646 436 9784

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call
her back

SIGNED _____ 1184

Lynn & JoJo

① I sent Lucian & Rushtia's mail to their correct address and called Post office to make sure all future mail will be sent to them.

② I Scheduled the cable company to come on Thursday. This is their soonest appointment. Ghislaine asked me to make ^{an} appointment because the TV in the Blue Room does not get a clear reception.

③ SHUTTER COMPANY WILL COME EARLY THURSDAY TO MEASURE SHUTTER NEXT TO GHISLAINE'S DESK. THE SHUTTER WILL NOT ROLL DOWN. ~~IT~~

* BOTH CABLE COMPANY & SHUTTER COMPANY WILL CALL ME ON MY CELL PHONE TO MAKE SURE. JEFFREY & GHISLAINE ARE NOT HERE.

Jeffrey E. Epstein

301.3101

Nicole

LYNN & JOJO

MAIL, NEEDS TO BE SENT
~~BY~~ VIA FED-X ON

THUR.

*JUST CALL 1-800-463-3339
FOR A PICK UP. JUST
KEEP TOP COPY.

THEY WILL GIVE YOU A
PICK UP #. AND PICK
IT UP BY BACK SERVICE
~~ENTRANCE~~ DOOR.

1-5

Thanks
Nicole

~~Jeffrey E. Epstein~~

Jeffrey E. Epstein

SAO2970

Message Books

SAO2971

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 04/01/05 TIME 12:20 A.M. P.M.
 M. Ghislaine
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Glen has pulled muscle and he is at the hospital "Good Sam" They have called dr. Moskowitz and everything has been organized. In this case probably they won't make for lunch.

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.F.
 DATE 3/31/05 TIME 7:05 A.M. P.M.
 M. Leslie Wexler
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

#16

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 04/01/05 TIME 11:07 A.M. P.M.
 M. Cecilia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She had on the phone Mr. Cipriani

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 04/01/05 TIME 07:58 A.M. P.M.
 M. Genia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE No number he will call text

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE That he called

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2972

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 4/4/05 TIME 8:18 ^{AM}
 M Eva
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED T. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 4/2/05 TIME 11:38 ^{AM}
 M George Dowsen
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE (917) 572-9796

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 4/4/05 TIME 9:32 ^{AM}
 M Jean-Luc
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED T. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/13/05 TIME 07:45 ^{P.M.}
 M Alicia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 774 4452

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Pls call back

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2973

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR GM

DATE 4/5/05 TIME 10:50 A.M. P.M.

M. Philip

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. Madelson

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 1758000 #467

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Behr on

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 4/7 TIME 2:08 A.M. P.M.

M. Melissa Hanes

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED α 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Teffrey

DATE _____ TIME 10:40 A.M. P.M.

M. Mr. Madelson

OF 4/5/05

PHONE/MOBILE 1758000 room 467

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Please call

him back

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2974

EXHIBIT 3
PART 4

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/9/05 TIME 02:10 A.M. P.M.
 M: Whisbaine

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/9/05 TIME 12:04 A.M. P.M.
 M: _____

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 561 333-2200

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E
 DATE 4/10/05 TIME 1:20 A.M. P.M.
 M: Dana

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She went running
and back to the gym

SIGNED T. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 4/10/05 TIME _____ A.M. P.M.
 M: Dana

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She went running

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2975

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 12:00 A.M.
 M. Carla

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She had Mr. Newman on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 11:02 P.M.
 M. Cecilia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She had Joan Liu on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 04.12.05 TIME 02:58 A.M.
 M. Harry from the office

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein
 DATE 4/10 TIME 12:50 P.M.
 M. Cecilia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2976

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE _____ TIME 4:30 AM/PM

M. Julie

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Wondering if she can work tomorrow

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE _____ TIME 2:17 AM/PM

M. DR JERACKY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 212.984.1640

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Returning your call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE _____ TIME 2:07 AM/PM

M. LAIYA DONEY

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 561.202.4639

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Her mother and your mother were best friends and she wants to speak w/you

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JF

DATE _____ TIME 7:05 AM/PM

M. Svetlana

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917.774.3061

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SIGNED _____ 1184

SA02977

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. EVERANA

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917 774 3061

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Call back

Please

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 4/28/05 TIME 6:15 A.M. P.M.

M. Dr. Jatecki

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 4/30/05

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 4/30 TIME 10:20 A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SA02978

*On desk
sup/PT Wood*

Item #16

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR *G. M*

DATE *4/30/05* TIME *8:15* AM/PM

M *Mr. Epstein*

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED *J.*

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR *Mr. J. Epstein*

DATE *5/6/05* TIME *4:11* AM/PM

M *Shawna*

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE *Wants to work if you are in.*

SIGNED *L*

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR *Mr. J. Epstein*

DATE *5/6/05* TIME *3:53* AM/PM

M *Shawna*

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED *α*

SAO2979

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 5/9/05 TIME 3:05 AM
 M. Kaytana
 OF (212) 645-7741
 PHONE/
 MOBILE

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 5/9/05 TIME 3:06 AM
 M. Joana
 OF 714-0546
 PHONE/
 MOBILE

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE 5/9/05 TIME 9:45 AM
 M. Nadia -
 OF _____
 PHONE/
 MOBILE

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

Thank you -

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE 5/9/05 TIME 2:15 AM
 M. Lowlexon
 OF _____
 PHONE/
 MOBILE

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2980

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE 5/24/05 TIME 9:10 ^{AM} P.M.

M. Eva

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE call her at home

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E

DATE 5/19/05 TIME 7:20 ^{AM} P.M.

M. Mrs Maxwell

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE Danielle TIME 12 ^{AM} P.M.

M. Danielle

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 64602261403

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE Nadia TIME 10:25 ^{AM} P.M.

M. Nadia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE she got there
safe

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2981

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR *JE*

DATE _____ TIME *12* A.M. P.M.

M *Allyson R*

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE *917 774452*

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SA02982

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 04/01/05 TIME 2:20 A.M./P.M.
 M Christaine
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Glen has pulled muscle and he is at the hospital "Good Sam" They have called dr. Mastabitz and everything has been organized. In this case probably they won't make for lunch.
 SIGNED _____ 1184

1c

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 3/31/05 TIME 7:05 A.M./P.M.
 M Leslie Wexler
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

 SIGNED J. 1184

#16

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 04/01/05 TIME 11:07 A.M./P.M.
 M Cecilia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She had on the phone Mr. Cipriani

 SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2983

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 04/01/05 TIME 07:56 A.M./P.M.
 M Genia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE No number he will call back

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE That he called

 SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 4/4/05 TIME 8:18 ^{AM}
M. Eva
OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 4/2/05 TIME 11:38 ^{AM}
M. George Dowson
OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE (917) 572-9796

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
DATE 4/4/05 TIME 9:32 ^{AM}
M. Jean-Luc
OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 4/3/05 TIME 07:45 ^{AM}
M. Alicia
OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE 917 774 4452

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Pls. call back

SIGNED _____ 1184

SA02984

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR GM

DATE 4/5/05 TIME 10:50 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M. Philip

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M. Madelson

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE 1758000 #467

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

Beh on

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 4/7 TIME 2:08 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M. elissa Hanes

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED α 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME 10:40 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}

M. Mr. Madelson

OF 4/5/05

PHONE/
MOBILE 1758000 room 467

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

Please call
him back

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2985

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/9/05 TIME 02:10 A.M. P.M.
 M. Whislaine
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/9/05 TIME 12:04 A.M. P.M.
 M. _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 561 - 222 - 1111

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 4/10/05 TIME 1:20 A.M. P.M.
 M. Dana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She went running and back to the gym

SIGNED J. SAO2986 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.
 DATE 4/10/05 TIME _____ A.M. P.M.
 M. Dana
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She went running

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/12/05 TIME 12:00 AM
 M Carla

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She had Mr. Newman on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 11:02 PM
 M Cecilia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She had Joan Liu on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 04/12/05 TIME 02:58 AM
 M Harry from the office

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Mr. J. Epstein
 DATE 4/10 TIME 12:50 AM
 M _____

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2987

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. SVETLANA

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 917.774.3051

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE

Call back

Please

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J-E

DATE 4/28/05 TIME 6:15 A.M. P.M.

M. Dr. Jarecki

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 4/30/05

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR 690 4551

FOR Mr. J. Epstein

DATE 4/30 TIME 10:20 A.M. P.M.

M. _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2988

On desic
sup/ptf/won

Item #16

MESSAGE

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR *G.M*

DATE *4/30/05* TIME *8:15* AM PM

M *Mr. Epstein*

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SIGNED *J.*

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR *Mr. J. Epstein*

DATE *5/6/05* TIME *4:11* AM PM

M *Shawna*

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

Wants to work if you are in.

SIGNED *L*

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR *Mr. J. Epstein*

DATE *5/6/05* TIME *3:53* AM PM

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE

SIGNED *α*

SAO2989

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 5/9/05 TIME 3:05 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Kaytana
 OF (212) 645-7741
 PHONE/
 MOBILE

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J. E.
 DATE 5/9/05 TIME 3:06 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Joana
 OF 714-0546
 PHONE/
 MOBILE

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J. 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE 5/9/05 TIME 9:45 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Kadia -
 OF _____
 PHONE/
 MOBILE

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Thank you -

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE 5/9/05 TIME 2:15 ^{AM}/_{PM}
 M Leowexhon
 OF _____
 PHONE/
 MOBILE

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2990

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 5/26/05 TIME 9:10 ^{A.M.} ~~P.M.~~

M Eva

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE call her at home

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE 5/19/05 TIME 7:20 ^{A.M.} ~~P.M.~~

M Mrs Maxwell

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED J 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE Danielle TIME 12 ^{A.M.} ~~P.M.~~

M Danielle

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 646 226 7463

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE Nadia TIME 10:25 ^{A.M.} ~~P.M.~~

M Nadia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE she got there

safe

SIGNED _____ 1184

SA02991

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. / P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. / P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. / P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR *JE*

DATE *11/21/12* TIME *12* A.M. / P.M.

M *12*

OF _____

PHONE/ MOBILE *917 774 4452*

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SA02992

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 1/27/05 TIME 12:34 A.M. P.M.
 M. Cecilia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She had Todd Meister
on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 1/27/05 TIME 11:40 A.M. P.M.
 M. Cecilia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She had Todd
Meister on the
phone again

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 1/27/05 TIME _____ A.M. P.M.
 M. Marcia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 205 9696

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She had a
question.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 1/27/05 TIME 12:28 A.M. P.M.
 M. Bob and Todd Meister

OF (561)
 PHONE/MOBILE 655 0114

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
That they called
you

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2993

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 1/27/05 TIME 6:20 AM
 M: Orlen Dubin

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE (212) 287 4977 office
(212) 288 4844 home

TELEPHONED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL <input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU <input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN <input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU <input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH <input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL <input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION <input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That he called.

SIGNED AM 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 1/27/05 TIME 3:55 AM
 M: David Copenfield

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 702 235 5555

TELEPHONED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL <input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU <input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN <input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU <input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH <input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL <input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION <input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Magie David
I called.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 1/27/05 TIME 6:15 AM
 M: Vanessa Madley

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE she doesn't have a number

TELEPHONED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL <input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU <input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN <input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU <input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH <input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL <input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION <input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That she called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 1/27/05 TIME 4:08 AM
 M: Bob Meister

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 561 655 0114

TELEPHONED <input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU <input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN <input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU <input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH <input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL <input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION <input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Please call him
back at home.

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2994

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 2/11/05 TIME 4:15 A.M. P.M.

M. Darren

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE He got details on
Leba's deal

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 2/7/05 TIME 2:30 A.M. P.M.

M. Cecilia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Eva Ross called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 2:00 A.M. P.M.

M. Natalie

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 9172049690

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Anna definitely
has a casting
tomorrow @ 9 AM
she want know
until 5:30 pm today
what it's for.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 8:10 A.M. P.M.

M. David Copperfield

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE please call

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2995

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR J.E.

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF David Copperfield

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

212 753 6555

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 2:18 A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF Jerry Goldsmit

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

Call his cell phone
772 971 1000

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 2/14/05 TIME 1:40 A.M. P.M.

M Cecilia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

She had Mr. We x on
on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 2/11/05 TIME 1:50 A.M. P.M.

M Cecilia

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

She had Eric on
the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2996

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffroy
 DATE 2/15/05 TIME 2:15 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Randy Dowin

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 614 348 9010

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That he called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Ghislaine
 DATE 2/15/05 TIME 8:55 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Jane-Luc

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE you have it

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That he called and he asking you to get up earlier. Wondering why do u sleep so late?"

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE _____ TIME 1:15 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Cathy in Brazil

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 015511 838 34951

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____
 DATE 2/15/05 TIME 8:55 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
 M Ghislaine Maxwell

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2997

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 2/25/05 TIME 1:39 ^{A.M.}_{P.M.}

M Christine

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That she called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 2/25/05 TIME 9:42 ^{A.M.}_{P.M.}

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE 561 - 2511

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
She would like to
speak with you.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ ^{A.M.}_{P.M.}

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 2/25/05 TIME 12/2 ^{A.M.}_{P.M.}

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2998

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Teffrey
 DATE 2/26/05 TIME 6:10 AM
 M. Jean duc

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Me will call later

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Teffrey
 DATE 2/26/05 TIME 10:10 AM
 M. Eva Anderson

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE You know how to reach her

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That she called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Teffrey
 DATE 2/27/05 TIME 10:53 AM
 M. Eva Anderson

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That she can be reached

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Teffrey
 DATE 2/25/05 TIME 4:40 AM
 M. Cecilie

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
She had Micheal Orwite on the phone.

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO2999

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 2/28/08 TIME 12:14 AM PM
 M Darren

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
He needs to speak with you.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 2/28/05 TIME 12:10 AM PM
 M Laurence Kruess

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 216 970 3496

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
He has sent you some faxes that he would like follow up.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 2/28/05 TIME 5:30 AM PM
 M Whislire

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Pls call
back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 2/27/05 TIME 11:20 AM PM
 M Sarah

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Please call her back. She wanted make sure you know that she is going to meet Whislire and go with her to the Ranch

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO3000

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE _____ TIME 6:05 PER. P.M.

M _____

OF NATALIE

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE:
Call back

SIGNED Nadia 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 2/28/05 TIME 7:11 AM PM

M Natalie

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE 917 204 9896

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE:
Barbara is away,
Back on Wensday
and she might
have short Friday

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 02/28/05 TIME 7:56 AM PM

M Teala

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE 917 603 2286

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE:
That she called
please call her
back

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Ghislaine

DATE 02/28/05 TIME 7:50 AM PM

M Ghislaine

OF _____

PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE:
Please call
back

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/5/05 TIME 12:20 AM PM
 M. Chislaine

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Recno still doesn't
answer the phone.

SIGNED AM 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/1/05 TIME 10:20 AM PM
 M. Cecilia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She had on the phone.
Mr. Harvey Weinstein

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/5/05 TIME 12:22 AM PM
 M. Christina

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 561 389 6874

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
She has problems
with car... could she
be here at 2 pm?

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/5/05 TIME 11:50 AM PM
 M. Larry Kizoski

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 868 6195

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Person for
the car will be
here in 15 min. to
drop off foam and
papers

SIGNED _____ 1184

SA03002

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Christaine
 DATE 3/5/05 TIME 9:25 AM/PM
 M Philip

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE you have it

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
That he called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/5/05 TIME 2:50 AM/PM
 M Mr. Delson

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 212 288 1282 home
212 909 9684 office

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
He will be working later today at home. You can reach him at home ~~at~~ number. Tomorrow he will be working as well.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/6/05 TIME 10:17 AM/PM
 M Paula Heil

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 518 2484

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
If you would like to go today at 2 to see Grand Prix please give a call

SIGNED _____ SAO3003

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/5/05 TIME 7:20 AM/PM
 M Paula Heil

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 518 2484

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE
Did you work it?

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 3/7/05 TIME 9:10 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
M. Eva Anderson

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That she called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 3/6/05 TIME 12:55 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
M. Leighton Chandler

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE 917 868 9754

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
That she called
and please call
her back when
you have a chance

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 3/6/05 TIME 12:30 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
M. George Delson

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE 212 288 1282

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
Pls. call him
back

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 3/6/05 TIME 10:20 ^{A.M.}/_{P.M.}
M. Leighton Chandler

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE 631 726 6112

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE
she is returning
your call

SIGNED _____

SAO3004

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 3/18/05 TIME 2:44 ^{AM} ~~PM~~
M. Darreh

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE:
Please call back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 3/7/05 TIME 11:55 ^{AM} ~~PM~~
M. Svetlana

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE 1 917 774 3061

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE:
That she called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 3/7/05 TIME 3:45 ^{AM} ~~PM~~
M. Nutshic

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE 917 204 9196

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE:
Rina [unclear] will see Eric at 7

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
DATE 3/7/05 TIME 1:02 ^{AM} ~~PM~~
M. Cecilia

OF _____
PHONE/
MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE:
She had become Delon on the phone

SIGNED _____

SAO3005

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/18/05 TIME 2:45 AM
 M Jean-dun

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE You have it

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE That she called back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/18/05 TIME 5:13 AM
 M Helen

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She had Alise on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/19/05 TIME 11:50 P.M.
 M Tatum

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 6846642

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She will be here at 4pm But she needs talk to you before then. Please call her back.

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/19/05 TIME 11:03 P.M.
 M Eva Anderson

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE You know it

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE That Eva and Celina called.

SAO3006

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/21/05 TIME 4:16 AM
 M. Jean-Luc

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE: He is in serious
 commiseration about
 Alinas butt, and he
 needs your precision.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/21/05 TIME 10:10 AM
 M. Natalie

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 917 204 9696

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE: Please call back
 she had to tell
 you that she forgot

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/21/05 TIME 9:35 AM
 M. Jean-Luc

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE: That he called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/20/05 TIME 3:08 AM
 M. Dr. Mr. Krauss

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 216 970 3496

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE: He had meeting
 with film maker and
 he sympathize with
 project. Please
 call him back.
 He is available at
 any time today or tomorrow

SIGNED _____ 1184

SAO3007

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/1/05 TIME 8:08 A.M. P.M.
 M Jean-Luc

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 646 286 7000

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE He has a teacher for you to teach you how to speak Russian. She is 2x8 years old not blonde. Lessons are free and you can have 1st today if you call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/31/05 TIME 5:06 A.M. P.M.
 M Melissa Hanes

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 514 19236 / 351 0944

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She called if you would like for her to work. She is available tom. till noon and Mon - Fri

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/31/05 TIME 3:22 A.M. P.M.
 M Lauren Stroll

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 212 201 8288

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 3/31/05 TIME 2:40 A.M. P.M.
 M Cecilia

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She had Martin Navat on the phone

SAO3008

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jettrey
 DATE 4/1/05 TIME 11:45 A.M. P.M.
 M Eva
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Please call her back. She said it was important.

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jettrey
 DATE 4/01/05 TIME 11:35 A.M. P.M.
 M Parron
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE That he called

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jettrey
 DATE 04/01/05 TIME 9:04 A.M. P.M.
 M Jean-Luc
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 646 286 7000

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE That he called again

SIGNED _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jettrey
 DATE 4/1/05 TIME 8:31 A.M. P.M.
 M Jean-Luc
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 646 286 7000

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Please call him back as soon as possible. It's very important.

SIGNED _____

SAO3009

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/13/05 TIME 7:12 A.M.
 M. Les

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE [scribble]

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE That he has returned your phone calls

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 5:35 A.M.
 M. Alicia Ribentova

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 1917 774 4452

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Please call her back.

SIGNED AM 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 5:03 A.M.
 M. Bruce Moskowitz

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 346 6269

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE To see how do you feel after your procedure

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 12:30 A.M.
 M. Melissa Hancs

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 351 0944 (p)

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She called again if she could work. Anytime Mon-Fri

SIGNED _____ SAO3010 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/4/05 TIME 6:21 AM/PM
 M. Joan - Luc
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE He spoke to the doctor about your symptoms. His brain scan various. It can be ruled but you have to move. It can cost impurity of the muscle which can ~~start~~ shorten.
 SIGNED your sex life 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____
 DATE _____ TIME _____ AM/PM
 M. _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Called specialist Uvarius. About symptom: pretibial an paresthesia. Can be curable. But you have to move. Hypotonia of the muscle. Begin Night
 SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/4/05 TIME 1:05 AM/PM
 M. Joanna S.
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE 714 0546

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She is looking to speak with you.
 SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE Alysa R TIME 9:40 AM/PM
 M. _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/ MOBILE 917 774 4452

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____
 SIGNED _____ 1184

SA03011

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/9/05 TIME 11:38 A.M. P.M.
 M. Musan Khan

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 1781 862 4094

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE He will leave for 15 min and he will be available after that

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/5/05 TIME 9:16 A.M. P.M.
 M. Joanna S.

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 5616443713

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She is going to funeral to South Carolina so she won't be around

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Christaine
 DATE 4/5/05 TIME 11:31 A.M. P.M.
 M. Marc Lundberg

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Returning your phone call

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Christaine
 DATE 4/4/05 TIME 6:30 A.M. P.M.
 M. Jean-Luc

OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please call him back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/9/05 TIME 4:40 AM PM
 M _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE She is waiting for her friend to call her back. She would like to speak with you

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/9/05 TIME 5:16 AM PM
 M _____
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 11:40 AM PM
 M Melisa Mancos
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 351 0944

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/9/05 TIME 1:05 AM PM
 M Ghislaire
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Please call her back

SIGNED _____ SAO3013

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/1/05 TIME 2:57 AM A.M. P.M.
 M Jersey Goldsmith
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 772 971 1000

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Please call
from back

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.
 M Jersey Goldsmith
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 772 971 1000

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey
 DATE 4/1/05 TIME 3:41 A.M. P.M.
 M Darren
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE He needs talk
to you about
disorder well

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE
 DATE _____ TIME 2:40 A.M. P.M.
 M or Jarochi
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE 212-984 1440

TELEPHONED	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ SAO3014

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jettrey
 DATE 4/12/05 TIME 2:43 AM
 M Natalie
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE You know her number

TELEPHONED	<input type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE Pls

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jettrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 4:46 AM
 M Cecilia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She had Dr. Jarecki

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jettrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 4:39 AM
 M Cecilia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She had Mr. Spenberg on the phone

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jettrey
 DATE 4/11/05 TIME 4:28 AM
 M Cecilia
 OF _____
 PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
CAME TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	WILL CALL AGAIN	<input type="checkbox"/>
WANTS TO SEE YOU	<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSH	<input type="checkbox"/>
RETURNED YOUR CALL	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECIAL ATTENTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

MESSAGE She had Leon online

SIGNED _____ 1184

SA03015

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR Jeffrey

DATE 4/12/05 TIME 3:35 A.M. P.M.

M Henry

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

SIGNED _____ 1184

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR _____

DATE _____ TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

M _____

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE _____

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE _____

IMPORTANT MESSAGE

FOR JE

DATE _____ TIME 3:05 A.M. P.M.

M COLEEN

OF _____

PHONE/MOBILE 440.289.6551

TELEPHONED		PLEASE CALL	
CAME TO SEE YOU		WILL CALL AGAIN	
WANTS TO SEE YOU		RUSH	
RETURNED YOUR CALL		SPECIAL ATTENTION	

MESSAGE Good back

EXHIBIT 4

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

CASE NO. 08-CIV -MARRA/JOHNSON

JANE DOE,

Plaintiff,

vs.

JEFFREY EPSTEIN,

Defendant.

Re - NOTICE OF TAKING VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff, JANE DOE, will take the deposition of
Ghislane Noelle Maxwell on October 26, 2009, at 10:00 a.m., at:

Esquire Court Reporters
One Penn Plaza
Suite 4715
New York, NY 10119

The deposition shall be conducted pursuant to the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure
and shall continue day to day, weekends and holidays excepted, until completed.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been served
by U.S. Mail and email transmission this 16th day of October, 2009 to all those on the
attached Service List.

ROTHSTEIN ROSENFELDT ADLER

Attorneys for Plaintiff

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1650

Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301

Tel: (954) 522-3456

Fax: (954) 527-8663

Email: bedwards@rra-law.com

By: 

BRAD EDWARDS, ESQ.

Florida Bar No.: 542075

cc: Esquire Court Reporters

CASE NO: 08-CV-80119-MARRA/JOHNSON

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
SERVICE LIST

Jane Doe v. Jeffrey Epstein
United States District Court, Southern District of Florida

Jack Alan Goldberger, Esq.
Jgoldberger@agwpa.com

Robert D. Critton, Esq.
rcritton@bclclaw.com

Isidro Manual Garcia
isidrogarcia@bellsouth.net

Jack Patrick Hill
jph@searcylaw.com

Katherine Warthen Ezell
KEzell@podhurst.com

Michael James Pike
MPike@bclclaw.com

Paul G. Cassell
cassellp@bclclaw.com

Richard Horace Willits
lawyerswillits@aol.com

Robert C. Josefsberg
rjosefsberg@podhurst.com

Adam D. Horowitz
ahorowitz@sexabuseattorney.com

Stuart S. Mermelstein
ssm@sexabuseattorney.com

William J. Berger
wberger@rra-law.com

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

Index No. 08-80893CIV--MARRA/J

JANE DOE

, Plaintiff(s)

- against -

JEFFREY EPSTEIN

, Defendant(s)

State of New York)
County of New York) SS.:

AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

Carlos Pichardo being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is over the age of 18 years; is not a party to this action and resides within the State of New York. That on 08/11/2009 at 10:03 AM at:
116 E 65th St

NEW YORK NY 10065
Deponent served the:

SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION OR TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS IN A CIVIL ACTION upon GHISLANE NOELLE MAXWELL, by delivering a true copy to: Jane Doe, Co-Resident who stated that they were authorized to accept service on behalf of: GHISLANE NOELLE MAXWELL.

Within 20 days of such service, deponent enclosed a copy of same in a first class postpaid envelope properly addressed to recipient at:

GHISLANE NOELLE MAXWELL
116 E 65th St
NEW YORK NY 10065

and deposited said envelope in an official depository under the exclusive care and custody of the U.S. Postal Service within New York State. The envelope bore the legend "PERSONAL & CONFIDENTIAL" and did not indicate by return address or otherwise that the communication was from an attorney or concerned an action against the recipient.

To the best of my knowledge, based on information and belief, the said recipient at the time of service was not engaged in the military service of the United States or New York. Recipient wore ordinary civilian clothing and no military uniform.

Deponent describes the individual served as follows:

AGE: 32 HEIGHT: 5'3" WEIGHT: 130 HAIR: BLACK RACE: WHITE SEX: FEMALE

\$48.00 the authorized witness fee was tendered to the recipient.

Carlos Pichardo

Carlos Pichardo License #1273833

OUR DOC# 23788
Rothstein Rosenfeldt Adler
401 East Las Olas Blvd, Suite 1650
Fort Lauderdale FL 33301
954-522-3456

SWORN TO BEFORE ME 8/12/09

Gonzales Yariela

GONZALES YARIELA
Notary Public, State of New York
No #: 01GO8175217
Qualified in Bronx County
Commission Expires 10/09/20 11

AO 88A (Rev. 01/09) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition or to Produce Documents in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the Southern District of New York

Jane Doe Plaintiff v. Jeffrey Epstein Defendant Civil Action No. 08-80893 CIV-MARRA (If the action is pending in another district, state where: Southern District of Florida)

SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION OR TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Ghisland Noelle Maxwell, 116 East 65 LLL, New York, NY

Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organization that is not a party in this case, you must designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf about the following matters, or those set forth in an attachment:

Table with 2 columns: Place (Esquire Court Reporters, One Penn Plaza Suite 4715, New York, NY) and Date and Time (10/26/2009 10:00 am)

The deposition will be recorded by this method:

Production: You, or your representatives, must also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material:

See Schedule A attached

The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached.

Date: 09/21/2009

CLERK OF COURT

OR

Handwritten signature of Jane Doe

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Attorney's Signature

The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party) Jane Doe

Brad Edwards, Esq., Rothstein Rosenfeldt Adler, 401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1650, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301 Bedwards@rra-law.com. (954) 522 2346

AO 88A (Rev. 01/09) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition or to Produce Documents in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 08-80893 CIV-MARRA

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

This subpoena for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
was received by me on *(date)* _____.

I personally served the subpoena on the individual at *(place)* _____
on *(date)* _____; or

I left the subpoena at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the subpoena on *(name of individual)* _____, who is
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
on *(date)* _____; or

I returned the subpoena unexecuted because _____; or

Other *(specify)*:

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also
tendered to the witness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of
\$ _____.

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ 0.00.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

(c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction — which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees — on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

(A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises — or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

(i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.

(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

(A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:

(i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;

(ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person — except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or

(iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.

(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and

(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

(i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

**Schedule "A" to the Subpoena Duces Tecum
of Ghislane Maxwell**

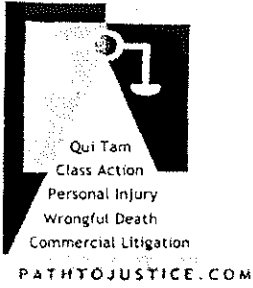
A list of all girls that Defendant, Epstein, had at his house at 358 El Brillo Way for any reason at any time, including guests and masseuses for the entire duration when you worked with or for Jeffrey Epstein.

A list of all girls that Defendant, Epstein, had at his house in Manhattan for any reason at any time, including guests and masseuses for the entire duration when you worked with or for Jeffrey Epstein.

Any and all documents that reflect scheduling and/or appointments for Epstein's flights, travels, accommodation, massages or meetings for the entire duration when you worked with or for Jeffrey Epstein.

A complete list of all girls whom you know to have flown in any of Defendant, Epstein's airplanes or jets at anytime during the time you worked with or for Jeffrey Epstein.

Any and all diaries and/or notes and/or logs that in any way relate to Defendant Epstein, his airplanes, his properties, his assets and/or his finances.



Farmer, Jaffe, Weissing, Edwards, Fistos & Lehrman, P.L.

INVOICE

June 29, 2010

TO: Brett D. Jaffe, Esq.
Cohen & Gresser, LLP
100 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10017

Re: Jane Doe v. Jeffrey Epstein, et al.
CASE NO. 08-CV-80893-CIV-MARRA/JOHNSON
Cancellation fees incurred for the deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell scheduled for
July 1, 2010 at 9:30 a.m.

Airfare cancellation fee incurred for Bradley J. Edwards (Jet Blue Airlines).....	\$100.00
Airfare cancellation fee incurred for Michael Fisten (Jet Blue Airlines).....	\$100.00
Hotel cancellation fee incurred for Bradley J. Edwards (Expedia- Dylan Hotel).....	\$288.97
Hotel cancellation fee incurred for Michael Fisten (Expedia- Dylan Hotel).....	\$288.97

TOTAL DUE\$777.94

** Note: Copies of all invoices/cancellation confirmations are attached hereto.*

Please make check payable to:
Farmer, Jaffe, Weissing, Edwards, Fistos & Lehrman, P.L.

Please send check to the address listed below

Thank you!

425 North Andrews Avenue, Suite 2, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301
954.524.2820 office 954.524.2822 fax



Feedback Like Share Print Tuesday, Dec 8th 2015 10:51 75°F 76°F 5 Day Forecast

Daily Mail

Home | U.K. | News | Sports | U.S. Showbiz | Australia | Femal | Health | Science | Money | Video | Travel | Columnists

Latest Headlines News World News Arts Headlines Pictures Most read News Board Wire Login



Republicans' most senior leader



EXCLUSIVE: Shooting targets



Joe Scarborough CUTS OFF Donato



Vaccines sloganering



San Bernardino terrorists got



PIERS MORGAN: Dear Donald, I'm



This pull

EXCLUSIVE: Bill Clinton pictured with Jeffrey Epstein's social fixer at Chelsea's wedding AFTER severing links with disgraced pedophile

- Ghislaine Maxwell is accused in court papers of procuring girls for her former boyfriend Jeffrey Epstein which she vehemently denies
- Bill Clinton had ties to Epstein, who flew the ex-president to Africa on his private jet before the allegations were made
- Epstein was arrested in 2006 and was sentenced to 18 months in jail in 2008, serving 13 months
- Clinton did not cut ties to Maxwell and she was a guest at Chelsea Clinton's wedding in 2010
- Rarely-pictured Jeffrey Epstein has kept a low profile and eschewed public events
- But he was pictured with ex-lover Ghislaine Maxwell on March 15, 2005 at a New York charity bash
- That same day, Palm Beach cops launched an investigation into Epstein and allegations of sexual offences with underage girls

By SARA NATHAN FOR DAILYMAIL.COM

PUBLISHED: 09:42 EST, 13 January 2015 - UPDATED: 13:47 EST, 13 January 2015

266 shares

This is the society fixer alleged to have helped find underage girls for pedophile billionaire Jeffrey Epstein - helping Bill Clinton celebrate his daughter's marriage.

Ghislaine Maxwell was photographed at the former First Daughter's glittering July 2010 wedding to Marc Mezvinsky - despite Epstein having been convicted of soliciting underage girls.

Clinton had cut ties to Epstein after his arrest over allegations of sex with girls as young as 14.

But this photograph shows that he maintained close ties to Maxwell, who is accused in court papers of procuring underage girls for Epstein, her former boyfriend, as she smiles as President Clinton walks a beaming Chelsea down the aisle.

SCROLL DOWN FOR VIDEO

Search Site Web Enter your search

Angels, Jolie heads for auction extravaganza

More Videos



Bill Clinton and Chelsea Clinton at her wedding in July 2010

Friends in high places: Ghislaine Maxwell is a good friend of President Bill Clinton and can be seen on the right at his daughter Chelsea's wedding in July 2010

Maxwell, now 50, attended the wedding in Rhinebeck, NY, on July 31, 2010, with the cream of Washington D.C.

Described as feeling like a 'family wedding', guests included former Secretary of State Madeleine Albright, Terry McAuliffe, Governor of Virginia, and leading figure in the civil rights movement Vernon Jordan.

For Maxwell to remain a Clinton chum is an interesting turn of events.

Just two years earlier, her former lover and friend Jeffrey Epstein was sentenced to 18 months behind bars after pleading to a single state charge of soliciting prostitution. He served 13 months in prison.

President Clinton had been so close to both to Epstein he had joined him on his private jet and stayed on his private Caribbean island.

Speaking to the Mail On Sunday in 2011, Virginia Roberts - who claims in court papers she was kept as Epstein's 'sex slave' and forced to sleep with Prince Andrew three times - said she met President Clinton twice, but was never 'lent out'.

SHARE THIS ARTICLE

266 shares

RELATED ARTICLES



Prince Andrew's guards 'turned a blind eye': Yard officers...

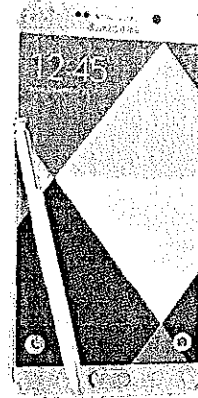


Prince Andrew admits he's been 'foolish' over friendship...



Abused as a child. Dabbling with drugs. And now Virginia...

Buckingham Palace vehemently denies the claims, as does Maxwell. Her legal team stresses she was not involved in, or connected to the criminal proceedings against Epstein and with regards to Virginia Roberts' claims. They stressed she denies each and every allegation.



Like 10.4k

Follow @DailyMail

Follow 10.4k

11.7k

FEMAL TODAY

'I do not know how to deal with this' Justin Bieber's mystery Instagram girl responds after singer's plea to find out her identity. He found her online.



Back together? Elin Nordegren, 35, cuddles up to ex Chris Cline, 57, at Marchesa shoe launch... over one year after their break-up. Tiger Woods' ex wife.



EXCLUSIVE: Kristin Cavallari's brother was jobless 'alcoholic' who was kicked out by his father before crashing his car and going missing in Utah desert.



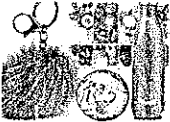
Thigh's the limit: Caitlin Jenner, 66, goes bare-legged in very short mini dress while filming scenes for reality show with Candis Cayne. Former Olympian is 66.



Daddy's girl! Mark Zuckerberg releases touching photo with baby Maxima as he reveals 'everyone is doing great'. Facebook founder is dad.



From the couple who has everything to the discerning fashionista, what to get the most hard-to-please people on your gift list. Sponsored.



'I'm not pregnant, just happy!' Tia Mowry hits back at 'body shaming'.



Virginia, now a married mother of three, claimed that President Clinton traveled with Epstein to a number of destinations, including three times on the billionaire's private jet, and enjoyed intimate dinners with both him and Maxwell.

On one occasion, she said that Epstein flew the former President, Hollywood actor and staunch Democrat Kevin Spacey and another actor friend of Mr Clinton's, Chris Tucker, to Africa, to 'discuss AIDS policy'.

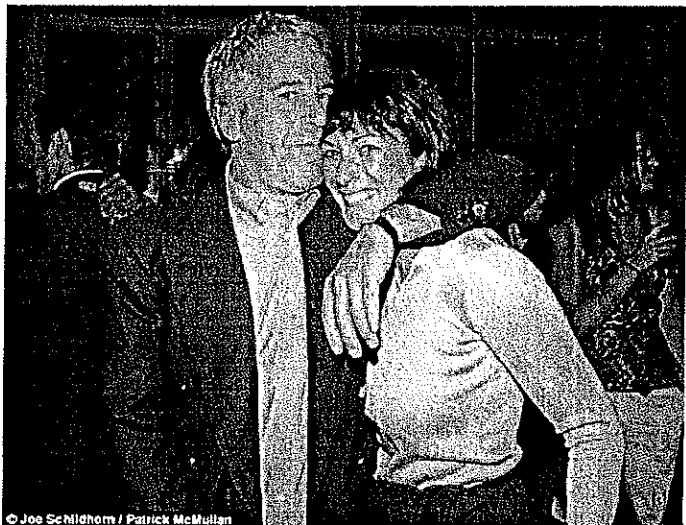
Epstein, who has donated more than £75,000 over the years to candidates from the Democratic Party, also flew with President Clinton in November 2003 to destinations including Russia, Oslo, Hong Kong, Shanghai and Beijing.

On one occasion, she alleged, Epstein did invite two young brunettes to a dinner which he gave on his island for President Clinton shortly after he left office. But, as far as she knows, the ex-President did not take the bait.

Maxwell declines to comment on Prince Andrew allegations



© Joe Schildhorn / Patrick McMullan



Mysterious: Ghiselaine Maxwell beams as her ex-lover, disgraced billionaire Jeffrey Epstein hugs her as they attend a Manhattan bash on March 15, 2005 - the same day Palm Beach police launched an investigation into his abuse of underage girls

'I'd have been about 17 at the time,' she said: 'I flew to the Caribbean with Jeffrey and then Ghiselaine Maxwell went to pick up Bill in a huge black helicopter that Jeffrey had bought her.'

'She'd always wanted to fly and Jeffrey paid for her to take lessons, and I remember she was very excited because she got her licence around the first year we met.'

'I used to get frightened flying with her but Bill had the Secret Service with him and I remember him talking about what a good job she did.'

'I only ever met Bill twice but Jeffrey had told me that they were good friends.'

'I asked, "How come?" and he laughed and said, "He owes me some favours." Maybe he was just joking but it constantly surprised me that people with as much to lose as Bill and [Prince] Andrew weren't more careful.'

She said that when dining that night, Maxwell sat at President Clinton's left, while they were joined by two 'olive-skinned brunettes' who had been flown in from New York.

Virginia claimed: 'I'd never met them before. I'd say they were no older than 17, very innocent-looking.'

Instagram trolls who criticized her for 15lb weight gain Famed for Sister, Sister



'I wouldn't have put me on the show either'. Gigi Hadid says she was 'shaking' during unsuccessful first Victoria's Secret audition



Eggy ensemble! Kylie Jenner steps out in black leather leggings and a beaded military jacket after steaming up Miami She's a teen style con



Home is where the heart is: Bethenny Frankel offers a look inside her cramped \$4.2M NYC bachelorette pad as she gets into Christmas spirit



Stop! Andy Roddick caught redhanded as he secretly films wife Brooklyn Decker singing Christmas song... as she reveals remarkably slim post-baby body



Who's that boy? Kate Hudson looks chuffed as she steps out with mystery man in New York City The 36-year-old has been playing the field



What a sweet couple! Pregnant Ginnifer Goodwin shares a kiss with husband Josh Dallas while eating ice cream at Disneyland Happiest place on earth



Kendall Jenner showcases her lithe legs in leather jeans as she jets out of London 'on her way to visit baby Saint in Los Angeles' Off to meet her nephew



Penelope Cruz puts her ample cleavage and curvaceous figure on display in clinging red leotards jumpsuit in new Zoolander 2 posters Stars in the sequel



My funny honey: Christie Brinkley promotes her 17-year-old daughter Sailor's modeling career with some bikini snaps on Instagram



'She's doing great!': Kim Kardashian's BFF Jonathan Cheban gives update on Saint's mother as he gets cheeky with bikini-clad girlfriend in Miami



'They weren't there for me. They weren't there for Jeffrey or Ghislaine because I was there to have sex with Jeffrey on the trip.

'Maybe Jeffrey thought they would entertain Bill, but I saw no evidence that he was interested in them. He and Jeffrey and Ghislaine seemed to have a very good relationship. Bill was very funny

'He made me laugh a few times. And he and Jeffrey and Ghislaine told blokey jokes and the brunettes listened politely and giggled.



Star of the night: Rod Stewart and his wife Panny at the Cipriani Wall Street event, where he performed in front of a crowd including Ghislaine Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein



Jimmy Kimmel makes up fake baby names for Kim and Kanye's son during Lie Witness News segment. Spo4 in his segment Lie-Witness News



Victoria's Secret Angel Lily Aldridge reveals her husband doesn't want their daughter 'anywhere near the runway' but insists she would proud



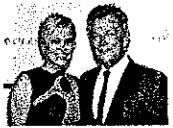
Androgynous model challenges Victoria's Secret's beauty standards by posing in the brand's lingerie and then eating the faces of Angels onto her body



Hey Baby! Abigail Breslin signs on to star in Dirty Dancing TV musical. The comic 1987 movie famously starred Jennifer Grey



Emma Watson cuts a chic figure with knitted jumpsuit as she attends screening of ethical fashion documentary in London. Harry Potter star



Yolanda Foster's estranged husband David 'blames' Real Housewives show for 'ruining his reputation' and the failure of his record company



'I can handle myself': New Star Wars: The Force Awakens trailer shows Daisy Ridley trying to put Harrison Ford in his place. Highly anticipated film



'He was so excited': Star Wars' Adam Driver gushes about 'curreal' experience of working with 'generous' Harrison Ford on Force Awakens. Co-starred with a legeno



Alicia Vikander wows in strapless, embellished gown as she hits the red carpet for The Danish Girl premiere in London. The 27-year-old actress ignored chilly weather



Eddie Redmayne is feeling festive in another plaid suit as wife Hannah Bagshaw stuns in sheer dress at London premiere of The Danish Girl



On their way home! Kim Kardashian and Kanye West

Bill Clinton pictured with Jeffrey Epstein's social fixer at Chelsea's wedding | Daily Mail ... Page 5 of 26

New York elite: Padma Lakehmi (left) and Sean Lennon (right) both attended the Cipriani Wall Street event

Indeed, the trio were so close that DailyMail.com told last week how Epstein kept 21 numbers for President Clinton in his contacts book, under the name of his adviser Doug Band.

As Virginia Roberts' astonishing claims have made headlines around the world, it was reported last week that President Clinton's continuing friendship with Maxwell has caused a rift between him and his wife, potential Presidential candidate Hillary Clinton.

However, the pair were pictured looking cosy together as they left the funeral of former New York Governor Mario Cuomo.

Epstein and Maxwell met shortly after she moved to New York in the 1990s following the death of her father, shamed newspaper tycoon Robert Maxwell.

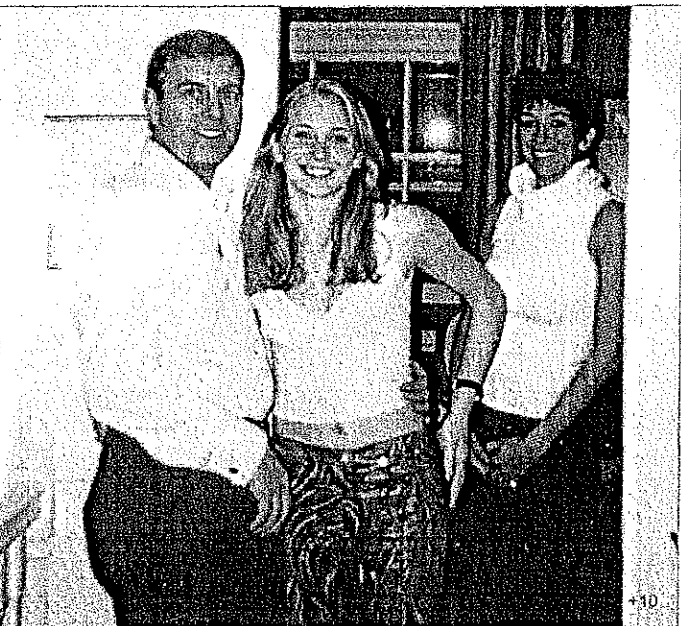
And they remained just as close even after an initial romance faded.

For Epstein, Maxwell was a useful conduit to some of the most powerful people in the world, from President Clinton to Prince Andrew.



© Getty Images

Close: Not only was Ghislaine Maxwell friends with Prince Andrew, but his ex-wife Sarah Ferguson as well. The pair are pictured together at the opening of the Asprey Flagship Store on 5th Avenue on December 8, 2003, in New York City



Allegations: Ghislaine Maxwell is accused of 'facilitating Prince Andrew's acts of sexual abuse by acting as a madame for Epstein'. Above, Miss Maxwell looks on as Prince Andrew smiles with Virginia Roberts in 2001

Kanye West 'have left the hospital with baby son Saint' three days after welcoming him into the world



'I can't deal with it!' Kate Goscelin horrified as her 15-year-old twin girls start talking to boys in sneak peek for upcoming season of reality show



'They lost their father years ago' Scott Weiland's ex-wife pens letter on behalf of his two children asking people not to glorify the tragedy



Welcome to the Hollywood hall of fame! Andy Garcia's daughter Alessandra lands plus-size modelling career and stars in sultry lingerie shoot



'He doesn't deserve that kind of treatment': Burt Reynolds wades in on Angelina Jolie's tumultuous relationship with father Jon Voight Spoke on UK TV show



Arnold Schwarzenegger launches epic rant against climate change deniers saying he 'doesn't give a damn' about what people think



Ka-chung! Katy Perry conquers rival Taylor Swift as the top-earning musician of 2015 Forbes examined the pro-tax income, including endorsements



'Loyalty sometimes bites you in the a**': Gigi Hadid gets frank about exes, BFF Kendall Jenner and being a protective big sister to Bella



Leggy Gigi Hadid is a color co-ordinated dream in all-nude outfit as she showcases supermodel stems in slashed jumpsuit Slipped out in New York



Kendall Jenner reads comments on social media until she sees mean one... and admits modelling career started because 'I wanted to prove them wrong'



Victoria Beckham shows off her svelte figure in head to toe black in NY... as Davit shares cute snap of Harper during daddy daughter day in the UK



'You have to set boundaries': Khloe Kardashian says working out is a priority as she heads to the gym in light exercise gear She's a gym junkie



'Forever grateful': Kim Zolciak gets into the Christmas spirit as she takes her six children to meet Santa Claus The 37-year-old shared sweet family photos



While Maxwell became used to the luxuries that Epstein could afford her, trips by private jet and his very own Caribbean island.

Rarely photographed or seen out in public unlike his friend Maxwell, Epstein was however pictured with the brunette as they partied the night away on March 15, 2005, at a Manhattan charity event featuring singer Rod Stewart.

But as they socialized with the cream of Manhattan society, including CBS President Les Moonves, his wife Julie Chen, Sean Lennon and Padma Lakshmi, at the Wall Street Rising event, Epstein, now 63, and Maxwell, would have been entirely unaware of a police probe that was launched that very day.

In May 2006, a 'probable cause affidavit' revealed that Epstein was the subject of an 11-month undercover investigation by police after a complaint in 2005 from the stepmother of a 14-year-old girl, who claimed she was paid \$300 to give him an erotic massage at his flamingo-pink villa in Palm Beach.



Close: Ghislaine Maxwell with Jeffrey Epstein (left) at The Queen's residence of Sandringham in 2000. The picture shows just how close she and Epstein were with Prince Andrew

The girl is said to have been taken there by 18-year-old student Haley Robson, who claims in a sworn statement that she was recruited at the age of 17 to provide the billionaire with a \$200 nude massage.

One of the girls 'cried hysterically', according to a police report, as she recalled how she was recruited to provide services for Epstein when she was 15.

Emily Ratajkowski shows off her ample assets as she writhes around in sheer lingerie for LOVE's festive advent calendar. Blurred Lines model



I had sex with two women: The Affair star Joshua Jackson reveals awkward post-work conversations with partner Diane Kruger. All in a day's work



'Mostly he says nein!': Claire Danes reveals son Cyrus speaks German after attending Kindergarten in Berlin while she filmed Homeland



Selena Gomez and Niall Horan continue to fuel romance rumors as they're spotted enjoying a date night at Santa Monica Pier. Look away Justin Bieber



Prince Harry's ex Cressida Bonas appears to go TOPLESS as she poses in velvet gloves and diamonds for high-end French fashion magazine L'Officiel



He's really Gonna! Blake Shelton performs single about pursuing new love in front of girlfriend Gwen Stefani on The Voice. Romantic gesture



Christina Milian bashes her flat stomach in a glitzy crop top and skinny jeans as she parties with pal Vanessa Simmons. Dip it Low singer



Lindsay Lohan shows off her figure in sexy bikini and platform heels as she lies back on a wall for shoot in picturesque Mykonos. Actress' new photoshoot



'I am a lucky, lucky girl!' Grey's Anatomy's Jessica Capshaw, 39, announces she is pregnant with her fourth child. She plays Dr. Robbins



That's awkward! Pete Wentz jets out of Los Angeles after Kim Kardashian and Kanye West copy his baby Saint's unusual name. Name was criticized



Kim Kardashian and Kanye West's baby son Saint 'will NOT' appear on Keeping Up With The Kardashians' North was kept off the show for her first year too



Nicky Hilton and Tammy Hittiger's wife Dee Cicoppo wear the SAME dress at Vintagen event... and style out fashion faux pas with a frosty kiss



Former Mousketeer and American Idol contestant Marque Lynche found dead at 34



She claims in a sworn statement that he introduced her to a woman whom he said he had brought from Yugoslavia 'to be his sex slave'.

Epstein was convicted in 2008 of soliciting sex from a minor - a minor in the US is someone younger than 18 - and served 13 months in prison.

Now, lawyers for four of Epstein's alleged victims are fighting to get a federal non-prosecution agreement against Epstein thrown out so he can potentially face criminal charges for allegedly sexually abusing the women, one of whom says she was only 13 at the time of the assault.

Bizarrely, Maxwell was initially served with a subpoena in September 2009, as she was leaving the Clinton Global Initiatives Conference in New York.



Power people: Ghislaine Maxwell and newspaper billionaire Rupert Murdoch, pictured together in at the Fifth Important Dinner for Women hosted by Her Majesty Queen Rania Al Abdullah, Wendi Murdoch and Indra Nooyi in New York in September 2010

Epstein was convicted in 2008 of soliciting sex from a minor - a minor in the US is someone younger than 18 - and served 13 months in prison.

Now, lawyers for four of Epstein's alleged victims are fighting to get a federal non-prosecution agreement against Epstein thrown out so he can potentially face criminal charges for allegedly sexually abusing the women, one of whom says she was only 13 at the time of the assault.

As for Maxwell, bizarrely, she was initially served with a subpoena in September 2009, as she was leaving the Clinton Global Initiatives Conference in New York, and continues to deny all allegations made against her.

Discovered in his New York City apartment by his roommate



Moving in with Bradley? Jena Shuyk puts her \$2.65M two-bedroom NYC condo up for sale as romance heats up



Risque Jenna Dewan Tatum flashes her sexy lingerie in a sheer corset-style gown as she joins husband Channing at The Hatful Eight premiere



White-hot mama! Pregnant Chrissy Trigen gives the cold shoulder to maternity wear and heats things up in an ultra-short dress



Dancing With The Stars champion Derek Hough shows off his buff body by going shirtless on the beach as he takes a well-earned break in Hawaii



Make-up free Rumer Willis hauls luggage out of LAX following her five-show stint with Sway: A Dance Trilogy



Seems I'm an absolute pleasure to shoot! Amy Schumer shares sexy behind-the-scenes look at her Pirella Göttsche photo session



Sarah Paulson cuts a stylish figure in chic floral dress as she joins co-star John Travolta at special American Crime Story screening in New York City



Thank Yeezus! Jennifer Lopez rocks Kanye West's hard-to-wear boots as she goes on a designer shopping spree



Charlie Sheen claims his ex Brett Rossi 'insisted on unprotected sex knowing his HIV status while continuing to sleep with other men' in explosive court docs



Burt Reynolds, 79, appears to claim: Charlie Sheen 'deserves' HIV because he 'misbehaved very badly'



'He's a kinky, weird guy': Lala Kent ditched James Kennedy after he shows off sex scratches on Bravo's Vanderpump Rules



Stealing his thunder! Elsa Pataky puts on a busty display in a VERY sheer low-cut dress as she cuddles up to hubby Chris Hemsworth at his movie premiere





© McMULLAN CO./SIPAUSA/SIPA/REX

Gossip girls: Ghislaine Maxwell (right) and Gossip Girl actress Kelly Rutherford at an event to celebrate Anne Netrebko's new album 'Vardi', in New York in September 2013

Share or comment on this article

266

shares



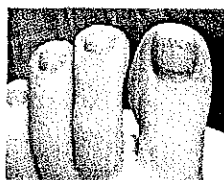
30 Celebrities From The Ivy League

Your Daily Dish



Jaw Dropping Child Star Transformations!

WomensForum



9 Cancer Symptoms You Are Likely To Ignore

Remedist



Victoria Beckham cuts a sleek silhouette in a bold violet slip dress and satin trench coat for late night stop at her NYC show room. Brightening things up



Star Wars sequel gets a 12A rating because of scenes of 'moderate violence and threat' and 'mild bad language' meaning yo, angsty fans will hood their parents



'He is so cute!' Khloe Kardashian gushes about meeting her nephew Saint West for the first time. One of the first to meet the new arrival



Pregnant Ivanka Trump adds a touch of class to her bump as she covers it up with an elegant sleeveless black number at Valentino event



Stylish Suki Waterhouse nails off-duty chic in blue polka dot trousers and a chic beret as she enjoys leisurely stroll in NYC. Brad Pitt's ex



Jennifer Connelly plumps for minimalist-chic skirt and boots for In The Heart Of The Sea premiere with husband Paul Bettany. Had a rare date night



They're firm film friends! Jessica Gomes and Glenn Close pose for behind-the-scenes selfie on the set of their new flick. Model-turned actress



'It's about giving back' Jessica Gomes aims to beat poverty in new Christmas Gifts campaign for Australian charity World Vision. Sports Illustrated model



Miss Universe hopefuls pull out all the stops in jewel-encrusted tiaras and glitzy gowns as they descend on Vegas ahead of the glamorous contest



Child of Destiny! Beyonce shows her star power came early as she is seen performing hit song Home from The Wiz aged seven in rare archive footage



Diane Kruger teases a glimpse of cleavage in peacock inspired gown with plunging mesh neckline at opulent Valentino bash. Red carpet glamour



'Watch Kanye name his kid Saint': Teenager predicted the name of Kim Kardashian's son 6 MONTHS AGO... and now social media is going crazy



It's Saint West! Kim Kardashian and Kanye reveal heavenly name of their newborn son as internet explodes in



EXHIBIT 5

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SEVENTEENTH JUDICIAL
CIRCUIT IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

CASE NO.: CACE 15-000072

BRADLEY J. EDWARDS and PAUL G.
CASSELL,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

ALAN M. DERSHOWITZ,

Defendant.

_____ /

VIDEOTAPE CONTINUED DEPOSITION OF

ALAN M. DERSHOWITZ

VOLUME 4

Pages 462 through 647

Tuesday, January 12, 2016
1:05 p.m. - 4:45 p.m.

Tripp Scott
110 Southeast 6th Street
Fort Lauderdale, Florida

Stenographically Reported By:
Kimberly Fontalvo, RPR, CLR
Realtime Systems Administrator

1 APPEARANCES:

2

On behalf of Plaintiffs:

3

SEARCY, DENNEY, SCAROLA
BARNHART & SHIPLEY, P.A.
2139 Palm Beach Lakes Boulevard
West Palm Beach, Florida 33402-3626
BY: JACK SCAROLA, ESQ.
jsx@searcylaw.com

7

8 On behalf of Defendant:

9

COLE, SCOTT & KISSANE, P.A.
Dadeland Centre II - Suite 1400
9150 South Dadeland Boulevard
Miami, Florida 33156
BY: THOMAS EMERSON SCOTT, JR., ESQ.
thomas.scott@csklegal.com
BY: STEVEN SAFRA, ESQ. (Via phone)
steven.safra@csklegal.com

10

11

12

13 --and--

14

SWEDER & ROSS, LLP
131 Oliver Street
Boston, MA 02110
BY: KENNETH A. SWEDER, ESQ.
ksweder@sweder-ross.com

15

16

17 --and--

18

WILEY, REIN
17769 K Street NW
Washington, DC 20006
BY: RICHARD A. SIMPSON, ESQ.
RSimpson@wileyrein.com

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 APPEARANCES (Continued):

2

3 On behalf of Jeffrey Epstein:

4 DARREN K. INDYKE, PLLC
5 575 Lexington Ave., 4th Fl.
6 New York, New York
7 BY: DARREN K. INDYKE, ESQ. (Via phone)

8 On behalf of Virginia Roberts:

9 BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
10 401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Ste. 1200
11 Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301
12 BY: SIGRID STONE MCCAWLEY, ESQ.
13 smccawley@bsfllp.com

14

15 ALSO PRESENT:

16 Edward J. Pozzuoli, Special Master

17 Sean D. Reyes, Utah Attorney General Office

18 Travis Gallagher, Videographer

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 Q. Okay. And Ghislaine Maxwell, you are
2 aware, is involved in litigation with Virginia
3 Roberts right now, correct?

4 A. She is being sued by Virginia Roberts for
5 defamation, not for the underlying offenses, which
6 are beyond the statute of limitations, as I
7 understand it, correct.

8 Q. And have you spoken with Ghislaine Maxwell
9 about the allegations against her and her denials?

10 MR. INDYKE: Same objection, same
11 instruction.

12 MR. SCOTT: Don't answer it. It's
13 privileged.

14 BY MR. EDWARDS:

15 Q. I'm asking about your conversations with
16 Ghislaine Maxwell, who's in a separate litigation,
17 civil litigation for defamation. Have you
18 personally spoken with Ghislaine Maxwell since these
19 allegations?

20 A. If there's no objection, I will answer.

21 MR. INDYKE: There was an objection. Same
22 objection, same instruction.

23 BY MR. EDWARDS:

24 Q. Is there a joint defense agreement related
25 to the civil allegation -- actions regarding the

1 **defamation actions that involve Ghislaine Maxwell**
2 **and yourself?**

3 MR. INDYKE: Same objection.

4 SPECIAL MASTER POZZUOLI: What's the
5 basis -- can you explain to me what the basis
6 of the objection is -- and what was the
7 question?

8 MR. EDWARDS: Has Mr. Dershowitz spoken
9 with Ghislaine Maxwell since the allegations --
10 since this defamation suit came about as well
11 as the defamation suit with Ghislaine Maxwell.

12 BY MR. EDWARDS:

13 **Q. Let me ask it cleaner. Have you spoken**
14 **with Ghislaine Maxwell since January 2015?**

15 MR. INDYKE: Same objection, same
16 instruction.

17 BY MR. EDWARDS:

18 **Q. So that I'm clear, there is a joint**
19 **defense of the allegations regarding Ghislaine**
20 **Maxwell that's New York litigation and this**
21 **defamation case?**

22 MR. INDYKE: There's a common interest
23 agreement in effect with respect to the
24 New York case and a common interest agreement
25 with respect to this case.

1 BY MR. EDWARDS:

2 Q. Okay. Was Virginia Roberts lying when she
3 says that she was taken by Ghislaine Maxwell and --

4 MR. SCAROLA: Who negotiated the agreement
5 and when?

6 BY MR. EDWARDS:

7 Q. Is there a common interest agreement in
8 existence with respect to the allegations that have
9 arisen since January of 2015 or that you contend
10 covers that?

11 MR. INDYKE: Same objection, same
12 instruction.

13 BY MR. EDWARDS:

14 Q. If there is, who negotiated this
15 agreement?

16 MR. SCAROLA: Can we have a ruling on
17 propriety?

18 SPECIAL MASTER POZZUOLI: You haven't
19 pushed me, so I let you go.

20 MR. SCAROLA: Can we have a ruling as to
21 whether we get to know whether Mr. Dershowitz
22 is a party to a common interest agreement with
23 Ghislaine Maxwell?

24 SPECIAL MASTER POZZUOLI: Counsel --

25 MS. McCRAWLEY: Also, just this is Sigrid

1 McCawley, if any of the individuals on the
2 phone are representing Ghislaine Maxwell, my
3 understanding is the person on the phone is
4 representing Jeffrey Epstein, not Ghislaine
5 Maxwell. That needs to be clarified.

6 MR. INDYKE: Correct. Correct.

7 SPECIAL MASTER POZZUOLI: The answer is
8 correct?

9 MR. INDYKE: With respect to Mr. Epstein,
10 I can tell you there's a common interest
11 agreement with respect to this matter and a
12 common interest agreement with respect to the
13 Ghislaine Maxwell suit in New York.

14 SPECIAL MASTER POZZUOLI: Is
15 Mr. Dershowitz party to that?

16 MR. INDYKE: Mr. Dershowitz is party to a
17 common interest agreement with Jeffrey in this
18 case. And I believe -- I'd have to check, but
19 I believe that that would extend --

20 MR. SCAROLA: We want an answer from the
21 witness as to whether the witness is a party to
22 a common interest agreement with Ghislaine
23 Maxwell.

24 SPECIAL MASTER POZZUOLI: Then ask the
25 question, because I haven't seen the question

1 asked yet.

2 BY MR. EDWARDS:

3 **Q. Are you a party to a common interest**
4 **agreement with Ghislaine Maxwell?**

5 A. If there's no objection, I'll answer it.

6 MR. INDYKE: I apologize. I thought we
7 were still operating under the original set of
8 objections. So I will repeat it. Same
9 objection, same instruction.

10 SPECIAL MASTER POZZUOLI: With respect to
11 that question, you can answer.

12 A. My understanding is that I am still
13 Jeffrey Epstein's lawyer. Jeffrey Epstein, I
14 understand, has a common interest or joint defense
15 agreement with Ghislaine Maxwell, so I have -- my
16 understanding is that I am bound by a common
17 agreement.

18 BY MR. EDWARDS:

19 **Q. Is this the same common interest agreement**
20 **that we were talking about from 2005, or is this a**
21 **separate common interest agreement that has been**
22 **signed as a consequence of the lawsuits that have**
23 **been filed since January 2015?**

24 MR. INDYKE: If this is a new question,
25 I'll assert the same objection and the same

1 instruction.

2 SPECIAL MASTER POZZUOLI: And I'm going to
3 overrule the objection. And you can answer
4 that.

5 A. My understanding is that it's a
6 combination; that is, it reflects the previous
7 agreement and that there is a new agreement that
8 supplemented the previous agreement.

9 BY MR. EDWARDS:

10 **Q. When you say it's your understanding, is**
11 **this understanding in writing; meaning, is there a**
12 **written common interest agreement that has been put**
13 **in place since January of 2015?**

14 A. I don't know.

15 MR. INDYKE: Same objection, same
16 instruction.

17 MR. SCOTT: Can we take a recess when we
18 get a chance?

19 SPECIAL MASTER POZZUOLI: Yes, but I'm
20 going to instruct you --

21 A. I don't know. I don't know the answer to
22 that, whether there's additional writing or not.

23 BY MR. EDWARDS:

24 **Q. Last question, then we take a break. Have**
25 **you signed any such agreement --**

EXHIBIT 6

**United States District Court
For The Southern District of New York**

***Giuffre v. Maxwell*
15-cv-07433-RWS**

***Per Local Rule 26.2, the following privileges are asserted pursuant to British law, Colorado law and NY law.

DATE	DOC. TYPE	FROM	TO	CC	RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES	SUBJECT MATTER	PRIVILEGE
2011.03.15	E-Mails	Ghislaine Maxwell	Brett Jaffe, Esq.		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2011.03.15	E-Mails	Brett Jaffe, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.02	E-Mails	Ross Gow	Ghislaine Maxwell		Attorney Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.02	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Ross Gow		Attorney Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.02	E-Mail	Ross Gow	Ghislaine Maxwell	Brian Basham	Attorney Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.06	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
2015.01.06	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein, Alan Dershowitz, Esq.		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
2015.01.10	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Philip Barden, Esq., Ross Gow		Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.10	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Philip Barden, Esq.		Client / Attorney	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.09 2015.01.10	E-Mails	Ross Gow	Philip Barden, Esq.	G. Maxwell	Agent / Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.11	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest
2015.01.11	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ross Gow	G. Maxwell	Attorney / Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.11	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell	Ross Gow	Attorney / Agent / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.11 – 2015.01.17	E-Mails	Jeffrey Epstein	Ghislaine Maxwell		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege

DATE	DOC. TYPE	FROM	TO	CC	RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES	SUBJECT MATTER	PRIVILEGE
2015.01.13	E-Mail	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
2015.01.13	E-Mail	Philip Barden, Esq.	Martin Weinberg, Esq.		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
2015.01.13	E-Mails	Philip Barden, Esq.	Ghislaine Maxwell	Mark Cohen	Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.21	E-Mail	Ross Gow	Philip Barden, Esq., Ghislaine Maxwell		Agent / Attorney / Client	Communication re: legal advice	Attorney-Client
2015.01.21 - 2015.01.27	E-Mails	Jeffrey Epstein	Ghislaine Maxwell		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege
2015.01.21-2015.01.27	E-Mails	Ghislaine Maxwell	Jeffrey Epstein		Common Interest	Communication re: legal advice	Common Interest Privilege

EXHIBIT 7

PART 1

Page 1

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
CASE No.08-CV-80119-CIV-MARRA/JOHNSON

JANE DOE NO. 2,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

JEFFREY EPSTEIN,

Defendant.

Related cases:
08-80232, 08-80380, 98-80381, 08-80994,
08-80993, 08-80811, 08-80893, 09-80469,
09-80591, 09-80656, 09-80802, 09-81092

VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF JUAN ALESSI
VOLUME I

Tuesday, September 8, 2009
10:12 a.m. - 3:45 p.m.

2139 Palm Beach Lakes Boulevard
West Palm Beach, Florida 33401

Reported By:
Sandra W. Townsend, FPR
Notary Public, State of Florida
PROSE COURT REPORTING AGENCY
West Palm Beach Office

Page 2

1 APPEARANCES:
2 On behalf of the Plaintiffs:
3 RICHARD WILLITS, ESQUIRE
4 RICHARD H. WILLITS, P.A.
5 2290 10th Avenue North, Suite 404
6 Lake Worth, Florida 33461
7 Phone: 561.582.7600
8 reelrh@hotmail.com

9
10 STUART MERMELSTEIN, ESQUIRE
11 MERMELSTEIN & HOROWITZ, P.A.
12 18205 Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 2218
13 Miami, Florida 33160
14 Phone: 305.931.2200
15 ssm@sexabuseattorney.com
16 ahorowitz@sexabuseattorney.com
17 WILLIAM J. BERGER, ESQUIRE
18 ROTHSTEIN ROSENFELDT ADLER
19 401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1650
20 Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301
21 Phone: 954.522.3456
22 bedwards@rra-law.com

23
24 KATHERINE W. EZELL, ESQUIRE
25 PODHURST ORSECK, P.A.
25 25 West Flagler Street, Suite 800
Miami, Florida 33130
Phone: 305.358.2800
rjosefsberg@podhurst.com
kezell@podhurst.com
ADAM J. LANGINO, ESQUIRE
LEOPOLD KUVIN
2925 PGA Boulevard, Suite 200
Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410
Phone: 561.515.1400
skuvin@leopoldkuvin.com

Page 3

1 On behalf of the Defendant:
2 ROBERT J. CRITTON, ESQUIRE
3 BURMAN, CRITTON & LUTTIER
4 515 North Flagler Drive, Suite 400
5 West Palm Beach, Florida 33401
6 Phone: 561.842.2820
7 rcrit@bclclaw.com
8 mpik@bclclaw.com

Page 4

- - -
EXHIBITS
- - -

NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
6	Exhibit number 1 Photographs	45
7	Exhibit number 2 Transcript	130
8	Exhibit number 3 Incident Report	137
9	Exhibit number 4 Incorporation Papers	149
10	Exhibit number 5 Incorporation Papers	150

Page 5

1 PROCEEDINGS
 2 ---
 3 Deposition taken before Sandra W. Townsend, Court
 4 Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of
 5 Florida at Large, in the above cause.
 6 ---
 7 VIDEOGRAPHER: Today is September 8, 2009.
 8 The time is 12 minutes after 10:00 in the morning.
 9 This is the videotaped deposition of Juan
 10 Alessi in the matter of Jane Doe number two versus
 11 Jeffrey Epstein. This deposition is being held at
 12 2139 Palm Beach Lakes Boulevard in West Palm Beach,
 13 Florida.
 14 My name is Stan Sanders. I'm the videographer
 15 representing Visual Evidence, Incorporated.
 16 Would the attorneys please announce their
 17 appearances for the record.
 18 MR. WILLITS: Richard Willits, representing
 19 Carolyn Andriano.
 20 MR. BERGER: William J. Berger, representing
 21 E.W., L.M. and Jane Doe number two.
 22 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Stuart Mermelstein of
 23 Mermelstein and Horowitz, representing Jane Does
 24 numbers two through eight.
 25 MR. LANGINO: Adam Langino, on behalf of B.B.

Page 6

1 MS. EZELL: Katherine Ezell from Podhurst
 2 Orseck, on behalf of Jane Does 101 and 102.
 3 MR. CRITTON: Bob Critton, on behalf of
 4 Jeffrey Epstein.
 5 THEREUPON,
 6 JUAN ALESSI,
 7 having been first duly sworn or affirmed, was examined
 8 and testified as follows:
 9 THE WITNESS: I do.
 10 DIRECT EXAMINATION
 11 BY MR. WILLITS:
 12 Q. Good morning, sir.
 13 A. Good morning.
 14 Q. I introduced myself through the videographer.
 15 My name is Richard Willits.
 16 A. Okay.
 17 Q. I represent a young lady by the name of
 18 Carolyn Andriano.
 19 A. Okay.
 20 Q. Is that name familiar to you at all?
 21 A. Whose name?
 22 Q. Carolyn Andriano. Do you recognize that name?
 23 A. No.
 24 Q. What is your residence address, sir?
 25 A. My address is 6791 Fairway Lakes Drive,

Page 7

1 Boynton Beach, Florida, 33472.
 2 Q. All right, sir. Did you ever work for Jeffrey
 3 Epstein?
 4 A. Yes, I did.
 5 Q. In what capacity?
 6 A. Everything. I started with Jeffrey Epstein
 7 around 19 -- please bear with the dates because I
 8 trying --
 9 Q. Sure.
 10 A. -- to remember. 1969 as a part-time
 11 maintenance guy.
 12 And then I become a full-time employee, I
 13 think it was January 1, 2 -- '91, '92, so '92. Sorry.
 14 Q. You said you started in 1969? That would
 15 be --
 16 A. No. No. No. No. No.
 17 Q. Okay.
 18 A. '99.
 19 Q. 1999?
 20 A. Yeah.
 21 Q. All right. And how did you happen to get that
 22 job? Was it through an employment agency --
 23 A. No.
 24 Q. -- or an ad in the paper?
 25 A. I had a company at that time used to take care

Page 8

1 of a lot of residents in Palm Beach. And I got to know
 2 Jeffrey through Lesley Wexner. And I used to work in
 3 about 20 different, 20, 25 different homes in Palm Beach
 4 as a maintenance guy.
 5 Q. Okay.
 6 A. And I have basically my own company and I do
 7 repairs for them. I did home sit in for them.
 8 Q. And what was -- did you work for Jeffrey
 9 Epstein? What was your position when you started?
 10 A. When I started, he hire me to -- he just
 11 bought the house.
 12 Q. I'm sorry?
 13 A. He just had bought the house --
 14 Q. Okay.
 15 A. -- where he live on El Brillo. And he hire me
 16 through Mr. Wexner's references to do repair works. And
 17 basically what I did the most was taking walls apart,
 18 windows and stuff that he didn't want to have it, --
 19 Q. I see.
 20 A. -- fix it.
 21 Q. And when you started working for Mr. Epstein,
 22 were you still working for other people in Palm Beach?
 23 A. Yes, I did.
 24 Q. Okay. And about how long a period of time did
 25 you do this type of work for Mr. Epstein, the

Page 9

1 maintenance and taking out walls?
 2 A. It was couple months. It was couple months
 3 before.
 4 Q. And what was the name of your company?
 5 A. Alessi Maintenance.
 6 Q. And how were you paid?
 7 A. By him?
 8 Q. Yes.
 9 A. Usually by check or cash sometimes.
 10 Q. Do you know what company actually paid your
 11 company?
 12 A. It was Jeffrey Epstein and Company.
 13 Q. So you said you had that position for a couple
 14 of months.
 15 What happened next?
 16 A. Then Mr. Epstein asked me to, if I wanted to
 17 be his employee, because I was going from one house to
 18 another house to another house, one hour here. I was
 19 just running around Palm Beach all day.
 20 So he asked me if I would just work for him,
 21 exclusively for him.
 22 Q. Okay.
 23 A. And we agreed with the terms and I become a
 24 full-time employee as a maintenance guy. And I was
 25 taking care of everything, as far as maintenance.

Page 10

1 Then my job changed little by little to house
 2 man, estate manager, and then to a majordomo.
 3 Q. Okay. When you first agreed to terms with
 4 Mr. Epstein and you first started working for him full
 5 time, what were those terms, do you remember?
 6 A. The terms is basically was how much -- he
 7 asked me how much I was making in all the properties.
 8 And I says, well, I make this -- this amount
 9 of money.
 10 And he says, fine.
 11 Q. And how much was that, did he pay you?
 12 A. Around \$45,000. I think I started with 45.
 13 Q. Okay. And when you started to work for him as
 14 a full-time employee, did you have anybody that you
 15 reported to or did you deal directly with Mr. Epstein?
 16 A. At the beginning with Mr. Epstein, directly to
 17 him.
 18 Q. Did that change?
 19 A. Later on, yes.
 20 Q. And how did that change?
 21 A. When Ms. Maxwell, Ghislaine Maxwell came to
 22 the picture.
 23 Q. Okay. About when was it that she came into
 24 the picture?
 25 A. Exactly date, I cannot remember. But it was

Page 11

1 about seven months before -- after I become a full-time
 2 employee.
 3 Q. Okay. And how did Ms. Maxwell come into the
 4 picture?
 5 A. It was his girlfriend, his main girlfriend.
 6 Q. Okay. Had you known her before she became --
 7 A. No.
 8 Q. -- your --
 9 A. Never know her before.
 10 Q. I'm sorry. I didn't get a chance to finish my
 11 question.
 12 Would you have referred to her as your
 13 supervisor or your superior or what would you have
 14 called Mrs. Maxwell?
 15 A. I used to call her Ghislaine.
 16 Q. Okay. And how was it explained to you that
 17 you were now to deal with Ms. Maxwell, as opposed to
 18 Jeffrey Epstein?
 19 A. She would tell me, I am going to take care of
 20 the house.
 21 Q. Okay. That was explained to you by
 22 Ms. Maxwell?
 23 A. Uh-huh.
 24 Q. Is that a yes?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 12

1 Q. And when Ms. Maxwell started assuming
 2 responsibility for the house, did your duties change at
 3 that time?
 4 A. Not much.
 5 Q. Okay.
 6 A. Not much.
 7 Q. And at that time when Ms. Maxwell started
 8 taking responsibility for the house, what were your
 9 duties?
 10 A. Basically I was still doing the maintenance
 11 work.
 12 Q. Okay.
 13 A. Was doing -- they were trying to remodel the
 14 home and they would told me, okay, tear down this wall.
 15 We want to see how it's going to look. Or put this
 16 windows and tear down -- we had a fishing tank. We took
 17 it out -- I took it out. A kitchen on the second floor.
 18 I took it out. So it was basically dismantling the
 19 house.
 20 Q. Okay. And about how long a period of time did
 21 that project last?
 22 A. I would says, six to seven months.
 23 Q. Okay. And after the remodeling slacked off or
 24 stopped, did your duties then change?
 25 A. Yeah. Increasingly they change.

Page 13

1 Q. Okay. Who --

2 A. Periodically. It didn't change from one day

3 to another.

4 Q. And who would tell you that your duties were

5 increasing?

6 A. Either Mr. Epstein or Ms. Maxwell.

7 Q. Okay. And how did your duties increase?

8 A. In -- I become more -- more involved in the

9 daily running operation of this home. This home was run

10 like a hotel basically.

11 Q. Okay. Were you given any manuals or rules or

12 procedures that you had to follow?

13 A. At the end of my stay, yes, I was.

14 Q. Okay. At the end. And I'm going to jump to

15 the end now and then come back.

16 What was it that you were given at the end of

17 your stay; what kind of papers or manuals?

18 A. It was a manual. I can't remember how many

19 pages, but it was quite thick manual that was -- that

20 was done by estate manager, that she will manage all --

21 all the properties. And that was also to be in force in

22 Palm Beach.

23 Q. I see. Do you still have a copy of that

24 manual?

25 A. No, I don't.

Page 14

1 Q. Do you have any papers whatsoever that were

2 prepared while you were working --

3 A. No.

4 Q. -- for Mr. Epstein?

5 A. I left everything in there.

6 Q. Did you make any diary notes yourself or any

7 notes for your own private use while you worked for

8 Mr. Epstein?

9 A. No, sir. The only thing I have is my

10 separation agreement. That's it.

11 Q. Okay. Did you bring that with you today?

12 A. No, I didn't.

13 Q. Okay. Did your duties ever include taking

14 telephone messages?

15 A. Yes, sometimes.

16 Q. And when did that start approximately?

17 A. When I move from the outside to the inside of

18 the house.

19 Q. All right.

20 A. I -- when I start the position, I never had an

21 apartment in the house. And when I definite they want

22 me inside to run the house, I had an apartment. I have

23 a small service quarters in the house, inside the house.

24 Q. Okay. And when you say, outside the house, do

25 you mean outside the property or were you -- or were you

Page 15

1 living on the property, but outside the house?

2 A. I was living in the property. No. No. No.

3 I was working outside the property.

4 Q. Yes.

5 A. And because it was multiple jobs that I had to

6 do.

7 Q. Okay.

8 A. Had to do with the pool, the service, the

9 landscaping, taking care of that. I didn't do it

10 myself, but I have people working for me.

11 Q. Okay. Approximately when was it in

12 relationship to Ms. Maxwell taking over the

13 responsibility of the house did you then move inside the

14 house?

15 A. I will says, after it was done, a big

16 renovation, when architects and engineers. And that was

17 after I did the breaking down of this renovation, they

18 hire architects, they hire decorators and engineers, and

19 did the -- they did the work. It was a big renovation,

20 one of the renovations.

21 And then they make our quarters. They even

22 built our -- my quarters in there.

23 Q. When you said "our," was there someone else

24 who had quarters there, too?

25 A. About three years later, after I start

Page 16

1 working, my wife came to help me.

2 Q. I see. And are you able to describe for me

3 where the quarters were, like, what floor?

4 A. Yes. It was in the second floor and the --

5 let me trying to remember -- northeast corner of the

6 property. Northeast corner, yes.

7 Q. Did anyone else work for Mr. Epstein while you

8 were working for him there at the house?

9 A. During the whole time?

10 Q. Yes, sir.

11 A. Yes.

12 Q. All right. When you first started there,

13 there was no one else?

14 A. When I started there, was a -- it was a

15 Jamaican girl that she was doing the cooking.

16 Q. Okay. Do you happen to remember her name?

17 A. No.

18 Q. All right.

19 A. She worked for couple months.

20 Q. I see. All right. When did any other

21 employees begin to work for Mr. Epstein while you were

22 there?

23 A. They hire chefs. There was mostly European

24 chefs. It was an English chef, but I cannot -- Rupert.

25 I know his name was Rupert. A french chef that was

Page 17

1 Didier. A kid from New York who was a chef, also. But
 2 they were one after another one. They were hiring chefs
 3 when I doing -- sometimes I did most of the cooking.
 4 When they wanted to bring their chef, they bring their
 5 chef in their plane. And the chef will stay, will work
 6 there and then will travel with them.
 7 Q. Were there any other employees that worked for
 8 Mr. Epstein while you were worked for him, that you know
 9 of?
 10 A. No, except my wife.
 11 Q. Did you know a lady by the name of Sarah
 12 Kellen?
 13 A. Sarah, yes, I do. Sarah Kellen came at the
 14 end of my stay there, probably two or three months
 15 before I left.
 16 Q. Okay. Did she do any work for Mr. Epstein,
 17 that you know of?
 18 A. Yes. She was a -- I don't know her deterrent,
 19 but she was an assistant to him or to her. I don't
 20 know.
 21 Q. All right. There is a -- I've seen a
 22 reference in -- and the spelling has changed in my
 23 various references -- is there a N. or N.? Do you
 24 recognize that name?
 25 A. N.

Page 18

1 Q. N.
 2 A. N. Yes, I know N.B.
 3 Q. Want to take a chance at spelling that last
 4 name?
 5 A. I think it was B. But she was not an
 6 employee. She was a guest.
 7 Q. Was she a full-time guest?
 8 A. No.
 9 Q. When would she visit?
 10 A. She was a girl that was very, very talented.
 11 Mr. Epstein help her become an actress. Now she's a
 12 movie actress and she's in a soap opera. She came with
 13 her mother to the house. And she -- he help her come up
 14 with her career.
 15 Q. Okay. Do you -- are you familiar with any
 16 other individuals by the name of N. or N. who worked for
 17 Mr. Epstein?
 18 A. No.
 19 Q. After the renovations were complete, did you
 20 have access to the entire house while you worked for
 21 Mr. Epstein?
 22 A. Absolutely, yeah.
 23 Q. Was there any particular portion of the house
 24 that was denied access by -- to you?
 25 A. No.

Page 19

1 Q. Were there any photographs of nude females in
 2 the house while you were there?
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 MR. WILLITS: What's the matter with that
 5 form?
 6 MR. CRITTON: Overly broad. Nude? You mean,
 7 completely naked?
 8 MR. WILLITS: However you want to interpret
 9 it.
 10 THE WITNESS: Excuse me. Can you repeat that
 11 again?
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 BY MR. WILLITS:
 14 Q. Yes. Were there any photographs of nude
 15 females in the house while you worked for Mr. Epstein?
 16 A. Yes. Sometimes I saw nude photographs.
 17 Q. Are you able to describe where you saw those,
 18 where in the house?
 19 A. Most of the times those photographs were taken
 20 by Ms. Maxwell. And they usually are her desk. And she
 21 kept a big album.
 22 Q. Do you remember any pictures of nude or
 23 partially unclothed females on the walls at
 24 Mr. Epstein's house?
 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

Page 20

1 BY MR. WILLITS:
 2 Q. He's just making objections for the record
 3 that he can take -- he will take it up with the Judge
 4 later on.
 5 A. Okay.
 6 Q. You don't need to worry about --
 7 A. Yes, it was. It was pictures of partially
 8 nude.
 9 Q. And where were they?
 10 A. Most of the times they were in the pool.
 11 Q. How about on the stairway?
 12 A. No. On the stairway there were no pictures
 13 when I was there.
 14 Q. How many stairways were there?
 15 A. It was the service stairway that is very
 16 narrow coming from the service quarters to the kitchen.
 17 And the main stairway, that it was quite wide
 18 and to the second floor.
 19 Just those two.
 20 And also there was a stairway outside through
 21 the pool to the balcony upstairs.
 22 Q. And do you have a recollection of pictures of
 23 any females whatsoever on either of the inside
 24 stairways?
 25 A. No, I don't.

Page 21

1 Q. What is your understanding, sir, of the -- a
 2 reference to a girl, as opposed to a woman? Are you
 3 familiar with the term, girl?
 4 A. Of course.
 5 Q. Are you familiar with the term, woman?
 6 A. I interpret most a woman, a married woman, a
 7 married person.
 8 Q. Are you -- how would you describe a 14 year
 9 old, a woman or a girl?
 10 A. A girl, of course.
 11 Q. How would you describe a 16 year old, a woman
 12 or a girl?
 13 A. Again, I don't know. I am not -- I don't
 14 think I can tell you exactly she is 14 or 16.
 15 Q. But if you knew --
 16 A. Sixteen, I would think is a girl, of course.
 17 Q. Were there ever any visitors to the Epstein
 18 house that you considered to be girls, as opposed to
 19 women?
 20 A. Yes. Yes. I think I would says, I never
 21 check her i.d.
 22 Q. Right.
 23 A. Or I was not told to check i.d.s. --
 24 Q. Of course.
 25 A. -- on these girls. But one, I would says,

Page 22

1 N.B. was very young because she was in high school. And
 2 sometimes either I pick her mother and herself from her
 3 house or I pick her from The School of the Arts or the
 4 ballet place, ballet in West Palm Beach. I can't
 5 remember exactly what that place is, the name of the
 6 place.
 7 Q. Did you give -- provide transportation for any
 8 other females while you worked for Mr. Epstein?
 9 A. Occasionally, yes, I did.
 10 Q. Do you happen to remember the names of any of
 11 those females?
 12 A. I remember one, specifically one. It was V.
 13 Her name was V. I can't remember her last name, but I
 14 think it was P. I'm not sure. I can be wrong on that.
 15 Q. And how many times did you provide
 16 transportation services for this female?
 17 A. Whenever I had -- I been told. Whenever I was
 18 told to go get them or bring them back to their house.
 19 Q. Did you consider V. to be a girl or a woman?
 20 A. Again, I think it was a woman, from myself,
 21 her dressing and her -- I think it was -- again, I don't
 22 know if she was 16, 17 or 18 or 19, could have been.
 23 But she was not -- I never pick her up from a school or
 24 anything like that. The only girl that I picked up from
 25 the school was N.

Page 23

1 Q. Okay. Do you remember any other females being
 2 present at the house, other than the females that you've
 3 mentioned, which were N., her mother, Sarah Kellen, V.
 4 Were there any others that you --
 5 A. Many, many, many, many, many.
 6 Q. When did you first --
 7 MR. CRITTON: Can I just have the last
 8 question read back?
 9 MR. WILLITS: Of course you can.
 10 MR. CRITTON: Please.
 11 MR. WILLITS: But only once.
 12 MR. CRITTON: That's all I need.
 13 MR. WILLITS: You sure.
 14 Go ahead.
 15 (Previous question was read.)
 16 MR. CRITTON: And can I just ask for a
 17 clarification from you? Are you going to use -- if
 18 you use the word woman, are you --
 19 MR. WILLITS: I said, females.
 20 MR. CRITTON: No, no, I understand. But in
 21 the future if you use woman, does that mean, at
 22 least to Mr. Alessi, that that's married, and if
 23 it's a girl she has to be 14 or 16? Because that's
 24 how you asked the question.
 25 MR. WILLITS: All I'm going to talk about is

Page 24

1 females.
 2 MR. CRITTON: Okay.
 3 MR. WILLITS: And ask --
 4 MR. CRITTON: I'll be alert to the questions
 5 then.
 6 MR. WILLITS: All right. So you don't need to
 7 sleep through the next few questions.
 8 MR. CRITTON: I don't sleep at all.
 9 MR. WILLITS: All right. Now I'm totally
 10 confused.
 11 BY MR. WILLITS:
 12 Q. When did you first become aware of females
 13 visiting the Epstein house?
 14 A. Since I know him.
 15 Q. During the renovations?
 16 A. Yeah.
 17 Q. Were there --
 18 A. Before the -- before Ms. Maxwell.
 19 Q. Okay. All right. Let's use that as a
 20 milepost.
 21 Before Ms. Maxwell --
 22 A. Before it was Ms. Maxwell, it was only one
 23 woman that it was Mr. Epstein's girlfriend. And her
 24 name was Dr. -- she was a doctor of medicine -- Eva
 25 Anderson. And I really liked this girl. She was very

Page 25

1 nice, nice person.
 2 Q. Did you say Anderson or Underson?
 3 A. Anderson, A-N.
 4 Q. A-N-D-E-R-S-O-N?
 5 A. Yeah.
 6 MR. BERGER: What was her first name?
 7 THE WITNESS: Eva.
 8 BY MR. WILLITS
 9 Q. Before Ms. Maxwell assumed responsibilities
 10 for the house, were there any other female visitors to
 11 the house, except for Dr. Eva Anderson?
 12 A. No, not that I remember. She was one.
 13 Q. All right. After Ms. Maxwell assumed
 14 responsibility for the house, do you recall any female
 15 visitors?
 16 A. Many.
 17 Q. When did that start in relationship to when
 18 Ms. Maxwell assumed responsibilities?
 19 A. Immediately.
 20 Q. Were there visitors who came back more than
 21 once?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. And when I say, "visitors," I mean, female?
 24 A. And males.
 25 Q. I'm only interested in females. Mr. Critton

Page 26

1 may be interested in the males. I'm not sure.
 2 Did you have any information as to where these
 3 visitors came from?
 4 A. They were mostly European girls.
 5 Q. And when you say, "girls," do you mean 14 to
 6 16, --
 7 A. No.
 8 Q. -- or do you mean females?
 9 A. They all were, I would says, under -- over 20
 10 years old.
 11 Q. Okay. And it has been explained to us in
 12 another deposition that sometimes females travelled with
 13 Mr. Epstein.
 14 A. Yes, they did.
 15 Q. Are these females that you are referring to,
 16 did they travel with Mr. Epstein or did they get to the
 17 house in other ways?
 18 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 19 THE WITNESS: Both.
 20 BY MR. WILLITS:
 21 Q. Both. Okay. Were you aware of any female
 22 visitors to the Epstein house from the local area of
 23 Palm Beach County?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. How -- and why did you become aware of that?

Page 27

1 A. Because they were local. Some people, they
 2 live in Palm Beach. Some of these girls, they live in
 3 Palm Beach.
 4 Q. How did you know that?
 5 A. They become friends.
 6 Q. Okay. Do you happen to remember the names of
 7 any of those friends?
 8 A. I remember there were some girls that come
 9 multiple times and they're usually there for dinners or
 10 lunches. One was G.B., G.B.
 11 Q. Okay.
 12 A. I think she was a -- she used to work for
 13 Stanley, Morgan Stanley. My son work at that time same
 14 person.
 15 Q. Okay.
 16 A. Try to remember names, but there were a lot of
 17 visitors in the house, a lot of female visitors.
 18 Q. Are you aware of female visitors to the house
 19 who were there to perform massage services?
 20 A. Yes.
 21 Q. Do you recall the first time that you observed
 22 a female come into the Epstein house for the purposes of
 23 massage?
 24 A. I don't recall that.
 25 Q. How many different individuals came to the

Page 28

1 Epstein house for the purpose of massage, as far as you
 2 understood it?
 3 A. In the -- I would says, between 50 and a
 4 hundred different persons.
 5 Q. Do you happen to know any of those names?
 6 A. I remember couple names.
 7 Q. Okay.
 8 A. And the last name I asked -- I going to tell
 9 you there were girls that come multiple times and there
 10 are girls who come one times and that was it.
 11 Of the multiple time the girl -- the girls
 12 come to the house -- "girls," again, mean -- I'm going
 13 to refer everybody as girls.
 14 Q. Okay. But you don't necessarily mean under
 15 the age of 18 when you say --
 16 A. None of these girls were under the age of 18.
 17 Then again, I don't know. They could have been 18 or 19
 18 or 20 or 25. I don't know. But they were all masseuses
 19 and they came to the house.
 20 One of the names that I remember was D.D.
 21 Q. That's D.?
 22 A. Uh-huh. D. I think it was.
 23 So many. J., A., C., J.
 24 There were also massage therapists from
 25 Europe. They sometimes travel with him in the plane.

Page 29

1 And some just names that I cannot -- I cannot go on.
 2 Q. Sure. How did you know that D. or J. were
 3 there for purposes of a massage?
 4 A. Because I was told to either Ms. Maxwell will
 5 call, I will call or Mr. Epstein will told me, call this
 6 girl at that time. Sometimes it was 1:00 in the
 7 morning. Sometimes it was within the afternoon.
 8 Sometimes it was after the movies. They usually go into
 9 a movie every night after dinner. And sometimes were
 10 girls that come at 10:00, 10:30.
 11 Q. How would you know what number to call?
 12 A. I had a list.
 13 Q. Okay. Was this a list that you prepared or
 14 was given to you?
 15 A. I had a list that it was in my Roladex.
 16 Q. Okay. So as part of your job there was a
 17 Roladex?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. Who put the information on the Roladex?
 20 A. I think I did most of the times or I was given
 21 a piece of paper, says, call this girl, put a number.
 22 And I will call her. And if she was coming back, then
 23 I'd put her as a regular massage therapist.
 24 Q. Do you know how these females would be
 25 transported to the Epstein house?

Page 30

1 A. Ninety-nine percent they -- they would drive
 2 their own cars.
 3 Q. And when they did not drive their own cars,
 4 how --
 5 A. Some, they were transported by the boyfriends
 6 or the husbands and they wait outside.
 7 Q. How about, are you aware of any of the females
 8 being transported to the house by virtue of a taxi?
 9 A. I think it was an occasional time that I have
 10 to send a girl in a taxi, if I was going to be busy for
 11 transporting them.
 12 Q. Did you ever provide transportation to any of
 13 the females who were there for purposes of massage?
 14 A. Yes, I did.
 15 Q. Okay. Do you remember where you went?
 16 A. I remember specifically on V., --
 17 Q. Okay.
 18 A. -- that she used to live with her boyfriend in
 19 Royal Palm Beach.
 20 Q. All right.
 21 A. And when she went the first time, she -- she
 22 went by herself. I never had to bring her back. But
 23 later I was told by Mr. Epstein to go and pick her up.
 24 And she give me the -- or he give me the address and the
 25 phone, so I call her and I went and pick her up from

Page 31

1 Royal Palm Beach.
 2 She had -- she was living with a boyfriend and
 3 another person in this apartment complex in Royal Palm
 4 Beach.
 5 Q. Okay. Do you happen to remember any other
 6 areas of the county where you transported any of the
 7 females?
 8 A. I transport her -- one back to a house in
 9 Jupiter.
 10 Q. Okay.
 11 A. That's what I can remember now.
 12 Q. Did you ever speak to any of these females
 13 that you have mentioned -- let's talk specifically about
 14 the ones that you have named, D., J., A., C., J. --
 15 about what they did there at the Epstein house?
 16 A. No. They did massage therapy.
 17 Q. And how did you know they were actually
 18 providing massages?
 19 A. Most of them, they had business card and they
 20 left me business cards. And some of them asked me to
 21 call them to provide them work.
 22 And I says that was not my job. My job was to
 23 call whoever they wanted. Either when she --
 24 Ms. Maxwell want a massage, she will told me, I want a
 25 massage at this time with this person.

Page 32

1 Q. Uh-huh.
 2 A. Or Mr. Epstein will call me and he says, get
 3 this girl at this time.
 4 So it was not my job to pick and choose these
 5 girls.
 6 Q. Did you have anything to do with paying any of
 7 these females?
 8 A. Occasionally, yes, I did.
 9 Q. Can you describe that?
 10 A. The most -- the regular girls that came to the
 11 house, sometimes they got paid once every night or every
 12 day or I knew them and they would just say, just keep a
 13 tab of the hours and I will pay amount at the end of the
 14 week.
 15 Q. And how were they paid, by cash or check?
 16 A. Most of the times, I would says, 95 percent of
 17 the times I was paid by check.
 18 Q. I mean, the females?
 19 A. The females, --
 20 Q. The females were paid?
 21 A. -- I would pay them by check.
 22 Q. Out of what account?
 23 A. I was -- I have an account that I was from the
 24 bank for Jeffrey Epstein and my name was on it. I would
 25 sign the checks. I will make a copy of a check. I will

Page 33	Page 35
<p>1 make the girl sign a paper that they receive check for 2 \$500 for five massages. 3 Q. And do you remember where that -- what bank 4 that account was with? 5 A. I think Palm Beach National Bank on Worth 6 Avenue. 7 Q. Did you ever have any occasions to make 8 deposits to that account? 9 A. Yeah. 10 Q. Where would the cash or checks come from to 11 make deposits? 12 A. Checks. There was checks, big checks for 13 Mr. Epstein. 14 Matter of fact, one time I was so scared. It 15 was a couple million dollar checks that I -- he told me 16 to go and deposit. 17 Q. You said that usually these girls were paid by 18 check. Were there occasions when the females would 19 be -- 20 A. There were occasions -- 21 Q. -- paid by cash? 22 A. -- where the girls says, do you have any cash, 23 John? They were asking for cash. 24 I says, let me take a look. So I check my 25 petty cash box that we have for the house for the</p>	<p>1 Q. -- the employment of Mr. Epstein, who were the 2 other employees? You mentioned Sarah Kellen. Anybody 3 else there? 4 A. The chef, but the chef also work in Europe, so 5 he was travelling with him. 6 Q. Right. 7 A. He had a room. 8 Then it was another renovation of the house in 9 the middle -- about a year and a half before my 10 departure. And there was a house built for the -- away 11 from the -- from the main house. It was a service 12 house. There was couple rooms in there with a kitchen 13 and a living room. So he will have a room in there, the 14 chefs. 15 Q. Okay. Does the name L. ring a bell? 16 A. No. Never saw her. 17 Q. Do you recognize the name Joe Joe as somebody 18 who worked for Mr. Epstein? 19 A. Joe Joe? Joe Joe, as far as I knew, it was -- 20 I met him. He was the house man in New York. 21 Q. Okay. 22 A. It was him and his wife -- 23 Q. All right. 24 A. -- that were the people, they handled the 25 house in New York.</p>
Page 34	Page 36
<p>1 expenses. And if I have it, I pay it. If not, 2 Mr. Epstein will pay. 3 Q. Did you ever have any concerns that any of the 4 females coming to the Epstein house for the purposes of 5 massage might be under the age of 18? 6 A. No, because I never saw younger, young, young 7 girls. And mostly that I was told they were massage 8 therapists. 9 Q. Told by who? 10 A. By Ms. Maxwell or Mr. Epstein. 11 Q. Did you ever have any dealings with Sarah 12 Kellen about the females who came to provide massage 13 services? 14 A. No. Sarah Kellen came about, I would says, 15 the most two months before my departure. 16 Q. Okay. Do you think that you would be able to 17 recognize any of the females if you saw them or their 18 pictures? 19 A. Pictures? Yeah, I think so. 20 Q. Did you ever have any discussions with any 21 fellow employees about the females who were coming to 22 provide massage services? 23 A. No. 24 Q. At the time that you left -- 25 A. Yes, sir.</p>	<p>1 Q. Did you ever personally observe a massage 2 taking place in the Epstein house? 3 A. Never. 4 Q. Did you ever have occasion to clean 5 Mr. Epstein's bedroom after a massage? 6 A. Every time. 7 Q. Did anyone assist you with that? 8 A. Sometimes. 9 Q. Who would be -- who would assist you? 10 A. Depends on the day of the hour. Sometimes the 11 cleaning crew that we had, if it was the right date, the 12 right time, they will go out and clean up. But most of 13 the time I was involved. I was the one. 14 Q. Did you ever observe any vibrators in 15 Mr. Epstein's bedroom after a massage? 16 A. Yes, I did. 17 Q. How many? 18 A. Two. 19 Q. How many massage tables were there at the 20 Epstein residence while you worked there? 21 A. It was permanent massage tables or we had 22 tables for every room of the house. So it was about the 23 blue room, the red room. It was a massage table for the 24 balcony. It was on Mr. Epstein's bathroom, 25 Ms. Maxwell's bathroom. There was Ms. Maxwell's</p>

9 (Pages 33 to 36)

Page 37

1 bathroom was in the same quarters, his quarters.
 2 So we had quite a bit of expensive tables.
 3 Q. Did you ever get a massage while you were
 4 working for Mr. Epstein?
 5 A. I wasn't that lucky.
 6 Q. Okay. I'm sorry.
 7 A. I don't want to lie. Yes, I did. By a guy.
 8 It was a -- occasionally it was male massage
 9 therapists there, there were called. They did massages
 10 for Mr. Epstein and Ms. Maxwell.
 11 And one time I had some pains in my back and I
 12 was given as a gift.
 13 Q. Now, there came to be an incident where you
 14 were arrested that caused you to be terminated from
 15 Mr. Epstein?
 16 A. No.
 17 Q. Were you terminated from Mr. Epstein's
 18 employment?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. Did you promise to pay him back some money?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. Did you make all the payments?
 23 A. Yes, I did.
 24 Q. When was the last time you made a payment?
 25 A. I made a payment immediately, the same

Page 38

1 payment, same amount.
 2 Q. The full amount?
 3 A. Full amount.
 4 Q. Okay. It wasn't a payment plan?
 5 A. No.
 6 MR. WILLITS: I don't have any other
 7 questions. You want to take a short break?
 8 MR. CRITTON: Would you like to take a short
 9 break?
 10 THE WITNESS: I'm fine.
 11 VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record, 10:56.
 12 (Brief recess.)
 13 CROSS EXAMINATION
 14 BY MS. EZELL:
 15 Q. I'm Catherine Ezell. I want to ask you a few
 16 questions about some things that came up during your
 17 deposition, your earlier questioning in this deposition.
 18 A. Okay.
 19 Q. The book of policies that you mentioned that
 20 was there by the time you left, I just wanted to
 21 clarify, was that done by somebody in Palm Beach to be
 22 used by different households in Palm Beach or was it
 23 done by someone employed by Jeffrey Epstein to apply to
 24 all the homes he --
 25 A. Yes.

Page 39

1 Q. The latter?
 2 A. The latter.
 3 Q. What, if anything, can you remember or tell us
 4 about your separation agreement?
 5 A. It was basically an agreement between him and
 6 myself that we will leave after all those years of
 7 service.
 8 And I regret to agree with the amount, but it
 9 was \$30,000 for me and \$20,000 for my wife.
 10 And it was -- he give my wife the car that she
 11 usually drive. It was a minivan, Chrysler minivan, as
 12 part of the -- as part of the separation. She loved
 13 that car and she did all the shopping, it was done in
 14 that car.
 15 So Mr. Epstein was kind enough to give her the
 16 car.
 17 The rest of the stuff is, was mainly lawyer
 18 stuff that you can't understand. But basically that was
 19 it. And that it was a part that I think I can -- I
 20 would says, it was more or less that I will not sue him
 21 later or he cannot sue me for any reasons or -- and it
 22 was like a confidentiality issue in that separation
 23 agreement.
 24 Q. And do you understand that in this instance
 25 you are subpoenaed under the power of the Court?

Page 40

1 A. Absolutely.
 2 Q. And that would include matters that would
 3 otherwise be confidential?
 4 A. Can you repeat that again?
 5 Q. Yeah. Do you understand that because you're
 6 under subpoena by the Court to give your testimony, --
 7 A. Today.
 8 Q. -- truthfully -- yes.
 9 A. Uh-huh.
 10 Q. That the confidentiality agreement would not
 11 control; the Court's subpoena --
 12 A. Oh, yeah.
 13 Q. -- controls?
 14 A. I understand that.
 15 Q. You mentioned Ghislaine Maxwell did photo
 16 shoots and kept an album?
 17 A. Yes. She was fanatic about photographs --
 18 camera. She had a whole bunch of different cameras and
 19 she took all the pictures all over.
 20 Q. Did you ever observe her doing a photo shoot
 21 of V.?
 22 A. No.
 23 Q. Did you ever observe her doing a photo shoot
 24 of any of the other young women whose names you
 25 mentioned?

Page 41	Page 43
<p>1 A. Young woman? 2 Q. Yes. 3 A. No, I can't remember. I know that she went 4 out and took pictures in the pool because later on I 5 would see them at the desk or at the house. 6 And nude -- 99.9 percent of the time they were 7 topless. They were European girls. They were -- 8 Q. You stated that you believe V.'s name was P., 9 but you weren't sure? 10 A. Not sure. 11 Q. Could it have been R.? 12 A. R., yeah. Yeah. Could have been. 13 Q. I want to show you a picture and have it 14 marked as an Exhibit to this deposition. 15 MS. EZELL: And did we have the agreement 16 beforehand that we've been having all along that 17 we're just using initials and not names? 18 MR. WILLITS: My client has waived the 19 confidentiality as to herself. But I certainly 20 agree as to everybody else. 21 MR. LANGINO: As do I. 22 MS. EZELL: Is that okay? 23 MR. CRITTON: That's what we agreed to on the 24 last. 25 MS. EZELL: Right.</p>	<p>1 V.R.? Obviously the tape preserves it. We're not 2 asking the tape gentleman to edit it. 3 MS. EZELL: Right. 4 MR. BERGER: So how is it preserved that V.R. 5 means your client's full name? 6 MS. EZELL: Well, we had just agreed in 7 previous depositions that that's the way it would 8 read. The written transcript would not have the 9 full name, but would just have the initials. 10 MR. BERGER: I'm not so sure that constitutes 11 an identification by Mr. Alessi that's going to be 12 clear. But this is the first deposition I've 13 attended, so I'm not sure if I'm -- if what I'm 14 saying has been dealt with or not. 15 MR. MERMELSTEIN: I think we're working on 16 good faith. Mr. Critton is agreeing that the 17 name -- and I don't think anyone's going to come 18 back later and say, oh, you meant Vince Robinson or 19 anything like that, so... 20 MR. BERGER: Well, I'm not -- I'm not talking 21 about Mr. Critton. Bob Critton I have the full 22 trust in. I'm just talking about a jury watching 23 this or reading this transcript believing that 24 Mr. Alessi has accurately identified one of these 25 victims. That's all. I don't know if you've all</p>
Page 42	Page 44
<p>1 MR. CRITTON: For the court reporter, at 2 least, in terms of the -- I guess in terms of the 3 transcript she gives to us, if you would just use a 4 first initial and a last initial. 5 MR. WILLITS: So when you ask about V., it 6 would be V.R. is what the court reporter would 7 write down? 8 MS. EZELL: Right. 9 MR. CRITTON: But make sure everybody uses the 10 full name, because that way we'll have two 11 initials. 12 MR. WILLITS: When they speak, but she's going 13 to write it down as initials. Is that what you're 14 saying? I'm confused about everything. 15 MR. CRITTON: The reason is, is there may be 16 25, you know, there may be three V.s. So if you 17 just mention V. and it just shows up as a V., it 18 won't make sense. So ergo you need to do that. 19 But Carolyn Andriano, his client, she gets the 20 whole megillah. 21 MR. WILLITS: Right. 22 MR. BERGER: How is it preserved that we're 23 talking about your client? You gave her full name 24 a minute ago. How is it preserved if she's -- the 25 court reporter is going to change the full name to</p>	<p>1 thought about that. 2 MS. EZELL: Well, for one thing, the jury 3 might, if they're -- if they're hearing or reading 4 his testimony, they most likely would be seeing the 5 video, which would have the full name. Unless the 6 Judge allows us to block out names and we haven't 7 come to that point. 8 MR. MERMELSTEIN: I think the idea at trial, 9 V.R., if it's read to the jury would become then 10 V.R. It would be read as V.R. But if it's filed 11 with the Court, this transcript, it will be V.R., 12 and that way it doesn't have to be redacted. 13 MR. WILLITS: As I also understood it, if 14 there would be any question at all, we could simply 15 ask the court reporter and she would say, according 16 to my notes, V.R. is Virgil Robinson and not -- or 17 whatever her notes show. Wouldn't she be the final 18 authority? 19 MS. EZELL: Well, she would certainly have 20 that record. 21 MR. CRITTON: You could listen to the tape. 22 It would be pretty easy. I think we're making it a 23 lot more complicated than it need be. 24 MR. WILLITS: For once, I agree. 25 MR. CRITTON: I think it will be all right.</p>

11 (Pages 41 to 44)

Page 45	Page 47
<p>1 MS. EZELL: I'm going to ask -- I don't know 2 whether you've still been serially designating 3 Exhibits or whether we're doing them separately for 4 deposition. 5 MR. CRITTON: I think we cannot trust that 6 people will do them serially. I'd do them with 7 each one. 8 MS. EZELL: Then would you mark this, please, 9 as Exhibit 1 to this deposition. 10 And I'm just going to state on the record that 11 I will keep that original. We will not attach it 12 to the deposition. 13 (Exhibit number 1 was marked for 14 identification purposes and retained by Counsel for the 15 Plaintiffs.) 16 THE WITNESS: Yes, that's -- 17 BY MS. EZELL: 18 Q. Can you identify that -- the young woman in 19 those pictures? 20 A. Yes. 21 Q. Who is it? 22 A. That's V. -- V. Now that you says R., that 23 is V.R. definite, a hundred percent. 24 MR. CRITTON: Let me just note my objection, 25 as I did in A. Rod's deposition or Mr. Rodriguez's</p>	<p>1 THE WITNESS: Could have been. But, you know, 2 I am not -- I don't think I am a very good judge of 3 ages. If you ask me how old you are, I really 4 couldn't tell you. 5 MR. CRITTON: Kathy thinks she's 25. 6 MS. EZELL: In my dreams. 7 THE WITNESS: Now, again, I must tell you, I 8 was never told to check any i.d.s on any of the 9 people who work at the house. 10 BY MS. EZELL: 11 Q. I understand that. And, so, I think I'm just 12 trying to establish that you didn't consider it part of 13 your job description to worry about or consider the 14 ages -- 15 A. No. 16 Q. -- of the young women that came there? 17 A. Absolutely not. Absolutely not. 18 Q. And, so, you never really focused on that or 19 particularly thought about it if they seemed young? 20 MR. CRITTON: Form. 21 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I didn't see that 22 many young girls, you know, young, underage girls 23 at the house. I never saw except the two girls 24 that I mentioned that I think it was underage was 25 N. for sure because she was still in high school.</p>
Page 46	Page 48
<p>1 deposition, that I know you're going to confiscate 2 Exhibit number 1. I think it's inappropriate. I 3 think I should be allowed to have a copy of 4 Exhibits that are being used in deposition. But 5 I'll file a motion with the Court so we don't get 6 into a pulling match over your Exhibits. 7 MR. BERGER: I would ask that the court 8 reporter initial that. 9 MS. EZELL: Sure. 10 Oh, you did? 11 MR. WILLITS: She marked it. 12 MR. BERGER: Did she put her initials or did 13 she just put a number or a letter? 14 MR. CRITTON: She's nodding that she did 15 everything that she usually does, which means, 16 initials, date and number. 17 MR. MERMELSTEIN: You can talk. 18 MR. WILLITS: But when you talk, use your 19 initials. 20 BY MS. EZELL: 21 Q. How old did you think V.R. was at the time she 22 began coming to Mr. Epstein's home? 23 A. She could have been 17, 18, 19. 24 Q. Could she have also been 15? 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p>	<p>1 And she -- she had dinner with her mother, a couple 2 times with her mother. And she become an actress. 3 She's an actress and she has done movies. And he 4 help her in her career. 5 That's the only girl that I knew she was young 6 because she was going to high school and I pick her 7 up from high school sometimes. But she was not a 8 massage therapist. She will go for dinner. And 9 they will go for the movies and she sang sometimes 10 because she was a singer. So she sung at the 11 house. Beautiful girl. Very talented. 12 That's the only girl that I know that it 13 was -- I would says, underage. 14 BY MS. EZELL: 15 Q. Okay. Did -- who told you that V.R. was a 16 massage therapist? 17 A. Nobody. 18 Q. Did you assume that she was a massage 19 therapist because you were told she was coming to give a 20 massage? 21 A. No. I assumed she was a massage therapy 22 because I was -- I drove Ms. Maxwell to Mar-a-lago, 23 Donald Trump's residence. And I wait in the car while 24 Ms. Maxwell got a -- I think it was a facial or massage. 25 I don't know. But that day I remember this girl, V.,</p>

12 (Pages 45 to 48)

Page 49	Page 51
<p>1 walking down from the main lobby towards the spa of 2 Mar-a-lago. And I was driving Ms. Maxwell up, up the 3 ramp. It's a little ramp there. 4 And Ms. Maxwell says, stop. And she went and 5 talked to -- she went inside. 6 And that afternoon around 5:00 I saw V. came. 7 She came to the house already, so she was there already. 8 That was the first day I knew. And then she would come 9 regularly. 10 Q. Did you ever meet any of V.'s family? 11 A. No. I think she was -- one time I think her 12 father drove her there. And I met -- I don't know if it 13 was the boyfriend or husband or -- but he had to wait, 14 make him wait outside while she was at the house. 15 Q. Do you know the name or recognize the name 16 Tony Santiago? 17 A. I think it was him. 18 Q. That was her -- 19 A. I know he had an old beat-up car, Camaro or 20 Mustang. I know it was very old car that I make him 21 wait on the street one time. I make him come out of the 22 driveway because we have to move some cars around. 23 Q. Did there ever come a time when Tony Santiago 24 was welcome in the kitchen? 25 A. I think he came once in the kitchen, but</p>	<p>1 there. So I would says, between three months maybe 2 before I left. And I think I left at the end of the 3 year, so it could have been -- I remember it was a very 4 hard day because I had to wait in the sun outside in a 5 convertible and I was dying, waiting for an hour for 6 Ms. Maxwell. I think it was in the summer of 2002. 7 Q. And if I remember correctly, you left in 8 November or December of 2002? 9 A. Yes. 10 Q. So that might have been perhaps July or August 11 of 2002? 12 A. Uh-huh. 13 Q. And, so, as I understand it, you only saw V.R. 14 come to that house during the last three months of your 15 time at Mr. Epstein's? 16 A. Yes. 17 Q. Do you have any -- any sense or can you 18 approximate how many times she came? 19 A. I cannot give you a number, but I would says, 20 two, three times a week. 21 Q. You mentioned that sometimes you would have to 22 call these massage therapists in the middle of the 23 night. Did you ever have to call V. for Mr. Epstein in 24 the middle of the night? 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p>
Page 50	Page 52
<p>1 Ms. Maxwell told me to get him out. 2 Q. Did she tell you why? 3 A. No. She didn't -- I guess she didn't want to 4 become, you know, everybody -- because some of these 5 people came with their husbands and they wait outside. 6 And I guess she didn't want this to become a norm for 7 everybody to bring their companions while they have -- 8 they will do a massage for her. 9 Q. During the time you were there, did you ever 10 know of Tony Santiago bringing any other girls to 11 Mr. Epstein? 12 A. No. I knew that sometimes I saw V. bring 13 other girls with her, not Tony Santiago. 14 Q. Do you remember the names of any of those 15 girls -- 16 A. No, I don't. 17 Q. -- that V. brought? 18 A. That was at the end of my stay there. No. 19 That was a very -- at the very end of the last month of 20 my stay. 21 Q. Did you give -- I don't believe I asked you, 22 but if I did, forgive me. Did you give us an 23 approximate year in which you were taking Ms. Maxwell to 24 Mar-a-lago and saw V.R. for the first time? 25 A. That was at the -- at the end of my stay</p>	<p>1 THE WITNESS: No. No. 2 BY MS. EZELL: 3 Q. Did there come a time while you were there 4 that V.R. stayed in the house? 5 MR. CRITTON: Form. 6 THE WITNESS: I don't think so. I cannot 7 remember. No. 8 BY MS. EZELL: 9 Q. How many bedrooms were there upstairs? 10 A. One, two, three -- one, two, three, four -- 11 four -- so that would be five, five bedrooms. 12 Q. Five. And, so, would one have been 13 Mr. Epstein's bedroom? 14 A. Yes. His quarters was big, huge quarters. 15 Q. Sort of a suite? 16 A. Yeah. And he has -- this is the room. His 17 bathroom was here and her bathroom was here. The main 18 room was here. And we have -- it was two sets of doors 19 before -- two sets of double doors before you can go 20 into the suite. There was one on top of the stairway 21 and one in the middle of the hallway. And then you walk 22 into the -- into the suite. 23 Q. Okay. And you -- you just put a red eight by 24 11 folder in front of you? 25 A. Yeah.</p>

13 (Pages 49 to 52)

Page 53	Page 55
<p>1 Q. And you said, "this is the room." 2 Do you mean that is Mr. Epstein's room? 3 A. And Ms. Maxwell. 4 Q. And Ms. Maxwell? 5 A. Yes. 6 Q. And his bath was on one side and hers was on 7 the other? 8 A. Yes. Yes, ma'am. 9 Q. So did she not have a separate bedroom? 10 A. Ms. Maxwell? No. Sometimes she slept in a 11 different bedroom. Don't ask me why. 12 Q. Okay. But generally at that point in time she 13 was still -- 14 A. Yeah. 15 Q. -- sleeping in, for most nights, the same 16 bedroom -- 17 A. Yeah. 18 Q. -- as Mr. Epstein? 19 A. Uh-huh. 20 Q. And then there was the service quarters, the 21 service department? 22 A. The service quarters before we moved down to 23 the other house, it was in one corner of the property in 24 the second floor. 25 Q. And what -- what other bedrooms were there?</p>	<p>1 A. Yes. 2 Q. And who, if anyone, stayed in the blue room? 3 A. Yes, many. 4 Q. Guests who would come and go? 5 A. (Nods head.) 6 Q. And in the red room? 7 A. Same thing. 8 Q. Again, guests? 9 A. Yes. 10 Q. And did you say that N.B. did spend nights 11 there? 12 A. No, not that I remember. 13 Q. She never did? 14 A. Not that I remember, no. Because she was not 15 there until the whole length of time that I work for 16 Mr. Epstein. She was there for maybe a year or two 17 years. Then she moved to California. She was -- moved 18 the whole family to Hollywood. 19 Q. And that's N.B.? 20 A. N. 21 Q. You mentioned Dr. Eva Anderson? 22 A. Uh-huh. 23 Q. I believe you said she had been a girlfriend 24 of Mr. Epstein's -- 25 A. Yeah.</p>
Page 54	Page 56
<p>1 A. In the service quarters? 2 Q. No. 3 A. In the total amount? 4 Q. On the second floor. 5 A. On the second floor. 6 Q. Other than -- 7 A. It was the -- it was a pink room, we called 8 the pink room. We called the blue room. And the parrot 9 room. We call a parrot room because there was a crazy 10 designer, all full of parrots. It look like you were in 11 the jungle. But that was changed, so that became the 12 blue room. 13 So it was the blue room, the red room and the 14 pink room. That was the main guest, for the main guest 15 rooms. 16 Then it was my room and we have like a little 17 sitting area for ourselves, for myself. 18 And upstairs there were one, two, three, four, 19 five, six, six bathrooms. 20 Q. During the time you were there who, if anyone, 21 stayed in the pink room? 22 A. Many people. 23 Q. Guests? 24 A. Yes. 25 Q. Who would come and go?</p>	<p>1 Q. -- before -- 2 A. I understand. 3 Q. -- Ms. Maxwell? 4 A. Yeah. 5 Q. And were there times when she would stay in 6 the house? 7 A. Yes. 8 Q. Would she stay in the house when Ms. Maxwell 9 was there as well? 10 A. Yes. 11 Q. And did she have sort of a regular room there? 12 A. Let me repeat. Can you repeat that again, the 13 questions before? Because I think I says, yes, when 14 Eva -- when Maxwell was there, I not think -- I can't 15 remember Eva being there. She was there for a little 16 bit because they become friends after that and they have 17 dinners and lunches and she would come, because Eva got 18 married and she had kids and -- and they were -- called 19 Mr. Epstein, Uncle Jeffrey. 20 So they become friends. And -- but I don't 21 think she ever slept at the house again because she had 22 her own house in Palm Beach. 23 Q. When you first went there to work would she 24 sometimes sleep at the house? Was that before she was 25 married?</p>

14 (Pages 53 to 56)

Page 57

Page 59

1 A. Yes. Before she was married, yeah. They
2 split up and she went her own way.

3 Q. Did she marry a Glen Dubin (phonetics)?

4 A. That's correct. And Mr. Dubin used to come to
5 the house, too.

6 Q. Do you know, was Sarah Kellen ever one of the
7 massage therapists before she became an assistant?

8 A. I don't know if she was a massage therapist.
9 I don't remember setting up a massage table for her. I
10 think she was an assistant. And she would call -- at
11 the end of my stay, I was -- tried to pull aside from my
12 obligations and Sarah was doing all the phone calls and
13 all the arrangement and all the looking out for these
14 girls for the -- for massage therapists. They were
15 constantly.

16 Q. When did that role get transferred from you to
17 Ms. Maxwell, the role of looking after girls and calling
18 the girls?

19 A. I didn't look after -- out for girls.
20 Ms. Maxwell was the one that recruit -- I remember one
21 occasion or two occasions she would says to me, John,
22 give me a list of all the spas in Palm Beach County.
23 And I will drive her from one to the other one to PGA
24 and Boca. And she will go in, drop credit cards -- not
25 credit cards, but business cards, and she come out. And

1 Q. And they called him uncle, you said?

2 A. They called him uncle.

3 Q. Did you ever learn what Tony Santiago did for
4 a living?

5 A. No.

6 Q. Have you had any occasion to see him since the
7 time you left Mr. Epstein's employ?

8 A. No.

9 Q. And you don't -- do you have any idea where he
10 is?

11 A. I have no idea. I remember an incident, one
12 time the -- I went to pick her up at Royal Palm Beach
13 and she was crying and I went and knock at the door and
14 she was crying. And she says, well, -- I think it was
15 Tony or -- because she used to live with these other
16 guys, too. There were two guys and her or two couples.
17 I don't know the arrangements there. But I remember
18 that she told me the -- Tony or her boyfriend had got
19 mad and ripped the furniture, he cut the furniture in
20 pieces and he even broke the screens. Because I was --
21 when I went into to knock the door, the screen was all
22 ripped up like it was cut.

23 And she told me that he got mad at -- I don't
24 know what happened. I never saw him in there.

25 Q. Did she tell you he had hit her or beaten her

Page 58

Page 60

1 then we go to -- she will recruit the girls. Was
2 never -- never done by me or Mr. Epstein or anybody
3 else, that I know.

4 I don't know about Sarah because Sarah was
5 there at the last, last -- probably last weeks of my
6 stay there. So I cannot say anything about Sarah.

7 Q. Was there any point in time -- well, let me
8 ask you this way: Did -- you said sometimes you would
9 call the girls to come --

10 A. Uh-huh.

11 Q. -- to give them massage. And sometimes
12 Ms. Maxwell would?

13 A. Yeah.

14 Q. Did there come a time when she took that over
15 entirely from you --

16 A. No.

17 Q. -- or that continued --

18 A. That's continued.

19 Q. -- until you left?

20 A. Yeah.

21 Q. Do you remember, is Jeffrey Epstein godfather
22 to one of the Dubin children?

23 A. I don't know if he godfather. I don't
24 remember that. But he was very fond to these children,
25 the children.

1 at all?

2 MR. CRITTON: Is the she, V., V.R.?

3 MS. EZELL: Yes. Thank you.

4 BY MS. EZELL:

5 Q. Did you ever see during the time you were
6 there photographs of V. in the house, the Epstein house?
7 V.R. in the Epstein house?

8 A. I don't think so. I don't think so.

9 Q. Did you ever see photographs of V.R. in
10 Ms. Maxwell's albums?

11 A. No.

12 Q. At the time you were employed by Mr. Epstein,
13 were there any hidden cameras?

14 A. No.

15 Q. You do know that he installed some after you
16 left, correct?

17 MR. CRITTON: Correct.

18 THE WITNESS: I don't know.

19 BY MS. EZELL:

20 Q. Wasn't there a camera involved in the incident
21 that -- the incident in which you took money from
22 Mr. Epstein?

23 A. Yeah. Yes. But I don't know if he install it
24 or not. That's what he told me.

25 Q. Okay.

15 (Pages 57 to 60)

Page 61	Page 63
<p>1 A. But we settled that completely out of Court. 2 It was a, I will pay you back. I'm sorry. I made a 3 mistake. And that was the end of it. 4 Q. I understand. And, so, you have no idea then 5 where the cameras were -- 6 A. No idea. 7 Q. -- installed? 8 A. I was never back at the house after that. 9 Q. Okay. I just want to ask you if you recognize 10 any other names. 11 Do you recognize a name, E., who was a friend 12 of Ms. Maxwell? 13 A. E.T.? Yes. 14 Q. And was she English? 15 A. English. And she travel all the time with 16 them. Not -- I would says, not a hundred percent of the 17 time, but she travel maybe 60, 70 percent of the time 18 for a period of years. 19 MR. CRITTON: So I'm clear, is it Annie? 20 MS. EZELL: E. 21 THE WITNESS: E.T. 22 MS. EZELL: E. or E. I'm not sure. 23 MR. CRITTON: Thank you. 24 BY MS. EZELL: 25 Q. Did she have a regular room in which she</p>	<p>1 the pool. But other than that, they were regular 2 massages. 3 Q. Did you know a young lady named C. who would 4 come to the home? 5 A. C. She was also English? 6 Q. I don't know? 7 A. I think I remember a C. 8 Q. And was she one that came to give massages? 9 A. C., C., C., C., C., C. 10 When you deal with all these girls' names. I 11 think C. was, yes, she was a massage therapist. But I 12 think she used to -- I could be wrong, but I think she 13 live in New York and she travelled with them once in a 14 while. 15 Q. Were some of the women that travelled with 16 Mr. Epstein models, to your understanding? 17 A. Very beautiful models. Very nice. Very, 18 very -- most of them were models, models. 19 Q. Did you know anyone named C.F.? 20 A. No. C.F. no. No. 21 Q. Jean Luc Bruhel? 22 A. Jean Luc? Jean Luc was a guy. 23 Q. I know that. Did you know him? 24 A. Yes, I know him. 25 Q. Who was he?</p>
Page 62	Page 64
<p>1 stayed -- 2 A. Yes. 3 Q. -- when she was there? Which one was that? 4 A. That was the pink room. When she came, she 5 stay in the pink room. 6 Q. And do you have any idea what her relationship 7 to Ghislaine Maxwell was? 8 A. I understand she was her assistant. And she 9 will answer the phones. And she will go shopping with 10 her sometimes. And she will -- basically they were 11 friends. I don't think she -- I don't think she was a 12 massage therapist ever. I don't think she ever was a 13 massage therapist. 14 Q. Do you know whether the young women that you 15 referred to as massage therapists came there to give 16 massages to both Mr. Epstein and Ms. Maxwell? 17 A. Yes. 18 Q. And do you know if E. was ever included in 19 that activity? 20 A. I have no idea because when they went upstairs 21 they shut all the doors and it was absolutely pitch 22 black in the room. It was no -- we never saw any 23 massages done. Occasionally we saw a massage, like, if 24 Ms. Maxwell wants a massage by the pool, I would set up 25 the table by the pool and they will have a massage at</p>	<p>1 A. He was -- he -- matter of fact, I went to his 2 house a couple of times with Mr. Epstein. And he was a 3 friend of Mr. Epstein. He was a -- he was French, I 4 think, French. And he was -- as far as I know, he had a 5 model agency in Miami, one of the big model agencies in 6 Miami. 7 Q. And do you know whether or not Mr. Epstein had 8 any interest in that model agency? 9 A. No. No idea. 10 Q. Do you know whether or not they were business 11 partners in any way? 12 A. No, I don't. 13 Q. Did he ever come over for massages? 14 A. He came to the house couple times. I think 15 he -- it might have been occasions where he stay 16 overnight. 17 MR. CRITTON: Move to strike as 18 non-responsive, to at least your question. 19 BY MS. EZELL: 20 Q. You indicated that you had been to his home. 21 So did he have a home in Palm Beach? 22 A. No. He has a home in Miami Beach. 23 Q. Miami Beach. 24 Did you know anyone named D. or D.B.? 25 A. D.?</p>

16 (Pages 61 to 64)

Page 65

1 Q. D.
 2 A. It sounds familiar, but I cannot tell you for
 3 sure.
 4 Q. You mentioned some of the chefs. You didn't
 5 mention --
 6 A. There was --
 7 Q. -- Ryan Dion (phonetics). Was there someone
 8 there named Ryan Dion?
 9 A. No. It was a kid from New York. His name was
 10 Don Perry. Perry?
 11 Q. And would he travel with Mr. Epstein?
 12 A. Yeah.
 13 Q. Now, when -- before the addition out back was
 14 done, I believe you said the chefs would stay back there
 15 sometimes?
 16 A. Uh-huh.
 17 Q. Before then, where did the chefs stay?
 18 A. In the blue room in the back, the one close to
 19 mine.
 20 Q. Did you ever meet any of Mr. Epstein's family;
 21 his brother, for instance?
 22 A. Absolutely, yes.
 23 Q. And what was his brother's name?
 24 A. Mark Epstein.
 25 Q. Would he come and visit regularly?

Page 66

1 A. Regularly.
 2 But I was more involved with her mother. I
 3 took care of her mother, Mr. Epstein's mother. She was
 4 a very ill lady. I don't know if she's still alive or
 5 not, but I lost contact.
 6 Q. How often would she come to visit?
 7 A. She didn't come to visit too often. She had
 8 an accident, a very bad accident. She lost her trachea,
 9 so she had a -- how they call the -- the thing they put
 10 them in your neck to talk?
 11 Q. Sort of a voice box. I don't know the
 12 technical name.
 13 A. I don't know the technical name, --
 14 Q. Right.
 15 A. -- but they open her throat and she had this
 16 thing to talk and she had to cover her throat to talk.
 17 And I was more involved with her than her own
 18 kids. I took her to Miami for the operation. I was
 19 there for the operation. And she -- we have a lot of
 20 fun with her. I mean, she -- she was a very good lady.
 21 Q. Now, other than Mark Epstein, were there any
 22 other brothers and sisters?
 23 A. No. He only has one brother that I know.
 24 Q. And where does he live?
 25 A. He lives in New York.

Page 67

1 Q. And do you know what he did for a living?
 2 A. He has -- I knew he had a printing company,
 3 printing the big logos, the big movie projection
 4 company.
 5 Matter of fact, my son, when he graduate, he
 6 went to work for Mark for about couple months in New
 7 York as a -- as a -- as a trainee. I don't think he
 8 ever got paid, but he -- he was trying to learn the
 9 business and Mark gave him a job. That was for few
 10 months.
 11 Q. How often would Mark Epstein come to Miami?
 12 A. Not too often. Not too often.
 13 Q. When he came, do you know, did he participate
 14 in having the massages?
 15 A. No.
 16 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 17 THE WITNESS: Never.
 18 BY MS. EZELL:
 19 Q. He did not?
 20 A. Never.
 21 Q. And how do you know that?
 22 A. Because it was never -- I was never told to
 23 set up a massage in any of the rooms for Mark or his
 24 mother. They were not too close.
 25 Q. Mark and Jeffrey Epstein are not too close?

Page 68

1 A. I would says, they were not. I don't think
 2 so. That was my opinion.
 3 Q. Do you know the name Daniel Estes?
 4 A. No.
 5 Q. Do you know the name Matt Groning (phonetics)
 6 -- Groning?
 7 A. No.
 8 Q. I think you mentioned Mr. Wexler?
 9 A. I believe so.
 10 Q. That you knew him early on?
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. And did some work for him?
 13 A. Also his mother. I work on his mother house
 14 in Palm Beach.
 15 Q. Did he also have a home in Palm Beach?
 16 A. Before -- he had a home in Palm Beach before I
 17 went to work for his mother. So I never work on his
 18 home. But I work on his mother home. I don't know if
 19 it was his home or that was used to -- Mrs. Wexler used
 20 to live there.
 21 Q. Did he come over to the Epstein home
 22 frequently?
 23 A. Occasionally.
 24 Q. Did he ever participate in the massages?
 25 A. No.

Page 69

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 2 THE WITNESS: No, not that I can remember.
 3 BY MS. EZELL:
 4 Q. Do you know if he and Mr. Epstein were
 5 involved in any businesses together?
 6 A. Mr. Epstein, I never knew what businesses he
 7 was involved. He will -- I was completely shut off of
 8 all of the business, except for the office, transfer of
 9 communications or faxes. But I have no idea of the
 10 relationship with other business partners.
 11 Q. Did you ever have to deal with his -- the
 12 office in New York with someone named Lesley in New
 13 York?
 14 A. The secretary?
 15 Q. Yes.
 16 A. Yeah. I would call -- I would call Lesley
 17 almost every day or other secretaries, they live in New
 18 York. Basically it came a point when Mr. Epstein will
 19 call New York and New York call me to do things for
 20 Mr. Epstein. But he was on the phone or busy or
 21 something and he would call the office and the office
 22 will send me an e-mail or call me or -- it was a
 23 constant report with the office in New York.
 24 Q. And did you in turn sometimes call New York to
 25 get a message to Mr. Epstein?

Page 70

1 A. Yes.
 2 Q. Did you ever overhear Mr. Epstein talking to
 3 any people that you would consider celebrities?
 4 A. Yes. I knew some -- many celebrities.
 5 Q. Who -- what celebrities did you understand
 6 that he spoke with?
 7 A. He spoke to it?
 8 Q. Yes.
 9 A. I don't know who he spoke to because I never
 10 listen to his conversations. But I saw guests at the
 11 house that were celebrities.
 12 Q. Who did you see at house?
 13 A. Many. It was senators. It was Senator
 14 Mitchell, George Mitchell. It was Prince Andrew. It
 15 was Princess Sarah.
 16 Q. Princess?
 17 A. Sarah, the wife of Andrew.
 18 Q. Sarah Ferguson?
 19 A. Ferguson.
 20 And it was a couple Misses, Misses Yugoslavia,
 21 Miss Germany that I don't even know the names. But they
 22 were a lot of queens and other famous people that I
 23 can't remember. It was a very famous lawyers that I'm
 24 sure you know, Alan Dershowitz, who spend at the house a
 25 couple times. And he slept there. He -- Princess

Page 71

1 Diane's secretary, she stay there for a week with her
 2 kids and we took care of her.
 3 Who else? Mr. Trump. That's a celebrity.
 4 Mr. Robert Kennedy, Junior. Mr. Frederick Fekkai.
 5 Q. Who is that?
 6 A. Fekkai, Frederick Fekkai, the famous
 7 hairstylist. Who else? I don't think I can remember
 8 anymore.
 9 Q. David Copperfield, the magician?
 10 A. No, I never saw him.
 11 Q. You never saw him.
 12 Now, would these -- the people that you named
 13 were all people that you saw visiting in the home?
 14 A. Yes. Also was a Noble Prize winners, the -- I
 15 can't remember his name. It was an old gentleman. He
 16 was a Noble Prize, chemistry, I think, or mathematics.
 17 There was a couple -- a couple of those, very -- also,
 18 we had at one time at the house, it was a reunion of
 19 very Noble Prize winners. But I don't know. They're
 20 not famous, I guess. I can't remember their names.
 21 Very important people.
 22 Q. Was that a dinner or a reception?
 23 A. I think it was a lunch.
 24 Q. A lunch.
 25 President Clinton, did you ever --

Page 72

1 A. I met President Clinton on Mr. Epstein's plane
 2 in the last, I think it was the last month or just
 3 before I left -- I left, I met President Clinton in
 4 Miami at his plane. We drove him to Miami.
 5 Q. And do you know, was that a trip -- were they
 6 going on a trip to Africa?
 7 A. I hear about it, but it was not when I was
 8 there.
 9 Q. So that was not the time that you drove --
 10 A. No, I was already out.
 11 Q. And Kevin Spacey, did you ever meet him?
 12 A. No. I hear about it on the news, but I never
 13 met him.
 14 Q. Were Prince Andrew and Princess Sarah friends
 15 of Ms. Maxwell?
 16 A. Both of them.
 17 Q. Both Ms. Maxwell and Mr. Epstein?
 18 A. Yeah.
 19 Q. Did -- did they ever have massages when they
 20 were there?
 21 A. Prince Andrew did. I think Sarah was there
 22 only once and for a short time. I don't think she slept
 23 in there. I cannot remember. I think she was visiting
 24 Wellington and she came to the house and we met her.
 25 But Prince Andrew, yes, Prince Andrew spent weeks with

Page 73

1 us.
 2 Q. Where would he sleep?
 3 A. In the main room, the main guest bedroom.
 4 That was the blue room.
 5 Q. And, so, when he would come and stay, during
 6 that time would he frequently have massages?
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 THE WITNESS: I would says, daily massages.
 9 They have a daily massage.
 10 BY MS. EZELL:
 11 Q. Was it sometimes more than one a day?
 12 A. I can't remember if he had more than one, but
 13 I think it was just a massage for him. We set up the
 14 tables and --
 15 Q. Do you have any recollection of V.R. coming to
 16 the house when Prince Andrew was there?
 17 A. It could have been, but I'm not sure.
 18 Q. Not sure. When Mr. Dershowitz was
 19 visiting, --
 20 A. Uh-huh.
 21 Q. -- how often did he come?
 22 A. He came pretty -- pretty often. I would says,
 23 at least four or five times a year.
 24 Q. And how long would he stay typically?
 25 A. Two, three days.

Page 74

1 Q. Did he have massages sometimes when he was
 2 there?
 3 A. Yes. A massage was like a treat for
 4 everybody. If they want it, we call the massage and
 5 they have a massage.
 6 Q. Now, Mr. Trump had a home in Palm Beach,
 7 correct?
 8 A. Uh-huh.
 9 Q. So he didn't come and stay there, did he?
 10 A. No, never.
 11 Q. He would come for a meal?
 12 A. He would come, have dinner. He never sat at
 13 the table. He eat with me in the kitchen.
 14 Q. Did he ever have massages while he was there?
 15 A. No. Because he's got his own spa.
 16 Q. Sure.
 17 MS. EZELL: I don't have any other questions
 18 right now. I'd just like to reserve if something
 19 comes up to ask. But, otherwise, you may go ahead.
 20 MR. LANGINO: It is noon, so I don't know what
 21 everybody else's schedule is. I don't know how
 22 you're feeling.
 23 THE WITNESS: I am fine.
 24 MS. EZELL: I do have another question. May I
 25 ask it?

Page 75

1 MR. LANGINO: Go ahead. Sure.
 2 BY MS. EZELL:
 3 Q. You said that you set up the massage tables.
 4 And would you also set up the oils and the towels?
 5 A. Yes, ma'am.
 6 Q. And I think I read one time you said they used
 7 40 or 50 towels a day?
 8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 9 THE WITNESS: That's correct. There was a
 10 tremendous amount of work in the house, especially
 11 laundry towels, because they were -- we have
 12 towels, piles of towels. And they use in the pool.
 13 There was a lot of people in the pool and there
 14 were a towel that went in the floor, we have to go
 15 and pick it up, wash it. So it was -- it was a lot
 16 of towels, yes.
 17 BY MS. EZELL:
 18 Q. And did you ever have occasion to go upstairs
 19 and clean up after the massages?
 20 A. Yeah, uh-huh.
 21 Q. Did you ever find any vibrators in that area?
 22 A. Yes. I told him, yes.
 23 MS. EZELL: And did you ask that? I'm sorry.
 24 MR. CRITTON: Yes.
 25 MS. EZELL: I don't know how I missed that.

Page 76

1 BY MS. EZELL:
 2 Q. Since I did miss it, if you don't mind, let me
 3 just ask you again.
 4 Would you describe for me what kinds of
 5 vibrators you found?
 6 A. I'm not familiar -- not too familiar with the
 7 names, but they were big dildos, what they call the big
 8 rubber things like that (indicating). And I used to go
 9 and put my gloves on and pick them up, put them in the
 10 sink, rinse it off and put it in Ms. Maxwell --
 11 Ms. Maxwell had in her closet, she had, like, a laundry
 12 basket, one of those laundry basket that you put laundry
 13 in. She have full of those toys. And that was -- and
 14 that was me being professional, leaving the room ready
 15 for bed when he would come back to the room again.
 16 Q. Okay.
 17 A. That happened a few times, few times.
 18 Q. Were there other sex toys that you found in
 19 the area --
 20 A. No.
 21 Q. -- sometimes? You mentioned she kept them in
 22 a basket in her closet?
 23 A. She kept them in her basket. She had some
 24 videos there and she have a costume there. I know that
 25 she bought it, that she brought it with her.



Page 77

1 Q. What kind of costume?
 2 A. I don't know. It was a black, shiny costume.
 3 I never saw it on her.
 4 Q. Was it leather?
 5 A. No. I think it was like a vinyl. But we were
 6 very fussy about touching any of that stuff. We just...
 7 MS. EZELL: No other questions. Thank you,
 8 sir.
 9 THE WITNESS: You're welcome.
 10 MR. LANGINO: I shouldn't have more than a
 11 half hour's worth of questions, if everybody is
 12 okay to power through.
 13 MR. BERGER: I probably have a half hour to an
 14 hour.
 15 MR. LANGINO: Okay.
 16 MR. BERGER: Unless you cover what I cover.
 17 MR. MERMELSTEIN: I could say the same thing,
 18 so probably less than that.
 19 MR. LANGINO: So I guess my question is --
 20 MR. BERGER: I think we ought to take a break.
 21 MR. LANGINO: That was my question.
 22 MR. BERGER: We're going to take a break.
 23 Do you have any problem with that?
 24 THE WITNESS: No. Whatever you guys want to
 25 do.

Page 78

1 (Lunch recess.)
 2 (Continued to Volume II.)
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 10
 11
 12
 13
 14
 15
 16
 17
 18
 19
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25

Page 79

1 CERTIFICATE OF OATH
 2 STATE OF FLORIDA
 3 COUNTY OF PALM BEACH
 4
 5
 6 I, the undersigned authority, certify that
 7 JUAN ALESSI personally appeared before me and was duly
 8 sworn on the 8th day of September, 2009.
 9
 10 Dated this 19th day of September, 2009.
 11
 12
 13
 14
 15  
 16 Sandra W. Townsend, Court Reporter
 17 Notary Public - State of Florida
 18 My Commission Expires: 6/26/12
 19 My Commission No.: DD 793913
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25

Page 80


1 CERTIFICATE
 2 STATE OF FLORIDA
 3 COUNTY OF PALM BEACH
 4
 5 I, Sandra W. Townsend, Court Reporter and
 6 Notary Public in and for the State of Florida at Large,
 7 do hereby certify that the aforementioned witness was by
 8 me first duly sworn to testify the whole truth; that I
 9 was authorized to and did report said deposition in
 10 stenotype; and that the foregoing pages numbered 1 to
 11 78, inclusive, are a true and correct transcription of
 12 my shorthand notes of said deposition.
 13
 14 I further certify that said deposition was
 15 taken at the time and place hereinabove set forth and
 16 that the taking of said deposition was commenced and
 17 completed as hereinabove set out.
 18 I further certify that I am not attorney or
 19 counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or
 20 employee of any attorney or counsel of party connected
 21 with the action, nor am I financially interested in the
 22 action.
 23 The foregoing certification of this transcript
 24 does not apply to any reproduction of the same by any
 25 means unless under the direct control and/or direction
 of the certifying reporter.
 Dated this 19th day of September, 2009.

 Sandra W. Townsend, Court Reporter

EXHIBIT 7

PART 2

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
CASE No.08-CV-80119-CIV-MARRA/JOHNSQN

JANE DOE NO. 2,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

JEFFREY EPSTEIN,

Defendant.

Related cases:

08-80232, 08-80380, 98-80381, 08-80994,
08-80993, 08-80811, 08-80893, 09-80469,
09-80591, 09-80656, 09-80802, 09-81092

VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF JUAN ALESSI
VOLUME II

Tuesday, September 8, 2009
10:12 a.m. - 3:45 p.m.

2139 Palm Beach Lakes Boulevard
West Palm Beach, Florida 33401

Reported By:
Sandra W. Townsend, FPR
Notary Public, State of Florida
PROSE COURT REPORTING AGENCY
West Palm Beach Office

(561) 832-7500 PROSE COURT REPORTING AGENCY, INC. (561) 832-7506

1 APPEARANCES:

2 On behalf of the Plaintiffs:

3 RICHARD WILLITS, ESQUIRE
4 RICHARD H. WILLITS, P.A.
5 2290 10th Avenue North, Suite 404
6 Lake Worth, Florida 33461
7 Phone: 561.582.7600
8 reelrhwh@hotmail.com

9 STUART MERMELSTEIN, ESQUIRE
10 MERMELSTEIN & HOROWITZ, P.A.
11 18205 Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 2218
12 Miami, Florida 33160
13 Phone: 305.931.2200
14 ssm@sexabuseattorney.com
15 ahorowitz@sexabuseattorney.com

16 WILLIAM J. BERGER, ESQUIRE
17 ROTHSTEIN ROSENFELDT ADLER
18 401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1650
19 Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301
20 Phone: 954.522.3456
21 bedwards@rra-law.com

22 KATHERINE W. EZELL, ESQUIRE
23 PODHURST ORSECK, P.A.
24 25 West Flagler Street, Suite 800
25 Miami, Florida 33130
Phone: 305.358.2800
rjosefsberg@podhurst.com
kezell@podhurst.com

ADAM J. LANGINO, ESQUIRE
LEOPOLD KUVIN
2925 PGA Boulevard, Suite 200
Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410
Phone: 561.515.1400
skuvin@leopoldkuvin.com

1 On behalf of the Defendant:

2 ROBERT J. CRITTON, ESQUIRE
3 BURMAN, CRITTON & LUTTIER
4 515 North Flagler Drive, Suite 400
5 West Palm Beach, Florida 33401
6 Phone: 561.842.2820
7 rcrit@bclclaw.com
8 mpike@bclclaw.com
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18

19
20
21
22
23
24
25

1 P R O C E E D I N G S

2 - - -

3 Deposition taken before Sandra W. Townsend, Court
4 Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of
5 Florida at Large, in the above cause.

6 - - -

7 (Continued from Volume I.)

8 VIDEOGRAPHER: We're going back on the record
9 at 12:52.

10 CROSS EXAMINATION

11 BY MR. LANGINO:

12 Q. Hello. My name is Adam Langino and I
13 represent B.B. I'll have fewer questions than the rest
14 of everybody, since I'm going next in line. But one of
15 the things I wanted to ask you --

16 MR. CRITTON: Before you get started, let me
17 just put on my objection.

18 Adam, your client is B.B., who alleges that
19 she was at Mr. Epstein's house sometime, I think,
20 on one occasion in the summer of '03.

21 This witness is neither relevant, nor
22 material, nor can it lead to the admissibility of
23 any relevant information regarding my client. So I
24 understand -- so you certainly can notice him, but
25 I'll move to strike all of the questions and

1 answers in response to your questions.

2 MR. LANGINO: Thank you.

3 BY MR. LANGINO:

4 Q. One thing I wasn't sure about was the date of
5 your employment. When did you start with Mr. Epstein?

6 A. I am not sure, sir, but I think I started full
7 time on my salary, I was on the roll in 1991. 1991,
8 January 1, 1991.

9 Q. In 1991, you started full time with
10 Mr. Epstein?

11 A. Yes, working for him alone. I left all my
12 clients, I left -- dissolved my company.

13 Q. And in what year did you start part time at
14 his house?

15 A. 1990. '90.

16 Q. You mentioned earlier that some of the massage
17 therapists you paid with checks?

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. And some of the massage therapists you paid
20 with cash?

21 A. Sorry. Can you repeat the question?

22 Q. Sure. You mentioned earlier that you paid
23 some of the massage therapists with checks and some with
24 cash?

25 A. Yes, sir.

1 Q. Were there any general differences between
2 those massage therapists that you paid with checks and
3 those that you paid with cash?

4 A. No, sir. It was -- when I was there always
5 was a hundred dollars an hour rate. That was for
6 everybody.

7 Q. Did you ever hear Jeffrey Epstein talk about
8 his massages?

9 A. No, sir.

10 Q. At one point you said that you're not -- this
11 might be summarizing your testimony -- that you may not
12 be the best guesser of ages. Is that something that you
13 may have said earlier today?

14 MR. CRITTON: Form.

15 THE WITNESS: Yeah. Yeah. I think I -- you
16 can be thirties, twenties. I don't know.

17 BY MR. LANGINO:

18 Q. Do you have any children?

19 A. I have two. One is a doctor in psychology.
20 And one is a financial manager and he starts his own
21 company.

22 Q. Are either of your children female?

23 A. No.

24 Q. Do you have any grandchildren?

25 A. I have one granddaughter.

1 Q. How old is she?

2 A. She is five.

3 Q. Do you have any relative that you had spent a
4 significant amount of time with that would be a female
5 teenager?

6 MR. CRITTON: Form.

7 THE WITNESS: No, except my daughter.

8 BY MR. LANGINO:

9 Q. Cousin?

10 A. My daughter, no.

11 Q. Before when we first started speaking with
12 you, you talked a little bit about your business. Are
13 you still working?

14 A. No. I disabled.

15 Q. You owned that business; is that correct?

16 A. Yeah. Yeah. It was my -- my -- it was me,
17 only me.

18 Q. You mentioned that one of your children is a
19 doctor?

20 A. My daughter is a doctor in psychology.

21 Q. Are any of your children or any of your family
22 members continuing the business that you started?

23 A. No. They have their own business.

24 Q. You mentioned a few times today that you were
25 never told to check the identification of any of the

1 message therapists that came to give massages?

2 A. That's correct.

3 Q. How come you said that a couple of times
4 today?

5 MR. CRITTON: Form.

6 THE WITNESS: You asked me. They asked me. I
7 think I just answer questions.

8 BY MR. LANGINO:

9 Q. As you reflect back in your time working for
10 Mr. Epstein, today do you believe you turned a blind eye
11 to some of the ages of the women or females that worked
12 for Jeffrey Epstein with massages?

13 MR. CRITTON: Form.

14 THE WITNESS: Can you repeat the question?

15 BY MR. LANGINO:

16 Q. Sure. As you sit here today and reflect back
17 on your time working for Jeffrey Epstein, do you believe
18 you turned a blind eye or ignored, purposely ignored the
19 ages of the females that gave him massages?

20 MR. CRITTON: Form.

21 THE WITNESS: I don't know. I don't -- I
22 cannot -- I'm not a judge. I don't know. I don't
23 know. I don't think so. Sincerely, I don't think
24 so.

25 BY MR. LANGINO:

1 Q. When you were working for Mr. Epstein, did you
2 have any doubt that the girls who provided him massages
3 were not of the proper age or not older than 18 years
4 old?

5 MR. CRITTON: Form.

6 THE WITNESS: No.

7 BY MR. LANGINO:

8 Q. Did you keep up with Mr. Epstein's -- keep
9 informed of Mr. Epstein's criminal case while it was in
10 the paper?

11 A. Only what was on tv. What it was on tv,
12 that's how I found out.

13 Q. How do you feel about Mr. Epstein today?

14 A. I feel bad, sincerely I feel bad, because he
15 was -- with me, with my family, with my wife, he was a
16 very generous guy, extremely -- I don't know what the
17 word is in English -- but he would press for perfection.
18 I mean, and that was a very stressful job. But,
19 otherwise, I have no problems with him at all. And I
20 feel bad about it, what's happened in his life.

21 Q. Have you had any contact with Mr. Epstein
22 after you ended working there?

23 A. After I work -- after I end working with him?
24 Yes, I did.

25 When this case, when this criminal case

1 started, I got home and I had a card, a business card
2 from a police officer. I think it was Paul from the
3 Palm Beach Police Department.

4 And -- and I got scared. And I was trying to
5 find out what it's all about. Because it was an
6 occasion with Mr. Epstein that we had a disagreement.
7 We settled that. Everything was well and we went our
8 friendly ways and never heard from him again.

9 And I received this from the police department
10 that we need to talk to you. And, so, I got scared.
11 And I called the office in New York.

12 I says, I would like to speak to Mr. Epstein.

13 And he come on, and I said, I told him, I
14 says, Jeffrey, what's going on? What's happening? I
15 thought it was related to the problem that I had
16 personally with him settled.

17 And I says -- no, he says. And he says to me,
18 no, John, it's nothing to do with that, has nothing to
19 do with it. I've been -- I don't know if he told me I
20 been sued or I been -- it's a problem with me, they're
21 investigating something and I cannot talk to you. That
22 was the end. And that's it.

23 Q. Any other conversations with Mr. Epstein --

24 A. No.

25 Q. -- since that conversation?

1 A. No.

2 Q. At some points you were caught stealing from
3 Mr. Epstein; is that true?

4 A. We settled with him as a borrowing money from
5 him. Okay?

6 MR. BERGER: As what?

7 THE WITNESS: Borrowing.

8 MR. LANGINO: Borrowing.

9 BY MR. LANGINO:

10 Q. When you took the money from Mr. Epstein, --

11 A. Yes, sir.

12 Q. -- did he give you permission to take that
13 money?

14 A. No.

15 Q. At any point did you take a firearm from
16 Mr. Epstein?

17 A. No.

18 Q. At any point did you enter Mr. Epstein's
19 property when you were not allowed to be there?

20 A. Yes.

21 Q. And was that the incident where you took some
22 money from him?

23 A. Yes.

24 Q. Can you explain to me how you and Mr. Epstein
25 came to an agreement that the cops would not be called?

1 A. He called me and he say, John, we need to
2 talk.

3 I says, okay. Where?

4 And -- and we met at a luncheonette in Palm
5 Beach and we have a friendly conversation. He asked
6 about my kids, about my family.

7 Then -- is this related to Mr. Epstein's case?

8 Q. It is.

9 A. Because I prefer to keep this -- this -- I was
10 not incriminated. I was not -- I went to the police
11 department. I made my statement and there was no
12 charges filed.

13 I don't think I would like to continue with
14 this.

15 MR. CRITTON: Let me just put on the record as
16 I think it's completely irrelevant, immaterial,
17 it's not calculated to lead to the --

18 THE WITNESS: And it was after --

19 MR. CRITTON: Let me just finish putting my
20 objection on.

21 As I understand it, it occurred long before he
22 ever got the card from the police. I think you're
23 harassing him. I think you're trying to intimidate
24 him and I think it's inappropriate.

25 BY MR. LANGINO:

1 Q. How did you feel about Mr. Epstein being loyal
2 to you as an employee for him by not getting you into
3 further trouble with the police?

4 MR. CRITTON: Form.

5 THE WITNESS: I feel that it was part of a
6 relationship over 13 years that I did a lot of
7 extra work. And I was more or less says, hey,
8 John, you did it for me, I do it for you. And that
9 was it. And we end up as friends. We did not
10 break it apart.

11 BY MR. LANGINO:

12 Q. As you sit here today, do you have a sense of
13 personal loyalty to Mr. Epstein?

14 A. No. No. Matter of fact, that job has left me
15 a lot of sequels, psychological problems. It was
16 extremely damaging to my marriage. Right after I left
17 we broke up with my wife. I walk away. I left my
18 house. I left my family. I end up with a woman that
19 she need the money and that's why I went in there and
20 got the money.

21 And that's what I think you wanted to hear.
22 And I want to end it there.

23 I have no -- nothing -- I think my stay there,
24 in reflecting the job, I was not paid well enough for
25 what we did. And too late now.

1 Q. The overall theme of my question is: The fact
2 that Mr. Epstein chose not to get you in trouble with
3 the police further, trouble with the police --

4 A. Uh-huh.

5 Q. -- so many years ago, has today that caused
6 you or pressed upon you to maybe soften your testimony
7 or change your testimony at all?

8 A. Absolutely not.

9 Q. Have you ever spoken with any independent
10 investigators regarding the actions, the criminal
11 actions that occurred at Jeffrey Epstein's home?

12 A. Yes.

13 Q. When did that occur?

14 A. Right after I receive a card from the police
15 department, when I call Jeffrey and I ask him, what's
16 going on?

17 He says, I cannot talk to you. Somebody will
18 talk to you.

19 And then I got a call from this guy that I
20 cannot recall his name now. Talked to me and we met at
21 Carabbas. And we talked -- what? -- about 15 minutes.
22 And he asked me questions just like you guys are asking
23 me and I says exactly the same answers.

24 And he says, well, there's an investigation
25 against Jeffrey. You has nothing to do with it. You

1 have nothing to do, nothing to worry about it, but if
2 you want to hire a lawyer to protect yourself.

3 And I asked -- my question to him was, I don't
4 want to get incriminated into something that you know.
5 somebody trying to incriminate me for -- for my job.

6 And he says, no, no, no. But if you want to
7 get a lawyer, that's fine.

8 And that's where I got Mr. Murrell and he just
9 came to us, to sign this, to -- that was the end of it.

10 Q. Who got Mr. Murrell for you?

11 A. Who got it? Mr. Epstein.

12 Q. When you met with this investigator at
13 Carabbas, --

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. -- did he record your conversation --

16 A. No.

17 Q. -- in any way?

18 After this meeting at Carabbas, did you meet
19 with any other investigators?

20 A. No.

21 Q. After -- during your inspection of the massage
22 room after these massages had been completed with
23 Mr. Epstein, --

24 A. Uh-huh.

25 Q. -- do you remember seeing any -- anything that

1 you would describe as blood?

2 A. No, never.

3 Q. Do you remember seeing anything that you would
4 describe as a sexual fluid?

5 A. No, never.

6 Q. When you worked for Jeffrey Epstein, the woman
7 that you were married to, what is her name or -- what is
8 her name?

9 A. The woman that I was married to?

10 Q. I think -- the reason I'm asking is because
11 earlier today when you first spoke, I thought I
12 remembered you saying that you -- both you and your
13 wife --

14 A. That's my --

15 Q. -- worked for Mr. Epstein?

16 A. It's still my wife. It's still my wife. We
17 didn't -- we got two ways away from a divorce and the
18 lawyers were taking my money by pipeline.

19 Q. And what is her name?

20 A. And we decide not to divorce and we still
21 together.

22 Q. Sorry. I missed that. But what is her name?

23 A. Maria Alessi

24 Q. Let me just look through my notes to see if I
25 have any other questions.

1 A. Okay.

2 Q. Thank you very much.

3 A. Welcome.

4 CROSS EXAMINATION

5 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

6 Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Alessi.

7 A. Yes, sir.

8 Q. My name is Stuart Mermelstein. I represent a
9 group of the Plaintiffs in these cases and I have some
10 questions for you as well.

11 Your wife, Maria, does she live at the same
12 address as you now?

13 A. Yes, she does.

14 Q. Now, when you began working full time for
15 Mr. Epstein, I believe you said that was around 1991; is
16 that correct?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. Was your wife, was she hired at the same time
19 as you?

20 A. No. She was hired three years after.

21 Q. And how did that come about that your wife was
22 hired?

23 A. My wife was hired because we had a housekeeper
24 that she was doing the cleaning and she left. Then we
25 had another housekeeper, Polish girl, and she left.

1 And then by that time my kids went to college
2 and my wife was at home. And I suggest my wife to come
3 to work with me, to help me.

4 Q. So you recommended to Mr. Epstein that he hire
5 your wife?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. And he did?

8 A. Yes, he did.

9 Q. And what were her job duties there?

10 A. Her only job duties were shopping, basically
11 the shopping, getting movie tickets, show tickets, buy
12 books, bring the food to Mrs. Epstein's -- Mr. Epstein's
13 mother, sometimes drive Mrs. Epstein to the doctors.

14 She was not involved -- and sometimes she did
15 some cleaning for me.

16 Q. Did she live with you in the upstairs
17 apartment?

18 A. Most of the nights we had an apartment right
19 across the bridge on Flagler that it was my -- my
20 property. And we had an apartment there.

21 So she went home. She didn't like to stay
22 there. But I had to stay there because my job starts
23 from 5:00 in the morning to 10:00 at night

24 Q. And did Maria leave her employment the same
25 time as you?

1 A. Yes, we did at the same time.

2 Q. You testified that you would come into the
3 bedroom and clean up after massages; is that correct?

4 A. That's correct.

5 Q. Did you -- were there occasions where you had
6 your wife help you with that?

7 A. No. No.

8 Q. Were there -- did she have occasion to go into
9 the master bedroom?

10 A. It was occasions before that she will help to
11 set up the tables once in a while, set up the oils and
12 the tables. But I will do the clean up after.

13 Q. Is there a reason for that?

14 A. I was more involved into the final appearance
15 of the house. And it was my responsibility to make sure
16 that every room was perfect after they left and before
17 they went to bed.

18 Q. Was there anyone else who assigned your wife
19 work other than you?

20 A. No. Ms. Maxwell, sometimes she would tell my
21 wife, go buy some stuff, go get this and go get that.
22 She was mostly -- my wife was mostly out of the house.
23 She was -- this house was Mr. Epstein would says, go get
24 me this book, go get me this magazine, go get me
25 tickets, movie tickets for this show and this show and

1 this show. And she would have to travel -- and I was on
2 the phone with my wife constantly, buy this, get this,
3 get this -- and the food, and the food because it was a
4 five-star hotel.

5 Q. Did Ms. Maxwell or Mr. Epstein ever instruct
6 your wife to do housecleaning tasks?

7 A. No. I was blamed for everything.

8 Q. You were blamed for everything?

9 A. I was blamed for the good and the bad.

10 Q. Did you -- during the time your wife was
11 there, did you also have a hired housekeeper?

12 A. We have a crew of housecleaners. We have a
13 crew of people that would come to the house and do a
14 serial -- I mean, deep cleaning, you know, to the house.

15 Q. Was that every day?

16 A. Once a week -- no, it was twice a week. It
17 was Tuesday and Fridays.

18 It depends on Mr. Epstein's schedule because
19 he didn't -- he didn't want nobody at the house while he
20 was at the house. So we have to rearrange days for the
21 clean-up crew to come in. And I usually did that. As
22 soon as they left I bring the cleaning crew, get the
23 house ready and -- and get set for them for the next
24 trip.

25 Q. Did you have a housekeeper who did

1 housekeeping tasks on an everyday basis while you were
2 employed there?

3 A. No.

4 Before my wife went in?

5 Q. No. After your wife.

6 A. No. No. Not a full-time housekeeper.

7 Q. But you said your wife was hired after the
8 housekeeper left?

9 A. Yes.

10 Q. But -- so the person who left before your wife
11 came, was she doing housekeeping chores?

12 A. Yes, she was doing the housekeeping chores.

13 Q. Well, who did it then after your wife became
14 employed there, because she wasn't doing the
15 housekeeping?

16 A. I was. I was doing it and then we hire people
17 for to help us.

18 Q. So you were the main person doing the
19 housecleaning?

20 A. Yeah.

21 Q. And during -- between that time that your wife
22 started and when you left the employment, was there a
23 separate housekeeper employed during that time?

24 A. No. Full time? No.

25 Q. Full-time housekeeper?

1 A. No.

2 Q. What about a part-time housekeeper?

3 A. No. Like I told you, daily basis we call this
4 company. And then they will come in with four or five
5 girls and clean the whole house.

6 Q. This is the crew you were talking about?

7 A. The crew.

8 Q. But the crew didn't come when Mr. Epstein was
9 there?

10 A. Right.

11 Q. So on an everyday basis when Mr. Epstein was
12 there, you were the only person who was cleaning?

13 A. Me -- yeah, or my wife will help.

14 Q. At your instruction?

15 A. That's right.

16 Q. But you don't ever remember her cleaning up
17 after massages?

18 A. No. No.

19 Q. Is it possible that you instructed her to
20 clean up?

21 A. It's possible, but --

22 MR. CRITTON: Form. Asking him to speculate.

23 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

24 Q. You can answer.

25 A. It's possible.

1 Q. When girls would come to give a massage, where
2 would they come in the house? Would they come to the
3 front door?

4 A. Mostly came to the back kitchen door.

5 Q. The back kitchen door?

6 A. Uh-huh.

7 Q. Okay. And is there a bell there? Would they
8 knock or how would they --

9 A. There's a door bell.

10 Q. A door bell? They would ring the door bell?

11 A. Uh-huh.

12 Q. And who generally would answer the door?

13 A. Me or my wife.

14 Q. So you would let them in?

15 A. Uh-huh.

16 MR. CRITTON: Stuart, can I just ask you? You
17 use the term, girls. I assume you just mean, that
18 means female woman. It can mean anything? It has
19 no age bracket to it?

20 MR. MERMELSTEIN: That's correct. I'm not
21 referring specifically to ages right now.

22 THE WITNESS: No.

23 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

24 Q. So as I understand it, the girl would come to
25 the kitchen entrance, which is the service entrance,

1 correct?

2 A. Uh-huh.

3 Q. You have to say yes or no.

4 A. Yes, sir.

5 Q. If you answer uh-huh, that's not clear, so you
6 have to answer yes or no.

7 A. Okay.

8 Q. And you would typically open the door?

9 A. Yes, sir.

10 Q. And what would happen then?

11 A. Then I will keep her in the kitchen and go to
12 Mr. Epstein and find out where they want to have the
13 massage, or if it was for him or for Ms. Maxwell. And I
14 immediately, if they were repeat girls that are -- they
15 will know exactly where to go. And I will go up with
16 them, set the tables, and they will wait for him or her
17 to go in the room and they sit there until they come up.

18 Q. So did you generally already know that they
19 were coming at the time that they knocked on the door?

20 A. Yes, uh-huh.

21 Q. So you had an appointment schedule?

22 A. Yeah. Because most of the times I was doing
23 the calling, you know. I called J., come in at 3:00
24 this afternoon. And she will told me, no, I cannot, get
25 somebody else. And I knew it the time they were coming.

1 So I was expecting them most of the time.

2 Q. So you would expect them, they would come in
3 and then you would escort them upstairs?

4 A. Uh-huh.

5 Q. So --

6 A. I'm sorry, sir.

7 Q. Yes?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. But first you would find Mr. Epstein and check
10 to see if he's ready or find Ms. Maxwell to check to see
11 if she's ready?

12 A. Yes.

13 Q. And which staircase would you -- would you
14 take them up?

15 A. Either way.

16 Q. You would take them either the main staircase
17 or the servant staircase?

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. Why would you take the main staircase, since
20 you're already in the kitchen?

21 A. That's what I says, either way. We can go
22 through the main staircase or we go to the kitchen
23 staircase. So we use both.

24 Q. Okay. Well, I'm talking specifically to
25 escort a girl upstairs.

1 A. I escort the girls up there either way, both
2 ways.

3 Q. And, so, when you walked to the upstairs
4 bedroom, let's take the example of when Mr. Epstein is
5 getting a massage?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. Mr. Epstein wouldn't be up there yet; is that
8 correct?

9 A. That's correct.

10 Q. He would be downstairs somewhere?

11 A. Uh-huh.

12 Q. Would there be a place --

13 MR. CRITTON: Form.

14 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

15 Q. -- where he would normally be while, you know,
16 he's waiting for the massage to be set up and ready?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. Where is that? Where would he be?

19 A. Either at his desk or the pool house.

20 Q. And those were on the first floor?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. And, so, when you arrived at the top of the
23 stairs with the girl for the massage, what would you do
24 then?

25 A. Go back to my duties.

1 Q. You would just leave? Would the massage table
2 already be set up?

3 A. He knew already that the girls -- the girl
4 went upstairs and it was up to him to come up.

5 Q. Did you have conversations with any of these
6 girls?

7 A. Sometimes.

8 Q. What kind of things would you talk about?

9 A. Regular things. Nothing that I can remember.
10 Nothing. Just...

11 Q. Did any of them ever tell you their ages?

12 A. No, sir.

13 Q. Did any of them ever assure you that they were
14 18?

15 MR. CRITTON: Form.

16 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

17 Q. Or over?

18 A. No, sir.

19 Q. No one ever mentioned anything about age?

20 A. No, sir.

21 Q. How did the girls appear to you? Did they
22 appear to be very young?

23 MR. CRITTON: Form.

24 THE WITNESS: Again, the same question you ask
25 me. Everybody ask me the same thing. They could

1 have been 16 or 20. Most of them were, I would
2 says, over 20. And some woman, it was over 60.
3 And one time she came to the door. The husband was
4 waiting outside. And Ms. Maxwell saw this woman,
5 that somebody recommend her. And Maxwell says to
6 me, John, you have to find an excuse. We don't
7 want her.

8 So I had to pay this woman and find an excuse
9 that they going to have to go. And she -- they
10 never had a massage with her.

11 But there was -- most of them were womans.
12 They were not girls.

13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

14 Q. So the woman who was over 60 was sent away;
15 she was rejected, correct?

16 MR. CRITTON: Form.

17 THE WITNESS: It was -- I was told to send her
18 away.

19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

20 Q. And it was your understanding when you were
21 told to send her away, it was because of her age,
22 correct?

23 MR. CRITTON: Form.

24 THE WITNESS: I don't know. I don't know. I
25 was told to send her away.

1 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

2 Q. What was your understanding as to why they
3 were sending her away?

4 MR. CRITTON: Form. Asked and answered nine
5 times now.

6 MR. MERMELSTEIN: He hasn't -- he hasn't
7 answered my question yet.

8 MR. CRITTON: He has.

9 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Go ahead.

10 THE WITNESS: Why?

11 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

12 Q. Please answer the question.

13 A. Can you repeat the question?

14 Q. What was your understanding as to why they
15 sent her away?

16 MR. CRITTON: Form.

17 THE WITNESS: My understanding was either they
18 were busy or they didn't want her.

19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

20 Q. What was your understanding as to why they
21 didn't want her?

22 MR. CRITTON: Form. Harassing.

23 THE WITNESS: I don't know. I didn't -- I
24 didn't make too much of it.

25 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

1 Q. But every other woman or female who came over
2 to give a massage was much, much younger, correct?

3 A. Yes.

4 Q. So this 60 year old woman was a significant
5 exception, correct?

6 MR. CRITTON: Form. Argumentative.

7 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

8 Q. You can answer.

9 A. I don't know how to answer that question. You
10 ask me to --

11 Q. Let me ask you this.

12 MR. CRITTON: Why don't you let him answer the
13 question before you interrupt him.

14 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

15 Q. All right. Go ahead. Please answer. It
16 didn't look like you were --

17 A. I don't know how to answer that question, you
18 asking me what is your opinion of that.

19 And I told you, my opinion of that, either
20 they saw the girl -- I don't think Mr. Epstein ever saw
21 the woman. But Ms. Maxwell saw the woman in the
22 kitchen. And she told me, John, pay her and send her
23 away.

24 Q. Okay.

25 A. That was it.

1 Q. So Ms. Maxwell looked at the woman?

2 A. Right.

3 Q. Did she have a conversation with her?

4 A. No.

5 Q. She just looked at her and then said to you to
6 send her away, correct?

7 A. Yeah. Pay her and send her away.

8 Q. Do you recall seeing women who came to give
9 massages who were in their 50s?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. There were women in the 50s?

12 A. Yes.

13 Q. How often did that happen?

14 A. Not too often, but it was -- it was woman that
15 they were in the 50s. I says, again, could have been
16 49, 45. I don't know. I don't know the ages, but it
17 older woman.

18 Q. How many middle-age women do you recall coming
19 over to give massages?

20 MR. CRITTON: Form.

21 THE WITNESS: I don't remember how many, but I
22 would says D.D.

23 D.D. was, I would says, in the 40s. And she
24 came very, very often. And I understand she was a
25 massage specialist and a yoga instructor, too, at

1 the same time.

2 So that was one of -- and there was another
3 woman that she was supposed to be a teacher at the
4 school of massage therapy that I can't remember her
5 name. But that's it. I mean...

6 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

7 Q. So those two you remember who were older?

8 A. Two. And it was a couple guys that were older
9 that -- some guys that were older, too, guys.

10 Q. Did Mr. Epstein ever have massages done by
11 men?

12 A. Yes

13 Q. And did Mr. Epstein ever have massages done by
14 these older women?

15 A. Yes.

16 Q. When you escorted the female in this case for
17 the massage to the upstairs bedroom -- correct? -- you
18 would then leave?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. You would then walk back downstairs?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. Correct?

23 And would you then -- would you -- you had
24 already told Mr. Epstein that she's there, correct?

25 A. That's correct.

1 Q. And at some point later then Mr. Epstein would
2 come upstairs, correct?

3 A. That's correct.

4 Q. And where would you go?

5 A. To my duties, to the kitchen or to my office.

6 Q. And I think you testified earlier that the
7 doors of the bedroom would be closed during this
8 massage?

9 A. He would close the door.

10 Q. So Mr. Epstein, when he would arrive upstairs,
11 would close the door?

12 A. Yes, sir.

13 Q. And about how long would the massage last
14 generally?

15 A. Usually an hour.

16 Q. And what would happen at the end?

17 A. They would come down. Most of the repeat
18 girls, they would bring the towels themselves and dump
19 it by the kitchen by the laundry room we had there, in
20 order to help us. Other girls, they just left it up
21 there and they would come down.

22 Either Mr. Epstein will pay or I will pay
23 them.

24 Q. Did they --

25 A. Or Ms. Maxwell will pay them.

1 Q. Did Mr. Epstein walk down with the girls or
2 did he stay upstairs?

3 A. Sometimes, sometimes no. Sometimes he took a
4 nap or he took a shower. I don't know what they did in
5 the room. I don't know. I don't know. Sometimes he
6 went down right away. Sometimes he stay up there.

7 Q. So when they came down, they would go to the
8 kitchen; is that correct?

9 A. Yeah, most of it.

10 Q. And were you there waiting for them or did you
11 have --

12 A. My office was right next to the kitchen, so I
13 was there -- and the kitchen was the focal point of the
14 house basically. So they have to go to the kitchen
15 either to get pay or to go to their cars.

16 Q. Did you converse with any of the girls when
17 they came down after the massage?

18 A. Very little. Very little.

19 Q. Did you ever observe a girl who appeared
20 upset, surprised, shocked, anything of that nature when
21 they came down?

22 A. Never. Never.

23 Q. And sometimes you would pay them, correct?

24 A. That's correct.

25 Q. How much would you --

1 A. A hundred dollars a massage.

2 Q. A hundred dollars a massage? Were there ever
3 any exceptions?

4 A. That's the -- I never pay any more than a
5 hundred dollars per massage.

6 Q. Were there times when two girls came?

7 A. Two girls came at the same time?

8 Q. Correct.

9 A. Yeah. There were times when two girls come in
10 at the same time and one will go to one room, the other
11 will go to the other room. Or one -- I would set up two
12 tables in his room or I will ask him, where you want to
13 set the massages? He will told me, set in the blue room
14 and set them in my room. Or set them in Ghislaine's
15 room and the red room, depends on who people were there.
16 But there were times where two of the girls at the same
17 time, yes.

18 Q. Was there ever occasions where there was a
19 girl who waited downstairs while one -- while the other
20 girl went upstairs?

21 A. No.

22 Q. That never happened?

23 A. I cannot remember.

24 Q. Was there ever an occasion where you paid a
25 girl who waited and didn't actually give a massage?

1 A. No.

2 Q. That never happened?

3 A. Never happened.

4 Q. You mentioned that Mr. Epstein put you in
5 contact with Mr. Murrell; is that correct?

6 MR. CRITTON: Form.

7 THE WITNESS: Not Mr. Epstein.

8 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

9 Q. Huh?

10 A. It wasn't Mr. Epstein.

11 Q. Mr. Epstein's investigator put you in contact
12 with Mr. Murrell?

13 A. That's correct. He gave me his name.

14 Q. And did you pay Mr. Murrell out of your own
15 pocket?

16 A. No, I didn't pay nothing.

17 Q. Who is -- what was your understanding as to
18 who was paying for Mr. Murrell?

19 A. I don't know. I don't know who was paying for
20 it.

21 Q. You never asked Mr. Murrell who was paying his
22 bill?

23 A. No, he never send me a bill.

24 Q. Did you think that Mr. Murrell was doing it
25 for free?

1 A. I don't know.

2 Q. You don't know. As far as you know,
3 Mr. Murrell could have been providing you legal services
4 for free?

5 A. No, I don't think it was provided me for free.
6 I don't think he ever -- that question ever come out of
7 Mr. Murrell. I was in Mr. Murrell's office for about
8 ten minutes.

9 And he says, well, I meet you tomorrow
10 there -- and that's it -- in order to protect you so
11 they don't incriminate you in any way. We left it at
12 that. He never send me a bill. He never send me -- I
13 never talk to Mr. Murrell again, never saw him again.

14 Q. And you never had any kind of understanding
15 with him as to how --

16 A. No.

17 Q. -- how his bill was going to be paid?

18 A. No.

19 Q. Did you sign any kind of what we call, a
20 retainer agreement, anything where you hired him?

21 A. No.

22 MR. CRITTON: Just so you know, you have an
23 attorney -- nobody's going to tell you this
24 apparently.

25 You have an attorney/client privilege. Any

1 conversation that you had with Mr. Murrell, you and
2 your wife, is completely protected, as long as you
3 want to assert that privilege.

4 You can either assert it or not assert it.
5 That's your right. But nobody's apparently going
6 to tell you that, at least Mr. Mermelstein is not
7 going to tell you that.

8 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Well, I was trying to
9 avoid --

10 MR. CRITTON: Well, you're asking questions of
11 what he said.

12 MR. MERMELSTEIN: I'm not asking them what
13 they said.

14 MR. CRITTON: Same thing.

15 MR. MERMELSTEIN: I'm asking him how he got
16 paid.

17 MR. CRITTON: No, you were -- read back your
18 questions where you were.

19 Anyhow, that's a right you have, so...

20 So much for the law.

21 MR. MERMELSTEIN: I was not asking him what
22 was said during any conversation. I asked him if
23 he signed a retainer. That's a fair question.

24 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

25 Q. Do you remember a girl who came to give

1 messages there by the name of A.C.? Does that name
2 sound familiar at all?

3 A. No.

4 Q. Do you remember an A.?

5 A. No.

6 Q. What about a J.M.? Do you remember anyone by
7 the name of J.M.?

8 A. No.

9 Q. Was it frequent that girls would come just
10 once and not appear again?

11 A. Frequently.

12 Q. These girls that would come, would they come
13 with their own equipment or supplies?

14 A. No. Some girls, they come in with a table,
15 the new girls they come in with a table. And I would
16 told them, no, you don't need the table. They will
17 leave it in the kitchen because we have tables in every
18 room in the house.

19 Q. Some of the girls, the first time they came
20 they didn't have anything, right?

21 A. They come with that table, one of the tables
22 they hang it in the shoulders, portable tables. But we
23 didn't have portable tables in the room. They were all
24 custom-made tables.

25 Q. Did some girls come without -- for the first

1 time without any supplies at all, whether equipment or
2 lotions or anything of that nature?

3 A. Probably.

4 Q. Did you have a question in your mind as to
5 whether they were professional at this business?

6 A. No.

7 Q. At massaging?

8 A. No.

9 Q. Why not?

10 A. It was not my job.

11 MR. CRITTON: Form.

12 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

13 Q. You just didn't think about it?

14 MR. CRITTON: Form.

15 THE WITNESS: If I was told that a girl is
16 coming, my job was to open the door, let her in and
17 let Mr. Epstein decide where he wants his massage.
18 And that was the end of it.

19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

20 Q. Are you aware that sexual conduct between an
21 adult male and an underage female is criminal; it's
22 against the law?

23 MR. CRITTON: Form.

24 THE WITNESS: Of course I do.

25 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

1 Q. Did you have any concerns while you were
2 working there that criminal acts were occurring with the
3 girls who were coming to the door?

4 MR. CRITTON: Form.

5 THE WITNESS: I had no idea what was going on
6 between them.

7 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

8 Q. Let me just give you some other names. Tell
9 me if you recognize any of these names.

10 M.L.?

11 A. (Nods head.)

12 Q. Name does not ring a bell?

13 A. (Nods head.)

14 MR. CRITTON: You have to answer out loud.

15 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

16 Q. You need to say yes or no.

17 A. No.

18 Q. V.Z.?

19 A. Can you repeat that?

20 Q. V. would be the first name. Z. would be the
21 second name?

22 A. No.

23 Q. Y.L.?

24 A. No.

25 Q. V.A.?

1 A. No.

2 Q. F.P.?

3 A. No. None of those girls' --

4 Q. None of those girls ring a bell at all?

5 A. -- name familiar to me.

6 Either they came one time, one day and they
7 didn't even told me their names or -- or he paid for it
8 that I don't have -- but none of those names sound
9 familiar to me.

10 Q. You testified that there were -- about the sex
11 toys that you would pick up after -- after there were
12 massages, correct?

13 MR. CRITTON: Form.

14 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

15 Q. The vibrators, correct?

16 MR. CRITTON: Form.

17 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

18 Q. You can answer.

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. And you mentioned there was a basket with
21 these vibrators or toys in them, correct?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. Where was the basket kept?

24 A. In Ms. Maxwell's closet.

25 Q. And that was in the master bedroom?

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.

2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

3 Q. Or off the master bathroom?

4 A. Her bathroom.

5 Q. Huh?

6 A. Her bathroom.

7 Q. And the closet was -- the entrance to the
8 closet was in her bathroom?

9 A. That's correct.

10 Q. And it was a portable basket, she could move
11 it around, correct?

12 A. Uh-huh.

13 Q. You have to say yes or no.

14 A. Yes, sir.

15 Q. And -- and that's where the, I think you used
16 the word dildo, correct? That's where they were
17 located?

18 A. Yes, sir.

19 Q. Was there occasions where you would -- the
20 dildo, one or more dildos would be out and you would
21 clean them up after a massage that only Mr. Epstein had,
22 not Ms. Maxwell?

23 A. It was -- I will says that it was about three
24 or four occasions that I had to take this dildos and put
25 it back where they supposed to be. And I took it with

1 gloves and towels and stick it in the sink and throw it
2 in there.

3 Sometimes Ms. Maxwell will have a massage.
4 And sometimes I find it after she's supposed to have a
5 massage, those things. And also when Mr. Epstein had
6 the massage. So I don't know who use it on who.
7 Because sometimes they all disappear up there,
8 Mr. Epstein, Ms. Maxwell and whoever was up there.

9 Q. So as I understand it, you couldn't isolate a
10 particular instant where --

11 A. I cannot.

12 Q. -- Ms. Maxwell wasn't there, only Mr. Epstein
13 had gotten a massage and then you found the sex toys?

14 A. I cannot isolate that.

15 Q. But it's possible that either Mr. Epstein used
16 it or Ms. Maxwell used it; is that correct?

17 MR. CRITTON: Form. Form.

18 THE WITNESS: I have no idea to know.

19 MR. MERMELSTEIN: All right. I have nothing
20 further.

21 MR. BERGER: How about if we take a break?
22 Would you like a break for a couple minutes?

23 THE WITNESS: No, that's fine.

24 MR. BERGER: Mr. Willits, would it be possible
25 if I could sit there, because I've got a couple

1 Exhibits I'm going to show him?

2 MR. WILLITS: Sure.

3 MR. BERGER: Thanks.

4 CROSS EXAMINATION

5 BY MR. BERGER:

6 Q. Okay. Good afternoon, sir.

7 A. Afternoon, sir.

8 Q. My name is William J. Berger and I represent
9 three of the Plaintiffs in this case.

10 Did you ever hear of the name C., a young
11 woman named C.?

12 A. No, sir.

13 Q. How about a young woman named T.?

14 A. No, sir.

15 Q. Okay. You know, you've referred several times
16 to a falling out or a disagreement that you had with
17 Mr. Epstein?

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. Was that in -- was that the year that you left
20 his employment?

21 A. Right after -- right after I left.

22 Q. So you had a falling out with him after you
23 left his employment?

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. Well, why did you leave his employment?

1 A. Why?

2 Q. Yeah.

3 A. Because I was sick. I was extremely sick. I
4 was bleeding, internally bleeding, and I was bleeding
5 from my butt and I have fistulas in my colon. And I was
6 sick of the job and we had enough. We had good pay, but
7 we had enough of the job, especially because of
8 Ms. Maxwell's attitude towards us.

9 Q. Now, you said you had good pay, but we had
10 enough. What was your pay in 2002?

11 A. 2002, right before I left? I think it was 50,
12 either 55, something like that. And my wife was 30 or
13 35. I could be wrong.

14 Q. So you think that you were paid \$55,000 in
15 2002?

16 A. Uh-huh.

17 Q. Is that correct?

18 A. That's correct.

19 Q. And you believe your wife was paid how much?

20 A. Thirty, \$30,000.

21 Q. \$30,000 in 2002?

22 A. Uh-huh.

23 Q. Is that correct?

24 A. Yes, sir.

25 Q. How about 2001, what was your salary and your

1 wife's?

2 A. Same thing.

3 Q. Okay. And in 2000?

4 A. I was at the same. It never -- we never got
5 raises. We never got --

6 Q. I think you said at the very beginning --

7 A. Yes.

8 Q. -- of the deposition that you were paid 45,000
9 when you were first hired full time?

10 A. Yeah.

11 Q. In 2002, you were earning 55,000?

12 A. Uh-huh.

13 Q. So you did get some raise?

14 A. Yeah. In the matter of 11 years. Yeah, but
15 we didn't get a raise every six months or every year in
16 any specific date. And the raises were set by the
17 company. Automatically they would come from New York.
18 It was not a negotiate point between me and Mr. Epstein.

19 Q. And then you said earlier with me, you said we
20 had enough, you and your wife. You said, we had enough;
21 is that correct?

22 A. That's correct.

23 Q. What do you mean by that?

24 A. It was extremely stressful job. It was a lot
25 of pressure on us -- on me, on me -- I have to

1 correct -- on me. Everything was blamed on me. If a
2 chef cook a bad meal, it was my fault. And if the table
3 was not proper set royalty style, it was my fault. And
4 the hours were terrible, never have a holiday, Saturdays
5 and Sundays. We were working between 60 and 70 hours a
6 week. And my health was, I think, the most important
7 thing. And also the relation with my wife, it was a big
8 factor in us leaving the company.

9 Q. Now, you said that you were blamed for things?

10 A. Yes, sir.

11 Q. Who would blame you? Who is it that would say
12 that you were blamed?

13 A. I don't know who did the blaming, but I will
14 get my ass chewed out by Ms. Maxwell --

15 Q. She was the one?

16 A. Most of the times, yes.

17 Q. Who else did that?

18 A. Sometimes I had disagreements with him.

19 Q. "Him," being, who?

20 A. Mr. Epstein.

21 Q. About what?

22 A. Simple things. For me, it's stupid things,
23 nothing -- if this paper -- if this pencil was not put
24 in right there, they will complain.

25 Q. Okay. And is it correct that you left the

1 employment of Mr. Epstein in December of 2002? Does
2 that sound correct?

3 A. That's correct.

4 Q. And the -- now, were you arrested in 2003?

5 A. I was never arrested.

6 Q. You did speak to the police?

7 A. Yes.

8 Q. And you did have your statement taken at the
9 State Attorney's Office?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. But you -- but that was by an Assistant State
12 Attorney, correct?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. The questioning?

15 A. (Nods head.)

16 Q. Is that correct?

17 A. That's correct.

18 Q. You spoke separately with police officers
19 though, correct?

20 MR. CRITTON: Form.

21 BY MR. BERGER:

22 Q. In other words, the date of that statement is
23 in October of 2003; is that correct?

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. And by "that statement," I mean, the

1 transcript that I gave you earlier?

2 A. At what date, sir?

3 MR. MERMELSTEIN: 2005.

4 MR. BERGER: I'm sorry. You're correct.

5 Thank you. Sorry.

6 THE WITNESS: 2005.

7 MR. BERGER: In fact, let's -- Ms. Reporter,
8 would you mark the transcript if anybody needs it?

9 MR. CRITTON: It's Exhibit 2 now?

10 MR. BERGER: Is that how you're doing it, just
11 consecutively?

12 MR. CRITTON: Yeah, let's do it; otherwise,
13 it's going to be an awful mess, have five different
14 Exhibit number 1s by everybody.

15 (Exhibit number 2 was marked for
16 identification purposes.)

17 BY MR. BERGER:

18 Q. You see Exhibit 2? It's a transcript; is that
19 correct?

20 A. That's correct.

21 Q. Is that the transcript of the sworn statement
22 that you gave to the Assistant State Attorney in 2005?

23 A. Yes, sir.

24 Q. And during the lunch break, did you have an
25 opportunity to read it?

1 A. Yes, sir.

2 Q. And do you remember that you were placed under
3 oath when you gave that statement?

4 A. Yes, sir.

5 Q. And is everything that you say in here
6 truthful and correct?

7 A. As far as I know, yes, sir.

8 Q. Okay. Now, in connection with the incident in
9 October of 2003 involving Mr. Epstein's house and your
10 entering his house, that incident?

11 A. It was in October 2003?

12 Q. When do you remember that it was?

13 A. I can't remember.

14 Q. Okay. All right. You spoke with police
15 officers in connection with that though, correct?

16 A. I went to the Palm Beach Police Department.

17 Q. Why did you go to the --

18 A. I speak to one officer.

19 Q. And why did you go there?

20 A. Because Mr. -- when I spoke to Mr. Epstein and
21 we settle the dispute, Mr. Epstein says, you just need
22 to go to the police department and make a statement.

23 MR. WILLITS: Could I have Exhibit number 2,
24 please?

25 Thank you.

1 BY MR. BERGER:

2 Q. Let me see if I understand this correctly.

3 I think you testified earlier that you found a
4 card or you were given a card from a police officer; is
5 that correct?

6 A. That's correct.

7 Q. And as a result of that, you called
8 Mr. Epstein, correct?

9 A. That's correct.

10 Q. Before you got that card, did you have any
11 idea that the police were involved in your life?

12 A. No.

13 MR. CRITTON: Form.

14 BY MR. BERGER:

15 Q. And you called Mr. Epstein after you got that
16 card, correct?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. Now, how did you get it? Was it mailed to
19 you?

20 A. No. It was putted in my door. I was not
21 home. And they went to my house and they left it in the
22 door.

23 Q. And did it have a note on it, please call?

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. Or was it just a card?

1 A. It was a -- it was a Palm Beach Police
2 Department, please call.

3 Q. Okay. And you didn't call though; you called
4 Mr. Epstein first, right?

5 A. Yeah. Because I was scared.

6 Q. Why were you scared?

7 A. Because I thought it was of the incident that
8 happens previously.

9 Q. And what was that incident?

10 A. You know that incident.

11 Q. I'd like to hear you describe it for me.

12 A. That incident is, I went to the house and I
13 got some money.

14 Q. What time of day did you go to the house?

15 A. Night.

16 Q. Was anybody home?

17 A. No.

18 Q. Where did you get the money?

19 A. Out of his bag.

20 Q. Out of his?

21 A. Bag.

22 Q. Bag. Briefcase? Bag?

23 A. Briefcase.

24 Q. Briefcase?

25 A. Yes.

1 Q. How did you -- did you know that there was
2 money in the briefcase?

3 A. Yes.

4 Q. How did you know that?

5 A. Because I replenish that case many times
6 before.

7 Q. Now, how many months after you left
8 Mr. Epstein's employment did this occur?

9 A. I don't have -- I would says, three to four
10 months.

11 Q. I would just ask a favor of you. The court
12 reporter needs to see your face so she can understand
13 what you're saying. She's looking -- you put your hand
14 in front of your mouth. That's all.

15 Now, when you worked for Mr. Epstein, did you
16 learn that he kept money in that briefcase?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. And, so, when you went to his house on that
19 occasion, did you just assume that there would be money
20 in the briefcase?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. And -- and did you take money out of that
23 briefcase?

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. Now, is that the only time that you took money

1 out --

2 A. No.

3 Q. -- of his briefcase?

4 A. It was twice.

5 Q. When was the other time?

6 A. Couple weeks before.

7 Q. What time of day was that?

8 A. At night.

9 Q. And how much did you take out the first time?

10 A. It was a total of \$6,300.

11 Q. That's for both times?

12 A. Yeah.

13 Q. Can you break them down?

14 A. I think one time was \$1,500. Another time was
15 the rest.

16 Q. Now, you left in December of 2002 and then
17 there were these two incidents that you just described?

18 A. Uh-huh.

19 Q. Did you have any contact with Mr. Epstein in
20 between leaving his employment and the first of these
21 two instances?

22 A. None.

23 Q. And as far as you knew, did anybody see you
24 take the money on either occasion?

25 A. None.

1 Q. And, so, when you saw the card from the
2 police, you assumed it had to do with these two
3 instances?

4 A. Yes, sir.

5 Q. And there was no other reason why you thought
6 it had to do with Mr. Epstein?

7 A. No, sir.

8 Q. And when you called him, did you discuss these
9 two incidents with him?

10 A. When I call Mr. --

11 Q. You said you got the card --

12 A. No.

13 Q. -- and then you called him?

14 A. No, we did not discuss that money or nothing
15 involved.

16 I ask him, what's going on, Jeffrey? What's
17 happening? I got this and I thought that this was all
18 over.

19 No, he says, John, it has nothing to do with
20 that money.

21 Q. Did you ever read the incident report by the
22 police, the Palm Beach Police Department? Did you ever
23 read it?

24 A. No.

25 MR. CRITTON: Regarding what?

1 MR. BERGER: Regarding these incidents.

2 BY MR. BERGER:

3 Q. You never read it?

4 A. No.

5 Q. Let me hand you this.

6 MR. CRITTON: Is there an extra copy?

7 MR. BERGER: Yeah.

8 BY MR. BERGER:

9 Q. What I'm showing you, have you ever seen this
10 before?

11 A. No.

12 MR. BERGER: Let's have this marked as Exhibit
13 3, please.

14 MR. CRITTON: Can I keep this?

15 (Exhibit number 3 was marked for
16 identification purposes.)

17 BY MR. BERGER:

18 Q. It appears to be about 20 pages and it has,
19 Palm Beach Police Department Incident Report, on the top
20 page.

21 Turn to the third page.

22 And you see where it starts the narrative, the
23 paragraph? Do you see where that starts?

24 A. Yes, sir.

25 Q. And it says: "On Sunday, October 5, '03 at

1 approximately 8:24 hours, I was dispatched to a burglary
2 at 358 El Brillo Way."

3 Do you see that?

4 A. Yeah.

5 Q. Now, October 5, 2003, do you recall that that
6 was about when the time you took the money from
7 Mr. Epstein's briefcase was?

8 A. Yes. I don't recall. But if they say it, I
9 have to agree with it.

10 Q. Well, you left in December of 2002. And
11 before I showed you this document, you said that these
12 incidents occurred about three or four months later. So
13 apparently they occurred more than three or four months
14 later; is that correct?

15 A. Apparently, yes.

16 Q. Well, now after -- after looking at this, sir,
17 do you actually recall that it occurred more than three
18 or four months later?

19 A. After looking at this?

20 Q. Yeah.

21 A. It could be.

22 Q. But do you actually remember it being more
23 than three or four months?

24 A. I don't remember if it was more than three
25 months.

1 Q. Okay. Okay. Now, if you look further down,
2 you'll see it says, quote, Epstein further advised a
3 black Glock handgun was taken from the book shelf
4 located behind the desk, unquote.

5 Do you see that?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. Did you take a black Glock handgun from him?

8 A. Absolutely not.

9 Q. Do you know if anybody did?

10 A. No, sir.

11 Q. Is this the first time that you ever heard
12 that Mr. Epstein may have told the police --

13 A. No. This question I was asked by the police.

14 Q. Okay. Now, you see the next sentence? It
15 says: "Epstein advised he suspected cash had been taken
16 from his briefcase on two other occasions while he was
17 in town for the weekend. The first was over the Labor
18 Day weekend, August 30 to September 1. The second time
19 was a weekend in mid-September 2003."

20 Do you see --

21 A. Yeah.

22 Q. -- the mention of those two incidents?

23 A. Uh-huh.

24 Q. Yes?

25 A. Uh-huh.

1 Q. You've got to say yes or no.

2 A. Yes, sir.

3 Q. Now, look up at the top of that paragraph.

4 You see where it says: "After" -- it's about the fourth
5 sentence -- "Epstein advised that on Saturday evening,
6 October 4, 2003, he left his briefcase at his desk and
7 went to bed at approximately 12:30 a.m. Epstein said
8 when he left his briefcase, it contained approximately
9 \$5,000 U.S. currency."

10 A. Uh-huh.

11 Q. Do you see that?

12 A. Yes.

13 Q. And then it goes further on, it says -- after
14 a sentence or two, it says: "Epstein stated at
15 approximately 7:15 hours on Sunday, October 5, 2003,
16 while sitting at his desk, he noticed the briefcase had
17 been opened and some of the cash was missing. Epstein
18 believed approximately \$3,500 was taken from the
19 briefcase."

20 Do you see that?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. Now, when you read this whole paragraph here,
23 do you agree that Mr. Epstein is -- and assuming that
24 the police took this down accurately -- that Mr. Epstein
25 is describing three separate instances --

1 A. No.

2 Q. -- where he believes money was taken?

3 MR. CRITTON: Form.

4 THE WITNESS: I don't agree with this.

5 BY MR. BERGER:

6 Q. No?

7 A. No.

8 Q. Well, he says: "The first" -- at the bottom,
9 it says: "The first was over Labor Day weekend, August
10 30 to September 1, 2003."

11 You see it says that at the bottom? The very
12 bottom.

13 "The first was over Labor Day weekend,
14 August 30 to September 1, 2003."

15 Do you see that?

16 A. Uh-huh.

17 Q. Yes or no?

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. And then it says: "The second time was a
20 weekend in mid-September 2003."

21 Do you see that?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. And then above, do you see where he talked
24 about October 4, 2003? You see mention of that? Or
25 October 5, 2003?

1 A. Right here.

2 Q. Right in the middle, it says: "Epstein stated
3 at" -- yes.

4 A. No. I don't agree with this. I never saw
5 this.

6 Q. I'm not asking -- that's not what I'm asking.
7 What I'm saying, sir, do you see though that
8 the police report refers to three instances; is that
9 correct?

10 A. No.

11 Q. Okay. But it's correct that the police report
12 refers to three instances, correct?

13 MR. CRITTON: Form.

14 BY MR. BERGER:

15 Q. The police talk about three instances, right?

16 A. That's correct.

17 MR. CRITTON: Form.

18 BY MR. BERGER:

19 Q. Now, how many times did you take cash from
20 Mr. Epstein?

21 A. Twice.

22 Q. So do you have any idea what he's talking
23 about here?

24 A. No.

25 Q. Now, the first time that you took cash, was it

1 on August 30 to September 1, 2003?

2 A. I can't remember.

3 Q. Or September -- mid-September 2003?

4 A. I can't remember.

5 Q. Okay. Is the third incident accurate where it
6 talks about October 5 or October 4, 2003?

7 A. I don't know if it's accurate or not, but I
8 know that I went to the house twice.

9 Q. Not three times?

10 A. Not three times.

11 Q. Any idea why Mr. Epstein would talk about
12 three times?

13 A. No idea, sir.

14 Q. And any idea why he would talk about a Glock
15 handgun?

16 A. No, sir.

17 MR. CRITTON: Form.

18 BY MR. BERGER:

19 Q. Now, you said that -- that you had a -- okay.
20 I've put this aside. I'm going to ask you another
21 question, so why don't you -- I don't want to distract
22 you.

23 Now, you said that your disagreement or your
24 falling out with Mr. Epstein was after you left his
25 employment. Do you remember saying that?

1 A. Yes. After -- after this incident.

2 Q. And what did that disagreement have to do
3 with? Did it have to do with these incidents?

4 A. Of course. I screw it up.

5 Q. Okay. And do you know who Mr. Adam Fetterman
6 is?

7 A. Yes.

8 Q. Who is he?

9 A. He's my lawyer.

10 Q. And did Mr. Epstein pay for Mr. Fetterman's
11 legal services for you?

12 A. No. I pay on my own pocket.

13 Q. Now, let me ask you some questions about some
14 property in Palm Beach County, Mr. Alessi.

15 Do you remember that in or around 1983 you and
16 your wife bought a home at Bilbao Street in Royal Palm
17 Beach?

18 A. I didn't bought it. I build it.

19 Q. You built it. You didn't buy it?

20 A. No.

21 Q. And do you remember that in April of 1995, you
22 and your wife purchased a single-family home in -- on
23 Northumberland Court in Wellington? Do you remember
24 that?

25 A. It was a lot.

1 Q. It was a lot. Okay.

2 A. Yes, we purchase that.

3 Q. Okay.

4 MR. CRITTON: What was the first date you gave
5 about built home?

6 MR. BERGER: July 1983.

7 MR. CRITTON: Thank you.

8 BY MR. BERGER:

9 Q. And does the purchase price of \$22,600; is
10 that correct --

11 A. Sounds familiar.

12 Q. -- for the -- for the Northumberland Court
13 lot; is that correct?

14 A. Uh-huh.

15 Q. Yes or no?

16 A. What date was that?

17 Q. April of 1995.

18 A. That's correct.

19 Q. Now, do you recall that in December of 1997
20 you and your wife bought apartment number 1902 at 1515
21 South Flagler Drive --

22 A. That's correct.

23 Q. -- in West Palm Beach; is that right?

24 A. Yes, sir.

25 Q. And does the purchase price of \$105,000; is

1 that accurate?

2 A. That's correct.

3 Q. Now, do you recall that in November of 1998
4 you and your wife bought apartment 1901 at 1515 South
5 Flagler?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. And the purchase price was \$159,000?

8 A. That's correct.

9 Q. So in -- so did you -- as of November of 1998,
10 did you own both apartment 1902 and apartment 1901 at
11 the 1515 building?

12 A. Yes. But I didn't own the house in Royal Palm
13 Beach. I didn't -- I sold that. With that money we
14 bought that apartments.

15 Q. You built the house at the Royal Palm Beach
16 address?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. After buying the lot?

19 A. Yes. We bought the lot years, years back.

20 Q. Now, in October of 2001, do you remember
21 buying a multi-family residential property at Yarmouth
22 Drive in Wellington?

23 A. I still have it.

24 Q. And do you remember the purchase price being
25 \$310,000?

1 A. Yes, sir.

2 Q. And this is while you worked for Mr. Epstein,
3 correct? 2001, October 2001?

4 A. Yeah.

5 Q. And you still own it; is that what you said?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. And is that a rental apartment building?

8 A. Yeah, it's a rental.

9 Q. And now, do you recall that in September of
10 2002 you and your wife purchased a multi-family
11 residential property at Sequoia Drive in West Palm
12 Beach?

13 A. That's correct.

14 Q. And the purchase price was \$590,000? Do you
15 remember that?

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. And then in October of 2004 you bought the --
18 you bought a multi-family residential property -- strike
19 that.

20 In October of 2004 your wife purchased a
21 multi-family residential property at 6791 Fairway Lakes
22 Drive, Boynton Beach?

23 A. That is not correct. That is a house.

24 Q. That's where you live now?

25 A. That's where we live now.

1 Q. And that's just a single-family home?

2 A. That's a single-family home.

3 Q. Okay. And now, did Mr. Epstein contribute any
4 money to the purchase of any of these properties?

5 A. He contribute the -- he contribute the \$20,000
6 towards the purchase of the first property.

7 Q. Well, the first property was back in 1983?

8 A. No. No. The first property at 1515 South
9 Flagler Drive.

10 Q. That's apartment 1902?

11 A. 1902.

12 Q. Did he contribute any other money towards any
13 of the other properties?

14 A. No.

15 Q. So you paid \$590,000 for the property at
16 Sequoia Drive without the assistance of Jeffrey Epstein?

17 A. That's correct. I had a loan, took a big loan
18 on that.

19 Q. So he had absolutely nothing to do with your
20 purchase of that property?

21 A. Nothing.

22 Q. And he contributed nothing towards any -- to
23 the purchase of any of the other properties that I
24 mentioned?

25 A. Nothing.

1 Q. Okay.

2 MR. BERGER: Mark this as Exhibit 4, please.

3 (Exhibit number 4 was marked for
4 identification purposes.)

5 BY MR. BERGER:

6 Q. Look at Exhibit 4, sir. It's two pages. And
7 it's from Florida Department of State, Division of
8 Corporations?

9 A. Yeah.

10 Q. And would you turn to the next page, the
11 second page?

12 On the second page, do you see your signature
13 and your wife's?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. And do you recognize this as an application
16 for registration of a fictitious name?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. And is that -- did you and your wife apply for
19 registration of a fictitious name?

20 A. Right. This was done by our lawyer,
21 Fetterman.

22 Q. And was that done in January of 2003? Look in
23 the upper right.

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. Is that correct?

1 A. Uh-huh.

2 Q. Yes?

3 A. Yes.

4 Q. And the fictitious name was Las Villas Alessi
5 Properties, correct?

6 A. That's correct.

7 Q. And did Jeffrey Epstein have anything
8 whatsoever to do with the registration of this
9 fictitious name?

10 A. Absolutely nothing.

11 MR. BERGER: Mark this as the next Exhibit.
12 (Exhibit number 5 was marked for
13 identification purposes.)

14 MR. WILLITS: Spell the name of that last --

15 MR. BERGER: It's Las Villas, V-I-L-L-A-S,
16 Alessi Properties.

17 MR. WILLITS: Thank you.

18 BY MR. BERGER:

19 Q. The next Exhibit, sir, has papers from the
20 Department of State, Division of Corporations. Do you
21 see it makes reference to Alessi Properties, LLC? Up at
22 the top.

23 It says: "Detail by officer/registered agent
24 name." And then under that it says, "Florida limited
25 liability company."

EXHIBIT 7

PART 3

1 A. Where is that, sir? Just point it.

2 Q. Then it says, Alessi Properties, LLC; is that
3 right?

4 A. Yes, sir.

5 Q. Then do you see the next couple pages includes
6 a letter from Adam Fetterman to the Department of State?
7 Do you see that?

8 A. Yes, sir.

9 Q. And then the next -- the next page is an
10 articles -- articles of organization for Florida limited
11 liability company. Do you see that?

12 A. Yes, sir.

13 Q. And then on the very last page, is that your
14 signature?

15 A. Yes, sir.

16 Q. Okay. Is that your application to organize
17 the Florida limited liability company, Alessi
18 Properties, LLC?

19 A. Yes. I just sign it. This was done by the
20 lawyer.

21 Q. Did Jeffrey Epstein have anything to do with
22 the creation of this company?

23 A. Absolutely nothing.

24 Q. Did Jeffrey Epstein pay for Mr. Fetterman's
25 services to do this?

1 A. Absolutely no.

2 Q. Now, this was -- this Alessi Properties, LLC,
3 it appears to have been incorporated in August of 2003.
4 Do you recall that? Does that sound correct?

5 A. Yeah.

6 Q. And between December of 2002, when you left
7 Mr. Epstein's employment, and August of 2003, when you
8 incorporated Alessi Properties, LLC, did you speak to
9 Jeffrey Epstein?

10 A. Never spoke again.

11 Q. Or with anybody on his behalf, such as his
12 staff or an investigator for him? Anybody?

13 A. Nothing.

14 Q. Okay. Did you go to his home between January
15 and August of 2003?

16 A. No. Except twice, the two incidents that it
17 happened.

18 Q. But those -- and those happened later, after
19 August of 2003, correct? Those happened either --

20 A. Yeah. I never went to the home for any reason
21 to talk to him or to anybody.

22 Q. Okay. So in September and October when you
23 went to Mr. Epstein's house --

24 A. Yeah.

25 Q. -- uninvited, --

1 A. Uh-huh.

2 Q. -- you just assumed that he would have money
3 in his briefcase?

4 A. I assume.

5 Q. You hadn't talked to him in nine months; is
6 that your testimony?

7 A. That's my testimony.

8 Q. And you said that you needed that money
9 because of a woman that you were mixed up with?

10 A. That's correct.

11 Q. What's her name?

12 A. Eva DaSilva (phonetics).

13 Q. And where does she --

14 A. I'm sorry. Vonja DaSilva (phonetics). I
15 already forgot the name.

16 Q. Vonja?

17 A. Vonja DaSilva.

18 Q. Where is she now? Where does she live?

19 A. I have no idea. She left -- she left the
20 state. She was a girl from Brazil. The biggest mistake
21 of my life.

22 Q. And then you said during the questioning of
23 one or two of the attorneys that you entered into a
24 separation agreement with Mr. Epstein that included a
25 confidentiality agreement and a release. Do you

1 remember saying that?

2 A. Yeah.

3 MR. CRITTON: Form.

4 BY MR. BERGER:

5 Q. And those were signed by you?

6 A. And Mr. Epstein.

7 Q. And was that signed after the October
8 incident?

9 A. No. This was signed in January 2003.

10 Q. When you left?

11 A. Right after I left.

12 Q. Okay.

13 A. Right after I left, it was done through the
14 office in New York. Mr. Epstein never spoke to me
15 again. It was done through the lawyers in New York.
16 They send me the paper via Fed Ex. They send us a
17 check. That was the end of it. That happened in
18 January, January 2003.

19 Q. Do you have a copy of those documents?

20 A. Not in here.

21 Q. Do you have them at home?

22 A. Yes, I do.

23 Q. And let me just make sure I know what the
24 documents are.

25 There's a separation agreement?

1 A. Just a separation agreement.

2 Q. And that includes a confidentiality provision?

3 A. It was a -- there's a provision inside.

4 Q. And it also includes in it a release or is the
5 release separate?

6 A. I don't know. Lawyer terms. I'm not familiar
7 with that.

8 Q. Did you have a lawyer represent you in
9 connection with that?

10 A. No. I never need it.

11 Q. And you said Mr. Epstein paid you \$30,000 to
12 you and \$20,000 to your wife?

13 A. That's correct.

14 Q. And how was that paid to you?

15 A. Cash -- I mean, check. It was a check but it
16 was taken -- taxes were taken out. So it was minus
17 taxes.

18 Q. Was it one check for each of you?

19 A. Yes.

20 MR. CRITTON: Can we take a five-minute break?

21 MR. BERGER: Sure.

22 MR. CRITTON: Do you want to finish one line
23 of questioning?

24 MR. BERGER: No, go ahead. Go ahead.

25 VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 2:15.

1 (Brief recess.)

2 VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the record at
3 2:21.

4 BY MR. BERGER:

5 Q. How many times have you talked with
6 investigators of Mr. Epstein?

7 A. One time.

8 Q. And that's the one time that you've mentioned
9 already?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. And have you met -- talked to Mr. Critton
12 before today?

13 A. Oh, wait a minute. Sorry. I have to go back
14 on that. Twice. One time when the criminal case
15 started when they, like, find the card and Jeffrey says,
16 I cannot talk to you, somebody will call you. I talked
17 the investigator that I told you.

18 And the second time was, I guess, you -- I
19 don't know who was it, but they send -- they send me
20 the -- I don't know if it was an investigator or they
21 just give me your notice that I was going to be
22 subpoena.

23 MR. CRITTON: I think that came from
24 Mr. Willits' office.

25 MR. WILLITS: Jack Hill's office.

1 MR. CRITTON: That wasn't an investigator. It
2 was a subpoena server?

3 THE WITNESS: Yeah.

4 BY MR. BERGER:

5 Q. Process server. Process server.

6 Now, this is Mr. Robert Critton. Have you
7 talked to him before today?

8 A. Yes, sir.

9 Q. How many times have you talked to Mr. Critton?

10 A. Once in my house. And we talk about ten
11 minutes yesterday? Monday? Monday?

12 Q. Yesterday?

13 A. Yesterday.

14 Q. Okay. And what did you discuss?

15 A. Discuss the same questions that you telling
16 me. And he told me basically, say the truth. Tell the
17 truth, nothing but the truth. And be firm and be --
18 speak your mind and don't be afraid.

19 I thought that this incident about my life
20 never would have come out. I wish it would have never
21 come out. But I guess it come out and it's too late.

22 Q. Well, you know what this case is about, don't
23 you?

24 A. Of course. I think it's a case against
25 Mr. Epstein. But it's not a case against me, is it?

1 Q. No.

2 A. Oh.

3 Q. And you know it's --

4 (Brief interruption.)

5 BY MR. BERGER:

6 Q. And you know it's a serious case for the
7 people that are bringing it?

8 THE COURT: Form.

9 THE WITNESS: Absolutely.

10 BY MR. BERGER:

11 Q. So you had this conversation with Mr. Critton
12 yesterday?

13 A. Not about the seriousness, no.

14 Q. No. No. But the conversation that you had
15 with Mr. Critton was yesterday, correct?

16 A. Yes. Told him he -- he told me basically he
17 was going to be here, that a bunch of lawyers were going
18 to ask me questions and that I should be truthful and
19 nothing else, basically.

20 Q. Well, what else did he say?

21 A. What else did Mr. Critton says? Nothing. He
22 asked me about my health, because I was in the hospital
23 this week. He asked me how I felt.

24 And I says, well, I want to get this done. I
25 want to get it over, done, and go on with my life for

1 the rest of my life. I want to finish with this. I
2 don't want nothing to do with Jeffrey Epstein or this
3 case, once and for all.

4 Q. Did you talk to him about the confidentiality
5 agreement that you mentioned?

6 A. No.

7 Q. Or the separation agreement?

8 A. No.

9 Q. Or the arrest?

10 A. No.

11 Q. Or the \$30,000 that you were paid?

12 A. No.

13 Q. Did he tell you that this case that we're here
14 about --

15 A. \$30,000 where? What \$30,000?

16 Q. You said you were paid \$30,000 and your wife
17 was paid \$20,000.

18 A. Yes. Yes. The separation agreement. No.

19 No.

20 Q. You didn't talk about that?

21 A. No.

22 Q. Did he tell you there were young women suing
23 Mr. Epstein? Did he tell you that yesterday?

24 A. No. He mentioned to me that it was a lot of
25 lawsuits against Mr. Epstein, criminal and civil suits.

1 And -- not yesterday, but when he was in my house with
2 his secretary.

3 Q. Not yesterday?

4 A. Not yesterday.

5 Q. When was he was at your house with the
6 secretary?

7 A. About two months ago, a month and a half ago.

8 Q. You can't look to him to answer. You've got
9 to answer.

10 A. I cannot remember exactly the date, but I
11 would say it was about a month ago.

12 Q. Maybe I misunderstood. Was Mr. Critton at
13 your house yesterday?

14 A. No. He called me yesterday.

15 Q. He called you yesterday?

16 A. Yes, sir.

17 Q. And you talked for about ten minutes yesterday
18 on the phone?

19 A. No more.

20 Q. Did you tell me everything that you and
21 Mr. Critton talked about yesterday?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. Now, he visited your house --

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. -- a month and a half or two months ago --

1 A. Absolutely.

2 Q. -- with his secretary?

3 A. Yes.

4 Q. And did she take notes?

5 A. Yes, she did.

6 Q. Pardon me?

7 A. She did.

8 Q. She took notes. Just by pen and paper?

9 A. Pen and paper.

10 Q. Not a machine like the court reporter?

11 A. No.

12 Q. Were you taped? Did somebody tape record you?

13 A. No.

14 Q. Did he show you the notes that she took down?

15 A. No.

16 Q. Typed up and show you the transcript?

17 A. No.

18 Q. No? Now, how long was Mr. Critton at your

19 house then?

20 A. For about half an hour.

21 Q. And did you know that he was coming? Did he
22 call ahead of time?

23 A. Yeah.

24 Q. And, so, what did you expect was going to
25 happen?

1 A. He was going to come in and ask questions
2 about this case.

3 Q. So what did he say?

4 A. Same questions that you guys are asking me,
5 exactly the same questions.

6 Q. Nothing more?

7 A. Basically what you saw, what you did, what
8 your job description was, what you did, how you start
9 your day, how was your day and how was -- what time you
10 started, what time you finish and what you did, and what
11 was your responsibilities. And that was it.

12 Q. Okay. And were you paid anything for that?

13 A. Absolutely not. The only money that I got, it
14 was from you for this \$47 check for coming in here.

15 Q. Okay.

16 A. And I will take no money from nobody.

17 Q. Okay. Were there -- were there any other
18 times that you talked to either Mr. Critton or anybody
19 from his office?

20 A. No.

21 Q. You described every time that you've ever
22 talked to either Mr. Critton or people from his office?

23 A. No, sir.

24 Q. You've described all those times that you've
25 talked to Mr. Critton or people from his office? I'm

1 not asking the question clearly.

2 Did you talk to Mr. Critton any other time?

3 A. No. I talked to Mr. Critton twice, once in my
4 house, once yesterday.

5 Q. Now, how about Mr. Jack Goldberger,
6 Mr. Epstein's criminal defense attorney, did you ever
7 talk to him?

8 A. No.

9 Q. Did you ever talk to Alan Dershowitz about any
10 of these matters?

11 A. No, sir.

12 Q. Or Roy Black?

13 A. No, sir.

14 Q. Now, I'm just going back over some different
15 things that you mentioned.

16 You said that there was a Roladex that you
17 created of names of women?

18 A. Not it was a name just woman. It was
19 companies, air condition companies. It was cleaning
20 companies. It was suppliers. And it was -- it was a
21 Roladex that I left it there.

22 Q. Did you have a list of girls on your Roladex?

23 MR. CRITTON: Form.

24 THE WITNESS: No. We had a list of girls in
25 a -- in a -- in a sheet with plastic that we have

1 all the massage therapists. It was two pages or
2 three pages of people in a plastic sheet that we
3 had it where -- by the telephones. That was it.

4 BY MR. BERGER:

5 Q. Have the names?

6 A. Names and phones.

7 Q. Telephone numbers?

8 A. Uh-huh.

9 Q. What about addresses?

10 A. No, no addresses.

11 Q. What about dates?

12 A. No, sir.

13 Q. And who prepared the list?

14 A. Either Ms. Maxwell -- Ms. Maxwell.

15 Q. Was it typed?

16 A. Yeah. They were types.

17 Q. No. Typed.

18 A. Yeah.

19 Q. Who typed it?

20 A. I don't know who type it, but it came from New
21 York.

22 Q. The list?

23 A. Yeah.

24 Q. Did you -- did you give the information that
25 went into the list?

1 A. No.

2 Q. Where was the list kept?

3 A. In many places. It was in Mrs. Maxwell's
4 desk. It was one in the kitchen, one in my office, one
5 in my room because sometimes I was in my room and I have
6 to call these people. It was one in the new house when
7 they build the new house. It was all over. And it was
8 also those -- those files for the house -- the house
9 running operation.

10 Q. Was it the same list that was in all those
11 places?

12 A. Basically, yes.

13 Q. Was the list updated?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. Did you keep a copy of the list?

16 A. No, I don't have a copy of the list.

17 Q. When you left Mr. Epstein's employment, you
18 didn't take a copy with you?

19 A. Not at all.

20 Q. And when you worked for Mr. Epstein, you
21 didn't write notes about what you did and what you saw?

22 A. No.

23 Q. No?

24 A. No. I had too much to do.

25 Q. You didn't put anything in a computer about

1 what you saw at the house?

2 A. No, sir.

3 Q. Did you ever talk to your wife about what you
4 saw at the house?

5 A. Like what? Saw about what?

6 Q. About the dildos. About the massages. Did
7 you ever talk to your wife about that?

8 A. Yeah. And that's one of the reasons that I
9 never send my wife after -- this hap -- these dildos and
10 things like that happened right at the end of my stay
11 there. It never happened before. Right at the last
12 couple months before I left. And that --

13 Q. And that's when young girls --

14 MR. CRITTON: Let him finish his answer.

15 THE WITNESS: And my -- my worry about was
16 that my wife will panic. And I never send her up
17 there to clean up the rooms or anything else.

18 BY MR. BERGER:

19 Q. Is that when young girls started coming to the
20 house?

21 MR. CRITTON: Form.

22 THE WITNESS: One girl that I can think of.

23 BY MR. BERGER:

24 Q. Just one?

25 A. One girl. That girl that she show me the

1 picture.

2 Q. V.R.?

3 A. That's the only one that I can think she was
4 young, but I don't know how old.

5 Q. Do you still have the transcript from -- from
6 the police in front of you, from the State Attorney's
7 Office?

8 It's below that. It's at the bottom. Keep
9 going.

10 You see? Turn to page 9.

11 Page 9. Now, look at me. It says, page 10,
12 but it also says page 9.

13 So you got page 9?

14 A. Page 9 and page 10.

15 Q. Okay.

16 A. Oh, okay. Page 9. Okay.

17 Q. I want you to see page 9.

18 MR. CRITTON: You want the transcript page 9?

19 MR. BERGER: Yeah.

20 BY MR. BERGER:

21 Q. Let me just make sure you're on the right
22 page. Yeah.

23 Look at line 13.

24 It says, answer: "No, sir. Mostly no. We
25 saw one or two young ones in the last year."

1 Do you see that?

2 MR. CRITTON: Form. It's taken out of
3 context. There's no question.

4 BY MR. BERGER:

5 Q. Do you see those words?

6 A. Did they seem -- did they seem young to you?
7 No, sir, mostly were no. We saw two young ones in the
8 last year.

9 Q. Well, it actually says, "we saw one or two
10 young ones in the last year."

11 A. "We saw one or two young ones in the last
12 year. Before that they were all adults."

13 Q. The one or two young ones in the last year
14 that you're referring to, who are they?

15 A. One was V. and the another one was N.B.

16 Q. Don't write on that. Okay? Don't write on
17 that with your pen.

18 Look at paragraph -- look at line 19.

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. It says, quote, I remember one girl was young,
21 unquote.

22 Do you see that?

23 A. Yeah.

24 MR. CRITTON: Form.

25 BY MR. BERGER:

1 Q. Who were you referring to?

2 A. V.

3 Q. And then you see under that at line 22, it
4 says, quote, but I imagine she was 16, 17. In my
5 judgment she was 16, 17, unquote.

6 Do you see that?

7 MR. CRITTON: Form.

8 THE WITNESS: Yeah.

9 BY MR. BERGER:

10 Q. Were you referring to V.?

11 MR. CRITTON: Form.

12 THE WITNESS: I think so, yeah.

13 Oh, can I read this again?

14 BY MR. BERGER:

15 Q. Sure, go ahead. Take your time.

16 A. "During the last year while you were working
17 for him, what do you mean, they look young? Did they
18 look like they were still in high school? Yes. And the
19 only one that I knew was in high school was N. I
20 remember one girl was young. We never ask her how old
21 she was. I never asked N. how old she was. I think she
22 was in the last year of high school.

23 Right. Understand.

24 Question.

25 But I imagine she was 16, 17. I don't know.

1 In my judgment she was 16, 17."

2 I was talking about, I was referring about N.
3 at that time.

4 Q. So at line 22, look at line 22.

5 A. Yes, sir.

6 Q. It says, quote, but I imagine she was 16, 17,
7 unquote.

8 You were referring to who?

9 A. To N.

10 Q. Okay. You can put that down.

11 You mentioned Joe Joe. You said Joe Joe was
12 the house man in New York?

13 A. Yes. I met Joe Joe.

14 Q. And do you know his full name?

15 A. Joe Joe work with his wife. They were
16 Funtanella (phonetics), Funtanella. Joe Joe and Lynn
17 was his wife, Funtanella.

18 Q. When is the last time you talked to them?

19 A. Wow. Never talked to them again in over ten
20 years.

21 Q. Now, you mentioned in response to Ms. Ezell's
22 questions, you said something about V.'s father. Do you
23 remember talking about that?

24 A. Uh-huh.

25 Q. How do you know that person was her father?

1 A. Because either she told me or Ms. Maxwell told
2 me that her father used to work at Donald Trump's place.
3 And she -- I think he is the one who bring her to the
4 house that afternoon, the first time I saw V. drive in
5 at this -- Donald Trump's house.

6 Q. Now, you said you know -- you knew who Alan
7 Dershowitz or you know who Alan Dershowitz is, right?

8 A. Many times.

9 Q. And he was at the house?

10 A. He's been at the house a lot of times.

11 Q. Was he ever at the house when there were naked
12 women at the house?

13 A. No.

14 Q. No?

15 A. They were never naked woman at the house, sir.
16 I remember one occasion when one English
17 girl -- I think she was English or German girl -- came
18 to the house. And usually in Europe they use topless,
19 they don't wear anything. But she was taking the sun
20 outside and she came to the house with nothing on and I
21 chase them out. I says, not in this house. You don't
22 do it. You go outside, put the towel and come in here.
23 Because she came to get something from the kitchen
24 wearing nothing. And I did not allow that.

25 Q. But when Alan Dershowitz was there, were there

1 any women that were topless?

2 A. No, not that I can remember.

3 Q. What about when Prince Andrew was there?

4 A. Not that I can remember, sir.

5 Q. Did you ever see Alan Dershowitz walking
6 around naked?

7 A. No, sir.

8 Q. How about Prince Andrew?

9 A. No, sir.

10 Q. You mentioned your divorce, that it cost -- it
11 cost money. Did Jeffrey Epstein pay for anything
12 connected with the divorce?

13 A. Absolutely nothing.

14 Q. Let me go back for a minute to the
15 confidentiality provision in the separation agreement.
16 Did you -- did you discuss with anybody why
17 there had to be a confidentiality provision? Did you
18 talk to somebody about that?

19 A. No. No. I discuss it with Mr. Epstein when
20 he told me, he finally come out and says, John -- I know
21 they were going to try to replace us. And -- and we got
22 upset because I was not ready to leave yet. But at the
23 same time we were expecting to be left out. And I left
24 there before they decide to let me go.

25 And I went to -- I remember very clearly, I

1 went to his office in the pool house and it was -- I
2 talk to him and says, John, -- I went with some faxes
3 that came to my office and they were people interviewing
4 for my job. So I feel very pissed about it.

5 And I went to his office and said, Jeffrey,
6 what is this? And what is this? And what is this?

7 He says, well, that's Ghislaine. I'm not
8 involved into that.

9 And I says, okay. We're going to leave,
10 Jeffrey. That's it. We're done. And what you going to
11 do for me?

12 And he says, well, what you want?

13 And I says, give me at least a year's salary.

14 And that's what it turn out to be, around
15 \$50,000, plus the van.

16 And he says, okay, John, wish you good luck.
17 And the last day I was there we shake hands and we left.

18 But my relationship with him, it was good. It
19 was friendly. At the beginning of the -- my job was
20 very friendly. Then he changed when Ms. Maxwell come
21 in. I didn't like to work for her. She was a bitch.
22 And she make us life hell. And that's why we left. But
23 it was not with Mr. Epstein.

24 Q. Do you know why there was a confidentiality
25 provision in your agreement?

1 A. No. That's lawyer stuff. I don't know.

2 MR. BERGER: Okay. That's all I have.

3 CROSS EXAMINATION

4 BY MR. CRITTON:

5 Q. Mr. Alessi, my name is Bob Critton, as you
6 know, and I represent Mr. Epstein.

7 A. Yes, sir.

8 Q. You've been -- this deposition started at
9 10:00. It's almost -- it's closing in on 3:00 but for
10 about 45 minutes or an hour that we took for lunch. I'm
11 going to try to be relatively brief so we can get you
12 out of here. Okay?

13 A. Okay, sir.

14 Q. You've been asked questions by five different
15 lawyers who represent various Plaintiffs in this case.

16 A. Yes, sir.

17 Q. In some instances you've been asked the same
18 question multiple times?

19 A. Yes, sir.

20 Q. The testimony -- you've also been asked a
21 number of questions about your separation from
22 Mr. Epstein sometime at the end of December of '02 and
23 the entrance or your entering into a separation
24 agreement with him?

25 A. Uh-huh.

1 Q. Correct?

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. And subsequently there was an incident in 2003
4 that you've described in some detail, based on the
5 questions that have been asked, and you and Mr. Epstein
6 reached an amicable agreement; you repaid him the monies
7 that you had taken and you parted?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. Is that a fair statement?

10 A. And I will have to add something to that.
11 When we talk at the luncheonette, we have coffee, he
12 says, John, if you were not my best employee that I ever
13 have and that you would not take care of my mother, I
14 would have put you away. And that's the way he come out
15 to me.

16 And I says, I like you and let's -- just pay
17 me back in one or two weeks, because I send the money
18 back and it got lost. So he give me another -- not him,
19 but his lawyer says, you got another month to pay. So
20 between I got the money -- the money order was lost in
21 the mail. So I send it back. I pay everything, \$6,310.
22 I think it was 6310. And that was it.

23 Q. And I'm more interested, not so much in the
24 details, Mr. Alessi, but the color, so to speak, the
25 lawyers have put on this, is, is that as a result of

1 your separation from Mr. Epstein in late-2002 and the
2 incident in 2003, that somehow you have colored your
3 testimony to help Mr. Epstein today.

4 And my question to you is: Have you told us
5 the truth today as to every question that's been asked
6 and the questions that are going to be asked of you?

7 A. To every one of you.

8 MR. WILLITS: Object to the form of the
9 question.

10 BY MR. CRITTON:

11 Q. And with regard to the agreements that you
12 entered into with Mr. Epstein, in particular the
13 confidentiality agreement, you were asked a question by
14 Ms. Ezell whether you understood that you're not bound
15 by confidentiality today. And you responded in the
16 affirmative, right? You understand that you're to tell
17 us -- to answer every question fully to the best of your
18 knowledge?

19 A. Absolutely.

20 Q. And that you have done today?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. Okay.

23 MR. WILLITS: Object to the form of the
24 question.

25 BY MR. CRITTON:

1 Q. You told us off the record -- and I don't know
2 whether it was on the record, so I want to be clear
3 because you've been sitting here a long time. You're
4 currently under care and treatment for having
5 chemotherapy; is that correct, sir?

6 A. Yes, I have.

7 Q. And I think you told us earlier that you were
8 in the hospital two days last week?

9 A. Last week, yeah.

10 Q. And, so, we've -- you've done great. You've
11 probably done better than the lawyers today. But you'd
12 like to get this over today and finished?

13 A. I hope so.

14 Q. All right. There have been a lot of questions
15 about your job description and duties at Mr. Epstein's.
16 And if I understood it correctly, is basically, once you
17 became the full-time house manager, you were responsible
18 for all aspects of the operation of the El Brillo
19 residence?

20 A. I was.

21 MR. WILLITS: Object to the form of the
22 question.

23 BY MR. CRITTON:

24 Q. And during the time that you were responsible
25 for all aspects of the El Brillo residence, that

1 included not only maintenance and repair, but
2 appropriate staffing, laundry, cleaning, shopping,
3 cooking, whatever -- whatever needed to be done at the
4 home?

5 A. That's correct.

6 MR. WILLITS: Object to the form of the
7 question.

8 BY MR. CRITTON:

9 Q. And during the time that you were there as the
10 full-time -- as the house manager from 1992 up until
11 December of 2002, you did all those different types of
12 responsibilities; is that a fair statement?

13 A. Yes.

14 MR. WILLITS: Object to the form of the
15 question.

16 BY MR. CRITTON:

17 Q. And at some point -- let me strike that.

18 The original deal, so to speak, that you cut
19 was with Mr. Epstein; that is, when you became the
20 full-time house manager; is that true?

21 A. That's true.

22 Q. And some point within -- what? -- a year or
23 so, I think Eva -- Eva --

24 A. Eva.

25 Q. Anderson --

1 A. Left.

2 Q. -- was no longer Mr. Epstein's -- Dr. Eva
3 Anderson was no longer Mr. Epstein's girlfriend, --

4 A. That's correct.

5 Q. -- and a new girlfriend came in and that was
6 Ghislaine Maxwell?

7 A. That's correct.

8 Q. And when Ms. Maxwell came in, she, in essence,
9 took over as your immediate supervisor?

10 A. That's correct.

11 Q. During the time that you worked for
12 Mr. Epstein, did you have a good, excellent, fair, what
13 was -- how would you describe your relationship with
14 him?

15 A. Good, excellent or fair.

16 I will think good.

17 Q. And did you interact with him very much or
18 does he interact with anybody very much?

19 A. He doesn't interact very much. At the early
20 years, yes, he did come to the kitchen and we used to
21 sit down in the kitchen and he would discuss my kids, my
22 family, his family, and he will talk to me.

23 At the end of my stay there, it was -- I
24 was -- we were told not even to look at his face. Not
25 even to -- this was done by -- this was even done by,

1 they hire a Countess from Europe to write this book and
2 to write ideas of how the house of royalty should be.
3 And that's the way Ms. Maxwell wanted the house to run,
4 as a royal house. And I was pissed off at that and I
5 never agreed with that and I never went with the book.
6 I threw the book away. And that was it.

7 MR. CRITTON: Let me move as non-responsive to
8 my question. Move to strike.

9 MR. WILLITS: He should allowed to finish what
10 he thinks is responsive to your question, even if
11 you don't agree.

12 BY MR. CRITTON:

13 Q. Were you finished, sir?

14 A. Yes, I finish.

15 MR. CRITTON: See, he's finished.

16 MR. WILLITS: He wasn't, but okay.

17 BY MR. CRITTON:

18 Q. I'm trying to -- listen carefully to my
19 question because I'm trying to get you out of here
20 sooner rather than later.

21 If I understood your testimony is, is that,
22 you had -- you considered your relationship with
23 Mr. Epstein to be good during those years?

24 A. Good.

25 Q. And would you describe your relationship with

1 Ms. Maxwell as not being as good?

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. When -- you were -- you had an opportunity
4 over lunch, Mr. Berger gave you a copy of a statement
5 that you gave to the State Attorney's Office on
6 November 21, 2005, we've marked as Exhibit, I think,
7 Exhibit --

8 MR. CRITTON: What did we mark it as, 2?

9 THE WITNESS: At what page?

10 MR. WILLITS: Yes. It was 2.

11 MR. CRITTON: Thank you.

12 BY MR. CRITTON:

13 Q. No, just statement, the whole statement.
14 You had an opportunity to look at it over
15 lunch?

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. And that's a statement you gave back on
18 November 21st of 2005?

19 A. Uh-huh.

20 Q. Is that correct?

21 A. That's correct.

22 Q. And at that time you were there with
23 Mr. Murrell, who was your attorney. And you gave a
24 statement and I think as well your wife spoke with the
25 State Attorney's Office?

1 A. That's correct.

2 Q. And whatever questions the State Attorney
3 asked of you at that time, I assume you fully answered;
4 is that correct?

5 A. Absolutely.

6 Q. And then page 9 where Mr. Berger took you with
7 regard to the questions -- and before I get -- I'm going
8 to come back to page 9 in a minute.

9 But if I understood your earlier testimony in
10 response to one of the lawyers who asked you questions,
11 is, there were a number of European women, all who you
12 deemed to be 20-plus years old, that would travel with
13 Mr. Epstein to various places and as well would come to
14 the house from time to time?

15 A. That's correct.

16 Q. And I think you testified in response to
17 Mr. Berger's questions today, is that the only female
18 that you understood that came to the house during the
19 time that you were the house manager who you knew to be
20 under the age of 18 was N.B.?

21 A. That's correct.

22 Q. And you knew she was under 18 because you
23 would pick her up from high school?

24 A. That's correct.

25 Q. And that's a young girl who I think you

1 said --

2 A. 16, 17.

3 Q. And I think you said she never was involved in
4 giving any massages to Mr. Epstein?

5 A. I don't think so, never.

6 Q. And the times that you saw her, Mr. Epstein
7 was mentoring her on a career which ultimately turned
8 into her becoming an actress?

9 A. I think so. Yeah, that was the main purpose.

10 Q. And on multiple occasions when she would be
11 over, she would be over there at Mr. Epstein's home with
12 her mother; is that correct?

13 A. Yes, that's correct.

14 Q. And of the girls that came or the women that
15 came to give massages to Mr. Epstein over the years you
16 were there, I think you've described on page 9 of your
17 deposition that you may have seen a hundred or 200
18 different massage therapists?

19 A. It could be less. I don't think it's more
20 than 200, but it could be less than 200, yes. It was --
21 it was 11 years or 12 years or 13 years of constant
22 people going in and out and people that were coming to
23 the house, he will bring for another state, he will
24 bring in his planes. People that it came from Europe,
25 massage therapists, there were men and woman. They live

1 in Miami, we -- so it was so many that I cannot remember
2 how many.

3 Q. Okay. And I understand that. I'm just
4 referring back to your statement where it says at page
5 9, line 9, the question was: "Yeah. Yeah. Not the
6 same girl. I mean, during 11 years I probably saw a
7 hundred, 200 different massage therapists."

8 Do you see that?

9 A. Yes.

10 Q. All right. And if I understood your testimony
11 is, the ones the -- that is, of the massage therapists,
12 as you've just described, you saw some men?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. You saw more women?

15 A. More woman.

16 Q. And all of the women, at least from your
17 viewpoint, were 18, 19 or older?

18 A. Yes.

19 MR. CRITTON: Why don't you change your tape
20 right now.

21 VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 2:54.

22 (Brief recess.)

23 VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the record at
24 2:55.

25 BY MR. CRITTON:

1 Q. Mr. Alessi, in the 11 years that you worked
2 for Mr. Epstein, with regard to the massage
3 therapists -- and I'm talking about all of them, women,
4 men, the ones that were 18, 19, 20, or the ones that
5 were older -- did you ever see -- or, first of all, did
6 you ever hear any complaints about -- from the massage
7 therapists about the massage they had given to
8 Mr. Epstein?

9 A. No.

10 Q. Did you ever see a massage therapist during
11 those 11 years that appeared to you to be distraught?

12 A. Never.

13 Q. To be in some form of a shock?

14 A. Never.

15 Q. To be scared?

16 A. I never see anybody scared.

17 Q. Did you ever see someone who looked like they
18 were upset or crying?

19 A. No, sir.

20 Q. I think you, in response to Mr. -- well, not
21 sure who asked the question -- but they -- you were
22 asked whether you ever spoke to the individuals --

23 A. Yes.

24 Q. -- when they came down. And I think you said
25 from time to time you might have some small talk with

1 them afterward?

2 A. Yeah.

3 Q. Did you usually see them if they came down?

4 A. Yeah.

5 Q. So you would have had an opportunity to
6 observe their appearance, correct?

7 A. That's correct.

8 Q. Have you seen people who look distraught, in
9 shock, scared, upset, angry in the past -- not massage
10 therapists -- have you seen people in your life
11 experiences?

12 A. Oh, yeah, yes.

13 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Object to the form.

14 BY MR. CRITTON:

15 Q. So if -- well, let me ask it this way: In
16 your life experiences before you worked for Mr. Epstein,
17 and, in fact, during the time you worked for
18 Mr. Epstein, have you seen individuals not associated

19 with Mr. Epstein who appeared to be distraught, in
20 shock, scared, upset, angry or injured?

21 A. Yes.

22 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Object to form.

23 BY MR. CRITTON:

24 Q. Have you seen people who appeared to you to
25 have been traumatized by a particular event?

1 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Object to form.

2 THE WITNESS: Yes.

3 BY MR. CRITTON:

4 Q. Have you seen people who seem to be -- well, I
5 assume you've seen people who have yelled or screamed as
6 a result of some event that had occurred in your
7 presence?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. On the massage therapists that you saw at
10 Mr. Epstein's house from 1992 up until the time you left
11 in December of '02, did you ever see any type of
12 reaction, distraught, shock, scared, upset, crying,
13 disheveled, injured, disoriented, yelling or screaming
14 for help at any time?

15 A. No, sir.

16 Q. Once the massage -- once -- let me strike
17 that.

18 If I understood your testimony, you helped set
19 up -- either you set up the room or you helped set up
20 the massage room?

21 A. Uh-huh.

22 Q. And you might be the person or it might be
23 someone else who would lead the massage therapists or
24 the female up to the room, the male or the female up to
25 the room?

1 A. Yes, sir.

2 Q. Once that person was upstairs, you then would
3 come back down and resume your multiple duties
4 downstairs?

5 A. Absolutely.

6 Q. As to what occurred during the course of a
7 massage, do you have any personal knowledge during the
8 11 years you were there?

9 A. There was absolutely no way to know or to get
10 into the room. The windows were what they have, those
11 automatic electric shutters. They were completely dark,
12 completely a hundred percent dark, the rooms. And it
13 was -- nobody saw it. I knew it when I was at the house
14 that I never saw anything was going on inside.

15 Q. So you have no personal knowledge what
16 occurred during any particular massage?

17 A. Nothing.

18 Q. And I think you said -- well, let me strike
19 that.

20 In other individuals whom you have done work
21 for at big houses in Palm Beach, did those people from
22 time to time have massages, too?

23 A. I never work in a house inside as I did work
24 for Mr. Epstein.

25 Q. Yours was outside maintenance work?

1 A. I was the maintenance guy outside.

2 Q. All right. And if -- well, let me strike
3 that.

4 You're aware that there's all sorts of spas.
5 The Breakers? PGA? Trump?

6 A. Absolutely.

7 Q. The Ritz Carlton? The Four Seasons? And
8 probably a thousand other places in Palm Beach County?

9 MR. WILLITS: Object to the form of the
10 question.

11 BY MR. CRITTON:

12 Q. Well, let me strike that.

13 Are you aware that there's more than ten
14 places that someone can get a massage in Palm Beach
15 County?

16 A. Of course.

17 Q. Are you aware that there's probably more than
18 a hundred places, maybe a thousand places in Palm Beach
19 County from Boca Raton up through Jupiter and all the
20 way out west where people can get a therapeutic or a
21 massage?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. And I assume you were aware that -- or were
24 you aware of that during the time period that you worked
25 for Mr. Epstein?

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. And I think you told us that you were aware
3 that there were massage schools?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. And is it your understanding that generally
6 massages are given in a -- in a room with a table where
7 the lights are generally turned down?

8 A. And music on, yeah.

9 Q. All right. You were asked a question about
10 vibrators or I think that the word was sex toys.

11 If you'll turn to page 20 of your statement,
12 sir.

13 If you look at page -- if you just glance at
14 line 9 --

15 A. Okay.

16 Q. -- through line 22. Take a chance. If you'll
17 just look at that, then I'll ask you a couple questions.

18 Read to yourself, please. Otherwise, the
19 court reporter will have to take down everything you
20 say.

21 A. Yeah.

22 Q. And at least the statement that you gave back
23 in -- on November 21st of 2005, almost -- almost four
24 years ago now, you describe that there were -- that you
25 saw two types of massagers or vibrators; is that

1 correct?

2 A. That's correct.

3 Q. And is that your best recollection, as you sit
4 here today?

5 A. That's the best recollection.

6 Q. And one of the vibrators, you said was, as you
7 described earlier, looked like a dildo?

8 A. Right.

9 Q. And --

10 MR. WILLITS: Object to the form of the
11 question.

12 BY MR. CRITTON:

13 Q. Well, let me ask you this: Was the item that
14 you described, that's described at lines 12, 13 and 14,
15 and 15 -- 12, 13 and 14 on page 20, is that what you
16 described, is that what you were talking about as the
17 dildo?

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. And I assume you're familiar with what a dildo
20 is?

21 A. I know that it's one of those --

22 Q. You don't have to describe it. Just are you
23 familiar with what one is?

24 A. No, I don't. I'm not really familiar with
25 that type of instruments. But what did I saw it and is

1 it true now, is it true when I make this statement, it
2 was a big rubber man's --

3 Q. Penis?

4 A. -- looking penis, with double head, two heads.

5 Q. And --

6 A. And I don't know how is it even called. And I
7 am sorry. It's a little unpleasant.

8 Q. That's all right.

9 The second item that you described was a neck
10 and back vibrator; is that correct?

11 A. Yeah. They have this vibrators, they have the
12 cordless and they have these balls and they have
13 different types of those vibrators, too.

14 Q. Like you can get them at Brookstone or
15 something like that?

16 A. Yeah. Yeah. Yes, sir.

17 Q. So at least when you were at Mr. Epstein's,
18 and I think as you described in response to lawyer's
19 questions today, is during the last couple of months
20 that you worked at Mr. Epstein's you saw these two
21 vibrators?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. And on those two occasions you'd take those
24 vibrators, if you went up to clean afterwards, you'd put
25 on your gloves, pick them up with a towel and you'd

1 clean them off and you'd put them back in
2 Mrs. Maxwell's --

3 A. Closet.

4 Q. -- closet in her bathroom?

5 MR. WILLITS: Object to the form of the
6 question.

7 THE WITNESS: I put it back in the closet and
8 inside the closet there was a laundry basket that
9 is where she had those.

10 BY MR. CRITTON:

11 Q. And as to whether or not someone actually used
12 those items or how they were used, all you know is you
13 found them --

14 A. I find it in the sink.

15 MR. BERGER: Objection. Mr. Critton is
16 testifying. Leading.

17 MR. WILLITS: Objection, also, to the form.

18 BY MR. CRITTON:

19 Q. Let me ask you this: Do you know, if I
20 understand it correctly, you found the two vibrators,
21 one for the neck and back and the other one that you
22 described as a dildo, you found them in the sink on
23 those few occasions near the end of your employment?

24 A. Yes.

25 MR. BERGER: Objection. Testifying. Leading.

1 THE WITNESS: I find it in the sink.

2 BY MR. CRITTON:

3 Q. And then you would clean up and put it back in
4 Ms. --

5 A. I will put my rubber gloves, get a towel, put
6 them under the sink, run the water and put them in the
7 closet.

8 Q. And you put them back in Ms. Maxwell's closet?

9 A. Closet.

10 Q. Why? Why into her closet?

11 A. Because they were always kept there.

12 Q. All right. You testified earlier, is that if
13 you were going to call someone for a massage, it would
14 either be you or Ms. Maxwell, if I understood you
15 correctly?

16 A. Yeah.

17 Q. Okay.

18 A. At the end -- at the end of my stay was also
19 another girl, Sarah, Sarah that came. And then she was
20 handling everything, as far as calls to these girls.

21 Q. Did Mr. Epstein ever make these calls?

22 A. I never heard.

23 Q. If Mr. Epstein was not in residence, that is,
24 if he was in New York or some place else other than Palm
25 Beach, did you and your wife still stay at the home or

1 would you go to one of your apartment?

2 A. No. We went to our apartment.

3 Q. And then when he wasn't there, would you have
4 pretty more regular hours around the house?

5 A. Pretty much. Pretty much, yeah. That was the
6 days that we had to have the cleaning crew, I still had
7 to go to the house and oversee the cleaning operation,
8 oversee the gardener because there was not, when they
9 were there the gardener weren't supposed to make noise,
10 so we have to take care of the pool, the chlorine and
11 all that stuff.

12 Q. So you would still do your regular but you
13 could finish pretty much 9:00 to 5:00?

14 A. Yes. That was much easier.

15 Q. And when he was -- how often would he
16 generally be in Palm Beach?

17 A. Too much.

18 Q. All right. But if -- would he be here at
19 least a couple --

20 A. I would says, at least three times a year -- a
21 month, three weeks a month, three weekends a month.
22 Usually they come in on a Thursday. Either they left a
23 Monday or Tuesday.

24 Q. And then they go wherever else they were going
25 and then things would get back to more of a 9:00 to 5:00

1 type routine?

2 A. That's right.

3 Q. And if he was in residence, that's when your
4 job became much more all encompassing?

5 A. Exhausting.

6 Q. Okay. You were asked about a female named
7 V.R. I think you originally thought it was V.P., but
8 V.R.?

9 A. Yeah.

10 Q. You recall now; is that correct?

11 A. Yes. Yes.

12 Q. And I think you described her, I think your
13 recollection was, is that you remember her being at the
14 house the last few months that you worked for
15 Mr. Epstein?

16 A. Yeah. The last few months.

17 Q. And that's the only time that you remember her
18 actually being there?

19 A. Yeah.

20 Q. Because you actually recall when she used to
21 work at Mar-a-lago, and then you recall her starting to
22 come to --

23 A. To the house.

24 Q. -- Mr. Epstein's home?

25 A. Right.

1 Q. And I think you testified that at one time you
2 had to pick her up and she lived at her house or she was
3 living with her boyfriend at some house out in Royal
4 Palm Beach; is that correct?

5 A. That's right.

6 Q. Did you know anything about Ms. R.?

7 A. Not necessarily. Not that I can remember. I
8 knew the one time either Ms. Maxwell or Mr. Epstein told
9 me that she was arrested because she was working in --
10 in the restaurant and she took her -- the tips, her tips
11 for that day. And the next day she was arrested and the
12 money have to be returned and -- it was something about
13 that, but that's it. That's all I know.

14 Q. Okay. Was it -- let me ask you this: Do you
15 remember her stealing some money from the Roadhouse
16 Restaurant where she was working?

17 A. That's what I heard, that it was a report,
18 there was a police report.

19 Q. All right. And, so, at least you understood
20 from Mr. Epstein or Ms. Maxwell that she had stolen
21 money from her employment?

22 A. Yeah.

23 Q. Again, you never saw the police report?

24 A. No.

25 Q. Nor the date of it?

1 A. No.

2 Q. That's correct?

3 A. That's correct.

4 Q. And as to whether she repaid the money or what
5 happened with that criminal charge, do you know?

6 A. No, I don't.

7 Q. Do you know whether there's an arrest out for
8 her -- a warrant out for her arrest at the current time?

9 A. No, sir.

10 Q. Were you aware of any of her other background;
11 that is, before she ever met Mr. Epstein, were you aware
12 that she, back in, say, 1997, that she was involved in a
13 sexual battery between with her and three girls and
14 three boys that were engaged in sexual or lewd acts and
15 they were found by some individuals in, as was
16 described, compromising positions with the males on top
17 of the females, including her, and she was intoxicated?
18 Did she ever talk about that with you?

19 A. No.

20 MR. BERGER: Objection. Compound question.

21 And Counsel is testifying.

22 MR. WILLITS: Object to the form.

23 MS. EZELL: Join.

24 BY MR. CRITTON:

25 Q. Were you aware that she had, prior to the time

1 she ever met Mr. Epstein, that she had -- her mother
2 described her as having significant drug problems?

3 MR. BERGER: Objection. Counsel is
4 testifying.

5 THE WITNESS: No.

6 BY MR. CRITTON:

7 Q. Mrs. Ezell used -- she referred to a Tony --

8 MS. EZELL: Santiago.

9 THE WITNESS: Santiago.

10 BY MR. CRITTON:

11 Q. Have you ever heard of a Tony Figueroa?

12 MS. EZELL: Thank you. You're right.

13 THE WITNESS: I know that his name was Tony,
14 but I don't know if it was Santiago or Figueroa. I
15 don't remember the last name. I never spoke to
16 him, except ask him to move his car one time.

17 BY MR. CRITTON:

18 Q. And did Mr. -- got it wrong -- did

19 Mr. Figueroa bring V.R. to the Epstein house on more
20 than one occasion?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. And did you consider her, at least from your
23 viewpoint, was she one of the individuals who came to
24 give massages?

25 A. She was supposed to be a massage therapist.

1 Q. And, so, Mr. -- at least Mr. Figueroa --
2 Tony -- assuming, if I asked you to assume his name was
3 Figueroa, was he aware that his live-in girlfriend was
4 coming to Mr. Epstein's house to give him a massage?

5 A. I don't know if he was aware of it. He was
6 waiting outside.

7 Q. All right. And you understood that she, that
8 is, V.R. and Mr. Figueroa or Tony, a Tony lived together
9 out in Royal Palm Beach?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. And as to what their relationship was and as
12 to what -- that is, their internal relationship was and
13 whether there was abuse, either physical or verbal,
14 associated with that, do you have any personal
15 knowledge?

16 A. Not except that that time that I went to pick
17 her up and she was crying and she told me the furniture,
18 the couch was slit with like a razor blade or a knife,
19 and also the screen porch at the entrance, it was cut.

20 And I ask, I said, what happened here?

21 She says, well, my boyfriend got mad and he
22 did it.

23 Q. And she indicate -- she, V.R., told you it was
24 her boyfriend that caused all that damage?

25 A. Yeah.

1 Q. With regard to V.R., did it ever appear to you
2 that she was forced to come to Mr. Epstein's home?

3 A. I don't think so. I don't know if it was
4 forced between them, but I never saw force. I never
5 saw -- I was there the first time Ms. Maxwell met her
6 immediately that she went into the spa, when she was
7 walking into the spa. And I was surprised to see that
8 afternoon she was at the house.

9 Q. Did you ever see anyone forcing Ms. R. onto
10 the Epstein's premises; that is, either by grabbing her
11 by the arm or by the hand and dragging her in?

12 A. No. Either her or nobody else.

13 Q. Did you ever see Ms. -- V.R. when she came to
14 the home where she appeared to be -- that is, when she
15 arrived at the home to be upset or angry or distraught?

16 A. No.

17 Q. And specifically with regard to V.R., when she
18 left on those occasions where you saw her in person
19 leave the house, did she appear to be in the same, I'd
20 say, overall demeanor and mood when she left as she had
21 been when she came?

22 A. Yeah, normal. She was normal.

23 Q. Did she smile?

24 A. Yeah.

25 Q. Say hello to you?

1 A. They all smile after they got paid.

2 MR. CRITTON: All right. That's all I have.

3 Thank you, Mr. Alessi.

4 THE WITNESS: You're welcome.

5 MR. WILLITS: I don't have any questions.

6 MR. BERGER: Okay.

7 MS. EZELL: I do.

8 RE CROSS EXAMINATION

9 BY MS. EZELL:

10 Q. Sorry. Let me find my place, here.

11 First of all, forgive me. I didn't mean to
12 mislead anyone. It is Figueroa, not Santiago. I think
13 he lived on Santiago Street.

14 A. Yeah. Santiago Street in Royal Palm Beach.

15 Q. Right. And I confused the two.

16 A. My head is not going very well now, so...

17 Q. Do you need to take a break?

18 A. Please. No, I am fine. I am fine.

19 Q. Well, it was my head that wasn't going very
20 well then.

21 You mentioned that your wife, I believe you
22 said that -- let me start over.

23 I believe you said one reason you wanted to
24 stay was that it was causing psychological problems --

25 A. Yes, it is.

1 Q. -- and problems with your marriage?

2 A. Absolutely.

3 Q. What kind of psychological problems?

4 A. I say, psychological problems. I says,
5 marital problems. That would be a better answer it.
6 Because the stressful was on me. If there was a dust,
7 spot of dust, they never came to her. And she was able
8 to -- she was over involved with the cleaning crew, but
9 it was never from Mr. Epstein or Ms. Maxwell yell, they
10 will never go to Mari to ask, hey, Mari, why this
11 doesn't look good.

12 And, so, I had all the blame. And the only
13 person I have to take it out was my wife, unfortunately.
14 And that was the worst mistake, to have my wife working
15 in there.

16 Q. Did she ever complain to you or seem disturbed
17 by what she thought was going on there?

18 A. No. She never saw anything.

19 Q. Was there ever a guest there by the name of
20 Tommy Matola?

21 A. Tommy Matola? No. Not when I was there.

22 Q. You mentioned this morning that there were
23 some visitors who were very important men, Noble Prize
24 winners?

25 A. Yes, ma'am.

1 Q. Are you -- do you recall a Martin Nowak?

2 A. I think that sounds familiar. If he is an old
3 guy, old man?

4 Q. I think so. Mathematician?

5 A. Yes.

6 Q. Biologist?

7 A. Yes. His name Martin. I recall that, yes.

8 Q. And do you recall a guest, Murray Gell-Mann?

9 A. Mary Gell-Mann?

10 MR. WILLITS: I think you said --

11 MS. EZELL: Murray.

12 MR. WILLITS: -- Murray and he said Mary.

13 BY MS. EZELL:

14 Q. Murray, Murray Gell-Mann. And, again, I'm
15 speaking of these -- these --

16 A. Is that a man or a woman?

17 Q. I believe it's a man.

18 A. Murray Gell-Mann. Could be, but I don't
19 recall.

20 Q. Do you recall the name Jerry Edelman?

21 A. No.

22 Q. What about -- can't read my own writing
23 here -- Henry Risorski (phonetics)?

24 A. Henry Risorski, yes. Yes.

25 Q. Was he a frequent visitor or --

1 A. Not too frequent. But, also, he was a
2 science -- I think so, he was into the science.

3 Q. And Larry Summers?

4 A. Larry Summers. Yes. Larry Summers was a
5 lawyer?

6 Q. I think perhaps he was the president of a
7 college?

8 A. I don't know.

9 Q. No?

10 A. No.

11 Q. Well, then among those that you recall,
12 Mr. Nowak, the biologist and Mr. Risorski, did they ever
13 have massages that you can recall?

14 A. I cannot recall, no.

15 Q. Was it your impression that Mr. Epstein liked
16 to surround himself with extraordinarily bright people?

17 A. Yes.

18 MR. CRITTON: Form.

19 BY MS. EZELL:

20 Q. And is it your impression, also, that he's
21 rather bright and brilliant himself?

22 A. Yes.

23 MR. WILLITS: Form.

24 BY MS. EZELL:

25 Q. Did -- did you ever gain the impression that

1 he was some sort of brain scientist?

2 MR. CRITTON: Form.

3 THE WITNESS: No. No. No. I know his
4 background. And I -- over the years I learn how he
5 come up and into the business and how he make his
6 fortune. And I don't think he was a brain
7 scientist.

8 BY MS. EZELL:

9 Q. Nobody ever told you that?

10 A. No.

11 Q. If you take a look again at page 9 of the
12 transcript, Exhibit 2?

13 A. Okay.

14 Q. Let me call your attention to line 2, which
15 begins with the question: "Did he have girls come over
16 to give massages?"

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. And you said: "Yes."

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. The next question is: "How many massages
21 would he have in one day?"

22 And I think you said earlier, maybe --
23 sometimes they'd have three a week?

24 A. No. No. That was not the question.

25 Sometimes he had one, two or three a day.

1 Q. That's what I wanted to ask you. Up to three
2 a day sometimes?

3 A. Up to three a day.

4 Q. And did that happen often?

5 A. Very often. Or he had yoga in the morning or
6 in the afternoon it was a massage. I don't know that
7 again. When it was yoga, it was in the pool house.
8 When it was massage, it was upstairs. So I don't what
9 they did when closed doors, you know. But it was a
10 couple of these girls that were yoga experts and they
11 were massage therapists at the same time, so I don't
12 know. But there were -- many times there were two,
13 three massages a day.

14 Also, she had a massage just about every day.

15 Q. Meaning, Ghislaine?

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. Then on line 12, the question was: "Did the
18 massage therapists seem young to you?"

19 And you said: "Mostly, no. You saw one or
20 two young ones in the last year."

21 A. Yeah.

22 Q. Then, again, still --

23 MR. CRITTON: Object to form.

24 BY MS. EZELL:

25 Q. -- still talking about the massage therapist,

1 they asked you: "What do you mean, when they looked
2 young?" On line 17.

3 Do you see that?

4 MR. CRITTON: Form.

5 THE WITNESS: Yeah.

6 BY MS. EZELL:

7 Q. Then you go on to say: "I remember one girl
8 was young. We never asked how old she was. It was not
9 my job."

10 And the questioner said: "Right. I
11 understand."

12 And you said: "I imagine she was 16 or
13 17," --

14 A. That's correct.

15 Q. -- "in my judgment."

16 A. Yes.

17 MR. CRITTON: Form, I think.

18 BY MS. EZELL:

19 Q. There was -- the only people being discussed
20 in all of this conversation were the massage therapists,
21 right?

22 MR. CRITTON: Form.

23 THE WITNESS: Well, we discuss about N., this
24 girl that I mention in here. I thinking about her
25 because -- what's her name?

1 BY MS. EZELL:

2 Q. V.?

3 A. V. I think she was a massage therapist for
4 sure, because we set up the tables for her. But at
5 this --

6 MS. EZELL: Let me just -- excuse me. Just a
7 minute. Let's make it V.R. That's all.

8 MR. CRITTON: Okay. I'm sorry.

9 THE WITNESS: V.R. And I lost my
10 concentration.

11 MR. CRITTON: Why don't you read his response
12 to him?

13 She can read it back to you.

14 (Previous answer was read.)

15 THE WITNESS: Yeah. I was -- in this
16 statement I was thinking of her, V.R. -- no, V.

17 BY MS. EZELL:

18 Q. R.?

19 A. Sorry again.

20 It was N.B. that I knew she was underage and I
21 knew it because I went to the high school and pick her
22 up.

23 Q. But she was not a massage therapist, --

24 A. No, she was not.

25 Q. -- as far as you know?

1 A. As far as I know, she was not.

2 Q. And you were talking throughout this page
3 about those girls that came to give massages?

4 MR. CRITTON: Form.

5 BY MS. EZELL:

6 Q. Correct?

7 MR. CRITTON: Form. Argumentative. Asked and
8 answered.

9 THE WITNESS: No. If I says she was a massage
10 therapist, I would says, no. But, then again, I
11 don't know if she was a massage therapist, too.

12 BY MS. EZELL:

13 Q. Okay. You do mention N. on page 21 of your
14 statement.

15 If you look at line 7, you mention a young
16 girl, but she was not a massage therapist?

17 A. Let me take a look. Page 21.

18 Q. At about line 7.

19 A. Line 7.

20 MR. CRITTON: But it in the context of your
21 answer --

22 MS. EZELL: Sure.

23 MR. WILLITS: And the question, too.

24 THE WITNESS: Question: "How" -- let me start
25 it from the beginning -- from the end.

1 Many of the -- it's been a while. It was J.
2 It was D. It was R. It was so many, V., L. It was
3 so many names, that I think if you name -- if
4 you -- any girl's name, she's been there probably,
5 S., J., J.

6 It was also a young girl but she was not a
7 massage therapist. She came to the house as a
8 friend.

9 I talking about B. because I knew she was not
10 a massage therapist because she went to high school
11 and she was a singer, an opera singer and she was
12 brought to the house by her mother. So I knew they
13 had nothing to do with massages. They were friends
14 and they were going to the movie with her, dinner
15 with her. And she had -- I think she travelled
16 with her, too. They travel.

17 Q. My only point is, that on page 9 you were
18 talking about the massage therapists. And you said that
19 you remember that there were a couple of young ones the
20 last year.

21 And, so, among the young massage therapists
22 that you might remember in the last year, would V. be
23 that person or --

24 MR. CRITTON: Form.

25 BY MS. EZELL:

1 Q. -- would be the young one?

2 A. Yeah.

3 Q. You stated that Ms. Maxwell was very hard on
4 you and you got blamed for everything, and that you --
5 you liked the job and you liked Mr. Epstein, but you
6 didn't like working for Mrs. Maxwell?

7 A. That's correct.

8 Q. Can you tell me why, other than that she
9 blamed you for everything?

10 A. She came from a very wealthy family and she
11 was -- just my opinion; I give my personal opinion --
12 that she was rotten spoiled and she tried to drive the
13 house like a palace and not a home.

14 I was -- I discussed it with her, many, many
15 times we have discussions. And sometimes I even refuse
16 to do her orders, knowing that I was going to be backed
17 up by Mr. Epstein or do the right thing, my thinking of
18 running the house should be. But we never had a good
19 relationship at all from the beginning, I don't think
20 so. But I was -- have to be her driver and she will go
21 and shop all over the malls and I will have to go behind
22 her, pay for it and bring the bags to the car.

23 Next day or the same day she will do shopping
24 and buy and say, John, go to this store and get it. It
25 was a lot of work. It was a lot that she created and

1 most of this jobs that she created.

2 Q. And one of those things you also had to do
3 with her was to take her to different spas?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. And there she would recruit young women to
6 come and do massages?

7 A. Because she was English. And she didn't know
8 the area too much as well as I knew. So she -- she
9 says, John, make a list of all the massage -- the spas
10 in the area from Jupiter to Boca Raton. And we went to
11 all the main spas. And then we went to the schools for
12 massage therapists, and all the massage parlors, and
13 massage, the small massage.

14 So I make a list from the telephone book and
15 we would go from one to the another one. I would wait
16 in the car and she goes in.

17 And sometime she took a couple minutes and
18 walk out with cards, business cards. And that -- she
19 did the recruiting.

20 And from then, she pick up the girls and that
21 was the end of it. I never did any recruiting and I
22 never really saw him doing it.

23 Q. You really never saw?

24 A. Never saw Mr. Epstein recruiting anybody.

25 MS. EZELL: All right. I have no other

1 questions. Thank you, sir.

2 MR. MERMELSTEIN: I just have a couple follow
3 up.

4 RECROSS EXAMINATION

5 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

6 Q. Mr. Alessi, I'll be very brief.

7 You testified that a process server came and
8 gave you the subpoena to appear here today, correct?

9 A. Yes.

10 Q. For your deposition?

11 A. Yes.

12 Q. Did you call anyone after you received the
13 subpoena to talk to them about this?

14 A. No.

15 Q. You didn't call anyone?

16 A. No.

17 Q. Did you -- how did you come in contact with
18 Mr. Critton's office to set up the meeting that you
19 discussed?

20 A. His -- his secretary left me a messages on
21 my -- in my machine.

22 Q. And then you called back?

23 A. Then I called back.

24 Q. And you set up the meeting that you mentioned?

25 A. And we set up a meeting for the Labor Day,

1 Labor Day, Monday.

2 Q. What about -- but you said a month and a half
3 ago -- oh, this was before you were subpoenaed, is when
4 you had the meeting at your house with Mr. --

5 A. Yes, before I was subpoenaed.

6 Q. How did that meeting come about? How did that
7 get set up? Who called who?

8 A. Okay. Before -- I am stuck on this question.
9 I don't know. I think it was Mr. Critton office. I
10 think it was Mr. Critton office. They call me. And
11 they left me a message that I must discuss -- call Mr.
12 -- yeah. I had a message in my phone that to call
13 Mr. Critton because he would like to speak to me about
14 Jeffrey Epstein. That was the message.

15 And I call it. Then I spoke to him. We set
16 up an appointment. I was sick at that time. And he
17 came to my house and we discussed it.

18 Q. Other than Mr. Critton, --

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. -- in the last few months have you spoken to
21 anyone about the civil cases or your testimony?

22 A. No, not even my kids.

23 Q. Did you discuss this with your wife?

24 A. My wife, yes. My kids, no.

25 Q. What did you and your wife talk about?

1 A. Same thing, what's going on. How bad the
2 situation was.

3 Q. What do you mean, "how bad the situation was?"

4 A. How -- I guess how he got into this mess.

5 Q. How Mr. Epstein got into this mess?

6 A. (Nods head.)

7 Q. Can you be more specific as to what you and
8 your wife said?

9 A. No. It was just the publicity, you know, that
10 his name was on the -- on the magazines and the paper
11 and tv. And I thought that that would never happen.

12 Q. And you and your wife felt bad for Mr. Epstein
13 because of that?

14 A. You know, after you know somebody and he
15 becomes a friend of yours for ten years, I think you
16 feel bad, no matter how bad he has made. And I don't
17 know what he has done or what -- what the final results
18 of this will be. I still will feel bad about it, just
19 because the person that he was and how generous he was
20 with me and other people.

21 Q. Just to be clear, other than Mr. Critton and
22 your wife, you haven't spoken to anyone else about the
23 civil cases or your deposition testimony?

24 A. No, sir.

25 MR. MERMELSTEIN: All right. That's all I

1 have.

2 MR. CRITTON: I have one last question.

3 RE CROSS EXAMINATION

4 BY MR. CRITTON:

5 Q. I want to just clear up one thing, Mr. Alessi.
6 Go to page 9.

7 A. Page 9, looks like the one that is important.

8 Q. That's right. We've belabored this one to
9 death.

10 MR. WILLITS: I think the ink has worn off the
11 page by now.

12 BY MR. CRITTON:

13 Q. It's Exhibit 2. This is the statement that
14 you gave to the State Attorney's Office on November 21st
15 of '05.

16 Mr. Berger asked you questions about the young
17 girl. Ms. Ezell just asked you some questions about
18 that.

19 So what I want to do is clarify, so that I
20 know what -- so there's no confusion, at least in the
21 record.

22 On page 9, line 16, it says: "During the last
23 year when you were working with him, what do you mean
24 they looked young? Did they look like they were still
25 in high school?"

1 And your answer was: "I remember one girl was
2 young. We never asked how old she was. It was not my
3 job."

4 Did I read that question and answer correctly?

5 A. That's correct.

6 Q. If I understood your testimony in response to
7 Mr. Berger, the girl that you were referring to, because
8 there's a reference to high school, was N.B.?

9 A. Yeah, that's correct.

10 Q. Not V.R.?

11 A. No. V.R. didn't look to me like a 16 year
12 old.

13 MR. WILLITS: All right. Thank you. That's
14 all I have.

15 MR. WILLITS: You have the right to read and
16 sign this deposition if it's typed up. I'm not
17 going to be ordering it, but if somebody types it
18 up you have the right to read and sign it or you
19 can waive that right. It's up to you entirely. If
20 you want to waive the right to read it, tell the
21 court reporter you want to waive the right.

22 THE WITNESS: Can you repeat that again?

23 MR. CRITTON: Why don't we go off the record.

24 (Discussion held off the record.)

25 THE WITNESS: I waive that right. I don't

1 think I need to see.

2 (Witness excused.)

3 (Deposition was concluded.)

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

EXHIBIT 8

Accused Epstein 'madam' quietly selling townhouse

By Emily Smith

February 2, 2015 | 9:38pm



Ghislaine Maxwell on the Upper East Side
Photo: INFphoto.com

Ghislaine Maxwell is quietly selling her New York townhouse on East 65th Street amid renewed gossip about her relationship with disgraced mogul Jeffrey Epstein.

Maxwell's been accused of acting as a "madam" and "procuring girls" for wealthy sex offender Epstein — claims that she strongly denies.

Her home's said to be nearly 7,000 square feet and was reportedly purchased in 2010 by an attorney with long-standing links to Epstein.

— ADVERTISEMENT —



Now, sources tell Page Six, "Ghislaine is putting the word out to her wealthy friends that she is ready to sell," and wants more than \$20 million.

Perhaps she hopes to put some distance between herself and Epstein, who owns a mansion a few blocks away.

Her rep didn't comment.

FILED UNDER **GHISLAINE MAXWELL**, **JEFFREY EPSTEIN**

Recommended by

EXHIBIT 13

PART 1

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

JANE DOE NO. 2, Case No: 08-CV-80119
Plaintiff,
Vs
JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
Defendant.

_____ /

JANE DOE NO. 3, Case NO: 08-CV-80232
Plaintiff,
Vs
JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
Defendant.

_____ /

JANE DOE NO. 4, Case No: 08-CV-80380
Plaintiff,
Vs.
JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
Defendant.

_____ /

JANE DOE NO. 5, Case No: 08-CV-80381
Plaintiff,
Vs
JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
Defendant.

_____ /

Page 2

1 JANE DOE NO. 6, Case No: 08-CV-80994
 2 Plaintiff,
 3 Vs
 4 JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
 5 Defendant.
 _____/

6 JANE DOE NO. 7, Case No. 08-CV-80993
 7 Plaintiff,
 8 Vs
 9 JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
 10 Defendant.
 _____/

11 C.M.A., Case No: 08-CV-80811
 12 Plaintiff,
 13 Vs
 14 JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
 15 Defendant.
 _____/

16 JANE DOE, Case No: 08-CV-80893
 17 Plaintiff,
 18 Vs
 19 JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
 20 Defendant.
 _____/

21
 22
 23
 24
 25

Page 4

1 V I D E O T A P E D
 2 D E P O S I T I O N
 3 of
 4 ALFREDO RODRIGUEZ
 5
 6 taken on behalf of the Plaintiffs pursuant
 7 to a Re-Notice of Taking Deposition (Duces Tecum)
 8
 9 - - -
 10 APPEARANCES:
 11
 12 MERMELSTEIN & HOROWITZ, P.A.
 13 BY: STUART MERMELSTEIN, ESQ.
 14 18205 Biscayne Boulevard
 15 Suite 2218
 16 Miami, Florida 33160
 17 Attorney for Jane Doe 2, 3, 4, 5,
 18 6, and 7.
 19
 20 ROTHSTEIN ROSENFELDT ADLER
 21 BY: BRAD J. EDWARDS, ESQ., and
 22 CARA HOLMES, ESQ.
 23 Las Olas City Centre
 24 Suite 1650
 25 401 East Las Olas Boulevard
 Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301
 Attorney for Jane Doe and E.W.
 And L.M.

26
 27
 28
 29
 30
 31
 32
 33
 34
 35

Page 3

1 JANE DOE NO. II, Case No: 08-CV-80469
 2 Plaintiff,
 3 Vs
 4 JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
 5 Defendant.
 _____/

6 JANE DOE NO. 101, Case No: 09-CV-80591
 7 Plaintiff,
 8 Vs
 9 JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
 10 Defendant.
 _____/

11 JANE DOE NO. 102, Case No: 09-CV-80656
 12 Plaintiff,
 13 Vs
 14 JEFFREY EPSTEIN,
 15 Defendant.
 _____/

16
 17
 18
 19
 20 1031 Ives Dairy Road
 21 Suite 228
 22 North Miami, Florida
 23 July 29, 2009
 24 11:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.
 25

Page 5

1 APPEARANCES:
 2
 3 LEOPOLD-KUVIN
 4 ADAM J. LANGINO, ESQ.
 5 2925 PGA Boulevard
 6 Suite 200
 7 Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410
 8 Attorney for B.B.
 9
 10 RICHARD WILLITS, ESQ.
 11 2290 10th Avenue North
 12 Suite 404
 13 Lake Worth, Florida 33461
 14 Attorney for C.M.A.
 15
 16 BURMAN, CRITTON, LUTTIER &
 17 COLEMAN, LLP
 18 BY: ROBERT CRITTON, ESQ.
 19 515 North Flagler Drive
 20 Suite 400
 21 West Palm Beach, Florida 33401
 22 Attorney for Jeffrey Epstein.
 23
 24
 25 ALSO PRESENT:
 26
 27 JOE LANGSAM, VIDEOGRAPHER
 28
 29 - - -
 30
 31
 32
 33
 34
 35

Page 6

1 INDEX OF EXAMINATION

2 WITNESS DIRECT CROSS

3 ALFREDO RODRIGUEZ

4 (By Mr. Mermelstein) 12

5 (By Mr. Edwards) 157

6 (By Mr. Langino) 260

7

8

9

10 INDEX OF EXHIBITS

11 EXHIBITS PAGE

12 1 Message pad 72

13 2 Documents 115

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Page 8

1 Doe right here on the copy you gave me. I'm

2 missing which Jane Doe this is.

3 They're all different case numbers. Do

4 you want me to go through each case number?

5 MR. CRITTON: I'm going to note my

6 objection. Obviously if this deposition

7 gets played -- not obviously, I'm going to

8 object to the litany of each one so I don't

9 know how we can separate it out. Maybe if

10 and when at the time of trial and depending

11 on how the Court determines what comes in

12 and what doesn't with regard to the

13 consolidated aspects of this. I have no

14 great idea other than just saying Jane Doe

15 versus Epstein, et al, or something like

16 that, or Jane Doe, et al.

17 MS. EZELL: Couldn't we just say and

18 those cases which have been consolidated

19 with it for Discovery purposes?

20 MR. EDWARDS: Although there is cases

21 here that have cross noticed this from state

22 court that haven't been consolidated so that

23 may not work. You may have to read them

24 all, if it works out your way that will just

25 get edited out, at least he will have read

Page 7

1 Deposition taken before MICHELLE PAYNE, Court

2 Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of

3 Florida at Large, in the above cause.

4 - - -

5 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the case of

6 Jane Doe No. 2, plaintiff, versus Jeffrey

7 Epstein, defendant. Jane Doe No. 3,

8 plaintiff, versus Jeffrey Epstein,

9 defendant. Jane Doe No. 4, plaintiff,

10 versus Jeffrey Epstein, defendant. And Jane

11 Doe No. 5, plaintiff, versus Jeffrey

12 Epstein, defendant. Jane Doe No. 6,

13 plaintiff, versus Jeffrey Epstein,

14 defendant. Jane Doe No. 7, plaintiff,

15 versus Jeffrey Epstein, defendant. CMA,

16 plaintiff, versus Jeffrey Epstein,

17 defendant. And Jane Doe, plaintiff, versus

18 Jeffrey Epstein, et al, defendant. And Jane

19 Doe -- is there a shorter thing that we can

20 do here? It's also missing this one right

21 here.

22 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Do we have a problem

23 with saying Jane Doe 2 and the Epstein and

24 related cases?

25 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: I'm missing this Jane

Page 9

1 that caption, every caption. Right? Is

2 there a better suggestion?

3 MR. CRITTON: No. There may be a better

4 suggestion if he starts this is such and

5 such day, it's the deposition of Mr.

6 Rodriguez in the case such and such, and we

7 can almost fill it in depending on which

8 tape it goes, how it fills in, at least

9 we'll have the context of the first and

10 depending on whether the Judge reads it in

11 from a consolidated or they all come

12 related, I have no great idea.

13 MR. EDWARDS: I was thinking if he read

14 every one of them and it was the seventh in

15 line then you just would edit it so you

16 would only read that one.

17 MR. CRITTON: I'm okay with that too.

18 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: On page number three

19 there is something missing on the top here.

20 Do you want me to read each case number

21 separately?

22 MR. MERMELSTEIN: I don't think it's

23 necessary.

24 MR. EDWARDS: I don't think it's

25 necessary either.

Page 10

1 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: So just go through
 2 just the names.
 3 MR. MERMELSTEIN: That's sufficient. And
 4 there is a cross notice for one of the state
 5 cases?
 6 MR. LANGINO: That would be our case.
 7 MR. MERMELSTEIN: So he's got that
 8 notice? Off the record.
 9 (Thereupon, a discussion was held off the
 10 record.)
 11 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the case of
 12 Jane Doe No. 2, plaintiff, versus Jeffrey
 13 Epstein, defendant. Jane Doe No. 3,
 14 plaintiff, versus Jeffrey Epstein,
 15 defendant. Jane Doe No. 4, plaintiff,
 16 versus Jeffrey Epstein, defendant. Jane Doe
 17 No. 5, plaintiff, versus Jeffrey Epstein,
 18 defendant. Jane Doe No. 6, plaintiff,
 19 versus Jeffrey Epstein, defendant. Jane Doe
 20 No. 7, plaintiff, versus Jeffrey Epstein,
 21 defendant. CMA, plaintiff, versus Jeffrey
 22 Epstein, defendant. Jane Doe, plaintiff,
 23 versus Jeffrey Epstein, et al, defendant.
 24 Jane Doe 3, plaintiff, versus Jeffrey
 25 Epstein, et al, defendant. Jane Doe No.

Page 11

1 101, plaintiff, versus Jeffrey Epstein,
 2 defendant. Jane Doe No. 102, plaintiff,
 3 versus Jeffrey Epstein defendant. B.B.,
 4 plaintiff, versus Jeffrey Epstein,
 5 defendant.
 6 This is in the Circuit Court of the 15th
 7 Judicial Circuit in and for Palm Beach
 8 County, Florida.
 9 This is the deposition of Alfredo
 10 Rodriguez. Today is July the 29th, starting
 11 time -- the year 2009, starting time
 12 approximately 11:16 a.m.
 13 Will attorneys please state their
 14 appearance?
 15 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Stuart Mermelstein for
 16 plaintiffs Jane Doe 2, Jane Doe 3, Jane Doe
 17 4, Jane Doe 5, and Jane Doe 6, and Jane Doe
 18 7.
 19 MR. EDWARDS: Brad Edwards for plaintiff
 20 Jane Doe.
 21 MR. LANGINO: Adam Langino on behalf of
 22 plaintiff, B.B.
 23 MS. EZELL: Cathy Ezell on behalf of Jane
 24 Doe 101 and 102.
 25 MR. CRITTON: Bob Critton on behalf of

Page 12

1 Jeffrey Epstein.
 2 MR. WILLITS: Richard Willits on behalf
 3 of plaintiff C.M.A.
 4 MR. EDWARDS: And Brad Edwards on behalf
 5 of plaintiffs E.W. and L.M.
 6 Thereupon,
 7 ALFREDO RODRIGUEZ,
 8 having been first duly sworn or affirmed, was
 9 examined and testified as follows:
 10 DIRECT EXAMINATION
 11 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 12 Q. Can you state your full name for the
 13 record, please?
 14 A. My name is Alfredo Rodriguez.
 15 Q. And where do you live?
 16 A. I live in Kendall, 11349 Southwest 86
 17 Lane, Miami, Florida 33173.
 18 Q. Are you currently employed?
 19 A. No.
 20 Q. Okay. When was the last time you were
 21 employed?
 22 A. December of 2008.
 23 Q. Was there a time you were employed in
 24 Palm Beach, Florida?
 25 A. Yes, I was.

Page 13

1 Q. When was that?
 2 A. I began on September of 2004.
 3 Q. And where were you employed?
 4 A. I work -- well, I have several employers
 5 in Palm Beach. One of them was Jeffrey Epstein.
 6 Q. By several employers in Palm Beach you
 7 mean --
 8 A. Different employers.
 9 Q. At the same time?
 10 A. No, different times. From 2005 to 2006 I
 11 was employed by Dana Hammond.
 12 Q. Donna Hammond?
 13 A. D-A-N-A, Hammond. Or Aimes is her single
 14 name. Dana Aimes Hammond.
 15 Q. Dana Aimes Hammond?
 16 A. Yeah.
 17 Q. That was in Palm Beach?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. And in September 2004 you were employed
 20 by whom?
 21 A. Jeffrey Epstein.
 22 Q. Did Mr. Epstein employ you as an
 23 individual or through any business or corporate
 24 entity?
 25 A. As an individual.

Page 14

1 Q. And what was your position with Jeffrey
 2 Epstein?
 3 A. I was the household manager.
 4 Q. And what does the household manager do?
 5 A. Oversees all aspects of the maintenance
 6 of the estate, payroll of the gardeners,
 7 scheduling staff and security, food, coordinating
 8 activities with the chef, and pilots, etc.
 9 Q. I'm sorry, what was the last one?
 10 A. Activities with the pilots.
 11 Q. Oh pilots.
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. What kind of activities do you coordinate
 14 with the pilots?
 15 A. What time Mr. Epstein will arrive, how
 16 many cars will I need and so on and so forth.
 17 Q. Was there a particular place that you
 18 were employed?
 19 A. Yeah, I was employed by 358 El Brillo
 20 Way.
 21 Q. Did you have any other duties other than
 22 what you've mentioned?
 23 A. Driving. Well, I used to prepare coffee
 24 for Mr. Epstein every morning, 6:30 in the
 25 morning. Other than that is little problems

Page 15

1 arise, you know, the maintenance, the
 2 electricians, I have to deal with the contractors
 3 on a daily basis.
 4 Q. Now, what is located at 358 El Brillo Way
 5 in Palm Beach?
 6 A. It's called the estate section of Palm
 7 Beach. It's off North Ocean Boulevard.
 8 Q. So is it a single-family residence?
 9 A. Yes, it is.
 10 Q. When you say you were a household
 11 manager, you were managing that residence?
 12 A. Yes, sir.
 13 Q. And how did you come about obtaining this
 14 position as household manager?
 15 A. Through an employment agency.
 16 Q. Do you know which employment agency it
 17 was?
 18 A. Barbara Goldberg. She has an agency
 19 called Regal Domestics.
 20 Q. Had you worked in household services
 21 before September of '04?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. Did you work in Palm Beach before that?
 24 A. Long Island.
 25 Q. When did you move from Long Island?

Page 16

1 A. I moved to Florida in 1996.
 2 Q. Between 1996 and 2006 when you started to
 3 work for Mr. Epstein did you have household
 4 management jobs in that period?
 5 A. On and off, yes, in Fisher Island,
 6 Florida.
 7 Q. Fisher Island?
 8 A. Yeah.
 9 Q. I take it that Barbara Goldberg
 10 specializes in placing employees for wealthy
 11 households?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. Did you know Mr. Epstein before you began
 14 to work for him?
 15 A. No.
 16 Q. Did you interview with him?
 17 A. Yes, I did.
 18 Q. And what did the interview entail?
 19 A. He asked me what I did before, and he
 20 wanted to know where my capabilities of running
 21 his estate, and what was my salary potentials, we
 22 discuss the time he was going to be in the Island,
 23 et cetera.
 24 Q. What did he tell you at that time as to
 25 the time he was going to be in the Island?

Page 17

1 A. He will say he will be traveling on and
 2 off, and like when he's in the Island he needs a
 3 lot of attention but when he's off I will be more
 4 relaxed.
 5 MR. EDWARDS: I'm sorry, Stuart, I'm
 6 missing some of this just because the noise
 7 on the other end of Richard's phone.
 8 Richard, do you have a mute or anything?
 9 MR. WILLITS: I'm sorry?
 10 MR. EDWARDS: Do you have a mute or
 11 anything? We're getting a lot of noise
 12 coming out of the phone.
 13 MR. WILLITS: I'm sorry.
 14 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Do you want to go off
 15 the record?
 16 MR. EDWARDS: Sure.
 17 (Thereupon, a discussion was held off the
 18 record.)
 19 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the
 20 record.
 21 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 22 Q. So Mr. Epstein told you that when he
 23 wasn't there you would be more relaxed but when he
 24 was there it would be more intense, I assume?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 18

1 Q. And how often did he indicate he would be
 2 in Palm Beach?
 3 A. He will say once a month, like two weeks
 4 out of the month, something like that. This is a
 5 long time ago so I'm trying to remember the words.
 6 Q. That's all right. You can only answer to
 7 the extent that you recall the information that's
 8 asked for in the question.
 9 By the way, have you had your deposition
 10 taken before?
 11 A. I was subpoena by the State Attorney in
 12 Palm Beach but not here.
 13 Q. Did you give a transcribed statement to
 14 the State Attorney?
 15 A. I believe it was recorded. I don't know
 16 with this method but it was recorded.
 17 Q. With a tape machine?
 18 A. Yeah.
 19 Q. Now, after you were interviewed did he
 20 give you the job on the spot or did he call you
 21 afterward?
 22 A. He hired me on the spot.
 23 Q. What was your salary?
 24 A. 55,000.
 25 Q. And when did you start to work for him?

Page 19

1 A. I believe it was the last week of August
 2 of 2004.
 3 Q. Now, I take it your day to day job duties
 4 were different from when he was there to when he
 5 wasn't there. Correct?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. Let's take a day when he's there. What
 8 would your -- what would be your routine, what
 9 would your day entail?
 10 A. Well, coffee at 6:30 in the morning.
 11 Check the cars, you know, see -- he like the
 12 cabana to be in his computer, I would be sure that
 13 the cabana was clean and, you know, tidy.
 14 Q. I'm sorry, what does that have to do with
 15 the computer?
 16 A. He would like to work in the cabana so I
 17 would pay attention to that.
 18 Q. So he would go to the computer in the
 19 cabana and you would make sure that the cabana was
 20 clean?
 21 A. Yes, sir.
 22 Q. So he had coffee at 6:30 a.m. Did he
 23 start working immediately after that?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. Continue. What did you do then?

Page 20

1 A. We have guests that particular day and
 2 arrange, coordinate with the chef if I have to go
 3 buy the groceries, gas the cars. That was a
 4 routine everyday. Relay instructions to the
 5 housekeepers and the gardeners and the pool
 6 people. Arrange meals. This was done by the chef
 7 but I was trying to be sure Mr. Epstein was fed at
 8 his lunch time. And then of course through the
 9 day he will give me instructions.
 10 Q. So he would give you instructions himself
 11 personally?
 12 A. Secretary.
 13 Q. Okay. Now, let's go through who the
 14 household staff was at the time that you started.
 15 Who would you say worked under your
 16 supervision as the household manager?
 17 A. It was a Filipino lady by the name of
 18 Louella. I don't recall her last name.
 19 Q. Louella Rabuyo?
 20 A. Yes, exactly, yes.
 21 Q. What did she do?
 22 A. She would be the housekeeper in charge of
 23 the laundry, cleaning the household, everything
 24 inside the house.
 25 Q. And who else?

Page 21

1 A. Jerome. Jerome Pierre was the gardener.
 2 Q. And he was full-time?
 3 A. Full-time, yes.
 4 Q. Who else?
 5 A. And then we have a young lady who used to
 6 take care of the pool but I don't recall her name
 7 right now. She used to come three times a week,
 8 sometimes four times. Most every day we used to
 9 have John Cassidy air conditioner came to the
 10 house because it's hot and it's humid. What
 11 contractor that's almost on a daily basis there.
 12 Q. Because there was problems with the air
 13 conditioner?
 14 A. Well, the house is big, and all the house
 15 in Palm Beach need constant attention.
 16 Q. Okay.
 17 A. That's the full -- and the chef, David, I
 18 can't remember his last name.
 19 Q. Was it Mullen?
 20 A. I don't recall, sir, right now.
 21 Q. Muller. But his first name was David?
 22 A. David, yes.
 23 Q. Was there a butler as well?
 24 A. Well, I used to double as household
 25 manager slash butler.

Page 22

1 Q. Was there a Michael Liffman that was
 2 hired as a butler at some point?
 3 A. That was before me.
 4 Q. Okay. Who was the household manager
 5 before you?
 6 A. I understand there were several in one
 7 year. There was Mike Friedman, there is Joe
 8 Alessi. There was a couple of Filipino girls --
 9 no, they were from Bangladesh. I can't remember.
 10 I used to send his -- I used to forward his mail
 11 to Maryland but I can't recall right now, sir.
 12 Q. Okay. And at the time you took the job
 13 it was open, he didn't have anyone in that
 14 position. Is that correct?
 15 A. What I find is the staff from his house
 16 in Manhattan they gave me the briefing on what he
 17 likes and what he doesn't like. Belinda Retta
 18 from Mrs. Maxwell, they were due to give me an
 19 inside look because it was too much to learn in
 20 48 hours so they were there handling the house
 21 before me, so there were two couples.
 22 Q. Two couples. All right. Let's walk
 23 through that. So the first day you come to work
 24 you're basically you received some training?
 25 A. Exactly.

Page 23

1 Q. And tell us who provided that training?
 2 A. Joe-Joe is his nickname but he runs Mr.
 3 Epstein's estate in Manhattan as well as his wife.
 4 They were very nice people telling me because you
 5 have to understand, there is a lot of specifics,
 6 where to park the car, here and there, if the
 7 plane lands here you have to park the Mercedes,
 8 you know, very specific details, and he gave me an
 9 inside of all of that.
 10 Q. Okay. So you would pick up Mr. Epstein
 11 at the airport?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. And how long did this training last?
 14 A. Two or three days.
 15 Q. Okay. And it was Joe-Joe and his wife?
 16 A. Joe-Joe, yes.
 17 Q. You don't remember the last name or full
 18 names?
 19 A. No, sir.
 20 Q. Anything else you can remember that you
 21 were told specifically regarding his preferences?
 22 A. He likes Columbian coffee, that's the
 23 only type of coffee he drinks, and it was shipped
 24 from New York from Balducci's, stuff like that.
 25 Where to buy the groceries. And he's allergic to

Page 24

1 garlic, maybe something like that, you know,
 2 personal things.
 3 Q. You mentioned Ms. Maxwell?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. Who is she?
 6 A. She was her companion.
 7 Q. Whose companion?
 8 A. Mr. Epstein.
 9 Q. By companion what do you mean?
 10 A. Well, in the beginning I assume they were
 11 husband and wife but, you know, they were not
 12 married, but I treated her as such. Mrs. Maxwell
 13 was like the lady of the house.
 14 Q. Okay. So it was your understanding they
 15 were in a romantic relationship?
 16 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 17 THE WITNESS: Something like that.
 18 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 19 Q. But they just weren't married?
 20 A. No, sir.
 21 Q. So you took instructions from Ms. Maxwell
 22 as well as Mr. Epstein?
 23 A. She gave me the instructions of how to
 24 run the household directly. In other words, she
 25 likes the towels, the sheets and all that so I

Page 25

1 give the instructions to Louella how to proceed
 2 with the cleaning and the upkeep of the house.
 3 Q. You went through the employees who worked
 4 under you as household manager. Who would you say
 5 was your direct supervisor, was it both
 6 Ms. Maxwell and Mr. Epstein?
 7 A. Mrs. Maxwell.
 8 Q. Was your supervisor?
 9 A. Yes, sir.
 10 Q. I think I interrupted you. You were
 11 going through the daily routine, and I'm not sure
 12 you had completed going through what you would do
 13 in a day.
 14 A. Until noon we have all the -- we knew
 15 that the food that was going to be served for
 16 lunch and dinner. And then in the afternoon it
 17 was open to shopping, maybe have to drive him to
 18 the airport to pick up somebody, or answering the
 19 phones.
 20 Q. Was there a procedure or protocol for
 21 answering the phones?
 22 A. Yes, there was.
 23 Q. And what was that?
 24 A. I couldn't relay the message directly to
 25 Mr. Epstein but take message on a piece of paper

Page 26

1 with a copy.
 2 Q. Were you the only one who was allowed to
 3 answer the phone?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. I'm sorry, what would you do --
 6 A. I would leave it on the counter next to
 7 the kitchen so when I find that piece all crumbled
 8 I knew that Mr. Epstein saw the message, so we
 9 communicated like that.
 10 Q. Now, you mentioned Mr. Epstein would give
 11 you instructions during the course of the day.
 12 A. Through his assistant.
 13 Q. And his assistant was whom?
 14 A. Sarah Kellen.
 15 Q. But you didn't view her as your
 16 supervisor?
 17 A. She take orders from Mrs. Maxwell but she
 18 will tell me, Alfredo, we need to buy this, we
 19 need to do this, and so and so was coming. I
 20 couldn't talk directly to Mr. Epstein.
 21 Q. Okay. So any communications from Mr.
 22 Epstein always came through Ms. Kellen?
 23 A. Or from the office in New York. Lesley,
 24 his secretary, or somebody else, the comptroller,
 25 the architect, any lawyer.

Page 27

1 Q. Lawyer, what kind of instructions would
 2 you get from lawyers?
 3 A. We used to have a lot of time, for
 4 instance, the dock construction, you need to have
 5 a lot of permits in Palm Beach so they were there
 6 for that reason.
 7 Q. Okay. Now, so you would interact with
 8 the staff from New York and that would include I
 9 think you said Lesley?
 10 A. Lesley, Bella.
 11 Q. What was Lesley's position?
 12 A. Lesley is the secretary, secretary to Mr.
 13 Epstein.
 14 Q. Okay. Is that Lesley Groff?
 15 A. I believe it was, I don't remember the
 16 last name.
 17 Q. Bella, who was Bella?
 18 A. Bella was the assistant comptroller.
 19 Q. Anyone else that you dealt with in New
 20 York?
 21 A. Doug Shadow was the architect and he used
 22 to come to the house in a regular basis because we
 23 used to have a lot of projects going on.
 24 Q. Okay. Would you get advance notice when
 25 Mr. Epstein was going to arrive in Palm Beach?

Page 28

1 A. Yes. Sometimes very short notice but,
 2 yes, I was.
 3 Q. So that varied?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. Who would give you that notice?
 6 A. Mrs. Maxwell or Sarah or Larry, the
 7 pilot.
 8 Q. And then you would drive to pick them up
 9 at the airport?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. And who traveled with him?
 12 A. The three pilots and some guests.
 13 Q. What do you mean by guests?
 14 A. He will have some friends from Harvard,
 15 he will have -- well, very important people that,
 16 you know, friends, acquaintances from New York or
 17 Europe because I was just told the number of
 18 people was coming on the plane.
 19 Q. Were there people who were employed by
 20 him who came regularly?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. And who would they be?
 23 A. Like I said, they were the pilots, Larry
 24 Bisosky, George, and I don't remember the flight
 25 engineer, and he will have two girlfriends.

Page 29

1 Q. The pilot would have two girlfriends?
 2 A. Mr. Epstein. This is all people coming
 3 in the plane together.
 4 Q. Right. What do you mean by girlfriends?
 5 A. Friends, you know, that he was always
 6 having friends that he will befriend in New York,
 7 I don't know, or some other places.
 8 But I was just told -- my concern was how
 9 many people I have to feed, how many cars do I
 10 need to transport these people from the airport to
 11 the house, and to arrange accommodations in the
 12 house.
 13 Q. What about Sarah Kellen, did she travel
 14 with him?
 15 A. Yes.
 16 Q. So she was on the plane?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 20 Q. And Ms. Maxwell?
 21 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 22 THE WITNESS: No, she will have different
 23 plane.
 24 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 25 Q. Okay.

Page 30

1 A. She will rent and Mr. Epstein will fly
 2 his own plane.
 3 Q. Did you also go to the airport to pick up
 4 Ms. Maxwell?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 Q. Did she travel with anyone on a regular
 7 basis when she came in?
 8 A. No.
 9 Q. She was usually alone?
 10 A. (Shakes head.)
 11 Q. Now, going back to Mr. Epstein when he
 12 traveled, these girlfriends that Mr. Epstein had,
 13 you said there were usually two?
 14 A. Two, three, you know.
 15 Q. And did you know who they were or did you
 16 ever talk to them?
 17 A. No, I never seen them before.
 18 Q. So each time he came it would be
 19 different girls?
 20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 21 THE WITNESS: Yes, sometimes it's the
 22 same.
 23 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 24 Q. Do you remember any of their names?
 25 A. No, sir.

Page 31

1 Q. And would they stay at the El Brillo Way
 2 residence until he left?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. So they were given a bedroom?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 Q. Did you know how old these girls were?
 7 A. No, sir.
 8 Q. Did they appear to be young to you?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 THE WITNESS: They were young but, you
 11 know, I have two daughters so I believe they
 12 were over 20.
 13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 14 Q. Did you at any point get to know how Mr.
 15 Epstein came to know any of these girls?
 16 A. No, sir.
 17 Q. You had no idea?
 18 A. No.
 19 Q. And so Mr. Epstein would typically stay
 20 for two weeks or so?
 21 A. I will say that.
 22 Q. And what did these girls who came with
 23 him, what did they do during that two week period?
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 THE WITNESS: They would go to the

Page 32

1 movies.
 2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 3 Q. Did you drive them to the movies?
 4 A. Yes. Or sometimes they would take one of
 5 the cars. Comedy clubs.
 6 Q. Comedy clubs?
 7 A. In Palm Beach, West Palm Beach.
 8 Q. What did they do in the house?
 9 A. They will be on the internet most of the
 10 time, by the pool. I think they were having a
 11 good time.
 12 Q. Could they use any of the computers in
 13 the house?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. About how many computers did he have?
 16 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 17 THE WITNESS: Five or six and plus
 18 laptops, you know, more or less.
 19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 20 Q. What about Sarah Kellen, did she stay in
 21 the house during that two week period as well?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. And they all had their own bedroom?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. How many bedrooms were in the house?

Page 33

1 A. Master bedroom plus I think it was four
 2 extra bedrooms.
 3 Q. And when Ms. Maxwell, she would arrive at
 4 some point during this two week period?
 5 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 6 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 7 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 8 Q. But she would come and leave at different
 9 times?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. And where would she sleep?
 12 A. Sometimes in the master bedroom,
 13 sometimes in the yellow room.
 14 Q. Other room?
 15 A. Yellow room.
 16 Q. What's the yellow room?
 17 A. We used to give them colors because they
 18 will all have different bathrooms so we need to
 19 take care of towels and stuff like that.
 20 Q. So each of the four other bedrooms had a
 21 color?
 22 A. Yes. Blue room, yellow room, pink room,
 23 some other, I don't remember.
 24 Q. Now, were there individuals who didn't
 25 stay in the house but came to the house during the

<p style="text-align: right;">Page 34</p> <p>1 course of the day?</p> <p>2 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>3 THE WITNESS: Yes.</p> <p>4 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:</p> <p>5 Q. And who would these be?</p> <p>6 A. The architect, Doug Shadow, some lawyer</p> <p>7 like I said for some business, masseuse, sometimes</p> <p>8 we have masseuse. We have guests, you know,</p> <p>9 sometimes David Copperfield would go to the house</p> <p>10 and have dinner.</p> <p>11 Q. David Copperfield. So David Copperfield</p> <p>12 obviously is a famous person. Right?</p> <p>13 A. Yes.</p> <p>14 Q. He would stay in the house?</p> <p>15 A. No, just for the day, you know, he</p> <p>16 wouldn't stay overnight.</p> <p>17 Q. Any other famous guests you recall?</p> <p>18 A. Larry Dershowitz. Before my time I know</p> <p>19 President Clinton was in the house but --</p> <p>20 Q. You would say a masseuse would come over?</p> <p>21 A. Yes.</p> <p>22 Q. Who was the masseuse?</p> <p>23 A. Some lady that would give massage.</p> <p>24 Q. Was it a particular lady or more than</p> <p>25 one?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 36</p> <p>1 leave.</p> <p>2 Q. How far in advance would she tell you so</p> <p>3 and so is coming?</p> <p>4 A. One hour, sometimes half an hour.</p> <p>5 Q. Okay. And would she tell you the</p> <p>6 person's name or would she just say a masseuse?</p> <p>7 A. She will say Johanna is coming, so I will</p> <p>8 meet Johanna at the door and I will show her</p> <p>9 inside the house because we used to have a code to</p> <p>10 get inside the house and I would leave and go to</p> <p>11 the staff house or do my duties.</p> <p>12 Q. Is Johanna a particular name that you</p> <p>13 remember?</p> <p>14 A. Yeah, she was a very nice masseuse.</p> <p>15 Q. Would she come with her own massage</p> <p>16 table?</p> <p>17 A. No, we used to have our own.</p> <p>18 Q. Okay. So you mentioned that there was a</p> <p>19 code to get in the house?</p> <p>20 A. Yes.</p> <p>21 Q. Okay. And so --</p> <p>22 A. I will open the door for them.</p> <p>23 Q. Okay. How would they get to the house;</p> <p>24 do you recall?</p> <p>25 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 35</p> <p>1 A. They were different ones.</p> <p>2 Q. Did they have -- or did Mr. Epstein make</p> <p>3 appointments?</p> <p>4 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>5 THE WITNESS: Sarah did the appointments.</p> <p>6 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:</p> <p>7 Q. Okay. So Sarah Kellen would make</p> <p>8 appointments for massages?</p> <p>9 A. Yes.</p> <p>10 Q. Was there like a schedule of appointments</p> <p>11 for the house?</p> <p>12 A. Not for the -- just for employees, we</p> <p>13 have a schedule who was working.</p> <p>14 Q. You mean -- the employees as to who would</p> <p>15 be there and who would not be there?</p> <p>16 A. Yes.</p> <p>17 Q. Were you advised as to, you know, from</p> <p>18 people coming from outside the house coming to the</p> <p>19 house what times they would be there?</p> <p>20 A. No, I didn't do that.</p> <p>21 Q. Okay. And it's your understanding that</p> <p>22 Ms. Kellen would arrange for Mr. Epstein's</p> <p>23 appointments?</p> <p>24 A. She will tell me so and so is coming, so</p> <p>25 I will open the door, greet them, and then I would</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 37</p> <p>1 THE WITNESS: What do you mean?</p> <p>2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:</p> <p>3 Q. How would the masseuse arrive at the</p> <p>4 house?</p> <p>5 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>6 THE WITNESS: They drive their own car.</p> <p>7 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:</p> <p>8 Q. Would they come in a particular entrance?</p> <p>9 A. Yes, the main entrance, that means the</p> <p>10 big gate.</p> <p>11 Q. Okay. And then you would have to enter a</p> <p>12 code for them to enter?</p> <p>13 A. I will tell them to wait at the kitchen</p> <p>14 that Sarah will get them from there.</p> <p>15 Q. And then you would leave?</p> <p>16 A. Yes.</p> <p>17 Q. I think you said there were a lot of</p> <p>18 difference masseuses?</p> <p>19 A. They have preferences but a few.</p> <p>20 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>21 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:</p> <p>22 Q. I'm sorry. Do you remember the names of</p> <p>23 the ones he preferred?</p> <p>24 A. No, sir.</p> <p>25 Q. How often would Mr. Epstein get massages?</p>

Page 38

1 A. I would say almost on a daily basis.
 2 Q. Would he get one a day or more than one a
 3 day?
 4 A. Sometimes there were two.
 5 Q. Were there times when they were more than
 6 that?
 7 A. No, I don't think so.
 8 Q. And the routine was always the same, they
 9 come to the door, you would let them in and bring
 10 them to the kitchen?
 11 A. Yes, sir.
 12 Q. And then Ms. Kellen would greet them?
 13 A. Yes.
 14 Q. And you always walked out?
 15 A. Yes, I would go to the staff house or I
 16 will be on my phone, you know.
 17 Q. Is the staff house a separate house?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. You didn't live on the premises; did you?
 20 A. Yes, I did.
 21 Q. You lived on the premises. And so who on
 22 the staff lives on the premises?
 23 A. I was the only one.
 24 Q. Were there days you had off?
 25 A. Yes. When Mr. Epstein will leave we'll

Page 39

1 clean the house and he will tell me, Alfredo, take
 2 the Mercedes go to Miami for the weekend or four
 3 days.
 4 Q. But that would be when he wasn't there?
 5 A. Exactly.
 6 Q. But when he was there you would always be
 7 living there in the staff house?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. Where was the staff house in conjunction
 10 with the main house?
 11 A. It's adjacent right next to each other.
 12 Q. So you could enter the main house without
 13 going outside from the staff house?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. Okay. So you don't ever recall being
 16 there at the time that Sarah Kellen would greet
 17 this person in the kitchen, the masseuse?
 18 A. I was there sometimes, yes, we meet but
 19 she will take over that and I would leave the
 20 house.
 21 Q. On those occasions while you were waiting
 22 for Sarah Kellen would you ever have a
 23 conversation with the masseuse?
 24 A. Not really. I was busy to do a lot of
 25 things, I will be sure that they have something to

Page 40

1 drink and I will leave them.
 2 Q. Do you remember any of them telling you
 3 anything personal about themselves?
 4 A. No.
 5 Q. These were -- were these sometimes men,
 6 sometimes women?
 7 A. Women.
 8 Q. They were always women?
 9 A. Yes.
 10 Q. Did you know how old these women were?
 11 A. No, sir.
 12 Q. You mentioned before you had -- because
 13 you have a daughter. Correct? How old is your
 14 daughter?
 15 A. 20.
 16 Q. So you have a sense as to, you know --
 17 A. They were 20 something, you know.
 18 Q. You think they were 20 something, these
 19 girls who came over?
 20 A. (Shakes head.)
 21 MR. CRITTON: You need to answer out
 22 loud. Yes, no?
 23 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 24 Q. You need to answer out loud, you shook
 25 your head.

Page 41

1 A. I'm sorry. I think they were 20 years
 2 old.
 3 Q. And what do you base that on?
 4 A. They were very tall to begin with, the
 5 way they talk, some they told me about college,
 6 something you learn past high school.
 7 Q. Some would tell you about college?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. So you did have personal discussions with
 10 some of them?
 11 A. While I was driving with them they would
 12 tell me they were from Minnesota, for instance,
 13 they will tell me I want to go to this college or
 14 Miami this college.
 15 Q. So on what occasions would you have to
 16 drive with them?
 17 A. Almost on daily basis because I was doing
 18 most of the driving for them to go shopping or
 19 pick them up.
 20 Q. Okay. Now I'm a little confused. Are we
 21 talking about the girls who came with Mr. Epstein?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. On the plane?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. No, I'm talking about the masseuses.

Page 42

1 A. No, no, I never drove them.
 2 Q. You never drove any masseuse?
 3 A. No.
 4 Q. And again, so I'm talking about the girls
 5 who would come to give massage to Mr. Epstein. Do
 6 you understand that?
 7 A. Yes, I do.
 8 Q. And these girls, you understand they
 9 would drive?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. To the El Brillo house. Correct? They
 12 would enter in the front. Correct?
 13 A. Yes.
 14 Q. And you would take them to the kitchen?
 15 A. Yes, and I would leave.
 16 Q. Okay. Was there sometimes more than one
 17 girl who came at one time?
 18 A. Yes, there were two girls.
 19 Q. Okay. And why were there two girls?
 20 A. I never asked them, I don't know, sir.
 21 Q. Okay. Did both girls give Mr. Epstein a
 22 massage?
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 THE WITNESS: I don't know, sir.
 25 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

Page 43

1 Q. You don't know what happened after you
 2 walked out of the kitchen?
 3 A. No.
 4 MR. CRITTON: Correct, as to what he
 5 said? I got double negative. I just want
 6 to make certain that the answer is clear.
 7 Can you read the question back?
 8 (Thereupon, a portion of the record was
 9 read by the reporter.)
 10 THE WITNESS: No.
 11 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 12 Q. And with respect to these girls who came
 13 over to give massages, you don't recall having a
 14 conversation with them. Correct?
 15 A. No, sir.
 16 Q. And again, I think we're a little bit
 17 confused as to which girls we're talking about.
 18 The girls who came over for massages,
 19 what age generally did they appear to be to you?
 20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 21 THE WITNESS: I don't know, sir.
 22 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 23 Q. Did it appear some of these girls or all
 24 of them were high school age?
 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

Page 44

1 THE WITNESS: I don't know, sir.
 2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 3 Q. Did they seem particularly young to you?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: They were attractive, sir,
 6 but, you know, it's hard to say the age.
 7 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 8 Q. Okay. You said they were tall you
 9 noticed?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. And they were attractive?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. Do you recall the interview that you gave
 14 to the police?
 15 A. Yes, I do.
 16 Q. Do you recall that that was recorded?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. Do you recall telling the police that the
 19 girls who came to the house were approximately
 20 15 years old?
 21 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 22 THE WITNESS: No, I don't remember that.
 23 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 24 Q. You don't remember saying that?
 25 A. (Shakes head.)

Page 45

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 3 Q. Could it be that you said that?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: I don't think so, sir. But
 6 I don't remember saying an age.
 7 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 8 Q. Okay. Do you remember telling the police
 9 detective that these girls, the masseuses,
 10 appeared very young in age?
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 12 THE WITNESS: I don't remember, sir.
 13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 14 Q. Did you offer them food when they were in
 15 the kitchen?
 16 A. Something to drink, yes, a glass of
 17 water.
 18 Q. Did you offer to feed them anything to
 19 eat?
 20 A. No, sir.
 21 Q. Do you remember telling the police that
 22 the girls would eat tons of cereal and drink milk
 23 all the time?
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 THE WITNESS: But these are the girls

Page 46

1 that were living in the house.
 2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 3 Q. Okay. It seems that we may be confusing
 4 that a little bit.
 5 Did the police ask you about both the
 6 girls who were living in the house and the girls
 7 who came over for massages?
 8 A. They never specified that, sir.
 9 Q. So what was your understanding as to what
 10 you were telling them about?
 11 A. The girls who living in the house.
 12 Q. Okay. You understood that the police
 13 were asking about the girls who were living in the
 14 house, the girls who came with Mr. Epstein --
 15 A. Yes.
 16 Q. Let me finish the question.
 17 The girls who came with Mr. Epstein on
 18 the plane and then left with him on the plane.
 19 Correct?
 20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 21 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 22 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 23 Q. You didn't understand that the police
 24 were asking about the girls who came over during
 25 the course of a particular day to give a massage

Page 47

1 to Mr. Epstein?
 2 A. And leave, no.
 3 Q. As we sit here today you don't remember
 4 anything in particular about the ages of these
 5 girls who came over?
 6 A. No, sir.
 7 Q. Sometimes there were two girls who came?
 8 A. I'm sorry?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 11 Q. Sometimes there was two girls who came to
 12 give a massage to Mr. Epstein?
 13 A. Yes.
 14 Q. Do you remember how often it was one girl
 15 versus how often it was two girls?
 16 A. No, sir.
 17 Q. Were there times where one girl stayed in
 18 the kitchen while another girl gave the massage?
 19 A. That I don't know, sir.
 20 Q. Okay. And that was because you left the
 21 kitchen?
 22 A. Yes. Like I said, I was doing my duties.
 23 Q. Now, was it your understanding that the
 24 massage was given upstairs?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 48

1 Q. Who set up the massage table?
 2 A. Sarah or some of the girls they will set
 3 the table.
 4 Q. So was the massage -- the massage table
 5 was upstairs. Is that correct?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. Okay. Where was it upstairs?
 8 A. In the master bedroom.
 9 Q. Was there more than one massage table?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. Which room?
 12 A. One on each master bath.
 13 Q. One in each master bath?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. There is more than one master bedroom?
 16 A. Yes. No, no, there is one master
 17 bedroom, two baths.
 18 Q. Okay. I see. And so each bath had a
 19 massage table in there?
 20 A. Yes.
 21 Q. And did Mr. Epstein do you know have a
 22 preference for one massage table or another?
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 THE WITNESS: I don't think so.
 25 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

Page 49

1 Q. It was just he would use one of those for
 2 the massage?
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 5 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 6 Q. And the masseuse would come and open the
 7 table?
 8 A. I don't know, sir, because I send Louella
 9 to arrange everything, the table was in place
 10 already so I don't know who set the table.
 11 Q. I'm sorry, when you sent Louella?
 12 A. When we clean the house the table was
 13 already set so it was not neither us, the
 14 employees, to go upstairs and set the table, the
 15 table was already set.
 16 Q. The table was set in position to give a
 17 massage?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. It was open?
 20 A. Yes.
 21 Q. And so it wasn't your understanding that
 22 Louella had done it?
 23 A. No, I don't think so.
 24 Q. So you think it was either --
 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

Page 50

1 THE WITNESS: Somebody, yes.
 2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 3 Q. Okay. You don't know who did it?
 4 A. No, sir.
 5 Q. Okay. And what happened after the girl
 6 completed the massage?
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 THE WITNESS: Sometimes I noticed that
 9 they leave after awhile because they didn't
 10 tell me when they were leaving, so I was in
 11 the staff house I was not aware what time
 12 they leave.
 13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 14 Q. Sometimes you wouldn't even know that
 15 they left?
 16 A. Exactly.
 17 Q. Okay. About how long were they there do
 18 you believe?
 19 A. One hour, two hours.
 20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 21 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 22 Q. Didn't you have to be called to let them
 23 out?
 24 A. No.
 25 Q. I thought there's a code on the door.

Page 51

1 A. Just to get in, to get out you go.
 2 Q. Okay. Did you have any duties or perform
 3 any tasks relating to cleanup after the massage?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. And what was that?
 6 A. We used to go with Louella and see to
 7 replace used towels or sheets in the beds.
 8 Q. This was after the massage?
 9 A. Yes.
 10 Q. Were the beds made in the morning after
 11 Mr. Epstein woke up?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. Okay. So would the sheets need to be
 14 replaced after the massage?
 15 A. We couldn't go upstairs unless he will be
 16 out of the house. So when he leave we used to
 17 find minutes to go upstairs and put everything
 18 tidy again. So it was not always a routine.
 19 Q. Okay. Well, as generally in your
 20 routine, when would he leave during the course of
 21 the day?
 22 A. 10:00 a.m. I would say, go for a drive, I
 23 don't know where they go.
 24 Q. So he would typically go some place at
 25 10:00 a.m.?

Page 52

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 2 THE WITNESS: No, I don't remember. They
 3 took the cars, you know.
 4 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 5 Q. Who drove them?
 6 A. He will drive sometimes.
 7 Q. And you don't know where he went?
 8 A. No, sir.
 9 Q. And what time would he come back?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: 12, two hours.
 12 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 13 Q. Would he leave any other time during the
 14 day?
 15 A. In the afternoon they will go to the
 16 movies, early evening.
 17 Q. So would he go with the girls who came
 18 with him on the plane?
 19 A. Yes, everybody together, yes.
 20 Q. Including Ms. Kellen?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. So about how many people total would go?
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 THE WITNESS: Four or five people.
 25 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

Page 53

1 Q. So Mr. Epstein, the two to three girls
 2 who came with him in the plane. Correct?
 3 A. I'm sorry?
 4 Q. The two or three girls who came with him
 5 on the plane?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. And Ms. Kellen?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. Anyone else?
 10 A. No.
 11 Q. Ms. Maxwell?
 12 A. No.
 13 Q. So anyplace else he would go in the car
 14 by himself?
 15 A. He never drove by himself.
 16 Q. You just said sometimes he would drive.
 17 A. Yeah, but with everybody.
 18 Q. Okay. But he would never go just by
 19 himself?
 20 A. No.
 21 Q. Okay. So either in the morning when he
 22 went out to drive or in the afternoon when he went
 23 to the movies that's when you and Louella would go
 24 upstairs?
 25 A. Exactly, sir.

Page 54

1 Q. Okay. And you would cleanup?
 2 A. Yes.
 3 Q. Again, why did the sheets need to be
 4 replaced at that particular point in time?
 5 A. Because they were in disarray so we need
 6 to straighten the bed, the sheets, towels need to
 7 be replaced.
 8 Q. But the bed was made after Mr. Epstein
 9 woke up?
 10 A. Yes, it was.
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 12 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 13 Q. Correct?
 14 A. If he will leave the house we'll do the
 15 bed.
 16 Q. I see what you're saying. If he didn't
 17 leave the house until the afternoon when he went
 18 to the movies then the bed wouldn't be made?
 19 A. Exactly.
 20 Q. What else did you do when you went
 21 upstairs?
 22 A. We need to take a look around, the
 23 temperature of the A/C. Mostly laundry, sir, you
 24 know, because we used to go through a lot of
 25 laundry, that's all.

Page 55

1 Q. Did Mr. -- strike that.
 2 Were there sex toys anywhere in the
 3 master bedroom?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: Yes, they were in the
 6 master bedroom.
 7 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 8 Q. Okay. Where were they?
 9 A. In the armoire in front of Mr. Epstein's
 10 bed.
 11 Q. In front of his bed?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. Did you ever do anything with the sex
 14 toys?
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 THE WITNESS: The things I did I cleaned
 17 the back -- there is a vibrator to keep
 18 massage to your back. We used to wipe them,
 19 put them away, massage creams, put them
 20 away, fold the table, folding the massage
 21 table.
 22 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 23 Q. Okay. You mentioned there was a back
 24 massager?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 56

1 Q. The back massager vibrated?
 2 A. Yes.
 3 Q. I started this questioning by asking you
 4 about sex toys. Correct?
 5 A. Yes. Go ahead.
 6 Q. What were the sex toys?
 7 A. In the armoire.
 8 Q. Yes. Okay.
 9 A. I never see them outside laying around.
 10 Q. You never saw them out of the armoire?
 11 A. I don't think so, sir.
 12 Q. Do you remember what kind of sex toys
 13 they were?
 14 A. Like spouses, you know, what do you call
 15 that? Handcuffs, or a vibrator. They called
 16 dildos?
 17 Q. Yes. Were there many of them?
 18 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 19 THE WITNESS: A few.
 20 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 21 Q. Describe them.
 22 A. You know, personal vibrators for women.
 23 Q. Were they a particular color, a
 24 particular size?
 25 A. I don't remember, sir.

Page 57

1 Q. You remember he had a few vibrators?
 2 A. Yes.
 3 Q. Any other kind of toys that you can
 4 remember?
 5 A. No, sir.
 6 Q. And it's your testimony here today that
 7 they were always on the shelf?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. You never had to do anything with them?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: Not me personal, sir, I
 12 don't know if Louella saw them, but this is
 13 what I did and when we went upstairs.
 14 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 15 Q. Do you recall telling the police that
 16 when you cleaned Mr. Epstein's bedroom after the
 17 massages you would discover a massager, vibrators,
 18 and sex toys scattered on the floor?
 19 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 20 THE WITNESS: Yeah, what I did was the
 21 back massager, the back rubber, this was
 22 always on the floor.
 23 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 24 Q. Okay. But it says sex toys.
 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

Page 58

1 THE WITNESS: I don't think so, sir.
 2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 3 Q. Okay. You don't recall telling that to
 4 the --
 5 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 6 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Why don't we take a
 7 break?
 8 (Thereupon, a recess was had.)
 9 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the
 10 record with tape number two.
 11 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 12 Q. You mentioned before the break that you
 13 would escort these girls who came to the house to
 14 the kitchen and then typically you would leave the
 15 kitchen and Sarah Kellen would meet them there.
 16 A. Yes.
 17 Q. And then to your understanding they would
 18 provide Mr. Epstein with a massage.
 19 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 20 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 21 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 22 Q. Now, how would they get upstairs from the
 23 kitchen?
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 THE WITNESS: There was a stairwell from

Page 59

1 the kitchen.
 2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 3 Q. There was a stairwell from the kitchen
 4 upstairs?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 Q. Okay. And were there any paintings or
 7 drawings or artwork or photos on the stairwell?
 8 A. Yeah, there was some art.
 9 Q. There was art?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. Describe the art that was on the
 12 stairwell.
 13 A. Pictures in black and white of places and
 14 some girls.
 15 Q. Okay. There were pictures of girls?
 16 A. (Shakes head.)
 17 Q. You have to say yes or no.
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. Were they photos or drawings?
 20 A. Photos.
 21 Q. Photos of girls. And they were in
 22 frames?
 23 A. Yes.
 24 Q. And they were on the stairwell?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 60

1 Q. About how many photos of girls were
 2 there?
 3 A. In the stairwell there were three
 4 pictures, one from Havana, one in Mountain, and
 5 then you have a foyer upstairs it was a big like a
 6 beach, and then there was two girl pictures.
 7 Q. There were two girl pictures in the
 8 foyer?
 9 A. Yes.
 10 Q. As you arrive at the top of the stairs?
 11 A. No, as you cross the foyer.
 12 Q. Okay. Upstairs?
 13 A. Yes.
 14 Q. There is only two floors. Correct?
 15 A. Yes.
 16 Q. And describe the photos of the girls, the
 17 two photos of the girls.
 18 A. There was a young girl pulling her --
 19 pulling her swimsuit a little bit showing her
 20 fanny a little bit and the other one smiling.
 21 Q. So neither one of them was a girl nude?
 22 A. No.
 23 Q. Okay. There was one girl showing what,
 24 she had her back to the camera?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 61

1 Q. And she was pulling down --
 2 A. She was showing one of her cheeks let's
 3 put it.
 4 Q. One of her cheeks. Okay. And the other
 5 one was a girl --
 6 A. Smiling. You see the face but it was not
 7 nudity there.
 8 Q. And were there other photos of girls?
 9 A. Yes, the only ones in that area.
 10 Q. The only ones in that area were those
 11 two?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. There were no other photos of girls?
 14 A. No.
 15 Q. None on the staircase?
 16 A. No.
 17 Q. From the kitchen stairs once you arrived
 18 in this foyer where was the master bedroom from
 19 there?
 20 A. To the west side of the house.
 21 Q. So you would make a left when you got --
 22 A. There is two stairwells to go in, one is
 23 the main and the staircase from the kitchen would
 24 kind of spiral down. Yeah, you have to make a
 25 right to go to the master bedroom.

Page 62

1 Q. Okay. Did you pass any other bedrooms on
 2 the way to the master bedroom or was the master
 3 bedroom right there?
 4 A. As soon as you leave the stairwell there
 5 was a bedroom right in front of that.
 6 Q. Which bedroom was there?
 7 A. That was the yellow bedroom. I can't
 8 remember, sir, but it was one -- I believe it was
 9 the yellow room.
 10 Q. And then there was a master suite?
 11 A. Then you have to make a right, cross the
 12 foyer to go to the master bedroom.
 13 Q. Is it your understanding that the
 14 massages were always in the master bedroom?
 15 A. As I understand, yes, sir.
 16 Q. Were there photos of girls elsewhere in
 17 the house that you recall?
 18 A. Mr. Epstein's closet.
 19 Q. In his closet?
 20 A. Yes.
 21 Q. Were any of those photos were the girls
 22 nude or in any stage of undress?
 23 A. Yes, sir.
 24 Q. Okay.
 25 MR. CRITTON: Object to the form on the

Page 63

1 last question.
 2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 3 Q. How many of those photos were there?
 4 A. There was a mosaic of pictures. I don't
 5 know, it had 10, 12, 14.
 6 Q. I'm sorry, a what?
 7 A. Mosaic.
 8 Q. Mosaic. So it was like in a single
 9 frame?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. And there were photos of nude women in
 12 this frame?
 13 A. Yes, sir.
 14 Q. Okay.
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 17 Q. Did you know any of the girls in those
 18 photos?
 19 A. No, sir.
 20 Q. Do you recall ever seeing any of them
 21 before?
 22 A. No, sir.
 23 Q. Did you have any impressions as to how
 24 old these girls were in the photos?
 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

Page 64

1 THE WITNESS: No, sir.
 2 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 3 Q. Did they look young to you?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: No, sir.
 6 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 7 Q. They did not look young?
 8 A. They were young in terms of -- when you
 9 say young?
 10 Q. Did they appear to be under 18 years old?
 11 A. No, sir.
 12 Q. Any other photos of girls in any stage of
 13 undress that you recall in the house?
 14 A. There were pictures of Mr. Epstein and
 15 Mrs. Maxwell, but I mean they were adults, I mean,
 16 they were plus 45.
 17 Q. No, I understand. There were nude photos
 18 of them?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. Okay. Any nude photos of girls other
 21 than Ms. Maxwell around the house that you recall?
 22 A. Yeah, the one I just mentioned.
 23 Q. Other than what you've mentioned, are
 24 there any others?
 25 A. No, sir.

Page 65

1 Q. You say Sarah Kellen would greet the girl
 2 in the kitchen, the girl or girls who were coming
 3 to give the massage. Correct?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. What would she do while the massage was
 6 going on?
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 THE WITNESS: I don't know, sir.
 9 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 10 Q. Were you ever in the kitchen when the
 11 girl went upstairs?
 12 A. No, sir.
 13 Q. Never?
 14 A. No.
 15 Q. How are these girls paid for their
 16 services for giving massages?
 17 A. I pay them.
 18 Q. You paid them?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. Okay. I thought before you said that you
 21 didn't necessarily see them when they left?
 22 A. When Sarah told me so and so is going to
 23 get so much, so not necessarily when they leave,
 24 they will come the next day, or I leave an
 25 envelope in the kitchen.

Page 66

1 Q. Okay. Well, what would determine how you
 2 went about paying them?
 3 A. Sarah told me.
 4 Q. Sarah told you to leave an envelope or to
 5 pay them in person?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. Okay. When would she tell you this?
 8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 9 THE WITNESS: Sometimes in the afternoon,
 10 you know. It depends, it varies, you know,
 11 because she will call me and say so and so
 12 will get paid \$300. I never ask, you know.
 13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 14 Q. Well, how did you know whether to leave
 15 it in the kitchen or to hand it to the girl?
 16 A. She would give me the instructions.
 17 Q. She would always give you instructions as
 18 to how the payment was to be made?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. Sometimes it wasn't that day?
 21 A. No, sir.
 22 Q. Okay. And because you knew the girl was
 23 coming back?
 24 A. She will probably make arrangements with
 25 Sarah because I didn't know she was coming back.

Page 67

1 Q. And how much did you know to pay?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 4 Q. How much did you know to pay the girl?
 5 A. It varies, 300, 400, 500.
 6 Q. And Ms. Kellen would always instruct you
 7 as to how much it would be?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. Did you write a check or how did you make
 10 the payment?
 11 A. Cash.
 12 Q. It was always cash?
 13 A. Yes.
 14 Q. Do you know why that is?
 15 A. I'm sorry?
 16 Q. Do you know why you always paid cash?
 17 A. I was supposed to have cash with me, sir,
 18 at all times. The checks were made for paying
 19 payroll so -- or purchasing items.
 20 Q. Okay. So you used checks for the payroll
 21 for the employees who were under you?
 22 A. Jerome the gardener.
 23 Q. Okay. Now, was Jerome an independent
 24 contractor or an employee?
 25 A. No, he will be under -- he was under

Page 68

1 my -- he was an employee of Mr. Epstein.
 2 Q. So he was a regular employee?
 3 A. Yes, sir.
 4 Q. So there would be like -- so he would
 5 receive a check. Correct?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. And there would be withholdings from the
 8 check, etc. Right?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 11 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 12 Q. But the girls who gave massages, they
 13 would just receive cash?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. And how were other household expenses
 16 paid?
 17 A. Food, gas, flowers, gifts.
 18 Q. How were they paid?
 19 A. Cash or check, you know. I will buy --
 20 in a store I will pay with a check, and sometimes
 21 I will use cash or credit card, sir.
 22 Q. So you had your own credit card?
 23 A. They give me credit card, they give me
 24 the checks and they give me the cash.
 25 Q. Okay. What kind of credit card was it?

Page 69

1 A. It was like -- I don't remember, Visa,
 2 Master Card.
 3 Q. It was like -- was it a debit card or
 4 credit card?
 5 A. It was a credit and debit card.
 6 Q. It was both?
 7 A. Yes.
 8 Q. Was there an account that you had
 9 signatory authority on?
 10 A. Yes, I did.
 11 Q. And anyone else have signatory authority
 12 on this account?
 13 A. No, sir. Yeah, well, Mrs. Maxwell.
 14 Q. So there was an account with you and
 15 Ms. Maxwell had signatory authority on?
 16 A. Yes.
 17 Q. And you would pay expenses of the
 18 household from that account?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. And you would write checks?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. You would pay payroll from that account?
 23 A. Yes.
 24 Q. And did you have an understanding as to
 25 why the girls that gave massages were always paid

Page 70

1 in cash as opposed to check?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 THE WITNESS: I was told to pay them
 4 cash, sir.
 5 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 6 Q. Simply you were told and didn't ask why?
 7 A. No.
 8 Q. Do you recall telling the detective who
 9 interviewed you for the police that you thought of
 10 yourself as a human ATM machine?
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 12 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 14 Q. You recall saying that?
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 THE WITNESS: Because I always had cash
 17 in my pocket.
 18 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 19 Q. And why was there always cash in your
 20 pocket?
 21 A. That was part of my job to have, you
 22 know, for emergencies or paying somebody cash.
 23 Q. Okay. What kind of emergencies?
 24 A. It's hard to say. I was supposed to put
 25 cash on each Mercedes Benz on each ashtray. The

Page 71

1 idea behind this is you get stranded nobody accept
 2 credit card or check you have cash.
 3 Q. How much did you leave in the ashtray?
 4 A. 300.
 5 Q. And did you ever have to replenish that
 6 money?
 7 A. Yes.
 8 Q. Because the Mercedes was stranded?
 9 A. No, because when Mr. Epstein will leave I
 10 have to collect that money because I will send the
 11 cars to the car wash so to avoid that money being
 12 stolen we used to keep track, you know, when to
 13 retrieve that money and then when he's coming put
 14 it back there again.
 15 Q. So you use cash for that purpose and you
 16 also use cash to pay the masseuses. Correct?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. Did you use cash for any other purpose?
 19 A. Car wash for the guy who used to come to
 20 the house and wash all the cars. Tipping
 21 sometimes for getting a good spot in the
 22 restaurant you have to have cash, something like
 23 that.
 24 Q. Okay. Would you drive Mr. Epstein to a
 25 restaurant?

Page 72

1 A. Not him. I will drive anybody else but
 2 he would rather eat at home.
 3 Q. So you would drive house guests to
 4 restaurants?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 Q. And when you did that you would -- didn't
 7 you stay with the car or did you eat with them?
 8 A. No, I will stay with the car.
 9 Q. So who did you tip?
 10 A. If you want to park in front of the
 11 restaurant you got to tip the valet otherwise
 12 you're taking one of the spots.
 13 Sometimes I used to take -- I'm sorry.
 14 Aviation, you know, you need to go to aviation and
 15 help those guys move your cars around, you need --
 16 they carry luggage, so I used to tip those too.
 17 Q. That would be when you picked up or
 18 dropped off Mr. Epstein. Correct?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 MR. MERMELSTEIN: We'll mark this as an
 21 exhibit, composite exhibit.
 22 (Composite Exhibit 1 was marked for
 23 Identification.)
 24 MR. CRITTON: Just out of curiosity, on
 25 depositions are we going to use instead of

Page 73

1 doing plaintiff and defendant designations
 2 do you just want to run them one, two,
 3 three, four?
 4 MR. MERMELSTEIN: That's fine with me as
 5 long as we remember where we left off.
 6 MR. CRITTON: Well, are we going to do it
 7 consecutive with all of the depositions?
 8 I'm okay with that if someone can keep track
 9 of that.
 10 MR. EDWARDS: I've had that go wrong
 11 before, especially when we have some parties
 12 who aren't here, such as Mr. Garcia, he's
 13 going to join depositions, we have to start
 14 at 27 or whatever.
 15 MR. CRITTON: For each deposition one
 16 through whatever without necessarily giving
 17 them a plaintiff or defendant.
 18 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 19 Q. Mr. Rodriguez, I've marked as Exhibit 1 a
 20 composite document which includes four per page of
 21 what appear to be message slips.
 22 First of all let me ask you, let me
 23 direct your attention to the first page of this
 24 exhibit. And the upper left message has initials
 25 at the bottom. Is that correct?

Page 74

1 A. Yes.
 2 Q. Are those your initials?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. And was it the household policy to
 5 initial messages when they were taken?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. Okay. You were instructed to do that?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. Who instructed you to do that?
 10 A. Ms. Maxwell. There was a manual, sir, in
 11 the house, we had to follow the instructions of
 12 the manual.
 13 Q. There was -- okay.
 14 A. Estate manager, household manager for all
 15 the houses, so I will abide to that, you know, so
 16 I take message with my initial, the time, who
 17 called.
 18 Q. So there were all sorts of policies and
 19 procedures in this manual?
 20 A. Yes.
 21 Q. Who wrote it?
 22 A. It was the estate manager for all the
 23 properties and so I was --
 24 Q. Who was the estate manager for all the
 25 properties?

Page 75

1 A. I never met him, sir, he was fired before
 2 I came along.
 3 Q. But you don't remember his name?
 4 A. No, sir.
 5 Q. And you remember one of the things that
 6 said in this manual was that every message has to
 7 be signed?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. I'm not necessarily going to go through
 10 every single message. Let me go back to the one
 11 on the upper left on the first page. It's from
 12 Jean-Luc. Is that correct?
 13 A. Yes, sir.
 14 Q. Who is Jean-Luc?
 15 A. He had modeling agency.
 16 Q. How do you know that?
 17 A. He gave me his card, sir.
 18 Q. Was he a frequent guest at the house?
 19 A. Yes, sir.
 20 Q. Did he stay over?
 21 A. Sometimes he will stay, sometimes I will
 22 drive him to Miami.
 23 Q. Do you recall his last name?
 24 A. No, sir.
 25 Q. And so you had a conversation with him

Page 76

1 and he told you he owned a modeling agency?
 2 A. Yes, sir.
 3 Q. Anything else he told you?
 4 A. He spoke, you know, five, six languages,
 5 always speaking Spanish, Italian.
 6 Q. Did the girls who were -- you know, who
 7 travelled with Mr. Epstein, were they from his
 8 agency?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 THE WITNESS: I don't know, sir.
 11 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 12 Q. You didn't discuss that?
 13 A. No.
 14 Q. Let's look at the message next to it.
 15 MR. CRITTON: Still on page one?
 16 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Still on page one.
 17 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 18 Q. It appears the one under it is to the
 19 same person. Is that correct? Who is that?
 20 A. Alicia.
 21 Q. Who is Alicia?
 22 A. I don't know, sir. Please tell Jeffrey
 23 that I called so I just wrote the name.
 24 Q. Now, some of these messages if you look
 25 through appears to be a different handwriting and

Page 77

1 there is no signature on the bottom.
 2 A. That's not mine, I don't know who's that
 3 is, sir.
 4 Q. I thought you said earlier you were the
 5 one who was responsible for taking messages.
 6 A. Exactly, yes, I was, sir.
 7 Q. But there were other people who took
 8 messages as well?
 9 A. Maybe this is after or before my time,
 10 sir.
 11 Q. Okay. Because there is no date on it.
 12 A. I used to put my dates and I know I used
 13 to do that all the time, but you know.
 14 Q. These style of message pads. It was a
 15 pad. Correct?
 16 A. Yes.
 17 Q. And this is the old fashion message pad
 18 that it's like duplicate?
 19 A. Exactly, the original stays with the
 20 spiral.
 21 Q. Okay. So there was a spiral notebook?
 22 A. Exactly.
 23 Q. And you would write the message on the
 24 top copy and then you would take that out and put
 25 it on the counter in the kitchen?

Page 78

1 A. Yes, sir.
 2 Q. And Mr. Epstein knew to look there for
 3 his messages. Correct?
 4 A. Yes, sir.
 5 Q. Then there was a carbon copy that was
 6 with -- that remained with the spiral notebook.
 7 Correct?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. Now, if you look at the way this is
 10 copied it appears to be that this was taken from
 11 the spiral notebook. Is that fair to say?
 12 A. Yes, sir.
 13 Q. Okay. So it would appear that, for
 14 example, that these ones that aren't dated are on
 15 the same pages as the ones that are dated. Is
 16 that fair to say?
 17 A. Yes, sir.
 18 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 20 Q. Does that help at all as to who may have
 21 been the one to take these other messages?
 22 A. I don't know, sir, I don't know.
 23 Q. But it's your understanding that no one
 24 else other than you took messages?
 25 A. Exactly.

Page 79

1 Q. There is a fairly distinctive AR
 2 signature on many of these message slips. And
 3 that's your signature. Correct?
 4 A. Yes, it is.
 5 Q. Let me direct your attention to a message
 6 that was taken on November 8, 2004.
 7 MR. CRITTON: I think that's page nine.
 8 I just numbered mine.
 9 MR. MERMELSTEIN: It is page nine,
 10 correct.
 11 MS. EZELL: What was the date again?
 12 MR. MERMELSTEIN: November 8, 2004.
 13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 14 Q. Now, it appears that there is information
 15 that was redacted from here, meaning that it was
 16 whited out or blacked out, one or the other. Do
 17 you see that?
 18 A. On the right.
 19 Q. Because you would have written down a
 20 name and phone number. Correct?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. And the message is, quote, "I have a
 23 female for him."
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. Do you remember this message?

Page 80

1 A. Probably so, sir.
 2 Q. Okay. Tell me what this was about.
 3 A. Probably so, sir.
 4 MS. EZELL: What was that answer?
 5 MR. CRITTON: He said probably so.
 6 THE WITNESS: Maybe C.
 7 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 8 Q. C. So you think that -- would that be
 9 C.W.?
 10 A. I didn't know the last name, sir.
 11 Q. Who is C.?
 12 A. C. was a masseuse.
 13 Q. Okay. She was one of the masseuses who
 14 would come to the house?
 15 A. Yes.
 16 Q. I thought you didn't know any of the
 17 names.
 18 A. I remember Johanna. There is so many
 19 names, sir, this is 2004.
 20 Q. You remember Johanna. I understand. You
 21 remember C.?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. Do you remember any others?
 24 A. No, sir.
 25 MR. CRITTON: Can I ask, did you all blot

Page 81

1 it out or redact it?
 2 MR. EDWARDS: The State Attorney's
 3 office.
 4 MR. MERMELSTEIN: We did not redact it.
 5 THE WITNESS: For the record, I can make
 6 it out because I know my writing that's why
 7 I remember the name.
 8 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 9 Q. I see. From what we can see here it
 10 appears to be C.?
 11 A. Yeah.
 12 Q. I see. The message, I have a female for
 13 him, what was that, what was that about?
 14 A. They tell me that message. I never ask
 15 them, I never inquired. I mean, I never -- I took
 16 the messages literally and I write it down, that's
 17 why I put quotations.
 18 My job, sir, was to take messages and who
 19 are you, last names, or, you know, it was never in
 20 my job descriptions to, you know, if they accept
 21 the message then they will give me further
 22 instructions.
 23 Q. So your feeling was it's none of your
 24 business what this message means. Is that what
 25 you're saying?

Page 82

1 A. Something like that, sir.
 2 Q. Did you have an understanding as to what
 3 she meant?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 6 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 7 Q. What was that?
 8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 9 THE WITNESS: That she had a female.
 10 It's self-explanatory.
 11 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 12 Q. Female for what?
 13 A. I don't know, sir. Maybe a massage,
 14 maybe to go out as his companion.
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form, and move to strike
 16 the answer as speculation.
 17 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 18 Q. And the 561 area code is Palm Beach.
 19 Correct?
 20 A. Yes.
 21 Q. Was C. there often to your recollection?
 22 A. I don't think so, sir.
 23 Q. You don't remember her coming over to the
 24 house?
 25 A. No, not in the house.

Page 83

1 Q. Let me direct you to page 11, two pages
 2 in.
 3 A. Where do you see the page number?
 4 Q. Just go down two pages. I'm just
 5 counting in my head.
 6 Now, other than the message on the upper
 7 left, that's your signature at the bottom.
 8 Correct?
 9 A. Yes.
 10 Q. Did you take these other messages?
 11 A. No.
 12 Q. Now, was there a different system or
 13 protocol at night?
 14 A. No, it's the same.
 15 Q. So if you were in the staff house would
 16 the phone ring in there and you would pick it up
 17 in there?
 18 A. Yes, I will take the information and
 19 transfer to this, this was in the main house.
 20 Q. Okay. But the phone would ring in the
 21 staff house?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. So as we sit here today you have no
 24 explanation as to why someone else is writing down
 25 messages on this pad?

Page 84

1 A. No.
 2 Q. Let me direct your attention to page 13.
 3 MR. CRITTON: When you reference a page
 4 you may want to tell him what the message is
 5 and the date, if he's got it, that's fine.
 6 MR. EDWARDS: It needs to be cleaner on
 7 the record anyway.
 8 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 9 Q. There is a message on the upper left
 10 dated November 20, 2004.
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. That's a message that you took. Correct?
 13 A. Yes, sir.
 14 Q. Ms. B. Do you recall who that is?
 15 A. No, sir.
 16 Q. You have no recollection?
 17 A. No.
 18 Q. That was the message you took for Sarah?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. It was your understanding that Sarah made
 21 the appointments for the massages?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 25 Q. Let me direct your attention to a message

Page 85

1 dated 12/4/04.
 2 MR. CRITTON: Page 15.
 3 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 4 Q. On the bottom right that's your
 5 signature. Correct?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. And Johanna is the name?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. And is that the same Johanna you
 10 testified to earlier was the one you remember?
 11 A. Yes, I believe so, sir.
 12 Q. Can you describe Johanna for us?
 13 A. Johanna, she was -- I remember she was
 14 pregnant at the time, so very sweet lady, she live
 15 in West Palm Beach, always talkative.
 16 Q. What kind of things did you talk about?
 17 A. How are you doing and everything, but
 18 cheerful person, you know, nothing specific, but
 19 she will always greet me cheerfully, nice person
 20 to be around.
 21 Q. Did she go to school, did she have
 22 another job?
 23 A. I think she was a professional masseuse.
 24 Q. Now, it was your understanding that
 25 generally the girls who came to the house for

Page 86

1 massages were not professional masseuses. Is that
 2 correct?
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 THE WITNESS: I don't know, sir.
 5 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 6 Q. How do you know Johanna was a
 7 professional?
 8 A. She tell me all the time that she was
 9 coming from another work so she -- or she will
 10 mention that I have to leave because I have to be
 11 in another place.
 12 Q. Okay. But you mentioned that she was a
 13 professional masseuse, that indicated to me that
 14 your understanding was that the others may not
 15 have been professional masseuses.
 16 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 17 THE WITNESS: I think she was more busy
 18 than the others giving masseuse -- massage.
 19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 20 Q. Again, why do you say that the others
 21 were not busy giving massages?
 22 A. They didn't have the scheduled
 23 appointments like Johanna did.
 24 Q. How do you know that?
 25 A. Johanna was always -- let's say I need to

Page 87

1 leave by five, and she will leave at five. Like I
 2 mentioned, she was, you know, probably she was
 3 going to have a kid in two months or something
 4 like that because she was like --
 5 Q. How do you know the other girls didn't
 6 have appointments of that nature?
 7 A. They seemed more relaxed, sir.
 8 Q. Go to the message dated December 7, 2004.
 9 Do you see that on the upper left?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 MR. CRITTON: That's page 17.
 12 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Thank you.
 13 MR. CRITTON: Who is it just so I know
 14 because there is others December 7th?
 15 MR. MERMELSTEIN: I'm sorry, N.
 16 MR. CRITTON: That's page 18.
 17 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 18 Q. You took that message. Correct?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. Do you recall who N. is?
 21 A. No, I don't remember, sir.
 22 Q. And the message next to it is Lesley
 23 Wexner. Is that correct?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. And that's your signature as well?

Page 88

1 A. Correct.
 2 Q. Do you recall who Lesley Wexner is?
 3 A. He's the owner of Victor Secret, the
 4 Limited.
 5 Q. Okay. What was his association with Mr.
 6 Epstein?
 7 A. He was Mr. Epstein's boss.
 8 Q. He was Mr. Epstein's boss?
 9 A. Yes.
 10 Q. How did you know that?
 11 A. I think it's public domain through
 12 internet I did my research who he was.
 13 Q. Okay. Before you went to work for Mr.
 14 Epstein you did your research of who he was?
 15 A. No.
 16 Q. At what point did you do your research?
 17 A. During working you get curious so you
 18 went to Google the name and it's there.
 19 Q. So you would Google the names --
 20 A. Lesley Wexner.
 21 Q. In other words, you Google names
 22 generally of --
 23 A. No, not necessarily, not all the time,
 24 but he used to call all the time and so I want to
 25 know who this gentleman was.

Page 89

1 Q. Did you Google Jean-Luc?
 2 A. No.
 3 Q. Okay. You talked to him that's --
 4 A. It never occurred to me, sir.
 5 Q. Who else do you recall Googling?
 6 A. Prince of -- Prince Andrew, or Barak, the
 7 Prime Minister of Israel because he used to call.
 8 Donald Trump.
 9 Q. Go to the next page, there is a message
 10 dated December 9th from Ms. Svetlana.
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. Who is that?
 13 A. I don't know.
 14 Q. You don't recall?
 15 A. No.
 16 Q. Do you recall a masseuse by the name of
 17 Svetlana?
 18 A. I don't recall that, sir, I don't
 19 remember.
 20 Q. You look at the next page there is a
 21 message on the upper left corner with the name
 22 redacted again. Do you see that?
 23 A. Yes, sir.
 24 Q. That's a message you took?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 90

1 Q. Is that C. again?
 2 A. It looks like it is, sir.
 3 Q. So that was a message from C.?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. You don't recall what she was calling
 6 about on December 15, 2004?
 7 A. No, sir.
 8 Q. If you look at a message dated January 8,
 9 2005.
 10 MR. CRITTON: In the upper left hand
 11 corner?
 12 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Yes.
 13 MR. CRITTON: I think it's page 25.
 14 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Right.
 15 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 16 Q. Ms. Amya?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. Who is that?
 19 A. A friend and acquaintance, sir.
 20 Q. The message next to it is from Nadia.
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. Who is Nadia?
 23 A. Mr. Epstein girlfriend.
 24 Q. Okay. Nadia Marcenacova?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 91

1 Q. And when you say girlfriend, what do you
 2 mean by that?
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 THE WITNESS: She used to be more times
 5 than the other girls with her -- with him.
 6 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 7 Q. Would she arrive on a plane with Mr.
 8 Epstein?
 9 A. Yeah.
 10 Q. And the time that you worked for Mr.
 11 Epstein how often was Nadia with him?
 12 A. Half the time I would say.
 13 Q. Did you ever have a discussion with her
 14 or talk to her about personal matters?
 15 A. No.
 16 Q. Did she have any duties or functions at
 17 the house?
 18 A. For awhile she was like a coordinator or
 19 assistant or something.
 20 Q. What did she coordinate?
 21 A. Phone calls.
 22 Q. Would she take messages like you would?
 23 A. Yeah, sometimes.
 24 Q. Okay. So again, I'm a little confused.
 25 So she was authorized to take -- to give messages

Page 92

1 as well?
 2 A. What happened, she being too close to Mr.
 3 Epstein she will -- it's no big deal to take a
 4 message, but I mean, I was the only one who
 5 supposed to take message, but I don't know, for
 6 instance, who took this message, who wrote it, I
 7 don't know.
 8 Q. You're referring to the message from
 9 Nadia?
 10 A. Nadia, yes.
 11 Q. So I'm trying to understand when you said
 12 that she was a coordinator.
 13 A. She will give me sometimes orders, like
 14 Alfredo, can you give me ice cream, or send me to
 15 the store, or buy some clothes.
 16 Q. Okay. Did the other girls who would fly
 17 with Mr. Epstein and stay in the house, would they
 18 give you orders as well?
 19 A. No.
 20 Q. Okay. But it was your understanding that
 21 she was -- that you were supposed to follow her
 22 orders. Correct?
 23 A. I knew it was coming from the boss.
 24 Q. Okay. And how did you know that?
 25 A. Because she told me.

Page 93

1 Q. Okay.
 2 A. Mr. Epstein says he wants you to do this.
 3 I didn't contest that so I will do that.
 4 Q. Okay. Did she have her own bedroom or
 5 did she sleep in the master bedroom?
 6 A. She used to have her own bedroom.
 7 Q. Okay. I'm not sure what page this is but
 8 there is a message dated January 11, 2005. Do you
 9 see that?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. That's your signature. Correct?
 12 A. Yes, sir.
 13 Q. From Cecilia, the New York office.
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. Who is that?
 16 A. Cecilia is another secretary, she works
 17 in the New York office.
 18 Q. Would you have any contact or interaction
 19 with Cecilia?
 20 A. She used to call me sometimes when Lesley
 21 was not available.
 22 Q. Okay. And so it was your understanding
 23 she worked under Lesley?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. What was her last name?

Page 94

1 A. I don't remember, sir.
 2 Q. The next page is a message in the upper
 3 left dated January 13, 2005, from C.W. Correct?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. That's the same C. that we've been
 6 talking about. Correct?
 7 A. Yes.
 8 Q. That was at 7:30 p.m. Correct?
 9 A. Yes.
 10 Q. And you don't recall what that particular
 11 call was about. Right?
 12 A. No, sir.
 13 Q. The message dated January 20, 2005, from
 14 Maria. Do you see that on the bottom right?
 15 A. Yes.
 16 Q. Do you know who that is?
 17 A. I think I have a different page.
 18 Q. You're a little ahead of me. January 20,
 19 2005.
 20 MR. CRITTON: I think that's page 31.
 21 THE WITNESS: I don't remember who she
 22 was, sir.
 23 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 24 Q. You don't recall what that message was
 25 about?

Page 95

1 A. No, sir.
 2 Q. What about the next page there is a
 3 message that Eva called?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. Dated January 21, 2005?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. Do you know who Eva is?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. Who is Eva?
 10 A. The assistant comptroller from the New
 11 York office.
 12 Q. Do you remember her last name?
 13 A. Polish last name I guess. She was
 14 Russian. She is Russian actually.
 15 Q. Did you ever travel to any other
 16 residences that Mr. Epstein had?
 17 A. No.
 18 Q. Are you aware he had a residence in the
 19 Virgin Islands?
 20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 21 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 22 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 23 Q. And would he sometimes travel to that
 24 residence from Palm Beach?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 96

1 Q. Okay. Do you recall on any occasion who
 2 would travel with him to the Virgin Islands?
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 THE WITNESS: No, sir.
 5 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 6 Q. I think we were talking about the money
 7 before, the household account, sometimes you gave
 8 gifts?
 9 A. Yes, I was told to buy some gifts.
 10 Q. For whom?
 11 A. For the guests.
 12 Q. Okay. And what kind of gifts?
 13 A. Shoes, sweaters, clothes.
 14 Q. So were you instructed to buy something
 15 in particular at a particular store?
 16 A. They would go to the store, if they like
 17 something I will go after and pay them and
 18 retrieve it.
 19 Q. Okay. So would this be a girl who was
 20 staying at the house?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. Okay. This was one of the girls who
 23 travelled with Mr. Epstein to Palm Beach.
 24 Correct?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 97

1 Q. And so Mr. Epstein would instruct you to
 2 go shopping with this girl?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. And instructed you to pay for whatever it
 5 is she wanted to buy?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. Was there a price limit or anything of
 8 that nature?
 9 A. No, sir.
 10 Q. So when the girl decided what she wanted
 11 you would --
 12 A. I would write them a check.
 13 Q. In that instance you would pay by check?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. Any other instances where you gave gifts
 16 to girls at the instruction of Mr. Epstein?
 17 A. No. I was just told, you know, when they
 18 told me I will buy the item.
 19 Q. I'm sorry?
 20 A. You know, when I was told to purchase
 21 this item for them, you know, I will do that, but
 22 not on any other occasions.
 23 Q. What do you mean not in any locations?
 24 A. Any other occasions.
 25 Q. Not any other occasions. Okay. Did you

Page 98

1 ever buy flowers for a girl?
 2 A. Yes, sir.
 3 Q. Tell me about that.
 4 A. I was told to buy flowers and roses for a
 5 girl performing in high school.
 6 Q. Which girl was that?
 7 A. I don't remember the name, sir.
 8 Q. What was Mr. Epstein's relationship to
 9 this girl?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: I think she was an
 12 acquaintance, friend.
 13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 14 Q. She was a friend?
 15 A. Yes, sir.
 16 Q. Now, she was performing at the high
 17 school in what capacity?
 18 A. There was like a -- like a play in the
 19 graduation for high school.
 20 Q. A play for graduation?
 21 A. Yes, in the high school theatre there was
 22 some kind of performance.
 23 Q. Was it like a theatre production?
 24 A. Yeah, something like that. I didn't go
 25 inside so I didn't know what was going on inside.

Page 99

1 Q. Why do you say it was for graduation?
 2 A. Because everybody was the graduation
 3 outside, there were parents, there were a lot of
 4 people at the school.
 5 Q. Okay. A lot of high schools have theatre
 6 production companies and they put on plays.
 7 Correct?
 8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 9 THE WITNESS: It was towards the end of
 10 the year. Well, I think I overheard that
 11 there was a graduation performance of some
 12 kind.
 13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 14 Q. But you didn't go in so you don't know?
 15 A. No, sir.
 16 Q. But this was a high school student you
 17 were bringing the flowers to. Is that correct?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. Had you seen this girl before at the El
 20 Brillo Way property?
 21 A. Yes, sir.
 22 Q. You had seen her a number of times?
 23 A. Yes, sir.
 24 Q. Do you recall her name?
 25 A. I don't remember her name, sir.

Page 100

1 Q. Now, you said you never went inside the
 2 theatre?
 3 A. No, sir.
 4 Q. Okay. How did you get to the flower
 5 store?
 6 A. I called the girl to her cell and she
 7 will come to the back door and I give her the
 8 flowers.
 9 Q. Was anyone else around at the time?
 10 A. No, sir.
 11 Q. And you mentioned this was a girl you had
 12 seen before?
 13 A. Yes.
 14 Q. Was this girl who had come to give
 15 massages to Mr. Epstein?
 16 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 17 THE WITNESS: I don't know if she was
 18 doing massages but she was at the house.
 19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 20 Q. What would she have been there for?
 21 A. To visit him.
 22 Q. This was a high school girl who was
 23 coming to visit Mr. Epstein at the house?
 24 A. She came to the house, I open the door
 25 and I left, you know.

Page 101

1 Q. Did you take her to the kitchen like you
 2 did --
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. So you brought her to the kitchen just
 5 like you did for the girls who gave him massages.
 6 Correct?
 7 A. Yes, sir.
 8 Q. Did you ever pay her?
 9 A. I don't remember, sir, but probably I
 10 did.
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form, move to strike,
 12 speculation.
 13 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 14 Q. Why do you say you probably did?
 15 A. Because I was the only one paying --
 16 well, not the only one but, you know, but chances
 17 are I paid her but I don't remember that
 18 particular instance that I gave her money.
 19 Q. Is it fair to say that the girls who came
 20 to the Palm Beach residence, these are not the
 21 girls who are staying there, the girls who came --
 22 were there to give massages. Correct?
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 25 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

1 Q. And to the extent that this girl had come
2 to the estate that's most likely what it would
3 have been for, to give a massage. Correct?
4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
5 THE WITNESS: I didn't see the massage
6 was occurring, sir.
7 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
8 Q. I understand that. But can you think of
9 any other reason why this girl would have come to
10 the Palm Beach residence?
11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
12 THE WITNESS: To visit, you know. You
13 can get visits from these ladies so I don't
14 know if they were giving the massage to be
15 honest to you because if I say all the girls
16 who gave a massage that would be -- I don't
17 know, I don't think.
18 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
19 Q. Were there high school girls who just
20 came to visit him?
21 MR. CRITTON: Form.
22 THE WITNESS: I don't know if they were
23 in high school, sir, except this one that I
24 give flowers.
25 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

1 Q. Okay. Were there girls who just came to
2 visit and then came and then left during the same
3 day? Who weren't there to perform any service?
4 A. I'm sorry?
5 Q. Were there girls who just came to visit
6 who weren't there to perform any service during
7 the course of a day?
8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
9 THE WITNESS: Yes, there were masseuses.
10 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
11 Q. Masseuses came there to give a service;
12 didn't they?
13 A. Yes.
14 Q. Was there any girls who came to the Palm
15 Beach residence just to visit, not to perform a
16 service during the course of a day?
17 MR. CRITTON: Form.
18 THE WITNESS: I don't know, sir. I don't
19 know.
20 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
21 Q. You don't recall that ever happening; do
22 you?
23 A. Well, sir, I brought them into the house,
24 my duties was to call Sarah, Sarah will get them
25 from the kitchen. I don't know if they get a

1 masseuse -- they get a massage or they went to --
2 I don't know what they did. Anything that
3 happened upstairs in the house we didn't know it.
4 I'm talking we the staff.
5 Q. Okay. But this girl who you gave the
6 flowers to was a girl that came to the front door
7 and you brought into the kitchen and Sarah then
8 met her there. Correct?
9 A. Yes.
10 Q. Just like the girls who would come for
11 massages. Correct?
12 A. Yes.
13 Q. As we sit here today you don't know of
14 any girls who just came to visit for no other
15 reason other than to visit?
16 MR. CRITTON: Form.
17 THE WITNESS: For me they were visitors
18 as I treat as a massage, you know. And like
19 I say, I cannot say so and so came just for
20 this or this purpose.
21 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
22 Q. Did you ever recall any of these girls
23 saying that they were coming to work?
24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
25 THE WITNESS: No, sir.

1 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
2 Q. Did you ever refer to that term or
3 expression, do you recall any girl ever using
4 that?
5 A. No.
6 Q. Do you recall any girl ever calling the
7 house and saying she wanted to work?
8 A. No, sir, I don't remember.
9 Q. You don't recall that?
10 A. No.
11 MR. MERMELSTEIN: All right. Let's take
12 a break.
13 (Thereupon, a recess was had.)
14 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Back on the record
15 with tape number three.
16 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
17 Q. Mr. Rodriguez, at some point --
18 (Thereupon, an interruption was had.)
19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
20 Q. Mr. Rodriguez, at some point you spoke to
21 a Palm Beach Police Detective.
22 A. Yes.
23 Q. Is that correct?
24 A. Yes.
25 Q. He was asking you questions about Mr.

Page 106

1 Epstein?
 2 A. Yes.
 3 Q. And you had an interview with him?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. Did you also hand him documents at some
 6 point?
 7 A. Yes.
 8 Q. What did you give to him?
 9 A. I'm sorry?
 10 Q. What did you give to him? What did you
 11 hand him?
 12 A. A list of -- let me -- it was a list of
 13 -- it was like a yellow, what you call it, pad
 14 like that, my own writings of contractors, people
 15 who used to go there and phones.
 16 And I don't remember exactly what I give
 17 him but, you know, I have it with me and say can I
 18 have them and say can I borrow them and to this
 19 day I gave it to Detective Joe something.
 20 Q. Was it Detective Recarey?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. Okay. Was this a journal of some kind
 23 that you maintained?
 24 A. Not necessarily, no. It was just my own
 25 notes and I had it with me so he asked me can I

Page 107

1 borrow this from you.
 2 Q. You had it with you?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. With you for what; your interview?
 5 A. No, because I was subpoena with the
 6 District Attorney and I had some notes and so I
 7 had it with me.
 8 Q. So you brought the notes with you to the
 9 interview?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. Okay. And when you were there you were
 12 interviewed -- and this is the interview you
 13 mentioned was tape recorded?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. And when you arrived for the interview
 16 during the course of the interview did Mr. Recarey
 17 ask you to hand over these papers?
 18 A. He saw me going through my papers and
 19 said can I have those.
 20 Q. And you handed it to him right there?
 21 A. You know, I was -- yes.
 22 Q. Okay. And describe again what was on
 23 these papers.
 24 A. As far as I remember they were my
 25 personal notes of people coming to the house,

Page 108

1 among them contractors. And because this is five
 2 years ago, you know, I don't exactly remember
 3 that.
 4 Q. Okay. Did you include in this list of
 5 people who came into the house the girls who had
 6 come to give massages?
 7 A. Probably there were some names there,
 8 sir.
 9 Q. Why were there only some names?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: Because it was an informal
 12 list, you know, it was not like A to Z
 13 thing, I just write it down sometimes.
 14 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 15 Q. Did Sarah Kellen or Mr. Epstein or
 16 Ms. Maxwell instruct you to maintain a list of the
 17 people who came into the house?
 18 A. No, I do this, this is my job, you know.
 19 I do this in another place I used to work to have
 20 those telephone numbers handy because it's
 21 basically day to day, you know, you want to have
 22 some reference.
 23 Q. Okay. So this list included a person's
 24 name?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 109

1 Q. And their telephone number?
 2 A. Yes.
 3 Q. Did it have any other information?
 4 A. I don't remember.
 5 Q. How many pages was it? You mentioned it
 6 was like a legal pad?
 7 A. Yes. I put it in the file probably,
 8 there were four or five pages.
 9 Q. Was it single spaced, you had a name and
 10 a phone number on each line?
 11 A. Yeah, they were single spaced.
 12 Q. Did you write anything about who that
 13 person was, what their relationship to Mr. Epstein
 14 was?
 15 A. No.
 16 Q. Just a name and a phone number?
 17 A. A name and phone number and sometimes
 18 dates.
 19 Q. What were the dates for?
 20 A. It was for me to know that this person
 21 was in the house a week ago.
 22 Q. Okay. So it indicated when they were
 23 there?
 24 A. These people were familiar because I was
 25 in charge of security, I need to see if these

Page 110

1 people, they were sometimes, you know, you need to
 2 have some kind of reference to yourself because
 3 you have too many information in your head, so it
 4 was like a cross reference for me that these
 5 people were in the house before so I used to jot
 6 around telephone numbers and names.
 7 Q. And this was a reference you kept for
 8 yourself?
 9 A. Yes, it was personal.
 10 Q. Okay. And that way if you were ever
 11 asked by Mr. Epstein or Ms. Kellen or Ms. Maxwell
 12 about someone who had come into the house you
 13 would have it on your pad?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. Were there entries there for each day
 16 that people came?
 17 A. No, not necessarily.
 18 Q. People come to the house every day.
 19 Right?
 20 A. Yes.
 21 Q. And on some occasions it was the first
 22 time they were there. Correct?
 23 A. Yes.
 24 Q. And you would write down their name and
 25 phone number?

Page 111

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 2 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 3 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 4 Q. As you indicated this would include girls
 5 who came for massages. Correct?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. And wouldn't the list have been longer
 8 than four or five pages if it recorded all this
 9 information about who was coming into the house?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: I don't remember, sir, to
 12 be honest with you. He probably have it in
 13 his possession but --
 14 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 15 Q. Okay. So it could have been longer than
 16 four or five pages; is that what you're saying?
 17 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 18 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 20 Q. It's in Detective Recarey's possession?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. Or you haven't seen it since you gave it
 23 to him?
 24 A. No.
 25 Q. Okay. Now, when would you write down the

Page 112

1 information on this pad? If someone came to the
 2 front door you would escort them to the kitchen.
 3 Correct? What point would you get their name and
 4 phone number?
 5 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 6 THE WITNESS: At the end of each day I
 7 will have to prepare stuff for the next day
 8 so I will always make this is what happened
 9 today because sometimes it's very hectic so
 10 I make notes for tomorrow, this is what
 11 we're going to do, so I used to for my own
 12 information give these numbers and names,
 13 like I said, they were not only masseuses
 14 they were, you know, names of contractors
 15 that need to get back in the house. Notes
 16 for myself that was basically instead of
 17 having a personal computer I used to have
 18 that.
 19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 20 Q. When you came to the front door to let
 21 someone in you had to enter the code on the wall.
 22 Correct?
 23 A. Yes.
 24 Q. Did you have in your hand something to
 25 write with and a pen?

Page 113

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 2 THE WITNESS: No, that was kept in the
 3 staff house.
 4 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 5 Q. The note pad you're referring to --
 6 A. I used to have my own office, I used to
 7 keep these in my office.
 8 Q. Okay. Well, I'm trying to -- obviously,
 9 someone who walked into the house you escorted
 10 them into the kitchen. Correct?
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. You didn't memorize their name and phone
 13 number at that point?
 14 A. No, but I used to go and write it down.
 15 Q. Okay. They would give it to you and you
 16 would go and write it down?
 17 A. No, no, no. I would escort this lady or
 18 this person into the house, go to my staff house
 19 in my office and write it down.
 20 Q. Okay. But you wouldn't write down her
 21 telephone number as she gave it to you?
 22 A. No.
 23 Q. You would memorize it then write it down
 24 when you got to the staff house?
 25 A. I would get it from this.

<p style="text-align: right;">Page 114</p> <p>1 Q. You would get it from the message pad?</p> <p>2 A. Yeah. Then I will match the name with</p> <p>3 the number as a source of information for me</p> <p>4 because if somebody walks into the house and says,</p> <p>5 I'm Maria, how you going to know really -- it was</p> <p>6 a source of -- it was a tool for making my job</p> <p>7 easier.</p> <p>8 Q. Okay. So if someone walks in the house</p> <p>9 and says they're Maria, then you could always</p> <p>10 cross reference them with a message?</p> <p>11 A. Yes.</p> <p>12 Q. Okay. It would always be a message</p> <p>13 indicating their name and phone number on it?</p> <p>14 A. Yes.</p> <p>15 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>16 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:</p> <p>17 Q. And then you would take that and put it</p> <p>18 on your pad?</p> <p>19 A. Yes.</p> <p>20 Q. Okay. So if I understand the</p> <p>21 progression, you would -- the person would come to</p> <p>22 the door, you would escort them into the kitchen,</p> <p>23 they would say I'm Maria, you would then at some</p> <p>24 point during the day you would go to your message</p> <p>25 pad that we looked at was Exhibit 1, you would see</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 116</p> <p>1 must have been cut off by the lightening</p> <p>2 strike, I'm not aware of Exhibit 2.</p> <p>3 MR. MERMELSTEIN: It's just a compilation</p> <p>4 of papers that I've handed him.</p> <p>5 MR. WILLITS: Okay.</p> <p>6 MR. CRITTON: The question is did he give</p> <p>7 any of the documents in Exhibit 2 to</p> <p>8 Detective Recarey?</p> <p>9 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Yes.</p> <p>10 THE WITNESS: I believe there were these</p> <p>11 notes.</p> <p>12 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:</p> <p>13 Q. Okay. I got to go through this exercise</p> <p>14 because it was helpful on Exhibit 1, but I'm going</p> <p>15 to number the pages.</p> <p>16 MR. CRITTON: You got twelve pages. Is</p> <p>17 that right?</p> <p>18 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Yes.</p> <p>19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:</p> <p>20 Q. Okay. You started to say that you did</p> <p>21 turn over certain of the pages in this Exhibit 2</p> <p>22 to Mr. Recarey and you're referencing page five?</p> <p>23 A. Yes.</p> <p>24 Q. Okay. And what about page six?</p> <p>25 A. Yes.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 115</p> <p>1 there was a message with the name Maria and her</p> <p>2 phone number and then you would write it down on</p> <p>3 your yellow pad?</p> <p>4 A. Yes.</p> <p>5 Q. Okay. Did I misstate anything there in</p> <p>6 terms of how it went?</p> <p>7 A. No.</p> <p>8 Q. Okay. You didn't keep a copy of this</p> <p>9 when you gave it to Detective Recarey?</p> <p>10 A. No.</p> <p>11 Q. Were there any other papers or documents</p> <p>12 that you gave to Detective Recarey?</p> <p>13 A. There was some other stuff but I don't</p> <p>14 remember exactly, you know, they were notes that I</p> <p>15 have. Nothing I don't think fan notes or anything</p> <p>16 of that.</p> <p>17 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Let me mark this as the</p> <p>18 next Exhibit 2.</p> <p>19 (Exhibit 2 was marked for</p> <p>20 Identification.)</p> <p>21 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:</p> <p>22 Q. Take a look through Exhibit 2 and let me</p> <p>23 know if there is any papers or documents in here</p> <p>24 that you gave to Detective Recarey.</p> <p>25 MR. WILLITS: This is Richard Willits. I</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 117</p> <p>1 Q. Any other pages in this exhibit?</p> <p>2 A. No.</p> <p>3 Q. Okay. Do you recall giving him anything</p> <p>4 other than these two pages out of your note pad?</p> <p>5 A. I don't remember, sir.</p> <p>6 Q. Let's look at what's on pages five and</p> <p>7 six. What's this referring to? Is that your</p> <p>8 handwriting? I'm sorry, strike the first</p> <p>9 question.</p> <p>10 Is this your handwriting on page five?</p> <p>11 A. At the bottom is.</p> <p>12 Q. The reference to Dollar Rent a Car?</p> <p>13 A. Yes.</p> <p>14 Q. That's your handwriting?</p> <p>15 A. Yes.</p> <p>16 Q. The handwriting on top is not yours?</p> <p>17 A. No.</p> <p>18 Q. What's the reference to Dollar Rent a</p> <p>19 Car, what's that there?</p> <p>20 A. I rent a car for -- for one of the girls,</p> <p>21 and the rental car was only because when you go</p> <p>22 over a month you have to go into a lease contract</p> <p>23 so the Dollar Rent a Car Company contact me to</p> <p>24 renew that and I can have the car for another</p> <p>25 month.</p>

Page 118

1 Q. Who was the girl that you rented the car
 2 for?
 3 A. I don't remember, sir.
 4 Q. If you look at page six, is this your
 5 handwriting?
 6 A. No.
 7 Q. That's not your handwriting?
 8 A. No.
 9 Q. Is it Mr. Epstein's handwriting?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: I don't think so.
 12 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 13 Q. Is it Sarah Kellen's handwriting?
 14 A. Could be, I'm not sure, sir.
 15 Q. Explain to me what is on page six, what's
 16 that information?
 17 MR. CRITTON: Form. Do you want him to
 18 read what's there? Form.
 19 THE WITNESS: To get an extension the
 20 rental car for another month because it was
 21 not lease it was rental. Then buy bucket of
 22 roses from Royal Palm Beach and deliver it
 23 to Royal Palm Beach High School, here's the
 24 name, A.
 25 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

Page 119

1 Q. So A. would be the girl who you delivered
 2 the flowers to?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. The girl you testified earlier that you
 5 delivered flowers to the high school performance.
 6 Correct?
 7 A. Yes.
 8 Q. That was only one time you ever did that.
 9 Correct?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. So this A. must be that girl. Correct?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. Now, there is a one and a two here,
 14 number one is it appears that it's whited out but
 15 it says A. car. Is that correct?
 16 A. Yes.
 17 Q. Okay. Extension one month. Is that what
 18 you were just referring to?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. So it would appear to be the same girl
 21 you gave the flowers to you extended the rent a
 22 car for?
 23 A. Yes.
 24 Q. Was there any other girls that you rented
 25 cars for while you were --

Page 120

1 A. No, I don't think so.
 2 Q. Okay. Did you have an understanding as
 3 to why Mr. Epstein was renting a car for A.?
 4 A. No, sir.
 5 Q. And you understood it was a rental for
 6 over a month. Correct?
 7 A. Yes.
 8 Q. Now, as I understand, she already had the
 9 car. Correct?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. So you just had to go to the rent a car
 12 place, the Dollar Rent a Car and do the paperwork.
 13 Is that correct?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. Okay. So they didn't have to see the car
 16 again, you didn't have to bring it back?
 17 A. No.
 18 Q. So, with respect to what's on this page
 19 six of Exhibit 2, your contact with A. was to hand
 20 her the flowers. Correct?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. Okay. You didn't need her for purposes
 23 of re-renting the car. Correct?
 24 A. No.
 25 Q. Did you go with her to rent the car in

Page 121

1 the first instance?
 2 A. No, I brought it to the house.
 3 Q. Okay. You rented the car and brought it
 4 to the house. Correct?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 Q. Did you list her as a driver on the
 7 application?
 8 A. I don't remember, sir.
 9 Q. But it's your understanding that only she
 10 was driving the car. Correct?
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. Let me go to some of the other pages in
 13 this exhibit. If you look at page one, that's
 14 your signature on this check?
 15 A. Yes.
 16 Q. And this Colonial Bank, is that the
 17 account where the house account was located?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. As you indicated you were a signatory on
 20 that account and so was Ghislaine Maxwell?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. Okay. And is this how you would obtain
 23 generally cash from the account, you would write a
 24 check to cash?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 122

1 Q. I see on this page two you endorsed the
 2 check. Correct?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. And then there is another page three of
 5 the check dated December 8, 2004. Correct?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. And that's also a thousand dollars?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. And one of the uses of this cash would be
 10 to pay the girls who came to give massages.
 11 Correct?
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 14 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 15 Q. That's your endorsement on page four of
 16 this exhibit. Correct?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. Exhibit 2?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. The page 7 through 11 appear to be
 21 statement history or statement list. Do you see
 22 that?
 23 A. Yes.
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:

Page 123

1 Q. And this is for the account that --
 2 A. Household account.
 3 Q. That's for the household account?
 4 A. Uh-huh.
 5 Q. Do you recall why this was printed out
 6 or --
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 THE WITNESS: I don't remember, sir.
 9 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 10 Q. I notice there are some incoming wires
 11 indicated on this dated December 6th and
 12 December 15th. I take it the account was funded
 13 through the incoming wires. Correct?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. Would there be communication that more
 16 money is needed in the account, how would that
 17 work?
 18 A. I would call Bella in New York and she
 19 would put money into that account.
 20 Q. Okay. Did you say how much you needed or
 21 you just said you need more money?
 22 A. I will say the amount and she put in the
 23 money.
 24 Q. Okay. It seems to be an odd amount
 25 \$13,551.17, how did you determine that?

Page 124

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 2 THE WITNESS: Probably it came from
 3 another account, sir, but I don't know.
 4 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 5 Q. I'm sorry, a what?
 6 A. Another account, but the amount why is
 7 that odd, I don't know.
 8 Q. You don't recall the reason for that
 9 particular amount?
 10 A. No.
 11 Q. And the next, 9,747.32, you don't recall?
 12 A. No.
 13 Q. Okay. Was there like a minimum which
 14 would trigger you to say I need more money in that
 15 account?
 16 A. Below 2,000, yes, I would have to call
 17 for more money.
 18 Q. Below 2,000 was the rule. Correct?
 19 A. Yes, more or less, sir.
 20 Q. Okay. Just look at the last page of the
 21 exhibit. Again, is that your handwriting?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. On the upper left where it says check
 24 written by Alfredo Rodriguez --
 25 A. Yes.

Page 125

1 Q. -- what's the first word there?
 2 A. Last check written by.
 3 Q. Alfredo Rodriguez. I take it this is the
 4 last check written while you were employed?
 5 A. Something like that, yes.
 6 Q. Okay. But that's your handwriting?
 7 A. Yes, it is.
 8 Q. And this was a payroll check. Is that
 9 correct?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. For Jerome Pierre?
 12 A. You know, why I wrote this is because he
 13 went until he become under the New York office
 14 jurisdiction so I didn't pay him after that.
 15 Q. So he went to New York?
 16 A. Yes.
 17 Q. And worked for Mr. Epstein?
 18 A. No, no, he work here but his check came
 19 from New York.
 20 Q. Okay. Now, was it shortly after this
 21 that you left the employ of Mr. Epstein?
 22 A. I left at the end of February.
 23 Q. Why did you leave?
 24 A. The reason I was let go because they told
 25 me I took the wrong Suburban to Miami. Mrs.

Page 126

1 Maxwell called me and said Jeffrey was upset
 2 because you took the wrong Suburban, and it was an
 3 excuse to fire me.
 4 Q. Okay. And Ms. Maxwell gave you the news?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 Q. You never spoke to Jeffrey Epstein about
 7 that?
 8 A. No.
 9 Q. By wrong Suburban I take it he had more
 10 than one?
 11 A. There were two identical black Suburbans.
 12 One had XM radio the other one didn't.
 13 Q. I see. By Suburban you mean Chevrolet
 14 Suburban?
 15 A. Yes, sir.
 16 Q. SUV?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. And you had instructions to take the one
 19 with --
 20 A. Without the XM radio.
 21 Q. Without the XM radio.
 22 A. But somehow, you know, they're both
 23 identical vehicles, you know.
 24 Q. And do you recall what you were doing on
 25 this trip with that Suburban?

Page 127

1 A. I went to my house to Miami.
 2 Q. So you took it home for a weekend?
 3 A. More or less, yes.
 4 Q. That's when Mr. Epstein wasn't there?
 5 A. He allowed me to go there while he was
 6 there and he find out that I took the wrong
 7 Suburban.
 8 Q. Okay. Was that unusual that he would
 9 allow you to go to Miami while he was there?
 10 A. No.
 11 Q. Okay. Because I thought earlier you
 12 testified --
 13 A. He arrived early one day and he wanted to
 14 have the Suburban there.
 15 Q. I see. So you didn't know he was going
 16 to be in Palm Beach at the time?
 17 A. Sarah told me that it's not necessary you
 18 have to be right here now but you can come here
 19 later, and then they find out I have the wrong
 20 Suburban, something like that.
 21 Q. I see. And did he give you like a
 22 notice, two weeks?
 23 A. No, he told me at the end of the month --
 24 yeah, something like two or three weeks. He paid
 25 me for two months, I guess.

Page 128

1 MR. CRITTON: Form of the last question
 2 as to did he tell you.
 3 THE WITNESS: No, no, he didn't. I kept
 4 getting checks but I knew I was no longer
 5 with them.
 6 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 7 Q. Okay. But you continued to work until
 8 the end of February?
 9 A. Yes.
 10 Q. And this was sometime before that?
 11 A. Yeah.
 12 Q. Two or three weeks before that?
 13 A. Could be two weeks, yeah.
 14 Q. Have you had any occasion to speak to Mr.
 15 Epstein after you've left his employ?
 16 A. I called the office and I talk to Lesley
 17 but not Mr. Epstein.
 18 Q. And what was your occasion to call the
 19 office and speak to Lesley?
 20 A. I wanted to confirm that I work for him
 21 to put in my resume as a reference so Lesley wrote
 22 a letter to me.
 23 Q. Okay. So Lesley, again, she is in New
 24 York?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 129

1 Q. And she wrote a letter of reference for
 2 you at your request?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. What about Mr. Epstein himself, did you
 5 ever speak to him after you left his employment?
 6 A. No, never.
 7 Q. What about Sarah Kellen, did you ever
 8 speak to her after that?
 9 A. Never again.
 10 Q. Did any investigators contact you for Mr.
 11 Epstein after you left his employment?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. Okay. Tell me about that.
 14 A. They went to my house in Miami and they
 15 tell me that they work for Mr. Jeffrey Epstein, so
 16 that we make a meeting in Miami Lakes at Don Shula
 17 Hotel, we spoke for a couple of hours.
 18 Q. When was this?
 19 A. This was in two years after that,
 20 probably -- 2005, I think.
 21 Q. Well it was --
 22 A. No, no, I'm sorry, 2006. I left in '05
 23 and this started in 2006.
 24 Q. Okay. Do you recall when in 2006?
 25 A. I can call my wife but I don't remember

Page 130

1 the month.
 2 Q. Now, why would your wife know?
 3 A. Because they knock on my door and, you
 4 know, say well we are the head of security Mr.
 5 Epstein, and my wife knew where I work and
 6 everything and so she called me.
 7 Q. Where were you working at the time?
 8 A. I had my own restaurant in Miami.
 9 Q. What was the name of your restaurant?
 10 A. El Cristol.
 11 Q. El Cristol?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. That's with a C?
 14 A. E-L C-R-I-S-T-O-L.
 15 Q. Okay. And you own the restaurant?
 16 A. No, I sold it.
 17 Q. But at the time you owned it?
 18 A. Yes, my wife and I.
 19 Q. So these two people knock on your door
 20 when your wife is there. Correct?
 21 A. Yes.
 22 Q. And they say they're head of security for
 23 Mr. Epstein. Correct?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. And do you know what their names were?

Page 131

1 A. I don't remember, sir, right now.
 2 Q. Okay. And then you met with them at the
 3 Don Shula Hotel?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. For approximately two hours?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. And what did you discuss?
 8 A. They ask me who I talk to and that Mr.
 9 Epstein wanted to offer me a lawyer, I declined
 10 because I was working there, I had nothing to do
 11 with this. My wife told me this but, you know, I
 12 don't need a lawyer, why do I need a lawyer.
 13 Q. Your wife told you you didn't need a
 14 lawyer?
 15 A. Yeah, something to that, you know. They
 16 offered me because working for Mr. Epstein maybe I
 17 had something to do, anything, I haven't done
 18 anything wrong so I said I declined.
 19 Q. Did they interview you about what you
 20 observed while you were working at the house?
 21 A. I'm sorry, what?
 22 Q. Did they interview you about what you
 23 observed while you were working at Mr. Epstein's
 24 residence?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 132

1 Q. And what do you recall telling them?
 2 A. I told them that my job duties, the
 3 hours, if I remember any names, where did I go.
 4 Q. Was this before or after you spoke to
 5 Detective Recarey?
 6 A. Before.
 7 Q. About how long before?
 8 A. Three months before.
 9 Q. And for your interview with Detective
 10 Recarey you were subpoenaed. Is that correct?
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. Had you spoken to Detective Recarey or
 13 anyone from the Palm Beach Police before that
 14 time?
 15 A. No, he went to my house.
 16 Q. Did these investigators tell you to
 17 expect that you were going to get contacted by the
 18 Palm Beach Police?
 19 A. No.
 20 Q. Did they tell you what you should say if
 21 you were interviewed about Mr. Epstein?
 22 A. No.
 23 Q. Anything else you can recall them saying
 24 to you during this conversation during the meeting
 25 at the Don Shula Hotel?

Page 133

1 A. No.
 2 Q. Did they make any kind of threat to you?
 3 A. No, I don't believe so.
 4 Q. You don't believe so?
 5 A. No.
 6 Q. Was there anything they knew about you
 7 that you may have been surprised about?
 8 A. I'm sorry, what was that?
 9 Q. Was there any information that they knew
 10 about you that you were surprised they knew about?
 11 A. No, no.
 12 Q. Did you have any other meetings with
 13 them?
 14 A. I saw them twice.
 15 Q. Okay. Once was at the Don Shula Hotel?
 16 A. Yes. And the other one we met I think
 17 that was outside my house. He came into my house.
 18 Q. Was that a planned meeting?
 19 A. No, he just -- my main gate told me that
 20 so and so is -- you know, so he was waiting at my
 21 house.
 22 MS. EZELL: I'm sorry, who told you?
 23 THE WITNESS: I have security at the
 24 complex where I live and they told me that
 25 this gentleman was waiting for me.

Page 134

1 MS. EZELL: The main gate, is that what
2 you said?
3 THE WITNESS: Yes.
4 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
5 Q. Okay. So that was an unplanned visit?
6 A. Yes.
7 Q. That was after the meeting at the Don
8 Shula Hotel or before?
9 A. That was before.
10 Q. So I understand the sequence, two men
11 came to your door when your wife was there.
12 Correct?
13 A. Actually -- yes, yes, exactly. Then we
14 met at the Don Shula.
15 Q. So then you met at the Don Shula?
16 A. Yes.
17 Q. And when did the man come to your house?
18 A. It was like two weeks before that or
19 something like that.
20 Q. Two weeks before you met at the Don
21 Shula?
22 A. Yes.
23 Q. And what did you discuss when he came to
24 your house?
25 A. The same questions I told the guy in Don

Page 135

1 Shula, and he sit down in a pad in my house and
2 took notes who do I know, the phone numbers, if I
3 talk to anybody. That was it.
4 Q. And you hadn't spoken to anybody about
5 Mr. Epstein before that?
6 A. No.
7 Q. The man who came to your house, was he
8 one of the same men that you met with at the Don
9 Shula Hotel?
10 A. Yes.
11 Q. And you don't recall his name?
12 A. No, sir.
13 Q. Did he explain to you why he was
14 conducting this investigation and asking you these
15 questions and seeking information from you?
16 A. No. He just wanted to know if I talked
17 to anybody outside the house. I was bound by a
18 confidential agreement so I stick to that.
19 Q. Okay. So you signed a confidentiality
20 agreement with Mr. Epstein?
21 A. Yes.
22 Q. Okay. When did you sign that?
23 A. When I was hired.
24 Q. And what did that agreement provide?
25 A. I shouldn't discuss anything, you know.

Page 136

1 Q. And your understanding of that was that
2 was indefinite, that would last --
3 A. To this day I don't understand the extent
4 of that but, you know, I think I did my job and
5 I'm out of it, you know.
6 At the moment when these people went to
7 ask me questions I thought I was bound with that
8 confidentiality agreement but because I was
9 subpoena in Palm Beach County and they asked me if
10 you know this and this and the phone numbers, you
11 have to tell the truth.
12 Q. All right. I understand. But you
13 understand that a confidentiality agreement -- let
14 me strike that.
15 I assume your understanding or is your
16 understanding -- let me start again.
17 Is your understanding that under a
18 confidentiality agreement if you're not outside of
19 a subpoena, outside of a legal obligation to talk
20 with someone you weren't allowed to talk to anyone
21 about Mr. Epstein?
22 A. Exactly.
23 Q. When these investigators came to your
24 door did you have to verify that they in fact
25 worked for Mr. Epstein?

Page 137

1 A. They gave me all the information, they
2 told me I'm the head of security for Mr. Epstein.
3 Q. Okay.
4 A. They identified themselves with a name
5 and number and everything. I have probably for
6 awhile a business card, but I don't remember their
7 names.
8 Q. Okay. You think you still have the
9 business cards still?
10 A. Yes.
11 Q. What about the confidentiality agreement,
12 do you still have that?
13 A. No, that was kept with Mr. Epstein.
14 Q. He didn't give you a copy?
15 A. No.
16 Q. Did you have an employment contract?
17 A. No.
18 Q. Did you ever speak to any lawyer
19 representing Mr. Epstein?
20 A. Yes.
21 Q. Who did you speak to?
22 A. Jack Goldberger.
23 Q. When did you talk to Mr. Goldberger?
24 A. This was a year ago -- no, two years ago.
25 Q. Was this before or after you had spoken

1 to the detective --
 2 A. After.
 3 Q. Let me finish the question. Was this
 4 before or after you spoke to Detective Recarey?
 5 A. After.
 6 Q. And what did Mr. Goldberger say to you,
 7 what did you say to him?
 8 A. I said to him the FBI is involved now and
 9 I want to know what I'm supposed to do.
 10 Q. Did you contact Mr. Goldberger?
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. So he didn't call you, you called him?
 13 A. No, I called him.
 14 Q. How did you know to call him?
 15 A. Because I looked in the yellow pages.
 16 Q. But you knew Mr. Epstein's lawyer was
 17 Jack Goldberger?
 18 A. Yeah, exactly, because I was looking at
 19 the news. I read the Palm Beach Daily News every
 20 day so I call him and then the FBI, very nice
 21 people, they said they wanted to meet with me.
 22 Q. Okay. So this is before you met with the
 23 FBI agents you spoke with Jack Goldberger.
 24 Correct?
 25 A. Yes.

1 Q. Okay. And you knew Jack Goldberger was
 2 the attorney for Jeffrey Epstein because you read
 3 that in the newspaper?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. Again, about how long ago was this?
 6 A. That was -- I was working for the
 7 Hammond's so that was in 2006.
 8 Q. Okay. Had you received a grand jury
 9 subpoena?
 10 A. No, no. We just -- they asked me, they
 11 went to my house again.
 12 Q. The FBI again?
 13 A. Yes. A male and female agents, my wife
 14 told them I was working in Palm Beach and I
 15 couldn't leave so they wanted to meet me there.
 16 Q. In Palm Beach?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. But you found out that they were looking
 19 for you, you called Jack Goldberger?
 20 A. No, no, that was --
 21 Q. Go ahead and clarify that, sorry.
 22 A. Okay. Yeah, I called him before I met
 23 the FBI I called Jack Goldberger.
 24 Q. I guess my question is, at the time you
 25 called him did you know that the FBI wanted to

1 speak with you?
 2 A. Yes.
 3 Q. So before you spoke with them you called
 4 Mr. Goldberger?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 Q. Why?
 7 A. Because I wanted to see if I have any --
 8 I don't know, I didn't have a lawyer on my side, I
 9 wanted to see -- I feel like -- I don't know, I
 10 needed legal advice and somehow I call him. I
 11 should have had my own attorney but, you know, he
 12 said it's okay, you know, just speak the truth.
 13 Q. Okay. Again, what else do you recall
 14 about the conversation that you had?
 15 A. With Jack Goldberger?
 16 Q. Yes.
 17 A. That was very brief conversation, you
 18 know, I ask him this and he said tell the truth.
 19 Q. Was it by telephone?
 20 A. Yes, by phone, I never met him in person.
 21 Q. And all you recall him telling you was
 22 say the truth?
 23 A. Yes.
 24 Q. And then you met with the FBI agents?
 25 A. Yes.

1 Q. In Palm Beach?
 2 A. In Palm Beach.
 3 Q. And that was when you were working there?
 4 A. I'm sorry?
 5 Q. That was when you were working as a house
 6 manager in Palm Beach?
 7 A. Yes.
 8 Q. Any other lawyers you speak to for Mr.
 9 Epstein?
 10 A. I contacted him.
 11 Q. You contacted Mr. Critton?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. Okay. When did you do that?
 14 A. When I find out that Mr. Epstein was
 15 going to be out and I say, well, I don't know if
 16 anybody was going to contact me or something.
 17 Like I said before, you know, he was
 18 probably on my side that I want to know if I need
 19 to do something because I'm a witness, very
 20 important witness in this case and so I told him
 21 exactly what I'm telling you today, and he pay for
 22 my gas because my car was -- and that's it.
 23 Q. Okay. So you called Mr. Critton, he
 24 didn't call you?
 25 A. No, I call him.

Page 142

1 Q. Okay. And this was when you found out
 2 that Mr. --
 3 A. No, I called Jack Goldberger, I'm sorry,
 4 and somebody give me his number.
 5 Q. I see. And what prompted you to call him
 6 was you saw that Mr. Epstein was getting out of
 7 jail?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 MR. CRITTON: Him meaning Mr. Goldberger?
 10 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Yes.
 11 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 12 Q. I'll restate the question.
 13 When you called Mr. Goldberger it was
 14 because you had read that Mr. Epstein was getting
 15 out of jail?
 16 A. Yes.
 17 Q. Why did that prompt you to seek legal
 18 advice or legal counsel?
 19 A. Because I know -- I don't have money for
 20 lawyers right now, I'm unemployed. So the normal
 21 thing for me is to say, okay, what I'm supposed to
 22 do here, you know, maybe they can refer me to
 23 another lawyer or something.
 24 Q. Okay. Was this after you received a
 25 subpoena for the deposition that you're here on

Page 143

1 today, the first subpoena?
 2 A. Before.
 3 Q. Before you were subpoenaed?
 4 A. Before.
 5 Q. I'm trying to understand why did you
 6 think that you would be contacted again as a
 7 witness because Mr. Epstein was getting out of
 8 jail?
 9 A. I think you're right. I got the
 10 subpoena, yes, yes.
 11 Q. Okay. You got the subpoena for the civil
 12 deposition?
 13 A. Yes, exactly.
 14 Q. Which is why we're here today?
 15 A. Exactly.
 16 Q. And after you received that subpoena you
 17 called Mr. Goldberger?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. And he referred you to Mr. Critton?
 20 A. Yes.
 21 Q. And then you spoke to Mr. Critton?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. And what did you say to him, what did he
 24 say to you?
 25 A. I'm going to subpoena -- I don't have a

Page 144

1 lawyer, what I'm supposed to do here. And he told
 2 me the same thing, to tell the truth, you know.
 3 It was with his assistant.
 4 Q. It was with his assistant?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 Q. You didn't speak to him personally?
 7 A. No, we sit down in a room.
 8 Q. So you drove up to West Palm Beach?
 9 A. Yeah.
 10 Q. Okay. And you had a sit down meeting
 11 with Mr. Critton?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. About how long did that last?
 14 A. Two hours, something like that.
 15 Q. Any other lawyers did you speak to about
 16 Mr. Epstein?
 17 A. No.
 18 Q. Any other investigators that you haven't
 19 mentioned yet today that you spoke to about Mr.
 20 Epstein?
 21 A. No.
 22 Q. Okay. Any other person employed by Mr.
 23 Epstein did you speak to after --
 24 A. No.
 25 Q. Current or former employees, did you

Page 145

1 speak to anyone else after you left his employ?
 2 A. No.
 3 Q. You never spoke to Sarah Kellen again?
 4 A. No.
 5 Q. Did you have a cell phone when you worked
 6 for Mr. Epstein?
 7 A. Yes, I did.
 8 Q. Was that a cell phone provided by Mr.
 9 Epstein?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. What was the phone number on that?
 12 A. Area code 561 but I don't remember.
 13 Q. What was the -- do you remember the
 14 service provider?
 15 A. AT&T.
 16 Q. That account was in the name of Mr.
 17 Epstein?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 20 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 21 Q. Other than what you turned over to Mr.
 22 Recarey is there any other papers that you kept
 23 relating to your employment with Mr. Epstein?
 24 A. No.
 25 Q. And he never gave anything back to you;

Page 146

1 correct, that you handed to him?
 2 A. I'm sorry, who?
 3 Q. Detective Recarey.
 4 A. No, sir.
 5 Q. Did you ever give any papers to any of
 6 the lawyers for Mr. Epstein either Mr. Goldberger
 7 or Mr. Critton?
 8 A. No.
 9 Q. What about the investigators, did you
 10 give them any papers or documents?
 11 A. No.
 12 Q. I'm going to ask you some names of girls
 13 who are alleged to have come over to the house,
 14 Mr. Epstein's residence in Palm Beach and ask you
 15 if you recall these girls or what you recall.
 16 H.R.?
 17 A. I believe so.
 18 MR. CRITTON: I'm sorry?
 19 THE WITNESS: I believe so.
 20 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 21 Q. What do you remember about H.R.?
 22 A. She used to come to the house.
 23 Q. And did you bring her into the kitchen?
 24 A. All the girls I brought into the kitchen,
 25 it was the same routine.

Page 147

1 Q. Okay. Was it your understanding she came
 2 to give Mr. Epstein a massage?
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 THE WITNESS: I don't know, sir.
 5 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 6 Q. Did she come with another girl?
 7 A. I don't remember, sir.
 8 Q. Did she come often?
 9 A. I'm sorry?
 10 Q. Would she come to the house often?
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. You don't remember whether she came
 13 alone, with another girl, or two other girls?
 14 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 15 THE WITNESS: I don't remember, sir.
 16 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 17 Q. Did you ever see Mr. Epstein and H.R.
 18 together?
 19 A. No.
 20 Q. You would just escort her into the
 21 kitchen?
 22 A. Yes, sir.
 23 Q. Did you pay H.R.?
 24 A. I don't remember, sir. Probably I did,
 25 sir.

Page 148

1 Q. But you don't remember?
 2 A. I don't remember.
 3 Q. Why do you say probably you did?
 4 A. Because I was the person in charge of
 5 paying and I probably did because if it was not me
 6 it was her.
 7 Q. Because what?
 8 A. If it was not me it was Sarah.
 9 Q. If it wasn't you it was Sarah. Okay.
 10 But you were paying girls for massages.
 11 Correct?
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 14 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 15 Q. V., do you recall a girl named V.?
 16 A. No.
 17 Q. V.Z.?
 18 A. No.
 19 Q. Does that ring a bell at all?
 20 A. No.
 21 Q. How about Y.?
 22 A. No, sir.
 23 Q. Y.L.?
 24 A. No.
 25 Q. M.L.?

Page 149

1 A. No.
 2 Q. What about F.P.?
 3 A. Who?
 4 Q. F.P.
 5 A. No, sir.
 6 Q. You don't recall any of those names. You
 7 indicated you used the computer in the house?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. Did he have a server where all the
 10 computers are linked?
 11 A. We used to Citrix but because there were
 12 too many properties we used to have a guy who used
 13 to take care of the --
 14 Q. Were the computers linked in Florida and
 15 New York?
 16 A. I believe so, yes.
 17 Q. Were there data files on the computers --
 18 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 19 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 20 Q. -- in the house?
 21 A. I don't know, sir, because I was using my
 22 own computer and they have their own computers
 23 inside the house.
 24 Q. Okay. So you had your own computer?
 25 A. Yes.

Page 150

1 Q. You had a laptop?
 2 A. No, it was desktop.
 3 Q. Okay. So you had your own desktop in the
 4 staff house?
 5 A. Yeah. Exactly.
 6 Q. And you don't know what was -- what was
 7 the files in that computer versus on the other
 8 computers?
 9 A. No, sir.
 10 Q. Did you ever see any pornography on any
 11 of the computers?
 12 A. No, sir.
 13 Q. Are you sure about that?
 14 A. Pornography as in sexual acts, no.
 15 Q. Pornography as in naked people, men or
 16 women.
 17 A. Yeah, there were some.
 18 Q. Okay. And describe to me what that was.
 19 A. They were like models.
 20 Q. And where were those in the computer? I
 21 mean, how did you access that?
 22 A. They were in the files and some of it
 23 in -- you mean which file they were, what was your
 24 question?
 25 Q. Where were they in the computer? There

Page 151

1 were downloaded files on computer?
 2 A. They were downloaded, yes.
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 5 Q. Okay. There were photographs of naked
 6 women?
 7 A. Models.
 8 Q. And why do you say models?
 9 A. Because it was like a catalog so you have
 10 models, you know.
 11 Q. And what was your understanding as a
 12 source of these photos?
 13 A. I don't know, sir. It was just a
 14 curiosity on myself and it was -- it was none of
 15 my business but, you know, I just happen to see
 16 them there.
 17 Q. Did these girls appear very young to you?
 18 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 19 THE WITNESS: No, sir. They were young
 20 but not underage.
 21 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 22 Q. Is there anything in particular that
 23 makes you draw that conclusion?
 24 A. Because they are developed, you know.
 25 It's hard to say, sir, you know.

Page 152

1 Q. The girls who came to the house for
 2 massages, did you ever call a cab to bring any of
 3 the girls home?
 4 A. Probably on a few occasions.
 5 Q. So is it your understanding that they
 6 would have arrived by cab as well?
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 9 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 10 Q. And how would that come about, were you
 11 given instructions to call a cab by anyone?
 12 A. No, I would call the cab, the taxi.
 13 Q. How did you know a cab needed to be
 14 called?
 15 A. Because Sarah would tell me can you get
 16 me a taxi.
 17 Q. So when the girl was finished what she
 18 was doing Sarah would come to you and say --
 19 A. She would call me.
 20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 21 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 22 Q. She would call you?
 23 A. Yes.
 24 Q. Okay. You would be in the guest house at
 25 the time?

Page 153

1 A. Yes.
 2 Q. Do you recall having to do that often?
 3 A. No, not very often, sir.
 4 Q. Did Mr. Epstein keep photograph equipment
 5 in the house?
 6 A. I don't remember seeing it.
 7 Q. Do you recall seeing any video equipment?
 8 A. No, sir.
 9 Q. Do you recall any video or photograph
 10 equipment in the master bedroom?
 11 A. No, sir.
 12 Q. The models that you saw on the computer,
 13 did you recognize any of them as having been at
 14 the house?
 15 A. No.
 16 Q. The girls who stayed at the house, did
 17 any of them speak with a foreign accent?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. Many of them?
 20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 21 THE WITNESS: Some of them.
 22 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 23 Q. Would any of them not speak any English?
 24 A. No.
 25 Q. They all spoke English?

Page 154

1 A. They all --
 2 Q. But some of them had accents?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. Were they from one place in particular?
 5 A. Europe.
 6 Q. Eastern Europe?
 7 A. Could be.
 8 MR. CRITTON: Did you say could be, is
 9 that what you said?
 10 THE WITNESS: Could be.
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 12 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 13 Q. That would be your guess as to where they
 14 were from?
 15 A. Yes, but I'm not an expert in languages,
 16 sir, but they had accent.
 17 Q. Do you know how Mr. Epstein came into
 18 contact with these girls or became friends with
 19 them?
 20 A. No, sir.
 21 Q. Did you ever talk to any of them about
 22 how they met Mr. Epstein?
 23 A. No.
 24 Q. Did you and the other members of the
 25 staff that worked for you, did you ever talk about

Page 155

1 Mr. Epstein?
 2 A. Sometimes.
 3 Q. What kind of things would you talk about?
 4 A. Where do you think these girls are from,
 5 what are they doing, you know, are they going to
 6 college, Louella used to ask me that, but I mean,
 7 beyond that we didn't --
 8 Q. By these girls which ones are you
 9 referring to?
 10 A. The one that were coming in the plane.
 11 Q. Plane. You didn't have that kind of --
 12 A. Louella was gone by 5:00. Five p.m. she
 13 was gone. She would work from eight to five. So
 14 most of the early evening I was there by myself.
 15 Q. Okay. But the question was, did you ever
 16 talk with Louella about the girls who were coming
 17 for massages?
 18 A. No.
 19 Q. And that would have been before 5:00 as
 20 well. Right?
 21 A. Yeah.
 22 Q. So she saw girls coming?
 23 A. Yeah, exactly, but we never -- we didn't
 24 have a chance because we were busy, you know. But
 25 we never had that conversation.

Page 156

1 Q. Okay. But you did speculate with Louella
 2 about the girls who stayed at the house and flew
 3 in with Mr. Epstein. Correct?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: Sometimes, yes.
 6 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 7 Q. Were there rumors that either you or her
 8 heard about those girls?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 THE WITNESS: No.
 11 BY MR. MERMELSTEIN:
 12 Q. Do you remember anything more specific
 13 about things Louella may have observed about these
 14 girls?
 15 A. No.
 16 Q. Anyone else that you spoke to about --
 17 A. No, nobody.
 18 Q. Nobody else on the staff you ever spoke
 19 to about any of the girls?
 20 A. No.
 21 MR. MERMELSTEIN: Why don't we break and
 22 I'm going to pass the baton.
 23 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're off the record.
 24 (Thereupon, a recess was had.)
 25 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the

Page 157

1 record tape with number four.
 2 EXAMINATION
 3 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 4 Q. Mr. Rodriguez, my name is Brad Edwards, I
 5 represent in these cases E.W. who is -- and I'll
 6 tell you right now, C.W., we talked about
 7 earlier --
 8 (Thereupon, an interruption was had.)
 9 MR. CRITTON: We're ready.
 10 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 11 Q. I represent L.M., who is T.M., I'm going
 12 to ask you some questions about her as well, and
 13 Jane Doe, S.R.
 14 Are those names that you're familiar
 15 with?
 16 A. Currently, yes.
 17 Q. How about T.?
 18 A. How do you spell her?
 19 Q. (Off the record.)
 20 A. Yeah, I remember her.
 21 Q. You remember what she looks like?
 22 A. If I see her I will remember her.
 23 Q. During the six month or so period that
 24 you worked there how often would you see T.?
 25 A. Okay, to answer the question, when Mr.

Page 158

1 Epstein was not there obviously the house was shut
 2 down. When Mr. Epstein was here probably twice a
 3 week.
 4 Q. Okay. And going back to C.W., how often
 5 would you see her?
 6 A. More often.
 7 Q. More often than T.?
 8 A. Yeah.
 9 Q. If you saw T. twice a week then how often
 10 would you see C.?
 11 A. I will say three to four times.
 12 Q. Per week?
 13 A. Yes.
 14 Q. And do you remember S.R. at all?
 15 A. She goes under another name?
 16 Q. I wouldn't think so.
 17 A. No, I don't remember her.
 18 Q. Okay. And when you would see either T.
 19 or C., in what context would you see them; at
 20 Jeffrey Epstein's house?
 21 A. Yes. C. used to call me.
 22 Q. She used to call you directly?
 23 A. Yeah, no, well, I used to take the
 24 message from her, I clearly remember that, but not
 25 S. or --

Page 159

1 Q. T.?
 2 A. T.
 3 Q. When C. would call you what would she
 4 typically say to you?
 5 A. I just looking at some of the messages I
 6 took, that's exactly what it is, I got females for
 7 him.
 8 Q. Okay. And when C. herself would come to
 9 Jeffrey Epstein's house, what would she come there
 10 to do?
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 12 THE WITNESS: I assume they were
 13 massages.
 14 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 15 Q. Okay. You thought that C.W. was a
 16 masseuse?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. Okay. You mentioned earlier you have a
 19 daughter. Right?
 20 A. Yes.
 21 Q. And your daughter is 20?
 22 A. 20, and I have a 16 year old.
 23 Q. C.W. is 21, so back in 2004, 2005, we're
 24 talking about a 15 year old girl.
 25 Is that you thought that the 15 year old

Page 160

1 girl was at Jeffrey Epstein's house, just so the
 2 record is clear, to give a massage, you thought
 3 she was a masseuse?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: It's hard to answer to say
 6 yes or no. At that time -- let me put it
 7 this way. I saw these girls coming into the
 8 house to have a good time. But I didn't
 9 know or I was not interested if it was going
 10 to be a massage or something else, that was
 11 my opinion. Now, they look young but, I
 12 mean, I never thought they were underage.
 13 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 14 Q. Okay. Do you recall C. when she would
 15 come to the house she actually had braces when she
 16 was visiting Mr. Epstein?
 17 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 18 THE WITNESS: I don't remember that.
 19 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 20 Q. Okay. C. when she was coming over the
 21 house -- I'm using her for an example because it
 22 seems you remember her the best of T., C., and S.
 23 Right?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. It seemed like she was relatively the age

Page 161

1 of your daughter?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 THE WITNESS: It's hard to say.
 4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 5 Q. You wouldn't be shocked to know that she
 6 was the age of your daughter though. Right?
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 THE WITNESS: No.
 9 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 10 Q. Okay. And T. the same, I mean, you
 11 wouldn't be surprised if you learned that she was
 12 14, 15, 16 years old going over to Jeffrey
 13 Epstein's house, that doesn't shock you either.
 14 Right?
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 THE WITNESS: (Shakes head.)
 17 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 18 Q. For the record, I just need you to answer
 19 out loud.
 20 A. No.
 21 Q. Okay. You mentioned that you knew that
 22 they were coming over, you thought they were
 23 coming over to have a -- I'll use your words, to
 24 have a good time.
 25 What made you believe these girls were

Page 162

1 coming over to his house to have a good time? And
 2 then I think you finished by saying I didn't know
 3 if they were doing massages or something else.
 4 Just elaborate on that, what did you mean by that?
 5 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 6 THE WITNESS: Because they were cheerful,
 7 they were happy, like any young girl, you
 8 know, they would listen to I-pods, stuff
 9 like that. I think they were having a good
 10 time.
 11 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 12 Q. Okay. Other than being cheerful, happy,
 13 and listening to I-pods, what else do you remember
 14 about them that indicated to you that they were
 15 there to have a good time?
 16 A. I will say that knowing Jeffrey Epstein
 17 everybody that will met him he was -- because he
 18 was a reclusive mysterious man, getting to know
 19 him that close it was like a matter that you're
 20 going to get advance in life as modeling or acting
 21 career or something like that. Even so for men
 22 that used to go there they will have the probably
 23 doing business with him. Girls like that, the
 24 girls like including I'm talking about my girls,
 25 they like danger, so not danger with him but, I

Page 163

1 mean, that's my opinion, you know, they were
 2 having a good time, that's what I can say.
 3 Q. And when you said you're talking about
 4 your girl, did that mean for that minute you were
 5 thinking about your own daughter?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. And that she would be impressed by
 8 somebody like Mr. Epstein?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 THE WITNESS: Yes, exactly.
 11 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 12 Q. And somebody -- and that was common of
 13 visitors of Mr. Epstein to be impressed by him and
 14 hope that he could reward them by modelling or
 15 something else?
 16 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 17 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 18 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 19 Q. And getting to know him as well as you
 20 did, did that seem typical of the clientele or
 21 guests that would visit his house?
 22 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 23 THE WITNESS: I would say yes.
 24 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 25 Q. Okay. And you called him mysterious and

Page 164

1 reclusive and obviously you told us about his vast
 2 wealth. Right?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 6 Q. Are those characteristics things that you
 7 believe he used to get people over to his house
 8 such as these girls, C. and T.?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 11 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 12 Q. Okay. And when C. or T. -- and just so
 13 that we're not only talking about C. and T., those
 14 are two of the girls, but there were also many
 15 other girls that were relatively the same age as
 16 C. and T. that came over to his house to have a
 17 good time. Right?
 18 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 19 THE WITNESS: Can you rephrase that?
 20 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 21 Q. Yes. I mean, you told me that T. came
 22 over roughly twice a week, and C. came over three
 23 to four times a week. In addition to C. and T., I
 24 mean, obviously there is other attorneys in this
 25 room right now that represent other girls, there

Page 165

1 were many other girls roughly or approximately the
 2 same age as you would observe as C. and T. that
 3 came to his house frequently to have a good time?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 6 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 7 Q. During the six month period of time that
 8 you were there, can you give us your best
 9 approximation as to the number of girls that would
 10 come to Jeffrey's house in that age group of C.
 11 and T. that were there to have a good time?
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 14 Q. As you've classified it.
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 THE WITNESS: I would say eight.
 17 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 18 Q. There is eight that you remember?
 19 A. Eight, ten.
 20 Q. Could be more, could be less?
 21 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 22 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 23 Q. But that's your best approximation?
 24 A. (Shakes head.)
 25 Q. Do you have the names of these people

42 (Pages 162 to 165)

<p style="text-align: right;">Page 166</p> <p>1 written down anywhere?</p> <p>2 A. No.</p> <p>3 Q. It's my understanding that C. and T.</p> <p>4 either came to his house alone to visit with Mr.</p> <p>5 Epstein or brought other girls in their age group</p> <p>6 to Mr. Epstein.</p> <p>7 Were you familiar with that type of</p> <p>8 recruitment process of girls bringing other girls?</p> <p>9 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>10 THE WITNESS: Yes.</p> <p>11 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p> <p>12 Q. Can you tell me more about what you know</p> <p>13 about girls bringing other girls that are</p> <p>14 relatively the same age to come to Jeffrey</p> <p>15 Epstein's house and to use your words, have a good</p> <p>16 time?</p> <p>17 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>18 THE WITNESS: It's hard to know who they</p> <p>19 knew. But I think that was -- they feel</p> <p>20 better themselves when they're in a group</p> <p>21 than going by themselves, but I don't know</p> <p>22 somebody recruiting.</p> <p>23 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p> <p>24 Q. Okay. And you've talked about, at least</p> <p>25 referred to yourself I believe to the police and</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 168</p> <p>1 for now we'll call it a massage -- as well as</p> <p>2 anybody who brought that person over to the house,</p> <p>3 they would both get paid cash. Are you familiar</p> <p>4 with that?</p> <p>5 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>6 THE WITNESS: No.</p> <p>7 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p> <p>8 Q. If C. brought another girl over to the</p> <p>9 house and C. stayed downstairs but this other girl</p> <p>10 went upstairs with Mr. Epstein, which one would</p> <p>11 you pay?</p> <p>12 A. I don't know because I was told who to</p> <p>13 pay.</p> <p>14 Q. And Sarah Kellen always told you?</p> <p>15 A. Sarah told me pay so and so.</p> <p>16 Q. So if we were going to ask anybody else</p> <p>17 about the exact method in terms of who would get</p> <p>18 paid and for what, who would the people be? I</p> <p>19 mean, other than Mr. Epstein who else could we ask</p> <p>20 these questions?</p> <p>21 A. Sarah.</p> <p>22 Q. Sarah Kellen?</p> <p>23 A. Yes.</p> <p>24 Q. She would know this?</p> <p>25 A. Yes.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 167</p> <p>1 as well today as a human ATM machine. Right?</p> <p>2 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>3 THE WITNESS: Something like that. I was</p> <p>4 supposed to carry cash at all times.</p> <p>5 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p> <p>6 Q. One of the primary reasons why you</p> <p>7 carried cash was to pay the girls in this age</p> <p>8 group of C. and T. for whatever happened at the</p> <p>9 house. Right?</p> <p>10 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>11 THE WITNESS: Yes.</p> <p>12 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p> <p>13 Q. That's a fair statement. Right?</p> <p>14 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>15 THE WITNESS: Yes.</p> <p>16 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p> <p>17 Q. Okay. And when C., let's use her for</p> <p>18 example, would bring somebody else to the house,</p> <p>19 did you pay C. as well as whomever she brought to</p> <p>20 the house, pay them both?</p> <p>21 A. No, I pay only one person.</p> <p>22 Q. Okay. My understanding, and tell me if</p> <p>23 this is wrong or you can corroborate this, is that</p> <p>24 Mr. Epstein would pay the girl that was actually</p> <p>25 performing whatever was happening in the room --</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 169</p> <p>1 Q. What about Ghislaine Maxwell?</p> <p>2 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>3 THE WITNESS: You're talking about the</p> <p>4 boss. I don't know.</p> <p>5 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p> <p>6 Q. To your knowledge was Ghislaine Maxwell</p> <p>7 aware of these girls that are in the age group of</p> <p>8 C. and T. coming to Jeffrey Epstein's house to</p> <p>9 have a good time?</p> <p>10 MR. CRITTON: Form.</p> <p>11 THE WITNESS: I have to say something.</p> <p>12 Mrs. Maxwell called me and told me not to</p> <p>13 ever discuss or contact her again in a</p> <p>14 threaten way.</p> <p>15 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p> <p>16 Q. When was this?</p> <p>17 A. Right after I left because I call one of</p> <p>18 the friends for a job and she told me this, but,</p> <p>19 you know, I feel intimidated and so I want to keep</p> <p>20 her out.</p> <p>21 Q. What exactly did she say? First of all,</p> <p>22 was this a telephone call?</p> <p>23 A. Yes, she was in New York.</p> <p>24 Q. She called you on your cell phone?</p> <p>25 A. Yes.</p>

Page 170

1 Q. Is this the cell phone that was issued to
 2 you by Mr. Epstein?
 3 A. No, it was my personal phone. I was
 4 already --
 5 Q. Gone?
 6 A. Yeah, this is three, four months down the
 7 road.
 8 Q. So if you left in --
 9 A. February, March -- it was May or June.
 10 Q. Of 2005?
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. And you got a call from Ghislaine Maxwell
 13 out of the blue?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. And do you know what prompted that
 16 telephone call?
 17 A. Because I contact somebody in New York to
 18 get a job.
 19 Q. Who was that person?
 20 A. I contact Jean-Luc and I contact Eva, the
 21 Swedish girl, she used to be very good friends
 22 with Mr. Epstein because she asked me she need
 23 somebody in New York.
 24 Q. What does Eva do?
 25 A. Eva was a model many years ago and he

Page 171

1 married -- Eva is the mother of the girl who was
 2 on the wall.
 3 Q. Who is on the wall of Mr. Epstein's
 4 house?
 5 A. Yeah.
 6 Q. All right. There is a younger girl model
 7 that's on the wall of Mr. Epstein's house and this
 8 lady Eva is her mother?
 9 A. Yes.
 10 Q. And at some point in time you called her
 11 in New York to get a job?
 12 A. That's right.
 13 Q. And you also called Jean-Luc Bernell?
 14 That's his name. Right?
 15 A. Jean-Luc, yeah, I don't remember his last
 16 name.
 17 Q. Does that sound familiar to you, Jean-Luc
 18 Bernell?
 19 A. Yeah.
 20 Q. What did Eva and/or Jean-Luc say about
 21 employing you?
 22 A. No, they said they're going to find out
 23 and obviously the first thing they did was talk to
 24 Mrs. Maxwell.
 25 Q. She made a telephone call to you and what

Page 172

1 precisely did she say?
 2 A. She said I forbid you that you're going
 3 to be -- that I will be sorry if I contact any of
 4 her friends again.
 5 Q. Okay. Other than you will be sorry if
 6 you contact any of my friends again did she say
 7 anything else about what you know about Mr.
 8 Epstein and/or what goes on at his house?
 9 A. She said something like don't open your
 10 mouth or something like that. But you have to
 11 understand, I'm a civil humble, I came as an
 12 immigrant to service people, and right now you
 13 feel a little -- I'm 55 and I'm afraid. First of
 14 all, I don't have a job, but I'm glad this is on
 15 tape because I don't want nothing to happen to me.
 16 This is the way they treat you, better do this and
 17 you shut up and don't talk to nobody and --
 18 Q. When you say this is the way they treat,
 19 who specifically are you talking about when you
 20 say the word they?
 21 A. Maxwell.
 22 Q. And usually when you say the word they,
 23 you're not only talking about one person --
 24 A. Wealthy people.
 25 Q. Are you also putting Jeffrey Epstein in

Page 173

1 that category?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 THE WITNESS: I didn't talk to him
 4 directly most of the time.
 5 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 6 Q. What's the reason why if you were his
 7 head of security that you wouldn't have more
 8 direct contact with him? Why is that?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 THE WITNESS: He wanted that way, you
 11 know, so, yeah, I have to talk to Sarah,
 12 Sarah is not available talk to Lesley in New
 13 York. He didn't want to be disturbed.
 14 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 15 Q. Even while you were in the same house
 16 with him he still had other people you could talk
 17 to directly but he was not one of them?
 18 A. Yeah.
 19 Q. When you were fired you were not fired
 20 directly by him?
 21 A. No.
 22 Q. It was through somebody else?
 23 A. Ms. Maxwell.
 24 Q. Okay. But it was for upsetting him for
 25 taking the wrong car?

Page 174

1 A. Yes.
 2 Q. Okay. Ever since this communication that
 3 Ms. Maxwell made to you where she called you
 4 sometime in May or June of 2005, and have you felt
 5 threatened?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 9 Q. Have you felt reluctant to come forward
 10 and give truthful, honest, and full disclosure of
 11 all information that you know about this case?
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 THE WITNESS: I said this off the record
 14 but I will say it on the record, being in
 15 the Epstein case for me resulted in two
 16 years I have -- I won't bring the names but
 17 I was in the third interview to get hired as
 18 a household manager in Palm Beach and they
 19 told me you are the Jeffrey Epstein guy.
 20 Not in the sense I did something wrong
 21 because of the scandal, so they shun the job
 22 away from me. And so I was afraid that --
 23 this is very powerful people and one phone
 24 call and you finish, so I'm the little guy.
 25 Even I'm wearing a tie I'm a -- I'm talking

Page 175

1 from my heart. This is the way it is.
 2 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 3 Q. I feel for you, I'm sorry that you have
 4 to be in this position.
 5 MR. CRITTON: Move to strike this.
 6 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 7 Q. Well, when you applied for these jobs and
 8 they turned you down and gave you the reason that
 9 you're the person involved in the Jeffrey Epstein
 10 scandal, was it that they are associated or
 11 friends with Jeffrey Epstein or is it that you
 12 have information and you have this confidentiality
 13 but you're revealing some certain information that
 14 Mr. Epstein would not like?
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 THE WITNESS: Both.
 17 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 18 Q. Both?
 19 A. Both.
 20 Q. And since then given what you just told
 21 us about these people being very powerful, are you
 22 afraid for your life given the fact that you're
 23 involved to some extent in this case?
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 THE WITNESS: I just start thinking about

Page 176

1 this. Because I went through -- the first
 2 time I went to the deposition I was in Palm
 3 Beach and I did my duty, I mean, I tell what
 4 I know, but now I know there is more
 5 digging, all I want is this to be to get on
 6 with my normal life and stuff.
 7 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 8 Q. So when you come here today to testify,
 9 your main objective is to get back to your normal
 10 life and get out of the spotlight of this case.
 11 Yes?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. And in doing so have you held back some
 14 of the details that you know about that happened
 15 in this case to remove yourself from the
 16 spotlight?
 17 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 18 THE WITNESS: No, sir.
 19 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 20 Q. Okay. Have you ever talked to Ghislaine
 21 Maxwell after that telephone call where she called
 22 you and you felt threatened?
 23 A. No.
 24 Q. Okay. So going back to where we started
 25 here was, does Ghislaine Maxwell have knowledge of

Page 177

1 the girls that would come over to Jeffrey
 2 Epstein's house that are in roughly the same age
 3 group as C. and T. and to have a good time as you
 4 put it?
 5 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 6 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 7 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 8 Q. And what was her involvement and/or
 9 knowledge about that?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: She knew what was going on.
 12 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 13 Q. You referred to her at one point in time
 14 as Jeffrey Epstein's companion. But then later on
 15 you said that if she flew she flew on a different
 16 airplane and oftentimes or sometimes she slept in
 17 a different bed from Mr. Epstein. Did that seem
 18 unusual to you?
 19 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 20 THE WITNESS: It was odd but, I mean, and
 21 again, everything is odd in Palm Beach.
 22 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 23 Q. Okay, I don't mean to laugh.
 24 A. Mr. Epstein fly to Jet Aviation, she fly
 25 to Galaxy Aviation, but they never flew the same

Page 178

1 plane, I don't know why.
 2 Q. And did you ever find out why?
 3 A. No.
 4 Q. You never really inquired why?
 5 A. No.
 6 Q. That wasn't your job?
 7 A. (Shakes head.)
 8 Q. You were just there to do your job?
 9 A. Exactly.
 10 Q. Obviously at some point in time you see
 11 these girls coming over to Mr. Epstein's house to
 12 have a good time and over time you start wondering
 13 what is going on with Mr. Epstein and these girls.
 14 Right?
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 17 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 18 Q. And you understand that Mr. Epstein is a
 19 wealthy person that could have the best masseuse
 20 in the world come to his house. Yes?
 21 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 22 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 23 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 24 Q. These were not professional masseuses
 25 that were coming to his house to give massages.

Page 179

1 Right?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 5 Q. They were not?
 6 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 7 THE WITNESS: They were not the best but
 8 they say they were masseuses.
 9 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 10 Q. They said that or Sarah Kellen said that?
 11 Who is they? Is it Sarah Kellen and Jeffrey
 12 Epstein or is it C. and T. that would come and
 13 announce themselves as masseuses?
 14 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 15 THE WITNESS: We wanted to put the title
 16 masseuse.
 17 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 18 Q. Who is we?
 19 A. We the staff and Sarah.
 20 Q. Who taught you that these girls that are
 21 in T. and C. age group should be referred to as
 22 masseuses? Who taught you that title?
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 THE WITNESS: I just heard them, you
 25 know.

Page 180

1 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 2 Q. Who heard who?
 3 A. I heard Sarah going to be coming to give
 4 a massage.
 5 Q. Okay. When the girls would come in to
 6 Mr. Epstein's house, would you be the first one to
 7 meet them and greet them or would that be Sarah?
 8 A. Me.
 9 Q. And if C. came would she normally come
 10 alone or with somebody else?
 11 A. Sometimes she had a companion sometimes
 12 she was by herself.
 13 Q. Given C.'s age you never truly believed
 14 she was there as a masseuse; did you?
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 THE WITNESS: From the father point of
 17 view, no.
 18 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 19 Q. And that in conjunction with the fact
 20 that when she called she gives you messages such
 21 as I have girls to bring for Mr. Epstein lead you
 22 to believe that there was something more going on
 23 then massages at Mr. Epstein's house with these
 24 girls?
 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

Page 181

1 THE WITNESS: When I was working I didn't
 2 have the time to realize that, but now
 3 you're out and you start -- yes, it is more
 4 than that.
 5 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 6 Q. And when C. would come over and she would
 7 bring a companion, who would lead them to the area
 8 -- I guess it's the upstairs bedroom, who would
 9 lead them up there, would it be Sarah or would it
 10 be yourself?
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 12 THE WITNESS: Sarah.
 13 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 14 Q. Let's say two of them come over, I know
 15 that there is numerous times that she is coming
 16 three or four times a week for the six month
 17 period that you're there, but if it is C. and
 18 another companion, and that other companion would
 19 usually be roughly her age. Right?
 20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 21 THE WITNESS: It was something like that.
 22 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 23 Q. I mean, there were not people bringing
 24 over massage tables to give him a massage, these
 25 were girls who were C. and T. age, approximately,

Page 182

1 all of them?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 THE WITNESS: They were not carrying
 4 massage tables, no.
 5 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 6 Q. So when C. and a friend would be lead
 7 upstairs would they go into the room with Mr.
 8 Epstein together?
 9 A. I was not there.
 10 Q. All right. So that's when you exited to
 11 the other house?
 12 A. I escorted them to the kitchen and they
 13 went through the stairwell upstairs.
 14 Q. All right. Sometimes you went in after
 15 the massages to clean up the room. Is that right?
 16 A. Right, when Mr. Epstein go out of the
 17 house.
 18 Q. After he was out of the house?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. What other indications besides their age,
 21 what other indications were there that there was
 22 something more than a massage going on in the
 23 room?
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 THE WITNESS: I don't know.

Page 183

1 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 2 Q. Just your fatherly instinct told you
 3 that; is that it?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 6 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 7 Q. And when T. would come over would she
 8 normally bring others with her?
 9 A. Usually they came in couples, but
 10 sometimes I wouldn't say never happened but
 11 probably they were by themselves.
 12 Q. Okay. But your feeling was when they
 13 came in groups was because they felt more
 14 comfortable in a group?
 15 A. Yes.
 16 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 17 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 18 Q. Were you ever aware or am I the first to
 19 tell you that Mr. Epstein would offer them money
 20 for their services in the bedroom as well as money
 21 for every single girl that they brought him? Am I
 22 the first to tell you that?
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 THE WITNESS: No, I didn't know that.
 25 BY MR. EDWARDS:

Page 184

1 Q. You didn't?
 2 A. No.
 3 Q. I'm going to go to the police report that
 4 we have that mentions your name in it in several
 5 places. All right. I think the first time that
 6 we find your name is page 50 at the bottom. This
 7 is not a transcript of any statement that you gave
 8 so I want to read some of it and you tell me is
 9 this accurate or does it accurately reflect what
 10 you told Detective Recarey. Okay.
 11 A. Okay.
 12 MR. CRITTON: Just object to the
 13 procedure. I think that's improper, if
 14 you're trying to accredit him it's improper,
 15 if you're trying to impeach him it's
 16 improper. But go, do what you want.
 17 MR. EDWARDS: I said it's not a
 18 statement. Do you want to give me the
 19 statement?
 20 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 21 Q. Mr. Rodriguez stated he had worked with
 22 Epstein for approximately six months after the
 23 previous houseman left. Correct?
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 THE WITNESS: Yes.

Page 185

1 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 2 Q. He stated that it was his responsibility
 3 to keep the identity of the masseuses private.
 4 A. Yes.
 5 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 6 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 7 Q. And is that something that you told Mr.
 8 -- Detective Recarey that it was your
 9 responsibility to keep the identity of the
 10 masseuses private?
 11 A. That was part of my job.
 12 Q. Who delegated that particular
 13 responsibility, is that Sarah Kellen or Jeffrey
 14 Epstein?
 15 A. Sarah Kellen.
 16 Q. What specifically did she tell you about
 17 keeping the identity of the masseuses private?
 18 A. Everything in the house was confidential.
 19 And we didn't -- several times, you know, whatever
 20 was going on in the house Sarah told me, you know
 21 you're not suppose to say this, we know because I
 22 signed 27 pages of confidentiality agreement.
 23 Q. The confidentiality agreement that you
 24 referred to earlier was 27 pages long?
 25 A. Yes, something like that.

Page 186

1 Q. You've worked for other people in a
 2 similar fashion in terms of being a housekeeper.
 3 Right?
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. And with each of those people did you
 6 have to sign a confidentiality agreement?
 7 A. No.
 8 Q. That's something that only applied to
 9 your position with Jeffrey Epstein?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. Who did you work for? I'm going to come
 12 back to this. Who did you work for just prior to
 13 Mr. Epstein?
 14 A. Mr. Arturo Torres in Fisher Island.
 15 MR. EDWARDS: Do you need a spelling?
 16 THE WITNESS: T-O-R-R-E-S.
 17 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 18 Q. Okay. Did you have to sign a
 19 confidentiality agreement with him?
 20 A. No.
 21 Q. Were your duties fairly similar?
 22 A. Same thing.
 23 Q. Manage the house?
 24 A. Yes, sir.
 25 Q. This is another wealthy person that

Page 187

1 needed someone to manage the house?
 2 A. Yes.
 3 Q. And how long did you work for him?
 4 A. Four years and two different occasions.
 5 Q. One in Fisher Island?
 6 A. One in Fisher Island, the other one in
 7 his ranch in Texas.
 8 Q. Why did you leave him and start with Mr.
 9 Epstein?
 10 A. His health declined and he didn't need
 11 anybody like me so he moved back to Spain, he came
 12 once in awhile, I used to take care of his car,
 13 and then finally he passed away two years ago.
 14 Q. After you were relieved of your duties
 15 with Mr. Epstein where is the next place where you
 16 were employed?
 17 A. I worked for Sidney Goldman, a gentleman
 18 in Fort Lauderdale, a wealthy individual also, he
 19 was in his 80's, and I did some functions.
 20 Q. Okay. How long did you work for him?
 21 A. Probably six months.
 22 Q. And why did you stop there?
 23 A. Because he also 83 or 84 at the time and
 24 they start reducing staff. He used to go out, he
 25 didn't need a chauffeur so they slash one of my

Page 188

1 duties and then I started work for Mrs. Hammond.
 2 Q. And where was that?
 3 A. In Palm Beach.
 4 Q. How long did you work there?
 5 A. For Mrs. Hammond on and off for two or
 6 three years.
 7 Q. In any of those other places did any of
 8 the people that you worked for ever get massages
 9 at their house?
 10 A. Yes.
 11 Q. Which of those people?
 12 A. Mrs. Hammond.
 13 Q. And who would usually give the massages
 14 at her house?
 15 A. She would call somebody from West Palm
 16 Beach.
 17 Q. And did you see the masseuse that would
 18 show up?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. Male or female?
 21 A. Female.
 22 Q. And what age group was that masseuse?
 23 A. Actually she was older, 40's.
 24 Q. Did she bring a massage table or was
 25 there one in the house?

Page 189

1 A. There was one in the house.
 2 Q. There was one?
 3 A. Yeah.
 4 Q. And what about that person told you that
 5 that is a legitimate masseuse when they showed up
 6 at Ms. Hammond's house?
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 THE WITNESS: Nothing, just maybe
 9 Ms. Hammond tried it the first time and she
 10 liked it, you know, nothing indicated to me,
 11 I didn't see her license or anything.
 12 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 13 Q. Was this specific responsibility that
 14 we're talking about your responsibility to keep
 15 the identity of the masseuses private, was that
 16 something that Sarah Kellen told you more than
 17 once after you signed the confidentiality
 18 agreement?
 19 A. I believe so.
 20 Q. And why would that subject matter come up
 21 to where she would need to reiterate that?
 22 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 23 THE WITNESS: Maybe for directions from
 24 the boss.
 25 MR. CRITTON: Move to strike a guess.

Page 190

1 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 2 Q. When you were at his house, I think you
 3 said earlier that he would get one or two massages
 4 everyday he was there. Is that right?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 Q. And each of the massages, just so we're
 7 clear, that you're talking about are given by the
 8 girls that are in the age group of C. and T. that
 9 were at his house to have fun. Right?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: I didn't know who was
 12 giving the massages but obviously the
 13 massages was going on. But I don't know how
 14 to answer your question. I don't know if
 15 these girls giving the massage itself.
 16 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 17 Q. No, no, no. You're misunderstanding my
 18 question, or I'm just not communicating well with
 19 you.
 20 I'm not saying there was a massage or not
 21 a massage going on. I'm saying that you were
 22 taught to label these girls as masseuses. Right?
 23 A. Yes.
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 BY MR. EDWARDS:

Page 191

1 Q. And when we're talking about these girls,
 2 we are talking about the group of girls that would
 3 come to his house that are roughly in the age
 4 group of C. and T. Right?
 5 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 6 THE WITNESS: More or less.
 7 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 8 Q. We're not talking about some professional
 9 massage service that would show up at his house to
 10 give a massage, that's not what we're talking
 11 about. Right?
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 THE WITNESS: It's hard to say. It's
 14 hard to say because there are young
 15 masseuses too. It's hard to say.
 16 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 17 Q. Well, you testified that some of them
 18 would show up in taxicabs. Right?
 19 A. Yeah.
 20 Q. That's a little odd for a masseuse.
 21 Right?
 22 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 23 THE WITNESS: (Shakes head.)
 24 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 25 Q. I mean, that's one indication that this

Page 192

1 is not a professional masseuse that's showing up
 2 at his house, they're showing up in a taxicab.
 3 Right?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 6 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 7 Q. So that's something else that you as
 8 somebody who has common sense had told you that
 9 these are young girls that are at his house to
 10 have fun and that has very little, if anything, to
 11 do with a massage.
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 14 Q. Right?
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form, argumentative.
 16 THE WITNESS: In fairness it's hard to
 17 say.
 18 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 19 Q. What was going on behind closed doors?
 20 A. Exactly.
 21 Q. Why earlier did you say you had the
 22 feeling that there was something more going on
 23 than a masseuse?
 24 A. In terms of fun. You don't know if it's
 25 -- I have to say this. Some of this lawsuit is

Page 193

1 because forceful violation or something of a girl,
 2 I mean a rape. Okay. So it's hard to say if it
 3 was nothing except having fun.
 4 MR. CRITTON: Let me put an objection in,
 5 move to strike, I'm not sure what that was
 6 responsive to.
 7 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 8 Q. We're talking about a time period when
 9 Mr. Epstein is 50 years old plus, and we're
 10 talking about these girls coming over to his house
 11 that are 14, 15, or 16 years old, and you're
 12 categorization is they're just there to have fun.
 13 Right?
 14 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 15 THE WITNESS: Is that what you asked me?
 16 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 17 Q. Yes.
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. Okay. And that in your mind was okay or
 20 that was strange or that was it's none of my
 21 business?
 22 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 23 THE WITNESS: I have to say yes or no or
 24 I have to give my opinion on that?
 25 BY MR. EDWARDS:

Page 194

1 Q. Sure, go ahead and answer however you
 2 want.
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 THE WITNESS: I don't think it was right.
 5 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 6 Q. Did you ever voice that opinion that you
 7 didn't think that it was right that these young
 8 girls were over behind closed doors upstairs with
 9 Mr. Epstein in his bedroom?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: I been asked that question
 12 before.
 13 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 14 Q. Excuse me?
 15 A. I been asked that question before.
 16 Q. By whom?
 17 A. Palm Beach Police Department.
 18 Q. Did you give the same answer that you did
 19 not think it was right?
 20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 21 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 22 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 23 Q. And what about it to you aside from the
 24 fact that you had a daughter roughly the same age,
 25 what besides that told you that it wasn't right?

Page 195

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 2 THE WITNESS: Ask me your question again.
 3 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 4 Q. My question is, why is it your opinion
 5 that it wasn't right for these young girls to be
 6 up in Mr. Epstein's --
 7 A. It wasn't.
 8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 9 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 10 Q. It wasn't right?
 11 A. It wasn't.
 12 Q. And why not?
 13 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 14 THE WITNESS: Because I'm a father, I
 15 have two daughters.
 16 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 17 Q. And given Mr. Epstein's wealth and power
 18 and influence, is that something that you as a
 19 father could have seen your daughters doing at
 20 that age?
 21 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 22 THE WITNESS: I don't think that my
 23 daughters would be doing that.
 24 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 25 Q. You would hope not.

Page 196

1 A. No, exactly.
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 4 Q. I think that the next time you're
 5 mentioned in the report, I believe it's page 70.
 6 MS. EZELL: Off the record briefly.
 7 (Thereupon, a discussion was had off the
 8 record.)
 9 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 10 Q. Page 64. It says, Alfredo Rodriguez
 11 resides in Miami had eluded, meaning you were
 12 trying to evade or avoid service of process
 13 servers previously and was not served the
 14 investigative subpoena.
 15 This is an investigator saying you just
 16 weren't home or something. Right?
 17 A. But I never elude anybody.
 18 Q. You never intentionally tried to avoid
 19 the police officers?
 20 A. No, no, never.
 21 Q. Okay.
 22 MR. CRITTON: So much for the police
 23 report.
 24 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 25 Q. All right. The bottom of page 70 says, I

Page 197

1 brought Mr. Rodriguez to the interview room.
 2 Were you taken to an interview room, to a
 3 room in the police department?
 4 A. This was in the District Attorney's
 5 Office.
 6 Q. Oh, it was at the State Attorney's
 7 Office?
 8 A. Yes.
 9 Q. Okay. Was a State Attorney there as
 10 well?
 11 A. Yes, Mrs. Weiss.
 12 Q. Daliah Weiss?
 13 A. Young lady, Weiss. D-E-I-S-S.
 14 Q. Okay. I have D-A-L-I-A-H, Daliah Weiss,
 15 W-E-I-S-S.
 16 A. Yes.
 17 Q. That's her?
 18 A. Yeah.
 19 Q. Okay. Did she ask you any questions?
 20 A. Both of them.
 21 Q. Okay. So it was both -- if there is a --
 22 I think you said earlier there is a taped
 23 statement, there is a tape of this?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 Q. If we listen to that tape if we ever get

Page 198

1 that tape it's going to be Assistant Attorney
 2 Weiss and Detective Recarey asking questions?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. It says, during the sworn taped statement
 5 Mr. Rodriguez stated he was employed by Jeffrey
 6 Epstein for approximately six months.
 7 I think we already talked about that.
 8 I'm skipping ahead a little bit.
 9 If Rodriguez needed to relay a message to
 10 Epstein he would have to notify Epstein's
 11 secretary Lesley in New York who would then notify
 12 Epstein's personal assistant Sarah who would relay
 13 the message to Epstein.
 14 A. Yeah.
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 17 Q. That's pretty much the process you
 18 described?
 19 A. Yes, it was normal procedure.
 20 Q. Rodriguez stated Epstein did not want to
 21 see or hear the staff when he was in the
 22 residence?
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 THE WITNESS: That's correct.
 25 BY MR. EDWARDS:

Page 199

1 Q. That's something you agree with?
 2 A. Yes.
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 5 Q. Rodriguez advised Mr. Epstein had many
 6 guests.
 7 In addition to the girls who are roughly
 8 C. and T. age who had come to the house to have a
 9 good time, who were some of the other guests that
 10 you know of, if you know their name?
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 12 THE WITNESS: I mentioned Alan
 13 Dershowitz.
 14 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 15 Q. That's a lawyer from Harvard?
 16 A. Yes. The magician, David Copperfield,
 17 some other lawyers from New York, you know. There
 18 were some other guests.
 19 Q. And how frequently would these other
 20 guests come over?
 21 A. Once a month, something like that.
 22 Q. Okay. So if it's only once a month and
 23 you were only there six months you're saying you
 24 only saw six guests come over in addition to --
 25 A. They have people, you know, they have

Page 200

1 friends, I will say, yeah.
 2 Q. Then you mentioned that you typed into
 3 Google, I guess you Googled Prince Andrew and Bill
 4 Clinton. Why would you pick those names, were
 5 they associated with Mr. Epstein?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. And what is your understanding as to how
 8 Prince Andrew is associated with Jeffrey Epstein?
 9 A. Because there were pictures with him
 10 together.
 11 Q. In the house?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. Many pictures or are we talking about
 14 one?
 15 A. Many pictures.
 16 Q. Were these pictures that looked that
 17 appeared to be at social events, at Mr. Epstein's
 18 house or where?
 19 A. Mrs. Maxwell took him to England to
 20 introduce him to the royalty.
 21 Q. Is it's your understanding that Ghislaine
 22 Maxwell knew Prince Andrew and introduced --
 23 A. Yes.
 24 Q. Is it also your understanding that at
 25 some point in time Ghislaine dated or had a

Page 201

1 romantic relationship with Prince Andrew?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 THE WITNESS: I don't know that.
 4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 5 Q. Do you know around what time period it
 6 was that Mr. Epstein was introduced to Prince
 7 Andrew?
 8 A. 2003, I believe.
 9 Q. How do you know that?
 10 A. I've heard dates.
 11 Q. From people in the Epstein group?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. Okay.
 14 MR. CRITTON: Let me note my objection,
 15 move to strike, it's based on -- his
 16 testimony is based on hearsay.
 17 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 18 Q. During the six month period of time when
 19 you worked directly for Mr. Epstein, how often did
 20 Mr. Epstein get together with or hangout with
 21 Prince Andrew; if you know?
 22 A. I didn't see him once.
 23 Q. You never saw Prince Andrew at the house?
 24 A. No, no, he called.
 25 Q. I'm sorry, how often would he call?

1 A. I will say once a week we used to get a
2 call from him.
3 Q. Did you ever hear or did you ever know of
4 Prince Andrew being involved with any of the same
5 girls that Jeffrey Epstein was involved?
6 A. No.
7 Q. All right. Same question with Bill
8 Clinton, were you ever aware of him being involved
9 with any girls?
10 A. No.
11 Q. And David Copperfield?
12 A. No.
13 Q. What would he do when he was in town?
14 A. He came to the house, played tricks and
15 he leave.
16 Q. Did you watch?
17 A. Yeah. Cards and --
18 Q. That's nice, you get an up close and
19 personal show from David Copperfield.
20 How often would David Copperfield and
21 Jeffrey Epstein talk?
22 A. When I was there he was maybe two or
23 three times in the house.
24 Q. Besides those guests have you pretty much
25 listed the guests that you were aware of?

1 A. Mr. Dershowitz was there, I took him two
2 or three times to the airport. And like I say,
3 lawyers from New York, business matters.
4 Q. Okay. And Donald Trump, did you ever see
5 him at the house?
6 A. No, he used to call.
7 Q. Is it your understanding that -- or
8 through your knowledge do you know if Donald Trump
9 owned or runs the Mara Lago Club?
10 A. Yes.
11 Q. Did Mr. Epstein go to the Mara Lago Club?
12 A. No.
13 Q. Why not?
14 MR. CRITTON: Form.
15 THE WITNESS: He's a very private person.
16 BY MR. EDWARDS:
17 Q. So it's your understanding that Mr.
18 Epstein didn't go to the Mara Lago Club just
19 because he's private?
20 MR. CRITTON: Form.
21 THE WITNESS: Yes.
22 BY MR. EDWARDS:
23 Q. Are you aware, has he ever been there?
24 A. That I don't know.
25 Q. Do you know if he's a member?

1 A. Probably is.
2 MR. CRITTON: Form, move to strike, it's
3 a guess, speculation.
4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
5 Q. When you say he probably is, what are you
6 basing that on?
7 A. Because he belongs to all the clubs in
8 Palm Beach.
9 Q. Okay. But you don't have a list of all
10 of the clubs that he belongs to?
11 A. I used to.
12 Q. And on that list --
13 A. I don't remember, you know.
14 Q. Okay. Do you know where that list is?
15 A. Probably it's in the house.
16 Q. Skipping down on page 71 of the report to
17 the third paragraph, Rodriguez stated once the
18 masseuses would arrive, he would allow them entry
19 into the kitchen area and offer them something to
20 eat or drink. Do you agree with that?
21 A. Yes.
22 MR. CRITTON: Form.
23 BY MR. EDWARDS:
24 Q. They would then be encountered by Sarah
25 or Epstein.

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
2 THE WITNESS: (Shakes head.)
3 BY MR. EDWARDS:
4 Q. Yes?
5 A. (Shakes head.)
6 Q. They would then be taken upstairs to
7 provide a massage. Right?
8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
9 THE WITNESS: Yes.
10 BY MR. EDWARDS:
11 Q. Again, you don't know what happened
12 behind closed doors?
13 A. No.
14 Q. But you were told to refer to these girls
15 as masseuses?
16 A. Yes.
17 Q. Aside from being told that, you have
18 absolutely no idea what went on up there?
19 A. No.
20 Q. All right. I asked Rodriguez any of the
21 masseuses appeared to be young in age, he advised
22 he didn't ask their ages but felt they were very
23 young.
24 A. Early 20's, you know. They're all very
25 young, but I mean, it's hard to say who's underage

1 now, you know. It's a fine line, you know.
 2 Q. Okay. You didn't ask their ages?
 3 A. No.
 4 Q. And these are the masseuses where you
 5 were told to keep their identities private anyway?
 6 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 7 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 8 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 9 Q. Rodriguez stated they would eat tons of
 10 cereal and drink milk all the time. Is that true?
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 12 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 13 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 14 Q. So the masseuses would come over and
 15 either before or after going up to Mr. Epstein's
 16 bedroom they would go to the kitchen and eat
 17 cereal and milk?
 18 A. And ice cream.
 19 Q. That's what the kids would eat?
 20 A. (Shakes head.)
 21 Q. Yes?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 MR. CRITTON: Let me object to the form
 24 of the last question.
 25 BY MR. EDWARDS:

1 Q. Rodriguez stated the girls that would
 2 come appeared to be too young to be masseuses.
 3 Is that something you agree with?
 4 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 5 THE WITNESS: Some of them, you know.
 6 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 7 Q. Especially when we're talking about C.
 8 and T, those girls, they appeared to be too young
 9 to be masseuses. Right?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 12 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 13 Q. He stated one time under Epstein's
 14 direction he delivered a dozen roses to Royal Palm
 15 Beach High School for one of the girls that came
 16 to provide a massage.
 17 And that is the -- that is the girl that
 18 we talked about earlier, A.?
 19 A. Yes.
 20 Q. Okay. And that's a girl who also came
 21 over to Mr. Epstein's house and was one of the
 22 girls who was up in the bedroom privately with Mr.
 23 Epstein at times. Right?
 24 A. I never see them upstairs.
 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

1 THE WITNESS: But he was in the house.
 2 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 3 Q. Okay. You don't know why she was there?
 4 A. Honestly the truth, you know, I cannot
 5 say, they all came for the same motive but --
 6 Q. To have fun?
 7 A. To have fun.
 8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 9 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 10 Q. Okay. Let me try to figure this out
 11 then. They all came over in your mind to have
 12 fun.
 13 Did you ever see any contact between
 14 Epstein, Mr. Epstein, and any of these girls other
 15 than whatever contact he was having with them in
 16 the bedroom?
 17 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 18 THE WITNESS: No, no.
 19 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 20 Q. Okay. So when you say they came over to
 21 have fun, you're talking about whatever fun was
 22 going on behind closed doors in the bedroom?
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 THE WITNESS: They go to the pool during
 25 the daytime.

1 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 2 Q. Without Mr. Epstein?
 3 A. With Mr. Epstein.
 4 Q. He would go with them?
 5 A. (Shakes head.)
 6 Q. Do you ever remember C. or T. or A.
 7 going to the pool with Mr. Epstein?
 8 A. The pool was used everyday, so probably
 9 they were there, but I cannot -- I cannot say yes,
 10 I saw her, you know.
 11 Q. So you know that some of these girls who
 12 were -- who you labelled as masseuses that were
 13 very young in age came over to the house and they
 14 oftentimes used the swimming pool area but you
 15 can't say that any of those girls were C. or T.
 16 or A.?
 17 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 18 THE WITNESS: No, because when they were
 19 at the pool it was off limits for any of the
 20 staff.
 21 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 22 Q. Why is that? Is that in the rule book?
 23 A. No, because they were naked. Louella
 24 told me to leave them alone, so until they leave
 25 the area we couldn't go, so we couldn't -- I

Page 210

1 didn't see nothing, you know.
 2 Q. How do you know they were naked?
 3 A. Because Louella told me one time.
 4 MR. CRITTON: Move to strike, predicate
 5 with regard to his last testimony.
 6 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 7 Q. How do you know that the young girls that
 8 would come over that were labelled as masseuses
 9 were naked in the swimming pool area?
 10 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 11 THE WITNESS: How do I know, because
 12 Louella spot them or one other time the girl
 13 who takes care of the pool say, Alfredo,
 14 I'll come back tomorrow because they are
 15 playing around here and doing this, I mean,
 16 naked.
 17 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 18 Q. Just naked or doing something more?
 19 A. No, naked, naked.
 20 Q. And who was the girl who takes care of
 21 the pool?
 22 A. I forgot, I don't remember.
 23 Q. Well, there was a point in time where I
 24 sent interrogatories which are questions under
 25 oath to Mr. Epstein in this case and I asked

Page 211

1 specifically what is the current name, address,
 2 and telephone number of each person that resided
 3 or worked within the home located at 358 El Brillo
 4 Way, West Palm Beach, between 2001 to the present.
 5 The answer was -- and just so the record
 6 is very clear in terms of what the answer was
 7 talking about, plaintiff's complaint alleges a
 8 time period of approximately August 2002 and
 9 continuing until approximately September 2005, so
 10 the answer is within that time period of 2002 and
 11 2005.
 12 I'm going to list -- I'm going to tell
 13 you all the names that were provided to me and you
 14 tell me if any of these people is that person that
 15 we're talking about who maintained the pool.
 16 Okay?
 17 A. No.
 18 Q. Ryan Dionne?
 19 A. No.
 20 Q. David Mullen?
 21 A. No.
 22 Q. Brent Tindall?
 23 A. No.
 24 Q. Mark Tafoya?
 25 A. (Shakes head.)

Page 212

1 Q. Do you know any of these people that I'm
 2 telling you?
 3 A. I don't remember.
 4 Q. Okay.
 5 A. She's a female, what I'm talking about,
 6 the pool taker.
 7 Q. Okay. Janusz Banasiak?
 8 A. Could be.
 9 Q. I believe that that's a male but I'm not
 10 sure.
 11 A. I don't remember.
 12 Q. It lists house manager, I don't know that
 13 that would be somebody you'd categorize as a house
 14 manager but --
 15 A. What's the name?
 16 Q. Janusz Banasiak?
 17 A. (Shakes head.)
 18 Q. Michael and Rosalie Friedman?
 19 A. Yes, Michael Friedman was before me.
 20 Q. Okay. Is Rosalie Friedman the lady that
 21 you're referring to that cleaned the pool?
 22 A. No.
 23 Q. Louella Rabuyo?
 24 A. Louella is still there, I hired her, the
 25 housekeeper.

Page 213

1 Q. Is that somebody who would provide
 2 information as to what was going on in this house?
 3 A. Could be.
 4 Q. Is that somebody who would also have had
 5 to sign this confidentiality agreement?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. And in addition to you signing this
 8 confidentiality agreement is that an agreement
 9 that you know all of the staff working with
 10 Jeffrey Epstein had to sign?
 11 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 12 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 13 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 14 Q. So anybody that was hired and worked at
 15 this house has had to sign this confidentiality
 16 agreement?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. And are you aware of anybody other than
 19 Mr. Epstein having access to this confidentiality
 20 agreement?
 21 A. Ghislaine Maxwell.
 22 Q. Ghislaine Maxwell. Okay. Alfredo
 23 Rodriguez, you made the list. Michael Liffman?
 24 A. Michael, yeah, I think he was before
 25 Friedman.

Page 214

1 Q. Okay. Adriana Ross?
 2 A. There were two house managers in one year
 3 prior to me.
 4 Q. Do you know what Adriana Ross's position
 5 was at the house?
 6 A. No.
 7 Q. There is only a few more names.
 8 Brahakmana Mellawa and -- I can't even pronounce
 9 it. Mr. and Mrs. Mellawa?
 10 A. Yeah, they are from Bangladesh, they were
 11 the couple taking care --
 12 Q. That's the couple you referred to earlier
 13 from Bangladesh?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. And Sarah Kellen. And Juan and Maria
 16 Alessi?
 17 A. Joe Alessi.
 18 Q. Do you still speak to any of those
 19 people?
 20 A. No. When I was there there was some mail
 21 that arrive so I contact them and say I have some
 22 mail, but other than that, no.
 23 Q. Okay. Do you know how to get in touch
 24 with any of these people?
 25 A. They're in the area. Joe Alessi has

Page 215

1 apartments there.
 2 Q. The lady that you're referring to that at
 3 some point in time saw these kids naked by the
 4 pool --
 5 A. Louella.
 6 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 7 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 8 Q. But was there another girl who was in
 9 charge of cleaning the pool?
 10 A. No, no, the pool lady was a contractor
 11 from outside, she used to park the truck outside,
 12 and when she see that they're there she will tell
 13 me, Alfredo, I'll come back tomorrow because --
 14 Q. Were you familiar with another husband
 15 and wife that worked there, Patrick and Eve?
 16 A. Yeah, I believe so, Patrick, yeah.
 17 Q. And did he work there the same time you
 18 worked there?
 19 A. No, before me.
 20 Q. And do you know why they left?
 21 A. I think everybody quit because of the
 22 hectic schedule, you know, to be honest with you,
 23 but I don't know.
 24 Q. All right. But of the names that I
 25 listed is there anybody else that you remember

Page 216

1 that worked for Mr. Epstein or at that house?
 2 A. Jerome the gardener.
 3 Q. Okay.
 4 A. Jerome Pierre and the staff from New
 5 York. Once in awhile, Doug Shadow, he was the
 6 architect who used to come in in charge of
 7 renovation.
 8 Q. What about Nicole Hess?
 9 A. No.
 10 Q. You don't know who that is. All right.
 11 The exhibit that I believe is number one right now
 12 which is this message pad, there are numerous
 13 messages that have your initials, AR. But there
 14 are also messages that are on the same pad
 15 which --
 16 MR. CRITTON: What date are you looking
 17 at?
 18 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 19 Q. The very last day of this compilation
 20 1/30/05 and 2/2/05.
 21 A. These three are not my writing.
 22 Q. That's what I was going to ask you. This
 23 is a message pad that was in the house. Right?
 24 A. In the house, yes.
 25 Q. So you would think that the person that

Page 217

1 made that signature whoever that person is was
 2 also in the house. Right?
 3 A. Yes.
 4 Q. Who possibly would that be with the J.,
 5 it's just a J.?
 6 A. I don't know.
 7 Q. When you sat down today I remember you
 8 making a statement that something to the effect
 9 of, and I'm going to paraphrase, can you believe
 10 that they pulled these message pads out of the
 11 trash. Do you remember saying that?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. How did you learn that they pulled the
 14 message pads from the trash?
 15 A. Because it was in the Palm Beach Daily
 16 News.
 17 Q. You read it in the paper?
 18 A. Yes.
 19 Q. So in addition to Googling the various
 20 people that were friends of Mr. Epstein you've
 21 kept up with what's going on in the investigation?
 22 A. Yeah, because it was my job so I'm
 23 working next door to this other lady and I want to
 24 know, it was in the news, you know, it's like a --
 25 MR. EDWARDS: All right. I have a lot to

<p style="text-align: right;">Page 218</p> <p>1 go but we can take a break. 2 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're off the record. 3 (Thereupon, a recess was had.) 4 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the 5 record, tape number five. 6 BY MR. EDWARDS: 7 Q. I stopped with knew the girls -- sorry. 8 I stopped with the sentence in the police 9 report, page 71, he delivered a dozen roses to 10 Royal Palm Beach High School. 11 And that's something you told us about 12 earlier. Right? 13 A. Yes. 14 Q. Then it says, he knew the girls were 15 still in high school and were of high school age. 16 Speaking of the girls who were coming 17 over labelled as masseuses, is that something -- 18 (Thereupon, an interruption was had.) 19 BY MR. EDWARDS: 20 Q. The statement is, he knew the girls were 21 still in high school and were of high school age. 22 That's something you agree with? 23 MR. CRITTON: Form, out of context. 24 THE WITNESS: I saw them in high school. 25 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 220</p> <p>1 there was more going on than just massages with 2 anybody else that worked at the house? 3 A. No. 4 Q. Did you talk about that with anybody 5 else? 6 A. No, nothing. This is the first time that 7 I said this openly because I was subpoenaed and 8 there were these things, you know. 9 Q. Right. And right now is the second time 10 you said it openly because you're subpoenaed 11 again? 12 A. Yes. 13 MR. CRITTON: Form. 14 BY MR. EDWARDS: 15 Q. Otherwise you have not expressed those 16 feelings to anybody else? 17 A. No. 18 Q. What about when you spoke with Mr. 19 Epstein's attorneys or investigators, did you talk 20 to them about that? 21 A. No. 22 Q. And why did you choose not to tell them 23 that you felt there were more -- that there was 24 more going on in the bedroom with these young 25 girls than just massages?</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 219</p> <p>1 Q. The girls that we were talking about, and 2 I'm talking about C. and T. specifically, but 3 these are girls that looked of high school age to 4 you. 5 MR. CRITTON: Form. 6 THE WITNESS: It's hard to say. 7 BY MR. EDWARDS: 8 Q. That wouldn't shock you though? 9 MR. CRITTON: Form. 10 THE WITNESS: No. 11 BY MR. EDWARDS: 12 Q. Doesn't surprise you? 13 A. No. 14 MR. CRITTON: Form. 15 BY MR. EDWARDS: 16 Q. I asked Rodriguez about the massages, he 17 felt there was a lot more going on than just 18 massages. 19 Is that something you told him? 20 MR. CRITTON: Form. 21 THE WITNESS: Yes. 22 BY MR. EDWARDS: 23 Q. Do you know if it was a feeling that -- 24 well, let me ask you this way. 25 Did you ever talk about that feeling that</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 221</p> <p>1 MR. CRITTON: Form. 2 THE WITNESS: The only reason I contacted 3 the attorneys was to see what's my position 4 because I didn't have money to go to an 5 attorney myself. 6 BY MR. EDWARDS: 7 Q. Why would you feel like you may need an 8 attorney though if you didn't do anything wrong? 9 A. I didn't need an attorney. 10 Q. You were just frightened by the process? 11 A. The process and the people who was 12 involved in this. 13 Q. The people involved meaning Ghislaine 14 Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein? 15 MR. CRITTON: Form. 16 BY MR. EDWARDS: 17 Q. I'll ask you, which people are you 18 talking about? 19 A. Ghislaine Maxwell. 20 Q. And were you still frightened because of 21 the threat that she -- 22 A. I don't think so now, you know, I'm 23 protected because I'm doing this publicly. 24 Q. Okay. Well, going back to my other 25 question about why didn't you reveal to Mr.</p>

Page 222

1 Epstein's investigators that you felt there was
 2 more going on in the bedroom than just massages?
 3 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 4 THE WITNESS: Because they were more
 5 interested in how much I know, they didn't
 6 ask me anything else, and I told them
 7 exactly what I knew and what I was doing.
 8 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 9 Q. Okay. You were asked by Mr. Mermelstein
 10 when he was asking you about the meeting with Mr.
 11 Epstein's investigators he said, did they make any
 12 threat or did they threaten you, and you paused
 13 and said I don't believe so.
 14 A. Yeah, I think they didn't tell me
 15 anything that I will feel -- they told me that
 16 they want to know what I know and if I need an
 17 attorney.
 18 Q. Okay. Did you find that strange at all
 19 that they offered you an attorney?
 20 A. I went to have dinner at my house and I
 21 told this to my wife and she told me, Alfredo, you
 22 don't need an attorney, so I called him the next
 23 day and that was it.
 24 Q. You called the investigators?
 25 A. Yes. I declined, I don't need an

Page 223

1 attorney.
 2 Q. If we want to know the exact names of the
 3 investigators that you met at Don Shula's and at
 4 your house, how would we get that information, do
 5 you have it somewhere?
 6 A. Probably I have it in the house.
 7 Q. So if we do have to come back here and
 8 finish this up, the next time would you be able to
 9 bring that?
 10 A. I think so.
 11 Q. Okay. Do you know where in your house
 12 that you have it, I mean, have you kept it in a
 13 certain place?
 14 A. I have to look.
 15 Q. All right. After the sentence that we
 16 left off it says, he, speaking of Mr. Rodriguez,
 17 would clean Mr. Epstein's bedroom after the
 18 alleged massages and would discover massagers
 19 slash vibrators and sex toys scattered on the
 20 floor.
 21 Can you tell us what types of sex toys
 22 that you found scattered on the floor after the
 23 massages with these young girls?
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 THE WITNESS: Like I explain, there was a

Page 224

1 massage with a handle with two rubber things
 2 that you can do massage yourself, this was
 3 always on the floor, maybe one or two.
 4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 5 Q. Okay. When you say this is always on the
 6 floor, do you mean 24 hours a day it's on the
 7 floor?
 8 A. No, no, no, after each massage. Because
 9 I assume the masseuses or anybody they were doing,
 10 they were taken out of the closet wherever they
 11 belong and they would leave there. So Louella and
 12 myself, we always find this on the floor.
 13 Q. And this is a massager that belongs to or
 14 is owned by Mr. Epstein?
 15 A. Yes.
 16 Q. This isn't something that these girls
 17 would bring over to the house?
 18 A. No, no, it's in the house, it's part of
 19 the inventory.
 20 Q. And that statement is a few statements
 21 after you felt that there was a lot more going on
 22 than just massages, is there something about that
 23 object being left on the ground and the type of
 24 object that it was that also lead you to believe
 25 that there is something more going on here than

Page 225

1 just massages?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 5 Q. What about it, just tell us?
 6 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 7 THE WITNESS: I thought they were having
 8 a good time, I never thought it was
 9 something done against anybody's will, but
 10 of course, you know that it's more than
 11 massage.
 12 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 13 Q. Right, I'm just asking you to explain how
 14 you know that.
 15 MR. CRITTON: Let me just move to strike
 16 his last answer as speculation. Form as to
 17 your statement.
 18 THE WITNESS: You're 50 years old and
 19 it's -- you're an old -- you know, it's just
 20 instinct.
 21 MR. CRITTON: Move to strike.
 22 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 23 Q. It was obvious to you?
 24 A. Yes.
 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

Page 226

1 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 2 Q. He also said he would wipe down the
 3 vibrators and sex toys and put them away in the
 4 armoire.
 5 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 6 THE WITNESS: These things have a tip,
 7 they have the cream, they have all kinds of
 8 cream for giving massage.
 9 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 10 Q. How many of these massagers or vibrators
 11 would you wipe down?
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 THE WITNESS: This big one all the time.
 14 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 15 Q. Right. Other than the big one all the
 16 time did you wipe down at any time any of the
 17 other sex toys or vibrators?
 18 A. No.
 19 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 20 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 21 Q. So if there were any other sex toys or
 22 vibrators or I believe you used the term dildo
 23 earlier that were ever used, those are items that
 24 you did not find on the floor and were put away in
 25 the armoire?

Page 227

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 2 THE WITNESS: Louella told me I did this,
 3 I did that.
 4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 5 Q. So tell us what did Louella tell you?
 6 A. She find toys on the floors, she have to
 7 clean them.
 8 Q. Did she tell you when she found the toys
 9 on the floor?
 10 A. After his massages, you know.
 11 Q. With the young girls that we're talking
 12 about?
 13 A. Yes.
 14 Q. Okay. And when did Louella tell you
 15 that?
 16 A. Almost every other time when she found
 17 it, you know, Alfredo I found this thing again
 18 because she despised to clean this, she had to put
 19 the gloves or whatever.
 20 Q. Okay. So it sounds like you had an
 21 actual conversation about this where she's
 22 describing she doesn't want to clean it.
 23 A. Because I told her to tell me up to date
 24 on things that are not normal, so she told me, you
 25 know, I found this, I found that, or some

Page 228

1 underwear she brought it to the laundry and we
 2 used to label it.
 3 Q. Just so that the record is clear as to
 4 what we're talking about with this and that, I
 5 want you to tell us what Louella would tell you
 6 specifically, I found this and then would she show
 7 you what it was?
 8 A. No, she didn't show me, she said I
 9 cleaned this and I put it away, it was a vibrator.
 10 Q. Did she describe the vibrator for you so
 11 that you knew which one she was talking about?
 12 A. The vibrator that a female would use for
 13 personal use.
 14 Q. Not the same long one that you've been
 15 describing?
 16 A. No.
 17 Q. One that is a penis shaped vibrator.
 18 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 19 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 20 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 21 Q. That's what she was talking about?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. And did she tell you on how many
 24 occasions after these --
 25 A. Several times.

Page 229

1 Q. And can you explain to us why it is that
 2 -- and maybe it's just I don't understand the
 3 process of cleaning the room who went in first and
 4 second and whatever, but my question is why is it
 5 that she would always be the one to encounter the
 6 penis shaped vibrators and you would encounter
 7 this other longer vibrator?
 8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 9 THE WITNESS: Because it was her job to
 10 clean the room. When she was busy she will
 11 ask me, Alfredo, can you help me carry, I
 12 have a lot of towels, because there were
 13 mountains because being an older woman I
 14 help her carry to the -- and put the towels
 15 downstairs, take it to the laundry. But she
 16 told me I found these things, I clean it, I
 17 put it in that armoire, they're over there.
 18 So she will give me -- we used to
 19 communicate all those little details, but it
 20 was her job to be in the room first.
 21 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 22 Q. And what did she say about liking or
 23 disliking the fact that she had to clean these
 24 vibrators?
 25 A. She didn't like to clean those.

Page 230

1 Q. Did she tell you why?
 2 A. Because, you know, she knew what they
 3 were for and probably she despised to clean
 4 objects.
 5 Q. Did she ever make any comments about how
 6 young the girls were that were in the room with
 7 Mr. Epstein just before she had to go in and clean
 8 these vibrators?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 THE WITNESS: No.
 11 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 12 Q. Is the age of the girls that were coming
 13 over and going behind closed doors with Mr.
 14 Epstein a subject that ever came up between you
 15 and Louella?
 16 A. Sometimes.
 17 Q. And what would the conversation consist
 18 of?
 19 A. She will be surprised and say some of the
 20 girls are too young, and I said -- we just wonder,
 21 you know, but we comment each other.
 22 Q. Did it ever -- as a father did it ever
 23 occur to you that maybe I should say something or
 24 I shouldn't be here or I shouldn't be apart of
 25 this considering how young they are and how old he

Page 231

1 is?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 5 Q. Is that something that on more than one
 6 occasion you thought to yourself this is just
 7 wrong?
 8 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 9 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 10 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 11 Q. And did you ever have a conversation with
 12 Louella about the fact that that's not right?
 13 A. We had.
 14 Q. And Louella stayed there and she's still
 15 employed there?
 16 A. I believe she was.
 17 Q. And did she ever mention to you that she
 18 thought that the situation was wrong and that she
 19 was contemplating --
 20 A. She was a deeply religious --
 21 MR. CRITTON: Form to the last question.
 22 THE WITNESS: -- Catholic Filipino girl
 23 -- lady, and one day she came crying because
 24 she found a picture of the Pope next to
 25 naked girl, both pictures, and she said it's

Page 232

1 a lack of respect. So, you know, she was
 2 shocked. So obviously she needed a job but
 3 she expressed her --
 4 MR. WILLITS: I'm sorry, I did not hear
 5 that, could the witness repeat that?
 6 THE WITNESS: I was just talking about
 7 Louella, deeply religious staff member that
 8 worked with me and she told me one occasion
 9 that she was crying because the picture of
 10 the Pope was next to a naked girl.
 11 MR. WILLITS: Okay.
 12 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 13 Q. Okay. Besides Louella did you ever have
 14 a conversation with anybody else that works in the
 15 house about the young age of the girls and Mr.
 16 Epstein being in the bedroom and the fact that
 17 there are sex toys on the floor afterwards being
 18 wrong?
 19 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 20 THE WITNESS: Nobody else inside the
 21 house was allowed except just the two of us,
 22 so I never commented on this with anybody.
 23 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 24 Q. All right. The next sentence starts a
 25 new paragraph, Epstein ordered Rodriguez to go to

Page 233

1 the Dollar Rent a Car and rent a car for the same
 2 girl he brought the roses to.
 3 I guess we're talking about A.
 4 So that she could drive herself to
 5 Epstein's house without incident. Rodriguez said
 6 the girl always needed rides to and from the
 7 house.
 8 Are those statements you agree with?
 9 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 10 THE WITNESS: I took her a few times to
 11 her house.
 12 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 13 Q. You took A. to and from her house?
 14 A. In Royal Palm Beach.
 15 Q. Okay. Did she say anything in the car to
 16 you about what was going on in the bedroom with
 17 Mr. Epstein?
 18 A. I always try to keep the conversation to
 19 a minimum when I was with them because it was my
 20 job, you know, I didn't want to talk so the
 21 conversation was minimal.
 22 Q. And these are girls that you're talking
 23 to that are roughly the same age as a daughter
 24 that you have?
 25 A. Yeah.

Page 234

1 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 2 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 3 Q. And so you never inquired of them as to
 4 what was going on behind closed doors?
 5 A. Never.
 6 Q. Other than A. did you take any of the
 7 other girls to or from -- and the girls I'm
 8 talking about are these young girls that are
 9 roughly the same age as C. and T. that you
 10 labelled masseuses.
 11 Did you take any of them to or from their
 12 homes on any occasion?
 13 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 14 THE WITNESS: Probably a couple of times.
 15 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 16 Q. Do you remember if you ever took C. or T.
 17 to or from their homes?
 18 A. I don't remember but if it was somewhere
 19 in West Palm Beach or Royal Palm Beach, probably,
 20 yes.
 21 Q. All right. And the homes you would take
 22 these girls to, can you describe the neighborhood?
 23 A. They were blue collar neighborhoods.
 24 Q. Much different than Mr. Epstein?
 25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

Page 235

1 THE WITNESS: Very different.
 2 MR. CRITTON: Argumentative.
 3 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 4 Q. Did any of the girls ever talk to you in
 5 the car about anybody else that they ever gave a
 6 massage to?
 7 A. No, they were very private.
 8 Q. Rodriguez referred to himself as a human
 9 ATM machine and was ordered by Epstein to maintain
 10 a minimum balance of \$2,000 on him at all times.
 11 That's something you've told us already.
 12 Right?
 13 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 14 THE WITNESS: Yeah.
 15 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 16 Q. When a girl would come by the house and
 17 Mr. Epstein was either not in the residence or was
 18 not at home at the time Rodriguez was to provide
 19 the girl, in parenthesis, masseuse, several
 20 hundred dollars for their time and to notify
 21 Epstein the amount they were given.
 22 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 23 THE WITNESS: Well, I have to give this
 24 report to the comptroller in New York to
 25 keep track of the cash. I never talk to Mr.

Page 236

1 Epstein.
 2 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 3 Q. Okay. But this is talking about a
 4 situation where girls come to the house, and these
 5 young girls come to the house and Mr. Epstein is
 6 not at the house at all. That happened?
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 THE WITNESS: Well, they left and --
 9 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 10 Q. Wait. Who are you talking about?
 11 A. Mr. Epstein, the girls, and Sarah, they
 12 go away.
 13 Q. You're talking about a different set of
 14 girls now, now you're talking about the girls that
 15 fly with him on the airplane.
 16 A. Exactly. But they're out of the house.
 17 But Sarah will call me and leave me instructions
 18 on my phone that I have to pay so and so and they
 19 will be there this evening or this afternoon,
 20 that's why there was nobody in the house but I
 21 still have to pay them.
 22 Q. Okay. Would these girls usually arrive
 23 by taxicab and you would have to pay them?
 24 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 25 THE WITNESS: Sometimes taxi and

Page 237

1 sometimes their own cars.
 2 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 3 Q. And you mentioned that you would
 4 sometimes be the person to call them a cab.
 5 Right?
 6 A. Yes.
 7 Q. How did you know which cab service to
 8 use?
 9 A. We used to have in the house two or three
 10 numbers and people knew the house because
 11 sometimes it was hard to -- it was easy to get
 12 lost to get to the house.
 13 Q. So were there certain taxicab drivers
 14 that you would ask to come specifically?
 15 A. Yes.
 16 Q. Who?
 17 A. I don't remember, but they knew the house
 18 right away, it's like Joe, come here, I need you.
 19 Q. Would you have that name of that person
 20 that would typically drive these girls, you know,
 21 in taxicabs to and from the house anywhere?
 22 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 23 THE WITNESS: I don't think so.
 24 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 25 Q. Do you remember whether it was Yellow Cab

Page 238

1 Cab Company?
 2 A. West Palm Beach Taxi. No, it's not
 3 Yellow. Could be Yellow, but I don't know.
 4 Q. Would Mr. Epstein have the names or the
 5 list?
 6 A. Probably.
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 9 Q. Anybody else?
 10 A. Sarah.
 11 Q. Sarah would have?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. In addition to Mr. Epstein obviously
 14 knowing who's coming to and from the house, would
 15 Sarah also be familiar with the names of the girls
 16 and who they were?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. In addition to Sarah and Mr. Epstein
 19 would Ghislaine Maxwell be familiar with the names
 20 of some of these girls?
 21 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 22 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 23 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 24 Q. Are these names kept in a database in a
 25 computer system?

Page 239

1 A. Could be.
 2 MR. CRITTON: I'm sorry, did you say
 3 could be?
 4 THE WITNESS: Yeah.
 5 MR. CRITTON: Move to strike as
 6 speculation.
 7 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 8 Q. When you say could be, why do you say
 9 that?
 10 A. Because there were too many and they were
 11 very organized and there is nothing you write on a
 12 piece of paper.
 13 Q. When you say they were very organized,
 14 are we talking --
 15 A. Mr. Epstein and Sarah.
 16 Q. Anybody else beside Mr. Epstein and
 17 Sarah, I guess beside Sarah that would do the
 18 scheduling to coordinate the times these girls
 19 would come to the house?
 20 A. I'm sorry, anybody else you say?
 21 Q. Right, aside from Sarah.
 22 A. No, no.
 23 Q. And do you know what role, if any, Nadia
 24 Marcenacova ever played in any of what would go on
 25 behind the bedroom door with Mr. Epstein?

Page 240

1 A. Nadia was the number one girlfriend for
 2 Mr. Epstein. Very sweet girl, and she was always
 3 -- she would come over to the house but different
 4 girls with her all the time.
 5 Q. Okay. But Nadia, that's somebody who
 6 lives in New York?
 7 A. Nadia, I believe, yes, her address is in
 8 New York.
 9 Q. So how often would she stay at 358 El
 10 Brillo?
 11 A. Very often.
 12 Q. Usually every time when Mr. Epstein was
 13 there?
 14 A. Yes.
 15 Q. And she would for the most time fly on
 16 the plane with Mr. Epstein?
 17 A. Yes.
 18 Q. And it would be her and Mr. Epstein and
 19 oftentimes some other girls?
 20 A. Exactly.
 21 Q. Where some points I think earlier when
 22 Mr. Mermelstein was asking you questions where
 23 there was some confusion was we're talking about
 24 two different sets of girls, the girls that would
 25 come over and be labelled masseuses from the Palm

Page 241

1 Beach area, and the girls that would fly on the
 2 plane with Mr. Epstein and Ms. Marcenacova.
 3 So, what I'm asking you is what, if any,
 4 involvement did Nadia Marcenacova have with the
 5 girls that would arrive and be labeled as
 6 masseuses behind closed doors with Mr. Epstein?
 7 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 8 THE WITNESS: He was the second -- the
 9 first role was Sarah and she was always --
 10 Nadia is a very shy person so she will be in
 11 the background.
 12 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 13 Q. Did you ever know of Nadia Marcenacova to
 14 engage in -- to be in the room with Mr. Epstein
 15 while any of these young girls were up there?
 16 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 17 THE WITNESS: Yeah.
 18 BY MR. EPSTEIN:
 19 Q. How often do you remember Nadia and Mr.
 20 Epstein being in the room with any of these young
 21 girls?
 22 A. I would say most of the time.
 23 Q. Nadia would go up there too?
 24 A. Yeah.
 25 Q. Did you ever believe that Nadia was

Page 242

1 engaging in sex acts with these young girls?
 2 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 3 THE WITNESS: No, I don't know.
 4 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 5 Q. No one ever told you that?
 6 A. No.
 7 Q. Well, since you've been keeping up with
 8 what's been written in the newspapers, at some
 9 point in time you've read that Nadia Marcenacova
 10 joined in some of these sex acts with some of
 11 these girls. Right?
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 THE WITNESS: I believe so.
 14 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 15 Q. I'm not the first person telling you
 16 that?
 17 A. No, no, no, I read it in the newspaper.
 18 MR. CRITTON: He read your press release.
 19 MR. EDWARDS: Long before I ever had
 20 anything to do with this case.
 21 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 22 Q. Were you surprised when you read that?
 23 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 24 THE WITNESS: No.
 25 BY MR. EDWARDS:

Page 243

1 Q. Were you surprised when the story started
 2 coming out that these girls that were coming over
 3 to the house were under the age of 18 and Mr.
 4 Epstein was engaging in sex acts with them?
 5 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 6 THE WITNESS: No.
 7 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 8 Q. When was the first time that you knew for
 9 sure 100 percent that -- well, let me say it this
 10 way.
 11 When was the first time that you read
 12 that information?
 13 A. Underage?
 14 Q. Yes.
 15 A. When this scandal broke out when the Palm
 16 Beach Police Department --
 17 Q. Contacted you?
 18 A. Yeah.
 19 MR. CRITTON: Why don't you let him
 20 finish his answer instead of suggesting or
 21 giving him the answer.
 22 THE WITNESS: The West Palm Beach Police
 23 Department got involved.
 24 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 25 Q. Skipping to the second paragraph of

Page 244

1 page 72, Rodriguez stated the amount of girls that
 2 came to the house was approximately 15.
 3 That's the estimate that you gave back --
 4 A. All the girls that I saw coming in and
 5 out.
 6 Q. Well, when I read this, you can tell me
 7 what it actually means, when I read this I
 8 interpreted that as because they were talking
 9 about masseuses I interpreted that as the number
 10 of girls of the Palm Beach area that came over and
 11 you labeled masseuses. Is that correct?
 12 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 13 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 14 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 15 Q. Okay. Could you name -- I mean, I know
 16 that we've named T. and C., could you name any of
 17 the other --
 18 A. C. comes all the time, you know, I
 19 remember her.
 20 Q. Okay. No other names pop out though?
 21 A. To be honest with you, no.
 22 Q. A?
 23 A. Yeah, because I remember because the car.
 24 Q. All right. It goes on to say, when asked
 25 to identify these girls, so somebody else asked

Page 245

1 you the same question I just did, Rodriguez stated
 2 he could not at the moment but knew he wrote their
 3 names down on a journal he kept during his employ
 4 with Mr. Epstein. Is that true?
 5 A. Yes.
 6 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 7 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 8 Q. Did you ever find that journal?
 9 A. Probably has some pages at home.
 10 Q. Because later on it seems like you met up
 11 with the police officer and produced a green
 12 folder that contained documents, but that's not
 13 the same thing as the journal. Right?
 14 A. No, this is my writings.
 15 Q. Okay. So if we want to obtain that
 16 journal from you what's the best way to go about
 17 getting it?
 18 A. I probably have to look in my house.
 19 Q. Okay. Well, it looks like we're going to
 20 come back for a second part of this, so by next
 21 time maybe you could find it. Right?
 22 A. Okay.
 23 Q. All right. Mr. Mermelstein asked you if
 24 anybody had contacted you about this case that was
 25 either an -- that was an investigator with Mr.

Page 246

1 Epstein. Right?

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. And the first thing that I wrote was that

4 two investigators met you for a couple of hours at

5 Don Shula's. Is that right?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. How did that whole meeting come together,

8 did they call you?

9 A. Well, they came to my house and then we

10 agreed for a more detailed meeting, and halfway

11 through -- I was in the area something he said I

12 can meet you there, so he suggest Don Shula Hotel.

13 Q. How long did you talk with them at your

14 house?

15 A. Probably an hour or two.

16 Q. So there was an hour or two at your

17 house?

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. And then they decided you weren't

20 finished talking with them yet and they talked

21 with you two more hours at Don Shula's?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. So you spent up to four hours with these

24 investigators for Mr. Epstein?

25 MR. CRITTON: Form.

Page 247

1 THE WITNESS: Yes.

2 BY MR. EDWARDS:

3 Q. And I know that you told us a couple of

4 things, they wanted to know what you knew, but did

5 they suggest a way for you to testify to help Mr.

6 Epstein?

7 MR. CRITTON: Form, asked and answered.

8 THE WITNESS: The way the meeting went is

9 he took notes and asked me questions how do

10 you know, he asked me about -- it's like I'm

11 going to a job, what do you know about this,

12 running this, who is this person, so it was

13 like questions and answers, questions and

14 answers.

15 BY MR. EDWARDS:

16 Q. Okay.

17 A. And that was it, you know, but mostly the

18 questions from their side.

19 Q. Okay. And then the next contact that you

20 had was with Jack Goldberger?

21 A. Yeah.

22 Q. And you called Jack Goldberger --

23 A. Yeah, because the subpoena.

24 Q. Okay. Well, the first time you call Jack

25 Goldberger had something to do with the FBI.

Page 248

1 Right?

2 A. Yeah, exactly, we talked before, yes.

3 Q. So this is before the subpoena --

4 A. Yes, yes.

5 Q. And you called him and said the FBI is

6 wanting to talk to me, what should I do?

7 A. Yeah. He told me, you know, tell them

8 the truth. And so actually he didn't call me back

9 but he know the FBI sat down with me in the

10 morning in Green's Pharmacy in Palm Beach.

11 Q. Where?

12 A. In Green's Pharmacy, it's in front of the

13 church.

14 Q. How long did you talk to the FBI?

15 A. From 8 to 12, more or less.

16 Q. So another four hour talk?

17 A. More or less, yes. It was the same thing

18 as the Palm Beach Police Department but they told

19 me this is a new investigation because the same

20 questions that Palm Beach Police Department ask me

21 they start with the same thing, what was going on,

22 this and that, and so -- but in a different -- in

23 a different character they ask me the same

24 questions but they went on and on and on.

25 Q. Okay. When did you have your sit down

Page 249

1 meeting with Mr. Critton?

2 A. In his office.

3 Q. When?

4 A. Oh when? Last week.

5 Q. Last week?

6 A. Or I believe two weeks ago, something

7 like that, before this.

8 Q. So you received the subpoena for your

9 deposition that was scheduled for last week --

10 A. Exactly.

11 Q. -- but you had car problems. And you

12 called Jack Goldberger again?

13 A. Yeah. And he told me he was out of town,

14 and then one guy came to my house -- actually, one

15 of the securities from Epstein.

16 Q. A security guard for Epstein?

17 A. No, security expert.

18 Q. So an investigator?

19 A. An investigator, sorry. And he said get

20 in touch with Mr. Critton.

21 Q. Do you remember who that is?

22 A. I have his card at home.

23 Q. Do you remember what the card looks like?

24 A. It's a yellow card, security or

25 investigation or something.

<p style="text-align: right;">Page 250</p> <p>1 Q. Would you know the name if I said it?</p> <p>2 A. Yeah.</p> <p>3 Q. Bill Riley?</p> <p>4 A. Yes.</p> <p>5 Q. Okay. Have you ever spoken with an</p> <p>6 investigator Paul Lavery?</p> <p>7 A. Could be, I'm not sure.</p> <p>8 Q. Okay. So Bill Riley came by your house</p> <p>9 personally?</p> <p>10 A. Yes.</p> <p>11 Q. And how long did you meet with him?</p> <p>12 A. Five minutes. He gave me his card, he</p> <p>13 gave me Mr. Critton telephone number, he said</p> <p>14 don't talk to Mr. Goldberger.</p> <p>15 Q. Did he tell you why you should call Mr.</p> <p>16 Critton?</p> <p>17 A. No. I assume that he was not on the case</p> <p>18 anymore, but I didn't ask questions but --</p> <p>19 Q. You assumed that who wasn't on the case</p> <p>20 anymore?</p> <p>21 A. Mr. Goldberger, Jack Goldberger.</p> <p>22 Q. Okay. But what I'm asking you, I guess,</p> <p>23 is did this investigator, Mr. Riley, tell you why</p> <p>24 it was important for you to call any attorney</p> <p>25 that's associated with Mr. Epstein, why was that</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 252</p> <p>1 A. We discuss -- he asked me a lot of</p> <p>2 questions, obviously he didn't know a lot of</p> <p>3 things about the case, and I told him who I was,</p> <p>4 what I did in the house.</p> <p>5 Q. He told you he didn't know a lot about</p> <p>6 the case?</p> <p>7 A. No, no, no. He asked me questions about</p> <p>8 so I got the feeling that Mr. Critton didn't know</p> <p>9 as much as other lawyers.</p> <p>10 Q. Okay. Did you tell him what you told us</p> <p>11 here today?</p> <p>12 A. No. He asked me tell the truth, you</p> <p>13 know, just go over there, you know, he advise me</p> <p>14 like you're on your own, Alfredo, just tell the</p> <p>15 truth, you know. He didn't give me any advice.</p> <p>16 He paid for my gas. Thank you very much.</p> <p>17 And that's it, you know.</p> <p>18 The main thing I wanted to have a lawyer</p> <p>19 on my side but then I keep going to the first</p> <p>20 instance when my wife told me you don't need a</p> <p>21 lawyer, and I'm here today to say that, I'm here,</p> <p>22 I'm speaking the truth.</p> <p>23 Q. Okay. You mentioned there were five or</p> <p>24 six computers in the house?</p> <p>25 A. Yes.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 251</p> <p>1 important?</p> <p>2 A. He didn't say that. He didn't say that.</p> <p>3 He just said that get in touch and that's it.</p> <p>4 Because I said what am I going to do, because I</p> <p>5 said I thought this was -- you know, but I didn't</p> <p>6 know I was going to be subpoena. And like I said</p> <p>7 in the beginning of this deposition, I don't have</p> <p>8 an attorney so I don't have money, first of all,</p> <p>9 to pay for an attorney. First of all, I don't</p> <p>10 think I'm in trouble, but every time you hear high</p> <p>11 powered lawyers you feel intimidated so I said,</p> <p>12 listen, what am I going to do, and that was my</p> <p>13 basic question.</p> <p>14 Q. Okay. So then you spoke with somebody at</p> <p>15 Mr. Critton's office and arranged to meet with him</p> <p>16 personally?</p> <p>17 A. Yes. I called his secretary and we sit</p> <p>18 down with his assistant, the three of us.</p> <p>19 Q. So it was Mr. Critton, yourself, and</p> <p>20 somebody else?</p> <p>21 A. Yes.</p> <p>22 Q. And you sat down for another two hour</p> <p>23 period of time?</p> <p>24 A. Yes.</p> <p>25 Q. And what did you go over in that meeting?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 253</p> <p>1 Q. And do you know what happened to the</p> <p>2 computers?</p> <p>3 A. No.</p> <p>4 Q. You don't know where they are?</p> <p>5 A. (Shakes head.)</p> <p>6 Q. Nobody has told you?</p> <p>7 A. No.</p> <p>8 Q. You also mentioned there were photographs</p> <p>9 in the house?</p> <p>10 A. In the computers in the files.</p> <p>11 Q. Okay. But there were also still</p> <p>12 photographs around the house?</p> <p>13 A. Oh yes, yes.</p> <p>14 Q. Some of the girls have made the</p> <p>15 allegation that there were photographs of them</p> <p>16 nude in the house. Do you remember seeing that?</p> <p>17 A. In the closet, yeah, in a mosaic. It was</p> <p>18 one frame with probably 15 pictures, small</p> <p>19 pictures.</p> <p>20 MR. CRITTON: Repeat the question back.</p> <p>21 BY MR. EDWARDS:</p> <p>22 Q. Okay. Some of the girls that have</p> <p>23 lawsuits against Mr. Epstein with allegations</p> <p>24 similar to the allegations that C. and T. have</p> <p>25 made, which is that they were underage when Mr.</p>

1 Epstein was engaging in sex or sex acts with them,
2 also say that they have seen pictures of
3 themselves in frames in Mr. Epstein's house naked.

4 A. In his closet.

5 Q. Other than the picture -- and these are
6 girls who are making the allegation that they were
7 underage and there were pictures of them nude in
8 his house.

9 A. I didn't see pictures of C. there.

10 Q. I'm not talking about C. I'm saying
11 other girls that were underage or have made
12 allegations that they have seen pictures of
13 themselves in Mr. Epstein's house.

14 MR. CRITTON: Form.

15 BY MR. EDWARDS:

16 Q. Where would those photos have been, or
17 did you see them?

18 A. Yes, I see them inside his closet.

19 Q. It's one mosaic?

20 A. Yes, one mosaic.

21 Q. Other than there did you see any of these
22 pictures of young girls nude anywhere else in the
23 house?

24 MR. CRITTON: Form.

25 THE WITNESS: Nude with an art, yes, but

1 not pornography. You know, I saw them, they
2 were all over the place. For instance, in
3 the back only showing part of the rear, you
4 know.

5 BY MR. EDWARDS:

6 Q. But the photographs that I'm concerned
7 with --

8 A. Not frontal pictures.

9 Q. The photographs I'm concerned with are
10 photographs of these West Palm Beach girls that
11 were labeled as masseuses that are being displayed
12 around the house anywhere in some state of
13 undress.

14 MR. CRITTON: Form.

15 THE WITNESS: No, I don't remember that.

16 BY MR. EDWARDS:

17 Q. Okay. The only girls that -- the only
18 photograph that you remember of young girls nude
19 was in a mosaic that is in his closet?

20 A. Yes.

21 Q. Nothing that you remember that was on
22 display?

23 A. Downstairs, yes, but they were not these
24 girls, they were somebody else.

25 Q. Okay. Do you know who was -- who were in

1 those photos?

2 A. One was a Columbian lady and one was --
3 one from Spain, beautiful girls, that, you know,
4 but they were not -- not the ones the girls we're
5 talking about here.

6 Q. Okay. When you were hired were you hired
7 by Mr. Epstein or were you hired by one of his
8 companies?

9 A. Mrs. Maxwell.

10 Q. So it was -- was it a company owned by
11 Mrs. Maxwell?

12 A. Not directly. My paycheck was Jeffrey
13 Epstein. I mean, I was hired by Mr. Epstein
14 but --

15 Q. Okay. I just understood you to say you
16 were hired by Mrs. Maxwell.

17 A. Exactly, she told me you're hired but
18 you're going to get paid by Mr. Epstein.

19 Q. And he wrote you personal checks?

20 A. No. The checks that came from New York,
21 Jeffrey Epstein Companies.

22 Q. It was out of his company?

23 A. Yes.

24 Q. Which company; do you know?

25 A. 456 Madison Avenue. It's next to the New

1 York Palace now.

2 Q. The name of the company is 456 Madison
3 Avenue?

4 A. No, no, it's -- I got it on the tip of my
5 tongue. Something like Caribbean or island
6 something investments, something like that.

7 If you call Lesley, her secretary, she
8 will tell you exactly. Because they answer the
9 phone like that, you know.

10 Q. What's Lesley's number?

11 A. Lesley, I don't have it. I can find out
12 for you.

13 Q. Do you think you could get Lesley's
14 number for us?

15 A. Yes. It's in Manhattan.

16 Q. Does she work for this company in
17 Manhattan?

18 MR. CRITTON: Form.

19 THE WITNESS: Manhattan, yes.

20 BY MR. EDWARDS:

21 Q. If the check was issued did Jeffrey
22 Epstein actually sign it himself?

23 A. No, it came through the comptroller.

24 Q. Who was the comptroller?

25 A. Bella was the assistant comptroller and

Page 258

1 there was somebody else. It was so long ago.
 2 Q. And the money that you would hold on you
 3 in cash, that's money that came out --
 4 A. Colonial Bank in 4th Avenue.
 5 Q. And is that Colonial Bank account, is
 6 that registered to Jeffrey Epstein personally
 7 or to his company?
 8 A. No, Ghislaine Maxwell.
 9 Q. To Ghislaine Maxwell.
 10 MR. CRITTON: Did you say it's her
 11 account?
 12 THE WITNESS: Well, I was the secondary,
 13 you know, because her name was there, but I
 14 know it was Jeffrey Epstein's money.
 15 BY MR. EDWARDS:
 16 Q. Okay. What I'm holding is what's already
 17 been attached to this as Exhibit 2. I'll show you
 18 again, can you tell me what bank that is?
 19 A. Yeah, this is Colonial Bank in Palm
 20 Beach.
 21 Q. And is --
 22 A. His name is here.
 23 Q. Right. The three names on the account
 24 are Jeffrey Epstein, Ghislaine Maxwell, and
 25 Alfredo Rodriguez.

Page 259

1 A. Yes.
 2 Q. Is this a company account or a personal
 3 account?
 4 A. I think it's a personal account.
 5 Q. And do you know what account funds this
 6 account?
 7 A. The one in New York.
 8 Q. The same account that you are paid from
 9 in New York --
 10 A. No, no, it's not the same.
 11 Q. Different account in New York?
 12 A. Yes.
 13 Q. All right. Which account in New York
 14 funds the account that is Exhibit 2?
 15 A. The one Bella knows, she's the assistant
 16 comptroller.
 17 Q. And do you know Bella's number?
 18 A. I can find out for you.
 19 Q. Do you know the name of that company?
 20 A. I have in my house.
 21 Q. You have the name of that company?
 22 A. Yes.
 23 Q. All right. So you have the name of the
 24 company or either you can get me Lesley's number
 25 who has the name of the company that paid you, and

Page 260

1 you also have the name of the company at the house
 2 which is associated with this person Bella as well
 3 that financed the account that you withdrew money
 4 from to pay the girls?
 5 A. Yeah.
 6 Q. Okay. Do you know what account Sarah
 7 Kellen was paid out of?
 8 A. No.
 9 MR. EDWARDS: Somebody else want to go.
 10 I mean, we're obviously not going to finish
 11 so I don't want to take up the rest.
 12 MR. LANGINO: I only have about ten
 13 minutes of question.
 14 EXAMINATION
 15 BY MR. LANGINO:
 16 Q. My name is Adam Langino from the Law Firm
 17 of Leopold Kuvin and we represent B.B. in this
 18 case.
 19 So you've obviously been here for about
 20 six hours so I don't have to reinvent the wheel,
 21 so I'm going to ask you a couple of questions that
 22 came to mind.
 23 Any of the individuals that provided
 24 massage to Mr. Epstein, were they provided any
 25 drugs?

Page 261

1 A. No, I don't think so.
 2 Q. Were they provided any alcohol?
 3 A. No, there was no alcohol in the house.
 4 Q. When they arrived did any of them appear
 5 to be under the influence of drugs?
 6 A. There was one girl who came and looked
 7 like she was shooting heroin.
 8 Q. Can you describe what that girl looked
 9 like?
 10 A. Very skinny with under mark on her eyes I
 11 saw a couple of times.
 12 Q. Do you remember which month that girl
 13 came to the house?
 14 A. That was December or January of 2005.
 15 Q. Do you know why she was at the house?
 16 A. She asked me when I met her, she said I'm
 17 looking for a job, I want to help doing the
 18 laundry, so I related this message to Sarah and
 19 Sarah told me I'll take care of her from here, but
 20 I don't know.
 21 Q. Do you know if she gave a massage to Mr.
 22 Epstein?
 23 A. No, I don't know.
 24 Q. Do you remember any individual who came
 25 to the house to give Mr. Epstein a massage was

1 under the influence of alcohol?
 2 A. No, I don't know.
 3 Q. When Mr. Epstein's investigators first
 4 contacted you, did you want to speak with them?
 5 A. If I wanted to talk to the investigators?
 6 Q. Did you want to speak with them?
 7 A. Yes, because I was concerned if I was in
 8 trouble with Mr. Epstein or I was in trouble with
 9 anything.
 10 Q. In December 2005, early January 2006 when
 11 you cooperated with the police, how come you
 12 cooperated with the police?
 13 A. They give me an introduction of what was
 14 going on, and the investigation, at that time
 15 nobody knew, the press, nobody, and they told me
 16 they needed my cooperation and I -- they asked me
 17 we like to know your honest answers, and that's
 18 what I did.
 19 Q. How did you feel about cooperating?
 20 A. I feel good.
 21 Q. You stated --
 22 A. Sorry, go ahead.
 23 Q. Did you have anything else to add?
 24 A. No, I hope, I thought I did the right
 25 thing.

1 Q. You stated that you picked up I guess
 2 some of the oils and creams that were left over
 3 after the massage.
 4 A. Yes.
 5 Q. Do you remember the names of any of those
 6 products?
 7 A. Names of those products. Spa is one of
 8 them, like the place spa.
 9 Q. Any other names?
 10 A. And it's a big tube like this, no, I
 11 don't remember right now.
 12 Q. Do you know if any of those massages or
 13 oils had any kind of a sexual connotation to the
 14 name or the product?
 15 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 16 THE WITNESS: No.
 17 BY MR. LANGINO:
 18 Q. Do you know if any masseuse that came to
 19 Epstein's home ever provided massage to someone
 20 else besides Mr. Epstein?
 21 A. No, I don't know.
 22 Q. Before you talked about a massager that
 23 was always present after a massage and you stated
 24 that you placed that massager back into inventory.
 25 A. Yes.

1 Q. Where was that inventory?
 2 A. It was kept in an armoire in the master
 3 bedroom -- master bath.
 4 Q. Was that massager that was always found
 5 after these massages kept in the same armoire with
 6 the sex toys?
 7 A. No, it's a different armoire, different
 8 furniture.
 9 Q. Were any other massagers kept in that
 10 armoire?
 11 A. Yes.
 12 Q. Can you describe them?
 13 A. Two, two big ones, the two rubber tips,
 14 they were kept in the bathroom.
 15 Q. And where was this armoire in relation to
 16 the one that held the sex toys?
 17 A. The one with the sex toys was in his
 18 bedroom in front of his table, in front of his
 19 bed, and the other ones were inside the bathroom.
 20 Q. Did you ever cleanup female clothes after
 21 a massage?
 22 A. No.
 23 Q. Did you ever cleanup any towels after a
 24 massage?
 25 A. No.

1 Q. Did you ever inspect any blood on any
 2 type of item in the massage room after a massage?
 3 A. No.
 4 Q. I know we spoke about pictures, do you
 5 know if Mr. Epstein kept any videotapes of any of
 6 these massages?
 7 A. No.
 8 Q. Do you know if he has any videotape of
 9 any of these masseuses?
 10 A. No, I don't know.
 11 Q. Do you hold any significant feeling
 12 regarding Mr. Epstein finishing his jail sentence
 13 now that he's free?
 14 MR. CRITTON: Form.
 15 THE WITNESS: If he was sentenced for
 16 solicitation of prostitution and he did
 17 leave before that, you know, I think it's
 18 not -- I don't think he has been doing what
 19 he was supposed to do, you know, the full
 20 18 months, and to be monitored after that
 21 and what have you. But I don't think --
 22 answering your question, I don't think it's
 23 been done justice.
 24 MR. CRITTON: Let me move to strike as
 25 irrelevant to anything.

Page 266

1 BY MR. LANGINO:
 2 Q. Are you currently in fear of Mr. Epstein?
 3 A. Not at this particular moment but it's
 4 something I have to be worry about, yes.
 5 Q. Are you personally afraid of criminal
 6 prosecution?
 7 A. No.
 8 Q. Do you believe that you did anything
 9 illegal?
 10 A. Illegal, no.
 11 MR. LANGINO: I have no further
 12 questions. Thank you.
 13 MR. CRITTON: We're going to break in
 14 about 15 minutes. Do you want to start and
 15 go for 15 minutes or do you want to -- it's
 16 up to you.
 17 MS. EZELL: I'll start.
 18 MR. WILLITS: When are we going to quit,
 19 folks?
 20 MR. CRITTON: In 15 minutes.
 21 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Might as well change
 22 tapes.
 23 MR. EDWARDS: Bob has to get back so
 24 we've agreed we're going to come back some
 25 other time.

Page 267

1 MR. WILLITS: Why don't we just stop now?
 2 MS. EZELL: Okay.
 3 MR. EDWARDS: Rather than you start.
 4 MS. EZELL: Yeah, I won't get very far.
 5 MR. EDWARDS: Sorry to do this with you,
 6 we didn't finish.
 7 MR. CRITTON: So we're stopped?
 8 MR. EDWARDS: We're stopped.
 9 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record.
 10 (Thereupon, the videotaped deposition was
 11 adjourned at 5:30 p.m.)
 12 - - -
 13
 14
 15
 16
 17
 18
 19
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25

Page 268

1 THE STATE OF FLORIDA,)
 2 COUNTY OF DADE.)
 3
 4
 5 I, the undersigned authority, certify
 6 that ALFREDO RODRIGUEZ personally appeared before
 7 me on the 29th day of July, 2009 and was duly
 8 sworn.
 9
 10 WITNESS my hand and official seal this
 11 31st day of July, 2009.
 12
 13
 14
 15
 16 _____
 17 MICHELLE PAYNE, Court Reporter
 18 Notary Public - State of Florida
 19
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25

Page 269

1 CERTIFICATE
 2
 3 The State Of Florida,)
 4 County Of Dade.)
 5
 6 I, MICHELLE PAYNE, Court Reporter and
 7 Notary Public in and for the State of Florida at
 8 large, do hereby certify that I was authorized to
 9 and did stenographically report the videotaped
 10 deposition of ALFREDO RODRIGUEZ; that a review of
 11 the transcript was requested; and that the
 12 foregoing pages, numbered from 1 to 269,
 13 inclusive, are a true and correct transcription of
 14 my stenographic notes of said deposition.
 15 I further certify that said videotaped
 16 deposition was taken at the time and place
 17 hereinabove set forth and that the taking of said
 18 videotaped deposition was commenced and completed
 19 as hereinabove set out.
 20 I further certify that I am not an
 21 attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am
 22 I a relative or employee of any attorney or
 23 counsel of party connected with the action, nor am
 24 I financially interested in the action.
 25 The foregoing certification of this
 transcript does not apply to any reproduction of
 the same by any means unless under the direct
 control and/or direction of the certifying
 reporter.
 DATED this 31st day of July, 2009.

 MICHELLE PAYNE, Court Reporter

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**PLAINTIFF, VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S REPLY IN RESPONSE TO
DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN RESPONSE
TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL THE PRODUCTION
OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER CLAIM OF PRIVILEGE**

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	ii
I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT	1
II. ARGUMENT	1
A. Under The Second Circuit’s “Touch Base” Test, New York Law Applies.	1
B. Under English Law, The Privilege Log Is Still Deficient.	4
1. The English “Legal Advice” Privilege Does Not Apply.	4
a. Confidentiality Under English Law.....	5
b. Communication Via An Agent Under English Law.....	6
c. Under English Law, The Communications Must Be For The Purpose Of Giving Or Receiving Legal Advice.....	6
C. Under New York Law, The Privilege Log Is Deficient.	7
CONCLUSION	8

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Page

Cases

Aetna Cas. & Sur. Co. v. Certain Underwriters at Lloyd's London,
176 Misc. 2d 605, 676 N.Y.S. 2d 727 (Sup. Ct. 1998).....2

Aetna Cas. & Sur. Co. v. Certain Underwriters at Lloyd's
263 A.D. 2d 367, 692 N.Y.S. 2d 384 (1999).....2

Anwar v. Fairfield Greenwich Ltd.,
982 F. Supp. 2d 260 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) 1

Astra Aktiebolag v. Andrx Pharm., Inc.,
208 F.R.D. 92 (S.D.N.Y. 2002).....2

Curley v. AMR Corp.,
153 F. 3d 5, (2d Cir. 1998)4

Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev,
290 F.R.D. 421 (S.D.N.Y. 2013).....7

In re A2P SMS Antitrust Litigation,
972 F. Supp. 2d 465 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) 1

In re Grand Jury Subpoenas Dated March 24, 2003,
265 F. Supp. 2d 321 (S.D.N.Y. 2003) 7

In re: Lyondell Chem. Co.,
543 B.R. 428 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2016)4

Nance v. Thompson Med. Co.,
173 F.R.D. 178 (E.D. Tex. 1997)7

On Time Aviation, Inc. v Bombardier Capital, Inc.,
354 F. App'x 448 (2d Cir. 2009).....2

Pem-Am., Inc. v. Sunham Home Fashions, LLC,
No. 03 CIV. 1377JFKRLE, 2007 WL 3226156 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 31, 2007)..... 7

Rutgerswerke AG & Frendo A.p.A. v. Abex Corp.,
No. 93 Civ. 2914 (JFK), 2002 WL 1203836 (S.D.N.Y. June 4, 2002)4

Tansey v. Cochlear Ltd.,
No. 13-CV-4628 SJF SIL, 2014 WL 4676588 (E.D.N.Y. Sept. 18, 2014).....4

<i>USP Strategies v. London General Holdings Ltd.</i> , [2004] EWHC 373 (Ch)	5, 6
<i>Waugh v. British Railways Board</i> , [1980] AC 521 (H.L.)	2
<i>West London Pipeline and Storage v Total UK</i> , [2008] 2 CLC 258	5
<u>Statutes</u>	
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(5)	7
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26.2(a)(2)(B)	7
Fed. R. Civ. P. 44.1	4

Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through undersigned counsel, respectfully submits this Reply in Response to Defendant’s Supplemental Memorandum of Law in Response to Plaintiff’s Motion to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Privilege (D.E. 46).¹ For the reasons set forth below, this Court should grant Ms. Giuffre’s Motions to Compel in their entirety.

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT²

This Reply references and incorporates Ms. Giuffre’s arguments on Defendant’s improper assertion of privilege on Defendant’s privilege log as iterated in Ms. Giuffre’s Motion to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Privilege (D.E. 33). In order to comply with page limit restrictions, this Reply primarily addresses new arguments raised in Defendant’s Supplemental Memorandum of Law in Response to Plaintiff’s Motion to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Privilege (D.E. 46).

II. ARGUMENT

A. Under The Second Circuit’s “Touch Base” Test, New York Law Applies

This Court need not even reach a choice-of-law analysis for three reasons. First, while Defendant claims that English privilege law applies, she does not claim a privilege under English law. For every entry on her privilege log, she claims attorney-client privilege, a privilege

¹ Ms. Giuffre notes that Defendant’s combined “responses” are over the page limit pursuant to this Court’s individual practice rules.

² Ms. Giuffre views Defendant’s “Supplemental Responses” (D.E. 45 and 46) as impermissible sur-replies. Defendant already filed a Response, and her “supplemental” responses were filed *after* Ms. Giuffre filed her Reply to Defendant’s Response. See *In re A2P SMS Antitrust Litig.*, 972 F. Supp. 2d 465, 500 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (striking sur-reply because it does not respond to “new issues which are material to the disposition of the question before the [C]ourt,”); *Anwar v. Fairfield Greenwich Ltd.*, 982 F. Supp. 2d 260, 263 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (“the Court notes that Plaintiffs’ letter is a sur-reply filed without permission of the Court and does not identify new controlling law, and therefore will not be considered.”).

To the extent that this Court has not yet made a *sua sponte* ruling to strike them from the docket to date, Ms. Giuffre hereby files her reply briefs within the time allotted under the Local Rules.

recognized by New York (and the remainder of United States jurisdictions). She does not claim the “legal advice privilege,” the analog to the attorney-client privilege in England.

Second, English “legal advice privilege” law is substantially similar to that of New York’s “attorney-client privilege” law (the privilege claimed in Defendant’s privilege log), making the analysis unnecessary. *On Time Aviation, Inc. v. Bombardier Capital, Inc.*, 354 F. App’x 448, 450 (2d Cir. 2009) (declining to reach a choice of law analysis as the result would be the same under the various jurisdiction’s law). “The parties appear to agree that the relevant privilege law is that of New York, rather than of England . . . the court will follow the parties’ decision to apply New York law. The English rule, *which is apparently similar, appears also to require that legal advice be a predominant purpose of the communication* (see *Waugh v. British Ry. Bd.*, [1980] AC 521 (H.L.).”³ *Aetna Cas. & Sur. Co. v. Certain Underwriters at Lloyd’s London*, 176 Misc.2d 605, 609, 676 N.Y.S.2d 727, 730 (Sup. Ct. 1998) *aff’d sub nom. Aetna Cas. & Sur. Co. v. Certain Underwriters at Lloyd’s*, 263 A.D.2d 367, 692 N.Y.S.2d 384 (1999) (Emphasis added). Therefore, because New York’s “attorney-client privilege” is substantially similar to the British “legal advice privilege,” this Court need not reach a choice-of-law analysis.

Third, the facts do not support the application of the choice-of-law test cited by defendant. In *Astra Aktiebolag v. Andrx Pharm., Inc.*, the court explained, “[w]here, as here, alleged privileged communications took place in a foreign country or involved foreign attorneys or proceedings, this court defers to the law of the country that has the ‘predominant’ or ‘the most direct and compelling interest’ in whether those communications should remain confidential, unless that foreign law is contrary to the public policy of this forum.” 208 F.R.D. 92, 98

³ *Waugh v. British Ry. Bd.*, [1980] AC 521 (H.L.), attached hereto to the McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 1, states, at p. 521-522, “Held . . . that the due administration of justice strongly required that a document such as the internal inquiry report, which was contemporary, contained statements by witnesses on the spot and would almost certainly be the best evidence as to the cause of the accident, should be disclosed; that for the important public interest to be overridden by a claim of privilege the purpose of submission to the party’s legal advisers in anticipation of litigation must be at least the dominant purpose for which it had been prepared.”

(S.D.N.Y. 2002). Here, there are not sufficient facts to trigger the application of this “predominance” analysis, but several facts militate against its application. First, the communication as at issue did not “take place in a foreign country,” as defendant participated in these communications from the United States.⁴ Second, the communications at issue⁵ did not all involve a “foreign attorney;” many were just between Defendant and her non-attorney press agent. Finally, this analysis does not apply as *there are no “foreign proceedings”* involved, as discussed in greater detail *infra*. Therefore, the Court need not reach a choice-of-law analysis because New York’s attorney-client privilege law and English legal advice privilege law are substantially similar, and the facts do not trigger the application of Defendant’s choice-of-law test.

However, should the Court choose to employ a choice-of-law analysis regarding the applicable privilege law, New York law controls. There were no foreign proceedings, the damage control on Defendant’s tarnished New York socialite reputation was the predominant purpose of the communications involving Gow, and Defendant’s reputation that was harmed, primarily, in New York where she resides. Finally, absent any declaration or other evidentiary showings that English law applies, this Court should find that New York law applies.

⁴ Defendant addressed a journalist on a Manhattan street the day after her initial defamatory statement was released and she referred reporters to her statement.

⁵ For example, Defendant claims attorney-client privilege with communications from Ross Gow to Defendant. *See* log entry from January 2, 2015 email on Defendant’s Privilege Log.

B. Under English Law, the Privilege Log is Still Deficient⁶

Should the Court determine Defendant has met her burden in showing that English law should apply to the determinations of privilege,⁷ Ms. Giuffre submits that it must reach the same conclusion as under New York law: (1) there is no legal advice privilege (i.e. the English equivalent of attorney-client privilege) that attaches to the communications in which an attorney is not present, (2) no legal advice privilege attaches to communications with attorneys when made in the presence of a third party, such that the communications are not confidential and (3) no litigation privilege applies when litigation is not reasonably in prospect or ongoing at the time the communications are made.

1. The English “Legal Advice” Privilege Does Not Apply

Under English law, a document can be withheld from disclosure on grounds of legal advice privilege if it is: (1) a confidential communication; which passes between a client and his/her lawyer (including via an agent); and (2) which has come into existence for the purpose of giving

⁶ This discussion in this brief on the application of English privilege law is based upon the legal opinions of attorneys in the London branch of the undersigned’s law firm, as well as English case law, cited through and attached as exhibits.

Under Rule 44.1 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, in determining foreign law, “the court may consider any relevant material or source, including testimony, whether or not submitted by a party or admissible under the Federal Rules of Evidence.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 44.1. Rule 44.1 gives a court “wide latitude” to determine foreign law, *Rutgerswerke AG & Frenco S.p.A. v. Abex Corp.*, No. 93 Civ. 2914(JFK), 2002 WL 1203836, at *16 (S.D.N.Y. June 4, 2002), and the Second Circuit has “urge[d] district courts to invoke the flexible provisions of Rule 44.1 to determine issues relating to the law of foreign nations,” *Curley v. AMR Corp.*, 153 F.3d 5, 13 (2d Cir.1998).

“In making rulings regarding foreign law, courts have employed various methods: they have considered the plain text of applicable foreign law; made assumptions regarding the interpretation of translated foreign law sources; considered expert affidavits submitted by parties; evaluated experts’ credibility; assessed experts’ opinions and the basis of such opinions as supported by the foreign country’s civil law, cases, treatises, and logic.” *In re: Lyondell Chem. Co.*, 543 B.R. 428, 444 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2016).

Accordingly, Ms. Giuffre respectfully requests that the Court consider the plain text of the attached case law should the Court decide to make a ruling based upon English law.

⁷ “[T]he party relying on foreign law has the burden of showing such law bars production of documents.” *Tansey v. Cochlear Ltd.*, No. 13-CV-4628 SJF SIL, 2014 WL 4676588, at *4 (E.D.N.Y. Sept. 18, 2014) (Internal quotation and citation omitted).

or receiving legal advice about what should prudently and sensibly be done in the relevant legal context. Where there is no attorney involved in the communication (such as those communications between Defendant and other non-attorneys), there can be no “legal advice” privilege under English Law.

a. Confidentiality Under English Law

Under English law, the fact that a third party is present at the time legal advice is sought/obtained (as with communications Defendant made with attorneys with a third party involved) does not necessarily prevent the communication from being confidential. If a communication is provided to a third party on express terms that it is to remain confidential and was not generally available outside the limited group of recipients, privilege will not necessarily be lost to the outside world (*USP Strategies v London General Holdings Ltd*, [2004] EWHC 373 (Ch)).⁸ On that basis, Defendant must bear the burden of proving that the documents are privileged.⁹ Defendant has not submitted any evidence, such as a Non-Disclosure Agreement, that expressly places Ross Gow under an obligation of confidence in respect to information received by him relating to legal advice/litigation. In absence of any express obligation of confidentiality, Ms. Giuffre submits that privilege does not attach to communications involving Ross Gow and the lawyer.

⁸ *USP Strategies v London General Holdings Ltd*, [2004] EWHC 373 (Ch), attached hereto to the McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 2, states, “[i]f A shows a privileged document to his six best friends, he will not be able to assert privilege if one of the friends sues him because the document is not confidential as between him and the friend. But the fact six other people have seen it does not prevent him claiming privilege as against the rest of the world.” I think that it follows from that that A would be able to restrain each of the friends from disclosing to the outside world what they were told on the basis that it remained privileged. The friends could not give secondary evidence of the privileged material – it would be “evidence of [privileged] communications”, or their evidence would be “evidencing such communications” within the formulation in *Three Rivers*. By the same token, if a client summarizes or extracts advice in a letter to a third party, that written communication is capable of retaining or attracting the privilege which attached to the original advice, subject to waiver. It, too, is something which evidences a privileged communication.”

⁹ Under English law, “the burden of establishing that a communication is privileged lies on the party claiming privilege”. *West London Pipeline and Storage v Total UK* [2008] 2 CLC 258, at para. 50, McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 3.

b. Communication Via An Agent Under English Law

Under English Law, communications between client and lawyer through an agent will be protected by legal advice privilege, but this will *only apply* in situations where the agent functions as no more than a mere conduit (e.g. a translator). Third parties engaged to provide their own intellectual input (e.g. accountants) will not be regarded as agents for the purposes of legal advice privilege. Whether Ross Gow functioned as a true agent for the purposes of privilege must be assessed by reference to the type of information that was being provided to the attorney. *USP Strategies v London General Holdings Ltd*, [2004] EWHC 373 (Ch).¹⁰

c. Under English Law, The Communication Must Be For The Purpose Of Giving Or Receiving Legal Advice

Ross Gow's website notes that he is a "Reputation Manager" – not a lawyer. Maxwell states that Mr. Gow provided information to Mr. Barden "regarding press inquiries so as to further Mr. Barden's ability to give appropriate legal advice to Ms. Maxwell regarding potential defamation litigation in the United Kingdom" (D.E. 46 at 9). Even if legal advice were obtained from Mr. Barden as a result of the information provided by Mr. Gow, it is not clear that the information provided by Ross Gow was itself confidential, particularly if it related to information that is already in the press/public domain. Maxwell should be put to prove that the written communications were confidential, came into existence specifically for the purpose of giving or

¹⁰*USP Strategies v London General Holdings Ltd*, [2004] EWHC 373 (Ch), attached hereto to the McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 2, states, "[i]f A shows a privileged document to his six best friends, he will not be able to assert privilege if one of the friends sues him because the document is not confidential as between him and the friend. But the fact six other people have seen it does not prevent him claiming privilege as against the rest of the world." I think that it follows from that that A would be able to restrain each of the friends from disclosing to the outside world what they were told on the basis that it remained privileged. The friends could not give secondary evidence of the privileged material – it would be "evidence of [privileged] communications", or their evidence would be "evidencing such communications" within the formulation in *Three Rivers*. By the same token, if a client summarizes or extracts advice in a letter to a third party, that written communication is capable of retaining or attracting the privilege which attached to the original advice, subject to waiver. It, too, is something which evidences a privileged communication."

receiving legal advice and were not simply for damage control purposes to her socialite reputation relating to her intimate involvement with convicted sex offender Jeffrey Epstein.

C. Under New York Law, The Privilege Log Is Deficient

Defendant submitted a 16-entry, facially deficient log under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5) and Local Rule 26.2(a)(2)(B) and the governing case law. First, Defendant attempts to wrongfully claim that the attorney-client privilege shields documents from production as to her communications with non-attorneys. Second, Defendant improperly claims a “common interest” privilege applies to her communications with convicted sex offender – and non-attorney - - Jeffrey Epstein, for which no attorney-client privilege applies, thus, precluding the application of the “common interest” privilege. This is simply wrong. “The common interest rule is an extension of the attorney-client privilege and not an independent basis for privilege.” *Pem-Am., Inc. v. Sunham Home Fashions, LLC*, No. 03 CIV. 1377JFKRLE, 2007 WL 3226156, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 31, 2007). “In order for a communication to be privileged within the common interest rule, it . . . must still meet the requirements of a privileged attorney-client communication.” *Id.* (Emphasis added). *See Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev*, 290 F.R.D. 421, 434 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (“communications are protected where there is a disclosure by A to the attorney representing B and vice-versa”).

Third, Defendant improperly claims the attorney-client privilege when the communications involved the presence of a third party not involved in providing legal services, such as Ross Gow or Mark Cohen. *See Egiazaryan*, 290 F.R.D. at 431.¹¹ Fourth, the descriptions of the

¹¹ Defendant attempts to base her argument on *In re Grand Jury Subpoenas Dated March 24, 2003*, 265 F. Supp. 2d 321, 330 (S.D.N.Y. 2003), but that the facts are so different between that case and the instant case that the comparison is inapt. Instead, for this case, *Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev*, 290 F.R.D. 421 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) and *NXIVM Corp. v. O’Hara*, 241 F.R.D. 109, 141 (N.D.N.Y. 2007) should control. *See also Nance v. Thompson Med. Co.*, 173 F.R.D. 178, 182–83 (E.D. Tex. 1997). The bulk of the relevant authority, in circumstances similar to the case at hand, does not extend attorney-client privilege to communications with public relations firms - even if attorneys are present for the communications - and for good reason. Public relations firms are not in the business of giving legal advice; they exist to manage their client’s public

communications in the log are inadequate. Every single communication on the log, even those not involving any attorneys, is described as “Communication re: legal advice.”

These sparse and unvaried descriptions simply do not comply with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5) and Local Rule 26.2(a)(2)(B), and are not sufficient to support the privilege claims asserted therein.

Accordingly, this Court should find that Defendant has waived her privilege claim for every entry which describes the subject matter as “Communication re: legal advice,” or at the very least, require Defendant to submit the documents in question for *in camera* review to determine whether they are actually subject to any privilege claim. In addition, the Court should direct the production of documents on the privilege log that involve communications between the two non-lawyers.¹²

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons this Court should order Defendant to produce the documents listed in her privilege log, or at the very least, conduct an *in camera* inspection to determine whether or not these documents are privileged under applicable law.

reputations. And management of her public reputation is why Defendant retains Gow, and has for many years. (D.E. 56 at 9).

¹² Defendant inexplicably states that Ms. Giuffre has somehow waived her argument that she is entitled to communications from Gow subsequent to the issuance of the press release. In the section on communications with Gow, Ms. Giuffre stated: Accordingly, Ms. Giuffre is entitled to communications relating to Mr. Gow - particularly the January 2, 2015 email - for *the entire Relevant Period*. (D.E. 35 at p. 19, emphasis added). The Relevant Period is defined as 1999 through the present. Therefore, there is no waiver.

Dated: March 14, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 14, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley _____
Sigrid S. McCawley

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCawley IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S REPLY IN RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO MOTION TO COMPEL PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS SUBJECT TO IMPROPER CLAIM OF PRIVILEGE

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.

2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Reply In Response to Defendant's Supplemental Response to Motion To Compel Production of Documents Subject To Improper Claim of Privilege [D.E. 47], or, in the alternative, Motion to Strike "Supplement Response" as Impermissible Sur-Reply.

3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of *Waugh v. British Ry. Bd.*, [1980] AC 521 (H.L).

4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of *USP Strategies v. London General Holdings Ltd.*, [2004] EWHC 373 (Ch).

5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3, is a true and correct copy of *West London Pipeline and Storage v. Total UK*, [2008] 2 CLC 258.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: March 14, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 14, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT 1

A.C.

A [HOUSE OF LORDS]

WAUGH APPELLANT

AND

BRITISH RAILWAYS BOARD RESPONDENTS

B 1979 May 16, 17, 21; Lord Wilberforce, Lord Simon of Glaisdale,
July 12 Lord Edmund-Davies, Lord Russell of Killowen
and Lord Keith of KinkelC *Practice — Discovery — Privilege — Accident report by servants
of railways board in pursuance of practice of board—Partly
prepared for safety purposes and partly for obtaining legal
advice in anticipation of legal proceedings—Whether latter
purpose to be dominant for claim to privilege to succeed—
Whether form of wording of report conclusive as to purpose
for which prepared*D The plaintiff's husband was employed by the defendant
railways board. In a collision between locomotives, he
received injuries from which he died. The practice of the
board when an accident occurred was that on the day of the
accident a brief report was made to the railway inspectorate,
soon afterwards a joint internal report ("the joint inquiry
report") was prepared incorporating statements of witnesses,
which was also sent to the inspectorate, and in due course a
report was made by the inspectorate for the Department of the
Environment. The heading of the joint inquiry report stated
that it had finally to be sent to the board's solicitor for the
purpose of enabling him to advise the board. The plaintiff
brought an action against the board under the Fatal Acci-
dents Acts, alleging that the collision had been caused by their
negligence, and sought discovery of, inter alia, the joint inquiry
report. The board, who denied negligence and alleged that
the collision had been caused or contributed to by the
deceased's own negligence, refused to disclose the report on
the ground, as stated in an affidavit sworn on their behalf,
that one of the principal purposes of preparing it had been
so that it could be passed to their chief solicitor to enable
him to advise the board on its legal liability and, if necessary,
conduct their defence to the proceedings, and that it was
accordingly the subject of legal professional privilege. On
an interlocutory application by the plaintiff for discovery of
the report, the master ordered discovery, but an appeal by the
board from his order was allowed by Donaldson J., and the
Court of Appeal by a majority (Eveleigh L.J. and Sir David
Cairns, Lord Denning M.R. dissenting) dismissed an appeal
by the plaintiff from Donaldson J.'s order.

E On appeal by the plaintiff:—

F *Held*, allowing the appeal, that the due administration of
justice strongly required that a document such as the internal
inquiry report, which was contemporary, contained statements
by witnesses on the spot and would almost certainly be the
best evidence as to the cause of the accident, should be dis-
closed; that for that important public interest to be overridden
by a claim of privilege the purpose of submission to the party's
legal advisers in anticipation of litigation must be at least the
H

Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))

[1980]

dominant purpose for which it had been prepared; and that, in the present case, the purpose of obtaining legal advice in anticipation of litigation having been no more than of equal rank and weight with the purpose of railway operation and safety, the board's claim for privilege failed and the report should be disclosed (post, pp. 531A-B, H-532B, 533B-D, 534F-G, 535B-C, 537E-G, 538A-B, 543C-545A, D-F).

Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co. [1913] 3 K.B. 850, C.A.; *Ankin v. London and North Eastern Railway Co.* [1930] 1 K.B. 527, C.A. and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.* (1933) 49 T.L.R. 542, C.A. overruled.

Anderson v. Bank of British Columbia (1876) 2 Ch.D. 644, Sir George Jessel M.R. and C.A. and *Grant v. Downs* (1976) 135 C.L.R. 674 considered.

Per curiam. The fact that the report stated on its face that it had finally to be sent to the board's solicitor for the purpose of enabling him to advise it cannot be conclusive as to the dominant purpose for which it was prepared (post, pp. 531A, 538A-B, 539E-G, 545E-F).

Dictum of Lord Strathclyde, Lord President, in *Whitehill v. Glasgow Corporation*, 1915 S.C. 1015, 1017 applied.

Decision of the Court of Appeal reversed.

The following cases are referred to in their Lordships' opinions:

Anderson v. Bank of British Columbia (1876) 2 Ch.D. 644, Sir George Jessel M.R. and C.A.

Ankin v. London and North Eastern Railway Co. [1930] 1 K.B. 527, C.A.
Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co. [1913] 3 K.B. 850, C.A.

Conway v. Rimmer [1968] A.C. 910; [1968] 2 W.L.R. 998; [1968] 1 All E.R. 874, H.L.(E.).

Crofter Hand Woven Harris Tweed Co. Ltd. v. Veitch [1942] A.C. 435; [1942] 1 All E.R. 142, H.L.(Sc.).

Crompton (Alfred) Amusement Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners (No. 2) [1974] A.C. 405; [1973] 3 W.L.R. 268; [1973] 2 All E.R. 1169, H.L.(E.).

D. v. National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children [1978] A.C. 171; [1977] 2 W.L.R. 201; [1977] 1 All E.R. 589, H.L.(E.).

Grant v. Downs (1976) 135 C.L.R. 674; 11 A.L.R. 577.

Jones v. Great Central Railway Co. [1910] A.C. 4, H.L.(E.).

Jones v. Monte Video Gas Co. (1880) 5 Q.B.D. 556, C.A.

Konia v. Morley [1976] 1 N.Z.L.R. 455.

Lawrence v. Campbell (1859) 4 Drew. 485.

Longthorn v. British Transport Commission [1959] 1 W.L.R. 530; [1959] 2 All E.R. 32.

Northern Construction Co. v. British Columbia Hydro and Power Authority (1970) 75 W.W.R. 21.

Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co. (1933) 49 T.L.R. 542, C.A.

Reg. in Right of Canada v. Hawker Siddeley Canada Ltd. (1976) 73 D.L.R. (3d) 453.

Seabrook v. British Transport Commission [1959] 1 W.L.R. 509; [1959] 2 All E.R. 15.

Southwark and Vauxhall Water Co. v. Quick (1878) 3 Q.B.D. 315, C.A.

A.C. Vaughn v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))

- A *Vernon v. Board of Education for the Borough of North York* (1975)
 9 O.R.(2d) 613.
 Whitehill v. Glasgow Corporation, 1915 S.C. 1015.

The following additional cases were cited in argument:

- Adam Steamship Co. Ltd. v. London Assurance Corporation* [1914] 3
 K.B. 1256, C.A.
 B *Collins v. London General Omnibus Co.* (1893) 68 L.T. 831, D.C.
 Cook v. North Metropolitan Tramway Co. (1889) 54 J.P. 263, D.C.
 London and Tilbury Railway Co. v. Kirk and Randall (1884) 28 S.J. 688,
 D.C.
 Westminster Airways Ltd. v. Kuwait Oil Co. Ltd. [1951] 1 K.B. 134;
 [1950] 2 All E.R. 596, C.A.
 Woolley v. North London Railway Co. (1869) L.R. 4 C.P. 602.

C INTERLOCUTORY APPEAL from the Court of Appeal.

- By an action against the respondent defendants, the British Railways Board, the appellant plaintiff, Alice Simpson Vaughn (widow of John Wallace Vaughn, deceased), claimed damages against the board in respect of the death of the deceased under the provisions of the Fatal Accidents Acts 1846–1959, alleging that a collision between two of the board's locomotives that had resulted in the death of the deceased, who had been employed by the board, had been caused by the negligence of the board, their servants or their agents. By their defence, the board denied negligence, and alleged that the collision had been caused or contributed to by the deceased's own negligence. The plaintiff sought discovery of an internal inquiry report made by two officers of the board two days after the accident, but the board refused discovery on the ground of legal professional privilege. On an interlocutory application by the plaintiff, Master Bickford Smith, on January 26, 1978, ordered disclosure of the report, but Donaldson J., on May 8, 1978, allowed an appeal by the board from that order. The Court of Appeal, on July 28, 1978, by a majority (Eveleigh L.J. and Sir David Cairns, Lord Denning M.R. dissenting) dismissed an appeal by the plaintiff. The plaintiff appealed by leave of the Court of Appeal.

- F The facts are set out in their Lordships' opinions.

- Peter Weitzman Q.C.* and *Michael Brent* for the plaintiff. Where a report is brought into existence for several reasons or purposes only one of which is to obtain professional legal advice in litigation that is pending or anticipated, is it protected by legal professional privilege from discovery? What is the test? There are a number of possible answers. (1) It is enough to secure privilege if the intention to obtain legal advice is a purpose, inter alia. (2) The intention to obtain legal advice must be at least a *substantial* purpose. (3) The purpose for which the document is brought into existence must be wholly or mainly that of obtaining professional legal advice, or it must have been "the *primary*," "the *substantive*," or "the *dominant*," purpose (these different phrases have all been used in the cases). (4) It must be the sole purpose. The plaintiff says that the answer is (4), alternatively, possibly, (3).

- H As to the authorities, the following preliminary observations may be

made. At one time, the practice differed as between equity and common law. (2) R.S.C., Ord. 24, r. 5, first came into existence in 1894 as R.S.C., Ord. 31, r. 19A. It was not until then that there was power in the court to inspect the documents in respect of which privilege was claimed. The authorities fall into three groups: (i) pre-1913; (ii) *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.* (1939) 49 T.L.R. 542; (iii) the cases after that, which do not add much. *Southwark and Vauxhall Water Co. v. Quick* (1878) 3 Q.B.D. 315 is strong authority for the "sole purpose" test, and *Collins v. London General Omnibus Co.* (1893) 68 L.T. 831 is also clear authority that at that stage the test was the "sole purpose" test. [Reference was made to *Woolley v. North London Railway Co.* (1869) L.R. 4 C.P. 602; *Anderson v. Bank of British Columbia* (1876) 2 Ch.D. 644; *London and Tilbury Railway Co. v. Kirk and Randall* (1884) 28 S.J. 688; *Cook v. North Metropolitan Tramway Co.* (1889) 54 J.P. 263; and the Sixteenth Report of the Law Reform Committee (Privilege in Civil Proceedings) (1967) (Cmnd. 3472), pp. 8 (para. 17), 13.]

Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co. [1913] 3 K.B. 850 turns, to begin with, on the form of words used in the affidavit (Eveleigh L.J. in the present case said that the judgment of Buckley L.J. there could be read in that way). It was not, therefore, intended to deal with the proper principles or test to be applied. Alternatively, Buckley and Hamilton L.JJ. were by implication referring to the "dominant purpose" test. The plaintiff relies on the passage at p. 860: "The only authority . . ." Hamilton L.J. is at least saying that there is no authority for the view that the purpose does not at least have to be the primary or substantial purpose, and the judgment of Buckley L.J., even taken on its own, does not go to the extent of contradicting that of Hamilton L.J.: see at p. 856: "It is not I think necessary . . ." (In *Southwark and Vauxhall Water Co. v. Quick*, 3 Q.B.D. 315, the word "merely" was used a number of times by Brett L.J.) The argument in the *Birmingham* case was directed largely to the form of the affidavit. There is no suggestion in the report that there was any other purpose. The judgment of Buckley L.J. relates primarily to the wording of the affidavit rather than to the substance of it. [Reference was made to *Adam Steamship Co. Ltd. v. London Assurance Corporation* [1914] 3 K.B. 1256 and *Ankin v. London and North Eastern Railway Co.* [1931] 1 K.B. 527.]

Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co., 49 T.L.R. 542, is moving to the position that, as a matter of substance, it is enough that one, substantial, purpose for bringing the document into existence is that it shall be available for legal advice. This is inconsistent with the judgments in *Southwark and Vauxhall Water Co. v. Quick*, 3 Q.B.D. 315. Scrutton L.J. misinterpreted that case, and wrongly extended what the *Birmingham* case decided. *Ogden* was wrongly decided, if it is authority that a substantial purpose is sufficient. *Westminster Airways Ltd. v. Kuwait Oil Co. Ltd.* [1951] 1 K.B. 134 is against the plaintiff: it shows that, since *Ogden*, the courts have been following *Ogden* and taking the view that a substantial purpose is enough. There is a reference to "other purposes" at p. 143.

A.C.

Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))

A [Reference was made to *Seabrook v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 509; *Longthorn v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 530 and *Alfred Crompton Amusement Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners (No. 2)* [1974] A.C. 405.]

B The privilege should only be accorded where it is necessary in order to achieve the purpose for which it is designed. Where the party would have brought the document into existence apart from the seeking of legal advice, there is no need for the privilege. Before 1894, when only the affidavit was produced, the inability of the court to inspect the actual documents could lead to abuse or mistake. *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850 was the first case where the court examined what the affidavit had to say and also looked at the documents. Thus, the language of the affidavit was no longer vital. There were now two questions:

C should the court inspect the documents, and was the form of words conclusive? Because the court could inspect the documents, the form of words was no longer conclusive. [Reference was made to *Grant v. Downs* (1976) 135 C.L.R. 674; *Wigmore's Law of Evidence* (1905), vol. iv, paras. 2317–2319 and R.S.C., Ord. 38, r. 29.]

D The plaintiff's submissions, in summary, are as follows. 1. *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542, was wrongly decided. One can go back to the situation before *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850, where, as was said in *Southwark and Vauxhall Water Co. v. Quick*, 3 Q.B.D. 315, the sole purpose test was the appropriate test. What is said by Lord Cross of Chelsea in *Alfred Crompton Amusement Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners (No. 2)* [1974] A.C. 405, with the concurrence of the others of their Lordships, is that the matter is now open for the House to decide what is the appropriate test to be applied—that is, presumably, that which is most desirable in the interests of justice. If privilege is to be accorded to a document, it is only to be accorded where that is necessary for the basic rationale of the rule, as expressed, inter alia, by Sir George Jessel M.R. in

F *Anderson v. Bank of British Columbia* (1876) 2 Ch.D. 644, 648–649. If a document comes into existence in circumstances such that it cannot be shown that it would not have come into existence but for the purposes of litigation, then in truth the privilege does not serve the purpose that is the basis of the rule, but merely provides an adventurous advantage. This is particularly the case with large corporate employers who are obliged to collect knowledge, as in this case. These

G points were made in *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674, on which the plaintiff very much relies. The problem posed can best be met by applying the sole purpose test; alternatively, the dominant purpose test, on the basis that the dominant purpose is the one that, if it had not existed, would mean that the document would not have come into existence. Here, the litigation purpose is at the highest one of two equal

H purposes.

Francis Irwin Q.C. and *Frederick Marr-Johnson* for the board. The powers of the inspectors appointed by the Secretary of State are set out in section 4 of the Regulation of Railways Act 1871. The report of

October 29, 1976, can be obtained by anyone from the Ministry of Transport or Her Majesty's Stationery Office. A

One of the objects of privilege is to prevent one party from seeing in detail what the other party's case is. It is very difficult to define "substantial." As to the tests, (1) once duality has been raised, there is no English case that has approved the sole purpose test. The only case, relied on by the plaintiff, is *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674. (2) the dominant purpose test has not been used by any judge except Barwick C.J. in *Grant v. Downs*. How does one assess dominance? Dominance in whose eyes? At what particular time? B

[LORD EDMUND-DAVIES. In a civilised society, would not the dominant purpose be to find out what happened, so as to prevent it from happening again?] C

In this case, there was no dominant purpose. The second report, the joint inquiry report of May 6, 1976, was really the collection of evidence. One difficulty of this approach is to distinguish between one aspect and another: which is the important one? The answer here should therefore be that the real test here can be described as a "substantial purpose"—"a substantial purpose"—test, or an "appreciable purpose" test. "An appreciable" means that it is something of consequence. The board does not accept the substantial purpose test because there was not a substantial purpose here. If there had been one, they would not go as far as to accept that test. They would accept that it is a question of "dominant in whose eyes?" Even there, there is difficulty, because one might have, for example, two members of a family charged with making a report about an accident that had happened to them: one might regard the dominant purpose of the report as liability, the other safety. "A dominant purpose" means a substantial purpose without the need to inquire whether it was *the* dominant purpose. There are two basic criteria: (1) that the test should be fair to both parties to the litigation; (2) that it should be simple to understand and easy to apply in practice. Support for the "a substantial purpose" test is found in the judgment of Diplock J. in *Longthorn v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 530, 534; see also *Konia v. Morley* [1976] 1 N.Z.L.R. 455 and the test that Eveleigh L.J. applied in the present case. Provided that the board establish a substantial purpose, they concede that there may be cases—not this one—where there may be a more important function. Thus, the substantial, appreciable purpose test ought to be applied. It represents the law and practice of at least the last 60 years. It is fair to both parties, in the sense that the privilege attaching to the document supports the case of the board in this instance. D E F G

It has that advantage, but it precludes the plaintiff, on general grounds, from having access to information to which otherwise she would be entitled.

[LORD SIMON OF GLAISDALE. There are two conflicting principles—curiously, both advanced to further the administration of justice. They point in different directions. One usually tries to resolve such a conflict by finding a middle line.] H

That is the difficulty here: to find a workable middle line. This advances the board's case for "substantial" or "appreciable."

A.C. *Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))*

A [LORD RUSSELL OF KILLOWEN. What about the preliminary accident report? There must also have been a report to the police?]

The accident report was not disclosed. The coroner's notes were disclosed. The board could hold two inquiries, one as to liability and one as to safety. It could not then be said that the first would be disclosable. The second would be.

B The plaintiff says that *Southwark and Vauxhall Water Co. v. Quick*, 3 Q.B.D. 315, is strong authority for the sole purpose test. There, the court was not concerned with any duality of purpose, and they were not directing their mind to that point. Secondly, the plaintiff says that *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850 turned mainly on the form of words used in the affidavit and was not, therefore, intended to deal with the proper principles and the test to be applied; alternatively, C she suggests that Buckley and Hamilton L.JJ. were by implication referring to the dominant purpose test. That case has been considered ever since it was decided as settling matters of principle; and it is not correct to say that within the language used the court were favouring the dominant purpose test. There is no distinction between "primary" and "dominant"; that is why one should prefer the substantial purpose test.

D The plaintiff said that *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542, was wrongly decided: Scrutton L.J. misinterpreted the *Southwark and Vauxhall* case and extended what had been decided in the *Birmingham* case. *Ogden*, like the *Birmingham* case, has been regarded as settling matters of principle now for a great number of years; Scrutton L.J. took a correct view of the *Southwark and Vauxhall* case and correctly interpreted and applied the *Birmingham* case. The present state of the E law, based principally on the *Birmingham* case, the *Ogden* case and other cases referred to in *Seabrook v. British Transport Commission* [1959]. 1 W.L.R. 509, may be summarised as follows. (1) All communications

F between a client or his legal adviser and third parties are prima facie privileged if one of the purposes for which they are made is the purpose of pending or contemplated litigation. (2) This purpose need not be the "dominant" purpose for the document's existence, but it must be a "substantial" or "appreciable" purpose. (3) Whether or not the purpose is sufficiently substantial to attract the cloak of privilege will be a question of fact and degree in every case. There is no magic in any particular form of words, and (for example) it is not necessary that the affidavit should state that information was obtained "solely" or "merely" or "primarily" for the legal adviser. (4) Such a communication remains G privileged notwithstanding the fact that it is brought into existence as a matter of routine, or in accordance with standing instructions, and notwithstanding the fact that it may pass through various hands before coming finally to the legal adviser.

H If the test is dominant purpose, it is possible to argue that the dominant purpose of the joint inquiry report was an inquiry into liability. The "label" on the affidavit of the assistant to the general manager of the board's Eastern Region in support of the board's claim of privilege and on the joint inquiry report cannot be more than an indication of its purpose. Paragraph 2 of the board's list of documents, stating that they have

in their possession, custody or power the documents “relating to the matters in question in this action” enumerated in the first schedule, in standard form. A

Marr-Johnson following on the Commonwealth authorities. As to *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674, the House should have in mind the principle set out by the majority there. Using shorthand, they applied the sole purpose test. The judgment of the majority is based on a fallacy, based on a misunderstanding of *Anderson v. Bank of British Columbia* (1876) 2 Ch.D. 644: see at pp. 687–689. It can be reduced to four propositions. (1) An ordinary individual can always be compelled to disclose his own knowledge of relevant facts. (2) A corporation generally has to acquire knowledge of relevant facts through the written communications of its agents. (3) It would be extraordinary if a corporation could claim the benefit of a privilege that was not available to an ordinary individual. (4) The majority conclude that, if the dual purpose claim is allowed the effect would be precisely that. The board agrees with (3), but (4) does not follow from (1) and (2). (1) is correct, but “relevant facts” means the basic facts of the transaction, the *res gestae*, one might almost say: the written documents in an accident case—typically, the entry in the accident book in a factory case—or, in a commercial case, the bank account in question. *Anderson v. Bank of British Columbia* is probably right if one reads it from end to end. The facts were wholly different from those in *Grant v. Downs*. That is plain, especially from the judgment of Mellish L.J., at p. 658: “. . . as to the question that we have to decide in this case . . .” B C D

It is well-established that a client is entitled to act on behalf of his legal adviser in obtaining information from third parties. A corporation is in no different position from an individual. That point was made clearly by Cotton L.J. in *Southwark and Vauxhall Water Co. v. Quick*, 3 Q.B.D. 315, 321. There is no difference at all that the board is aware of. It is plain from all the judgments in *Anderson v. Bank of British Columbia*, 2 Ch.D. 644, particularly that of Mellish L.J., that all the documents there would legitimately have been the subject of discovery if the bank had been in England: they were, in truth, bankers’ records. E F

The board is not aware of any case other than *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674, where the sole purpose test has been applied. It is not right to draw the line at that particular point. If one is to draw a line at all, one should draw it where it is capable of being applied easily in practice (it is not only High Court judges who have to apply it). Apart from Australia, the Commonwealth authorities all apply the substantial purpose test, which does work adequately in practice. One might have two different safety officers, one concerned with safety, one with liability. Or one might have a document 90 per cent. of which was concerned with safety, 10 per cent. with liability. These Commonwealth cases follow the practice in England and Wales, and in two of them where the substantial purpose test was applied the claim to privilege failed: *Northern Construction Co. v. British Columbia Hydro and Power Authority* (1970) 75 W.W.R. 21 and *Vernon v. Board of Education for the Borough of New York* (1975) 9 O.R. (2d) 613. *Alfred Crompton Amusement Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners* (No. 2) G H

A.C. **Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))**

A [1974] A.C. 405 was considered in *Reg. in Right of Canada v. Hawker Siddeley Canada Ltd.* (1976) 73 D.L.R. (3d) 453. [Reference was made to *Konia v. Morley* [1976] 1 N.Z.L.R. 455.]

Weitzman Q.C. in reply. One should not go through this report line by line, but should look at what the person says who inspired it. There is confusion in the board's argument between the function of pleadings on the one hand and particulars on the other. One should distinguish between the purpose for which the report was made and the use eventually made of its contents. As to the proposition that the test should be simple to understand and easy to apply, that is the whole question here. It is very difficult to say exactly where such a test as "a substantial purpose" draws the line. It seems as though the Law Reform Committee in its Sixteenth Report (Privilege in Civil Proceedings) (1967) (Cmd. 3472) were recommending the dominant purpose test: see at p. 8, para. 17: "wholly or mainly."

C Even if the board's historical summation of the authorities be right, the House in *Alfred Crompton Amusement Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners (No. 2)* [1974] A.C. 405 regarded the matter as open for reconsideration.

D It is quite impossible that the board should succeed on the dominant purpose test, because their affidavit falls far short of it. That was recognised by *Eveleigh L.J.*

As to the Commonwealth authorities, see *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674: the Commonwealth cases more or less follow what was said in *Seabrook v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 509 and *Longthorn v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 530.

E Fairness and good sense suggest that the privilege should be limited to those cases where it is essential that it should be granted. Where a document would have been produced anyway, whether there was to be litigation or not, that suggests that the privilege is not necessary.

Their Lordships took time for consideration.

F July 12. LORD WILBERFORCE. My Lords, the appellant's husband was an employee of the British Railways Board. A locomotive which he was driving collided with another so that he was crushed against a tank wagon. He received injuries from which he died. The present action is brought under the Fatal Accidents Acts 1846-1959 and this appeal arises out of an interlocutory application for discovery by the board of a report called the "joint inquiry report," made by two officers of the board two days after the accident. This was resisted by the board on the ground of legal professional privilege. The Court of Appeal, *Eveleigh L.J.* and *Sir David Cairns*, *Lord Denning M.R.* dissenting, refused the application.

G When an accident occurs on the board's railways, there are three reports which are made. 1. On the day of the accident a brief report of the accident is made to the Railway Inspectorate. 2. Soon afterwards a joint internal report is prepared incorporating statements of witnesses. This too is sent to the Railway Inspectorate. Preparation of this report, it appears, is a matter of practice: it is not required by statute or statutory regula-

530

Lord Wilberforce (*Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))*)

[1980]

tion. 3. In due course a report is made by the Railway Inspectorate for the Department of the Environment.

A

The document now in question is that numbered 2. The circumstances in which it came to be prepared, and the basis for the claim of privilege, were stated in an affidavit sworn on behalf of the board by Mr. G. T. Hastings, assistant to the general manager of the Eastern Region. I find it necessary to quote the significant passages in this affidavit.

“3. The general manager of the Eastern Region is required (as are the general managers of the other railways regions) to submit returns to the Department of [the] Environment in respect of accidents occurring on or about any railway . . . 6. It has long been the practice of the board and its predecessors to require that returns and reports on all accidents occurring on the railway and joint internal departmental inquiries into the causes of the said accident be made by the local officers of the board who would forward them to their superiors in order to assist in establishing the causes of such accidents. 7. Such reports and the statements of witnesses to such accidents are made for the purposes mentioned in paragraphs 3 and 6 of this affidavit and equally for the purpose of being submitted to the board’s solicitor as material upon which he can advise the board upon its legal liability and for the purpose of conducting on behalf of the board any proceedings arising out of such accidents . . . 9. It is commonly anticipated by the board that: (a) where an employee of the board suffers personal injury or death at work or (b) where a passenger suffers loss [or] personal injury or death while on or about the railway a claim for damages will be made against the board and proceedings will ensue if liability is repudiated. The present action is brought as the result of a fatal accident suffered at work by the late husband of the plaintiff and it was anticipated from the very outset that a claim for damages would almost certainly ensue. 10. The documents in this action namely the reports made by the board’s officers and servants and the report referred to in correspondence as the internal inquiry report for which the defendants have claimed privilege in part 2 of the first schedule of their list of documents dated November 11, 1977, came into existence by reason of the fact that the appropriate officer, in this case the divisional manager at Newcastle, in accordance with long standing practice was required to and did so call for such reports and statements. One of the principal purposes for so doing was so that they could be passed to the board’s chief solicitor to enable him to advise the board on its legal liability and if necessary conduct its defence to these proceedings. 11. The internal inquiry report in fact states on the face of it that it has finally to be sent to the solicitor for the purpose of enabling him to advise the board.”

B

C

D

E

F

G

This last paragraph refers to the wording which appears at the head of the report:

“For the information of the board’s solicitor: This form is to be used by every person reporting an occurrence when litigation by or against the B.R.B. is anticipated. It is to be provided by the person

H

accident. If one accepts that this important public interest can be over-
ridden in order that the defendant may properly prepare his case, how
close must the connection be between the preparation of the document
and the anticipation of litigation? On principle I would think that the
purpose of preparing for litigation ought to be either the sole purpose
or at least the dominant purpose of it: to carry the protection further into
cases where that purpose was secondary or equal with another purpose
would seem to be excessive, and unnecessary in the interest of encouraging
truthful revelation. At the lowest such desirability of protection as might
exist in such cases is not strong enough to outweigh the need for all relevant
documents to be made available.

A
B

There are numerous cases in which this kind of privilege has been considered. A very useful review of them is to be found in the judgment of Havers J. in *Seabrook v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 509 which I shall not repeat. It is not easy to extract a coherent principle from them. The two dominant authorities at the present time are *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.* (1933) 49 T.L.R. 542, both decisions of the Court of Appeal. These cases were taken by the majority of the Court of Appeal in the present case to require the granting of privilege in cases where one purpose of preparing the document(s) in question was to enable the defendants' case to be prepared whether or not they were to be used for another substantial purpose. Whether in fact they compel such a conclusion may be doubtful—in particular I do not understand the *Birmingham* case to be one of dual purposes at all: but it is enough that they have been taken so to require. What is clear is that, though loyally followed, they do not now enjoy rational acceptance: in *Longthorn v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 530 the manner in which Diplock J. managed to escape from them, and the tenor of his judgment, shows him to have been unenthusiastic as to their merits. And in *Alfred Crompton Amusement Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners (No. 2)* [1974] A.C. 405 Lord Cross of Chelsea, at p. 432, pointedly left their correctness open, while Lord Kilbrandon stated, at p. 435, that he found the judgment of Scrutton L.J. in *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542, 543–544, “hard to accept.” Only Viscount Dilhorne (dissenting) felt able to follow them in holding it to be enough if one purpose was the use by solicitors when litigation was anticipated.

C
D
E
F

The whole question came to be considered by the High Court of Australia in 1976: *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674. This case involved reports which had “as one of the material purposes for their preparation” submission to legal advisers in the event of litigation. It was held that privilege could not be claimed. In the joint judgment of Stephen, Mason and Murphy JJ., in which the English cases I have mentioned were discussed and analysed, it was held that “legal professional privilege” must be confined to documents brought into existence for the sole purpose of submission to legal advisers for advice or use in legal proceedings. Jacobs J. put the test in the form of a question, at p. 692: “. . . does the purpose”—in the sense of intention, the intended use—“of supplying

G
H

A.C. **Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.)) Lord Wilberforce**

A the material to the legal adviser account for the existence of the material? ” Barwick C.J. stated it in terms of “dominant” purpose. This is closely in line with the opinion of Lord Denning M.R. in the present case that the privilege extends only to material prepared “wholly or mainly for the purpose of preparing [the defendant’s] case.” The High Court of Australia and Lord Denning M.R. agree in refusing to follow *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542, as generally understood.

B My Lords, for the reasons I have given, when discussing the case in principle, I too would refuse to follow those cases. It appears to me that unless the purpose of submission to the legal adviser in view of litigation is at least the dominant purpose for which the relevant document was prepared, the reasons which require privilege to be extended to it cannot apply. On the other hand to hold that the purpose, as above, must be the sole purpose would, apart from difficulties of proof, in my opinion, be too strict a requirement, and would confine the privilege too narrowly: as to this I agree with Barwick C.J. in *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674, and in substance with Lord Denning M.R. While fully respecting the necessity for the Lords Justices to follow previous decisions of their court, I find myself in the result in agreement with Lord Denning’s judgment. I would allow the appeal and order disclosure of the joint report.

C LORD SIMON OF GLAISDALE. My Lords, the appellant’s late husband, an employee of the respondents, was killed in an accident on part of their railway system. In accordance with their usual practice, shared by many industrial and commercial undertakings in such circumstances, a report was made about the accident. As so often, the report came into being partly for the purpose of ascertaining whether the working system was defective and could be improved so as to obviate such accidents, partly for the purpose of informing the respondents’ solicitors in case of the threat or initiation of litigation, which, at the time when the report was made, was contemplated by the respondents as possible or probable.

F The report, as is usual, contains statements by all such persons as could throw light on the circumstances of the accident, the majority of whom could be witnesses in any ensuing litigation. Litigation having in fact been started by the appellant against the respondents, the former has sought disclosure of the report to assist her in the preparation and/or conduct of her case. The respondents resist its disclosure, on the ground that it is protected by legal professional privilege.

G The situation being far from unusual, the issue has quite frequently been before the courts. The English authorities were meticulously reviewed by Havers J. in *Seabrook v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 509. His conclusion was that he was bound by what had been said by the majority of the Court of Appeal in *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850, and by the ensuing Court of Appeal decisions in *Ankin v. London and North Eastern Railway Co.* [1930] 1 K.B. 527 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542. The law thus laid down was that such a report need not be disclosed if one of its purposes

H

(even though subsidiary) was to inform the solicitor with a view to litigation contemplated as possible or probable. That this was the correct distillation of the prevailing case law was recognised by Diplock J. in *Longthorn v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 530; though he deftly avoided its application. It was also recognised as the prevailing English law, and applied, by various Canadian courts: see *Northern Construction Co. v. British Columbia Hydro and Power Authority* (1970) 75 W.W.R. 21; *Vernon v. Board of Education for the Borough of North York* (1975) 9 O.R.(2d) 613; *Reg. in Right of Canada v. Hawker Siddeley Canada Ltd.* (1976) 73 D.L.R. (3d) 453. In New Zealand, too, the Court of Appeal held that to attract privilege its use in reasonably apprehended litigation need not be the only purpose of the document (though it must be an appreciable purpose): *Konia v. Morley* [1976] 1 N.Z.L.R. 455. *Ankin v. London and North Eastern Railway Co.* [1930] 1 K.B. 527 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542 being English Court of Appeal decisions, the law declared there was binding on, and applied by the majority of, the Court of Appeal in the instant case.

The earlier authorities are, however, by no means so categorical; and the views of Hamilton L.J. in *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850 were preferred, though not as a matter of decision, by the majority of the members of the Appellate Committee in *Alfred Crompton Amusement Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners (No. 2)* [1974] A.C. 405; and it was the *Birmingham* case which was the foundation of *Ankin* and *Ogden*. In *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674, the majority of the High Court in Australia took those earlier authorities into account and also the doubt that had been thrown on the more recent ones in *Alfred Crompton Amusement Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners (No. 2)*; and, weighing various other considerations, held that to attract privilege the use of the document for reasonably anticipated litigation must be its sole purpose. Barwick C.J., at p. 677, "Having considered the decisions, the writings and the various aspects of the public interest which claim attention," thought that use of the document either for legal advice or to be used in reasonably apprehended litigation had to be the dominant purpose in order to attract privilege from disclosure. The Law Reform Committee, in its Sixteenth Report (Privilege in Civil Proceedings) (1967) (Cmnd. 3472) thought that, under the subsisting English law, the test of privilege was that the document should be "wholly or mainly" for the purpose of preparing one's case in litigation then pending or contemplated (para. 17); and, although I do not myself consider that that was the prevailing law (nor, indeed, I think, did Lord Denning M.R. in the instant case, for all that he favoured it as the test), the views of such an eminent committee are entitled to great respect.

The upshot of this cursory conspectus of the authorities is that your Lordships are, in my view, free to consider the issue on grounds of principle and convenience, unembarrassed by previous authority, which, rather, constitutes diverse springboards. The appellant argues that the

A.C.

Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))

Lord Simon
of Glaisdale

A correct test is that preferred by the majority of the High Court in *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674, namely the sole purpose; or, alternatively, that preferred by Barwick C.J. in that case, namely the dominant purpose. The respondents argue that *Ankin v. London and North Eastern Railway Co.* [1930] 1 K.B. 527 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542, were correctly decided, and that it is sufficient to attract privilege from disclosure if one of the purposes B (however subsidiary) is with a view to apprehended litigation.

The issue exemplifies a situation which frequently causes difficulties—where the forensic situation is covered by two valid legal principles which point each to a different forensic conclusion. Here, indeed, both principles subserve the same legal end—the administration of justice. The first principle is that the relevant rules of law should be applied to the C whole body of relevant evidence—in other words, in principle all relevant evidence should be adduced to the court. The report in question in this appeal undoubtedly contains information relevant to the matters in issue in the litigation here. The first principle thus indicates that it should be disclosed, so that the appellant may make use of it if she wishes.

The second general principle arises out of the adversary (in contradiction to the inquisitorial) system of administration of justice. Society D provides an objective code of law and courts where civil contentions can be decided. But it contents itself with so providing a forum and a code (and nowadays some finance for those who could not otherwise get justice). Having done so much, society considers that it can safely leave each party to bring forward the evidence and argument to establish his/her case, detaching the judge from the hurly-burly of contestation E and so enabling him to view the rival contentions dispassionately. It is true that this does not in itself give rise to legal professional privilege. Sir Thomas More, before his time for judicial and administrative responsibility, had a different system for the Utopians:

F “For they thinke it most mete, that euery man shuld pleade his owne matter, and tell the same tale before the iudge, that he would tel to his man of lawe. So shall there be lesse circumstaunce of wordes, and the trwth shal soner cum to light; whiles the iudge with a discrete judgement doth waye the wordes of hym whom no lawier hath instruct with deceit; and whiles he helpeth and beareth out simple wittes agaynst the false and malicious circumuertions of craftie chyl dren.” (*Utopia*, 1516, tr. Ralph Robinson, 1551, Bk. 2, [ch. 7].)

G This is all very fine; but that great moralist and master of common sense, Dr. Johnson, saw the snag. Quite apart from the descent of the judge into the arena:

H “As it rarely happens that a man is fit to plead his own cause, lawyers are a class of the community, who, by study and experience, have acquired the art and power of arranging evidence, and of applying to the points at issue what the law has settled. A lawyer is to do for his client all that his client might fairly do for himself; if he could.” (Boswell, *Life of Johnson*, ed. Birkbeck Hill (1950), vol. v, 26).

So the adversary system calls for legal representation if it is to operate with such justice as is vouchsafed to humankind. A

This system of adversary forensic procedure with legal professional advice and representation demands that communications between lawyer and client should be confidential, since the lawyer is for the purpose of litigation merely the client's alter ego. So too material which is to go into the lawyer's (i.e. the client's) brief or file for litigation. This is the basis for the privilege against disclosure of material collected by or on behalf of a client for the use of his lawyer in pending or anticipated litigation: see Cotton L.J. in *Southwark and Vauxhall Water Co. v. Quick* (1878) 3 Q.B.D. 315, 321-322; *D. v. National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children* [1978] A.C. 171, 231; Sixteenth Report of the Law Reform Committee, paras. 17-21. Apart from the limited exception of some expert evidence, for which the Rules of the Supreme Court make express provision (Ord. 38, r. 37), a party in civil litigation is not entitled to see the adversary's proofs of what his witnesses will say at the trial; there has been no suggestion that he should be so entitled; and any such development would require the most careful consideration based on widespread consultation. The report in question in this appeal undoubtedly contains material collected by or on behalf of the respondents for the use of their solicitors in anticipated litigation. The second principle thus indicates that the respondents are entitled to claim that it is confidential as between themselves and their solicitors and that they are not bound to disclose it. B C D

Historically, the second principle—that a litigant must bring forward his own evidence to support his case, and cannot call on his adversary to make or aid it—was fundamental to the outlook of the courts of common law. The first principle—that the opponent might be compelled to disclose relevant evidence in his possession—was the doctrine of the Chancery, a court whose conscience would be affronted by forensic success contrary to justice obtained merely through the silent non-cooperation of the defendant (see Y.B. 9 Ed. IV, Trin. 9), and which therefore had some inclination to limited inquisitorial procedures. The conflict between the Chancery and the courts of common law was, here as elsewhere, ultimately resolved by compromise and accommodation. E F

I can see no intrinsic reason why the one principle rather than the other should prevail in a situation where they are counter-indicative. Neither is absolute: both are subject to numerous exceptions. For example, if a document protected by legal professional privilege (or secondary evidence of it) has been obtained by the opposite party independently—even through the default of the legal adviser—even by dishonesty—either will probably be admissible: *Phipson on Evidence*, 12th ed. (1976), p. 241, para. 584; Sixteenth Report of the Law Reform Committee, para. 31. The numerous exceptions to the principle that all relevant evidence should be disclosed arise partly from historical reasons (the tensions between the courts of common law, where questions of fact were tried, and the Court of Chancery, where the remedy of discovery was developed), partly from considerations of justice, partly from wider social considerations: see *D. v. National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children* [1978] A.C. 171, at pp. 231 et seq. Thus the G H

A.C.

Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))

Lord Simon
of Glaisdale

A historical exclusion of hearsay evidence, “the best evidence” rule and “without prejudice” communications are examples of exceptions to the principle of adduction of all relevant evidence. So too is the rule excluding, in general, evidence going merely to the discredit of a witness, even though the credibility of the witness may be decisive of the case. But the exception which most nearly touches the issue facing your Lordships was cogently invoked in this very connection by James L.J. in *Anderson v. Bank of British Columbia*, 2 Ch.D. 644, 656:

“ . . . as you have no right to see your adversary’s brief, you have no right to see that which comes into existence merely as the materials for the brief.”

C The adversary’s brief will contain much relevant material; nevertheless, you cannot see it because that would be inconsistent with the adversary forensic process based on legal representation. I would, though, draw attention to the word “merely” in James L.J.’s dictum.

D There is, then, no a priori reason why the one general principle should yield to the other. But in my judgment each party’s main contention would virtually result in the total exclusion of the principle relied on by the other. The rule in *Ogden* in effect means that reports such as that in the instant case will always be excluded, because it is unlikely that there is not in such circumstances even the subsidiary purpose of informing the legal advisers. On the other hand, to enjoin that privilege can only be claimed if the information of legal advisers is the sole purpose of the report will in effect mean that such reports must always be disclosed, because it is unlikely that in such circumstances there will not be even the subsidiary purpose of ascertaining whether the system of work can be improved. Indeed, in this type of report causation and fault can hardly be kept apart.

E Your Lordships will therefore, I apprehend, be seeking some intermediate line which will allow each of the two general principles scope in its proper sphere. Various intermediate formulae as a basis for the privilege have been canvassed in argument before your Lordships, most based on some authority—the obtaining of legal advice was “an appreciable purpose”; “a substantial purpose”; “the substantial purpose”; it was “wholly or mainly” for that purpose; that was its “dominant” purpose; that was its “primary” purpose.

F Some of these are in my view too vague. Some give little or no scope to the principle of open litigation with the minimum exclusion of relevant evidence. The one that appeals most to me is “dominant” purpose, as it did to Barwick C.J. in *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674. It allows scope to each of the governing principles. It seems to me less quantitative than “mainly”; and I think it would be easier to apply—the law is already cognisant of the concept of a dominant purpose—in the law of conspiracy, for example (see *Crofter Hand Woven Harris Tweed Co. Ltd. v. Veitch* [1942] A.C. 435, especially at pp. 445 (Viscount Simon L.C.), 452 (Viscount Maugham)), and in the law as to fraudulent preference in bankruptcy (see *Halsbury’s Laws of England*, 4th ed., vol. 3 (1973), pp. 496, 499, paras. 908, 913).

538

Lord Simon
of Glaisdale

Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))

[1980]

I would therefore overrule *Ankin v. London and North Eastern Railway Co.* [1930] 1 K.B. 527 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542. A

My noble and learned friend on the Woolsack has already cited the crucial passages from the affidavit of Mr. Hastings. These show that the procuring of legal advice or preparation for litigation was not the dominant purpose of the report. It follows that the claim for legal professional privilege fails, and the report must be disclosed. B

Accordingly, I would allow the appeal.

LORD EDMUND-DAVIES. My Lords, the circumstances of the fatal accident on May 4, 1976, giving rise to this litigation have already been related by my noble and learned friend Lord Wilberforce. A copy of the short report sent the same day by the respondent board to the Ministry of Transport in accordance with section 6 of the Regulation of Railways Act 1871 has been furnished to the appellant's solicitors. They have also been supplied with a copy of the report of October 29, 1976, prepared by the Railway Inspectorate of the Department of Transport. But what has not been disclosed is the May 6, 1976, report based upon a joint internal inquiry conducted by the board's personnel. The importance to the appellant of such a report, made only two days after the accident and when the memory of witnesses were fresh, is manifest. But from the outset disclosure of its contents has been resisted. In their list of documents the board claimed that they were C

“ . . . documents which came into existence and were made by the defendants or their officers or servants after this litigation was in contemplation and in view of such litigation for the purpose of obtaining for and furnishing to the solicitor of the defendants evidence and information as to the evidence which will be obtained or otherwise for the use of the said solicitor to enable him to conduct the defence in this action or to advise the defendants.” D E

But that the reports referred to were not made solely for litigation purposes emerged when the board, being nevertheless pressed for disclosure of the internal inquiry report, responded by an affidavit sworn by Mr. Hastings, assistant to the general manager of their Eastern Region. So important is it that I must quote from it at some length: F

“ 6. It has long been the practice of the board and its predecessors to require that returns and reports on all accidents occurring on the railway and joint internal departmental inquiries into the causes of the said accident be made by the local officers of the board who would forward them to their superiors in order to assist in establishing the causes of such accidents. 7. Such reports and the statements of witnesses to such accidents are made for the purposes mentioned in paragraphs 3 and 6 of this affidavit and equally for the purpose of being submitted to the board's solicitor as material upon which he can advise the board upon its legal liability and for the purpose of conducting on behalf of the board any proceedings arising out of such accidents. 8. This system of reporting accidents and making G H

A.C. **Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))** Lord Edmund-Davies

A joint internal departmental inquiries into the causes of the said
accidents and laying down the necessary instructions to the relevant
staff to do so for the purposes aforesaid continues today. 9. It is
commonly anticipated by the board that: (a) where an employee of
the board suffers personal injury or death at work or (b) where a
passenger suffers loss [or] personal injury or death while on or
B about the railway a claim for damages will be made against the
board and proceedings will ensue if liability is repudiated. The
present action is brought as the result of a fatal accident suffered at
work by the late husband of the plaintiff and it was anticipated from
the very outset that a claim for damages would almost certainly
C ensue. 10. The documents in this action namely the reports made
by the board's officers and servants and the report referred to in
correspondence as the internal inquiry report for which the defendants
have claimed privilege in part 2 of the first schedule of their list of
documents dated November 11, 1977, came into existence by reason
of the fact that the appropriate officer, in this case the divisional
manager at Newcastle, in accordance with long standing practice
was required to and did so call for such reports and statements.
D One of the principal purposes for so doing was so that they could
be passed to the board's chief solicitor to enable him to advise the
board on its legal liability and if necessary conduct its defence to
these proceedings. 11. The internal inquiry report in fact states on
the face of it that it has finally to be sent to the solicitor for the
purpose of enabling him to advise the board."

E In the light of such affidavit, counsel for the appellant accepts that he
cannot challenge that litigation arising out of the fatal accident was
anticipated when the report of May 6, 1976, was prepared: see *Jones*
v. Monte Video Gas Co. (1880) 5 Q.B.D. 556. The fact that the report
states on its face that it has *finally* to be sent to the solicitor for the
purpose of enabling him to advise the board cannot, however, be deter-
minative of the outcome of this appeal, for, as the Lord President (Lord
F Strathclyde) said in *Whitehill v. Glasgow Corporation*, 1915 S.C. 1015,
1017—quoted with approval by Lord Kilbrandon in *Alfred Crompton*
Amusement Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners (No. 2)
[1974] A.C. 405, 435-436:

G "These words cannot alter the character of the report which is made
by the employee for the purpose of informing his employers of the
accident, and made at the time."

H My Lords, in the light of their own affidavit, are the board entitled
to resist disclosure? There is a very large body of case law on the topic
of legal professional privilege, much of which was reviewed in *Seabrook*
v. British Transport Commission [1959] 1 W.L.R. 509 by Havers J.,
who quoted extensively from earlier decisions. It would not, I think, be
helpful were I to make a further attempt to do that which that learned
judge so admirably accomplished. Instead, I propose to consider first
whether Eveleigh L.J. and Sir David Cairns in the present case were
right in holding that the earlier Court of Appeal decisions in *Birmingham*

540

Lord Edmund-Davies *Waugh v. British Railways Board* (H.L.(E.)) [1980]

and *Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542 compelled them to dismiss the plaintiff's appeal from the decision of Donaldson J. refusing disclosure. A

In the *Birmingham* case Buckley L.J. (with whom Vaughan Williams L.J. concurred) said, at p. 856:

"It is not I think necessary that the affidavit should state that the information was obtained solely or merely or primarily for the solicitor, if it was obtained for the solicitor, in the sense of being procured as materials upon which professional advice should be taken in proceedings pending, or threatened, or anticipated." B

That passage was cited with approval in *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, the facts of which were strikingly similar to those of the present case, Scrutton L.J. saying, at pp. 543-544, with reference to a non-privileged purpose for which accident reports had been obtained: C

"It may be that that is part of the purpose of making the reports, but there is also the *substantial* purpose that if a writ is issued these are the materials that will be wanted by the solicitor conducting the litigation, and they are obtained for that purpose, among others, and as appears from the form at which we look . . . the reports are made on a form headed: 'For the information of the company's solicitors only,' which is a very important heading to have, because if you know that you are making a confidential report to the solicitor you are much more likely to state accurately what has happened than if you are afraid that somebody presently seeing that report may take proceedings against you in respect of the statements that you have made, which may be defamatory." (Italics added.) D E

I have already indicated my inability (in concurrence with Lord Denning M.R. in the present case) to have regard to such a heading. Nevertheless, *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542, are authorities for the proposition that reports such as that compiled in the instant case two days after the fatal accident are privileged even though they were obtained for other purposes as well as to meet impending or anticipated litigation. And they led the majority of the Court of Appeal to hold here that the internal inquiry report need not be disclosed, Eveleigh L.J. going to the length of saying: F G

". . . I believe that in so far as this court is concerned it has been firmly established that the documents in question in the present case are privileged. They were obtained for the purpose of being sent to the solicitors to serve in preparing the defendant's case for litigation which was anticipated. *And they would also be used for another very substantial and even more important purpose.* On the authorities I do not believe that this entitles me to say that the privilege which otherwise would have attached [to them] has been removed." H
(Italics added.)

A.C. **Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))** Lord Edmund-Davies

A But Lord Denning M.R., in the course of his dissenting judgment, refused to be bound by such earlier Court of Appeal decisions. Instead, he adverted to the view expressed in the Sixteenth Report of the Law Reform Committee, para. 17, that

B “. . . it is, we think, essential . . . that [a party] should be entitled to insist upon there being withheld from the court any material which came into existence . . . wholly or mainly for the purpose of preparing his case in litigation then pending or contemplated by him.”

Lord Denning M.R. added:

C “We should not extend it further. If material comes into being for a dual purpose—one to find out the cause of the accident—the other to furnish information to the solicitor—it should be disclosed, because it is not then ‘wholly or mainly’ for litigation. On this basis all the reports and inquiries into accidents—which are made shortly after the accident—should be disclosed on discovery and made available in evidence at the trial.”

Applying that test to the facts of this case, Lord Denning M.R. said:

D “The main purpose of this inquiry and report was to ascertain the cause of the accident and to prevent further accidents or similar occurrences. Its nearby purpose was to put before the departmental inspectorate. Its far-off purpose was to put before the solicitors of the board, should a claim be made and litigation ensue.”

E My Lords, it will later emerge how closely I am at one with Lord Denning M.R. in this matter. I must, however, say that I am in respectful agreement with the view adopted by Eveleigh L.J. and Sir David Cairns that *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co. Ltd. v. London and North Western Railway Co.* [1913] 3 K.B. 850 and *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542, were binding upon the Court of Appeal and that none of the many other cases cited—such as *Jones v. Great Central Railway Co.* [1910] A.C. 4, *Alfred Crompton Amusement*
 F *Machines Ltd. v. Customs and Excise Commissioners (No. 2)* [1974] A.C. 405, *Seabrook v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 509 and *Longthorn v. British Transport Commission* [1959] 1 W.L.R. 530—enabled them to escape from that thralldom. In these circumstances, I regard it as fortunate for justice that an appeal has reached this House, for in my judgment a grievous wrong might have been done had Master
 G Bickford Smith’s original order in favour of disclosure not been finally upheld.

H It is for the party refusing disclosure to establish his right to refuse. It may well be that in some cases where that right has in the past been upheld the courts have failed to keep clear the distinction between (a) communications between client and legal adviser, and (b) communications between the client and third parties, made (as the Law Reform Committee put it)

“. . . for the purpose of obtaining information to be submitted to the client’s professional legal advisers for the purpose of obtaining advice

542

Lord Edmund-Davies *Waugh v. British Railways Board* (H.L.(E.)) [1980]

upon pending or contemplated litigation.” (Sixteenth Report, para. 17 (c.)) A

In cases falling within (a), privilege from disclosure attaches to communications for the purpose of obtaining legal advice and it is immaterial whether or not the possibility of litigation were even contemplated, *Kindersley V.-C.* saying in *Lawrence v. Campbell* (1859) 4 Drew. 485, 490:

“ . . . it is not now necessary as it formerly was for the purpose of obtaining production that the communications should be made either during or relating to an actual or even to an expected litigation. It is sufficient if they pass as professional communications in a professional capacity.” B

But in cases falling within (b) the position is quite otherwise. Litigation, apprehended or actual, is its hallmark. Referring to “the rule which protects confidential communications from discovery as regards the other side,” Sir George Jessel M.R. said in *Anderson v. Bank of British Columbia*, 2 Ch.D. 644, 649: C

“The object and meaning of the rule is this: that as, by reason of the complexity and difficulty of our law, litigation can only be properly conducted by professional men, it is absolutely necessary that a man, in order to prosecute his rights or to defend himself from an improper claim, should have recourse to the assistance of professional lawyers, and it being so absolutely necessary, it is equally necessary, to use a vulgar phrase, that he should be able to make a clean breast of it to the gentleman whom he consults with a view to the prosecution of his claim, or the substantiating his defence against the claim of others; that he should be able to place unrestricted and unbounded confidence in the professional agent, and that the communications he so makes to him should be kept secret, unless with his consent (for it is his privilege, and not the privilege of the confidential agent), that he should be enabled properly to conduct his litigation. That is the meaning of the rule.” D
E
F

And in the Court of Appeal James L.J. summed up the position, at p. 656, by speaking succinctly of

“ . . . an intelligible principle, that as you have no right to see your adversary’s brief, you have no right to see that which comes into existence merely as the materials for the brief.” G

Preparation with a view to litigation—pending or anticipated—being thus the essential purpose which protects a communication from disclosure in such cases as the present, what in the last resort is the touchstone of the privilege? Is it sufficient that the prospect of litigation be merely one of the several purposes leading to the communication coming into being? And is that sufficient (as Eveleigh L.J. in the present case held) despite the fact that there is also “another . . . and even more important purpose”? Is it enough that the prospect of litigation is a *substantial* purpose, though there may be others equally substantial? Is an H

A.C. **Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E.))** Lord Edmund-Davies

- A appreciable purpose sufficient? Or does it have to be *the main* purpose? Or one of its *main* purposes (as in *Ogden v. London Electric Railway Co.*, 49 T.L.R. 542)? Ought your Lordships to declare that privilege attaches only to material which (in the words of Lord Denning M.R.) “comes within the words ‘wholly or mainly’ for the purpose of litigation”? Or should this House adopt the majority decision of the High Court of Australia in *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674, that legal
- B professional privilege must be confined to documents brought into existence for the *sole* purpose of submission to legal advisers for advice or for use in legal proceedings?

- C An affirmative answer to each of the foregoing questions can be supported by one or more of the many reported decisions. And so can a negative answer. But no decision is binding upon this House, and your Lordships are accordingly in the fortunate position of being free to choose and declare what is the proper test. And in my judgment we should start from the basis that the public interest is, on balance, best served by rigidly confining within narrow limits the cases where material relevant to litigation may be lawfully withheld. Justice is better served by candour than by suppression. For, as it was put in the *Grant v. Downs* majority judgment, at p. 686: “. . . the privilege . . . detracts
- D from the fairness of the trial by denying a party access to relevant documents or at least subjecting him to surprise.”

- E Adopting that approach, I would certainly deny a claim to privilege when litigation was merely one of several purposes of equal or similar importance intended to be served by the material sought to be withheld from disclosure, and a fortiori where it was merely a minor purpose. On the other hand, I consider that it would be going too far to adopt the “*sole purpose*” test applied by the majority in *Grant v. Downs*, which has been adopted in no United Kingdom decision nor, as far as we are aware, elsewhere in the Commonwealth. Its adoption would deny privilege even to material whose outstanding purpose is to serve litigation, simply because another and very minor purpose was also being served. But, inasmuch as the *only* basis of the claim to privilege in such
- F cases as the present one is that the material in question was brought into existence for use in legal proceedings, it is surely right to insist that, before the claim is conceded or upheld, such a purpose must be shown to have played a paramount part. Which phrase or epithet should be selected to designate this is a matter of individual judgment. Lord Denning M.R., as we have seen, favoured adoption of the phrase employed in the Law Reform Committee’s Sixteenth Report, viz., “material which came into existence . . . *wholly or mainly*” for the purpose of litigation (para. 17). “Wholly” I personally would reject for the same reason as I dislike “solely,” but “mainly” is nearer what I regard as the preferable test. Even so, it lacks the element of clear paramountcy which should, as I think, be the touchstone. After considerable deliberation, I
- G have finally come down in favour of the test propounded by Barwick C.J. in *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674, in the following words, at p. 677:
- H

“Having considered the decisions, the writings and the various aspects of the public interest which claim attention, I have come to the conclusion that the court should state the relevant principle as follows: a document which was produced or brought into existence either with the *dominant* purpose of its author, or of the person or authority under whose direction, whether particular or general, it was produced or brought into existence, of using it or its contents in order to obtain legal advice or to conduct or aid in the conduct of litigation, at the time of its production in reasonable prospect, should be privileged and excluded from inspection.” (Italics added.)

Dominant purpose, then, in my judgment, should now be declared by this House to be the touchstone. It is less stringent a test than “sole” purpose, for, as Barwick C.J. added, 135 C.L.R. 674, 677:

“ . . . the fact that the person . . . had in mind other uses of the document will not preclude that document being accorded privilege, if it were produced with the requisite dominant purpose.”

Applying such test to the facts of the present case, we have already seen that privilege was claimed in Mr. Hastings’s affidavit on several grounds. Thus, the report of May 6, 1976, was produced in accordance with the long-standing practice of the board regarding “accidents occurring on or about any railway . . . in order to assist in establishing the causes of such accidents,” and this whether or not (so your Lordships were informed) any personal injuries were sustained and even where there was no prospect of litigation ensuing. This particular report was called for in accordance with such practice and:

“*One of the principal purposes* for so doing was so that they could be passed to the board’s chief solicitor to enable him to advise the board on its legal liability and if necessary conduct its defence to these proceedings.” (Italics added.)

Were the “sole purpose” test adopted and applied, on the board’s own showing their claim to privilege must fail. Then what of the “dominant purpose” test which I favour? Dominance again is not claimed by the board, but merely that use in litigation was “one of the principal purposes.” Such moderation is only to be expected in the face of a claim arising out of a fatal accident. Indeed, the claims of humanity must surely make the dominant purpose of any report upon an accident (particularly where personal injuries have been sustained) that of discovering what happened and why it happened, so that measures to prevent its recurrence could be discussed and, if possible, devised. And, although Barwick C.J. in *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674, observed, at p. 677, that

“ . . . the circumstance that the document is a ‘routine document’ will not be definitive. The dominant purpose of its production may none the less qualify it for professional privilege.”

the test of dominance will, as I think, be difficult to satisfy when inquiries are instituted and reports produced automatically whenever any mishap occurs, whatever its nature, its gravity, or even its triviality.

A.C. **Waugh v. British Railways Board (H.L.(E))** Lord Edmund-Davies

A My Lords, if, as I hold, “*dominant purpose*” be the right test of privilege from disclosure, it follows that the board’s claim to privilege must be disallowed, and the same applies if the “*sole purpose*” test be applied. I would therefore allow this appeal and restore the order of Master Bickford Smith in favour of disclosure.

B LORD RUSSELL OF KILLOWEN. My Lords, it has already been
C demonstrated by my noble and learned friend Lord Wilberforce that if,
D in order to attract privilege from its production, it is necessary that the
joint internal report should owe its genesis to either the sole or the
dominant purpose that it should be used for the purpose of obtaining
E legal advice in possible or probable litigation, the evidence in this case
falls short of both those standards. At the conclusion of the arguments
in this appeal I was minded, while agreeing that anything less than the
standard of the dominant purpose would not suffice to support a claim
for privilege from production, to prefer the higher standard of the sole
purpose, in line with as I understand them the judgments of the majority
in the High Court of Australia in *Grant v. Downs*, 135 C.L.R. 674. It
appeared to me that such a standard had the merit of greater simplicity
in a decision on a claim for privilege from production, as being a line
easier to draw and to apply to the facts of a particular case. However
on reflection I am persuaded that the standard of sole purpose would be
in most, if not all, cases impossible to attain, and that to impose it would
tilt the balance of policy in this field too sharply against the possible
defendant. Moreover to select the standard of dominant purpose is not
to impose a definition too difficult of measurement. It is to be met
with in other fields of the law, of which I need instance only the question
in bankruptcy law whether there has been a fraudulent preference of a
creditor.

In summary, therefore, my Lords, I am in agreement with the speech
of my noble and learned friend Lord Wilberforce, and would allow this
appeal and order the production to the plaintiff of the joint internal
report.

F LORD KEITH OF KINKEL. My Lords, I have had the advantage of
reading in draft the speech of my noble and learned friend Lord
Wilberforce. I agree with it, and accordingly I too would allow the
appeal.

Appeal allowed with costs.

G Solicitors: *Robin Thompson & Partners; Evan Harding.*

M. G.

H

EXHIBIT 2

Neutral Citation Number: [2004] EWHC 373 (Ch)

Case No: HC 00 04556

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

CHANCERY DIVISION

Royal Courts of Justice

Strand, London, WC2A 2LL

Date: 1 March 2004

Before :

THE HONOURABLE MR JUSTICE MANN

Between :

(1) USP Strategies Plc

Claimants

(2) Unicorn Strategies LLC

- and -

(1) London General Holdings Limited

Defendants

(2) AON Warranty Group Limited

(3) AON Warranty Services Limited

Mr Anthony Watson Q.C. (instructed by **Denton Wilde Sapte**) for the **Claimants**

Mr Andrew Monson (instructed by **Berwin Leighton Paisner**) for the **Defendants**

Hearing dates: 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th February 2004

Judgment

Mr Justice Mann :

Background

1. The two applications before me are related applications which turn on the question of legal professional privilege and, to a more limited extent, general obligations of disclosure and listing. In 1998 the claimants prepared, or caused to be prepared, documentation for a warranty scheme which they sought to sell to retailers to replace insurance based schemes which had been rendered commercially unattractive by a change in the tax regime. A Mr Chan and a Mr Cooper, solicitors on the Isle of Man, devised a scheme involving moneys being held off-shore and in trust. In the course of devising the scheme a document known in these proceedings as a CAA (an acronym for Collections Account Agreement) was prepared. Copyright in that document vested in the second claimant; in due course it was transferred to the first claimant. I shall not distinguish between those two companies for the purposes of this judgment (because it is not necessary to do so) and shall treat all relevant copyright and confidentiality rights as being vested in what I will call "USP". The CAA came into the possession of the first defendant ("LGH") because that company was, at the time, the administrator of the scheme in question ("the Scottish Power scheme"), but it was the subject of a confidentiality agreement. Modifications were carried out to it, and a finalised version was used in that scheme. As a result of joint input into the final document, the judge at the hearing on liability referred to below found that copyright in that final version vested jointly in Scottish Power and USP.
2. In 2000 the claimants and LGH were rivals in bidding to participate in another scheme, this time for an entity which I will call Powerhouse. In this context LGH and the other two defendants, who are all companies in the same group (the AON group), used the final form draft CAA as a starting point for the drafting of a similar document which they put forward in their bid to devise and operate a scheme for Powerhouse. In doing so they are said to have been able to maintain a bidding position in competition with the claimants until Powerhouse ultimately decided that the claimants' scheme was one that they preferred. In a judgment delivered on 8th November 2002 HH Judge Weeks QC held that that use was an infringement of the copyright in the 1998 original and a breach of confidentiality, and he ordered an inquiry as to the damages arising from those wrongs. That inquiry is not confined to the actual breaches that he found; it is set to be held at the end of April before a Master.
3. In the context of the inquiry questions of privilege arise. In the course of considering their participation in the Powerhouse scheme LGH instructed lawyers on the Isle of Man. The results of their deliberations were apparently passed to Powerhouse. It is in relation to that advice and certain matters passing among the defendants and between the defendants and Powerhouse that privilege questions arise. In addition, the inquiry will consider infringements relating to another transaction in relation to a concern identified as Apollo. The defendants, or their group, did enter into a scheme with Apollo, and it is not alleged that the final scheme involved the use of any documents over which copyright or confidentiality is claimed. However, it is said that at some stage consideration was given

to using the CAA, and that there were infringements at that stage of the transaction. Questions of privilege and disclosure arise in relation to that too.

The Powerhouse claim facts – detail

4. The background to this matter leading up to the infringements found by HH Judge Weeks is set out in some detail in his judgment; I do not propose to set them out again here. For present purposes I can take the story up at the beginning of 2000. At that point of time, as HH Judge Weeks QC stated, LGH and USP found themselves in competition. The claimants offered their scheme at a given price (the details do not matter). A Mr Brimacombe of LGH had a copy of the Scottish Power CAA on his computer. It was copied for a Mr Mian, a sales director of LGH, with names blanked out. In due course it was sent to Powerhouse's lawyers, on 7th March (which was the infringement relied on and established at the trial). Part of the case of the claimants is that the defendants did this in order to establish that they had a workable (or "robust", as it was put at the time) scheme, so that they remained in the game. That gave Powerhouse competing bidders and they were able to play one off against the other. As a result of this Powerhouse were able to come back to the claimants at the end of March and negotiate a reduction in the price quoted. A deal was done at that reduced price. This reduction in price forms part of the damages claim. The claimants say that the infringement helped to keep the defendants in the running, and the fact that they were in the running enabled Powerhouse to come back and require a reduction in price. I do not need to consider this chain of causation – that is a matter for the inquiry.
5. However, the claimants also now rely on earlier matters. The claimants seek to establish an earlier breach. I have already referred to a reduction of price at the end of March. However, earlier, on 1st March 2000 Powerhouse had been also been able to negotiate a reduction in price from the claimants. In the inquiry the claimants will seek to establish that that reduction was attributable to earlier infringements. In mid-February 2000 LGH had sought advice from Manx lawyers. According to a chronology submitted by Mr Monson, who appeared for the defendants, a letter from Mr de Freitas, the solicitor acting for the defendants, stated that:

"The nature of the advice sought from the solicitors in the Isle of Man concerned whether a trust based arrangement could be set up to protect monies from the Powerhouse scheme from being merged, or treated as merged, with other moneys held by AWS for other clients";

but at the same time it was made clear that in providing those details privilege was not waived in the instructions and the advice. The claimants will seek to establish that in order to get that advice, the CAA was copied, and that copying was a further infringement of copyright and of confidentiality rights. The advice that was obtained was apparently passed on to Powerhouse; it is said that it was the subject of a confidentiality agreement operating between the defendants and Powerhouse. The agreement is dated

15th March 2000 and is made between "Aon Warranty Group" and Powerhouse Retail Ltd. The relevant clauses are as follows:

In consideration of AON making available to the Recipient [i.e. Powerhouse] certain information, the Recipient hereby undertakes to AON in the terms set out below:

Confidential Information

For the purposes of this confidentiality agreement the expression Confidential Information includes information available (whether before or after this confidentiality agreement is agreed) in writing (including by fax) and other forms of electronic transmission (including but not limited to information relating to clients data belonging to AON, know-how, trade secrets and any other information concerning the Purpose and also any information or analyses derived from, containing or reflecting such information...

The recipient shall:

Keep the Confidential Information secret and confidential and not disclose any of it to any person other than the persons who need to know the same for the purposes of considering, evaluating, advising on or furthering the Purpose and whom the Recipient shall procure are informed of the terms of this confidentiality agreement and observe the terms of this confidentiality agreement as if they were party hereto;

Only use the Confidential Information for the sole purpose of considering, evaluating, advising on or furthering the Purpose and, in particular, not for any other commercial purpose;...

Keep the Confidential Information and any copies thereof secure and in such a way so as to prevent unauthorised access by any third party, shall not make copies of it or reproduce it in any form except for the purpose of supplying the same to those to whom disclosure is permitted in accordance with this confidentiality agreement.

[There is a provision for the return of all written Confidential Information within 7 days of termination of the agreement].

The Purpose is defined as being the wish of the group to "[launch] an offshore extended warranty programme".

6. In late February 2000, Mr Borrill of the claimants was told by Mr Turner of Powerhouse that their bid was still too high, and on 1st March 2000 Mr Turner was able to negotiate a drop in the price that the claimants had originally quoted for their scheme. This price drop was bigger in amount than that negotiated at the end of the month. The case of the claimants is that Mr Turner was only able to do this because of what he had been told by the defendants; and the defendants were only able to say what they said by dint of their legal advice; and they were only able to get that legal advice by infringing copyright in

the CAA, and breaking the confidentiality agreement. Since this earlier price drop is greater than the later one, it is a more valuable part of the claimant's claim. The losses flowing from this price drop are a material part of what the claimants seek in this action as flowing from the wrongs alleged. Again, it is not for me to comment on the merits of this chain of causation.

7. It is in the context of that earlier part of the claim that the material which is the subject of this part of the present application came into existence. I am not asked to rule on relevance; both parties accept that the documents and material that I have to consider are relevant. The question for me is whether it is privileged. The material, and the issues relating to each part of it, can be summarised as follows:
 - a. There are documents or parts of documents where the documents have already been disclosed by the defendants but in respect of which privilege is claimed in whole or as to part. Where privilege is claimed as to the whole, the document has not been produced for inspection. Where it has been claimed in part, the allegedly privileged part has been obscured for the purposes of inspection. These documents are e-mail or letter correspondence passing between one or more of the defendants of the one part and Powerhouse of the other, one e-mail from the Manx solicitors to the third defendant, and one e-mail from the third defendant to the first defendant.
 - b. I am asked to strike out parts of certain witness statements which are said to refer to privileged communications in a manner which makes it improper for the witnesses to give evidence of that material. The witnesses are witnesses for the claimants. One is Mr Turner, who at certain points in his evidence makes reference to the legal advice which the defendants had told him they had received, and at one point sets out the terms of an e-mail referring to it. The second and third are Mr Borrill (a director of each of the claimant companies) and Mr Chan, another director and also a Manx solicitor. The allegedly objectionable parts of their witness statements are those containing what Mr Turner told them in the negotiations leading up to the Powerhouse contract, and in which Mr Turner made reference to the advice which the defendants had obtained on their (the defendants') scheme. In Mr Chan's case objection is taken to a reference to legal advice which, it is to be inferred, he heard about from Mr Turner and one paragraph in an e-mail that he sent at the time which refers to the same sort of thing.
 - c. I am asked to order the removal from the evidence of part of two Powerhouse internal memoranda which Powerhouse has disclosed to the claimants and which contain, among other things, a reference to the legal advice which had been obtained in the Isle of Man. It is that reference which I am asked to order the deletion of.
 - d. There was one document, a copy letter from LGH to Powerhouse (document 15), in respect of which privilege was originally maintained, but which on reflection was sought to be excluded from inspection on the grounds that further consideration of the letter indicated that it was not relevant. The parties agreed

- that that dispute would be resolved by my looking at the document and ruling on the point. The claimants have not seen it, but were happy to adopt that expedient.
- e. I am asked to strike out parts of the Particulars of Claim in the inquiry on the footing that they are abusive because they refer to and rely on privileged material, or can only be pleaded because the claimants are in possession of material which has been obtained in infringement of the rights of the defendants.
 - f. I am asked to order that the defendants serve a formal list of documents in relation to the inquiry.

The contentions of the parties

8. Mr Monson, for the defendants, maintains that privilege exists in all the material that he seeks to have excluded, and that it has not been waived. That being the case, the documentary material containing privileged material ought to be excluded, with limited exceptions. All the material fell within the proper definition of material that was the subject of legal professional privilege. For the purposes of the exercise of analysis, and to distinguish various types of material for the purposes of the debate, the written material was divided into three categories or levels:
 - a. Level 1 – this was a reference which merely referred to the fact of getting solicitors advice, without indicating the instructions, advice or even the subject matter.
 - b. Level 2 – these were indications that advice had been obtained from solicitors, and indicating its subject matter but not its content or the instructions given.
 - c. Level 3 – written advice, or written instructions, or paraphrases, summaries or extracts from that advice.

Using this categorisation he was able to go through the redacted documents and explain the basis, in respect of each, on which privilege was claimed. The same categorisation was adopted for the purposes of considering the witness statement material and the Powerhouse documents, but Mr Monson did abandon his claims to strike out the Level 1 and 2 material from those statements and documents, which narrowed the scope of the debate (but not by much).

9. The principal dispute between the parties was the extent to which the defendants could claim privilege in relation to the substance of communications between the client (in effect, the defendants) and a third party where what was communicated was, or referred to, privileged advice given to the client. Mr Monson's case was that the advice started out as privileged and it remained privileged notwithstanding its wider dissemination, as a result of two strands of authority. The first is *The Good Luck* [1992] 2 Lloyd's Rep 540, which demonstrates that privileged material disseminated within the client company that obtained it is capable of retaining its privilege, but he seeks to apply it to show that privilege exists in documents communicated to a third party on the facts of this case. The second is *Gotha City v Southeby's* [1998] 1 WLR 114. That case is said to demonstrate that it is possible to disclose advice to an outsider without destroying or waiving the privilege which attaches to it other than as between the privilege owner and the third party. Those principles entitle the defendants to redact material which would otherwise

be disclosed. So far as restraining material which emanates from Powerhouse is concerned (the Powerhouse documents, Mr Turner's evidence and evidence from USP witnesses as to what Mr Turner told them at the time about legal advice) Mr Monson says that the defendants are entitled to restrain that on the footing that the material was and remained privileged, and its use ought to be restrained on principles to be gleaned from *Lord Ashburton v Pape* [1913] 2 Ch 469 and *Goddard v Nationwide Building Society* [1987] QB 670. This applies whether or not Mr Turner, Mr Chan or Mr Borrill is giving evidence of it, or whether it is in documents revealed voluntarily by Powerhouse. So far as the Particulars of Claim go, the claim which attempts to base itself on this material must similarly be struck out as an abuse of the process.

10. Mr Watson QC, for the claimants, comes at this from a slightly different angle. He obviously starts by accepting that there is privilege in the original advice from the Manx lawyers. He also accepts that it remains privileged while being passed within the client company, and he accepted that there would be common interest privilege where the advice was shared between the defendants. (This last concession makes it unnecessary for me to distinguish between the various defendants and enables me to treat the defendants as if they were one body for the purposes of considering the issues I have to decide). However, with the exception of a passing on of the advice verbatim and in whole, which he accepts remains privileged, he says that passing on summaries or parts of the advice to a third party does not amount to a privileged communication. This is because those communications do not fall within what he says are the requisite elements of privileged communications (which he extracts from the decision of Moore-Bick J in *United States of America v Philip Morris & others*, unreported, 10th December 2003) because:
 - a. They are not communications passing between lawyer and client – they are communications passing between client and a third party.
 - b. They are not confidential, on the facts of this case. This means that the communications were not privileged, and if privilege might otherwise attach it has been waived.
 - c. They were not for the dominant purpose of obtaining or giving legal advice – the legal advice was conveyed as part of a sales pitch.
11. Mr Watson goes on to submit that so far as Level 1 and Level 2 communications are concerned, they do not even contain a sufficient reference to advice to get a privilege case off the ground, and in any event there has been waiver of privilege because of material already deployed by the defendants in this litigation. *Gotha* is irrelevant, he says, because it is a case about waiver, and the question of whether a communication is privileged has to be answered first. So far as restraining the use of information that has already been obtained is concerned, he says that the principles to be extracted from *Goddard* and *Lord Ashburton* do not apply so as to restrain officers of the claimants giving evidence of what they were told in negotiations by Mr Turner, and Mr Turner should not be constrained from giving the evidence sought because his communications did not infringe any confidentiality rights of the defendants. He has various particular points on the wording which is sought to be excluded and in addition says that even if some of the material would otherwise be within an unwaived privilege, I should exercise my discretion not to strike it out, or otherwise restrain witnesses from giving evidence, because the defendants are using privilege to cover up wrong-doing (a sort of "clean hands" point), the claimants

were innocent recipients of the information from Powerhouse and there has been delay on the part of the defendants in making their application.

12. In relation to this last point Mr Watson relies on an e-mail which has already, as a matter of form, already appeared in evidence in this case. He relies on this as showing not only that the defendants were or ought to have been aware of disclosures by Mr Turner as long ago as August 2001, when it was disclosed in this action as part of the disclosure process, but also in support of a proposition that much if not all of the position that the defendants seek to protect has been put in the public domain by the previous (and current) use of that e-mail. I need to set out this material.
13. On 6th March 2000 Mr Chan, who it will be remembered is a director of the Claimant companies, wrote to Mr Turner in the course of his negotiations. Apparently, Mr Turner had asked for a copy of the Claimants' collection account agreement for the purpose of comparing it with the scheme proposed by the AON Group. He declined to supply it. The email observes that at that stage Mr Chan suspected that the Defendants had used "a draft prepared from our precedent". The sentence relied on by Mr Watson is a paragraph which reads as follows:

"The solution promoted to you by AON and their advisors is that a Collections Account Agreement (sic) in the form of a trust will attain this and that therefore they have demonstrated the robustness required of them."

(This, I would observe, is the passage that the defendants seek to have removed from the evidence, as referred to above. It will appear below that I am against redacting this material, so I am free to set it out in this judgment.) This email was annexed to a witness statement used by Mr Chan at the trial on liability. Mr Watson says that this email points to the fact that Mr Turner was saying things about legal advice, and that accordingly the Defendants have been aware of his disclosures, or the possibility of his disclosures, ever since the discovery process. So far as publicity is concerned, Mr Watson also relies on this email as demonstrating that the present position which the Claimants rely on in their particulars of claim is already in the public domain because the judge will be taken to have read this material at the trial, and it was formally part of Mr Chan's evidence on that occasion, although it does not appear that any specific reference was made to it at the trial. I shall deal with the significance, if any, of this email below.

The legal principles involved

14. One doctrine can be put on one side for the purposes of this judgment, and that is the doctrine of common interest privilege. I have already indicated that Mr Watson for his part accepted that common interest privilege existed as between the three defendant companies, so that communications of advice between the three of them attracted this form of privilege. Mr Monson for his part accepted that the doctrine did not operate as between the defendants on the one hand and Powerhouse on the other, because one of the tests which have to be fulfilled in order for joint privilege to exist is that the parties in question have to be capable of acting by the same solicitor in the matter in question, which requirement could not be fulfilled in the case of the defendants and Powerhouse.

15. It is therefore necessary to consider the extent to which privilege is maintained in material which is communicated to a third party by the client, which is the issue lying at the heart of these applications. This involves considering whether the communication was capable of being privileged, and if so whether the privilege has been waived.
16. Mr Watson's submissions rely heavily on the effect of the Court of Appeal decision in *Three Rivers District Council v The Governor & The Company of the Bank of England (no 7)* [2003] EWCA Civ 474. He claims that that authority confines privilege to communications between solicitor and client, or vice versa. Communications with a third party fall outside that, because they do not fall within the description of communications between solicitor and client. While the case allows evidence of the contents of communications to attract privilege, that is limited to internal communications disseminating the information in question. Since the communication of advice to Powerhouse was not a solicitor/client communication, it cannot be privileged.
17. I do not think that that is a correct application or analysis of the *Three Rivers* case. That case concerned not advice given by the solicitors, but preparations for the giving of instructions which were to lead to advice. In that context it was held that information gathered for that purpose was not within the privilege, because only communications were. But before too much is read into that, it must be born in mind that it concerns instructions, not advice. The Court of Appeal in that case did not have before it the extent to which the product of those instructions (the advice) was or was not communicated and what might happen to it thereafter, and care must be taken before taking the concept of "communication" too literally for these purposes.
18. In my view, a correct reading of the case indicates that it does not support Mr Watson's proposition, and that reading is consistent with authority preceding *Three Rivers*. In paragraph 19 of his judgment Longmore LJ stated that "By the end of the nineteenth century it was, therefore, clear that legal advice privilege ... [applied] only to communications passing between [the] client and his solicitor (whether or not through any intermediary) and documents evidencing such communications" (my emphasis). A document evidencing the communication cannot be the communication itself, so Longmore LJ's formulation goes beyond the communication itself. Again, at paragraph 21 he concludes that the 19th century authorities allowed privilege to "documents ... passing between the client and his legal advisers and evidence of the contents of such communications", (again, my emphasis) and went on to apply that principle. Again, therefore, records of communications were privileged. If emphasis be needed, it can be seen in the form of order made by the Court of Appeal, which is set out in a judgment of Tomlinson J in a later hearing in the same case ([2003] EWHC 2565 (Comm)) – the declaration as to privilege encompassed:
 - "(1) Communications passing between the Bank and its legal advisers (including any solicitor seconded to the Bank) for the purposes of seeking or obtaining legal advice;
 - (2) Any part of a document which evidences the substance of such a communication."
19. That extended formulation would be capable of catching a number of things beyond the actual communication (oral or written) between solicitor and client, when applied to advice rather than instructions, all of which would be consistent with the policy

underlying privilege and with a common sense application of that policy to the practicalities of everyday commercial life.

- a. First, it obviously applies to a letter of legal advice, or a letter containing legal advice.
- b. Second, it would cover the client's own written record of what his solicitor had told him orally. There is every reason why it should.
- c. Third, it would cover the situation where a client representative who obtains the advice passes that advice internally in the organisation in question. This would apply whether the advice is passed on verbatim or whether it is summarised or extracted. This is in line with *The Good Luck*, referred to above. In that case the relevant issue was whether or not breaches of duty by insurers were causative of a bank lending money to the owners of a vessel. The bank obtained some legal advice, and parts of the advice were disseminated internally so that the bank could decide whether to lend the money. It was submitted that the advice so extracted was not privileged because "such documents cannot be described (using the words of Lord Justice Taylor in *Balabel v Air India*) as part of that necessary exchange of information of which the object is the giving of legal advice as and when appropriate nor (again using the words of the Lord Justice) as documents made confidentially for the purposes of legal advice ...". That argument looks rather like an argument that only solicitor/client communications strictly so called can be privileged. Saville J rejected that argument. First, he pointed out that if the argument were right then in a great number of commercial cases the ability of a client to get legal advice in confidence (which underlay the doctrine of privilege) would be destroyed. He saw "no good reason or valid reason for the suggestion that the confidence which it is accepted attaches to the lawyer client communication itself, should somehow be lost once the advice is put to the commercial use for which it was sought in the first place". After pointing out that the logic of the argument he was rejecting would allow cross-examination of the officers of the client company about privileged advice, which would be a strange conclusion, he ended this section in his judgment by saying:

"[The argument] is, in truth, based on the false premise that that which is communicated ceases to be a communication and thus loses the privilege attaching to lawyer-client communications."

This last sentence is, perhaps (and with all due respect) a little dense. In *The Sagheera* [1997] 1 Lloyd's Rep 160 at p 169 Rix J wondered whether it should not be understood in the sense "the false premise that that which is communicated internally ceases to be confidential" (his emphasis). Without wishing to pore over the sentence as if it were a statute, I think that it probably has a different meaning. I take it to mean that a record of a privileged communication has the same sort of quality as the communication itself for the purposes of privilege. In a literal sense a communication ceases to be that once it is communicated; but the law of privilege is not so blinkered as to regard privilege as attaching just to that event and to nothing else whatsoever. For privilege purposes a record of a communication is the same as the communication itself, and that is as true of

summaries as of the verbatim original communication. That, I think, is what Savile J is saying. That formulation and reasoning recognises that something beyond the initial communication itself, strictly so called, is and should be within the privilege. It remains good law after *Three Rivers*, and is consistent with it.

- d. It would continue to cover cases such as *Gotha City* and the examples discussed in that case. In *Gotha City*, the apparent owner of a picture wished to sell it through Sothebys. It took advice from Messrs Herbert Smith (presumably relating to the sale, though the report does not say so) and sent a copy of the letter of advice to Sotheby's. Sotheby's also sat in on a meeting between the seller and Herbert Smith in respect of which an attendance note was produced. The plaintiff, who claimed to own the picture, sought inspection of the letter and attendance note. The argument was, in effect, about waiver of privilege, and it was held on the facts that there was no waiver. I shall return to that in the context of the present case. For the moment it should be noted that privilege was assumed to exist in both documents; it was not argued that the copy letter sent to Sotheby's was not a privileged communication. If Mr Watson's argument were correct then logically it ought not to be, subject to his distinction between verbatim content (privileged) and summarising content (not privileged); yet the argument did not occur to anyone in that case. In fact, it is quite clear that Staughton LJ had no difficulty with the concept of preserving privilege in privileged advice notwithstanding that it was communicated by the client to the third party, because at page 119 he cited, obviously with approval, a passage from *Style & Hollander on Documentary Evidence*:

"If A shows a privileged document to his six best friends, he will not be able to assert privilege if one of the friends sues him because the document is not confidential as between him and the friend. But the fact six other people have seen it does not prevent him claiming privilege as against the rest of the world."

I think that it follows from that that A would be able to restrain each of the friends from disclosing to the outside world what they were told on the basis that it remained privileged. The friends could not give secondary evidence of the privileged material – it would be "evidence of [privileged] communications", or their evidence would be "evidencing such communications" within the formulation in *Three Rivers*. By the same token, if a client summarises or extracts advice in a letter to a third party, that written communication is capable of retaining or attracting the privilege which attached to the original advice, subject to waiver. It, too, is something which evidences a privileged communication.

- e. This analysis gives rise to a regime which maintains intellectual consistency and maintains the policy underlying privilege, which is that a man is entitled to make a clean breast of matters to his lawyers without fear of disclosure, a policy which covers both the giving of instructions and the receiving of advice. It means that a

client can reproduce the advice for his own purposes without necessarily risking that reproduction not being privileged, which in my view is essential to the sensible operation of the doctrine. It also means that he can discuss the advice with others without necessarily risking the same thing. A client may well wish to discuss advice received with a partner, or with another adviser, or (as in *Gotha City*) with a contractual counterparty who might be affected. The effect of privilege would be seriously dented if those communications were held to be not privileged so that, if evidence of them could be obtained, an insight as to the advice would become available. That is not a sensible result.

20. The position therefore seems to me to be as follows. Where privileged advice is disclosed to a third party the privilege is capable of attaching to the third party communication because that communication is evidence of the privileged advice within the formulation in *Three Rivers*. It does not matter whether that third party communication is of the whole of the advice (like the letter in *Herbert Smith*) or a paraphrase of or extract from the advice. To be fair to Mr Watson, he conceded that privilege would be maintained in relation to actual full copies of written advice obtained, so that in the present case he did not press for inspection of one document, or part of a document, which (on the evidence) is a straight reproduction, or forwarding, of the Manx legal advice verbatim. However, he sought to distinguish between the complete advice and summaries, extracts or paraphrases. Those, he said, were not privileged. The only justifications he was able to advance for this distinction were first that the paraphrases were not the original communication, and second that there was a potential for inaccuracy in any summary or paraphrase. Any inaccurate summary would not be the original advice. These submissions are not convincing. If it is right that the original verbatim advice remains privileged, then it is illogical to exclude paraphrases or parts of it. If 100% is privileged, then would communicating 99% of it remain privileged? – it is hard to see why not. But if that is right, then why not 90%, or 75%, or 50%? There is no reason to draw a line anywhere, and every reason not to. Mr Watson's demarcation would also, in practice, mean that any passing on of oral advice would be likely to be unprivileged, because it is most unlikely that it would be passed on in whole and verbatim. That, again, is an unmeritorious distinction. The proper analysis, consistent with *Three Rivers*, is to continue to afford privilege to material which evidences or reveals the substance of legal advice (subject, of course, to waiver). The possibility of inaccuracy is not a reason for departing from this principle. If the passed on "advice" were so inaccurate that it could no longer be properly described as a summary of the advice, then it might be that that communication would not be privileged (though even then it might attract privilege if it tended to reveal instructions given, which it might well), but there is no suggestion that that is the case here and I need not consider it further. Short of that, I do not see why some degree of inaccuracy, even if it exists, should necessarily destroy the privilege; so there is all the more reason for saying that the possibility of inaccuracy should not destroy the privilege which would otherwise exist in paraphrases or summaries.
21. This means that the subsistence or otherwise of privilege, where advice is communicated to a third party, turns on the extent to which there is a waiver of privilege on that occasion. *Gotha City* demonstrates that it is not inevitable that there is a waiver in those circumstances. In that case it was held that the receipt of the advice by Sotheby's was attended by a degree of confidentiality which meant that, while there was waiver as

between the owner and Sotheby's, there was no waiver vis-à-vis the outside world. The question in the present case, therefore, is whether and to what extent there was a waiver. I consider the application of these principles to the facts of this case below.

22. In these proceedings the question was raised whether the Level 1 and Level 2 references were capable of being privileged. This raises (in theory) the question of whether, after *Three Rivers* and its emphasis on privilege attaching only to communications, there can be privilege attaching to evidence of the fact of instructing solicitors or getting advice from them (Level 1), or to evidence of the fact of instructing solicitors and getting advice on a particular subject (Level 2) because those facts are not communications or evidence of communications. I do not propose to consider this as a matter of principle, because on the facts of this case there has been a plain waiver even if there was privilege.
23. The next question of law which arises is the extent to which a party entitled to an unwaived privilege is entitled to restrain those in possession of the information from disclosing it or otherwise making use of it. It arises in this case if and insofar as Mr Turner received privileged information in confidence and then disclosed it to representatives of the claimants, if and insofar as Powerhouse has disclosed documents which contain unwaived privileged material. It is accepted by both sides that this material contains some Level 3 documents, though they do not always entirely agree as to which pieces of evidence fall into that category.
24. There is not much disagreement between the parties as to the principles applicable in this area, although there is serious disagreement as to how they should be applied. It is sufficient for these purposes to refer to only two authorities. The first is *Goddard v Nationwide Building Society* [1987] Q.B. 670. In that case the Court of Appeal was asked to consider whether or not to restrain the use of a note, containing privileged information, which a solicitor, who had at one stage been acting for both the plaintiff and defendant, had passed to the defendant. Privilege in the material contained in the note was held to belong to the Plaintiff. Having determined that, the Court of Appeal granted relief restraining use of the material contained in that note, which relief included striking out allegations in the pleading which were based on that note, an injunction restraining the Defendant from relying upon the note and orders for delivery up of all copies. In his leading judgment May L.J. considered the case of *Lord Ashburton v Pape* [1913] 2 Ch. 469 and another authority, and pronounced the following proposition (at page 683):

"If a litigant has in his possession copies of documents to which legal professional privilege attaches he may nevertheless use such copies as secondary evidence in his litigation: however, if he has not yet used the documents in that way, the mere fact that he intends to do so is no answer to a claim against him by the person in whom the privilege is vested for delivery up of the copies or to restrain them from disclosing or making any use of any information contained in them."

His citation of authority indicates, I think, that he considered that he would normally expect the restraint to be ordered. That last point is rather clearer in the judgment of Nourse L.J. He made the following points, relevant to this application:

"The crucial point is that the party who desires the protection must seek it before the other party has adduced the confidential communication in evidence or otherwise relied on it at trial.

"... Although the equitable jurisdiction [that is to say, the jurisdiction to restrain the misuse of confidential information] is of much wider application, I have little doubt that it can prevail over the rule of evidence [viz the rule of evidence which allows secondary evidence to be given of primary material where the latter is privileged] only in cases where privilege can be claimed ...

"Once it is established that a case is governed by *Lord Ashburton v Pape*, there is no discretion in the court to refuse to exercise the equitable jurisdiction according to its view of materiality of the communication, the justice of admitting or excluding it or the like. The injunction is granted in aid of privilege which, unless and until it is waived, is absolute. In saying this I do not intend to suggest that there may not be cases where an injunction can properly be refused on general principles affecting the grant of a discretion remedy, for example on the ground of inordinate delay."

25. From this it is clear that not only does the court have jurisdiction to grant appropriate relief to prevent reliance upon privileged material where privilege has not been waived, the starting point is that one would expect that relief to be granted. That was certainly the view of Lawrence Collins J in the second relevant authority, *ISTIL Group Inc. v Zahoor* [2003] 2 All E.R. 252. At paragraph 91 of that judgment (at page 273) he observed that "in such cases the court should 'ordinarily' intervene". The court is "not concerned with weighing the materiality of the document and the justice of admitting it". (Paragraph 92). He went on to say this:

"93 Fifth, there is nothing in the authorities which would prevent the application of the rule that confidentiality is subject to the public interest. In this context, the emergence of the truth is not of itself of sufficient public interest. The reason why the balancing exercise is not appropriate is because the balance between privilege and truth has already been struck in favour of the former by the establishment of the rules concerning legal professional privilege.

"94 Sixth, other public interest factors may still apply. So there is no reason in principle why the court should not apply the rule that the court will not restrain publication of material in relation to misconduct of such a nature that it ought in the public interest to be disclosed to others... there is no confidence as to the disclosure of iniquity. But the defence of public interest is not limited to iniquity."

He went on to hold that on the facts of his particular case, the public interest in the proper administration of justice meant that equitable relief, which would otherwise be granted to preserve the confidentiality in the privilege material, should not be granted. The facts of

that case were very strong. They involved a clear forgery, and the apparent possibility of the court actually being misled by the proposed evidence.

26. I therefore approach this point on the footing that the normal starting point would be for appropriate relief to be granted to restrain the use of privileged material. So far as I have a discretion to do otherwise, it is not to be exercised merely on the footing that if I do not exercise it, the truth is more likely to come out. There must be some other factors, such as delay, acquiescence or other equitable defences which must be sufficiently strong to override the normal, very strong principle, that privileged communications are protected from disclosure. I shall consider the application of these principles to the facts of the case before me in a separate section of this judgment below.

The application of the law to the facts

27. It follows from the above that, subject to waiver, communications by the Defendants to Powerhouse which contain or refer to the content of legal advice are capable of being privileged. This includes Level 3 communications. Whether or not it includes Level 1 and Level 2 communications I do not have to decide, because on any footing there has been a waiver of such privilege as might otherwise have existed in those references. At the trial on liability Mr Mian gave evidence. That evidence included his dealings with Mr Turner of Powerhouse. Having referred to the opening stages of the negotiation, when Mr Mian was trying to convince Mr Turner that he had an appealing scheme, he then said the following:

"13 Stuart Turner wanted confirmation of a protected trust account. At this stage I sought advice from our lawyers and then passed on this advice to Stuart. This was in late February 2000. I wish to make it clear that I am not waiving the privilege that attaches these communications."

28. Since that is a clear indication both that solicitors were instructed and as to the subject matter of the instructions, I do not see how it can conceivably be argued that similar references, containing the same information, in documents or otherwise can have maintained any privilege if, indeed, it ever had any. To the same effect is the extract from the letter from Mr de Freitas, which I have quoted from above. I expect that both those references occurred because it never occurred to the Defendant that, in the context of this case, the fact that legal advice was obtained on this transaction was, in itself, in the least bit confidential. If that were right then it would mean that documents containing a reference to such limited matters would not have the necessary confidentiality to attract privilege in the first place, and my first instinct is that such references would not in any event, as a matter of principle, be privileged. However, as I have indicated above, I do not need to decide that in this case. I can and do deal with the point as a matter of waiver. In fairness to Mr Monson, I should record that he did not press privilege in relation to these matters particularly strongly. His main concern was that leaving them in the documents might amount to a waiver.
29. That leaves the level 3 communications. These are communications which somehow reveal the content of the advice that was obtained. Despite the fact this was contained in

communications with a third party (Powerhouse), on the reasoning set out above, and unless waived, that privilege can be maintained. The question therefore arises whether or not there was a waiver when the material was conveyed to Powerhouse, and in particular to Mr Turner. The *Gotha City* case demonstrates that privileged matters can be conveyed to a third party in circumstances which limit the extent of the waiver. I consider that that was the case here. I have already set out the terms of the confidentiality agreement which operated between the Defendants and Powerhouse. Mr Watson submitted that it did not apply to legal advice, but only to such matters as know-how and trade secrets. I do not think that that submission is right. The expression "Confidential Information" is not defined in the agreement – the wording says what the expression includes but not what it means. That being the case, I have to consider what the expression actually does mean, particularly in its context. The very use of the word "confidential" connotes information with a degree of confidentiality, and it seems to me that legal advice is something that is likely to fall fairly and squarely within that concept. On 16th September 2003 Mr Turner signed a witness statement in which he conceded that the Defendants had asked him to keep the actual advice received from the lawyers, and forwarded to him, confidential. Indeed, confidentiality in the actual advice is in effect conceded by Mr Watson, although not in terms, when he concedes that he is not entitled to see the verbatim version of the advice which was forwarded to Powerhouse. In his witness statement Mr Turner states that he did not consider that more general statements as to the nature or the effect of the advice (the nature of which I had seen in some of the material that I am invited to strike out of witness statements) was confidential, but in my view he is wrong about that. It follows, then, that the advice retained its privileged character and any waiver of privilege was limited to Powerhouse, and the use to which it could be put was limited by the terms of the confidentiality agreement. The terms of that agreement permit only a very limited use. Accordingly, conveying the lawyers' advice to Mr Turner and Powerhouse, under those terms of confidentiality, did not destroy the confidential nature of the advice, and therefore any waiver of privilege was limited to Powerhouse and was not general.

30. Those conclusions can be summarised in relation to the redactions which have been made in the Defendants' disclosed documents is as follows:

(a) References to the mere obtaining of legal advice are not privileged.

(b) References to the obtaining of legal advice on a given subject matter are not privileged.

(c) Level 3 references, which evidence the content of that advice, are prima facie privileged.

31. I add one small point which arises in another context in this case and which may or may not arise in relation to the redacted material. The Defendants have shown some sensitivity as to the identification of the lawyers concerned. Some of the documents which I have to come on to consider later on in this judgment actually identify the Manx lawyers. In the light of the conclusion that I have come to in relation to Levels 1 and 2, I do not think that the identity of the lawyers involved is capable of attracting privilege either.

32. That brings me to the material which the Defendants wish to have struck out of the documents voluntarily disclosed by Powerhouse, and various witness statements. I will take the witness statement material first.
33. Some of the disputed material is no longer in issue in the light of Mr Monson's concession that he does not seek to strike out Level 1 and Level 2 material from the witness statements. That leaves it for me to consider what to do about what is said to be Level 3 material. So far as there is any such reference, this is made in two ways. First, there is a witness statement from Mr Turner in which he describes what he obtained from the AON Group in the course of the negotiations, which is said to include some Level 3 material; and second there is some material in witness statements of Mr Borrill and Mr Chan in which they reproduce what Mr Turner told them at the time of the negotiations, which is itself said to include some Level 3 disclosure. What is said by Mr Monson on behalf of the Defendants is that Mr Turner was not entitled to disclose the advice of the Manx lawyers to the Plaintiffs' negotiators, and it remained privileged and confidential. Privilege has not been waived, and in accordance with the "ordinary course" relief should be granted to make sure that that material is not deployed. He has applied in time.
34. To this analysis Mr Watson had a number of ripostes. They were (although not in the same order as he advanced them) as follows:
 - a. On the facts, Mr Turner was at liberty to disclose what was disclosed to him within what was allowed to him by the confidentiality agreement. This distinguishes the present case from the other authorities where the discloser was not similarly at liberty. I do not agree with this. Since it was confidential, he was not at liberty to disclose it – see above.
 - b. The blatant aim of the Defendants in seeking to have parts of the witness statements excised and to have the witness barred from giving evidence of the excised contents was to hide a wrongdoing, so the discretion of the court should not be exercised in favour of the Defendants. Again, I think this begs the question. Whether or not there was a wrongdoing at the end of February 2000 is precisely the question the court will have to decide on the enquiry. Even in a case where the sole evidence of wrongdoing is in a privileged communication, that does not justify the court in exercising its discretion against the invocation of the privilege. By and large, a party can only prove what he or she can prove without the aid of the other side's privileged material.
 - c. So far as the evidence of the Claimants' own officers is concerned they wish to give evidence of material that came into their possession without any wrongdoing on their part. That, said Mr Watson, is a reason for not restraining their use of that information. However, I do not think that that is a determining, or even a strong, factor. The converse may well be true – wrongdoing on the part of the recipient may strengthen a claim for relief - but it does not follow that the absence of wrongdoing means that an injunction should not be granted. I note that in *Goddard* there was no suggestion that the Defendant was guilty of wrongdoing in obtaining the privileged information from the solicitor. The solicitor was, of course, technically guilty of breaching the Plaintiff's confidentiality, but by the same token, on the facts of this case, so was Mr Turner.
 - d. If the Level 3 material, such as it is, were excised from the witness statements of Mr Borrill and Mr Chan, then they would not be able to give full and frank

evidence of what had actually happened and what their motivation was. Their evidence will be that they received certain information and encouragement from Mr Turner and they adjusted their conduct accordingly. If they are not allowed to give their full evidence then their evidence will have an air of artificiality about it, or even potentially a misleading quality. I am rather more troubled about this. They did what they did, and they relied on what they relied on. To prevent them from telling the court what they actually relied on in reaching their conclusions as to pricing, when that is an issue which lies at that heart of the enquiry as to damages, would be a very strong thing. However, I think that the answer to this problem may be a practical one. I do not consider that their case will be harmed if they are allowed to give evidence (which it seems to me they must be) that they relied on what they had been told about the advice given by the Manx lawyers without actually identifying precisely what it was that they were told. What lies at the heart of the causation question on this part of the enquiry is not the advice given by Manx lawyers but whether or not an infringing copy of the CAA had been made. That is a different, though related, question. I do not think that the proper conduct of the enquiry will be effected if the evidence were limited in that way; it is not necessary for them to go further and state what the advice was, and on my findings they are not entitled to anyway. It not infrequently happens in a trial that a witness states that "as a result of the legal advice received, I did X", and it is well understood that in those circumstances the witness does not have to give evidence of what the advice was. This is therefore not a reason for departing from the normal course. On the facts of this particular case, if the Defendants were in fact to challenge that sort of evidence as to causation, then they might well risk the fact that the witness would be able to justify the statement by amplifying what he had understood the advice received by the Defendants to have been, but that is a risk for the Defendants to assess, and whether or not the matter is opened up would be a matter for the Master at the enquiry.

- e. Next Mr Watson submitted that since privilege was waived vis-à-vis Mr Turner, even if it was not waived vis-à-vis the rest of the world, Mr Turner was free to use the rest of the information disclosed to him in legal proceedings. I am not sure that Mr Watson was prepared to press this submission very strongly, but in any event it is wrong. The use to which Mr Turner was entitled to put the privileged material was governed by the Confidentiality Agreement, and, as the extracts set out above demonstrate, that use was strictly limited. It did not include disclosing legal advice to competitors, whether for use as a bargaining counter or not.
- f. Next, Mr Watson said that in effect the material had been deployed, so it was too late to be prevent its further deployment – see *Goddard*. The privileged material had already been deployed because of the Chan e-mail referred to above, so the defendants are too late. Since this email was part of the documentation at the trial, and should be taken to have been read by the trial judge (even though no one says that it played any material part in the trial), the matter has already been given a form of publicity which means it has been deployed, so it is too late to prevent evidence of other disclosures of the same sort of material. Related to this is a laches point. He says that the fact that Mr Turner had made disclosures of the advice given would have been apparent to the Defendants on disclosure in the

main action, which took place on 24th August 2001 when the defendants would have seen the Chan e-mail. Its wording, it will be remembered, contained the following paragraph.

"The solution promoted to you by AON and their advisors is that a Collections Account Agreement [sic] in the form of a trust will attain this and that therefore they will have demonstrated the robustness required of them. You are now seeking counsels advice on the proposed trust."

This, says Mr Watson, should have alerted the Defendants to the fact that the Claimants had found out that legal advice had been obtained on the Defendants proposed transactions, and I infer that Mr Watson would say that they should have inferred that Mr Turner was the source of this information. They should therefore have inferred at that stage that privilege information had been crossing the divide; and since about two years elapsed before the Defendants took any point on the alleged wrongful disclosure of privileged information, it was by then too late for them to do so. Mr Monson's response to this is that in the context of the claim made at the trial, when there was no suggestion that a claim of infringement of copyright was being made as early as the end of February, this passage had no great significance. He also said that the oral evidence of Mr Borrill at the trial as to the infringement of copyright contained no suggestion that the relevant date was being put as early as this. Since the email did not actually figure at the trial, and even though it was in trial bundles, that did not mean that the whole question of the legal advice given at the time had been sufficiently aired in public so as to amount to deployment of the material and so as to make it wrong to restrain its further being aired now. Since the point now in issue was not then in play, it is not surprising that the significance of this email passage was overlooked, and the fact that it was overlooked should now not be held against the Defendants now that the focus of the case had shifted, or a little more precisely now that the case had acquired a second point of focus to which it had become relevant. In my view Mr Monson is right. I do not think that this single sentence, in the circumstances, amounts to deployment of the other material. It does not amount to an airing of the other privileged material, so it does not give it a relevant degree of publicity to mean that the defendants are now too late. So far as laches is concerned, in the light of the absence of any significance of that piece of evidence at the trial, and in the light of the fact that the pre-1st March infringement claim only came after the trial, I think it would be unfair on the Defendants to say that they are too late because the material has been deployed, and that in general laches terms they should have taken the point (so far as they have one) any earlier than they did.

35. My conclusion on this point is that, if there is Level 3 material relating to privileged matter, then there are no factors of any real weight which would lead me to take anything other than the ordinary course which is to exclude such matter. I therefore have to go on to consider how much of the material falls into that category. In this context, I shall take the various passages which the Defendants say infringe their privilege in turn. Where I come to the conclusion that a matter is revealed in breach of privilege, I will not actually set out the material.

i. Borrill Fourth Witness Statement paragraph 25

Two sentences are sought to be excised in order, in effect to prevent Mr Borrill giving indirect evidence of material passed to him in breach of privilege and in breach of confidence. The first sentence refers to legal advice, the firm from which it was obtained, (by inference and in its context) the subject matter to which it related, and a very short expression summarising the advice it given. The last of those elements is objectionable; the first three are not. The sentence as it stands ought to be struck out, but I can see no objection to a replacement sentence which gives the first three elements and otherwise refers to the advice without stating what it was. The second sentence describes how he had got the advice ("this advice had been forwarded by LGH to Stuart Turner"). This sentence is unobjectionable.

ii. Borrill Fourth Witness Statement paragraph 26

The words objected to are words in which Mr Turner is recorded as having passed on to Mr Borrill the view of the Manx lawyers as to the workability of the Defendants' proposals. Again, this is material said to come from Mr Turner; and again, it was imparted by the latter in breach of his duty of confidence by way of infringing the Defendants' privilege. The words as they stand ought to be struck out because the court ought not to receive evidence of privileged matter obtained in this way.

iii. Stuart Turner First Witness Statement paragraph 22

In this paragraph Mr Turner narrates part of the history of his dealings with Mr Mian. The first sentence describes the instruction of the Manx lawyers to advise on the Defendants' scheme structure. It is not objectionable. The first half of the second sentence refers to the fact that on 22nd February he saw the advice provided by those lawyers (Cains). That, as it stands, again seems to me to be unobjectionable. It does not reveal the contents of that advice. The second half of that sentence contains a reference to a document referred to in the advice which it goes on to describe it in a certain way. The third sentence contains a further description of the document just referred to. There is no statement as to what the advice actually was. The paragraph then goes on "I was asked by AON to keep the Cains' advice confidential. I told Mr Mian on that day that the advice did not really address my particular concerns and that I would need to see a copy of [a particular document, just referred to] in order to know whether it protected customers' money. He said that he would have to clear this with AON and AON Legal, and that he would have to delete the existing client names from the document; but subject to that he agreed to provide a copy." The last sentences that I have quoted do not disclose the advice, and this part of the evidence does not contravene Mr Turner's obligation of confidentiality apart from the implicit cross-reference back. They are unobjectionable, apart from that. The

immediately preceding elements, which I have not yet dealt with, present a little more difficulty. One could argue that where a third party, who is within the privilege, merely mentions the fact that a privileged communication refers to a given document is not an infringement of privilege because it is not disclosing information which tends to indicate what the advice was. However, I do not think that is right. The question is whether a communication is privileged. To the extent that it is, production or proof of it cannot be compelled or allowed. It is not appropriate to dissect very small elements out of it and say that disclosure of small elements is not an infringement of privilege. It is either privileged or not, and if it is it is wrong to allow Mr Turner to give evidence of its content. In any event, in relation to the references in this particular case, it could be argued that what Mr Turner says might reveal what instructions were given to the lawyers, and those instructions are as privileged as the advice. Accordingly, I consider that Mr Turner is not entitled to refer to, and give evidence of, the content of this advice so far as it contains a description of a document referred to within it. Those parts of paragraph 22 will have to be struck out. The remaining sentences will have to be modified so that they do not cross-refer to a document referred to in privileged advice. He would be entitled to give evidence that he asked for a copy of a document, but not in such a way to suggest that the advice referred to it. I accept that this tends to have an air of unreality or artificiality about it, but that is the position at which one sometimes arrives when a witness is required to skate delicately around the edge of privileged communications.

iv. Turner First Witness Statement paragraph 23 – last sentence

In this sentence, Mr Turner refers to the fact of receiving further advice from Cains via Mr Mian, and goes on to indicate something that it mentions. The first part of that sentence is permissible; the second part is not because it reveals an element of a privileged communications.

v. Turner First Witness Statement paragraph 25

This contains a statement which is quite clearly a Level 2 Statement. Mr Monson does not pursue the excision of this sentence, and in any event I would not have required its removal.

vi. Chan Second Witness Statement paragraph 5

This paragraph seeks to give evidence of a conversation that he had with Mr Turner during the negotiations. The objected to part reads:

"However, he [i.e. Mr Turner] told me on the phone that AON and their advisors, Cains, had nonetheless demonstrated that their scheme was sufficiently robust for the purposes

of Powerhouse, by describing how their collections account agreement would ring fence customer monies in the scheme."

I am not prepared to order the excision of this part of the witness statement. It would be unobjectionable without the words "and their advisors, Cains", but it would also have a slight air of falsity about it if Mr Turner in fact referred to them. I do not consider that a reference such as that contravenes privilege in any particular communication by revealing its content.

36. Next I have to deal with Mr Monson's claim that I should order the redaction of certain parts of two documents emanating from Powerhouse. The first is a memo from Mr Turner to Mr Broomfield and Mr Stanley, two of his colleagues in Powerhouse. It refers to the competing bids, and compares various aspects of them. Under the heading "AON" it contains first an innocuous sentence stating that the concern that Powerhouse had was to ring fence service fees and that that concern has yet to be satisfactorily resolved. There is then a sentence which states what the "initial indications" from Cains are. That sentence seems to summarise the advice of that firm, and as such it contains a reference to privileged information and ought to be redacted. The second sentence is equivocal in that it refers to a suggestion which might or might not have been contained in Cains advice. Mr Monson tells me on instructions that he and Mr de Frietas have checked whether or not it does reflect advice, and he tells me that it does. On that footing, it falls to be redacted as does the first sentence. The document then goes on, in a separate paragraph, to state as follows:

"We need to take into account that no precedent (as at the date of this memo) has been set in law, and therefore no proof exists to prove that the trust solution presented to Powerhouse by AON would have any legal weight. It would seem only wise to secure further independent legal advice."

37. I do not see how a case can be made for excising this material and in the end Mr Monson did not press for the redaction.
38. The second Powerhouse document is an undated document which was generated internally so that someone could consider the various proposals that were before it. On page 2, under the heading "The Issue" it contains wording that is identical to that which I have just considered. That wording should be treated similarly. There is one additional sentence under the heading "The Question", and it reads as follows:

"Powerhouse have read the Cains response (attached) with some interest but are concerned that they seem to have "skated around" the core issue for Powerhouse."

The Cains response referred to is not disclosed. This sentence is objected to, but I cannot really see why. It certainly does not contain any evidence of what the Cains advice was. There is nothing objectionable about it.

39. The last document is the Chan email that I have referred to above. I am not prepared to order the excision of this part of the evidence. It is no more objectionable than paragraph 5 of his witness statement, which I have already declined to excise.
40. Next I turn to the particulars of claim in the enquiry. Mr Monson says I should strike out certain allegations made in the Particulars of Claim because they were only able to be made because of unauthorised disclosure by Mr Turner. In effect, he invites me to take the same approach in relation to this statement of case as the Court of Appeal took to the relevant pleading in the *Goddard* case. Some of the objected to parts correspond to parts of witness statements which I have allowed to stand in that they refer merely to the receipt and transmission of legal advice. However, two sentences go further and refer to the content of legal advice, in a similar manner to parts of Mr Turner's witness statement which I have ordered should be excised. I was at first tempted to accede to Mr Monson's application to strike out at least those limited parts. However, I have decided I should not do so. Now that the position as to admissible evidence has (I hope) become clearer as a result of this judgment, Mr Watson may well wish to reconsider how he is going to make his case, since part of his submissions to me involve assertions that he could get to where he wanted through different routes in any event. If he is right about that then he may wish to consider re-pleading. I do not think it is necessary, in that context, for me to start striking out parts of the existing statement of case. If Mr Watson has no other way of getting to where he wants apart from relying on evidence that I have required to be removed, then he will not be able to make good the allegations in the Particulars of Claim. No harm is done by leaving them in. If he thinks he can get there through another route, then he should be at liberty to do so. It may be that in fact he may wish to reconsider how he puts his case and remove or amend certain parts of the present claim. That is obviously a matter for him. At the moment I think the most sensible course is to leave the particulars of claim where they are.

Apollo Transaction

41. In his judgment on the trial of liability, Judge Weeks Q.C. observed:

"I suspect that in the morass of documents the parties may have lost sight of their commercial interests and the purpose of litigation".

42. In some ways I cannot help sharing that view in relation to this section of the application before me. I find it difficult to see that the events to which I now have to refer can give rise to any particular material claim, and I cannot help thinking that what I shall call the Apollo claim is a storm in a teacup, and Mr Watson at one stage was disposed to accept that that was an accurate description of at least part of the dispute in relation to this matter. However, it is a matter which is raised in the enquiry as to damages, and there has been no attempt to strike it out on the basis that it is frivolous or otherwise that it should not be dealt with, so I am forced to deal with it.
43. In 1999 the AON Group entered into a warranty support scheme with a concern that can be described as Apollo. It is common ground that this scheme was not a trust-based

scheme so documents of the nature of the CAA played no part in it in its final form. Furthermore, there is no suggestion that the Claimants were in competition with the Defendants for that scheme, so there is no suggestion that they have suffered direct financial loss because the Defendants got the contract. However, the allegation is that in the course of considering the Apollo transaction, consideration was given at some stage to a trust-based scheme to which the CAA would have been appropriate, and that in that context there was some copying of the Scottish Power CAA or otherwise some infringement of the claimants' rights in respect to it. There is evidence for supposing that the CAA was considered in the context of the Apollo scheme, because the infringing copy forwarded to Powerhouse had originally been saved on the Defendants' computer systems under a file name whose path included something which appears to be a directory designated to "Apollo 2000". The case of the claimants, as described to me by Mr Watson, was that if there was some copying in this context, even if (as seems clearly to be the case) the copies were in no way deployed in the actual Apollo Scheme, the Defendants are liable to pay a payment in the nature of a royalty. They therefore seek disclosure of all drafts of the CAA prepared for the purpose of the Apollo transactions, and they also seek all memoranda and similar notes referring to any such documents.

44. The disclosure sought by the Claimants is in terms as follows:

"All drafts of the collections account agreement or equivalent agreement (in both electronic and hard copy form) which have been prepared, used or intended to be used by the Defendants or any of them for the purposes of putting into effect the warranty scheme for:

[Apollo];

Any other Retailer

All memoranda, attendance notes, board minutes and correspondence (including emails) which refer to any document referred to in [the preceding paragraph] (including internal documents prepared by the Defendants' and documents passing between any two or more the Defendants)."

45. Mr Monson accepted that his clients were under an obligation to disclose documents relating to the use of the CAA in Apollo but said that they have already been disclosed (and the Claimants have been given copies,) apart from such privileged documents as may exist. I should say at this stage that in case there is any daylight between Mr Monson's concession and formulation of the category of documents sought by the Claimants, I would make an order in those terms, but I do not think that there would be much debate about that. The debate in this area centred around the question of privilege. Paragraph 17 of the particulars of claim in the enquiry states that:

"It is to be inferred from [certain pleaded material] that the first and/or second Defendant also copied the CAA for the purpose of sending it and/or sent it to Apollo 2000."

46. It does not appear that a copy of any document specifically created at this stage has been disclosed, whether as a document that the defendants have in their possession or as a document which they once had. Mr Watson seeks to make a case that CAA must at some stage have been copied for the purpose of considering whether or not to deploy it in a scheme for Apollo, even if it never was so used, and even if a copy was never sent to Apollo, and the suggestion is that such a document was, or may have been, sent to the defendants solicitors. The debate before me was principally about privilege. Various documents were debated, each of them hypothetical - they were hypothetical because the Defendants deliberately said nothing about the existence or non-existence of such documents because if they had then they would or might be admitting that which they claim they were entitled to decline to admit (because of privilege), and I suspect they were also concerned about waiver of privilege. Those documents were as follows:
- i. Copies of the CAA prepared for the purposes of being submitted to solicitors for their consideration.
 - ii. Any amended CAA arising as a result of work by the solicitors.
 - iii. Versions of the CAA thus amended and put back in the hands of the Defendants or any of them.
47. Mr Watson's final position in argument was that such documents could not be privileged. Those described under (i) would simply be copies of an unprivileged document, and would not be privileged because of the *Three Rivers* case. Next he said that documents in category (ii) would not be privileged because once the to-ing and fro-ing on advice had been concluded it no longer formed part of the advice. So far as the drafts back in the hands of the clients were concerned (category (iii)), then they were not privileged either because they fell within category (ii) or because the disclosure of a later draft to Powerhouse waived privilege in the predecessor draft on which it was apparently based. As an alternative line of attack in relation to this alleged batch of infringements, Mr Watson also relied on the principle that "advice sought or given for the purpose of effecting iniquity is not privileged" *Barclays Bank Plc -v- Eustice* [1995] 1 WLR 1238 at 1249b. The iniquity relied on by him was giving a lawyer a draft, in respect of which copyright existed, for the lawyer to improve.
48. I think that it is appropriate to deal with this part of the case shortly. It is tempting to take the view that since it was not clearly proved that there were any documents which are worth debating (because of the position taken by Mr Monson) I should not deal with this at all. However, it has been a matter of some dispute between the parties, and I think that it would be useful and proper for me to make some rulings for the guidance of the parties, and in particular for the guidance of the defendants who can be seen to have taken a line in relation to privilege that was not justified (see their insistence on redacting level 1 and level 2 references, above). However, I shall not deal with the point at great length because I think that the answers are relatively straightforward and, because I find it very hard to believe that any significant amount of damages can turn on them. I consider the legal position to be as follows:
- a. Any copy of the CAA which was created with a view to its being submitted to solicitors for advice does not, despite its purpose, attract privilege. That this is clearly the case appears from *Dubai Bank Limited v Galadari* [1990] Ch 1980. This principle was recently applied and approved in *Sumitomo Corporation v*

Credit Lyonnais Rouse Limited [2002] 1 WLR 479. Any such copy ought therefore to be disclosed and produced.

- b. Any version produced by the solicitor in draft for the purpose of carrying out his function of giving legal advice to a client would, in my view, be privileged. Such drafts, until communicated, are not communications, but it is quite apparent from paragraph 29 of the judgment of Longmore L.J. in the *Three Rivers* case that that judge considered that solicitors' drafts are privileged – "all documents passing between the BIU and Freshfield are privileged as, indeed, are Freshfields' own drafts and memoranda." (my emphasis).
- c. Drafts passed back to the clients, on the assumption that they were part and parcel of legal advice, are again privileged. I do not understand on what principle it can be said that privilege in those drafts is waived when a yet further draft, which is derived from them, is disclosed in circumstances such that that later draft is not privileged. Mr Watson advanced no authority in support of his proposition that privilege was waived, and I hold that it was not.
- d. There is no evidential basis upon which the iniquity principle can be invoked in this case. While I accept Mr Watson's submission that dishonesty as such is not necessary in order to invoke the principle, and reject Mr Monson's submission that it is, there is no evidence on which I can find that the Defendants were guilty of any conduct which even comes close to the level of iniquity which is required in order to bar the privilege that would otherwise cloak the communications between solicitor and client. Since there is no evidence at all that solicitors were involved, but merely supposition, that is not surprising. However, even if one were minded to suppose that solicitors were instructed, there is nothing in this case to suggest that the Defendants were anything other than innocent in what they did. Indeed, in the trial on liability HH Judge Weeks Q.C. expressly rejected a finding that the later breach of copyright was flagrant. He had that issue before him in the context of an assertion that the Powerhouse breach was flagrant within the meaning of Section 97 (2) of the Copyright, Design and Patents Act 1988. He held that it was not. In that instance the person who authorised the release to Powerhouse (Mr Witt) could be identified, as could the circumstances in which it happened. He is said to have been honest and mistaken in believing that he was entitled to release it. I have not been given evidence to suggest that any other servant or officer of the Defendants held any more iniquitous view. I therefore reject the submission that the iniquity principle operated so as to deprive the Defendants of any privilege which might have arisen in respect of the putative instructions to solicitors.

Issues Relating to Statements of Case

49. The applications before me include an application that the Defendants be ordered to provide some further information in relation to their pleaded case. However, it was agreed that I need not deal with that, and accordingly I do not do so. There is also an application by the Claimants to amend their particulars of claim in the enquiry. That was resisted on the grounds that those amendments introduced some inconsistencies. I believe that most of those points, if not all of them, were ironed out, but the fate of this

application was, so far as I can see, a little lost in the detailed debate on the other, more substantial, issues that arose before me. As I understand it, at present there is no longer any opposition to these amendments, and if that is right then I shall allow them so far as I need to do so. If I am wrong about that, then I shall entertain such debate as may be necessary in order to resolve outstanding points.

One Relevance Point

50. The documents produced by the Defendants in respect of which redactions in whole or in part were made were comprised in a further list produced by the Defendants. There were 15 of them. It has not been necessary for me to describe those documents in detail in this judgment.; I have described their nature in general terms. One special point arises in relation to the 15th document, which is the last chronological document. It is described as a "copy letter from the first Defendant to Powerhouse Retail Limited" dated 10th April 2000. this is after the date when the effective deal was done between Powerhouse and the claimants, and therefore after the second price reduction which underpins the claim for damages. The Defendants objected to the production of the whole of this document – it was not a question of merely redacting part – and the original basis of objection was privilege. During the course of the hearing, Mr Monson told me that on further reflection this document was irrelevant as well, since it did not go to the issues in the inquiry, and he sought to resist inspection on that ground too. The parties agreed that rather than have an extended debate, or even a short debate, on the appropriate course to be adopted in those changed circumstances, the convenient course would be for me to look at the document and express my view as to whether it was indeed irrelevant and need not be produced. Mr Watson in terms agreed to that course. I have looked at that document and read it carefully. Having done so, I am satisfied that Mr Monson is right – while related to the overall situation, it is of no relevance (in the disclosure sense) to the issues to be debated in the enquiry. I also record that it does contain privileged material, though in my view (which does not matter for these purposes in the light of my conclusion on relevance) only part of the content is privileged. I therefore will make no disclosure order in relation to that document.

Judicial inspection of other documents

51. I should also record one further thing in relation to the disputed documents. The debate as to what redactions should be made to witness statements and the documents emanating from Powerhouse took place with the benefit of both parties and my knowing what words in question were. That was not the case in respect of the documents which the Defendants have themselves redacted. It was at one stage suggested that I should look at all those documents (including document 15 to which I have referred) so that I could express a view as to whether they were or were not in fact privileged. That suggestion was not actively pursued, and the debate took place with only the Defendants knowing what was in the allegedly privileged material, as is common in these situations. Nevertheless during the course of the hearing, I was provided with a bundle which had unredacted versions of all those documents. The provisional view which I reached was that it would not be necessary for me to consider the content of those documents if I were able to lay down,

with sufficient clarity, the principles with which should be applied in deciding whether those documents were privileged. Having come to the conclusions which I have set out in this judgment, I maintain that view. The parties agreed that I should retain the unredacted bundle in my possession whilst writing this judgment, so that if I thought it necessary or useful to refer to it I should be at liberty to do so. The position is that I consider that I have been able to lay down sufficient principles to enable Mr Monson and his instructing solicitors to do their job of ascertaining which parts of the relevant documents are privileged, and it is neither necessary nor appropriate for me to substitute my judgment for theirs in the circumstances now obtaining. Accordingly, with the exception of document 15 which I have referred to above, I have not looked at any of those documents.

The Requirement for a New List

52. The Claimants have applied for an order that the Defendants should provide a further list of documents relevant to the inquiry. The Defendants have resisted this suggestion on the basis that there are no additional documents requiring disclosure beyond those that they have specifically listed for the purposes of the privilege claim, and beyond those which were already comprised within a list, or lists in the context of the trial on liability. Mr Watson countered this by saying it was still appropriate that a proper list should be supplied, not least because the Defendants ought to particularise what searches they have made. I am quite clear that the Defendants ought to provide a list. At the end of the trial on liability, HH Judge Weeks Q.C made an order providing for the enquiry, and paragraph 9 of that Order provides for the parties to give standard disclosure by a date in May 2003. Standard disclosure requires for the production of a list. I cannot see why the Defendants should not provide one, even if all it did was to relist documents already supplied, or even annex the old list. At the same time they could and should have given such statements as to searches made as were appropriate in the circumstances. That would have been very much easier and more cost effective than bringing the matter before me (albeit that the time in debate was short), and it and might well have done something to allay the suspicion that the Claimants clearly feel in relation to this matter. Declining to supply a list is only likely to fuel suspicion, not to allay it. Of course, were it the case that a further list were not being provided because the Defendants did not wish to say something that would have to be said in connection with such a list (as to which there is no evidence) then that would be all the more reason for their providing one; if it is not the case then dealing with the situation would be extremely simple. Either way, the Defendants should provide the list sought by the Claimants.

Conclusions

53. I shall therefore make such orders as are appropriate in the light of the findings I have made in this judgment. The parties will doubtless want to consider that point and decide what is technically the best way of going about the matter. In the case of any dispute, I shall rule further.

EXHIBIT 3

West London Pipeline and Storage Ltd & Anor v Total UK Ltd & Ors.

[2008] EWHC 1729 (Comm)

Queen's Bench Division (Commercial Court).

Beatson J.

Judgment delivered 22 July 2008.

Specific disclosure – Litigation privilege – Cross-examination – When court could go behind affidavit of documents – Third party sought specific disclosure of documents – Litigation privilege claimed – Material sought gathered in course of investigations into incident – Dominant purpose of investigations so that solicitors could provide legal advice in connection with expected proceedings – Implied statutory duty to investigate but no duty to report – Affidavits did not enable court to conclude that claim for privilege established – Maker of affidavits required to swear further affidavit dealing with matters on which earlier affidavits not satisfactory – Not appropriate to order cross-examination – Civil Procedure Rules 1998, r. 32.7 – Control of Major Hazard Regulations 1999.

This was an application by the third party (TAV) for specific disclosure of documents over which the defendants had asserted litigation privilege.

The proceedings arose out of the explosion and fire at the Buncefield Oil Terminal in Hertfordshire in December 2005. The fire engulfed a large proportion of the terminal's site and caused injuries to individuals and very significant damage to properties in the area. Negligence had been admitted. There was to be a trial of preliminary issues to determine, among other things, who was the operator of the site for the purposes of the Control of Major Hazard Regulations 1999 ('the COMAH Regulations'), which applied to the site, and who was responsible for the negligence and thus liable for the consequences of the incident. Those issues involved determining whether the relevant persons working at the terminal were 'embedded' into Hertfordshire Oil Storage Ltd (HOSL) so that HOSL alone would be vicariously liable for any negligence on the part of those persons. HOSL was a joint venture between Total and Chevron.

TAV was the engineering company which designed and manufactured the high level switch which was fitted to Tank 912 from which the fuel spilled. The material TAV sought from the Total defendants and from HOSL was factual material gathered by them in the course of their investigations into the incident. It included interviews conducted, the outcome of the investigations the operator of the site undertook as part of the safety management system it was required to have by the COMAH Regulations, and the reports of the accident investigation teams set up by Total and HOSL. The Total defendants and HOSL resisted the

A applications on the ground that the investigations fell within the rule in *Waugh*
v *British Railways Board* [1980] AC 521 and were covered by litigation privilege.
Their evidence was that it was expected that civil and criminal proceedings might
B be brought against them and that the dominant purpose of the investigations
was to identify the causes of the explosion so that their solicitors could provide
legal advice in connection with the expected proceedings. They argued that
C the dominant purpose of the accident investigations was to obtain factual
information so that the lawyers could provide advice about the contemplated
proceedings, and that there was no jurisdiction to go behind an affidavit as to
disclosure, including one claiming privilege, by ordering cross-examination.

C *Held, ruling accordingly:*

1. Where a report was prepared pursuant to a statutory obligation the purposes
of the instigator of the report were irrelevant. There should be no difference in
principle where the obligation was a regulatory rather than a statutory obligation.
D However, the Total defendants' claim for privilege could not be rejected on the
ground that the Total accident investigation reports and communications were
produced pursuant to Total's regulatory duties under the COMAH Regulations:
while there might be an implied duty under the regulations to investigate, there
was no duty to report; more fundamentally, it had not been established that Total
was the operator of the site for the purpose of the COMAH Regulations. That
E would be a major issue at the trial. (*Lonrho plc v Fayed* (No. 3) (*The Times*, 24
June 1993) and *Re Barings plc* [1998] 1 All ER 673 considered.)

2. There were a number of respects in which the Total defendants' affidavits
were not satisfactory. They did not enable the court to conclude that the claim
for privilege had been established. They exhibited no documents in support of
F what was said as to the purpose of establishing the Total accident investigation.
However, in the light of the statement that the dominant purpose in setting up
the investigation was to prepare for contemplated legal proceedings, it would
not be appropriate to order inspection of the documents on the ground that the
defendants had not satisfied the burden of proof. The affidavits did not disclose
G all that they ought to disclose. A further affidavit should be sworn to deal with
the matters which the earlier affidavits did not cover or on which they were
unsatisfactory. (*Birmingham & Midland Motor Omnibus Co Ltd v London &*
North Western Railway Co [1913] 3 KB 850, *Ankin v London & North Eastern*
Railway Co [1930] 1 KB 527 and *National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank*
H *Nederland* [2006] EWHC 2332 (Comm) considered.)

3. On the assumption that there was jurisdiction to order cross-examination in
this context, this was not an appropriate case for doing so.

The following cases were referred to in the judgment:

- Ankin v London & North Eastern Railway Co* [1930] 1 KB 527.
- Atos Consulting Ltd v Avis plc (No. 2)* [2007] EWHC 323 (TCC).
- Attorney-General v Emerson* (1882) 10 QBD 191.
- Bank Austria Akt v Price Waterhouse* (16 April 1997).
- Barings plc, Re* [1998] 1 All ER 673.
- Biguzzi v Rank Leisure plc* [1999] 1 WLR 1926.
- Birmingham & Midland Motor Omnibus Co Ltd v London & North Western Railway Co* [1913] 3 KB 850.
- Fiona Trust Holding Corp v Privalov* [2007] EWHC 39 (Comm).
- Frankenstein v Gavin's House-to-House Cycle Cleaning and Insurance Co* [1897] 2 QB 62.
- Grant v Downs* (1976) 135 CLR 674.
- Guinness Peat Properties Ltd v Fitzroy Robinson Partnership* [1987] 1 WLR 1027.
- Highgrade Traders Ltd, Re* [1984] BCLC 151.
- House of Spring Gardens Ltd v Waite* [1985] FSR 173.
- Jones v Monte Video Gas Co* (1880) 5 QBD 556.
- L (A Minor) (Police Investigation: Privilege), Re* [1997] AC 16.
- Lask v Gloucester Health Authority* (6 December 1985).
- London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority (LFEPA) v Halcrow Gilbert & Co Ltd* [2004] EWHC 2340 (QB).
- Lonrho plc v Fayed (No. 3)* (The Times, 24 June 1993).
- McAvan v London Transport Executive* [1982] CA Transcript 498.
- Motorola Credit Corp v Uzan* [2003] 2 CLC 1026; [2004] 1 WLR 113.
- National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank Nederland* [2006] EWHC 2332 (Comm).
- Neilson v Laugharne* [1981] 1 QB 736.
- Nomura International plc v Granada Group Ltd* [2007] EWHC 642 (Comm); [2007] 1 CLC 479.
- Purdy v Cambran* (17 December 1999).
- R v Derby Magistrates' Court, ex parte B* [1996] AC 487.
- R (on the application of Morgan Grenfell & Co Ltd) v Special Commissioner of Income Tax* [2003] 1 AC 563.
- Sumitomo Corp v Credit Lyonnais Rouse Ltd* (2001) 151 NLJ 272; [2002] 1 WLR 479 (CA).
- Three Rivers District Council v Bank of England* [2005] 1 AC 610.
- Visx Inc v Nidek Co Ltd* [1999] FSR 91.
- Waugh v British Railways Board* [1980] AC 521.
- Winterthur Swiss Insurance Co v AG (Manchester) Ltd* [2006] EWHC 839 (Comm).
- Yukong Lines v Rendsburg* (17 October 1996, CA).

A G Pollock QC and C Blanchard (instructed by Halliwells) for the third party/
applicant.

Lord Grabiner QC and A Maclean (instructed by Davies Arnold Cooper) for the
first and second defendants/respondents.

B P Edey (instructed by Edwards Angel) for the third defendant/respondent.

JUDGMENT

Beatson J: Introduction

C

1. The principle issue in the applications before me is whether the court can go
behind an affidavit sworn by a person claiming litigation privilege, and, if so, in
what circumstances and by what means. The proceedings in which the applications
have been made arise out of the explosion and fire at the Buncefield Oil Terminal
in Hertfordshire on 11 December 2005. The fire engulfed a large proportion of the
terminal's site and caused injuries to individuals and very significant damage to
properties in the area. Several hundred million pounds are claimed. There is to be
a trial of preliminary issues before David Steel J in October 2008. Negligence has
been admitted. The principal issues now are between the defendants, Total UK Ltd,
Total Downstream UK plc (the 'Total defendants') and Hertfordshire Oil Storage Ltd
(‘HOSL’).

D

E

2. The principal issues include: who was the operator of the site on December 11
for the purposes of the *Control of Major Hazard Regulations* 1999 (the ‘COMAH
Regulations’), which applied to the site, and who was responsible for the negligence
and thus liable for the consequences of the incident. These issues involve determining
whether the relevant people working at the terminal were ‘embedded’ into HOSL
so that HOSL alone would be vicariously liable for any negligence on the part of
those people. HOSL is a joint venture between Total and Chevron. If HOSL alone is
responsible for the incident, the joint venture arrangements may mean that 40% of the
financial consequences will ultimately be borne by Chevron.

F

G

3. TAV Engineering Ltd (‘TAV’) is the engineering company which designed and
manufactured the high level switch which was fitted to Tank 912 from which the fuel
spilled. It is the third party in this action. In application notices dated 22 May and 17
June 2008 it seeks specific disclosure of documents over which the Total defendants
and HOSL have asserted litigation privilege. TAV also applied to cross-examine Mr
Malcolm Jones, the Managing Director of Total UK Ltd, and Mr Richard Jones, a
director of HOSL, who served affidavits in opposition to the applications, although no
application notice supported by evidence was issued as required by CPR 32.7. During
the course of the hearing the applications concerning HOSL were abandoned. TAV
was right to do so. For reasons I give at the end of this judgment, those applications
were unsustainable.

H

4. The material TAV seeks from the Total defendants and sought from HOSL is factual material gathered by them in the course of their investigations into the incident. It includes interviews conducted, the outcome of the investigations the operator of the site undertook as part of the safety management system it was required to have by the COMAH Regulations, and the reports of the accident investigation teams set up by Total and HOSL. The Total defendants and HOSL resist the applications on the ground that the investigations fall within the rule in *Waugh v British Railways Board* [1980] AC 521 and are covered by litigation privilege. In affidavits sworn on their behalf it is stated that it was anticipated that civil and criminal proceedings would be brought against them and that the dominant purpose of the investigations was to identify the causes of the explosion so that their solicitors could provide legal advice in connection with the anticipated proceedings.

A

B

C

5. The Total defendants have also brought Part 20 proceedings against Chevron and Motherwell Control Systems ('MCS') who installed a computer controlled automatic tank gauging system and was responsible for maintaining that and the alarm system. The claim against TAV is for an indemnity or contribution on the basis that TAV was negligent in the design, manufacture and supply of the switch that failed to operate, a failure which caused or contributed to the incident. The switch manufactured by TAV was fitted by MCS. It was designed to be triggered when the fuel rose to a predetermined distance from the tank top. When it was triggered, an alarm would sound in the control room and the flow of oil into the tank would cease. TAV has claimed an indemnity or contribution from MCS in the event that it is held liable to pay Total anything.

D

E

The evidence

6. The evidence before me consists of three witness statements by Mr Robert Campbell, a partner in Halliwells LLP solicitors, on behalf of TAV, respectively dated 22 May and 17 and 19 June 2008, affidavits by Malcolm Jones, on behalf of the Total defendants, sworn on 27 June and 7 July 2008, and affidavits on behalf of HOSL by David Young, the partner in Eversheds LLP who attended the board meetings of HOSL on 5 and 12 January 2006, and Richard Jones, both sworn on 30 June 2008. I leave aside the vital question of the purpose for which the investigations were set up, and summarise the non-contentious evidence in a broadly chronological way.

F

G

7. At midday on 12 December 2005, the day after the incident, Davies Arnold Cooper gave legal advice to Total's lawyers in Paris. This was forwarded to Total UK soon afterwards and, on the same day the Total Accident Inspection Team (the 'Total AIT') was set up. Its members were; Steve Ollerhead, then the Logistics Coordinator of Marketing Europe for Total France, Jon Cook, Total's Safety Environmental and Quality Manager, John Donald, a Process Safety Expert, and Russell Poynter, Total UK's Head of Legal and HSEQ. The Total AIT was supported by a back office team which included individuals from Total's Paris headquarters. By then representatives

H

A of the Health and Safety Executive and the Environmental Agency were on the site and had taken control of it and all computer files and paperwork on the site. A notice dated 12 December and headed ‘Buncefield update for colleagues’ was posted on Total’s intranet in the name of Malcolm Jones.

B 8. Mr Ollerhead’s accident investigation progress report for 11–18 December, dated 18 December, states that on 12 December Messrs Chamoux, Sebbane, Gabillet, Jegousse, and Blanckaert arrived from Paris and that Mr Poynter and another Total representative interviewed the two staff present at the time of the incident and the manager of the Buncefield terminal. Mr. Gabillet was at that time the Department Head of HSEQ Logistics Marketing for France.

C 9. The entry in the progress report for 13 December refers to a list of questions of a general nature developed by Mr. Gabillet for the Executive Overview Group. It also states that it was agreed on that day that all email communication should be channelled through Mr Ollerhead to ensure confidentiality and that there was a meeting with the Health and Safety Executive on site to discuss how the HSE investigation would proceed and to discuss eventual handover of the site to Total.

D 10. A notice dated 14 December posted on Total UK’s intranet over Malcolm Jones’s name and headed, ‘Total UK Investigation Team’ states that Malcolm Jones had appointed a Total UK team to investigate the incident.

E 11. Mr Ollerhead’s accident investigation progress report records that on Thursday 15 December ‘the AIUK team met to discuss the terms of reference of the AI (see separate note)’.

F 12. HOSL’s Board met on 16 December and resolved to appoint lawyers to conduct the defence of any criminal proceedings and to advise the Board whether the company needed to carry out its own investigation into the incident.

G 13. A document dated 18 December by Mr Ollerhead, and headed ‘Confidential and Legally Privileged’ deals with the organisation and objectives of the Total AIT. Its introduction states:

‘It is of course vitally important that the accident investigation is carried out as effectively and quickly as possible in order to learn the lessons from this incident and to implement whatever actions are deemed necessary at other terminals.’

H 14. This document lists and describes the members of the team and the back office team. There is an organogram with the Total UK accident investigation team in the middle and lines above it to Total Paris and to Total UK’s Managing Director, Mr Malcolm Jones. There is a line below the Total AIT to the back office team, to Total UK and HOSL personnel as necessary (and through them to the Health and Safety Executive and the Environmental Agency), to consultants if required, and to Chevron-

Texaco personnel. There was a query with regard to Chevron-Texaco whose role had not then been agreed. There is also a line to Mr Coull of Total UK HSE on whose HSE expertise Mr Poynter is stated to have relied heavily.

A

15. Under the heading ‘terms of reference’, the document states that Total UK’s investigation would take place in parallel with the HSE investigation and that experience from earlier investigations suggested that the HSE would probably not be interested in Total’s investigation and their main interest in Total at that stage was to be confident that they were cooperating fully. The proposed deliverables include ‘make recommendations for measures to be put in place to prevent a recurrence’, ‘reappraise existing risk assessments’ and ‘satisfy legal reporting and recording duties’. It is also stated that, ‘due to the urgent need to learn lessons and to make recommendations it is suggested that a preliminary report is published by Friday 23 December’.

B

C

16. A memorandum from Mr Ollerhead dated 19 December 2005 was sent to a number of people in Total, including Mr Malcolm Jones, Mr Poynter, and others from locations in the UK, France and Belgium. It states *inter alia* that the Buncefield explosion had many similarities to an explosion which occurred at Saint Herblain near Nantes and recommends that the ‘back office’ team in Paris look into the lessons learned from that incident ‘and what we know so far of the incident at Buncefield to come up with proposals for a ‘SAFETY/FLASH’ report for rapid implementation in order to minimise the risk of this type of explosion happening again’. This memorandum is headed ‘Confidential and legally privileged’ and Mr Ollerhead states that recipients should ensure that any replies by email also have this heading. On 19 December Russell Poynter emailed Barbara Dyer at Chevron, stating *inter alia* that ‘the TOTAL investigation team will be required by its parent to continue with its work’.

D

E

17. On 20 December 2005 the Health and Safety Commission exercised its power to require the Health and Safety Executive and the Environmental Agency to investigate the incident. The Buncefield Major Incident Investigation Board (‘BMIIB’) was set up under the chairmanship of Lord Newton of Braintree and is doing so. Its terms of reference include; a thorough investigation of the incident, establishing causation including root causes, identification of information requiring immediate action and recommendations for future action to ensure management of major incident risk sites governed by the COMAH regulations. The terms of reference envisage that the BMIIB’s report for the HSE and the EA would, subject to legal considerations, be made public. The BMIIB has produced progress reports in February, April and May 2006 and an ‘initial report’ in July 2006. The health and safety investigations after the incident suggest that the TAV switch fitted to Tank 912 did not have the padlock used to hold the check lever in its normal operational position in place and that the check lever had either fallen or been left considerably below its proper operational position.

F

G

H

A 18. On 21 December DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary LLP met Total's in-house legal team and were instructed in relation to possible criminal proceedings against Total.

B 19. On 22 December HOSL's Board authorised its Company Secretary and in-house lawyer to seek advice from solicitors as to whether it should carry out its own investigation. Following receipt of such advice, on 5 January 2006 HOSL's Board resolved to set up a separate HOSL accident investigation team. The team was approved at a Board meeting on 12 January and it reported to the Board through HOSL's solicitors, Eversheds.

C 20. The material before the court includes a number of other documents published by Total UK Ltd. There are a number of versions of Total UK Ltd's *Incident Reporting and Investigation Application Guide* ('the Guide'), dated between January 2004 and February 2006, but there are no material differences between them. The cover of the Guide states 'this Application Guide provides a mandatory system for the reporting and investigation of all incidents and near misses throughout Total UK Ltd'.

D 21. In the section on its scope, it is stated that the Guide applies throughout all of the various operating areas of the company and that all significant incidents or near misses involving Total UK's staff or contract staff that occur on Total premises, or while working for Total, must be reported. It is also stated that the guide covers investigation and that the investigation's purpose is to examine the events leading up to the incident, during the incident and the final outcome. This, it is stated 'will aid the discovery of root causes from which remedial action plans can be developed'.

E 22. The Guide states there is provision for the electronic recording of incident reports and investigations and the downloading of such material onto a database system. The information held on the database includes relevant data concerning the incident to allow prompt reporting to line management, the insurance department, the HSEQ department and the relevant authorities. It includes a calculation of the loss potential to determine the level of investigation required, and a description of any immediate actions that have been taken to rectify the situation and to prevent the incident from occurring again. The 'investigation and review' section of the database contains information about the investigation taken to identify the immediate and root causes of the incident and an action plan to address them. It also refers to a review of high potential incidents by senior management to ensure that all necessary steps have been taken to prevent the incident from happening again, and a final review by the HSEQ department to ensure that the incident was appropriately reported and investigated and that suitable corrective and preventive actions have been identified and put in place.

H 23. In the case of incidents with a high potential there is a mandatory requirement of a formal team SCTA (Systematic Causal Tree Analysis) investigation. The Guide states that the categorisation of an incident as of 'low', 'medium', or 'high'

potential depends on the score achieved in matrices of potential severity factors and probability of reoccurrence factors. Guidance is given as to the application of the two matrices. Thus an incident that causes multiple fatalities, or major pollution with sustained environmental consequences, or over £6 million loss is categorised as catastrophic. To qualify as being of high potential a score of 8 or more has to be achieved. Accordingly, an incident with ‘catastrophic’ potential severity but a ‘remote probability’ of reoccurrence would only qualify as of ‘medium’ potential. The Guide requires an incident report to be completed within one working day, and an investigation to be completed within 10 working days. It states that ‘any fire or explosion’ should be reported on the database.

A
B

24. The major accident prevention policy, applicable to the Buncefield site, which is headed ‘Totalfina Terminal: HOSL’ and ‘Totalfina Great Britain Ltd.’ states that the company are committed to ‘evaluate and report our accidents and near misses’. It also states that procedures, systems and processes have been put in place to manage the integrity of the company’s activities. Paragraph 4 of the section concerned with realising the policy states ‘we will report and investigate incidents and near misses and follow up as necessary to improve our performance’. This document is signed by Mr White, then Buncefield’s Terminal Manager, and Mr Ollerhead, then Total’s Director of Logistics. It will be recalled that Mr Ollerhead was a member of the Total Accident Investigation Team.

C
D

25. Element 5 of Total’s Loss Control Manual is headed ‘Accident Investigation’ This states:

E

‘There is a formal procedure HSEQ20, for investigating accidents or near misses. This procedure is aimed at fact finding rather than fault finding, and seeks to establish basic or root causes of any accident or incident in an effort to prevent a reoccurrence.’

F

26. HSEQ20 is Total’s Incident reporting and Investigation Application Guide to which I have referred. The Loss Control Manual also states that in the case of specified accidents or near-misses, including major fires and spillages:

G

‘A report must be completed and sent within one working day, with any necessary immediate actions recorded. Where an investigation is required this must be completed within ten working days, followed by a review meeting to ensure that all required actions have either been implemented or programmed.’

H

27. An undated document entitled ‘Spillage Procedure EP03’ states that spillages are considered ‘critical failures’ which are to be reported. The September 2005 job specification for safety advisers at terminals includes responsibility for ensuring ‘that all incidents are appropriately investigated within 10 working days and that copies are sent to the relevant persons as defined in the Application Guide’.

A

28. Total UK's corporate social responsibility policy, authorised in May 2005, contains a statement by Mr Malcolm Jones that 'health and safety is a paramount priority for the company' and that it is committed to complying with legislation appropriate to its activities to minimise the risk to health and safety at work to all employees, contractors, customers, local communities, and general public. Its environmental charter signed by Thierry Desmarest, its Chairman and CEO, also refers to safety as a paramount priority, the formulation of relevant action plans and suitable control procedures and 'emergency facilities and procedures ... in order to respond effectively in the case of accidents'.

B

C

29. Total UK's *Environment and Social Responsibility Report 2006* contains an introduction signed by Michel Contie, a senior vice president for Northern Europe. The introduction states that Total continues 'to put safety at the forefront of everything we do and the company acts on near misses'. The introduction also states:

D

'We are still analysing lessons learned from the December 2005 fire at the Buncefield terminal operated by Hertfordshire Oil Storage Ltd (HOSL), in which we are a 60% share holder. While still awaiting the findings of the official enquiry, we are nonetheless working with the industry and the regulators to share information and consider lessons learned.'

E

30. The Corporate Social Responsibility section of the report refers to safety reporting and internal audits. The section on health and safety has a section entitled 'Lessons from Buncefield'. This states:

F

'Following the fire at Buncefield terminal in 2005, investigations have been carried out by the Health and Safety Executive (HSE), the Environment Agency, site operator Hertfordshire Oil Storage Ltd (HOSL) and Total. In parallel, a task group comprising a number of working groups with both regulator and industry representatives has very successfully brought together all the industry stakeholders including unions to share learnings and recommend improvements across the industry.'

G

Although we still await the HSE's final report and response, along with the rest of the industry we have already taken many actions including assessments of remotely operated shut off valves and tank alarms set points.'

H

31. An update notice about the Buncefield incident posted on Total UK's intranet on 10 February 2006 over Malcolm Jones's name states *inter alia* 'there are three investigation teams currently working to ascertain the cause of the incident. One each from the HSE, Total and HOSL'.

The COMAH Regulations

A

32. These regulations impose obligations on the operator of the Buncefield site. The COMAH Regulations define the operator of a site as ‘a person who is in control of the operation of an establishment or installation’: reg. 2(2). Regulation 5 requires the operator to have a Major Accident Prevention Policy (‘MAPP’) document with sufficient particulars to demonstrate it has established a Safety Management System (‘SMS’), taking account of the principles specified in the regulations (reg. 5(3)).

B

33. Regulation 4 imposes a general duty on operators to take ‘all measures necessary to prevent major accidents and limit their consequences to persons and the environment’. It was submitted on behalf of TAV that the ‘measures’ include investigations into incidents. Regulation 5(5) requires the operator to implement the policy set out in its MAPP document.

C

34. Regulation 7(7) requires the operator of an existing establishment to send to the competent authority (the Health and Safety Executive and Environmental Agency combined) a safety report containing the information specified in the schedule. Schedule 2, which applies to regulation 5(3), provides that the Safety Management System issue shall address monitoring performance and ‘the mechanisms for investigation and taking corrective action in the case of non compliance’ (paragraph 4(f)). Paragraph 4(f) also provides that the procedures should cover the operator’s system for reporting major accidents or near misses, ‘and their investigation and follow up on the basis of lessons learned’. The purpose of safety reports, including those required by regulation 7(7), is to demonstrate that a safety management system for implementing the major accident prevention policy has been put into effect and that adequate safety and reliability have been incorporated into the design and construction, and operation and maintenance of any installation and equipment.

D

E

F

The requests for the documents and the claim to privilege

35. On 13 March 2008 Pinsent Masons, which acts of behalf of some of the claimants in the action, wrote to Total’s solicitors, Davies Arnold Cooper, about a number of disclosure matters. Paragraph 9 of this letter states:

G

‘... There are certain categories of post-incident documents, including (i) investigation report or “root cause” analysis carried out by your clients or HOSL and (ii) documents generated as a result of the HSE investigation which ought to have been, but do not appear to have been, disclosed. As to (i) it is common practice within the industry for oil companies to prepare such reports/analyses following major health and safety incidents which occur during the course of their operation. Indeed, the COMAH regulations require the operator of sites such as HOSL to have in place a major accident prevention policy, which includes procedures for reporting major accidents or near misses, particularly those involving failure of protective measures ... Any such report would go into

H

A significant detail as to the causes of the incident and would be of considerable evidential value. There is no obvious reason why any such documents would be privileged. As to (ii), we consider that documents which passes between your clients/HOSL and the HSE in the course of its investigation would not be privileged and ought to be disclosed, including final witness statements.’

B 36. On 4 April, Pinsent Masons wrote to Davies Arnold Cooper and Herbert
C Smith noting that although Davies Arnold Cooper had indicated it would revert on the matters raised in paragraph 9 and other paragraphs ‘in due course’. They had not had a response. The letter states that they are principally concerned to see documents pertaining to Total’s post incident investigation or root cause analysis into the incident. The letter enclosed a copy of the email from Russell Poynter to Barbara
Dyer at Chevron to which I have referred.

37. Davies Arnold Cooper responded to Pinsent Masons in a letter dated 23 April. The material parts of this letter state:

D ‘In the immediate aftermath of the Buncefield incident, by which we mean the
E morning of the incident itself, Sunday 11 December 2005, it was apparent to senior members of our client’s management structure, including Mr Russell Poynter, Head of Legal at Total UK Limited (“Total”), that the size and scale of the incident was such that civil claims for compensation were inevitable and that, given our clients’ connection with the terminal amongst others, it was likely that they would be parties to those proceedings. It was also apparent that there was a real prospect of criminal prosecution under health and safety legislation. There was therefore an immediate recognition that it would be necessary to ascertain the causes of the explosion in order to obtain properly informed legal advice and to defend Total’s position in the anticipated legal proceedings.
F Accordingly, whilst there also existed Total’s own internal requirements for an accident investigation and the requirement under the COMAH regulations for the reporting of major incidents, the immediate and primary purpose of the investigation which followed was to obtain a detailed factual understanding of the causes of the incident in order that Total’s legal advisers could be properly
G informed when providing legal advice and more specifically when defending Total’s interests in the anticipated legal proceedings.

H At midday on 12 December 2005, that is fewer than 36 hours after the incident, this firm provided a report containing detailed legal advice to Total’s Parisian lawyers which was forwarded to our clients at 14.57 on 12 December 2005. That document, *inter alia*, highlighted the requirement for investigations to ascertain the cause of the incident so that lawyers could be properly instructed for the purposes of the anticipated civil and criminal proceedings.

It is in this context that Total’s Accident Investigation Team (“AIT”) was created on Monday 12 December. ...

On 21 December 2005, a meeting was held between six members of Total's in house legal team, including Mr Poynter, and Total's newly appointed criminal solicitors, Messrs DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary LLP ("DLA"). At that meeting, DLA repeated that in order to be able to provide clear and unambiguous advice in connection with the anticipated criminal proceedings, they needed to know the full facts surrounding the incident. DLA emphasised the requirement for Total's investigations to be aimed at explaining the factual position in order that Total's defence to the contemplated criminal prosecution could be properly formulated. The advice provided during the course of that meeting was reiterated and amplified in detail in a briefing note to Total dated 6 January 2006, which was acted upon by Mr Poynter in his capacity as Total's Head of Legal and as a AIT member.

A
B
C

We confirm that the AIT referred to above produced various reports between 22 December 2005 and 23 June 2006. Those documents were created for the dominant purpose of identifying the causes of the explosion in order that our clients' solicitors could provide legal advice in contemplation of the expected civil litigation and criminal proceedings and to assist them to defend Total's interests in the civil proceedings once they were commenced. They are therefore privileged. It is not disputed that the AIT investigation and reports also address lessons that could be learned from the incident and fulfilled COMAH requirements. However, for the reasons already explained, those purposes were subsidiary and subservient to the dominant purpose as set out above.'

D
E

38. The letter also deals with other reports which it states were prepared for the dominant purpose of assisting Total in its defence of civil and criminal proceedings and notes of interviews by the competent authority prepared by Total's lawyers who were present and in respect of which legal advice privilege as well as litigation privilege is asserted. It also deals with other interviews and the HOSL post incident investigation in respect of which both legal professional privilege and common interest privilege were claimed.

F

39. On 7 May, Halliwells replied stating they did not agree that Total's investigations were privileged and that the relevant question should be whether the investigation following the incident would have been undertaken even if there was no reasonable anticipation of proceedings. On 14 May, Davies Arnold Cooper replied stating that they had nothing to add to their further letter and maintaining their claim to privilege.

G

40. Following TAV's application against the Total defendants, Halliwells wrote stating that they would be issuing a specific disclosure application against HOSL and stating that Davies Arnold Cooper's position in the letters dated 23 April and 14 May 'can be characterised as a bare assertion that the documents in question were created for the dominant purpose of obtaining legal advice in anticipation of litigation' and that despite the invitation to do so 'you have chosen not to expand on that assertion

H

A in correspondence'. The letter then sets out the basis upon which TAV disputes the claim that the applicable 'dominant purpose' test has been satisfied and particularises the documents sought.

B 41. On 17 June the application was issued against HOSL. Halliwells' letter dated 18 June accepts that the documents had not previously been requested directly from HOSL and that HOSL and its solicitors had not expressed any comments in relation to HOSL's entitlement to assert privilege.

C 42. There were further exchanges between the solicitors about the service of evidence. In their letter dated 27 June enclosing Mr Malcolm Jones' affidavit, Davies Arnold Cooper provided two of the documents sought by TAV, a report entitled 'Initial Findings on the Ultra High Alarm Functioning Testing carried out by HSE and HOSL' and the preliminary analysis of the Motherwell disk data. The letter states that these reports are subject to legal professional privilege but that Total is willing to waive privilege in these documents which were not prepared under the auspices of either the Total accident investigation team or the HOSL accident investigation team.

D 43. In a letter dated 30 June 2008, Halliwells asked Davies Arnold Cooper to confirm that Mr Malcolm Jones would be available for cross-examination at the hearing. A similar request was made to Edwards Angel Palmer and Dodge in respect of Mr Richard Jones. Neither request gives a reason for the request for cross-examination of the affidavit of a witness at an interlocutory hearing. No reasons were given in relation to the request concerning Mr Richard Jones. In a letter dated 2 July to Davies Arnold Cooper, Halliwells state, relying on *LFEPA v Halcrow* [2004] EWHC 2340 (QB) that the court has jurisdiction to order cross examination on an affidavit and this 'is particularly so when the affidavit in question cries out for elucidation, as

E is the case with Mr [Malcolm] Jones' affidavit'.
F

G 44. Although Davies Arnold Cooper's letter of 23 April containing reasons the writer regards the documents sought as privileged is before the court, there is no affidavit in support of the claim from a member of the firm. The evidence in support of the claim is contained in Mr Malcolm Jones' first affidavit. Paragraph 5 lists the members of the Total AIT and states that Russell Poynter is a member 'in his capacity as Total's Legal Manager'. The affidavit also states:

H '4. As Managing Director of TUKL, my duty is to protect its best interests. In that capacity, I was responsible for setting up the Total Accident Investigation Team ("AIT") on 12 December 2005 in response to the major fire and explosion at Buncefield on Sunday 11 December 2005 (the "incident").

6. At the time that I set up the AIT, the Health and Safety Executive ("HSE") and the Environmental Agency ("EA") were already on site and had started their investigation. These investigations are ongoing. The HSE took control of the Buncefield site and of all access to all computer files and paperwork

on site in order to carry out their investigation. The investigation was then the HSE's highest priority investigation and in the region of 40 HSE personnel were involved from the outset. The purpose of the HSE's investigation was to find out what happened and the cause or causes of the incident. Total has at all times fully cooperated with the HSE's investigation.

A

7. As soon as I learned of the incident, my immediate concern was to ascertain the extent of any injuries and other damage. Having quickly established that only minor injuries had been suffered, I then turned my mind to the risks affecting Total as a Company. I was fully aware of the likelihood of both civil and criminal proceedings and that Total needed to establish the facts in order to be in a position to defend its interests in relation to any proceedings.

B

C

8. In setting up the AIT, the main risks to Total which I was concerned with were: (1) the risk of criminal proceedings being brought either by HSE or the EA; (2) the risk of civil claims being brought by third parties; and (3) the risk to the image and reputation of Total. I considered TUKL to be at real risk of potential proceedings following the Incident. The fact that the terminal was under joint venture control through Hertfordshire Oil Storage Limited did not make me feel Total was free of risk of litigation. I expected that parties who had suffered damage might very well explore the chance to claim from Total. My objective in setting up the AIT was therefore to gather facts in order that Total could address these risks and, in particular, secure legal advice in respect of any criminal and civil proceedings.

D

E

9. Given that the primary purpose of the AIT was to prepare for criminal and civil claims and get legal advice, I appointed Russell Poynter, Total's Legal Manager, to the AIT from the outset. There is no provision for the inclusion of a legal representative on accident investigation teams in Total's procedures and this was the first time that Russell Poynter, or any other legal representative, had been included in a Total accident investigation team. Russell Poynter reported to me routinely in line with the primary purpose of the AIT and following the Incident, he took immediate steps to instruct external solicitors to act for Total. Davies Arnold Cooper were instructed to advise Total in respect of potential civil claims on the day of the Incident. DLA Piper ("DLA") were instructed on 21 December 2005 to advise Total in respect of potential criminal liability.

F

G

10. On their appointment DLA took over responsibility for the AIT and from then onwards Russell Poynter and DLA reported to me in respect of the AIT's progress. I had regular updates from both Roy Tozer, the partner at DLA, and Russell Poynter as to the progress of the AIT.

H

11. Of course, the AIT investigation would by necessity carry out a factual analysis and look at what went wrong and what lessons could be learned. However, this was not the primary purpose for which the AIT was established.

A I knew that the HSE investigation would consider the lessons to be learned by
Total and others in the industry. My main concern was to protect Total from the
risks I have outlined above. Steve Ollerhead, Jon Cook and John Donald's role
on the AIT was to provide the appropriate expertise to establish the facts in order
that the legal risks could be addressed. I wanted the members of the team to have
B a free rein to investigate the facts in order that the lawyers and I could understand
the risks identified above as soon as possible.

12. I have been shown a note prepared by Steve Ollerhead dated 18 December
2005 attached to an email from Steve Ollerhead dated 19 December 2005 to,
amongst others, me. [The email and the documents attached to it are exhibited
C to Mr Jones's affidavit.] I understand that this email and its exhibits are among
the documents over which TAV has challenged Total's claim to privilege in this
application. For the avoidance of doubt by referring to in and exhibiting this
document to this Affidavit for the limited purposes of this application, I am not
D waiving Total's legal professional privilege in it or in any other document or
legal advice received by Total. I do not recall seeing this document at the time
and do not believe I would have looked at the document as we were working
mainly through oral communication at the time. In the aftermath of the Incident
most of my days were spent either in meetings or on the telephone, and I was
only reading emails which were specifically being brought to my attention. In
E his note of 18 December 2005, Steve Ollerhead sets out his understanding of the
terms of reference of the AIT, in particular under the "Proposed Deliverables"
heading. Steve Ollerhead's note reflects an incorrect understanding of my aims in
instituting the investigation and does not encapsulate the primary purpose of the
AIT as set out above. While the fact-finding exercise was important, the primary
purpose of the AIT was not in relation to learning lessons for the future.

F 13. It has been explained to me that TAV have asserted that (i) the AIT may
have been set up in accordance with either HOSL's Safety Management System
("SMS") or TUKL's corporate emergency response plan and (ii) that it would
have been undertaken even if there were no resulting damage to non-Total
property and no reasonable anticipation of litigation. Those assertions are not
G correct.

14. In respect of HOSL's SMS, that was only relevant to HOSL and had no
bearing on Total's response to the Incident. I presumed that HOSL would have
had an SMS in place but I had no knowledge of its contents. As regards TUKL's
corporate emergency response plan, this is aimed at business recovery and
focuses on how emergencies are handled by TUKL. In setting up the AIT, I did
H not have regard to any internal Total (or HOSL) procedures. In the normal course
of events if an incident occurred at a joint venture site, the joint venture would
carry out the investigation itself, not Total. I am aware of a number of occasions
prior to the Incident when HOSL carried out its own investigation into incidents
at the Buncefield site.

15. In respect of TAV's hypothetical suggestion that the AIT would nevertheless have been undertaken even if there were no resulting damage to non-Total property and no reasonable anticipation of litigation, I do not agree. The AIT was only set up because litigation was reasonably anticipated given the extraordinary nature of the Incident.'

A

45. Mr Jones states, of the one day and ten day reports required by the Safety Management System, that 'no such documents were produced'. Nor were any documents required by the Total UK Emergency Response Plan produced.

B

46. The information contained in Mr Ollerhead's email and the documents attached to it is summarised in paragraphs 8-9, 11, and 13-16 of this judgment. After the service of Mr Jones' affidavit, Halliwells wrote to Davies Arnold Cooper asking to see the complete chain of correspondence from which the emails exhibited to Mr Jones' statement were extracted and for disclosure of all documents evidencing the purpose of the Total investigation referred to in Mr Jones' affidavit. Davies Arnold Cooper replied in a letter dated 1 July stating that the email exhibited to Mr Jones' affidavit was not part of a chain of emails, that Mr Jones did not reply to it, and that there were no further documents evidencing his purpose in establishing the Total investigation. Halliwells responded requesting disclosure of all documents relating to the same subject matter as the documents exhibited to Mr Jones' affidavit and stating that its request was not limited to Mr Jones' purpose but extended to all documents evidencing the purpose of the Total investigation.

C

D

E

47. On 4 July, Davies Arnold Cooper again stated that there were no further documents evidencing Mr Jones' purpose and enclosed the extracts from notices posted on Total's intranet in the name of Mr Jones, some of which touch on the Total AIT and other investigations, to which I have referred. This letter was written while Mr Jones was out of the country and he dealt with the material referred to in his second affidavit sworn on 7 July. Mr Jones states that these postings do not deal with the purpose of the Total AIT investigation and do not record that his primary purpose in setting up the Total AIT was to gather facts in order to secure legal advice in respect of prospective civil and criminal proceedings. He states that although the postings bear his name, they were drafted by Total's corporate communications team. He does not recall commenting on the drafts although it was likely he would have reviewed them. He states that there is nothing in the postings that causes him concern as they simply advise staff that the fact-finding exercise was underway. He also states that Total's internal web pages are not an appropriate place to advertise to Total's staff his motive for setting up the AIT enquiry. The final paragraph of this affidavit states that, as set out in his first affidavit, Mr Jones' primary objective in setting up the AIT enquiry was to gather the facts in order that Total could secure legal advice in respect of any criminal and civil proceedings.

F

G

H

A

Summary of the parties' submissions

48. Mr Pollock QC's submissions on behalf of TAV can be summarised as follows:

B

(1) Mr Malcolm Jones's affidavit is unsatisfactory for a number of reasons.

(a) It states that, but for the anticipated legal proceedings, Mr Jones would not have set up an AIT. However:

C

(i) It does not deal with the Total documents. These show that there is a mandatory investigation of all major incidents and near misses.

D

(ii) It does not explain the roles of others in the company and the role of the Paris HQ although there was input from Paris to the AIT. Mr Ollerhead's organogram suggests the AIT reported to Paris. In considering the evidence, it is important that the parties claiming privilege are Total UK Ltd. and Total Downstream Oil Storage Ltd. It is their status and their purpose that is important. Mr Jones' evidence must be assessed in the light of this.

E

(iii) The statement is not consistent with Davies Arnold Cooper's letter of 23 April. That letter refers to Total's own internal requirements and to the COMAH regulations but states that the immediate and primary purpose of the investigation was to obtain a factual understanding so the lawyers could be properly informed when advising.

F

(b) It states (paragraph 10) that Mr Poynter and DLA Piper reported to him in respect of the AIT's progress. However, the emails exhibited to the affidavit suggest that information went to a wide variety of people within the Total group including a number of people in Total France, who were more likely to be interested in safety given the number of Total sites. Moreover, Mr Ollerhead's organogram does not include links to the legal advisers.

G

(c) It states that they were working mainly though oral communication at that time and that was why he did not read Mr Ollerhead's email and its attachments, but there is no evidence of oral communication with Mr Ollerhead, whose progress report states that it had been agreed that all email communications be channelled through him.

H

(d) It states that Mr Ollerhead's note misunderstands Mr Jones's aims in instituting the investigation but does not say what, if anything, he said to Mr Ollerhead or other members of the AIT about those aims. The purposes and the timetable set by Mr Ollerhead reflected 'the urgent need to learn lessons' and suggest that Mr Jones did not explain his objectives to the AIT team.

(e) His statement that he had no regard to any of Total or HOSL's procedures does not make clear whether he did not know about these or whether he knew about them but did not consider they were applicable or decided to bypass them.

A

(f) Mr Jones' statements as to what his 'objective' was do not make it clear whether the stated one was his only objective. His statement in paragraph 9 that preparation for anticipated legal proceedings was the 'primary purpose' of the AIT, does not exclude another non-privileged purpose.

B

(g) Mr Jones states that his duty was to protect Total UK's best interests and in that capacity he was 'responsible' for setting up the Total AIT. Mr Pollock submitted that 'responsible' means that it was Mr Jones who appointed the members of the AIT, and not that it was he who decided to have an AIT.

C

(2) It must be possible to go behind an affidavit as to discovery because otherwise a party would be able conclusively to claim litigation privilege by his *ipse dixit*. The Rules of the Supreme Court did not make provision for cross-examination on affidavits prior to trial as CPR 32.7 does. The effect of CPR 32.7 taken together with the procedure in CPR 31.19 for challenging a claim of privilege means that the old authorities do not survive. Accordingly, there is jurisdiction under the CPR to order cross-examination on an affidavit as to discovery where the court, having carried out the necessary balancing, considers that the overriding objective requires it.

D

(3) Total's position as the operator of the site within the COMAH regulations meant it was under a regulatory duty to investigate with the result that, irrespective of what Mr Jones' purpose was in setting up the Total AIT, in the light of the decision of Sir Richard Scott V-C in *Re Barings plc* [1998] 1 All ER 673 the AIT's reports were not protected. That decision is authority for the proposition that, where a person or entity is under a statutory or regulatory duty to investigate and report, the purposes of those who instigate the investigation that leads to the report are irrelevant. Mr Pollock recognised the difficulty faced by the court that arises from the fact that a major issue in the litigation is whether it was Total or HOSL that was the operator of the site for the purpose of the COMAH regulations.

E

F

G

49. Lord Grabiner QC's submissions on behalf of Total (and those of Mr Edey on behalf of HOSL) can be summarised as follows:

(1) The affidavits sworn on behalf of the Total defendants and HOSL clearly state that the dominant purpose for the AITs was to obtain factual information so that the lawyers could provide advice about the contemplated proceedings.

H

(2) There is no jurisdiction to go behind an affidavit as to disclosure (including one claiming privilege) by ordering cross-examination. If there is such jurisdiction, it is confined to the very narrow circumstance where the maker of the affidavit or the responsible authority contradicts what is said in the affidavit. In the case of the

A Total defendants, the issue is Malcolm Jones's purpose in setting up the Total AIT, not Mr Ollerhead's or anyone else's. None of the material relied on by TAV directly contradicts what Mr Jones says. There should be no cross-examination where it would lead to a mini-trial at an interlocutory stage on what is an important issue in the case, as will often be the case. It would in this case because one important issue is whether
B Total or HOSL was the operator of the site within the COMAH regulations. Mr Edey also submitted that there should be no cross-examination where cross-examination was likely to stray into areas undoubtedly covered by legal professional privilege. Cross-examination of Richard Jones would necessarily have involved questions about the purposes of the HOSL Board at meetings attended by Mr Young who was present and gave the Board legal advice about the setting up of a HOSL AIT.

C (3) TAV's reliance on *Re Barings plc* is misplaced. First, there is no duty under the COMAH regulations to investigate and report. Secondly, both Total and HOSL deny they were the COMAH operator of the site. Which of them was the operator will be a major issue in the litigation. It is not possible for the court to resolve the submission that as a result of *Re Barings plc* the AIT reports and papers are not privileged without
D resolving who is the COMAH operator, and it is not appropriate to do this in respect of a major issue at an interlocutory stage. Thirdly, *Re Barings plc* is not authority for the proposition for which it is cited by TAV.

E Discussion

Litigation privilege

F 50. Legal professional privilege is recognised as a fundamental substantive right which prevails over the public interest in all relevant material being available to courts when deciding cases: see *R v Derby Magistrates' Court, ex parte B* [1996] AC 487, 507–508; *Re L (A Minor) (Police Investigation: Privilege)* [1997] AC 16, 32; *R (Morgan Grenfell & Co Ltd) v Special Commissioner of Income Tax* [2003] 1 AC 563 at [7]. The burden of establishing that a communication is privileged lies on the party claiming privilege. This is implicit in Lord Edmund Davies's words in *Waugh's* case,
G quoted in paragraph [52] below, and is also implicit in the other speeches in *Waugh's* case: see also *Re Highgrade Traders Ltd* [1984] BCLC 151, at 175d; *National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank Nederland* [2006] EWHC 2332 (Comm) at [53]; *LFEP v Halcrow Gilbert & Co Ltd* [2004] EWHC 2340 (QB) at [48]; *Matthews & Malek on Disclosure* (2007) 11–46.

H 51. Litigation privilege differs from legal advice privilege, which protects all communications to lawyers. It relates only to communications at the stage when litigation is pending or in contemplation, and only those made for the sole or dominant purpose of obtaining legal advice or conducting that litigation. The modern law on litigation privilege stems from the decision of the House of Lords in *Waugh v British Railways Board* [1980] AC 521, a decision in which the approach of the High Court

of Australia in *Grant v Downs* (1976) 135 CLR 674, and in particular the formulation of Barwick CJ (at 677), was adopted. A

52. In *Waugh's* case Lord Edmund Davies stated that he would certainly deny a claim for privilege when litigation was merely one of several purposes of equal or similar importance intended to be served by the material sought to be withheld from disclosure. He stated (at 542) 'it is surely right to insist that, before the claim is conceded or upheld, such purposes must be shown to have played a paramount part' and (at 543) that 'the public interest is, on balance, best served by rigidly conforming within narrow limits the cases where material relevant to litigation may lawfully be withheld'. Lord Wilberforce said (at 531) that it was clear that the due administration of justice strongly required the disclosure and production of the Board's report on an accident, and that in order to override this public interest the sole or dominant purpose of the report had to be to prepare for litigation. In *Bank Austria Akt v Price Waterhouse* (16 April 1997) Neuberger J said: B C

'A claim for privilege is an unusual claim in the sense that the legal advisers to the party claiming privilege are, subject to one point, the judges in their own client's cause. The court must therefore be particularly careful to consider how the claim for privilege is made out.' D

53. Thus, affidavits claiming privilege whether sworn by the legal advisers to the party claiming privilege as is often the case, or, as in this case, by a Director of the party, should be specific enough to show something of the deponent's analysis of the documents or, in the case of a claim to litigation privilege, the purpose for which they were created. It is desirable that they should refer to such contemporary material as it is possible to do so without making disclosure of the very matters that the claim for privilege is designed to protect. On the need for specificity in such affidavits, see for example, Andrew Smith J in *Sumitomo Corp v Credit Lyonnais Rouse Ltd* (2001) 151 NLJ 272 at [39], referred to without criticism by the Court of Appeal [2002] 1 WLR 479 at [28], although the court did not (see [81]) consider the criticisms of the affidavit in that case were justified. E F

54. Notwithstanding these threshold requirements, and the care the court must show, once it is established that a communication was made when litigation was contemplated or pending and for the dominant purpose of obtaining legal advice, the privilege cannot be overridden by another public interest. As Lord Scott stated in *Three Rivers District Council v Bank of England (No. 6)* [2005] 1 AC 610 at [25]: G

'if a communication or document qualifies for legal professional privilege, the privilege is absolute. It cannot be overridden by some supposedly greater public interest. It can be waived by the person, the client, entitled to it and it can be overridden by statute but it is otherwise absolute.' H

A 55. The principles applicable to litigation privilege were usefully summarised by Aikens J in *Winterthur Swiss Insurance Co v AG (Manchester) Ltd* [2006] EWHC 839 (Comm) at [71]:

B “Litigation privilege” extends, in time, to information (which must include
information stored in electronic form as well as in documentary form) which is
C produced either during the course of adversarial (as opposed to inquisitorial or
investigative) litigation, or when such litigation is in contemplation. The privilege
obviously covers legal advice given by a lawyer to his client for the purposes
of such existing or contemplated litigation. It also extends to communications
between the lawyer and his client and the lawyer and third parties, provided that
D those communications are made for the sole or dominant purpose of obtaining
legal advice or conducting that litigation. (*Grant v Downs* (1976) 135 CLR 674,
per Barwick CJ (dissenting in the result) at p. 677, *Waugh v British Railways
Board* [1980] AC 521, *Three Rivers DC v Bank of England (No. 6)* at paras 100
to 102 per Lord Carswell.) In deciding whether a communication is subject to
E “litigation privilege”, the court has to consider objectively the purpose of the
person or authority that directed the creation of the communication. (*Guinness
Peat Properties Ltd v Fitzroy Robinson Partnership* [1987] 1 WLR 1027 at 1037
per Slade LJ, with whom Woolf LJ and Sir George Waller agreed.)’

E 56. Aikens J considered (see [83]) that in considering whether material might be
subject to litigation privilege three questions arise. These are:

F ‘First, at the time that the relevant communications were created, was litigation
contemplated? Secondly, were the communications created for the dominant
purpose of obtaining legal advice for that litigation or in aid of that litigation?
Thirdly, under the direction of which person or entity, objectively speaking, were
those communications created.’

G 57. In the present case, there is an issue as to the second and third of these
questions. The issue as to the second question depends on the approach of the court
to the affidavits sworn by Mr Malcolm Jones. The issue as to the third question
depends on whether what is relevant is the purpose of Mr Jones, the purpose of Total
UK and Total Downstream Oil Storage Ltd., or the purpose of the wider Total group.
H In *Guinness Peat Properties v Fitzroy Robinson Partnership* [1987] 1 WLR 1027 the
defendant architects were required by the terms of their insurance policy to notify
their insurers of any potential claim and their administrative partner Mr McLeish did
so. He wrote the letter because of that requirement and not to obtain legal assistance.
The letter was held to be privileged. Slade LJ stated (at 1036C–1037C):

‘In my judgment the proposition that the dominant purpose of a document
does not necessarily fall to be ascertained by reference to the intention of its
actual composer is borne out by a number of recent authorities. Barwick CJ’s
formulation of the test [in *Grant v Downs*] itself refers to the dominant purpose of

its author “or of the person or authority under whose direction, whether particular or general, it has produced or brought into existence”. These words are not to be read as if they had statutory force. Nevertheless, I think that in the present case the insurers are to be regarded as the persons under whose direction the McLeish letter was brought into existence, within the sense and spirit of this formulation.

A

In *Waugh* itself, it seems clear that their Lordships were directing their attention not so much to the intentions of the two officers of the British Railways Board who prepared the report there under consideration as to the intentions of the board in directing them to prepare it. In that case the claim for privilege failed only because the purpose of obtaining legal advice in anticipation of litigation was of no more than equal weight with the board’s purpose of railway operation and safety.’

B

C

58. Slade LJ stated that, similarly, in *McAvan v London Transport Executive* [1982] CA Transcript 498 and *Re Highgrade Traders Ltd* [1984] BCLC 151 the Court of Appeal reached its decisions by reference to the intentions respectively of the London Transport Executive and the insurance company which procured the reports rather than by reference to the intentions of the writers of the reports.

D

59. The *Guinness Peat* case and *Re Highgrade Traders* differed from *Waugh’s* case because in *Waugh’s* case it was officers within the defendant who prepared the report whereas in the other cases it was an entity other than the party seeking privilege, in *Guinness Peat*, the architectural partnership, and in *Re Highgrade*, the loss adjusters. In *Re Highgrade Traders* the affidavit had been made by Mr Alexander, the responsible officer in the insurance company dealing with the claims. There was no suggestion that what he stated about the insurance company’s purpose was unauthorised or did not reflect that purpose.

E

F

60. In the present case, Mr Pollock submitted that, in the light of the decision in *Re Barings plc* [1998] 1 All ER 673, whatever the purpose of Total UK Ltd and Mr Jones, the reports of the Total AIT are not protected by litigation privilege. In *Re Barings* a firm of solicitors prepared a report for the Department for Trade and Industry at the request of the administrators of a company ‘in compliance with’ the administrators’ statutory duty to report to the DTI pursuant to section 7 of the *Company Directors Disqualification Act* 1986. The statutory intention in requiring a report to be made is to place the Secretary of State in the possession of facts and opinions necessary to enable him to decide whether to commence disqualification proceedings: see [1998] 1 All ER at 676b. Inspection was resisted on the grounds of privilege and lack of sufficient relevance. The latter ground was rejected.

G

H

61. As to the claim of privilege, Scott V-C stated (at 678g–h) that his initial reaction on being told that legal professional privilege was being claimed for a statutory report was one of ‘some incredulity’. He stated that, despite the weight of authority cited by Miss Gloster QC, that sense of incredulity remained but (at 685j and 686e–f)

A accepted, in the light of *Re Highgrade Traders Ltd* and *Guinness Peat Properties Ltd v Fitzroy Robinson Partnership*, that the dominant purpose test in litigation privilege is a free-standing criterion which, if satisfied, will entitle a document to privilege regardless to whether the production might impinge on the inviolability of lawyer/client communications. But (see 687e–688b) none of the authorities involved
B a statutory report.

62. Scott V-C stated that in the case of a statutory report the maker has no choice and is obliged by law to make the report; ‘the only relevant purpose ... is a statutory purpose’. He did not accept that the question whether such a report or information for such a report is to be protected by legal professional privilege is to be determined
C by reference to the purposes of the administrators who make the reports or by their expectations as to the use that will be made of those reports. He considered the question whether such statutory reports are privileged depends on whether there is a public interest requiring protection from disclosure to be afforded to them which overrides the administration of justice reasons that are reflected in the discovery rights
D given to litigants. He concluded that in the absence of any public immunity claim there was no public interest that required privilege to be afforded to the report. The decision has been cited with approval by the Court of Appeal in *Visx v Nidex* [1999] FSR 91 and, although Hollander’s *Documentary Evidence* 14-23–14-24 criticises the use of a balancing exercise in this context, the issue of a report produced under a
E statutory obligation is not addressed.

E *Going behind an affidavit*

63. It is necessary to distinguish the wider issue of when a court may go behind an affidavit of documents (including one claiming privilege) from the narrower issue of whether, and, if so, when, it may order the deponent of such an affidavit to be cross-
F examined. I first consider the authorities on the wider issue.

64. In *Frankenstein v Gavin’s House-to-House Cycle Cleaning and Insurance Co* [1897] 2 QB 62, a decision of the Court of Appeal concerned with the 1875 Rules, the defendants’ affidavit objected to producing documents for inspection on the ground
G that they were part of the evidence supporting its case and did not support or tend to support the plaintiff’s case. It was held that such an affidavit must be accepted as conclusive save in very limited circumstances, and the plaintiff was not entitled to inspect the documents. There was no discussion of cross-examination upon affidavits of documents.

H 65. Lord Esher MR referred to the earlier case of *Attorney-General v Emerson* (1882) 10 QBD 191, in which he had been a member of the Court of Appeal. He stated (at 64) that *Attorney-General v Emerson* had decided that an affidavit of documents ‘must be accepted as conclusive, unless the Court can see, that is to say, is reasonably certain, from the statements of the party making it, that he has erroneously represented or has misconceived the character of the document in question’. Chitty

LJ (at 65) stated that there are a few exceptions to the rule, and that the exception material to *Frankenstein's* case was that stated in *Attorney-General v Emerson*, which he formulated in the same terms as Lord Esher. AL Smith LJ's formulation of the exception was not tied to the circumstances in *Attorney-General v Emerson* and *Frankenstein's* case and was broader. He stated (at 64–65):

'...it lies upon the plaintiff to get rid of the effect of [the statement in the affidavit] by falsifying it, by which I do not mean that he must necessarily shew that it is wilfully untrue, but he must establish by some means other than by a conflicting affidavit that the defendants' affidavit is incorrect. ... In order that the plaintiff may succeed in doing so, the Court must be satisfied with reasonable certainty either from the defendants' own statements that they have erroneously represented or misconceived the nature of the documents, as was held to have been the case in *Attorney-General v Emerson*, or from some source other than by affidavit that the defendants' affidavit is incorrect.'

AL Smith LJ thus appeared to be prepared to go behind an affidavit where it appears from a source other than the defendants' own statements that the defendants' affidavit is incorrect, but stated that the source could not be a counter-affidavit.

66. *Neilson v Laugharne* [1981] 1 QB 736 is an example of a court going behind an affidavit in determining the dominant purpose of documents for which privilege had been claimed. The court relied on contemporary correspondence and the evidence of the person responsible for instituting the inquiry which led to the creation of the documents in making a claim that the documents were subject to public interest immunity. The case concerned a claim against the Chief Constable of Lancashire for trespass, wrongful imprisonment, false arrest and assault. The Chief Constable's response to the letter before action was to write to the plaintiff's solicitors stating he had decided to call for an investigation under section 49 of the *Police Act 1964*, that the investigating officer would be contacting them and the plaintiff, and that the question of compensation would be considered at the conclusion of the investigation. The defendant claimed that, save for the plaintiff's own statement, statements taken from the plaintiff and a number of other people were protected on public interest grounds and by litigation privilege. The affidavit in support of the public interest claim was by the deputy chief constable. That in support of the claim of litigation privilege was by a common law clerk who stated that the dominant purpose of the investigating officer's inquiry was to obtain evidence for the defence to the action. The claim to public interest immunity succeeded but that to litigation privilege did not.

67. The Court was not prepared to accept the affidavit of the common law clerk in the face of the Chief Constable's letter to the plaintiff's solicitor, which was direct and contemporaneous evidence by the person responsible for instituting the inquiry: see Lord Denning MR, and Oliver and O'Connor LJ, at 745G, 750B–E and 757C. Oliver LJ stated that the Chief Constable's letter to the plaintiff's solicitors demonstrated that

A the dominant purpose of the investigation was the statutory purpose and that had its dominant purpose been to provide material for the threatened legal proceedings it was a very tricky letter indeed because it in effect invited the prospective plaintiff to make a statement to the representative of the prospective defendant under the guise of carrying out a statutory inquiry.

B 68. The issue came before the Court of Appeal again in *Lask v Gloucester Health Authority* (6 December 1985). The question was whether the Court could go behind affidavits sworn by the defendant's solicitor and one of its administrators that an accident report prepared on a report form by the defendant was for submission to solicitors in the event of a claim and subject to litigation privilege. O'Connor LJ
C considered *Frankenstein's* case and *Attorney-General v Emerson* and concluded that it could, and that the claim of privilege was not established.

D 69. In *Lask's* case the administrator's affidavit stated the only reason for requiring accident report forms to be completed was to enable them to be given to solicitors in the event of a claim. The solicitor's affidavit stated that he approved a standard form for use in accident cases in the 1950s, the form in that case was virtually identical to the standard form, and privilege had always been maintained for such forms. His affidavit also referred to and exhibited a 1955 National Health Service Circular which
E suggested that an appropriate form be used. Paragraph 1 of the circular, which was still in force, stated 'from time to time accidents or other untoward occurrences arise at hospitals which may give rise to complaints followed by claims for compensation or legal proceedings, and which may also call for immediate enquiry and action to prevent a repetition'.

F 70. The report form itself stated that the report was prepared for the use of solicitors in the event of a complaint or legal proceedings and it was to be submitted to the head of department, who should forward it to the unit administrator for onward transmission to the sector and district administrators. O'Connor LJ stated that the circular differed from the report form because in paragraph 1 the Department stated in terms that the report had a double function; to assist in dealing with claims, and to consider whether action is necessary to prevent a repetition. The rest of the circular,
G however, was concerned with the importance of getting a report would attract the privilege which it was, before the decision in *Waugh's* case, thought a dual purpose report would attract and the solicitor's affidavit referred to correspondence about the form in 1977 which showed the intention was that the form was to be for solicitors' use in the event of a claim and thus would attract the privilege.

H 71. O'Connor LJ applied the test stated in *Frankenstein's* case and *Attorney-General v Emerson*: were there statements from the party making the affidavit that they had erroneously misconceived or represented the character of the accident report. He concluded that it was plain from the circular that the report was prepared for a dual purpose. He also considered this was plain from the form itself because he saw no legal professional purpose in submitting the form to the head of department and the

other administrators before sending it to the person who was to hold it for submission to the solicitor unless there was a second purpose as envisaged in the circular. The county court judge's decision that the report was a document prepared for a dual purpose was upheld. The question of cross-examination on an affidavit of documents was not discussed in either *Lask's* case or *Neilson v Laugharne*.

A

72. In *Re Highgrade Traders Ltd* [1984] BCLC 515 the liquidators of a company successfully applied under section 268 of the *Companies Act* 1948 for an order to examine an officer in an insurance company about reports by loss adjusters, fire experts and accountants prepared for the insurance company in respect of which litigation privilege was claimed. Affidavits were sworn by the insurance company's solicitors stating that the dominant purpose for which the reports came into existence was in anticipation of litigation and for the purpose of obtaining legal advice. The Court of Appeal accepted a submission by the officer that he could not have anticipated the need for more detailed evidence before the hearing. A further affidavit was sworn and taken into account by the court which, was, however, not convinced that it added anything to what was reasonably deducible from the material before it.

B

C

D

73. Oliver LJ analysed the evidence before the court and concluded that it established overwhelmingly that the insurers were actuated by the motive of obtaining legal advice in relation to contemplated litigation, which was confirmed by a letter written by the insurers' solicitors. Oliver LJ (with whom Goff LJ agreed) stated (at 175) that:

E

'I would not want it to be thought that the mere writing of such a letter by solicitors, whether for insurers or for anyone else, sometimes perhaps as a matter almost of routine drill, is in all cases going to be determinative of the question. At highest, it is no more [than] evidence of a fact which may require to be independently proved.'

F

See also Simon J in *National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank Nederland* [2006] EWHC 2332 (Comm) at [52]. Earlier in his judgment (at 162) Oliver LJ said:

'[I]f there is something in the circumstances of the case which shows that the affidavit evidence is wrong (as there was in *Nielson v Laugharne*), the court is entitled to go behind the affidavit, but I would not ... feel able to subscribe to the view that the court is necessarily bound to accept a bare assertion as to the dominant motive of a deponent, unaccompanied by some explanation of the circumstances, at any rate in a case where more than one motive is possible.'

G

H

74. Where the Court is minded to go behind an affidavit, there are four options open to it. It may conclude, as happened in *Neilson v Laugharne* and *Lask's* case, that the evidence in the affidavit does not establish that which it seeks to establish, i.e. that the person claiming privilege has not discharged the burden that lies on him, and order disclosure or inspection. It may order a further affidavit to deal with matters the

A earlier affidavit does not cover or on which it is unsatisfactory. This is seen in cases on
inadequate affidavits disclosing assets in response to freezing orders, but also in the
case of an affidavit as to disclosure or inspection: see *Birmingham and Midland Motor*
Omnibus Co Ltd v London and North Western Railway Co [1913] 3 KB 850. See also
B *National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank Nederland* [2006] EWHC 2332 (Comm)
at [53] and [63]; *Atos Consulting Ltd v Avis plc (No. 2)* [2007] EWHC 323 (TCC) at
[36]–[37], although in those cases the evidence was by witness statement rather than
by affidavit: see [2006] EWHC 2332 (Comm) at [34]–[44] and [2007] EWHC 323
(TCC) at [7], [12], [18]. They are also cases on the third option open to the Court, to
inspect the documents, which it may do in the circumstances set out in the next two
paragraphs. The fourth option is that, subject to the restrictions in paragraphs 79–84
C of this judgment, the court may order cross-examination of the deponent.

75. Neither TAV nor the Total defendants invited me to inspect documents in this
case. Neuberger J's view in *Bank Austria Akt v Price Waterhouse* that inspection of
documents should be a solution of last resort (in part because of the danger of looking
at documents out of context) was shared by Simon J in *National Westminster Bank plc*
D *v Rabobank Nederland* see [54–55], and by Ramsay J in *Atos Consulting Ltd v Avis*
plc (No. 2) [2007] EWHC 323 (TCC) at [36]–[37]. Simon J stated that Rabobank's
evidence about the dominant purpose of the report the court was invited to inspect
was difficult to reconcile with both its documents created at the time and some of its
other evidence so that, if there is a threshold which has to be crossed before a court
E can properly be invited to look at documents, that threshold had been crossed and the
court had discretion to do so: see [34] and [49]–[51]. Simon J stated that the court
should not inspect the documents unless there is credible evidence that the lawyers
have either misunderstood their duty, or are not to be trusted, or there is no reasonably
practical alternative. He did not inspect them but ordered Rabobank's solicitors
F to make an affidavit verifying the claims to privilege in relation to the documents
withheld.

76. Although inspection is not at issue in this case, what is said in cases on
inspection gives guidance as to the general approach of the court where a claim to
privilege is challenged. In *Atos Consulting Ltd v Avis plc (No. 2)* Ramsay J stated
G (at [37]) that the appropriate course to be adopted where privilege or irrelevance is
relied on is for the Court to proceed by way of stages. Ramsay J's first two stages
are to consider whether the evidence produced on the application establishes the
right to withhold inspection of a document and there are no sufficient grounds for
challenging the correctness of that asserted right. If these conditions are met, the
Court should uphold the right. His third stage arises where the Court is not satisfied
H that the right to withhold inspection is established because, for instance, the evidence
does not establish a legal right to withhold inspection. He states that in such a case the
Court will order inspection of the documents. His fourth stage arises where sufficient
grounds are shown for challenging the correctness of the asserted right. He states
that in this situation the Court may order further evidence to be produced on oath
or, if there is no other appropriate method of properly deciding whether the right to

withhold inspection should be upheld, it may decide to inspect the documents. If it inspects the documents it may invite representations. Neither Ramsay J nor Simon J referred to the possibility of cross-examination, to which I now turn.

A

77. CPR 32.7 makes provision for cross-examination at a hearing other than the trial where evidence is given in writing. CPR 31.19(5) provides for a challenge to a claim of privilege made under CPR 31.19(3), which when made, is supported by a statement of truth. Cross-examination on an affidavit at an interlocutory stage has been considered in the context of affidavits disclosing assets sworn in response to the order of the court when making a freezing injunction. In that context, it has been recognised that the circumstances may mean that it is more sensible, if only for reasons of speed and urgency, not to order further affidavits in order to fill the vacuum alleged to exist in the affidavits but to order cross-examination: see *House of Spring Gardens Ltd v Waite* [1985] FSR 173 at 183 *per* Stephenson LJ.

B

C

78. In *Yukong Lines v Rendsburg* (17 October 1996, CA) Phillips LJ stated that the background of applications for freezing orders is often a situation in which it is urgently necessary for the court to intervene in order to assist the claimant to prevent the defendant from frustrating the object of the proceedings. He also stated that the test is whether it is just and convenient to order cross-examination, and that cross-examination is not only available where there is no alternative relief. Even in the context of an affidavit in response to a freezing order, however, he regarded ordering cross-examination as ‘an exceptional measure’. *Motorola Credit Corp v Uzan* [2003] 2 CLC 1026; [2004] 1 WLR 113 is an example of the circumstances in which cross-examination may be ordered. In that case the court found (see at [141] and [147]) that there had been piecemeal, late, untruthful and manifestly incomplete disclosure by the defendants.

D

E

79. Does the position in relation to affidavits of documents (including those claiming privilege) differ? It was submitted on behalf of the Total defendants and HOSL that no cross-examination of such affidavits is to be ordered. *Matthews & Malek on Disclosure* (2007) 6-44 states that the weight of authority under the RSC ‘was to the effect that an opposing party could not cross-examine the deponent on his verifying affidavit at all’ because the affidavit did not go to any of the issues in the action, and that the position is the same under the CPR. The authors state that in the context of freezing and search orders the position at an interlocutory stage is different because it may be crucial to establish what has happened to assets prior to trial.

F

G

80. *Matthews & Malek* rely on the decisions of the Court of Appeal in *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co Ltd v London and North Western Railway Co* [1913] 3 KB 850 and *Lonrho plc v Fayed (No. 3)* (14 June 1993, *The Times*, 24 June 1993). In *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co Ltd v London and North Western Railway Co* the defendants’ affidavit of documents claimed litigation privilege for certain documents. The case was primarily concerned with whether the Court could inspect the documents for the purpose of deciding the validity of the claim of privilege,

H

A but also considered the affidavit. The Court of Appeal inspected the documents, as the judge in chambers had, and decided that privilege had properly been claimed. As to the affidavit, Buckley LJ (with whom Vaughan Williams LJ agreed) stated (at 855):

B ‘An affidavit of documents is sworn testimony which stands in a position which is in certain respects unique. The opposite party cannot cross-examine upon it and cannot read a contentious affidavit to contradict it. He is entitled to ask the Court to look at the affidavit and all the documents produced under the affidavit, and from those materials to reach the conclusion that the affidavit does not disclose all that it ought to disclose. In that case he can obtain an order for a further and better affidavit.’

C 81. Buckley LJ also stated that, under the rule then applicable to a specific document, the party who is seeking discovery may file an affidavit specifying further documents and calling upon the party making the affidavit of documents to account for them. Hamilton LJ, citing *Jones v Montevideo Gas Co* (1880) 5 QBD 556, stated (at 858) that although an affidavit of discovery cannot be challenged by cross-examination, counter-affidavit or administration of interrogatories:

D ‘If from the affidavit itself, or from the documents therein referred to, or from an admission in the pleadings of the party from whom discovery is sought, the Master or judge is of the opinion that the affidavit is insufficient, he ought to make an order for a further affidavit ...’

E 82. The *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus* case was considered in *Ankin v London and North Eastern Railway Co* [1930] 1 KB 527. Scrutton LJ (at 534) stated:

F ‘It has long been settled that a deponent stating grounds on which he claims privilege is not to be met by an opposing affidavit either contradicting him or cross-examining him with a view of showing that what he has stated is untrue. The other party can only look at the affidavit itself. If it is ambiguously or too ingeniously worded, so that its meaning is obscure, he may take the objection that the claim for privilege is not sufficient and may obtain a more precise statement of facts.’

G 83. The authorities were reviewed in *Lonrho plc v Fayed (No. 3)* (14 June 1993, The Times, 24 June 1993). Lonrho sought discovery of documents relating to very large profits which the Fayed brothers said they had made from an oil trading partnership in the Middle East since 1979 and about their fortune in Egypt prior to 1961. The Fayed brothers made affirmations stating there were no such documents in their possession. On behalf of Lonrho it was argued that it was incredible that if such a partnership existed over many years generating huge profits there were no documents in the Fayed brothers’ possession. Swinton Thomas J ordered that the Fayed brothers should be cross-examined on their affidavits of documents. In the Fayed brothers’ appeal, it

was submitted on behalf of Lonrho that an affidavit of documents made pursuant to an order for specific discovery under RSC Order 24 Rule 7 was not conclusive, and that, if it was conclusive, the Court would be powerless to enforce its orders. Stuart-Smith LJ (with whom Kennedy and McCowan L JJ agreed) stated (at p. 19C–D of the transcript) that the authorities led him to the conclusion that:

‘... on whatever ground the order for a further affidavit is made, whether because of some admission by the deponent or the belief of the opposite party that other documents exist, the oath of the deponent in answer is conclusive; it cannot be contravened by a further contentious affidavit and cannot be the subject of cross-examination.’

84. His Lordship stated that dicta in a number of more recent cases and the cases in which cross-examination on affidavits is ordered at an interlocutory stage in aid of Mareva relief did not alter or modify the well-established rule laid down in the authorities for over a century. He said that applications in those cases are for the most part concerned with discrete issues which do not impinge on the issues at trial. He said (see pp. 24–26 of the transcript) that in other cases ‘the reasons for the rule that the statement in the affidavit of documents is conclusive save to the extent that a further affidavit may be ordered are not far to seek’. He referred to the fact that the issue to be canvassed at the interlocutory stage may impinge on, and be crucially relevant to the issues in the trial. To try it at an interlocutory stage could involve injustice, and replace the adversarial process at trial by an inquisitorial inquiry. He also stated that protracted interlocutory applications add to both delay and expense and should be avoided as far as possible. He stated (see p. 28 of the transcript) that, if he was wrong in holding that the statement in an affidavit of documents is conclusive so that the court has no power to order cross-examination, ‘the exercise of that power should ... be reserved for those cases where the existence or non-existence of the document raises a discrete issue which does not impinge to any serious extent on the issue in the action’.

85. Finally, there is *LFEPA v Halcrow Gilbert & Co Ltd* [2004] EWHC 2340 (QB), a decision of the Technology and Construction Court, in which HH Judge Toulmin QC dealt with a claim to privilege of a report prepared for the London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority sought by the defendants in proceedings about a construction project that had overrun. The Deputy Head of Legal Services of the Authority had made a witness statement and gave evidence that a reference in the statement to the report being part of a ‘technical audit’ meant a legal audit for the purpose of litigation. It appears that she was cross-examined. The judge stated (at [48]) that the burden of proof lies on the party claiming privilege. He rejected the evidence of the Deputy Head of Legal Services and concluded that the dominant purpose of the report was not for the purposes of litigation.

A

Summary of law

86. It is possible to distil the following propositions from the authorities on challenges to claims to privilege:

B

(1) The burden of proof is on the party claiming privilege to establish it: see *Matthews & Malek on Disclosure* (2007) 11-46, and paragraph [50] above. A claim for privilege is an unusual claim in the sense that the party claiming privilege and that party's legal advisers are, subject to the power of the court to inspect the documents, the judges in their or their own client's cause. Because of this, the court must be particularly careful to consider how the claim for privilege is made out and affidavits should be as specific as possible without making disclosure of the very matters that the claim for privilege is designed to protect: *Bank Austria Akt v Price Waterhouse*; *Sumitomo Corp v Credit Lyonnais Rouse Ltd* (per Andrew Smith J).

C

D

(2) An assertion of privilege and a statement of the purpose of the communication over which privilege is claimed in an affidavit are not determinative and are evidence of a fact which may require to be independently proved: *Re Highgrade Traders Ltd*; *National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank Nederland*.

E

(3) It is, however, difficult to go behind an affidavit of documents at an interlocutory stage of proceedings. The affidavit is conclusive unless it is reasonably certain from:

F

(a) the statements of the party making it that he has erroneously represented or has misconceived the character of the documents in respect of which privilege is claimed: *Frankenstein v Gavin's House to House Cycle Cleaning and Insurance Co*, per Lord Esher MR and Chitty LJ; *Lask v Gloucester Health Authority*.

G

(b) the evidence of the person who or entity which directed the creation of the communications or documents over which privilege is claimed that the affidavit is incorrect: *Neilson v Laugharne* (the Chief Constable's letter), *Lask v Gloucester HA* (the NHS Circular), and see *Frankenstein v Gavin's House to House Cycle Cleaning and Insurance Co*, per A L Smith LJ.

H

(c) the other evidence before the court that the affidavit is incorrect or incomplete on the material points: *Jones v Montevideo Gas Co*; *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co v London and North Western Railway Co*; *National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank Nederland*.

(4) Where the court is not satisfied on the basis of the affidavit and the other evidence before it that the right to withhold inspection is established, there are four options open to it:

(a) It may conclude that the evidence does not establish a legal right to withhold inspection and order inspection: *Neilson v Laugharne*; *Lask v Gloucester Health Authority*.

(b) It may order a further affidavit to deal with matters which the earlier affidavit does not cover or on which it is unsatisfactory: *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co Ltd v London and North Western Railway Co*; *National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank Nederland*.

(c) It may inspect the documents: see CPR 31.19(6) and the discussion in *National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank Nederland* and *Atos Consulting Ltd v Avis plc* (No. 2). Inspection should be a solution of last resort, in part because of the danger of looking at documents out of context at the interlocutory stage. It should not be undertaken unless there is credible evidence that those claiming privilege have either misunderstood their duty, or are not to be trusted with the decision making, or there is no reasonably practical alternative.

(d) At an interlocutory stage a court may, in certain circumstances, order cross-examination of a person who has sworn an affidavit, for example, an affidavit sworn as a result of the order of the court that a defendant to a freezing injunction should disclose his assets: *House of Spring Gardens Ltd v Waite*; *Yukong Lines v Rensburg*; *Motorola Credit Corp v Uzan*. However, the weight of authority is that cross-examination may not be ordered in the case of an affidavit of documents: *Frankenstein's case*; *Birmingham and Midland Motor Omnibus Co Ltd v London and North Western Railway Co* and *Fayed v Lonrho*. In cases where the issue is whether the documents exist (as it was in *Frankenstein's case* and *Fayed v Lonrho*) the existence of the documents is likely to be an issue at the trial and there is a particular risk of a court at an interlocutory stage impinging on that issue.

87. Mr Pollock submitted that, had the framers of CPR 32.7 wished to preserve the old rule and to exclude a power to cross-examine in disputes concerning privilege, they could have done so. The Rule does not do so and there is no reference in the notes to the White Book to the authorities cited by Matthews and Malek. He submitted that there is provision in CPR 31.19(5) for a challenge to a claim of privilege made under CPR 31.19(3) which is made, supported by a statement of truth. There is no indication that a court considering a challenge to such a claim cannot order the cross-examination of the person claiming privilege. Mr Pollock argued that the CPR is a self contained code to which effect should be given. He relied on *Biguzzi v Rank Leisure plc* [1999] 1 WLR 1926 at 1934 where Lord Woolf MR stated that, once the CPR applies, 'earlier authorities are no longer generally of any relevance'. He also relied on the statement of May LJ in *Purdy v Cambran* (17 December 1999). May LJ stated that Lord Woolf 'was not saying that the underlying thought processes of previous decisions should be completely thrown overboard' but that decisions will depend on the justice in all the circumstances of an individual case and that it is necessary to

A concentrate on the intrinsic justice of a particular case in the light of the overriding objective rather than on authorities under the former rules.

B 88. Notwithstanding Mr Pollock's submissions, I have concluded that, in view of the fact that Rule 32.7 follows the old County Court Rules Order 20 Rule 5 which has the same effect as RSC Order 38 Rule 2(3), the old law cannot be discarded in the way he submitted it should be. Even if there is no longer a jurisdictional bar to ordering cross-examination of the deponent on his affidavit in this context, the exercise of that power should be reserved for extreme cases where there is no alternative relief.

C 89. In *Nomura International plc v Granada Group Ltd* [2007] EWHC 642 (Comm); [2007] 1 CLC 479 Cooke J stated (at [25]–[26]) that 'where the new rule under the CPR follows the same form and appears to have the same underlying intention' as the rule in the RSC, regard should be had to the principles which the court previously applied under the old rule. That statement was made in the context of consideration of whether an abuse of process had taken place. The same approach in substance was taken in the context of disclosure of documents for the purpose of interlocutory proceedings (albeit without reference to the old rules) in *Fiona Trust Holding Corp v Privalov* [2007] EWHC 39 (Comm) at [25]–[27].

D 90. The procedure under the CPR is, in substance, the same as that under the RSC although now the claim for privilege is made in a disclosure statement instead of an affidavit. The rationale of avoiding mini-trials at an interlocutory stage is still there. Mr Pollock was not able to point to any post CPR authority in support except for *LFEP v Halcrow Gilbert and Co*. Lord Grabiner and Mr Edey submitted *inter alia* that case was different because the evidence challenged was in a witness statement rather than an affidavit. While there are, no doubt, differences between witness statements supported by a statement of truth and sworn affidavits, it is difficult to see why cross-examination should be permitted where the claim for privilege is made in a witness statement but not where the claim is made in an affidavit. That case, however, proceeded without consideration of any of the authorities to which I have referred and it does not appear from the judgment that there was any argument as to whether cross-examination on the evidence given in support of the claimed privilege was a proper course. In those circumstances it is of limited assistance, save as indicating (see *Hollander's Documentary Evidence* (9th edn.), 2-33) that the position in practice may be less dogmatic than the theory.

H 91. As to whether there is still a jurisdictional bar to ordering cross-examination of the deponent on his affidavit in this context, the need to avoid the party claiming privilege being judge in his own case and the statements in the cases that an assertion of privilege is not determinative and may require to be independently proved are difficult to reconcile with an absolute bar. In the light of the overall approach in the CPR, in an extreme case where there is no alternative relief, it may be just to order such cross-examination rather than concluding, without such examination, that the evidence before the Court does not establish a legal right to withhold inspection and

ordering inspection. This in turn, however, should only be contemplated if it can be done without impinging to any material extent on the issues in the action, and only after the court has considered whether the position can be addressed by ordering further evidence to be produced on oath, or by inspecting the documents. Even at that stage cross-examination is unlikely to be necessary. If the deponent is not able to deal with any gaps and inadequacies in a further affidavit it is likely that the burden of proof that lies on a person claiming privilege will not have been satisfied.

A
B

Application of the principles to the circumstances of this case

92. Having summarised the relevant legal principles, I turn to their application in the circumstances of this case.

C

93. I first deal with the submissions based on the decision in *Re Barings plc*. That case is authority for the proposition that where a report is prepared pursuant to a statutory obligation the purposes of the instigator of the report are irrelevant. There should be no difference in principle where the obligation is a regulatory rather than a statutory obligation. However, I reject the submission that the Total defendants' claim for privilege should be rejected because the Total AIT reports and communications were produced pursuant to Total's regulatory duties under the COMAH Regulations.

D

94. While there may well be an implied duty under the regulations to investigate, there is no duty to report. More fundamentally, it has not been established that Total is the operator of the site for the purpose of the COMAH Regulations. That will be a major issue at the trial. Mr Pollock recognised the difficulty facing the court in dealing with this issue. He submitted that I should decide the matter as a question of principle, or on alternative assumptions. I am not, however, in a position to deal with this issue at this stage, even as a matter of principle. It would risk prejudging the issue at the trial on the basis of very limited, indeed almost no, material. The only material before me concerning this issue was the exchange of correspondence between HOSL and the competent authority which Mr Pollock relied on as showing that HOSL had held itself out to the authority as the operator of the site. Apart from the fact that that was used as an argument in support of the contention that HOSL was the operator under the COMAH Regulations, I was informed that there were similar communications between Total and the competent authority. At the trial, there is bound to be a substantial quantity of evidence on this issue. I have not seen any of that evidence. This issue is a classic example of the dangers to which Stuart-Smith LJ adverted in *Lonrho plc v Fayed*.

E
F
G

95. The next issue concerns Mr Malcolm Jones's affidavits. Are there grounds for going behind them? I have concluded that there are a number of respects in which the first affidavit is guarded and not satisfactory and that those matters are not addressed in the second affidavit. The affidavits do not enable me to conclude that the claim for privilege has been established. They exhibit no documents in support of what Mr Jones says as to the purpose of establishing the Total AIT. The only documents exhibited are

H

A Mr Ollerhead's memoranda which are said by Mr Jones to reflect a misunderstanding, and the postings on Total's intranet. I set out my reasons for concluding that the first affidavit is not satisfactory and then consider the consequence and the appropriate course of action.

B 96. I do not accept Mr Pollock's submission based on Mr Jones's statement of what his 'objective' was and the references in the affidavit to the 'primary purpose' of the AIT. It is clear, on a fair reading of the affidavit as a whole, that Mr Jones's evidence is that his dominant purpose in setting up the investigation was to prepare for contemplated legal proceedings. Moreover, in referring only to Mr Poynter's role as Head of Legal and not his HSEQ role the affidavit is guarded, but, in the light of
C what Mr Ollerhead's memorandum says about Mr Poynter having to rely on Mr Coull on HSEQ matters, this may reflect the reality.

D 97. Mr Jones does not say that he made the decision alone. As Managing Director of Total UK Ltd, he no doubt had considerable authority, but the affidavit does not state what roles, if any, were played by others in the company, in particular members of the Board, on 12 December when the decision to set up the AIT was taken, or what part was played by the French parent company at that time. There is evidence of initial contact with people from the French parent company and Davies Arnold Cooper advised Total's French lawyers on 12 December. Since what is relevant is the purpose of Total UK and Total Downstream Oil Storage Ltd. at the time the AIT
E was established on 12 December, these are matters which are relevant and which should have been addressed. Mr Jones states (in paragraph 12) that at that time they were working 'mainly through oral communication', which suggests there were some documents, but he does not refer to any document other than the Ollerhead memoranda which he mistakenly (see below) considered were privileged.

F 98. Mr Jones may not have told Mr Ollerhead of his purpose, or Mr Ollerhead may have misunderstood what he was told. There is, however, no explanation of how a misunderstanding by Mr Ollerhead may have come about, or whether it was shared by others within Total. The affidavit does not state whether Mr Jones told Mr Ollerhead or anyone in Total UK or the group what his purpose was and whether that
G was the corporate purpose. Mr Jones states that Mr Poynter and (after 21 December) DLA Piper reported to him in respect of the AIT's progress. There is, however, no explanation of why, if the dominant purpose was to prepare for contemplated legal proceedings and Mr Ollerhead's understanding of the purpose of the investigation was wrong, Mr Poynter, who was copied in to all the emails, did not correct him.

H 99. Mr Jones states in paragraphs 13 and 15 of his first affidavit that, but for the contemplation of litigation, the Total AIT would not have been set up. The affidavit states that he had no regard to any internal Total procedure and that the one day and ten day reports required by element 5 of the Safety Management System were not produced. It is not explained whether he was not aware of the mandatory requirements in place under the Application Guide or whether he decided not to use

them, or why the required reports were not produced. There is no explanation in either of his affidavits as to why no account was taken of the lesson-learning culture expressed in the Application Guide and other documents and how this fits with, for example, the section on ‘Lessons from Buncefield’ in Total’s Environment and Social Responsibility Report 2006. The legitimacy within the Total corporate structure of the Managing Director having no regard to procedures described as mandatory which have specified ‘lesson learning’ purposes is not explained. There is also no explanation of the difference with the DAC letter which refers to Total’s internal requirements and does not suggest that, but for the legal proceedings contemplated, no AIT would have been set up. The affidavit is thus, at a minimum, incomplete on matters which it is necessary for the court to know in order to determine the claim to privilege.

100. Paragraph 12 of Mr Jones’s affidavit can only be understood as a claim of privilege in relation to documents concerning the setting up of the AIT. As Lord Grabiner recognised at the hearing, there is no ground for such a claim. Lord Grabiner gave an undertaking that Total would look for and disclose other documents in this class. However, Mr Jones’s affidavit shows a misapprehension as to the extent of any privilege to which Total is entitled which requires elucidation.

101. Having concluded that the affidavits are not satisfactory, the question is what order should be made. I have said that they do not enable me to conclude that the claim for privilege is established. I have considered whether this means that the Total defendants have not satisfied the burden of proof and that I should order inspection of the documents. The affidavits do not disclose all that they ought to disclose. However, in the light of Mr Jones’s unequivocal statements as to his purpose and the time some of TAV’s evidence was served (Mr Poynter’s email – paragraph 16 above – referring to what Total’s parent company would require was produced during the hearing) this would not be appropriate. I have decided that, having regard to the decisions such as *Birmingham and Motor Omnibus Co Ltd v London and North Western Railway Co*, *Ankin v L & NE Railway Co*, and *National Westminster Bank plc v Rabobank Nederland*, Mr Jones should be ordered to swear a further affidavit to deal with the matters which the earlier affidavits do not cover or on which they are unsatisfactory. As to cross-examination, for the reasons I have given, on the assumption there is jurisdiction to order cross-examination in this context, I do not consider this is an appropriate case for doing so.

The applications in respect of the HOSL AIT

102. I have referred to the abandonment of the applications in respect of HOSL and Mr Richard Jones, and said that they were unsustainable. The documents had not been requested from HOSL prior to the application. Nor were HOSL’s solicitors contacted on the issue. As in the case of Mr Malcolm Jones, there was no formal application to cross-examine him supported by evidence as required by the CPR. Since TAV’s case was in effect that Mr Jones’ affidavit should not be believed, a serious allegation, it should have been made by application supported by the evidence on which it was

A proposed to rely. The supporting material on which TAV relied was in fact served only on 4 July, very shortly before the hearing.

B 103. There was nothing in the material before the court which cast doubt on the affidavits sworn on behalf of HOSL by Mr Richard Jones and Mr Young. In view of HOSL's status, the existence of the HSC's Buncefield Major Incident Investigation Board and Total's Accident Inspection Team's investigations, it was unsurprising that HOSL's dominant purpose in setting up its accident investigation team was to assist HOSL's legal advisers in advising it in relation to contemplated civil and criminal proceedings. Although a number of other points were relied on in TAV's written submissions, at the hearing its case that the HOSL investigation was also for lesson-learning purposes rested on HOSL having held itself out to the competent authority as the operator of the site and was therefore under a duty under the COMAH Regulations to investigate incidents and near misses. Mr Young's affidavit, which is unchallenged, addresses this issue. Moreover, Mr Young was at the relevant board meetings and advised the board. His evidence is that the sole purpose of setting up the HOSL AIT was to assist in relation to contemplated criminal and civil proceedings. His evidence is not challenged. The application to cross-examine Mr Richard Jones thus falls at the first hurdle.

E 104. There were other fundamental difficulties in the application. I have dealt with the position as to cross-examination in relation to an affidavit as to disclosure including one claiming privilege, elsewhere in this judgment. In the case of HOSL, cross-examination would have been wholly inappropriate for two reasons. First, in the light of the close involvement of the lawyers in the decision to establish the HOSL AIT, it would be difficult to examine Mr Jones without straying into the legal advice Eversheds gave the HOSL board. Secondly, a major issue in the litigation is whether Total or HOSL were the operators of the site for the purposes of the COMAH regulations. It is established that it is inappropriate to deal with such a matter at an interlocutory stage on the basis of limited evidence. In any event, as I have observed, Mr Young's affidavit addresses the Regulations point and states that there was no suggestion that the HOSL AIT should be set up for the purposes of the COMAH regulations or pursuant to any internal procedures.

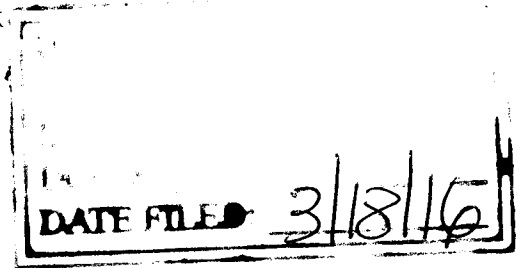
G **Conclusion**

H 105. In the light of what is stated in paragraphs 95–101 of this judgment, the appropriate course is to require a further affidavit to be sworn by Mr Malcolm Jones dealing with the matters which his earlier affidavits do not cover or on which they are unsatisfactory. I shall hear submissions as to the time within which this is to be done. If the gaps and inadequacies are not addressed, it is difficult to see that the burden of proof that lies on a person claiming privilege will have been satisfied.

(Order accordingly)

United States District Court
Southern District Of New York

-----X
Virginia L. Giuffre,
Plaintiff,
v.
Ghislaine Maxwell,
Defendant.
-----X



15-cv-07433-RWS

PROTECTIVE ORDER

Upon a showing of good cause in support of the entry of a protective order to protect the discovery and dissemination of confidential information or information which will improperly annoy, embarrass, or oppress any party, witness, or person providing discovery in this case, **IT IS ORDERED:**

1. This Protective Order shall apply to all documents, materials, and information, including without limitation, documents produced, answers to interrogatories, responses to requests for admission, deposition testimony, and other information disclosed pursuant to the disclosure or discovery duties created by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
2. As used in this Protective Order, "document" is defined as provided in FED.R.CIV.P. 34(a). A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.

3. Information designated “CONFIDENTIAL” shall be information that is confidential and implicates common law and statutory privacy interests of (a) plaintiff Virginia Roberts Giuffre and (b) defendant Ghislaine Maxwell.
4. CONFIDENTIAL information shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose except the preparation and trial of this case.
5. CONFIDENTIAL documents, materials, and/or information (collectively “CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION”) shall not, without the consent of the party producing it or further Order of the Court, be disclosed *except that* such information may be disclosed to:
 - a. attorneys actively working on this case;
 - b. persons regularly employed or associated with the attorneys actively working on this case whose assistance is required by said attorneys in the preparation for trial, at trial, or at other proceedings in this case;
 - c. the parties;
 - d. expert witnesses and consultants retained in connection with this proceeding, to the extent such disclosure is necessary for preparation, trial or other proceedings in this case;
 - e. the Court and its employees (“Court Personnel”) in this case;
 - f. stenographic reporters who are engaged in proceedings necessarily incident to the conduct of this action;
 - g. deponents, witnesses, or potential witnesses; and

- h. other persons by written agreement of the parties.
6. Prior to disclosing any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION to any person listed above (other than counsel, persons employed by counsel, Court Personnel and stenographic reporters), counsel shall provide such person with a copy of this Protective Order and obtain from such person a written acknowledgment stating that he or she has read this Protective Order and agrees to be bound by its provisions. All such acknowledgments shall be retained by counsel and shall be subject to *in camera* review by the Court if good cause for review is demonstrated by opposing counsel.
 7. Documents are designated as CONFIDENTIAL by placing or affixing on them (in a manner that will not interfere with their legibility) the following or other appropriate notice: "CONFIDENTIAL." Discovery material designated CONFIDENTIAL shall be identified by Bates number. To the extent practical, the respective legend shall be placed near the Bates number.
 8. Designation of a document as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION shall constitute a representation that such document has been reviewed by an attorney for the designating party, that there is a valid and good faith basis for such designation, made at the time of disclosure or production to the receiving party, and that disclosure of such information to persons other than those permitted access to such material would cause a privacy harm to the designating party.

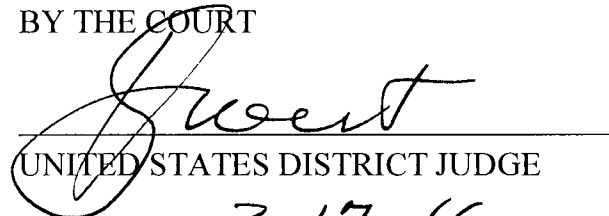
9. Whenever a deposition involves the disclosure of CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, the deposition or portions thereof shall be designated as CONFIDENTIAL and shall be subject to the provisions of this Protective Order. Such designation shall be made on the record during the deposition whenever possible, but a party may designate portions of depositions as CONFIDENTIAL after transcription, provided written notice of the designation is promptly given to all counsel of record within thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, and until the expiration of such thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript, no party or counsel for any such party may share the contents of the deposition outside the limitations of this Protective Order.
10. Whenever a party seeks to file any document or material containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION with the Court in this matter, it shall be accompanied by a Motion to Seal pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions for the Southern District of New York.
11. A party may object to the designation of particular CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION by giving written notice to the party designating the disputed information. The written notice shall identify the information to which the objection is made. If the parties cannot resolve the objection within ten (10) business days after the time the notice is received, it shall be the obligation of the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL to file an

appropriate motion requesting that the Court determine whether the disputed information should be subject to the terms of this Protective Order. If such a motion is timely filed, the disputed information shall be treated as CONFIDENTIAL under the terms of this Protective Order until the Court rules on the motion. If the designating party fails to file such a motion within the prescribed time, the disputed information shall lose its designation as CONFIDENTIAL and shall not thereafter be treated as CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with this Protective Order. In connection with a motion filed under this provision, the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL shall bear the burden of establishing that good cause exists for the disputed information to be treated as CONFIDENTIAL.

12. At the conclusion of this case, unless other arrangements are agreed upon, each document and all copies thereof which have been designated as CONFIDENTIAL shall be returned to the party that designated it CONFIDENTIAL, or the parties may elect to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents. Where the parties agree to destroy CONFIDENTIAL documents, the destroying party shall provide all parties with an affidavit confirming the destruction.
13. This Protective Order shall have no force and effect on the use of any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION at trial in this matter.

14. This Protective Order may be modified by the Court at any time for good cause shown following notice to all parties and an opportunity for them to be heard.

BY THE COURT


UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
3-17-16

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,
v.
GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.
-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

**Motion for Protective Order
Regarding Deposition of Defendant**

Laura A. Menninger
Jeffrey S. Pagliuca
HADDON, MORGAN, AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
303.831.7364

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	iii
INTRODUCTION	1
ARGUMENT	5
I. PLAINTIFF PROPOUNDED IMPROPER RESPONSES, OBJECTIONS AND PRIVILEGES TO DEFENDANT’S DISCOVERY REQUESTS	5
A. Plaintiff interposed improper objections	5
B. Plaintiff propounded inapplicable Privileges, Responses & Objections to the Request for Production of Documents.....	8
1. Plaintiff asserted inapplicable privileges.....	8
2. Plaintiff interposed inapplicable objections.	10
3. Plaintiff failed to state whether she was withholding documents	11
II. PLAINTIFF’S INTERROGATORY RESPONSES AND PRODUCTION CONTAINED ALMOST NONE OF THE REQUESTED ANSWERS OR DOCUMENTS	12
III. PLAINTIFF FAILED TO TIMELY AND PROPERLY MAKE DISCLOSURES	14
IV. OTHER DISCOVERY ISSUES NOT YET RESOLVED	15
V. PLAINTIFF’S DISCOVERY TACTICS DESIGNED TO AMBUSH DEFENDANT AT HER DEPOSITION.....	15
VI. PLAINTIFF WILL SUFFER NO HARM BY POSTPONING DEPOSITION	16
CONCLUSION.....	17

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

<i>In re Waterscape Resort LLC</i> , No. 11-11593 (SMB), 2014 WL 302856 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Jan. 28, 2014).....	9
<i>Johnson v. Kraft Foods North America, Inc.</i> , 236 F.R.D.535 (D. Kans. 2006)	8
<i>Jones v. J.C. Penny’s Dep’t Stores, Inc.</i> , 228 F.R.D. 190 (W.D.N.Y. 2005)	10
<i>Kolenc v. Bellizzi</i> , No. 95 CIV. 4494 (LMM KNF), 1999 WL 92604 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 22, 1999)..	8
<i>Lyman v. Felter</i> , No. 1:12-CV-530 MAD/RFT, 2015 WL 1415270, (N.D.N.Y. Mar. 26, 2015)..	9
<i>SEC v. Yorkville Advisors, LLC</i> , No. 12 Civ. 7728 (GBD)(HBP), 2015 WL 855796 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 27, 2015).....	10
<i>Walls v. Paulson</i> , 250 F.R.D. 48 (D.D.C. 2008).....	6

INTRODUCTION

This Court has inherent authority to control the order, means and method of discovery in an action to promote fairness and justice between the parties.

Here, Defendant properly served discovery requests for Plaintiff, due on March 16, and thereafter accepted a deposition date of March 25, after the discovery responses and document productions were due so that she would properly have time to review the documents and prepare her client for her deposition.

Following the scheduling of the deposition, Plaintiff failed to (a) properly and timely respond to interrogatories and a request for production of documents due before the deposition date, (b) improperly asserted privileges and objections for which she has no good faith basis, and (c) failed to properly disclose matters subject to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1). Plaintiff touted to this Court her “thousands of pages” produced in response to the discovery requests, but upon closer inspection, that production is essentially empty: it consists largely of numerous copies of lengthy transcripts, and defendant’s pleadings *in this case*, which are not responsive to any discovery request. Now Plaintiff has stated her intent to produce thousands more pages on the eve of Ms. Maxwell’s deposition, knowing that her counsel will have insufficient time to review the materials, show them to their client, and use them to properly prepare her for her deposition. Plaintiff’s counsel clearly hopes to ambush Ms. Maxwell at her deposition, either by showing her a document that she has not had a chance to review, or by making her look foolish on videotape for not remembering the contents of documents that relate back to witnesses and events occurring more than 17 years ago.

The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure are designed to preclude such litigation by ambush and surprise. Plaintiff has articulated no good reason, nor any reason at all, why the deposition

cannot be held in 2-3 weeks' time, after proper Responses & Objections are produced, after her key documents in this case have been produced, after privilege issues have been resolved, and after counsel has had an opportunity to review the documents and to properly prepare their client for her deposition. Plaintiff has created the problem by failing to timely produce interrogatory responses, documents and her Rule 26 disclosures. She should not be rewarded for gaming the system.

Rule 26(c) permits the Court to issue, for good cause, a protective order in order to “protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression or undue burden or expense” by “specifying terms, including time and place...for the disclosure or discovery” and/or “prescribing a discovery method other than the one selected by the party seeking discovery.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c)(1)(B) & (C). Ms. Maxwell asks the Court to adjourn her deposition until mid-April so that the above-listed discovery issues can be properly resolved in advance of that time.

Certificate of Conferral

Counsel has conferred numerous times regarding the issues contained herein, most recently in a one hour and 45 minute phone call on March 21, 2016. Although Plaintiff has promised to supplement her production, revise her Responses & Objections, and to withdraw some of her privilege assertions, sign her Interrogatories and Objections and to consult with her client and her client's other attorneys as to whether she can produce other information (like her client's current address), Plaintiff refuses to postpone the deposition of Ms. Maxwell for even the period of time it would take for her to make complete disclosures. Therefore, defense counsel believes that their obligations pursuant to Rule 26(c) as well as this Court's directive of March 17, 2016, have been fulfilled.

Procedural Background

Ms. Maxwell served her First Discovery Requests on Plaintiff on February 12, 2016. Responses were thus due by March 16, 2016. Thereafter, counsel conferred regarding deposition dates for Ms. Maxwell and two other witnesses. It was on February 20, 2016 that defense counsel proposed that she could be available for Ms. Maxwell's deposition in New York on either March 24 or March 25, 2016, anticipating that discovery responses would timely be provided 8-9 days prior to the deposition. Declaration of Laura A. Menninger In Support of Motions ("Menninger Decl.") Ex. E. The parties kept that date open, though Ms. Maxwell repeatedly reiterated the need for a protective order prior to the deposition.

Three weeks passed, and it was not until March 8, that Plaintiff's counsel wrote a letter claiming that she would not be able to timely produce all responsive documents. In that letter, she expressed her desire to produce documents on a "rolling basis," to be completed on or about April 15, 2016. Defense counsel responded saying that would be fine, however, Ms. Maxwell's deposition should then be postponed until after the document production was complete. Defense counsel proposed dates as early as mid-April for the continued deposition. Menninger Decl. Ex. I. Plaintiff disagreed and she filed a motion seeking permission from the Court to (a) produce her documents over the course of a month but (b) keep Ms. Maxwell's deposition on March 25, 2016, despite her incomplete and untimely production, and incorrectly stating that Ms. Maxwell had demanded she "cancel" her deposition. (Doc. # 59 at 3)

On March 16, 2016, Plaintiff served Response and Objections to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests and provided 3,190 pages of documents. The next day, argument was heard by this Court concerning, *inter alia*, Plaintiff's Motion for Leave to Serve Production on a Rolling Basis. During that argument, Plaintiff's counsel represented a number of times to this Court the supposed breadth of her production the night before and minimized the number of

outstanding documents there remained to be produced. *See* Transcript of March 17, 2016 Hearing (“Tr.”) at 12:7-10 (“We produced 3,000 pages last night. We are continuing that production. We are moving as fast as we can. We produced a privilege log with over 134 entries on it.”); *id.* at 15:21 (“Like I said, we produced 3,000 pages yesterday.”); *id.* at 17:5 (“I produced 3,000 pages”). She also offered to produce any documents that she intended to “use” at the March 25 deposition.

Counsel engaged in a conferral on March 21, 2016, regarding the deficiencies in Plaintiff’s document production, the improper privileges and objections, and her incomplete Rule 26 disclosures. During conferral, Plaintiff’s counsel conceded that many of her objections and assertions of privilege were improper and that her responses failed to adhere to Rule 34(b)(2)(C)’s requirement that she state whether she has withheld documents. Counsel for Plaintiff stated she will “supplement” her Response and Objections and will provide numerous additional documents in the coming days and weeks. As to other categories of documents, Plaintiff demanded that she be provided with legal authority to support the request, and as to others, she stated her need to confer with her client and her client’s other attorneys before even knowing whether she had or could respond to the requests.

As of the date of this Motion, three days prior to the deposition, no additional documents have been produced. Defense counsel will be traveling to New York tomorrow for the court appearance on Thursday.

ARGUMENT

I. PLAINTIFF PROPOUNDED IMPROPER RESPONSES, OBJECTIONS AND PRIVILEGES TO DEFENDANT'S DISCOVERY REQUESTS IN ORDER TO AVOID TIMELY PRODUCING DOCUMENTS PRIOR TO DEFENDANT'S DEPOSITION

Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests included 14 interrogatories and 37 document requests. Because Plaintiff stated yesterday her intent to amend her Response & Objections and to supplement her discovery, a Motion to Compel pursuant to Rule 37 is premature. However, this Court can and should consider Plaintiff's deficient Response & Objections in deciding whether or not a deposition of Ms. Maxwell should proceed without the benefit of legally sound and appropriate responses to interrogatories and document production.

A. Plaintiff interposed improper objections to – and failed to even answer most – interrogatories.

Plaintiff requested of this Court leave to produce documents on a rolling basis. She made no such request with respect to her Interrogatory Responses, and thus, one can presume, she believes her Interrogatory Responses of March 16, 2016, to be complete. They are not.

The Responses are not signed by Plaintiff, nor are the Objections signed by Ms. McCawley. *See* Rule 33(b)(5); Menninger Decl. at Ex. A. “The plaintiff apparently misinterprets the Federal Rules as optional. They are not. Rule 33(b)(5) could not be more clear: “The person who makes the answers must sign them, and the attorney who objects must sign any objection. This requirement is critical because ‘interrogatories serve not only as a discovery device but as a means of producing admissible evidence; there is no better example of an admission of a party opponent, which is admissible because it is not hearsay, than an answer to an interrogatory.’” *Walls v. Paulson*, 250 F.R.D. 48 (D.D.C. 2008) (sanctioning Plaintiff for failure to sign interrogatories) (internal citations omitted).

Plaintiff *refused to answer at all* Interrogatory Nos. 5-14. *Id.* at 10-17. With respect to Interrogatory Nos. 1-4, she gave incomplete and partial answers. *Id.* at 5-10. Her assertions of privilege track the same nonsensical bases as she used in Response to the Requests for Production of Documents, discussed more fully below.¹ By way of example, again, she propounds the same assertion of all possible privileges, and completely refuses to answer, in response to Interrogatories seeking:

- Her and her attorneys' communications with journalists, media organizations, and publishers (Interrog. No. 5).
- Any employment she has had since 1996, including the names and contact information for her employers, the dates of her employment, and her titles and income from such employment (Interrog. No. 9).
- Income she has received apart from employment (Interrog. No. 10).
- Facts in support of her claims for lost wages (Interrog. No. 11).
- Her past and current treating physicians and psychiatrists (Interrog. No. 12, 13).

Most egregiously, Plaintiff refused to answer interrogatories which strike at the heart of her allegations. Ms. Maxwell interposed Interrogatories concerning which “false statements” attributed to Ms. Maxwell were “published globally” as contended in paragraph 9 of Count 1 of the Complaint (Interrog. No. 6) and whether Plaintiff has been defamed by anyone other than

¹ Plaintiff additionally asserts that no interrogatories are permitted pursuant to Local Rule 33.3 prior to the last 30 days of discovery. See Menninger Decl. Ex. A. Her objection is unfounded, as defense counsel explained to her by letter of February 20, 2016. *Id.* at Ex. D. First, many of the interrogatories sought, consistent with Local Rule 33.3(a), the names of witnesses and the custodians of records, such as her treating physicians, her employers, her attorneys, as well as the bases for her computation of damages, such as any employment income, non-employment income and facts supporting her claim for lost wages. Second, Local Rule 33.3(b) authorizes, “during discovery,” interrogatories which “are a more practical method of obtaining the information sought than a request for production or deposition. The remainder of the interrogatories propounded fall within this category – the kind of minutiae that Plaintiff is unlikely to “recall” at the time of her deposition, such as all cellphone numbers she has used, the dates she and her attorneys communicated with the media, etc. Plaintiff’s blanket assertion of Local Rule 33.3 is clearly interposed in bad faith.

Ms. Maxwell (Interrog. No. 7). Both of these requests are standard requests in a defamation suit and directly relate to the liability and damages claimed by Plaintiff. Plaintiff refused, claiming the laundry-privilege list and stating that the “information is in the possession of Defendant who has failed to comply with her production obligations.”

Likewise, Plaintiff refused to identify, in advance of Ms. Maxwell’s deposition or ever, the individuals to whom Plaintiff claims Ms. Maxwell sexually trafficked her. Interrogatory No. 8 asked her to specify the individuals referred to generally in her Florida CVRA pleading that were the supposed participants of the alleged sexual trafficking, “including numerous prominent American politicians, powerful business executives, foreign presidents, a well-known Prime Minister and other world leaders.” Plaintiff refused, claiming every applicable privilege, and additionally “because naming some such individuals would jeopardize her physical safety based on credible threats to the same (sic).” Menninger Decl. Ex. A at 12-13. Does that mean that Plaintiff’s counsel does not intend to ask about these world leaders during Ms. Maxwell’s deposition? Does it mean that Ms. Maxwell’s statements to the press that Plaintiff’s claims regarding world leaders were “obvious lies” cannot be tested for their truth or falsity during this litigation? Or by failing to name these individuals does Plaintiff seek to use the deposition as a fishing expedition as to any famous person Ms. Maxwell has ever met?

Plaintiff has brought a lawsuit claiming her allegations about Ms. Maxwell are true, now she doesn’t even want to say what her allegations are, or she wants to wait and try to conform her proof to sometime after Ms. Maxwell is deposed. There is no excuse for these untimely, improper and incomplete responses, and fairness dictates that the answers be provided in advance of defendant’s deposition. *Kolenc v. Bellizzi*, No. 95 CIV. 4494 (LMM KNF), 1999 WL

92604, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 22, 1999) (“Failure to respond timely to a party’s request for documents results in a waiver of all objections which could have been seasonably asserted.”).

B. Plaintiff propounded inapplicable Privileges, Responses & Objections to the Request for Production of Documents.

1. Plaintiff asserted inapplicable privileges.

As discussed during oral argument before this Court on March 17, Plaintiff’s counsel interposed every single possible objection to every single discovery request, without regard to whether that privilege was applicable to the specific request. Such a blanket objection amounts to no objection at all. *Johnson v. Kraft Foods North America, Inc.*, 236 F.R.D.535, 538 (D. Kan. 2006) (a general objection which objects to a discovery request “to the extent” it may apply is tantamount to asserting no objection at all as it makes “no meaningful effort to show the application of any such theoretical objection to any request for discovery.”). Plaintiff responded to each and every of the thirty-seven (37) Requests for Production of Documents with the following privilege assertion: “Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is protected by the attorney-client, work product, joint defense, investigative, spousal and other applicable privileges.” *See* Menninger Decl. Ex. A.² Among the type of items to which Plaintiff asserted these privileges:

- Request No. 9 – “Any Documents reflecting rental agreements or purchase agreements for residential addresses identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 1.”
- Request No. 10 – “All Documents relating to Your Employment and/or association with the Mar-A-Lago Club located in Palm Beach, FL, including any application for Employment.”

² Today at 3:15 p.m. EST, Plaintiff served “Supplemental Response and Objections to Defendant’s First Set of Discovery Requests.” The new version does not indicate where, if any, supplements were provided and a cursory review does not reveal any. Counsel will be prepared to address at the argument on Thursday whether any of these additions alter the arguments presented herein.

- Request No. 21 – “All Documents relating to Your driver’s license from 1998-2002.”
- Request No. 22 – “A copy of Your marriage license(s) from 1999 to present.”
- Request No. 24 – “All Documents concerning Your employment in Australia, including, but not limited to employment applications, pay stubs, Documents reflecting Your Income including any tax Documents.”

There is simply no good faith basis to assert “attorney-client” or “work product” privileges to documents such as a marriage license or employment records.

Plaintiff added equally non-applicable privileges to other of her responses. For example, she claimed an “agency privilege,” “investigative privilege” and “accountant client privilege” with respect to Request No. 13 – “All Documents concerning any allegations of theft by You from the Roadhouse Grill in Palm Beach, Florida from 1999-2002.” A simple Westlaw search for “agency privilege” in New York and in the Second Circuit did not reveal that one exists, certainly not for an individual rather than an “agency”. Nor is an “investigative privilege” a recognized privilege. *See Lyman v. Felter*, No. 1:12-CV-530 MAD/RFT, 2015 WL 1415270, at *3 (N.D.N.Y. Mar. 26, 2015) *report and recommendation adopted*, No. 1:12-CV-530 MAD/DEP, 2015 WL 3549667 (N.D.N.Y. June 8, 2015) (chastising a pro se plaintiff for assertion of non-applicable privileges such as the “investigative” privilege). Further, “New York does not recognize an accountant-client privilege.” *In re Waterscape Resort LLC*, No. 11-11593 (SMB), 2014 WL 302856, at *3 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Jan. 28, 2014). But that did not stop Plaintiff from asserting this privilege in response to a request for her tax returns, Request No. 14.

Because Plaintiff asserted privileges that do not exist under New York or federal law, and asserted privileges that clearly do not apply to certain documents, her assertions cannot have been propounded in good faith. *See Jones v. J.C. Penny’s Dep’t Stores, Inc.*, 228 F.R.D. 190, 201 (W.D.N.Y. 2005) (concluding that the plaintiff and her attorney engaged in bad faith and

willful misconduct in conducting discovery, warranting sanctions, where, among other things, counsel “merely asserted a general objection to the production [of a relevant] file based on the attorney-client privilege lacking any colorable basis.”). Such improper assertions of privilege amount to a waiver of any applicable privilege. *SEC v. Yorkville Advisors, LLC*, No. 12 Civ. 7728 (GBD)(HBP), 2015 WL 855796, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 27, 2015) (holding that plaintiff’s unjustified failure to serve indices of privileged documents in a timely and proper manner operated as a waiver of any applicable privilege.)

2. Plaintiff interposed inapplicable objections.

Plaintiff also interposed equally inapplicable objections to her responses to document requests. For example, Plaintiff asserted:

- Response to Requests No. 5, 7, 8, 21, 25 – “Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents to Ms. Giuffre’s request seeking communications between the Defendant and Ms. Giuffre and between Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre.”
- Response to Request No. 6 - “Defendant has documents responsive to this request that she should produce.”
- Response to Request No. 16, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34 – “Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary and copyright protected materials.”

It is well-settled that a party may not object to a discovery request on the grounds that she thinks the other party “already has the materials,” nor is there any legal authority for saying that because a party thinks a third party has the same materials, they do not have to produce it and the requesting party must secure them elsewhere. Nor does Plaintiff have a good faith basis to assert a “copyright” or “proprietary protection” for her “diary, calendar and journal” that she sold to a

news organization, Radar Online,³ or a book deal that she is attempting to sell (or has sold) to a publisher, regarding her allegations at issue in this Complaint. Resp. to Req. No. 32.

These responses, like Plaintiff's assertions of privilege, were interposed in bad faith.

3. Plaintiff failed to state whether she was withholding documents

Rule 34(b)(2)(C), as amended December 2, 2015, now requires that "an objection must state whether any responsive materials are being withheld on the basis of that objection. An objection to part of a request must specify the part and permit inspection of the rest." Despite the clear requirements of the rule, Plaintiff interposed numerous objections and then failed repeatedly to state whether she was withholding any documents on the basis of any particular objection or to permit discovery of the un-objected to portions of the request.

For example, in Response to Request No. 1, Plaintiff interposed objections based on Local Rule 33.3, the numerous privileges listed above, the request was "overly broad," "seeks to invade the privacy rights of a sex abuse victims (sic)," and "is meant for the improper purpose of harassing and intimidating this victim." Then Plaintiff stated that "subject to the forgoing objections," she is producing 3,190 documents and will continue to supplement this production, but "is withholding documents based on her objections." Additionally adding to the confusion, Plaintiff repeatedly states that she either "has produced non-privileged documents" or she "does not have any non-privileged documents", but fails to say whether she is withholding any "privileged" documents, which Rule 34 clearly requires her to state. It is absolutely impossible to tell from Plaintiff's responses whether (a) she is persisting in any particular objection, (b)

³ Compare Response to Request No. 16 – "Any diary, journal or calendar concerning Your activities between 1996-2002" with "Diary of Virginia Roberts Who Claims She Had Sex With Prince Andrew Reveals Details," Daily Mail.com (Jan. 13, 2015), <http://www.dailymail.co.uk/news/article-2908852/Teen-diary-belonging-woman-claims-underage-sex-Prince-Andrew-reveals-explicit-details-night-London.html> (last accessed March 20, 2016).

persisting in any particular privilege, (c) she placed responsive documents on a privilege log, (d) what grounds she asserts for withholding documents, and (e) which portion is being disclosed and which portion withheld. *See also* Responses to Requests No. 2, 3, 4,

The Advisory Committee Notes reflecting the 2015 amendment to Rule 34 provide that “[t]his amendment should end the confusion that frequently arises when a producing party states several objections and still produces information, leaving the requesting party uncertain whether any relevant and responsive information has been withheld on the basis of the objections.” Far from ending the confusion, Plaintiff’s responses amplify it.

II. PLAINTIFF’S INTERROGATORY RESPONSES AND 3,190 PAGE PRODUCTION CONTAINED ALMOST NONE OF THE REQUESTED ANSWERS OR DOCUMENTS, INCLUDING KEY DOCUMENTS FOR THIS CASE

Plaintiff stated over and over during Court that she had made a good-faith production of thousands of pages of documents and therefore could be excused for not having timely produced all of the requested documents, nor would Ms. Maxwell suffer prejudice in going forward with her deposition in the absence of a timely production.

After having had a chance to review the 3,190 page document production, however, it is clear that it contains almost none of the requested documents, but rather is filled with multiple copies of a few lengthy deposition transcripts, pleadings *in this case*, and other similarly non-responsive documents. Plaintiff has simply inflated her document production to make it look like she did a thorough job of reviewing and producing documents, when the opposite is true. To wit:

- Juan Alessi deposition (139 pages), produced twice.
- Alfredo Rodriguez deposition (68 pages), produced thrice
- Palm Beach police reports (redacted), (89 pages), produced twice

- Sarah Kellen deposition (116 pages), produced once
- Nadia Marcincova deposition (50 pages), produced once
- Message book (185 pages)
- Flight logs (138 pages), produced twice
- Photos (21 pages), produced four times.

Thus, the same eight documents account for more than half of the total production.

More telling are the documents that Plaintiff failed to produce, including documents that are key to this case. Plaintiff contends that Ms. Maxwell began her “campaign to discredit” her following her December 30, 2014 pleading in the U.S. District Court in which she attempted to join the Crime Victims’ Rights Act lawsuit there. Indeed, that is the pleading in which some of Plaintiff’s most outlandish claims were first set forth, and that pleading preceded by three days Ms. Maxwell’s denial of Plaintiff’s allegations. *Yet Plaintiff has not even produced an unredacted copy of the pleading setting forth her allegations about Ms. Maxwell.* Instead, she produced a redacted copy in which the allegations about Ms. Maxwell and the legions of famous people to whom she claims Ms. Maxwell trafficked her are blacked out. They were blacked out in response to Judge Marra’s Order which struck those allegations as “impertinent” but does Plaintiff and her counsel not even possess an unredacted version? Plaintiff wants to take the deposition of Ms. Maxwell concerning her denial of a statement that Plaintiff won’t even provide in advance.

Other documents that Plaintiff has failed to timely produce include:

- Her own deposition testimony in the defamation suit between her counsel and Alan Dershowitz, in which she no doubt discussed Ms. Maxwell
- Her fee agreements with her counsel
- Her communications with Mr. Epstein and with Ms. Maxwell

- Her employment records with Mar-A-Lago (which is where she claimed she met Ms. Maxwell when she was 14, or 15 or 16, depending on her various versions of events).
- Her education records (reflecting not only whether she was in school when she was a 14-16 year old) but also reflective of her potential future earnings.
- Her travel records (which might help refute her claims that she was sexually trafficking incidents abroad).
- Her confidential settlement agreement with Mr. Epstein.

Plaintiff now agrees that she will look for some of these documents and produce them at some time in the future, presumably after her deposition of Ms. Maxwell.

III. PLAINTIFF FAILED TO TIMELY AND PROPERLY MAKE DISCLOSURES PURSUANT TO FED. R. CIV. P. 26

As detailed in the simultaneously filed pleading, Plaintiff has failed to properly make disclosures pursuant to Rule 26(a)(1). While these disclosures may not directly impact the subject matter of Defendant's depositions, they demonstrate the bad-faith of Plaintiff in fulfilling her discovery obligations and also, ultimately, may likely impact the discovery deadlines that have been set in this case.

Plaintiff's argument to go forward on March 25, 2016, rather than some date in mid-April after her own disclosures and discovery responses are complete, is due to the "looming" fact discovery cut-off of July 1. Yet she has been denying Ms. Maxwell all the clearly disclosable items that Ms. Maxwell is entitled to in order to defend her case – the computation of damages and any supporting documentation, the names of medical professionals who can supposedly verify her past and future medical treatment needs, her prior wages (if any), her bases for claiming \$30 million in non-economic damages. Plaintiff has admitted that some of the treating professionals she will be relying on live in Australia but said she couldn't understand why we

thought we would need to take their depositions or that it might be difficult to get those depositions scheduled in the remaining 99 days of discovery.

To the extent Plaintiff complains of difficulties in completing discovery as the basis for need to take Ms. Maxwell's deposition on March 25 versus mid-April, the discovery deadlines are equally problematic for Defendant to complete discovery based on Plaintiff's lack of diligence and forthrightness in providing proper Rule 26 disclosures.

IV. OTHER DISCOVERY ISSUES NOT YET RESOLVED INCLUDING PRIVILEGE BEFORE THIS DEPOSITION

Based on this Court's Order, Ms. Maxwell will be providing supplemental materials in support of her claims of privilege within the two week deadline established by this Court.

Presumably there will be a ruling sometime shortly thereafter, and, should any additional documents be disclosed to Plaintiff, she will not have had access to those records on March 25.

Similarly, Ms. Maxwell fully intends to submit a complete Motion to Compel regarding Plaintiff's deficient discovery responses should Plaintiff fail to withdraw improper objections and privileges, comply with the requirement that she state whether she is withholding documents, the deficiencies in Plaintiff's privilege log, and her incomplete and non-responsive Interrogatory responses.

V. PLAINTIFF'S DISCOVERY TACTICS DESIGNED TO AMBUSH DEFENDANT AT HER DEPOSITION

Plaintiff has been litigating the matters in this case since 2009, with cadres of expensive lawyers, and big law firms, behind her. Her lawyers have been working together to coordinate her media strategy, to make book deals, to give on-air interviews about Plaintiff's allegations, securing hundreds of thousands of dollars in media-money. Ms. Maxwell has not. She has not previously been a party to any criminal or civil litigation. Despite the years of litigation, here on the eve of her deposition, Plaintiff and her counsel are still sitting on thousands of pages of

documents representing Plaintiff's version of events, statements taken by witnesses, communications to the press, which published false and defamatory statements about Ms. Maxwell, and they have interposed baseless, frivolous and frankly sanctionable privileges, discovery responses and have refused to even answer the most simple of interrogatories. Those discovery requests were due on March 16, and Plaintiff knew when she proposed the deposition date of March 25 that her discovery was due prior to that time. Three days before the deposition, she still has not rendered answers or provided documents that go to the heart of this case – what were her statements to the Florida court and to the press to which Ms. Maxwell was responding? What statements were false? To whom did Ms. Maxwell supposedly sexually traffic her?

Plaintiff's gamesmanship is clear: she wants to get Ms. Maxwell on a videotaped deposition camera, show her documents that she has not had a chance to review either because they were not produced or because they were produced so late in the day buried amidst thousands of pages of meaningless discovery that her attorneys have not had the opportunity to review and to refresh her recollection. Or Plaintiffs want to ask Ms. Maxwell questions about events that occurred 17 years ago, while in possession of documents that would refresh her recollection but not show those to her, so that they can later spring them on her at trial and ask about her new refreshed memories.

This is a discovery ambush and the Court should not permit it, certainly not when the discovery requests came first, and were propounded before the deposition date was set.

VI. PLAINTIFF WILL SUFFER NO HARM BY POSTPONING DEPOSITION FOR 2-3 WEEKS

Notably absent from any of Plaintiff's pleadings or argument is the harm she would suffer by having to wait 2-3 weeks for a deposition delay caused by her own lack of diligence in

producing interrogatory responses and documents. There is none. No other witnesses depositions have now been scheduled, no other discovery requests are outstanding, no expert disclosures have been made.

CONCLUSION

Plaintiff's discovery responses are riddled with improper objections, non-existent privileges, failures to respond, failures to follow the basic requirements of the Rules, and her initial disclosures are the same. In a case where Plaintiff has made the most serious of allegations against Ms. Maxwell, that she is a sexual abuser and trafficker, she should be held to the requirements of the Rules of Civil Procedure. Allowing her to game the system, to sit on responsive documents, to evade providing the very allegations that she has decried Ms. Maxwell from denying, is to permit her the opportunity to try to game the system and ambush Ms. Maxwell at her videotaped deposition. Particularly in the absence of any articulated harm to postponing the deposition until she serves responsive answers, provides responsive documents and withdraws frivolous objections, a delay of defendant's deposition for a period of 2-3 weeks will serve the interests of justice and fairness as well as the spirit of the Rules of Civil Procedure.

Dated: March 22, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorney for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 22, 2016, I electronically served this *MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING DEFENDANT'S DEPOSITION* with the clerk of the court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification to all counsel of record including the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

/s/ Nicole Simmons

EXHIBIT D



HADDON
MORGAN
FOREMAN

Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
Laura A. Menninger

150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
PH 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
www.hmflaw.com
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

February 20, 2016

VIA EMAIL

Sigrid S. McCawley
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301-2211
smccawley@bsflp.com

Re: *Giuffre v. Maxwell*, Case No. 15-cv-07433-RWS

Dear Ms. McCawley:

I write in response to your letter of February 19, 2016.

Rule 33.3, Local Rules for the Southern District of New York, permits interrogatories *inter alia* “during discovery...if they are a more practical method of obtaining the information sought than a request for production or inspection.” The interrogatories propounded on your client are just that and therefore not improper. By way of example, I seriously doubt that your client from memory will be able to recall each communication that she (and her many various attorneys) have had with law enforcement agencies or with representatives of the media, nor the names of her various health care providers, nor the sources and amounts of her income, dating back 17 years or more.

Indeed, numerous decisions by Judge Sweet have authorized the use of interrogatories during discovery. *See, e.g., Ottoson v. SMBC Leasing & Finance, Inc.*, 2015 WL 4597542, *1 (S.D.N.Y. July 30, 2015) (*Sweet, J.*); *Hernandez v. Bare Burger Dio Inc.*, 2013 WL 3963660 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 1, 2013) (*Sweet, J.*).

If you are taking the wholesale position that your client will refuse to respond to *any* interrogatories until June 2016, please advise me of that position by close of business next Wednesday, February 24, 2016, so that we may raise the issue with the Court if necessary.

Finally, you object to the use of sub-parts in the 14 interrogatories propounded on your client. Your position is legally unfounded. The sub-parts utilized properly seek to clarify the meaning of “identify” with respect to the stated interrogatory. To the

Sigrid McCawley
February 20, 2016
Page 2

extent that any such sub-part seeks a broader definition of “identify” than that permitted by Local Rule 26.3(c), you may construe the interrogatory in the narrower sense provided by that rule. *See* Local Rule 26.3(c) (defining the uniform meaning of “identify” with respect to persons and documents and requiring the “type,” date, addressee and recipient of documents or, alternatively, production of same and as to persons, the name, addresses and last known place of employment).

Sincerely,

HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.

/s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger

EXHIBIT E

Laura Menninger

From: Laura Menninger
Sent: Saturday, February 20, 2016 12:54 PM
To: Sigrid McCawley
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [conferral concerning deposition dates]
Attachments: image001.jpg; Proposed Protective Order.pdf; 3B36EF8B-7C74-4E4C-AEFA-84C9D1FDE115.png

Sigrid -

I had not responded regarding the dates yet, in part, because you did not address the two issues I raised by email of February 12 (below). In particular, a protective order needs to be entered prior to Ms. Maxwell's deposition to address the same concerns you raised prior to your client's deposition in the Edwards/Cassell matter. I have taken the liberty of drafting a proposed protective order which I attach here. Please provide any comments you propose and we can get it filed and ruled upon by the Court.

Further, you did not provide your acknowledgement pursuant to Rule 30(d)(1) that this deposition, which likely will occur before Ms. Maxwell has filed an answer or counterclaims, will be her only deposition in this matter. If this is not your agreement, then we will need to seek a ruling from the Court.

Assuming that the attached protective order is entered in a timely fashion and your agreement that you will not be seeking a second deposition after Ms. Maxwell files an answer and counterclaim, then I can confirm the dates which will work for me and for her. Right now, of the dates you propose it appears that the March 25th date is best.

Regarding the depositions of Ms. Sjoberg and Chambers, I propose that we do those on consecutive days. Unfortunately, I am not available on March 23d as I have a sentencing in USDC Colorado that morning. I could propose March 24-25 or March 17-18. Also, given that these depositions are "more than 100 miles from the courthouse," I request your agreement to pay for my expenses for attendance at those depositions in Florida pursuant to Local R. 30.1.

Thank you,
Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by

EXHIBIT F

Laura Menninger

From: Laura Menninger
Sent: Wednesday, February 24, 2016 4:45 PM
To: 'Sigrid McCawley'
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [Rule 26 Disclosures]
Attachments: 2016.02.24 Def Initial FRCP 26(a)(1)(A) Disclosures.pdf

Sigrid –

Attached please find Ms. Maxwell's Initial Disclosures Pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 26(a)(1) in the above-captioned matter.

Regarding Ms. Giuffre's Rule 26 Disclosures served on November 11, 2015, they are deficient in several respects.

First of all, you have not provided addresses and telephone numbers for witnesses listed therein. For example, as to witnesses Joanna Sjoberg and Jean Luc Brunel, you do not provide addresses or telephone numbers, yet you have served subpoenas on them or their counsel. Likewise, you do not even list Ms. Chambers as a witness, yet have apparently served a subpoena for her deposition as well. *Cf.* Rule 26(e)(1)(A) (requiring supplements "in a timely matter").

Furthermore, it is apparent from pleadings in other matters that you are in possession of a substantial number of documents regarding Ms. Giuffre's claims and defenses that you have not mentioned, let alone provided copies of, consistent with Rule 26(a)(1)(A)(ii). By way of example only, your client has provided sworn testimony related to her allegations against Ms. Maxwell in the *Edwards v Dershowitz* matter that you have not provided. Your client's other attorneys have provided redacted copies of her statements to law enforcement in that matter as well, yet you did not provide them as a part of your Rule 26 disclosures.

Finally, Rule 26(a)(1)(A)(iii) requires you to provide a "computation of each category of damages" together with any "documents or other evidentiary material...on which each computation is based, including materials bearing on the nature and extent of injuries suffered." Your damages disclosures are woefully lacking. Although you list lump-sum total claims for damages, you do not provide a single "computation," let alone any "documents or other evidence" supporting any "computation."

- To the extent Ms. Giuffre purports to have, for example, "physical, psychological and psychiatric injuries and resulting medical expenses," totaling \$100,000, you do not provide a computation nor any "medical expenses" or records of any such "injuries."
- To the extent Ms. Giuffre purports to have, for example, **\$30 MILLION** worth of "pain and suffering" and "mental anguish," again you do not provide a computation nor any records reflecting any such "injuries."
- To the extent Ms. Giuffre claims to have "past and future lost wages" of **\$5 MILLION**, you provide no computation nor any records reflecting such "lost wages."

See, e.g., Thompson v. Jamaica Hosp. Med. Ctr., No. 13 CIV. 1896 RWS, 2015 WL 3824254, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. June 19, 2015) (Sweet, J.) ("It should not take a conference, a motion to compel, a court order, and a motion for sanctions to generate a computation of damages. *See Design Strategy, Inc. v. Davis*, 469 F.3d 284, 295 (2d Cir.2006). That computation is required in a plaintiff's initial disclosures pursuant to Rule 26(a)(1)(A)(iii), and requires both a dollar amount sought and some analysis explaining how that figure was arrived at. *See Max Impact, LLC v. Sherwood Grp., Inc.*, No. 09 Civ. 902, 2014 WL 902649, at *5–6 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 7, 2014). When a case such as this one has progressed into discovery, a more detailed calculation becomes necessary. *See id.*; *see also Design Strategy*, 469 F.3d at 295. Thompson was required to make this showing; merely gesturing at a large set of documents is not sufficient. *See Design Strategy*, 469 F.3d at 295.").

Please correct the deficiencies in your initial disclosures by next Monday, February 29, 2016.

Thank you,
-Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

EXHIBIT G

Laura Menninger

From: Sigrid McCawley <Smccawley@BSFLLP.com>
Sent: Monday, March 07, 2016 2:44 PM
To: Laura Menninger
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [Rule 26 Disclosures]

Hello Laura – just a quick update – I am working on revisions to Virginia’s Rule 26 disclosures and anticipate having those to you by early next week.

Thank you,
Sigrid

Sigrid S. McCawley
Partner

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
Phone: 954-356-0011 ext. 4223
Fax: 954-356-0022
<http://www.bsfllp.com>

From: Sigrid McCawley
Sent: Friday, February 26, 2016 12:27 PM
To: 'Laura Menninger'
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [Rule 26 Disclosures]

Hello Laura,

As you know, your Rule 26 disclosures were due back in November, 2015 and you have just provided a copy of them for the first time on February 24, 2016 and you failed to attached copies of the documents you reference. Kindly provide me with copies of the documents referenced by Monday.

As for your concerns regarding the Rule 26 disclosures I served on you in November 2015, we are working on updating our disclosures in accordance with the rules and I anticipate having the revised disclosures to you in the near future.

Thank you,
Sigrid

Sigrid S. McCawley
Partner

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
Phone: 954-356-0011 ext. 4223
Fax: 954-356-0022
<http://www.bsfllp.com>

From: Laura Menninger [mailto:lmessenger@hmflaw.com]
Sent: Wednesday, February 24, 2016 6:45 PM
To: Sigrid McCawley
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [Rule 26 Disclosures]

Sigrid –

Attached please find Ms. Maxwell's Initial Disclosures Pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 26(a)(1) in the above-captioned matter.

Regarding Ms. Giuffre's Rule 26 Disclosures served on November 11, 2015, they are deficient in several respects.

First of all, you have not provided addresses and telephone numbers for witnesses listed therein. For example, as to witnesses Joanna Sjoberg and Jean Luc Brunel, you do not provide addresses or telephone numbers, yet you have served subpoenas on them or their counsel. Likewise, you do not even list Ms. Chambers as a witness, yet have apparently served a subpoena for her deposition as well. Cf. Rule 26(e)(1)(A) (requiring supplements "in a timely matter").

Furthermore, it is apparent from pleadings in other matters that you are in possession of a substantial number of documents regarding Ms. Giuffre's claims and defenses that you have not mentioned, let alone provided copies of, consistent with Rule 26(a)(1)(A)(ii). By way of example only, your client has provided sworn testimony related to her allegations against Ms. Maxwell in the *Edwards v Dershowitz* matter that you have not provided. Your client's other attorneys have provided redacted copies of her statements to law enforcement in that matter as well, yet you did not provide them as a part of your Rule 26 disclosures.

Finally, Rule 26(a)(1)(A)(iii) requires you to provide a "computation of each category of damages" together with any "documents or other evidentiary material...on which each computation is based, including materials bearing on the nature and extent of injuries suffered." Your damages disclosures are woefully lacking. Although you list lump-sum total claims for damages, you do not provide a single "computation," let alone any "documents or other evidence" supporting any "computation."

- To the extent Ms. Giuffre purports to have, for example, "physical, psychological and psychiatric injuries and resulting medical expenses," totaling \$100,000, you do not provide a computation nor any "medical expenses" or records of any such "injuries."
- To the extent Ms. Giuffre purports to have, for example, **\$30 MILLION** worth of "pain and suffering" and "mental anguish," again you do not provide a computation nor any records reflecting any such "injuries."
- To the extent Ms. Giuffre claims to have "past and future lost wages" of **\$5 MILLION**, you provide no computation nor any records reflecting such "lost wages."

See, e.g., Thompson v. Jamaica Hosp. Med. Ctr., No. 13 CIV. 1896 RWS, 2015 WL 3824254, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. June 19, 2015) (Sweet, J.) ("It should not take a conference, a motion to compel, a court order, and a motion for sanctions to generate a computation of damages. *See Design Strategy, Inc. v. Davis*, 469 F.3d 284, 295 (2d Cir.2006). That computation is required in a plaintiff's initial disclosures pursuant to Rule 26(a)(1)(A)(iii), and requires both a dollar amount sought and some analysis explaining how that figure was arrived at. *See Max Impact, LLC v. Sherwood Grp., Inc.*, No. 09 Civ. 902, 2014 WL 902649, at *5–6 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 7, 2014). When a case such as this one has progressed into discovery, a more detailed calculation becomes necessary. *See id.*; *see also Design Strategy*, 469 F.3d at 295. Thompson was required to make this showing; merely gesturing at a large set of documents is not sufficient. *See Design Strategy*, 469 F.3d at 295.").

Please correct the deficiencies in your initial disclosures by next Monday, February 29, 2016.

Thank you,
-Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

The information contained in this electronic message is confidential information intended only for the use of the named recipient(s) and may contain information that, among other protections, is the subject of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this electronic message is not the named recipient, or the employee or agent responsible to deliver it to the named recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, copying or other use of this communication is strictly prohibited and no privilege is waived. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify the sender by replying to this electronic message and then deleting this electronic message from your computer. [v.1]

EXHIBIT H

Laura Menninger

From: Laura Menninger
Sent: Tuesday, March 08, 2016 7:09 PM
To: 'Sigrid S. McCawley - Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP (smccawley@bsfllp.com)'
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [Rule 26 Disclosures]

Sigrid:

Please consider this a conferral pursuant to Rule 37(a)(1).

It is apparent that you do not intend to timely and appropriately attend to your Rule 26 disclosure obligations.

On February 24, two weeks ago, I first attempted to confer with you on this topic. I pointed out that you have numerous documents in your possession that you intend to use to support your claims and defenses, as evidenced by the fact that you repeatedly have attached documents to your public pleadings that you have not provided via disclosures. You did so as early as 3 months ago, but more recently last week. You also have contact information for witnesses that you have not updated, as evidenced by the fact that you have served individuals with subpoenas, one of whom is not even contained in your Rule 26 disclosures. And you have documents, like your client's sworn testimony and statements to law enforcement, on the topics central to this case that you have not provided.

Most significantly, you have not even attempted to provide the type of meaningful calculation of damages required by Rule 26: i.e., the **\$35 million** you seek, encompassing a "**lost wages**" of **\$5 million** (in the past year since the alleged "defamation") and her "pain and suffering" of **\$30 million** (also since January 2, 2015). You have not provided the names/identities of any health care providers or witnesses who can attest to any "pain and suffering" or "mental anguish."

On February 26, you "anticipate[d]" you might have updated disclosures "in the near future." Yesterday, you "anticipated" having them by "early next week."

Rule 26(e), as you know, requires that supplements be provided "in a timely manner" when a party "learns that in some material respect the disclosure or response is incomplete or incorrect." I anticipate the documents, the contact information and calculations of damages are not new information to you that you just "learned." Rather you have deliberately withheld them from production despite your obligations.

You have filed public pleadings accusing Ms. Maxwell of "stonewalling" and deliberate stalling tactics. You have demanded depositions go forward on dates of your choosing. All the while, you have failed to fulfill your obligations to disclose documents, contact information and calculations of damages.

Please provide complete and updated Rule 26 disclosures by close of business this Friday, including a representation as to when you "learned" any of the new information, or we will be forced to seek appropriate relief from the Court. Obviously, we will not proceed with any depositions in the absence of complete disclosures. I do not want to travel to Florida for witness depositions only to have you find "new" information about those witnesses as soon as the depositions have concluded.

Thank you for your prompt attention.

-Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is STRICTLY PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

From: Sigrid McCawley [<mailto:Smccawley@BSFLLP.com>]
Sent: Monday, March 07, 2016 2:44 PM
To: Laura Menninger
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [Rule 26 Disclosures]

Hello Laura – just a quick update – I am working on revisions to Virginia’s Rule 26 disclosures and anticipate having those to you by early next week.

Thank you,
Sigrid

Sigrid S. McCawley
Partner
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP
401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
Phone: 954-356-0011 ext. 4223
Fax: 954-356-0022
<http://www.bsflp.com>

From: Sigrid McCawley
Sent: Friday, February 26, 2016 12:27 PM
To: 'Laura Menninger'
Cc: Brenda Rodriguez
Subject: RE: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [Rule 26 Disclosures]

Hello Laura,

As you know, your Rule 26 disclosures were due back in November, 2015 and you have just provided a copy of them for the first time on February 24, 2016 and you failed to attached copies of the documents you reference. Kindly provide me with copies of the documents referenced by Monday.

As for your concerns regarding the Rule 26 disclosures I served on you in November 2015, we are working on updating our disclosures in accordance with the rules and I anticipate having the revised disclosures to you in the near future.

Thank you,
Sigrid

Sigrid S. McCawley
Partner

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Phone: 954-356-0011 ext. 4223

Fax: 954-356-0022

<http://www.bsflp.com>

From: Laura Menninger [<mailto:lmenninger@hmflaw.com>]

Sent: Wednesday, February 24, 2016 6:45 PM

To: Sigrid McCawley

Cc: Brenda Rodriguez

Subject: Giuffre v. Maxwell - [Rule 26 Disclosures]

Sigrid –

Attached please find Ms. Maxwell's Initial Disclosures Pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 26(a)(1) in the above-captioned matter.

Regarding Ms. Giuffre's Rule 26 Disclosures served on November 11, 2015, they are deficient in several respects.

First of all, you have not provided addresses and telephone numbers for witnesses listed therein. For example, as to witnesses Joanna Sjoberg and Jean Luc Brunel, you do not provide addresses or telephone numbers, yet you have served subpoenas on them or their counsel. Likewise, you do not even list Ms. Chambers as a witness, yet have apparently served a subpoena for her deposition as well. Cf. Rule 26(e)(1)(A) (requiring supplements "in a timely matter").

Furthermore, it is apparent from pleadings in other matters that you are in possession of a substantial number of documents regarding Ms. Giuffre's claims and defenses that you have not mentioned, let alone provided copies of, consistent with Rule 26(a)(1)(A)(ii). By way of example only, your client has provided sworn testimony related to her allegations against Ms. Maxwell in the *Edwards v Dershowitz* matter that you have not provided. Your client's other attorneys have provided redacted copies of her statements to law enforcement in that matter as well, yet you did not provide them as a part of your Rule 26 disclosures.

Finally, Rule 26(a)(1)(A)(iii) requires you to provide a "computation of each category of damages" together with any "documents or other evidentiary material...on which each computation is based, including materials bearing on the nature and extent of injuries suffered." Your damages disclosures are woefully lacking. Although you list lump-sum total claims for damages, you do not provide a single "computation," let alone any "documents or other evidence" supporting any "computation."

- To the extent Ms. Giuffre purports to have, for example, "physical, psychological and psychiatric injuries and resulting medical expenses," totaling \$100,000, you do not provide a computation nor any "medical expenses" or records of any such "injuries."
- To the extent Ms. Giuffre purports to have, for example, **\$30 MILLION** worth of "pain and suffering" and "mental anguish," again you do not provide a computation nor any records reflecting any such "injuries."
- To the extent Ms. Giuffre claims to have "past and future lost wages" of **\$5 MILLION**, you provide no computation nor any records reflecting such "lost wages."

See, e.g., *Thompson v. Jamaica Hosp. Med. Ctr.*, No. 13 CIV. 1896 RWS, 2015 WL 3824254, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. June 19, 2015) (Sweet, J.) (“It should not take a conference, a motion to compel, a court order, and a motion for sanctions to generate a computation of damages. See *Design Strategy, Inc. v. Davis*, 469 F.3d 284, 295 (2d Cir.2006). That computation is required in a plaintiff’s initial disclosures pursuant to Rule 26(a)(1)(A)(iii), and requires both a dollar amount sought and some analysis explaining how that figure was arrived at. See *Max Impact, LLC v. Sherwood Grp., Inc.*, No. 09 Civ. 902, 2014 WL 902649, at *5–6 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 7, 2014). When a case such as this one has progressed into discovery, a more detailed calculation becomes necessary. See *id.*; see also *Design Strategy*, 469 F.3d at 295. Thompson was required to make this showing; merely gesturing at a large set of documents is not sufficient. See *Design Strategy*, 469 F.3d at 295.”).

Please correct the deficiencies in your initial disclosures by next Monday, February 29, 2016.

Thank you,
-Laura



Laura A. Menninger
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Main 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com
www.hmflaw.com

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail transmission, and any documents, files or previous e-mail messages attached to it may contain information that is confidential or legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, or a person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you must not read this transmission and that any disclosure, copying, printing, distribution or use of any of the information contained in or attached to this transmission is **STRICTLY PROHIBITED**. If you have received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by telephone or return e-mail and delete the original transmission and its attachments without reading or saving it in any manner. Thank you.

The information contained in this electronic message is confidential information intended only for the use of the named recipient(s) and may contain information that, among other protections, is the subject of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this electronic message is not the named recipient, or the employee or agent responsible to deliver it to the named recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, copying or other use of this communication is strictly prohibited and no privilege is waived. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify the sender by replying to this electronic message and then deleting this electronic message from your computer. [v.1]

G3hdgium

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

3 VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

4 Plaintiff,

New York, N.Y.

5 v.

15 Civ. 7433 (RWS)

6 GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

7 Defendant.

8 -----x
9 March 17, 2016
2:18 p.m.

10 Before:

11 HON. ROBERT W. SWEET,

12 District Judge

13 APPEARANCES

14 BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP
15 Attorneys for Plaintiff
16 BY: SIGRID S. McCAWLEY

17 HADDON MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
18 Attorneys for Defendant
19 BY: JEFFREY PAGLIUCA
20 LAURA A. MENNINGER
21
22
23
24
25

G3hdgium

1 THE COURT: Thank you all very much. I'm sorry for
2 the inconvenience that I have imposed upon you. I'm sorry
3 about the inconvenience that you have imposed upon me.

4 But having said all of that, this really is the first
5 time that we've had an opportunity, I think, to get together on
6 this case. And let me just say, I think -- I mean, I'm not
7 sure but I think I understand the difficulties of this case.
8 There is an emotional element, obviously, throughout the case
9 on both sides, and I understand that. Fortunately, we're
10 blessed by excellent counsel and it would be nice if they can
11 avoid adopting the emotional flavor of their clients, and I
12 presume that they will be able to do that, it certainly will
13 help, because these issues are going to be difficult and I'm
14 well aware of it.

15 Now, at the outset, there is some discussion in these
16 papers about meet and confer. Let me make clear what I would
17 like from this day forward. On any discovery issues, I would
18 like to have a meet and confer. Now, I understand that defense
19 counsel are living in God's country and they're not cursed with
20 the metropolitan residence. I salute their good judgment in
21 that. And so I will say that I will not require you to meet in
22 person, but I will require you to meet.

23 And I would say this. If you have a meet and confer,
24 I would like to have correspondence between the parties as to
25 what the subject is so that there is an agreed agenda that's

G3hdgium

1 written and we know that both sides know what it is, and that
2 will help me if, ultimately, the problem gets back to me. So I
3 would say exchange writing as to what it's going to be and have
4 a meeting. It doesn't have to be in person, but it certainly
5 has to be a significant meeting; it can't be just one
6 ten-minute telephone call.

7 So that's how I feel about the meet and confer.

8 Now, I'm not going to get into whether that's relevant
9 or not to the problems which we face today. That's just going
10 forward. As I say, I do hope that you all can -- it won't be
11 easy, but if you deal with these problems as the excellent
12 professionals that you are without the emotional implications,
13 having said that.

14 Now, how to go forward today? My thought is the
15 following. I have read your papers, and to say that I
16 understand the problems would be, I guess, a lie, but I'm
17 trying and you'll help me. I have a list of what I think our
18 issues are and I would like to go through this with you, and
19 then when I'm finished, if we have missed something, I'm sure
20 you will correct me. And I'd be pleased to hear if I determine
21 something, if you think that I'm wrong, that's fine, too. I
22 mean, you can tell me why you think I'm wrong.

23 Now, the first problem is the document -- the issue
24 about improper privilege claims. As I understand that issue,
25 it is the presence of Gow, Cohen and maybe somebody else as

G3hdgium

1 defeating the privilege, on the one hand. On the other hand,
2 the assertion by the defense that their participation as
3 whatever they are, managers, public relations people, whatever,
4 is necessary for the rendering of legal advice.

5 Parenthetically, there is a subtext there about whose
6 law applies. Let me say, I think we are going to apply New
7 York law in this case. British law may become relevant in some
8 way or other down the road, but for this privilege purpose, I
9 think that's where we are.

10 I think what I would like is I would like any
11 materials that -- the obligation to establish this privilege is
12 obviously Ms. Maxwell's, and I would like any materials that
13 she wants to present to me about these meetings to establish
14 that it was necessary for the rendering of legal advice, I'll
15 review those materials in camera and try to reach a decision.
16 I may need something further after I have looked at them, but I
17 think that's the way I ought to deal with that particular
18 privilege issue.

19 There is a list of documents as to which objections
20 have been made on a variety of bases. I will say probably a
21 catalog of every objection known to the mind of excellent
22 attorneys, and I think we will try to deal with those this
23 afternoon and maybe we'll fail, but let's put those aside just
24 for the moment.

25 The question about a protective order, of course there

G3hdgium

1 should be a protective order in this case. You are good
2 lawyers and you have been around this track more times than I
3 have and so you can prepare consensually a better protective
4 order than I can, and I urge you to do that. And, in fact, I
5 will give you two weeks to do that. Should you fail, you can
6 present whatever materials you wish to me and I will decide
7 what the protective order is going to be. That's not a good
8 idea because you know the case better than I do, obviously, and
9 so I urge you to resolve it by your litigation skills and not
10 leave it up to the ignorant district court judge who doesn't
11 really get into this kind of thing very often. So you run a
12 risk if you leave it to me.

13 Now, I would say two weeks, and then if you can't get
14 an agreement, maybe three weeks from now we wrestle with that.
15 Hopefully we won't. I have to do that.

16 The deposition -- the defendant of course will be
17 deposed, and we can work out right now when. Obviously, you
18 don't want that deposition until the protective order is
19 completed. So what do we do about that? Do you want to deal
20 with that today, the actual date of the deposition, or should
21 we pass that until we accomplish the protective order? What do
22 you all think about that?

23 MS. McCAWLEY: Can I be heard on that, your Honor?
24 This is Sigrid McCawley. I am counsel for Ms. Giuffre.

25 With respect to the deposition date, the 25th was the

G3hdgium

1 date that my opposing counsel proposed as possibly being
2 available. So we set it for that date, which is next Friday.
3 We also offered to hold that deposition transcript confidential
4 until such time as the protective order could be issued so that
5 there is no barrier to us being able to take this deposition.

6 THE COURT: How about that? Is that OK?

7 MR. PAGLIUCA: Frankly, it is not, your Honor, and the
8 reason is we, clearly from the papers submitted so far and the
9 exchange of counsel, we have a significant disagreement at this
10 point as to what the word "confidential" actually means, and we
11 have proposed to the plaintiff a protective order that we
12 believe is appropriate and neutral --

13 THE COURT: Well, maybe I can -- can we get over -- if
14 that's the primary issue on the protective order, can we deal
15 with that now?

16 MR. PAGLIUCA: I think there is a secondary -- well,
17 it may not even be secondary. There is another issue that is
18 directly related to that, your Honor, and that is the lack of
19 production of documents from the plaintiff. The Court has not
20 seen these papers yet, but there are in my view significant
21 deficiencies with the Rule 26 disclosures. There have been
22 failure to produce documents. And it is unfair at this point
23 to push these depositions forward without the required exchange
24 of discovery.

25 THE COURT: Let me ask the plaintiff. You really --

G3hdgium

1 MS. McCAWLEY: Could I be heard on that? Thank you,
2 your Honor. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to interrupt you.

3 THE COURT: What do you think?

4 MS. McCAWLEY: Right. The issue is so I issued my
5 deposition notice before they even served discovery requests.

6 THE COURT: OK. All right.

7 MS. McCAWLEY: I've done 3,000 pages. They've done
8 two emails.

9 THE COURT: Look, doesn't it make sense to resolve any
10 document discovery issues perhaps before the deposition?

11 MS. McCAWLEY: I don't think so, your Honor. I want
12 the testimony of this defendant in order to move this case
13 forward. Our discovery closes in July. I issued my discovery
14 requests in October. I have not gotten the deposition of the
15 defendant yet. This is a date she is available. She is not
16 leaving the country. She is not going anywhere. I have her in
17 town next Friday.

18 I'll even agree to their protective order if it means
19 I can get her deposition, your Honor. I just need to get this
20 case moving forward. I need one deposition, the deposition of
21 the defendant in this case, who has called my client a liar.
22 We are entitled to depose her and see if she is going to answer
23 the questions about why she was --

24 THE COURT: All right. OK.

25 MS. McCAWLEY: I am entitled to answers.

G3hdgium

1 THE COURT: Well --

2 MR. PAGLIUCA: Your Honor, I think this is a good
3 meeting and it is a meeting that should have happened a long
4 time ago. Let me say to the Court that we proposed to meet
5 with plaintiff's counsel early on in this case to put together
6 a discovery schedule that made sense. We proposed that orally
7 and in writing. That proposal was ignored and rebuffed. And
8 counsel for the plaintiff then unilaterally scheduled a bunch
9 of depositions without conferring on dates. Unilaterally,
10 here's the dates, here are the depositions. We then tried to
11 work through that issue, at the same time trying to work
12 through the protective order issue and the document issue, and
13 we get no response. And I think the agenda here is to gain a
14 tactical advantage by not responding to these requests.

15 THE COURT: Well, I can't believe that lawyers would
16 seek a tactical advantage. I can't believe such a thing.

17 MR. PAGLIUCA: I am shocked.

18 THE COURT: OK. Tell you what we're going to do.
19 We'll -- three weeks, let's see. Her deposition -- this
20 question about document production, that hasn't been teed up,
21 so I don't know --

22 MS. McCAWLEY: And can I be heard on that really
23 quickly? I mean, If that were the standard, that they could
24 wait to --

25 THE COURT: No. It hasn't been teed up, I agree.

G3hdgium

1 (Pause)

2 OK. Then I think what we should do is I'm assuming we
3 will resolve the protective order problem -- we've sort of slug
4 over the -- can we resolve what's confidential? Is that
5 possible? Could we do that this afternoon, or is that too
6 complicated?

7 MS. McCAWLEY: Your Honor, I can have the deposition
8 of the defendant in this case and move this case forward. I
9 will agree to their protective order. I just want that
10 deposition.

11 THE COURT: Yes.

12 MS. McCAWLEY: It is that important to me.

13 THE COURT: I get your point. I understand that. But
14 at the same time, I think, given the nature of all that lies in
15 this, I think it is fair to say no side would like to have this
16 aired, and so we've got to have a protective order that
17 everybody feels comfortable with.

18 MS. McCAWLEY: Your Honor, you can today enter the
19 protective order that they submit. I will disregard my
20 objections if I get the deposition.

21 THE COURT: Will you agree now to the protective
22 order?

23 MS. McCAWLEY: Yes. If it means I can get her
24 deposition, yes, I will do that.

25 THE COURT: Oh, OK. Good. Well, that solved that.

G3hdgium

1 MR. PAGLIUCA: It is not as simple as that, your
2 Honor, because this quid pro quo, I'll agree to their
3 protective order if I can have the deposition on the 25th,
4 doesn't solve the problem.

5 THE COURT: At least we've separated it. She has
6 agreed to the protective order. OK? So that's done. OK?

7 Now, why can't we have her deposition upon, whatever
8 it is, a week from Friday?

9 MS. McCAWLEY: Friday, the 25th, this coming Friday, a
10 week from tomorrow.

11 THE COURT: Oh, a week from tomorrow, yes.

12 MS. McCAWLEY: Yes.

13 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, we served discovery
14 requests on plaintiff on February 12th.

15 THE COURT: Well, look, that's nice. That's good.
16 But I don't have that, and I think she's right that there is no
17 rule that says you have to get your discovery requests
18 satisfied before the deposition, so --

19 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, the responses were due
20 last night yesterday, so that is prior to Ms. Maxwell for the
21 25th. However, as a part of producing that discovery response,
22 they have said they're going to take a month to roll out their
23 production, not just --

24 THE COURT: Look. I'll tell you what let's do. I
25 don't have that, but let's -- we'll hold the deposition date.

G3hdgium

1 When we get through with the rest of this stuff, we'll find out
2 if there is something in particular that you want prior to next
3 Friday and see what that is and see if we can get it. How is
4 that?

5 (Pause)

6 OK. Who pays for what and counsel, all of that?
7 Those are interesting problems and who knows how they all come
8 out. I think all of that is best served by reserving them
9 until the conclusion of the case, which is what I shall do.

10 The plaintiff wants to produce on a rolling basis and
11 to amend or add to the privilege log as the production goes
12 forward. I don't see any problem with that.

13 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, that's actually the issue
14 I was just alluding to. I understand -- and I have said I
15 don't have a problem with plaintiff producing her documents
16 over the course of the month because she has said that it is a
17 hardship for her to produce them all last night, which is when
18 they were due. However, she's trying to take our client's
19 deposition in the middle of her rolling production, in other
20 words, show up at the deposition with the documents she happens
21 to get --

22 THE COURT: That's what I'm saying. Maybe what we'll
23 do is to deal with the document production issue separately.

24 MS. MENNINGER: OK.

25 THE COURT: And if there are some documents that

G3hdgium

1 really seem to be important and they cannot be produced, then
2 maybe we'll put over the -- we'll see how that works.

3 MS. McCAWLEY: Your Honor, I may be able to short
4 circuit this.

5 THE COURT: Pardon me?

6 MS. McCAWLEY: I may be able to short circuit this a
7 little bit. We produced 3,000 pages last night. We are
8 continuing that production. We are moving as fast as we can.
9 We produced a privilege log with over 134 entries on it. We
10 are continuing to move that forward as quickly as we can.

11 With respect to her deposition, your Honor, I'm happy
12 to provide them in advance every document I will be using at
13 her deposition. In other words, if that is their issue, if it
14 means I can get her deposition next Friday, I will share with
15 them any document I intend to use at that deposition.

16 THE COURT: That seems to solve the problem, don't you
17 think?

18 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, I have to disagree. I got
19 this responsive objection last night at 9:30 p.m., while I was
20 here in New York. I've taken a look at it, and I can give your
21 Honor a sense of the types of objections that plaintiff has
22 lodged to our document request. For example, their client sold
23 her diary to Radar Online. It was published on Radar Online.
24 This diary contains plaintiff's allegations against my client.
25 So I asked for the diary that was sold to Radar Online.

G3hdgium

1 THE COURT: You get it.

2 MS. MENNINGER: It is copyright and proprietary
3 protected. We're not going to produce it. So that's the kind
4 of example --

5 THE COURT: No. You get it.

6 MS. McCAWLEY: She doesn't have a diary. She might be
7 referring to something else. I mean, my client doesn't have a
8 diary to produce. She doesn't have one. Those were
9 handwritten notes that she gave a reporter. She doesn't have
10 one.

11 THE COURT: So you are saying --

12 MS. McCAWLEY: That request is broader. I mean --

13 THE COURT: No.

14 MS. McCAWLEY: I didn't know we were going to be
15 addressing my requests today --

16 THE COURT: -- as to the diary, you say it doesn't
17 exist. There is no diary, there are no notes, and whatever
18 there is has been the subject of the printed material?

19 MS. McCAWLEY: Yes.

20 MS. MENNINGER: Excerpts -- excerpts, your Honor, with
21 my client's name on them in plaintiff's handwriting were sold
22 to Radar Online, not the entire document. And when I asked for
23 the entire document, I was told that it is proprietary and
24 copyright protected.

25 THE COURT: What is "proprietary"?

G3hdgium

1 MS. McCAWLEY: I think she's referring to a broader
2 request. My client doesn't have a diary, which is what she's
3 addressing right now. I don't have my requests in front of me,
4 your Honor. We were here on their requests. But if you want
5 to read the whole request, I can try and remember what --

6 THE COURT: What are we talking --

7 MS. McCAWLEY: Did they say I was withholding
8 documents? I don't think I said I was withholding documents on
9 that request. But, again, I don't have it in front of me and I
10 apologize.

11 MS. MENNINGER: The request number 16 reads: "Any
12 diary, journal, or calendar concerning your activity between
13 '96 and '02."

14 Response: Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the
15 extent it seeks proprietary- and copyright-protected material.
16 Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by
17 the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product
18 privilege, the joint defense, interest privilege, the agency
19 privilege, the investigative privilege, the spousal privilege,
20 the accountant/client privilege, and any other applicable
21 privilege."

22 THE COURT: Hot dog. I tell you, that's great.

23 MS. McCAWLEY: But did I say I didn't have --

24 THE COURT: Shall we use that as the standard
25 objection to every document request and then let's forget about

G3hdgium

1 it? OK, let's do this.

2 MS. McCAWLEY: Your Honor, may I be heard on just one
3 point on this issue?

4 If the standard were that someone could wait in a case
5 to request documents and then push off depositions by
6 continuing to file new requests, it's apparently --

7 THE COURT: Yes. I hear you. I understand that
8 point. Look, obviously if there are documents that are covered
9 by the privilege, they have to be identified and logged. So
10 that's the privilege.

11 I don't know, what is this proprietary thing? What is
12 that all about?

13 MS. McCAWLEY: To the extent she has commercially
14 valuable material that she has written, that's covered by --
15 it's covered by the protective order basically, that it would
16 be produced in a confidential format with a copyright-protected
17 format. So it is a general objection --

18 THE COURT: So she will produce that, she will produce
19 everything --

20 MS. McCAWLEY: If she has something like that, yes.
21 Like I said, we produced 3,000 pages yesterday.

22 THE COURT: And calendars and all of the rest of them?

23 MS. McCAWLEY: To the extent she has any of that, we
24 will produce it, your Honor.

25 THE COURT: All right. In other words, you are going

G3hdgium

1 to produce everything except anything that you have that you
2 claim privilege as to which you will log?

3 MS. McCAWLEY: Yes. We have been logging --

4 THE COURT: Well --

5 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, on this particular one,
6 she says her client does not have any nonprivileged documents
7 created during the time period responsive to this request, and
8 then there are no privileged documents related to this log on
9 the privilege log. So I don't have any way to read this
10 request in a privilege log and figure out whether there are
11 noncopyright materials that weren't withheld or there are
12 privileged because all of these privileges were raised --

13 THE COURT: I take it that what's being said is that
14 she has no privileged documents that would be covered by that
15 request?

16 MS. MENNINGER: That's not what the objection says.
17 And, your Honor, since she sold her handwritten notes about my
18 client to Radar Online, I know they exist because they were
19 excerpted on the Internet.

20 THE COURT: Yes, but she said she doesn't have them.
21 She said -- I mean, correct me if I am wrong.

22 MS. McCAWLEY: No, she doesn't have them. But, your
23 Honor, I am happy to have -- first of all, she hasn't conferred
24 on these issues that we are talking about here today. I am
25 happy to address them fully. I feel very comfortable with our

G3hdgium

1 discovery production in this case. We will continue to roll it
2 out; we have done it timely. Unlike like the defendants, who I
3 served their discovery requests October 27th, your Honor. We
4 are now in March. I received two emails, two emails in
5 response. I produced 3,000 pages --

6 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, she is --

7 (Unintelligible crosstalk)

8 THE COURT: Ladies, we're not going to get anywhere if
9 we "who struck John."

10 MS. McCAWLEY: I understand, your Honor.

11 I think I proposed something very fair by saying that
12 I would share with her any document I intend to use at that
13 deposition. I just need the deposition.

14 THE COURT: I understand. I got you. OK.

15 Now, you will identify any document -- I mean, you
16 tell them -- give them any documents that you are going to use
17 in the deposition.

18 MS. McCAWLEY: Yes.

19 THE COURT: OK. Now, is there -- the business of this
20 production on -- you are going to have to -- well, wait a
21 minute. Let me put it this way. The objections to this 16 are
22 overruled except for the privilege. OK?

23 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, I've proposed dates for my
24 client to be available in two or three weeks, once we have
25 received a complete document production, which was due last

G3hdgium

1 night, and I have been told we're not going to talk about dates
2 in two or three weeks. We haven't asked to set them out into
3 May or June. We've just asked for the documents that were due
4 last night to be produced to us before our client's deposition.
5 This isn't some kind of game. It's just she's been litigating
6 this case for seven years --

7 THE COURT: OK. Well, we've dealt with the first
8 objection. Now, is there another one?

9 MS. McCAWLEY: Right. So we're here on my motion to
10 compel production of documents. I am just getting a little
11 confused because I don't -- we are here -- my motion to compel
12 production of documents from her based on my request that --

13 THE COURT: Let's not worry about the --

14 MS. McCAWLEY: OK. I just wanted to be clear. I
15 don't have in front of me the request that she is referring to.

16 THE COURT: OK. Anything else that you think you need
17 besides the documents she is going to use, the response to 16?
18 Anything else --

19 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor --

20 THE COURT: -- that is critical for the deposition?

21 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, these were filed last
22 night at 9:30 p.m., the 3,000 pages were produced to my office,
23 which is in Colorado. I haven't looked at the 3,000 pages that
24 were produced last night. I will have to ask leave of the
25 Court to go back, look at the documents that were produced and

G3hdgium

1 see what I am missing.

2 THE COURT: All right. If you want to, you can come
3 back on Thursday next week and we can argue about whether or
4 not the deposition should go forward on Friday.

5 MS. MENNINGER: OK.

6 THE COURT: That is all right with me.

7 MS. MENNINGER: That is acceptable, your Honor.

8 THE COURT: OK. So maybe we've solved that problem.
9 OK. Maybe.

10 Now, on the improper objections by the defendants. I
11 suppose I can assume that the defendants' objections are just
12 exactly the same as the plaintiff's objections.

13 MR. PAGLIUCA: No, your Honor. They are not.

14 MS. McCAWLEY: Oh, I'm sorry. This is my motion to
15 compel. Can I just address it initially so that I can lay out
16 for the Court what the issues are that we are raising on the
17 motion to compel?

18 THE COURT: I'm sorry.

19 MS. McCAWLEY: This is my motion to compel now. Can I
20 address -- am I able to address that?

21 THE COURT: Yes.

22 MS. McCAWLEY: So with respect to our motion to compel
23 the documents from the defendant, as you know, your Honor,
24 there are two main objections that I think have to be overcome
25 in order for us to get that production properly. The first

G3hdgium

1 main objection is the fact that they are objecting to the time
2 period. So we have sought requests from 1999, which is in
3 around the time when my client contends she was involved with
4 these individuals, to the present. They objected that that
5 time period is overly broad. They only agreed to produce for
6 the period of 1999 to 2002 and for one month, from December 31,
7 2014 to January 31, 2015. So they cut out all the years in
8 between and anything post January 31, 2015.

9 Now, with respect to your Honor maybe saying why would
10 that time period be relevant, the entire time period is
11 relevant for a number of reasons. First, in 1999, that's when
12 my client first recalls being --

13 THE COURT: We can agree -- I think we can agree at
14 the outset that '99 to what is it?

15 MS. McCAWLEY: 2002.

16 THE COURT: 2002 is relevant.

17 MS. McCAWLEY: Right.

18 THE COURT: So what we're talking about is the -- what
19 happened in 2002?

20 MS. McCAWLEY: My client was sent to Thailand by
21 Mr. Epstein and Ms. Maxwell for a training and to pick up
22 another --

23 THE COURT: So she is no longer --

24 MS. McCAWLEY: And she left. She fled to Australia.

25 THE COURT: OK.

G3hdgium

1 MS. McCAWLEY: So with respect to these requests, I
2 just want to -- you know, because the Court has mentioned this
3 and it is worthy of referencing, that if you look at the
4 defendants' request to us, they actually request a longer time
5 period; they request from 1996 to the present. So while they
6 don't want us to -- they don't want to produce to us except for
7 that short window, they are requesting the entire period. In
8 some cases they request -- and I did a chart. Your Honor,
9 would you mind if I just pass this up to you for reference?

10 THE COURT: OK.

11 MS. McCAWLEY: I did a chart, I believe it is on page
12 10, and it has for you the various requests and what the time
13 periods are, and for many of the requests there is no time
14 period at all.

15 MR. PAGLIUCA: I have it. I don't need it.

16 MS. McCAWLEY: Oh, you have that?

17 MR. PAGLIUCA: I do not need it.

18 MS. McCAWLEY: OK. I'm sorry.

19 So that time period shows that many of those requests
20 don't have a time period at all; so it is even broader, from
21 infancy to present. So, in fairness, our requests are 1999 to
22 the present, which we believe is the critical time period.

23 Now, what happens in 2002? So my client does flee to
24 Australia away from these individuals, but the conduct
25 continues. So we have, for example, the law enforcement trash

G3hdgium

1 pulls that show the message pads of the back and forth of
2 arranging these underaged minors to come for massages, things
3 of that nature. We have the flight logs that show Ms. Maxwell
4 flying 360 times with Jeffrey Epstein, 20 of which were with my
5 client when she was underage. We have the Palm Beach police
6 report, which shows over 30 minors who reported during that
7 time period, to up until now 2006, being abused in that
8 circumstance in Palm Beach. Then we have the arrest that
9 happens of Jeffrey Epstein in 2006.

10 Thereafter, my client in 2008 is -- I'm sorry, she
11 receives from the U.S. government a victim notification letter.
12 At that point, in 2009, Ms. Maxwell's deposition is sought in
13 underlying civil cases. She flees from that deposition, says
14 her mother is ill in England, she has to leave the country,
15 cannot be deposed. She then shows up three weeks later at
16 Chelsea Clinton's wedding. So clearly she was around, she was
17 able to do something, but she avoided that deposition. Her
18 testimony was never taken in that case.

19 So that's in 2009. Then we have in 2011 my client is
20 interviewed by the FBI about the issues that have happened.
21 Then we have in 2011 Ms. Maxwell starts issuing different
22 statements to the press. She continues that, issues a
23 statement in 2015, which is the statement that we are here
24 about in this case.

25 So I contend, your Honor, that all of those years have

G3hdgium

1 relevant information in them with respect to my client.

2 THE COURT: OK. I understand.

3 Let's hear from the defendant.

4 MR. PAGLIUCA: So, your Honor, I have tried to refrain
5 from responding in kind, but the problem here is all of this --
6 the agenda behind all of this is not really the issue in this
7 case but it is to make inflammatory statements like counsel
8 just made as fact when they are speculation, at best, your
9 Honor, and to pack into the record things that are demonstrably
10 not true but counsel says them like they are true and then
11 refers to her own declaration to support the fact of what she
12 is saying may or may not be true. So let's get to the issue
13 here in terms of the relevant timeframe.

14 First, the plaintiff goes to Thailand on her own
15 volition, gets married, and moves to Australia, where she
16 resides for some 12/13 years after, and has no contact with
17 Ms. Maxwell or Mr. Epstein. So everything that happens from
18 2002 forward has absolutely nothing to do with the plaintiff in
19 this case, and she has absolutely no personal knowledge about
20 what did or didn't happen in Florida or elsewhere from that
21 timeframe forward.

22 You know, I carefully, your Honor, read your ruling on
23 the motion to dismiss, and I believe that you characterized the
24 issue in this case very narrowly, and that is what the
25 plaintiff said about Ms. Maxwell, and from 1999 to 2002, true

G3hdgium

1 or not. Those two individuals have the facts that relate to
2 that, and anything outside of that, quite frankly, is opinion
3 and not a subject matter of this litigation.

4 Now, you have to focus not only on this expansive
5 timeframe in which the plaintiff is not even in this
6 hemisphere, which is combined with the overbroad requests that
7 don't ask for things that might be arguably relevant under a
8 404(b) analysis -- you know, for example, did this happen with
9 Ms. Maxwell and someone else in 2005, let's say -- those aren't
10 what the requests are. The requests are for all communications
11 for 17 years with plug in the individual, all documents
12 relating to whatever you want to plug in there for 17 years.
13 And so those two things combined create a grossly overbroad and
14 unmanageable document request. Hence, the objections.

15 Now, had we had the ability to confer about this, we
16 may have been able to get down to, here, these are really the
17 relevant timeframes, or you need to modify your requests for
18 production to say things like any communication with Jeffrey
19 Epstein related to the plaintiff, any communication with this
20 person related to the plaintiff. But that's not what the
21 requests are. And so what you are left with is an unmanageable
22 pile of requests for production of documents.

23 I will note, your Honor, so the Court has this in
24 context, there are 39 requests that have been proposed to
25 Ms. Maxwell. She has no responsive documents, and I've so

G3hdgium

1 indicated to 17 of those requests. So we then winnow this down
2 to the ones that we are objecting to for very good reason. The
3 timeframe we have proposed is the appropriate timeframe. If
4 there are narrowly tailored requests for production for
5 something that may be relevant outside that timeframe, then
6 they should propose that and not what they are proposing
7 currently, which makes the entire process unwieldy and
8 unreliable.

9 MS. McCRAWLEY: Your Honor, the underlying issue in
10 this case is whether or not Ms. Maxwell lied when she said my
11 client was not subject to the abuse that she said she was
12 subject to. So in order to prove that, for defamation with
13 malice, we have to prove that my client was abused by these
14 individuals, that these individuals did take advantage of her
15 in the way that she expressed.

16 What's relevant to that is the sexual trafficking
17 ring. If after my client left they are also trafficking other
18 underaged girls repetitively, that is relevant to prove the
19 truth of my client's allegations as well. We are entitled to
20 that in discovery, your Honor. One of the requests is the
21 documents relating to communications of Jeffrey Epstein. If
22 she is e-mailing Jeffrey Epstein about the girls she's going to
23 send over to him in 2004, before he is arrested, that's
24 relevant to my client's claim, your Honor. So we shouldn't be
25 told that we're not entitled to these documents or that we're

G3hdgium

1 only entitled to two emails out of all of our requests.

2 In addition, he says that there are 17 requests that
3 they have no documents for, your Honor, but, again, they have
4 restricted the time period to this very short window and then
5 they answered in their responses. OK. So --

6 MR. PAGLIUCA: That is not true. If you read --
7 actually read the response, there is no restriction because we
8 have looked and there are no documents. We're actually trying
9 to move this ball forward, your Honor, and what's happening
10 here is we keep getting sucked back into this morass of maybe
11 something happened. If you listen to the words that counsel is
12 saying, your Honor, it is very illustrative of the fishing
13 expedition. If there is this, then it is relevant. But that
14 is not what they are asking for. And you have to go back to
15 the request. "All documents" -- Request No. 1: "All documents
16 relating to communications with Jeffrey Epstein from 1990 to
17 present." Well, that's not all documents concerning
18 trafficking or underaged girls, that's all documents relating
19 to, which could be anything in the universe.

20 Those are the reasons why I objected.

21 Request No. 3: "All documents relating to
22 communications with Andrew Albert Christian Edward, Duke of
23 York, from 1990 to present." You know, what the heck does a
24 communication with the Duke in 2013, any old communication,
25 have to do with anything in this case? Nothing. If you

G3hdgium

1 said -- if you give me a request for production of documents
2 that said give me any documents that talk about your press
3 release with the Duke, well, that might be relevant and
4 discoverable, but these are grossly overbroad.

5 If they had conferred with us, we would have been able
6 to narrow this down, but they haven't because there is an
7 agenda here that, quite frankly, I don't understand, your
8 Honor. But what I think it is is to simply pack the record,
9 the written record and the oral record, with these very
10 specious, quite frankly, disgusting allegations about my
11 client, and that's not what we're here for. If they want
12 something, they should ask for it specifically. If they just
13 want to, you know, kind of throw things around -- if this, then
14 that -- then that's what we're about here.

15 MS. McCAWLEY: Your Honor --

16 THE COURT: All right. I think I understand this
17 issue.

18 What else do we have? We have the timeframe and the
19 specificity.

20 MS. McCAWLEY: Right. So, your Honor, there is the
21 timeframe for the request, and then, right, I assume that they
22 are alleging that these are overbroad in some way as --

23 THE COURT: I would rather think I just heard that.

24 MS. McCAWLEY: Right. Exactly. So, your Honor, just
25 to touch on that very quickly. Not only -- and you will see it

G3hdgium

1 in our papers, but we also give specific examples of why these
2 are relevant, for example, and not overbroad. For example, two
3 of the people we asked for documents and communications with,
4 Sarah Kellen and Nadia Marcinkova, when they were asked in
5 their depositions about Ms. Maxwell sexually trafficking
6 underaged girls, both of those individuals took the Fifth. If
7 there are documents between Ms. Maxwell and Sarah Kellen
8 discussing those issues at any time from 1990 to present, we
9 want those documents, your Honor. And while they say that
10 day-to-day communications with Jeffrey Epstein wouldn't be
11 relevant, they would. If they're communicating on a daily
12 basis, that's relevant.

13 THE COURT: I understand that point.

14 MS. McCAWLEY: So, your Honor, those are the two key
15 issues as I understand it, the time period and then the
16 overbreadth of the request, that they have been objecting to.

17 And, your Honor, we just obviously want discovery in
18 this case to move it forward.

19 THE COURT: All right. So we've got that. I
20 understand that. Is there any other broad category?

21 MS. McCAWLEY: No. Those are the two issues, as I
22 understand it, the date range which they've limited --

23 THE COURT: If we resolve those two, have we resolved
24 the objections to the document demand?

25 MS. McCAWLEY: That's my understanding, that they

G3hdgium

1 should be producing at that point.

2 THE COURT: All right.

3 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, there are privilege issues that
4 remain unresolved.

5 THE COURT: No. We're going to deal with the
6 privilege issues.

7 MR. PAGLIUCA: I just didn't want you to think --

8 THE COURT: No. I would be pleased to hear anybody if
9 they want to be heard on my proposal on the privilege --

10 MR. PAGLIUCA: No. I think that is fine, your Honor.
11 I just didn't want to let that be unsaid.

12 The other thing I need to add in this discussion,
13 though, your Honor, is this. You know, the plaintiff
14 repeatedly now tries to distance herself from her own requests
15 for production by comparing, for example, the timeframe at
16 issue to the timeframe that Ms. Maxwell believes the plaintiff
17 should be responding to.

18 THE COURT: OK. All right. We'll take a short
19 recess.

20 (Recess)

21 THE COURT: Please be seated. Thank you very much.

22 The motion is granted and denied. Does that help?

23 MR. PAGLIUCA: Perfect, your Honor.

24 THE COURT: Let's do this. This is an effort to keep
25 this going forward.

G3hdgium

1 I think a blanket coverage of all documents is too
2 broad. I think the period is relevant -- I mean, it could be
3 relevant. I don't say it is but it could be relevant. So the
4 period is all right, that is, the 2000 and later. I think any
5 documents with named individuals, that's fine.

6 As to "too broad categories," here's my problem and
7 maybe you can help me. Any documents which relate to any
8 activity of the defendant with respect to the practice which
9 has been alleged. Now, I don't want to try to define what that
10 is, and I hope you all today will define that. And then I
11 would say any documents that relate to the duties to be
12 performed by Maxwell. And it may be that there are other
13 definitional categories that would be appropriate but they
14 don't occur to me at the moment.

15 Now, let me ask the plaintiff, how do you want to
16 define the activities?

17 MS. McCAWLEY: I'm comfortable defining "activities,"
18 your Honor. I think you said any documents which relate to the
19 activities of defendant with respect to the practice, which we
20 would say would be sexual abuse or trafficking of minors.

21 THE COURT: OK.

22 MS. McCAWLEY: And I think that everybody has an
23 understanding of what that is. So if there is emails about
24 girls getting massages for those sorts of --

25 THE COURT: All right. So what do you all think about

G3hdgium

1 that?

2 MR. PAGLIUCA: If we're limiting it to minors, which I
3 understand this to be limited to, I think that's fine. I mean,
4 we are talking about -- the allegation in this case is,
5 according to Ms. Giuffre, is that she was an underaged minor,
6 trafficked individual, and my client has vehemently denied that
7 in the press and here. And so that's the issue. And I think
8 if that's what we are talking about, we are fine with that.

9 MS. McCAWLEY: Your Honor, can I just clarify really
10 quickly?

11 There was trafficking of both underaged and women that
12 were over 18. So I wouldn't feel comfortable limiting it to
13 just the minors, under 18.

14 MR. PAGLIUCA: You can't traffic somebody --

15 MS. McCAWLEY: You can prosecute someone over
16 international lines, and that is a federal offense if they
17 are --

18 THE COURT: Let's --

19 MR. PAGLIUCA: That's not the definition.

20 THE COURT: Let me -- if we skip the minors, what
21 would it be? It would be any -- yes, it would be any --

22 MS. McCAWLEY: Females.

23 THE COURT: The documents relating to trafficking,
24 what for?

25 MS. McCAWLEY: Sexual trafficking or sexual abuse of

G3hdgium

1 any female.

2 THE COURT: That is OK.

3 MR. PAGLIUCA: To be clear, we talking about something
4 that is illegal, right?

5 THE COURT: Are we? I don't think it has to be
6 illegal in the context of the defamation.

7 MR. PAGLIUCA: Let me sort of recap, your Honor.
8 Because the defamation is that Ms. Giuffre was a minor and from
9 1999 to 2002 somehow was, quote-unquote, sexually trafficked.

10 THE COURT: Your client's statement is that she was a
11 liar and -- I mean, I don't mean to prejudge that, but I mean
12 that's the issue as I understand it.

13 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, and the Court narrowed this down
14 in the Court's order on the motion to dismiss, which is that
15 the statements relating to Ms. Maxwell's participation in the
16 trafficking of the plaintiff were untrue or unfounded. Those
17 are the statements.

18 THE COURT: OK.

19 MS. McCAWLEY: Yes.

20 THE COURT: Then I think it is conceivable that it
21 wouldn't be limited to minors. What I'm trying to say is if
22 there were trafficking other than with minors, that might also
23 be relevant to the existence of the practice.

24 MS. McCAWLEY: Exactly.

25 THE COURT: OK. So it isn't limited to minors.

G3hdgium

1 MS. McCAWLEY: Thank you, your Honor.

2 THE COURT: Anything else?

3 MS. McCAWLEY: No, your Honor. I just wanted to have
4 an understanding, because maybe I'm not a quick study, but as
5 to what your ruling is with respect to the deposition? I
6 understand that I agreed to waive any --

7 THE COURT: Where we are is the deposition is going
8 forward. If they want to come forward and seek to adjourn it,
9 I will hear it next Thursday.

10 MS. McCAWLEY: OK. So it is set for Friday. If they
11 come to you on Thursday, we argue about that?

12 THE COURT: Yes.

13 MS. McCAWLEY: But it is going forward on Friday?

14 THE COURT: Yes.

15 MS. McCAWLEY: Thank you, your Honor.

16 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, with respect to the
17 document responses and production that we received last night,
18 I would ask the Court for an expedited briefing schedule so
19 that can be heard next Thursday as well.

20 THE COURT: Sure.

21 MS. MENNINGER: Because I have looked at them and I
22 think that there are some very facially invalid --

23 THE COURT: Sure. That is fine.

24 MS. MENNINGER: -- responses.

25 THE COURT: That is OK.

G3hdgium

1 MS. MENNINGER: So I would ask your Honor -- it is
2 Thursday now -- I would ask, if I could, to file the motion --
3 I mean, we're not going to have--

4 THE COURT: By noon Wednesday?

5 MS. MENNINGER: By noon on Wednesday, and then we'll
6 be back to your Honor on Thursday.

7 THE COURT: Yes.

8 MS. McCAWLEY: Can I have it on Tuesday so I can
9 respond, or no?

10 THE COURT: Well, it's a short fuse. All right. I
11 would say by close of business -- if you make whatever you want
12 to do with that by the close of business on Tuesday instead of
13 noon Wednesday, that gives you -- I just cheated you out of --
14 I did a good thing. I did a good thing. I permitted you to
15 have a nice night's sleep on Tuesday.

16 MS. MENNINGER: And, your Honor, I think if I heard
17 your Honor correctly, that if we had other issues with respect
18 to our client's deposition, we could raise those and have that
19 for next Thursday as well?

20 THE COURT: Yeah, but it's going to be -- yes. Sure.
21 Listen, I can't prevent lawyers from making mistakes -- or,
22 excuse me, making motions. So do whatever you --

23 MS. MENNINGER: As much as you might like to.

24 THE COURT: So do whatever you want to do.

25 MS. MENNINGER: All right. Thank you, your Honor.

G3hdgium

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

THE COURT: Anything else?

MS. McCAWLEY: That's it, your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Do you think the four of us are going to survive this experience?

MS. McCAWLEY: I think so, your Honor.

THE COURT: Yeah? OK. Let's hope so.

MS. McCAWLEY: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Anything else?

MS. McCAWLEY: In a period of time.

MR. PAGLIUCA: Nothing further, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK. Thanks.

- - -

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

_____ /

**PLAINTIFF, VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S RESPONSE IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S
MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING DEPOSITION OF DEFENDANT**

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES.....	ii
I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT.....	1
II. ARGUMENT.....	2
A. All Of Defendant’s Interrgatories Seek Information Beyond The Scope Permitted Under Rule 33.3.....	8
B. Interrogatory Nos. 6, 8, And 11 Are Premature Contention Interrogatories.....	10
CONCLUSION.....	11

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	<u>Page</u>
<u>Cases</u>	
<i>Ferguson v. Ferrante</i> , No. 13 CIV 4468 VEC, 2014 WL 1327968 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 3, 2014)	9
<i>In re Payment Card Interchange Fee & Merch. Dis.</i> , No. MD-05-1720 (JG)(JO), 2007 WL 121426 (E.D.N.Y. Jan. 12, 2007).....	5
<i>J. Goldman & Co., L.P. v. Kowal</i> , 96 CIV. 7868 DAB HBP, 1997 WL 452332 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 8, 1997)	8
<i>Kunstler v. City of New York</i> , No. 04CIV1145(RWS)(MHD), 2006 WL 2516625 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 29, 2006)	8, 9
<i>Labarbera v. Ulster Cty. Soc'y for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals</i> , 277 A.D.2d 672, 673, 716 N.Y.S.2d 421, 422 (N.Y. App. Div. 2000)	3
<i>Liveperson, Inc. v. 24/7 Customer, Inc.</i> , No. 14 CIV. 1559 RWS, 2015 WL 4597546 (S.D.N.Y. July 30, 2015)	10
<i>Matter of Klein v. Lake George Park Commn.</i> , 261 A.D. 2d 774, 689 N.Y.S.2d 782 (N.Y. App. Div. 1999)	3
<i>Nunez v. City of New York</i> , No. 04CIV1145(RWS)(MHD), 2006 WL 2516625 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 29, 2006)	9
<i>Regeneron Pharm, Inc. v. Merus B.V.</i> , No 14 CIV. 1650 KBF, 2014 WL 2447600 (S.D.N.Y. May 29, 2014)	10
<i>Shannon v. New York City Transit Auth.</i> , No. 00 Civ. 5079, 2001 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 3162 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 22, 2001)	10
<i>Trilegian Corp. v. Sitel Corp.</i> , 272 F.R.D. 360 (S.D.N.Y. 2010).....	10
<u>Statutes</u>	
Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 26	7
Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 33.3	4
Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 34	<i>passim</i>

Plaintiff Virginia L. Giuffre, by and through undersigned counsel, respectfully submits this Response in Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Protective Order Regarding Defendant's Deposition [D.E. 63]. For the reasons set forth below, this Court should deny Defendant's motion in its entirety.

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Unfortunately, even after the Court's strong words to the parties at the hearing last Thursday, March 17, 2016, Defendant continues to misrepresent basic facts in an effort to wrongfully postpone the deposition of the Defendant in this case. The facts are that Plaintiff issued a formal Notice of Deposition to the Defendant on February 2, 2016, well before Defendant issued her first set of discovery requests. Allowing the Defendant to dictate when she is deposed based on her dilatory discovery practices turns the Rules of Civil Procedure on their head. If this were the rule, then a defendant could continuously issue discovery requests to a plaintiff in order to postpone being deposed until the close of discovery. Such a ridiculous result is not contemplated by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

More importantly, Defendant can claim no prejudice here because, as Plaintiff agreed to do at the hearing last Thursday, Plaintiff has provided the Defendant with *a list of all the documents Plaintiff intends to use at the deposition on Friday, March 25, 2016, along with all the documents*. See Declaration of Sigrid McCawley ("McCawley Decl.") at Exhibit 1, March 22, 2016 correspondence listing documents to be used at deposition.

The parties participated in a meet and confer on Monday, March 21, 2016, that lasted close to two hours, during which Plaintiff made a number of concessions in order to avoid additional and unnecessary motion practice with this Court. Despite this, Defendant persists in trying to create issues with Plaintiff's discovery production and responses. Plaintiff served discovery requests back in October - *four months ago* - which still have not been properly responded to. At

a minimum, she should be entitled to move discovery forward by taking the deposition of the Defendant. Indeed Local Rule 33.3 provides that rather than serving interrogatories, the parties should press discovery forward by seeking information through depositions. That is exactly what the Plaintiff is trying to do here and she is being stonewalled. Critical to this case is whether the Defendant is going to answer questions about her involvement in the alleged sexual trafficking and abuse of females or whether she is going to invoke her Fifth Amendment rights. Plaintiff should be entitled to answers, by way of a deposition, in order to shape her discovery going forward in this case. Discovery closes in three months and Plaintiff has not yet been able to depose the Defendant. That is simply wrong.

Defendant, who has only produced *two e-mails* in response to Plaintiff's thirty-nine (39) discovery requests now complains that Plaintiff produced too many documents in response to Defendant's expansive discovery requests. If Defendant did not want to receive responsive documents of that magnitude, she should have narrowly tailored her discovery requests. In fact, if anyone should be complaining about prejudice, it should be the Plaintiff who has only received two documents in Defendant's discovery production. There is absolutely no valid reason that Defendant's deposition should be postponed.

ARGUMENT

Despite engaging in a lengthy meet and confer call during which Plaintiff made a number of concessions in an effort to move this case forward, Defendant filed this baseless motion without acknowledging any of those concessions and instead relying on Plaintiff's original response, instead of her supplemental response, in an effort to convince the Court to postpone the Defendant's deposition. Defendant misrepresents Plaintiff's discovery in this case in the following ways:

- **Defendant's Position**: Defendant says Plaintiff lodged baseless objections and is withholding documents.
- **Reality**: Plaintiff produced non-privileged documents without withholding anything, except pictures of her minor children, in response to 34 of the 37 document requests and thus far has produced 4,134 pages of documents.
- **Defendant's Position**: Defendant says Plaintiff should not have listed certain objections like “agency” or “investigative privilege.”
- **Reality**: Plaintiff agreed during the meet and confer to revise, and did in fact revise, her objections to narrow her objections and they now *mirror exactly* the Defendant’s privilege objections. Thus, Defendant has no basis for complaint. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 2, Plaintiff’s Supplemental Responses and Objections to Defendant’s First Set of Discovery Requests to Plaintiff. Plaintiff has asserted the “public interest privilege” to protect information she has regarding ongoing criminal investigations regarding the Defendant’s alleged sexual abuse. New York law “recognizes a public interest privilege which shields from disclosure information received by governmental entities where the public interest requires that such communications, or the sources thereof, should be kept confidential and not subject to the normal, liberal discovery rules.” *Labarbera v. Ulster Cty. Soc’y for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals*, 277 A.D.2d 672, 673, 716 N.Y.S.2d 421, 422 (N.Y. App. Div. 2000) (*citing Matter of World Trade Ctr. Bombing Litig.*, 93 N.Y.2d 1, 8, 686 N.Y.S.2d 743, 709 N.E.2d 452 (N.Y. 1999); *Matter of Klein v. Lake George Park Commn.*, 261 A.D.2d 774, 689 N.Y.S.2d 782 (N.Y. App. Div. 1999)).
- **Defendant's Position**: Defendant says Plaintiff should not reference in her objection that the Defendant has in its possession, custody and control the information being requested.

- **Reality**: Plaintiff preserved her objections because if Defendant had timely produced documents in this case, Plaintiff would have the material necessary to respond to the discovery request. There is no prejudice in asserting this objection because Plaintiff did not withhold documents based on this objection.
- **Defendant's Position**: Defendant complains that Plaintiff asserted a copyright protection.
- **Reality**: Plaintiff did not withhold any documents based on her copyright protection assertion, but rather she marked any copyright material as such to preserve her rights, as she is entitled to do.
- **Defendant's Position**: Defendant wrongly states that Plaintiff failed to state whether she was withholding documents.
- **Reality**: Plaintiff could not have been clearer – in accordance with Rule 34(b)(2)(c), Plaintiff clearly stated when she was withholding documents. For the small amount of documents she did withhold, she plainly stated that she is “withholding documents based on her objections.” Due to the concerns Defendant raised at the meet and confer about Defendant’s apparent confusion, Plaintiff went a step further and revised her answers to *mirror* the language that the Defendant used when she was withholding a documents. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 3, Original Responses and Objections, and Exhibit 4 Supplemental Responses and Objections. Accordingly, there is no way Defendant can claim confusion.
- **Defendant's Position**: Defendant, who only produced *two emails* in this case, complains that Plaintiff produced duplicate documents in her production of documents.
- **Reality**: In accordance with her obligations when dealing with electronic discovery, Plaintiff retained an electronic discovery and litigation support firm, Rational Retention, to assist with the forensic searching and producing of responsive electronic files in this case.

Rational Retention performed, as part of their contract, de-duping services, which eliminates duplicates. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 5, Affidavit of Robert Conley from Rational Retention. As with any electronic discovery production, a document may appear to be a “duplicate” but if it has different metadata it must be produced. Defendant’s misguided argument that Plaintiff has artificially inflated the volume of her document production by producing “duplicate” documents reveals a misunderstanding of basic electronic discovery law and practices. Plaintiff utilized an electronic deduplication process prior to production. True duplicates were eliminated from the production.

However, even documents that look alike contain different metadata. Any variance in metadata from document-to-document renders documents non-duplicative, even if they appear identical on their face. As courts in the Second Circuit has instructed, metadata is different for each document, but it may not show up when the documents are reduced to print. *See In re Payment Card Interchange Fee & Merch. Disc.*, No. MD 05-1720(JG)(JO), 2007 WL 121426, at *1 (E.D.N.Y. Jan. 12, 2007) (“metadata (that is, data about data; in this context, information about an electronically stored document that may or not be visible if the document is reduced to printed form)”). Defendant served incredibly broad requests and is now complaining about the results they yielded. Defendant’s complaint about duplicates should be rejected because if a document is produced in a particular context, for example in a different litigation, and that was covered by a request, it was reproduced so that Defendant would have the exact information that satisfied her request. Moreover, there is no prejudice to Defendant in receiving a duplicate copy of a document.

- **Defendant’s Position**: Defendant argues that Plaintiff has failed to produce certain documents so she would be prejudiced by her deposition going forward on Friday, March 25, 2016.

- **Reality**: There is no prejudice to Defendant because, on March 22, 2016, *Ms. Giuffre produced and provided to Defendant a list of all the documents she may use at the deposition as well as all of those documents.*
 - Defendant wrongfully states that Plaintiff has not produced travel records when she has indeed produced travel records.
 - Defendant wrongfully states that Plaintiff has not produced education records, when she has indeed produced everything she has relating to education.
 - Defendant wrongfully states that Plaintiff has not produced her communications with Epstein and Maxwell when she has indeed produced everything she has relating to those communications.
 - Defendant complains that Plaintiff has not produced “employment records for Mara Lago” but Plaintiff’s search did not yield any responsive documents, and she stated that in her responses.
 - Defendant wrongfully states that Plaintiff will not produce a copy of her settlement agreement with Epstein when in fact, Plaintiff agreed to produce the settlement agreement upon receipt of the necessary waiver from Defendant and Epstein so she will not be in violation of its confidentiality provision. *See McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 2, Supplemental Responses and Objections.*
 - Defendant wrongfully states that Plaintiff has not produced a deposition transcript from the case of *Edwards/Cassell v. Dershowitz*, Case no. CACE 15-000072, when Defendant knows that Plaintiff is precluded from producing the transcript as it has been ***sealed by the Court*** in that matter, and Ms. Giuffre produced to Defendant a copy of the order sealing it.
 - Most importantly, none of these issues preclude the Defendant from being deposed in this case.
- **Defendant’s Position**: Defendant argues that Plaintiff failed to make timely Rule 26 disclosures. Defendant admits it is wasting the Court’s time by stating: “[w]hile these disclosures may not directly impact the subject matter of Defendant’s deposition, they demonstrate the bad-faith of Plaintiff fulfilling her discovery obligations, and also, ultimately may likely impact the discovery deadlines that have been set in this case.” (Def’s MPO at 14.) Defendant is throwing everything but the kitchen sink at the Court in the desperate attempt to avoid discovery by way of a deposition in this case.

- **Reality**: Plaintiff filed her initial Rule 26 disclosures on November 11, 2015 in accordance with the Rules. Defendant delayed four months until February 2016 before submitting her initial Rule 26 disclosures. Plaintiff supplemented her Rule 26 disclosures on March 11, 2016 and added an addendum of information requested during the meet and confer on March 22, 2016. Ms. Giuffre has fully complied with her Rule 26 obligations, as fully briefed in her Response In Opposition to Defendant’s Motion to Compel Plaintiff to Disclose Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1). *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 6, March 20, 2016 Correspondence from Sigrid McCawley to Defendant’s counsel.
- **Defendant’s Position**: Defendant says Plaintiff has wrongfully objected to interrogatories.
- **Reality**: Local Rule 33.3 is clear that Defendant’s interrogatories are premature at this stage of the litigation and in violation of that Rule. Rule 33.3 provides:
 - (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, at the commencement of discovery, interrogatories will be restricted to those seeking names of witnesses with knowledge of information relevant to the subject matter of the action, the computation of each category of damage alleged, and the existence, custodian, location and general description of relevant documents, including pertinent insurance agreements, and other physical evidence, or information of a similar nature.
 - (b) During discovery, interrogatories other than those seeking information described in paragraph (a) above may only be served (1) if they are a more practical method of obtaining the information sought than a request for production or a deposition, or (2) if ordered by the Court.
 - (c) At the conclusion of other discovery, and at least 30 days prior to the discovery cut-off date, interrogatories seeking the claims and contentions of the opposing party may be served unless the Court has ordered otherwise.

S.D.N.Y. Civil R. 33.3.

Defendant’s interrogatories seek information far beyond the scope of information specified in subparagraph (a) and Defendant has not demonstrated that these interrogatories are a more practical method of obtaining the requested information. *See* McCawley Decl. at Exhibit 7, Correspondence requesting Defendant’s counsel withdraw her premature Interrogatories.

Additionally, several of Defendant's interrogatories are contention interrogatories, which subparagraph (c) makes clear are improper and premature at this early stage of discovery.

A. Defendant's interrogatories seek information beyond the scope permitted under Rule 33.3.

Rule 33.3 limits interrogatories at the outset of discovery "to requests for witness names, computation of damages, and the location, custodian and general nature of pertinent documents." *Kunstler v. City of New York*, No. 04CIV1145(RWS)(MHD), 2006 WL 2516625, at *5 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 29, 2006) *aff'd*, 242 F.R.D. 261 (S.D.N.Y. 2007) (Sweet, J.) (citing S.D.N.Y. Civil R. 33.3(a) & (b)). These limits are to be enforced unless (1) interrogatories "are a more practical method of obtaining the information sought than a request for production or a deposition, or (2) if ordered by the court." *Id.*

Defendant's Interrogatories seek information that does not fall into those exceptions. The requested information includes descriptions of medical treatment (Nos. 12-13) and employment records (No. 9); details and descriptions regarding income Ms. Giuffre has received over a period of 20 years (No. 10); information about Ms. Giuffre's email and social media accounts (No. 2); descriptions of "the nature" of legal representation that Ms. Giuffre received (No. 3); details and descriptions concerning specific communications (Nos. 4-5), details about other incidents of defamation not at issue in this case (No. 7); and details concerning incidents of sexual assaults (No. 14). Defendant claims that "many of the interrogatories sought, consistent with Local Rule 33.3(a), seek the names of witnesses and the custodians of records," (Def's MPO at FN 1). That does not excuse her violation of the rule since each interrogatory seeks far more than the identification of a name. *J. Goldman & Co., L.P. v. Kowal*, No. 96 CIV. 7868 DAB HBP, 1997 WL 452332, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 8, 1997) ("To the extent the interrogatories seek information beyond the identification of persons and transactions, depositions are more practical vehicles for obtaining the information.").

The information that Defendant's interrogatories seek can be obtained more practically through other discovery methods. For instance, the information that Defendant seeks concerning Ms. Giuffre's medical and employment histories and sources of income can be obtained more practically by deposing her and through issuing requests for production. *See Kunstler*, 2006 WL 2516625, at *5 (denying defendants' request to compel response to interrogatory because "descriptions of the nature and extent of injuries, medical diagnoses, the course of treatment, and prescriptions are ordinarily more efficiently obtained through the production of pertinent medical records and through depositions" and thus exceed the scope of Local Civil Rule 33.3); *Ferguson v. Ferrante*, No. 13 CIV. 4468 VEC, 2014 WL 1327968, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 3, 2014) (finding that request for identifying information of certain bank accounts could be more efficiently obtained from plaintiff at a deposition rather than through interrogatories); *Nunez v. City of New York*, No. 11 CIV. 5845 LTS JCF, 2013 WL 2149869, at *8 (S.D.N.Y. May 17, 2013) (denying motion to compel response to interrogatory seeking information about plaintiff's injuries and medical treatment because requests exceeded the scope of interrogatories permitted by Rule 33.3). As in the cases cited, the information that Defendant seeks regarding specific incidents and communications are more properly obtained through deposition testimony or document requests.

In an attempt to justify her clear contravention of Rule 33.3, Defendant asserts that her interrogatories seek "the kind of minutiae that Plaintiff is unlikely to 'recall' at the time of her deposition." (Def's MPO at FN 1.) However, to date, Defendant has yet to take a single deposition in this case. Moreover, Defendant did not serve her first request for production until February 12, 2016, and the production in response to those requests is ongoing. Thus, her conclusory claim that "the remainder of interrogatories propounded" are "a more practical method of obtaining the information sought than a request for production or deposition," *id.*, is purely speculative and without any basis. For example, Ms. Giuffre has produced medical records, and

will produce more, that will satisfy Interrogatory No. 9. At this early stage in discovery, Defendant has not and cannot justify interrogatories as a more practical way of obtaining the breadth of information requested in her interrogatories.

B. Interrogatory Nos. 6, 8, And 11 Are Premature Contention Interrogatories.

In addition to seeking information outside the scope permitted under Rule 33.3(a), Interrogatories Nos. 6, 8 and 11 are contention interrogatories, which seek identification of Ms. Giuffre's claims and the facts underlying them. For instance, Interrogatory No. 6 directs Ms. Giuffre to "[i]dentify any 'false statements' attributed to Ghislaine Maxwell which were 'published globally' ... as You contend in ... Your Complaint[.]" Interrogatory No. 8 directs Ms. Giuffre to identify, among other things, the dates, locations, and witnesses to Mr. Epstein's sexual trafficking of Ms. Giuffre described in pleadings that Ms. Giuffre has filed in another action.

Local Rule 33.3(c) clearly proscribes contention interrogatories such as these until "the conclusion of other discovery." S.D.N.Y. Civil R. 33.3(c); *see also Liveperson, Inc. v. 24/7 Customer, Inc.*, No. 14 CIV. 1559 RWS, 2015 WL 4597546, at *7 (S.D.N.Y. July 30, 2015) (Sweet, J.) (noting that "contention interrogatories" are "available at the close rather than the beginning of discovery"). In applying this rule, this Court has found that contention interrogatories are improper when served early in discovery, before any depositions have been taken. *Shannon v. New York City Transit Auth.*, No 00 Civ. 5079, 2001 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 3162, at *9-10 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 22, 2001) (Sweet, J.) (denying motion to compel responses to contention interrogatories where the only discovery that had occurred to date was document discovery and depositions had yet to be conducted); *see also Regeneron Pharm., Inc. v. Merus B.V.*, No. 14 CIV. 1650 KBF, 2014 WL 2447600, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. May 29, 2014) (denying party's motion to compel responses to contention interrogatories at early stage in discovery); *Trilegiant Corp. v. Sitel Corp.*, 272 F.R.D. 360, 367 (S.D.N.Y. 2010) (same).

Defendant was not entitled to serve improper and premature interrogatories in clear violation of Local Rule 33.3, and Ms. Giuffre was under no obligation to respond. While Defendant has elected to ignore the limitations in Rule 33.3, Ms. Giuffre has complied with the terms of the rule and, to date, has not served any interrogatories whatsoever. Moreover, Ms. Giuffre provided responses to some of Defendant's interrogatories, subject to objections, and despite the fact that she was not required to do so. Defendant's attempt to base her Motion for a Protective Order on interrogatory responses is in direct violation of Local Rule 33.3 and should be denied.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above, Ms. Giuffre respectfully requests that the Court deny Defendant's Motion for Protective Order and direct Defendant to sit for her deposition scheduled for March 25, 2016.

Dated: March 23, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley

Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 23, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
Jeffrey S. Pagliuca, , Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com
Email: jpagliuca@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley _____
Sigrid S. McCawley

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCawley IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF VIRGINIA
GIUFFRE'S RESPONSE IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR
PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING DEFENDANT'S DEPOSITION**

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.
2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Response in Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Protective Order Regarding Defendant's Deposition [D.E. 63].
3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of Sigrid McCawley's March 22, 2016 Correspondence.
4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of Plaintiff's Supplemental Responses and Objections to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests.
5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3, is a true and correct copy of Plaintiff's original Responses and Objections to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests dated March 16, 2016.

6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4, is a true and correct copy of the Affidavit of Robert Conley from Rational Retention.

7. Attached hereto as Exhibit 5, is a true and correct copy of Sigrid McCawley's March 20, 2016 Correspondence to Defendant's Counsel.

8. Attached hereto as Exhibit 6, is a true and correct copy of Sigrid McCawley's February 19, 2016 Correspondence to Defendant's Counsel.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: March 23, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on March 23, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
Jeffrey S. Pagliuca, , Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmessenger@hmflaw.com
Email: jpagliariuca@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley _____
Sigrid S. McCawley

EXHIBIT 1

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 EAST LAS OLAS BOULEVARD • SUITE 1200 • FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33301-2211 • PH. 954.356.0011 • FAX 954.356.0022

Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.
E-mail: smccawley@bsflp.com

March 22, 2016

Via Electronic MailLaura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203**Re: Giuffre v. Maxwell,**
Case no. 15-cv-07433-RWS

Dear Ms. Menninger:

Pursuant to last Thursday's hearing before Judge Sweet and my agreement to provide the Defendant with the exhibits that I may use at this Friday's deposition of the Defendant, below please find a list of the exhibits that we may rely upon.

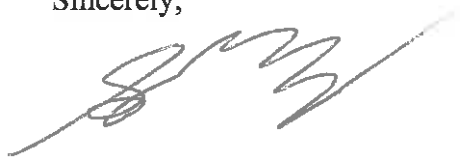
DESCRIPTION	BATES
September 21, 2015 Complaint [DE 1] filed in Maxwell defamation action	Giuffre002981-002992
Defendant's Answer [DE 54] to Complaint dated March 14, 2016	
March 18, 2016 Protective Order [DE 62] filed in Maxwell defamation action	
March 17, 2011 FBI 302 Interview of Virginia Giuffre (in Australia)	Giuffre001235-001246
February 22, 2016 Re-Notice of Taking Videotaped Deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell - (March 25, 2016)	
February 5, 2016 Notice of Taking Videotaped Deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell - (March 2, 2016)	
Defendant Maxwell's Rule 26 Disclosures dated February 24, 2016	
Defendant Maxwell's Privilege Log	
Defendant Maxwell's February 8, 2016 document production	GM 00001-00015
Defendant Maxwell's February 29, 2016 Rule 26 Disclosure documents	GM 00016-00068
2009 Notice of Taking Videotaped Deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell, Subpoena and Daily Mail article	Exhibit 8 to Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Objections [DE 25]
March 9, 2011 Ross Gow Statement	Giuffre001067

Letter to Laura Menninger, Esq.
 March 22, 2016
 Page 2

DESCRIPTION	BATES
January 4, 2015 Express Article: "Ghislaine Maxwell I was Not a Madam for Paedophile"	Plaintiff's Rule 26 Disclosures
January 5, 2015 New York Daily News Article: "Alleged Madam Accused of Supplying Prince Andrew with Underage Teen For Sex Spotted In NYC - As He's Seen Cutting Swiss Vacation Short To Face Queen"	Giuffre001120
Flight Logs	Giuffre000721-000859
Message Pads	Giuffre001387-001571
West Palm Beach Detective Report	Giuffre000002-000089
Rodriguez Journal aka Black Book	Giuffre001573-001669
Complaint in Jane Doe v. Epstein action	Giuffre001207-001233
September 3, 2008 Victim Notification Letter	Giuffre001203-001205
January 21, 2015 Declaration of Jane Doe No. 3 aka Virginia Giuffre in CVRA action	Giuffre000888-000906
February 6, 2015 Declaration of Jane Doe No. 3 aka Virginia Giuffre in CVRA action	Giuffre000907-000934
November 20, 2015 Declaration of Virginia Giuffre in Dershowitz action	Giuffre000383-000398
February 1, 2015 Mirror Article "Prince Andrew's Pal Ghislaine Maxwell May Sue Over Madam Allegations	Giuffre001125-001128
January 3, 2015 Daily Mail Article: "Harvard Law Professor Named Alongside Prince Andrew in Sex-Slave Case Accuses Alleged Victim of Making Up Stories	Giuffre001088-001099
September 23, 2007 Red Ice Creations Article: "Prince Andrew's Friend, Ghislaine Maxwell, Some Underage Girls And a Very Disturbing Story	Giuffre001131-001138
Photographs	Giuffre000404-000424
Thailand Flight Information and Invoices for VR	Giuffre000375-381 and Giuffre000919-926
November 21, 2005 Statement of Juan Alessi	Giuffre000598-623
March 24, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Sarah Kellen	Plaintiff's Revised Rule 26 Disclosures
April 13, 2010 Deposition Transcript of Nadia Marcinkova	Giuffre001164-001201
July 29, 2009 Deposition Transcript of Alfredo Rodriguez	Giuffre000252-000318
August 7, 2009 Continued Deposition Transcript of Alfredo Rodriguez	Giuffre001005-001057
September 8, 2009 Deposition Transcript of Juan Alessi	Giuffre000091-000249
Medical Records produced March 22, 2016	

Letter to Laura Menninger, Esq.
March 22, 2016
Page 3

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Sigrid S. McCawley". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke at the end.

Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

SSM/ep

EXHIBIT 2

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**PLAINTIFF’S AMENDED SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE AND OBJECTIONS
TO DEFENDANT’S FIRST SET OF DISCOVERY REQUESTS TO PLAINTIFF**

Plaintiff hereby serves her amended supplemental responses and objections to Defendant’s First Set of Discovery Requests.

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

Defendant’s First Set of Discovery Requests violates Local Civil Rule 33.3. Defendant has served interrogatories that are in direct violation of that Rule because the interrogatories are not “restricted to those seeking names of witnesses with knowledge of information relevant to the subject matter of the action, the computation of each category of damage alleged, and the existence, custodian, location and general description of relevant documents, including pertinent insurance agreements, and other physical evidence, or information of a similar nature.” Local Civil Rule 33.3(a). Instead, they seek information under subsections (b) and (c) of Local Civil Rule 33.3, and therefore, they should not be served because they are not “a more practical method of obtaining the information sought than a request for production or a deposition,” and because they were served in advance of the period “30 days prior to the discovery cut-off date.” Local Civil Rule 33.3(b), (c). The interrogatories you served violate Local Rule 33.3 and we ask

that you immediately withdraw those interrogatories. *See* Rule 33.3, Local Rules for the Southern District of New York; *see also Shannon v. New York City Transit Auth.*, No. 00 CIV. 5079 (Sweet, J.), 2001 WL 286727, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 22, 2001); accord *Gary Friedrich Enterprises, LLC v. Marvel Enterprises, Inc.*, No. 08 CIV. 1533 BSJ JCF, 2011 WL 1642381, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 26, 2011). Specifically, Rule 33.3 provides:

- (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, at the commencement of discovery, interrogatories will be restricted to those seeking names of witnesses with knowledge of information relevant to the subject matter of the action, the computation of each category of damage alleged, and the existence, custodian, location and general description of relevant documents, including pertinent insurance agreements, and other physical evidence, or information of a similar nature.
- (b) During discovery, interrogatories other than those seeking information described in paragraph (a) above may only be served (1) if they are a more practical method of obtaining the information sought than a request for production or a deposition, or (2) if ordered by the Court.
- (c) At the conclusion of other discovery, and at least 30 days prior to the discovery cut-off date, interrogatories seeking the claims and contentions of the opposing party may be served unless the Court has ordered otherwise.

Similarly, Requests for Production numbers 1, 2, 4, 6(i), 9, 12, 30, 35 and 37 also violate Local Rule 33.3 in that they rely on the offending interrogatory requests. The Rule provides that a party must first try to obtain discovery through document production and testimony. Discovery does not close in this case until July 1, 2016, and Defendant has not yet noticed a deposition. As such, these interrogatories violate Local Rule 33.3 and are premature.

Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests also violates Rule 33, Fed. R. Civ. P., which provides "a party may serve on any other party no more than 25 interrogatories, including all discrete subparts" – in that Defendant has served a total of 59 interrogatories, including subparts, in violation of Rule 33. We ask that you immediately withdraw those interrogatories that exceed the 25 interrogatory limit set by Rule 33.

Ms. Giuffre objects to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests to the extent they seek information that is protected by any applicable privilege, including but not limited to, attorney client privilege, work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests to the extent Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests call for the production of documents or information that is already in the possession, custody, or control of the Defendant. Ms. Giuffre further objects to the requests to the extent that Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests is duplicative of documents and information that can equally or more readily be obtained by the Defendant.

Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests to the extent that they seek documents that are not relevant, material, or necessary to this action and, thus, are not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Many of the requests in the Defendant's First Set of Discovery seek documents that are in no way limited to their relation to this case. Indeed, they seek documents that are not important to resolving the issues; documents that are not relevant to any party's claim or defense; and documents that are not proportional to the needs of the case. Such requests create a heavy burden on Ms. Giuffre that outweighs any benefit. Such discovery is prohibited by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, particularly under the 2015 amendments to Rule 26(b)(1), Fed. R. Civ. P., and is wholly inappropriate.

Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests to the extent that they are overly broad and unduly burdensome, as individually logging all privileged responsive documents would be overly burdensome. Plaintiff contends that requests targeting such privileged information are overly broad under Rule 26(b)(1), Fed. R. Civ. P. Specifically, Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests as overly burdensome to the extent that they would require logging voluminous and ever-increasing

privileged communications between Ms. Giuffre and her counsel after the date litigation commenced on September 21, 2015. Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests as overly burdensome to the extent that they would require logging voluminous privileged documents between Ms. Giuffre and her counsel related to *Jane Doe #1 and Jane Doe #2 v. United States*, Case no. 08-80736-CIV-Marra, pending in the Southern District of Florida; *Bradley Edwards and Paul Cassell v. Alan Dershowitz*, Case no. CACE 15-000072, pending in the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit, Broward County, Florida; and *Jane Doe No. 102 v. Jeffrey Epstein*, Case No. 09-80656-CIV-Marra/Johnson (Southern District of Florida). Accordingly, due the undue burden of individually logging responsive privileged documents related to Defendant's overly broad requests, Plaintiff has employed categorical logging of such privileged responsive documents pursuant to Local Civil Rule 26.2(c).

Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests in that they seek to invade her privacy for the sole purpose of harassing and intimidating Ms. Giuffre who was a victim of sexual trafficking. Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests to the extent they are overly broad and unduly burdensome.

Ms. Giuffre objects to Defendant's definition of "your attorneys" because it includes names of attorneys that do not represent her, including Spencer Kuvin and Jack Scarola.

Ms. Giuffre's responses to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests are being made after reasonable inquiry into the relevant facts, and are based only upon the information and documentation that is presently known to her. Ms. Giuffre reserves the right to modify and/or supplement her responses. Ms. Giuffre is producing documents and information herewith, and she will continue to review and produce relevant documents until completion.

Ms. Giuffre incorporates her above-listed general objections in the responses herein.

INTERROGATORIES

1. State:
 - a. Your present residential address;
 - b. Each residential address You have had since 1998, including any residential treatment facilities;
 - c. the dates You lived at each address;
 - d. the other Persons who lived with You at each address and for what period of time they lived at such address.

Response to Interrogatory One:

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in part because it violates Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it seeks information that is sought by Defendant only to harass and intimidate Ms. Giuffre who was a victim of sexual trafficking. Per the Plaintiff's First Responses and Objections, and per our representations during the March 21, 2016 meet and confer phone call, we are working diligently to find information to supplement the below information with regard to address and dates, and once that information is obtained, Plaintiff will serve supplemental responses. Additionally, per the March 21, 2016 meet and confer phone call, we are addressing with the Plaintiff whether she will reveal here address to Defendant's counsel confidentially and we will update you with her response.

- a. Due to safety concerns with respect to Ms. Giuffre and her minor children, she is not at liberty to reveal her present residential location. To ensure that Defendant is not prejudiced by the failure to provide information about Ms. Giuffre's specific residential location, Ms. Giuffre agrees to have her attorney's accept service on her behalf of any necessary communication or

filings in this matter to be addressed to: Sigrid McCawley, Esq. Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP, 401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33316.

- b. Ms. Giuffre can recall living at the following addresses during the period of 1998 to the present. Ms. Giuffre may have lived at other locations for which she does not presently have the address. Ms. Giuffre is providing the information she has presently to the best of her recollection and review of documents and will supplement to the extent she obtains additional information responsive to this interrogatory.
- c. Ms. Giuffre believes she has lived at the following residences:
- In January 1998, Ms. Giuffre was 14 years old. Ms. Giuffre recalls one facility named “Growing Together” that was located in or around Palm Beach, but she does not recall the dates when she resided at the facility.
 - From 1999-2002, Ms. Giuffre lived and travelled with Jeffrey Epstein and stayed at his various mansions in New York (9 E. 71st Street, New York, NY 10021-4102), Palm Beach (358 El Brillo Way, Palm Beach, Florida 33480, New Mexico (Zorro Ranch, 49 Zorro Ranch Rd., Stanley, New Mexico 87056), U.S.V.I. (Little St. James, 6100 Red Hook Quarters, Suite B3, St. Thomas, Virgin Islands 00802), and Paris (22 Avenue Foch Apt 2DD, Paris, France 75116).

- Jeffrey Epstein also rented a residence for Ms. Giuffre in Royal Palm Beach, the exact address and dates of rental are in the possession, custody and control of Jeffrey Epstein. Tony Figueroa, James Michael Austrich and a few other individuals for whom Ms. Giuffre cannot recall the names of, stayed with her from time to time at the residence that Jeffrey Epstein rented.
- Ms. Giuffre's parents' address was 12959 Rackley Road, Loxahatchee, Florida 33470, and she lived there from time to time with her mother, her father, and her brothers.
- 2C Quentin St. Basshill NSW in approximately 2003, but she is not certain of that date. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- N. Paramentata, NSW from approximately 2003 - 2005, but she is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- Blue Bay, NSW from approximately 2005 - 2008 but is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- 3 Elk St., NSW from approximately 2008 - 2009 but is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- 50 Robertson Road, Basshill, NSW, but is not certain of the date. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.

- 50 Bundeena Rd., Glenning Valley, NSW from approximately 2009 - 2013 but is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- 5035 Winchester Drive, Titusville, FL from approximately November 6, 2013 to 2014 but is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- 1270 J. Street, Penrose, CO 81240, from approximately 2014 – 2015. At this location Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.

2. Identify any email address, email account, cellphone number and cellphone provider, social media account and login or screen name, text or instant messaging account name and number, that You have used, applied for or been supplied between 1998 and the present.

Response to Interrogatory No. 2

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it violates Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad and seeks information solely to harass and intimidate Ms. Giuffre.

For the period of 1998 to the present Ms. Giuffre provides the following information. During the time period that she was sexually trafficked by Jeffrey Epstein and the defendant, the defendant provided Ms. Giuffre with a cellphone so that she could be reached by the Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein at any time. Defendant is in possession of the information relating to this cellphone that she provided to Ms. Giuffre. Ms. Giuffre is responding with the information she can presently recall, but to the extent she obtains additional information she will supplement this response. Ms. Giuffre's e-mail address is robiejennag@y7mail.com. She can recall having the following cell numbers (321) 271-4948, +61414651273, 0407.433.252. Ms. Giuffre had a Facebook account for a short time but it is no longer active. Per our representations during the

March 21, 2015 meet and confer phone call, we are working diligently to find information to supplement the above information, and once that information is obtained, Plaintiff will serve supplemental responses.

3. Identify each attorney who has represented you from 1998 to the present, the dates of any such representation, and the nature of the representation.

Response to Interrogatory No. 3

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory as it seeks privileged information relating to her representation by attorneys. Ms. Giuffre responds that she has been represented by the following attorneys: Bob Josefsberg and members of his firm; Stan Pottinger, Brad Edwards from Farmer, Jaffe, Weissing, Edwards, Fistos & Lehrman, P.L.; Paul Cassell, a Professor of Criminal Law at the S.J. Quinney College of Law at the University of Utah; David Boies, Sigrid McCawley, and other attorneys and staff at Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP.

4. Identify each Communication, including the transmission of any Document, that You or Your Attorneys have had with any local, state or federal law enforcement agent or agency, whether in the United States or any other country, whether in Your capacity as a purported victim, witness, or perpetrator of any criminal activity, and whether as a juvenile or as an adult, including without limitation:

- a. the date of any such Communication;
- b. the form of any such Communication, whether oral or written and if written, the format of any such Communication;
- c. the identities of all persons involved in the Communication, including the identity of the law enforcement agency with whom the agent is or was affiliated;

- d. the case number associated with any such Communication;
- e. the subject matter of any such Communication;
- f. the disposition of any case associated with any such Communication, irrespective of whether the matter was sealed, expunged or later dismissed.

Response to Interrogatory No. 4

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it seeks protected information regarding confidential investigations. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to the extent this seeks information regarding sexual assaults that occurred prior to her involvement with the Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein. Ms. Giuffre responds as follows: Ms. Giuffre met with the FBI on or about March 17, 2011. Ms. Giuffre also corresponded with Maria Villafano from the U.S. Attorney's office and that correspondence has been produced. As to other investigations by law enforcement, Ms. Giuffre objects as this seeks information covered by the public interest privilege.

5. Identify each Communication that You or Your Attorneys have had with any author, reporter, correspondent, columnist, writer, commentator, investigative journalist, photojournalist, newspaper person, freelance reporter, stringer, or any other employee of any media organization or independent consultant to the same, including:

- a. the date of any such Communication;
- b. the form of any such Communication, whether oral or written and if written, the format of any such Communication;

- c. the identities of all persons involved in such Communication, including the identity of the media organization with whom the agent is or was affiliated;
- d. the article title, date of publication, and means of publication of any article, report, or re-printing of any such Communication made by You or Your Attorneys;
- e. the amount of Income that You and/or Your Attorneys received in exchange for any such Communication;
- f. the dates on which You and/or Your Attorneys received any such Income for any such Communication.

Response to Interrogatory No. 5

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects in that this request is overly broad and unduly burdensome.

6. Identify any “false statements” attributed to Ghislaine Maxwell which were “published globally, including within the Southern District of New York” as You contend in paragraph 9 of Count 1 of Your Complaint, including:

- a. the exact false statement;
- b. the date of its publication;
- c. the publishing entity and title of any publication containing the purportedly false statement;

- d. the URL or internet address for any internet version of such publication; and
- e. the nature of the publication, whether in print, internet, broadcast or some other form of media.

Response to Interrogatory No. 6

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre further objects because the information requested above is in the possession of Defendant who has failed to comply with her production obligations in this matter.

7. State whether You believe that You have ever been defamed by anyone other than Ghislaine Maxwell. If so, as to each alleged act of Defamation, state

- a. the exact false statement;
- b. the date of its publication;
- c. the publishing entity and title of any publication containing the purportedly false statement;
- d. the URL or internet address for any internet version of such publication; and
- e. the nature of the publication, whether in print, internet, broadcast or some other form of media.

Response to Interrogatory No. 7

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information protected by the attorney client and work product

privileges. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it is not limited in time or to the subject nature of this litigation.

8. Identify the individuals referenced in Your pleadings filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida, *Jane Doe 1 and Jane Doe 2 v. United States of America*, 08-cv-80736-KAM, as the “high-profile non-party individuals” to whom Mr. Jeffrey Epstein sexually trafficked You, “including numerous prominent American politicians, powerful business executives, foreign presidents, a well-known Prime Minister, and other world leaders,” including as to each episode of alleged sexual trafficking:

- a. the date of any such sexual trafficking;
- b. the location of any such sexual trafficking;
- c. any witnesses to any such sexual trafficking;
- d. any Income You received in exchange for such sexual trafficking; and
- e. any Documents You have to support or corroborate Your claim of such sexual trafficking.

Response to Interrogatory No. 8

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Additionally, Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory because naming some such individuals would jeopardize her physical safety based on credible threats to the same. Ms. Giuffre refers to the list of witnesses identified in her Revised Rule 26 Disclosures.

9. Identify any Employment You have had from 1996 until the present, including

without limitation, the name of Your employer or the name of any Person who engaged You for such Employment, the address and telephone number for any such Employment, the beginning and ending dates of any such Employment, Your job title in such Employment, and Your Income from such Employment.

Response to Interrogatory No. 9

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome, and seeks information that is not relevant to this case.

10. Identify any Income from any source other than Your Employment that You have received from January 1, 1996 until the present, including the Person or entity providing such Income, the amount of the Income, the dates on which any such Income was received, and the nature of the Income, whether a loan, investment proceeds, legal settlement, asset sale, gift, or other source.

Response to Interrogatory No. 10

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad and seeks confidential financial information. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it seeks information covered by confidentiality provisions. Ms. Giuffre objects to this information in that any payment information for the sexual trafficking she endured at the hands of Jeffrey Epstein and Ghislaine Maxwell is in the possession, custody and control of the Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein.

Ms. Giuffre is in possession of a responsive document that contains a confidentiality provision. If Defendant obtains, and produces to Ms. Giuffre, a written waiver from her co-conspirator, Mr. Epstein, of the confidentiality provision, freeing Ms. Giuffre from any liability whatsoever under the confidentiality provision, she will produce the document.

11. Identify any facts upon which You base Your contention that You have suffered as a result of the Alleged Defamation by Ghislaine Maxwell “past and future lost wages and past and future loss of earning capacity and actual earnings – precise amounts yet to be computed, but not less than \$5,000,000.”

Response to Interrogatory No. 11

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it prematurely seeks expert witness disclosures. Ms. Giuffre incorporates by reference herein her Revised Rule 26 disclosures, which includes her computation of damages.

12. Identify any Health Care Provider from whom You received any treatment for any physical, mental or emotional condition, that You suffered from subsequent to any Alleged Defamation by Ghislaine Maxwell, including:

- a. the Health Care Provider’s name, address, and telephone number;
- b. the type of consultation, examination, or treatment provided;
- c. the dates You received consultation, examination, or treatment;
- d. whether such treatment was on an in-patient or out-patient basis;
- e. the medical expenses to date;
- f. whether health insurance or some other person or organization or entity has paid for the medical expenses; and

- g. for each such Health Care Provider, please execute the medical and mental health records release attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Response to Interrogatory No. 12

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overbroad and seeks confidential medical information of a sex abuse victim and is not limited in scope to the issues in this case Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

13. Identify any Health Care Provider from whom You received any treatment for any physical, mental or emotional condition, including addiction to alcohol, prescription or illegal drugs, that You suffered from prior to the Alleged Defamation by Ghislaine Maxwell, including:

- a. the Health Care Provider's name, address, and telephone number;
- b. the type of consultation, examination, or treatment provided;
- c. the dates You received consultation, examination, or treatment;
- d. whether such treatment was on an in-patient or out-patient basis;
- e. the medical expenses to date;
- f. whether health insurance or some other person or organization or entity has paid for the medical expenses; and
- g. For each such Health Care Provider, please execute the medical and mental health records release attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Response to Interrogatory No. 13

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overbroad and seeks confidential medical information of a sex abuse victim and is not limited in scope to the issues in this case. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is not limited in scope to the medical information relating to the abuse she suffered from Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein.

14. Identify any Person who You believe subjected You to, or with whom You engaged in, any illegal or inappropriate sexual contact, conduct or assault prior to June 1999, including the names of the individuals involved, the dates of any such illegal or inappropriate sexual contact, conduct or assault, whether Income was received by You or anyone else concerning such event, whether a police report was ever filed concerning such event and the outcome of any such case, as well as the address and location of any such event.

Response to Interrogatory No. 14

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overbroad and seeks confidential medical information of a sex abuse victim. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks sexual assault information for a period prior to the sexual abuse at issue in this matter for a period when she was a minor child from the time Ms. Giuffre was born until she was 15. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is sought solely to harass, and intimidate Ms. Giuffre who is a victim of sexual abuse by the defendant.

REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION

1. **All Communications and Documents identified in Interrogatories 1-14, above.**

Response to Request No. 1

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that Defendant's interrogatories violate Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome, incorporating the interrogatories that total 59 subparts, and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks to invade the privacy rights of a sex abuse victims, and is meant for the improper purpose of harassing and intimidating this victim.

Subject to and without waving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre is withholding production of documents that are privileged pursuant to the attorney-client privilege, the work product privilege, and the public interest privilege. Ms. Giuffre is also withholding electronic renditions of photographs that depict the faces of her minor children, including school portraits and other photographs taken that reveal the faces of her minor children.

Subjection to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request limited to documents that do not depict images of her minor children as described *supra* and will continue to supplement her production.

2. All Documents reviewed or relied upon in answering Interrogatory Nos. 1-14 above.

Response to Request No. 2

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that defendant's interrogatories violate Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is protected by the attorney client, work product, and public interest, and other applicable privileges. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad incorporating the interrogatories that total 59 subparts. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks to invade the privacy rights of a sex abuse victims and is meant for the improper purpose of harassing and intimidating this victim.

Subject to and without waving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre is withholding production of documents that are privileged pursuant to the attorney-client privilege, the work product privilege, and the public interest privilege. Ms. Giuffre is also withholding electronic renditions of photographs that depict the faces of her minor children, including school portraits and other photographs taken that reveal the faces of her minor children.

Subjection to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request limited to documents that do not depict images of her minor children as described *supra* and will continue to supplement her production.

3. All Documents from any law enforcement agency, whether local, state or federal, whether in the United States or elsewhere, which concern or relate to You in any way. These Documents should include, without limitation, any witness statements, including statements made by You.

Response to Request No. 3

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is protected by the attorney client, work product, public interest privilege and other applicable privileges. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is not limited in time period.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request and will continue to supplement her production. Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents that concern or relate to any currently ongoing investigation by any law enforcement agency under the public interest privilege and other applicable privileges.

4. All Documents reflecting any letter of engagement, any fee agreement, or any other type of writing reflecting an engagement of any attorney identified in response to Interrogatory No. 3.

Response to Request No. 4

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense and other applicable privileges. Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents based on this objection. Specifically, Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents reflecting the engagements between herself and her attorneys she has engaged in relation to the above-captioned action and other actions as those documents involve privileged communications.

5. All Documents relating to any Communications occurring from 1998 to the present with any of the following individuals or with their attorneys, agents or representatives:

a. Jeffrey Epstein;

- b. Ghislaine Maxwell**
- c. Any witness disclosed in Plaintiff's Rule 26(a) disclosures;**
- d. Any witness identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 8 and No. 14;**
- e. Sky Roberts;**
- f. Lynn Roberts;**
- g. Kimberley Roberts;**
- h. Daniel LNU, half-brother of Plaintiff;**
- i. Carol Roberts Kess;**
- j. Philip Guderyon;**
- k. Anthony Valladares;**
- l. Anthony Figueroa;**
- m. Ron Eppinger**

Response to Request No. 5

Ms. Giuffre objection to this request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome, particularly as it seeks documents relating to over 60 individuals, and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects because compliance with this request is unduly burdensome. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents to Ms. Giuffre's request seeking communications between the Defendant and Ms. Giuffre and between Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the

extent is seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, public interest or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is sought solely to harass and intimidate Ms. Giuffre, and invade her privacy, by seeking her private communications with her various family members, including aunts, uncles and parents and siblings.

Subject to and without waving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre is withholding production of documents that are privileged pursuant to the attorney-client privilege, the work product privilege, and the public interest privilege. Ms. Giuffre is also withholding electronic renditions of photographs that depict the faces of her minor children, including school portraits and other photographs taken that reveal the faces of her minor children.

Subjection to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request limited to documents that do not depict images of her minor children as described *supra* and will continue to supplement this production.

6. All photographs or video containing any image of You and the following individuals. To the extent You have such photographs and video in their original, native format, please produce them in that format (not a paper copy).

- a. **Ghislaine Maxwell**
- b. **Alan Dershowitz**
- c. **Jeffrey Epstein**
- d. **Andrew Albert Christian Edward, the Duke of York (aka Prince Andrew)**
- e. **Ron Eppinger**

- f. **Bill Clinton**
- g. **Stephen Hawking**
- h. **Al Gore**
- i. **Any of the individuals identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 8 and No. 14.**

Response to Request No. 6

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents to Ms. Giuffre's request seeking communications between the Defendant and Ms. Giuffre and between Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request and will continue to supplement her production. Ms. Giuffre does not have "original, native format," as requested so she is producing the paper copies she has in her possession, custody and control.

7. All photographs and video of You in any of Jeffrey Epstein's properties, including, but not limited to: his home in Palm Beach, Florida; his home in New York City, New York; his ranch in Santa Fe, New Mexico; and Little Saint James Island in the U.S. Virgin Islands. To the extent You have such photographs and video in their original, native format, please produce them in that format (not a paper copy).

Response to Request No. 7

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents to Ms. Giuffre's request seeking communications between the Defendant and Ms. Giuffre and between Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce documents responsive to this Request and will continue to supplement her production. Ms. Giuffre does not have "original, native format," as requested so she is producing the paper copies she has in her possession, custody and control. The Defendant has documents responsive to this request that she should produce.

8. All photographs or video of You in any of Ms. Maxwell's properties, including her home in London, England and her home in New York City, New York. To the extent You have such photographs or video in their original, native format, please produce them in that format (not a paper copy).

Response to Request No. 8

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents to Ms. Giuffre's request seeking communications between the Defendant and Ms. Giuffre and between Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce

non-privileged documents responsive to this Request and will continue to supplement her production. Ms. Giuffre does not have “original, native format,” as requested so she is producing the paper copies she has in her possession, custody and control. The Defendant has documents responsive to this request that she should produce.

9. Any Documents reflecting rental agreements or purchase agreements for the residential addresses identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 1.

Response to Request No. 9

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information that is irrelevant to this action. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, public interest or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that the information regarding rental agreements for the apartments that Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein rented for her are in the Defendant’s possession, control and custody.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement this production.

10. All Documents relating to Your Employment and/or association with the Mar-a-Lago Club located in Palm Beach, Florida, including any application for Employment.

Response to Request No. 10

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, public interest or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement this production.

11. Any Document reflecting any confidentiality agreement by and between, or concerning, You and the Mar-a-Lago Club.

Response to Request No. 10

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, public interest or any other applicable privilege.

Ms. Giuffre has been unable to locate any such documents.

12. All Documents concerning any Employment by You from 1998 to the present or identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 9, including any records of Your Employment at the Roadhouse Grill in Palm Beach, Florida.

Response to Request No. 12

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, public interest or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement this production.

13. All Documents concerning any allegations of theft by You from the Roadhouse Grill in Palm Beach, Florida from 1999 – 2002.

Response to Request No. 13

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information solely to harass, embarrass, and intimidate Ms. Giuffre. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it wrongfully characterizes a “theft by You”. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request as it seeks documents of sealed juvenile records, and the only means of obtaining such records are either through court order or illegal means.

Ms. Giuffre has been unable to locate any such documents.

14. A copy of Your federal, state or local tax returns for the years 1998 to the present, whether from the United States or any other country.

Response to Request No. 14

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information that is irrelevant to this action. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks financial information from her when she was a

minor child starting at age 14. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement this production.

15. All Documents concerning Your attendance at or enrollment in any school or educational program of whatever type, from 1998 to the present.

Response to Request No. 15

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that her school records from when she was a minor child are an invasion of privacy, and sought only to harass and embarrass her.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement this production.

16. Any diary, journal or calendar concerning Your activities between 1996 – 2002.

Response to Request No. 16

Ms. Giuffre objections to this Request on the grounds that the time period is overly broad and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary and copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks highly personal and sensitive material from a time when she was being sexually trafficked.

Ms. Giuffre has been unable to locate any such documents.

17. All Documents relating to Your travel from the period of 1998 to the present, including, but not limited to a copy of Your passport that was valid for any part of that time period, any visa issued to You for travel, any visa application that You prepared or which was prepared on Your behalf, and travel itinerary, receipt, log, or Document (including any photograph) substantiating Your travel during that time period.

Response to Request No. 17

Ms. Giuffre objections to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product

privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad and not limited to travel records relevant to the abuse she suffered. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is wholly irrelevant to this lawsuit.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement this production. Per the agreements made in the March 21, 2016 meet and confer, we will attempt to locate and make copies of Plaintiff's current passport book.

18. All Documents showing any payments or remuneration of any kind made by Jeffrey Epstein or any of his agents or associates to You from 1999 until the present.

Response to Request No. 18

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has been unable to locate any such documents, but continues to search for responsive documents.

19. Any Document reflecting a confidentiality agreement, settlement agreement, or any contractual agreement of any kind, between You and Jeffrey Epstein, or any attorneys for You and/or Mr. Epstein.

Response to Request No. 19

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that the documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre is in possession of a responsive document that contains a confidentiality provision. As discussed during the March 21, 2016 meet and confer, If Defendant obtains, and produces to Ms. Giuffre, a written waiver from her co-conspirator, Mr. Epstein, of the confidentiality provision, releasing Ms. Giuffre from any liability whatsoever under the confidentiality provision, she will produce the document.

20. Any Document reflecting Your intent, plan or consideration of, asserting or threatening a claim or filing a lawsuit against another Person, any Document reflecting such a claim or lawsuit, including any complaint or draft complaint, or any demand for consideration with respect to any such claim or lawsuit against any Person.

Response to Request No. 20

Ms. Giuffre objections to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms.

Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects because this request is overly broad and unduly burdensome in that it seeks wholly privileged communications from other cases the logging of which on a privilege log would be unduly burdensome. As such, Ms. Giuffre is providing categorical privilege entries relating to those matters.

At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any non-privileged documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

21. All Documents relating to Your driver's license from 1998 – 2002.

Response to Request No. 21

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents.

At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

22. A copy of Your marriage license(s) from 1999 to the present.

Response to Request No. 22

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre

objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this request, and will continue to supplement this production.

23. All documents concerning Your naturalization application to Australia from 1999 to the present.

Response to Request No. 23

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

Ms. Giuffre has been unable to locate any such documents.

24. All Documents concerning Your Employment in Australia, including, but not limited to employment applications, pay stubs, Documents reflecting Your Income including any tax Documents.

Response to Request No. 24

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, or

any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks overly broad financial information not tailored to the sexual abuse and defamation issues in this case.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this request, and will continue to supplement this production.

25. All Documents concerning any massage therapist license obtained by You, including any massage therapy license issued in the United States, Thailand and/or Australia.

Response to Request No. 25

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any non-privileged documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

26. All Documents concerning any prescription drugs taken by You, including the prescribing doctor, the dates of said prescription, and the dates of any fulfillment of any such prescription.

Response to Request No. 26

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms.

Giuffre objects to this request in that it is not limited in date range in any way; therefore if she was on a prescription drug **when she was 2 years old**, she would have to produce that document. Ms. Giuffre also objects to this request in that it is not limited to prescription drugs she has taken as a result of the abuse she endured. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks confidential medical records that are not relevant to this action. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and is producing non-privileged documents responsive to the Request limited to documents relating to prescription drugs relating to her treatment for sexual abuse she suffered at the hands of the Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein, and relating to conditions or symptoms arising after Defendant's defamatory statement, and will continue to supplement this production.

27. All Documents, written or recorded, which reference by name, or other description, Ghislaine Maxwell.

Response to Request No. 27

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-

privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement her production.

28. All Documents reflecting notes of, or notes prepared for, any statements or interviews in which You referenced by name or other description, Ghislaine Maxwell.

Response to Request No. 28

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials.

At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any non-privileged documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

29. All Documents concerning any Communications by You or on Your behalf with any media outlet, including but not limited to the *Daily Mail*, *Daily Express*, the *Mirror*, *National Enquirer*, *New York Daily News*, *Radar Online*, and the *New York Post*, whether or not such communications were “on the record” or “off the record.”

Response to Request No. 29

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will

produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement her production.

30. All Documents concerning any Income received by You from any media outlet in exchange for Your statements (whether “on the record” or “off the record”) regarding Jeffery Epstein, Alan M. Dershowitz, Prince Andrew, Bill Clinton or Ghislaine Maxwell or any of the individuals identified by You in response to Interrogatory Nos. 8 and 14.

Response to Request No. 30

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement her production.

31. All Documents concerning any actual or potential book, television or movie deals concerning Your allegations about being a sex slave, including but not limited to a potential book by former New York Police Department detective John Connolly and writer James Patterson.

Response to Request No. 31

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement her production.

32. All manuscripts and/or other writings, whether published or unpublished, created in whole or in part by or in consultation with You, concerning, relating or referring to Jeffrey Epstein, Ghislaine Maxwell or any of their agents or associates.

Response to Request No. 32

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement her production.

33. All Documents concerning or relating to Victims Refuse Silence, the organization referred to in the Complaint, including articles of incorporation, any financial records for the organization, any Income You have received from the organization, and any Documents reflecting Your role within the organization or any acts taken on behalf of the Organization.

Response to Request No. 33

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement her production.

34. To the extent not produced in response to the above list of requested Documents, all notes, writings, photographs, and/or audio or video recordings made or recorded by You or of You at any time that refer or relate in any way to Ghislaine Maxwell.

Response to Request No. 34

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work

product privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary and copyright protected material.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement her production.

35. All phone records, including text messages, emails, social media Communications, letters or any other form of Communication, from or to You or associated with You in any way from 1998 to the present, which concern, relate to, identify, mention or reflect Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Alan Dershowitz, Prince Andrew, Bill Clinton, or any of the individuals identified in response to Interrogatory Nos. 8 and 14.

Response to Request No. 35

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents from “anyone associated with you” as that is vague and ambiguous. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary and copyright protected material.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement her production. While Ms. Giuffre has produced her documents, Ms. Giuffre's response does not include documents "from anyone associated with you" based on the above referenced objection.

36. All Documents relating to massages, including but not limited to any Documents reflecting the recruiting or hiring of masseuses, advertising for masseuses, flyers created for distribution at high schools or colleges, and records reflecting e-mails or calls to Persons relating to massages.

Response to Request No. 36

Ms. Giuffre objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is not time limited in any way. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

Ms. Giuffre has been unable to locate any such documents.

37. Statements or records from any bank into which You deposited money received from Jeffrey Epstein, any Person identified in Interrogatory No. 8 or 14, any witness disclosed in Your Rule 26(a) disclosures, any media organization or any employee or affiliate of any media organization.

Response to Request No. 37

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the public interest privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks personal financial information. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad as it has no time limitation.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Giuffre has already produced documents Bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190, and will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request, and will continue to supplement her production.

Dated: March 22, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 22, 2016, I electronically served *Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Amended Supplemental Responses and Objections to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests* on the following:

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmessenger@hmflaw.com

Jeffrey S. Pagliuca, , Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: jpagliariuca@hmflaw.com

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley

EXHIBIT 3

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

_____ /

**PLAINTIFF’S RESPONSE AND OBJECTIONS TO DEFENDANT’S
FIRST SET OF DISCOVERY REQUESTS TO PLAINTIFF**

Plaintiff hereby serves her responses and objections to Defendant’s First Set of Discovery Requests.

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

Defendant’s First Set of Discovery Requests violates Local Civil Rule 33.3. Defendant has served interrogatories that are in direct violation of that Rule because the interrogatories are not “restricted to those seeking names of witnesses with knowledge of information relevant to the subject matter of the action, the computation of each category of damage alleged, and the existence, custodian, location and general description of relevant documents, including pertinent insurance agreements, and other physical evidence, or information of a similar nature.” Local Civil Rule 33.3(a). Instead, they seek information under subsections (b) and (c) of Local Civil Rule 33.3, and therefore, they should not be served because they are not “a more practical method of obtaining the information sought than a request for production or a deposition,” and because they were served in advance of the period “30 days prior to the discovery cut-off date.” Local Civil Rule 33.3(b), (c). The interrogatories you served violate Local Rule 33.3 and we ask

that you immediately withdraw those interrogatories. *See* Rule 33.3, Local Rules for the Southern District of New York; *see also Shannon v. New York City Transit Auth.*, No. 00 CIV. 5079 (Sweet, J.), 2001 WL 286727, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 22, 2001); accord *Gary Friedrich Enterprises, LLC v. Marvel Enterprises, Inc.*, No. 08 CIV. 1533 BSJ JCF, 2011 WL 1642381, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 26, 2011). Specifically, Rule 33.3 provides:

- (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, at the commencement of discovery, interrogatories will be restricted to those seeking names of witnesses with knowledge of information relevant to the subject matter of the action, the computation of each category of damage alleged, and the existence, custodian, location and general description of relevant documents, including pertinent insurance agreements, and other physical evidence, or information of a similar nature.
- (b) During discovery, interrogatories other than those seeking information described in paragraph (a) above may only be served (1) if they are a more practical method of obtaining the information sought than a request for production or a deposition, or (2) if ordered by the Court.
- (c) At the conclusion of other discovery, and at least 30 days prior to the discovery cut-off date, interrogatories seeking the claims and contentions of the opposing party may be served unless the Court has ordered otherwise.

Similarly, Requests for Production numbers 1, 2, 4, 6(i), 9, 12, 30, 35 and 37 also violate Local Rule 33.3 in that they rely on the offending interrogatory requests. The Rule provides that a party must first try to obtain discovery through document production and testimony. Discovery does not close in this case until July 1, 2016, and Defendant has not yet noticed a deposition. As such, these interrogatories violate Local Rule 33.3 and are premature.

Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests also violates Rule 33, Fed. R. Civ. P., which provides "a party may serve on any other party no more than 25 interrogatories, including all discrete subparts" – in that Defendant has served a total of 59 interrogatories, including subparts, in violation of Rule 33. We ask that you immediately withdraw those interrogatories that exceed the 25 interrogatory limit set by Rule 33.

Ms. Giuffre objects to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests to the extent they seek information that is protected by any applicable privilege, including but not limited to, attorney client privilege, work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, doctor/patient privilege, accountant/client privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests to the extent Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests call for the production of documents or information that is already in the possession, custody, or control of the Defendant. Ms. Giuffre further objects to the requests to the extent that Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests is duplicative of documents and information that can equally or more readily be obtained by the Defendant.

Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests to the extent that they seek documents that are not relevant, material, or necessary to this action and, thus, are not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Many of the requests in the Defendant's First Set of Discovery seek documents that are in no way limited to their relation to this case. Indeed, they seek documents that are not important to resolving the issues; documents that are not relevant to any party's claim or defense; and documents that are not proportional to the needs of the case. Such requests create a heavy burden on Ms. Giuffre that outweighs any benefit. Such discovery is prohibited by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, particularly under the 2015 amendments to Rule 26(b)(1), Fed. R. Civ. P., and is wholly inappropriate.

Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests to the extent that they are overly broad and unduly burdensome, as individually logging all privileged responsive documents would be overly burdensome. Plaintiff contends that requests targeting such privileged information are overly broad under Rule 26(b)(1), Fed. R. Civ. P. Specifically, Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests as

overly burdensome to the extent that they would require logging voluminous and ever-increasing privileged communications between Ms. Giuffre and her counsel after the date litigation commenced on September 21, 2015. Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests as overly burdensome to the extent that they would require logging voluminous privileged documents between Ms. Giuffre and her counsel related to *Jane Doe #1 and Jane Doe #2 v. United States*, Case no. 08-80736-CIV-Marra, pending in the Southern District of Florida; *Bradley Edwards and Paul Cassell v. Alan Dershowitz*, Case no. CACE 15-000072, pending in the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit, Broward County, Florida; and *Jane Doe No. 102 v. Jeffrey Epstein*, Case No. 09-80656-CIV-Marra/Johnson (Southern District of Florida). Accordingly, due the undue burden of individually logging responsive privileged documents related to Defendant's overly broad requests, Plaintiff has employed categorical logging of such privileged responsive documents pursuant to Local Civil Rule 26.2(c).

Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests in that they seek to invade her privacy for the sole purpose of harassing and intimidating Ms. Giuffre who was a victim of sexual trafficking. Ms. Giuffre objects to the requests to the extent they are overly broad and unduly burdensome.

Ms. Giuffre objects to Defendant's definition of "your attorneys" because it includes names of attorneys that do not represent her, including Spencer Kuvin and Jack Scarola.

Ms. Giuffre's responses to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests are being made after reasonable inquiry into the relevant facts, and are based only upon the information and documentation that is presently known to her. Ms. Giuffre reserves the right to modify and/or supplement her responses. Ms. Giuffre is producing documents and information herewith, and she will continue to review and produce relevant documents until completion.

Ms. Giuffre incorporates her above-listed general objections in the responses herein.

INTERROGATORIES

1. State:
 - a. Your present residential address;
 - b. Each residential address You have had since 1998, including any residential treatment facilities;
 - c. the dates You lived at each address;
 - d. the other Persons who lived with You at each address and for what period of time they lived at such address.

Response to Interrogatory One:

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in part because it violates Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it seeks information that is sought by Defendant only to harass and intimidate Ms. Giuffre who was a victim of sexual trafficking.

- a. Due to safety concerns with respect to Ms. Giuffre and her minor children, she is not at liberty to reveal her present residential location. To ensure that Defendant is not prejudiced by the failure to provide information about Ms. Giuffre's specific residential location, Ms. Giuffre agrees to have her attorney's accept service on her behalf of any necessary communication or filings in this matter to be addressed to: Sigrid McCawley, Esq. Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP, 401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33316.
- b. Ms. Giuffre can recall living at the following addresses during the period of 1998 to the present. Ms. Giuffre may have lived at other locations for which she does not presently have the address. Ms. Giuffre is providing the

information she has presently to the best of her recollection and will supplement to the extent she obtains additional information responsive to this interrogatory.

c. Ms. Giuffre believes she has lived at the following residences:

- In January 1998, Ms. Giuffre was 14 years old. Ms. Giuffre recalls one facility named “Growing Together” that was located in or around Palm Beach, but she does not recall the dates when she resided at the facility.
- Ms. Giuffre lived and travelled with Jeffrey Epstein and stayed at his various mansions in New York, Palm Beach, New Mexico (Zorro Ranch), and U.S.V.I.
- Jeffrey Epstein also rented a residence for Ms. Giuffre in Royal Palm Beach, the exact address and dates of rental are in the possession, custody and control of Jeffrey Epstein. Tony Figueroa, James Michael Austrich and a few other individuals for whom Ms. Giuffre cannot recall the names of, stayed with her from time to time at the residence that Jeffrey Epstein rented.
- Ms. Giuffre’s parents’ address was 12959 Rackley Road, Loxahatchee, Florida 33470, and she lived there from time to time with her family.
- 2C Quentin St. Basshill NSW in approximately 2003, but she is not certain of that date. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.

- N. Paramentata, NSW from approximately 2003 - 2005, but she is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- Blue Bay, NSW from approximately 2005 - 2008 but is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- 3 Elk St., NSW from approximately 2008 - 2009 but is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- 50 Robertson Road, Basshill, NSW, but is not certain of the date. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- 50 Bondeena Rd., Glenning Valley, NSW from approximately 2009 - 2013 but is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- 5035 Winchester Drive, Titusville, FL from approximately 2013 to 2014 but is not certain of those dates. At this location, Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.
- 1270 J. Street, Penrose, CO 81240, from approximately 2014 – 2015. At this location Ms. Giuffre lived with Robert Giuffre.

2. Identify any email address, email account, cellphone number and cellphone provider, social media account and login or screen name, text or instant messaging account name and number, that You have used, applied for or been supplied between 1998 and the present.

Response to Interrogatory No. 2

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it violates Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad and seeks information solely to harass and intimidate Ms. Giuffre.

For the period of 1998 to the present Ms. Giuffre provides the following information. During the time period that she was sexually trafficked by Jeffrey Epstein and the defendant, the defendant provided Ms. Giuffre with a cellphone so that she could be reached by the Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein at any time. Defendant is in possession of the information relating to this cellphone that she provided to Ms. Giuffre. Ms. Giuffre is responding with the information she can presently recall, but to the extent she obtains additional information she will supplement this response. Ms. Giuffre's e-mail address is robiejennag@y7mail.com. She can recall having the following cell number (321) 271-4948. Ms. Giuffre had a Facebook account for a short time but it is no longer active.

3. Identify each attorney who has represented you from 1998 to the present, the dates of any such representation, and the nature of the representation.

Response to Interrogatory No. 3

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory as it seeks privileged information relating to her representation by attorneys. Ms. Giuffre responds that she has been represented by the following attorneys: Bob Josefsberg and members of his firm; Stan Pottinger, Brad Edwards from Farmer, Jaffe, Weissing, Edwards, Fistos & Lehrman, P.L.; Paul Cassell, a Professor of Criminal Law at the S.J. Quinney College of Law at the University of Utah; David Boies and Sigrid McCawley of Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP.

4. Identify each Communication, including the transmission of any Document, that You or Your Attorneys have had with any local, state or federal law enforcement agent or agency, whether in the United States or any other country, whether in Your capacity as a purported victim, witness, or perpetrator of any criminal activity, and whether as a juvenile or as an adult, including without limitation:

- a. the date of any such Communication;
- b. the form of any such Communication, whether oral or written and if written, the format of any such Communication;
- c. the identities of all persons involved in the Communication, including the identity of the law enforcement agency with whom the agent is or was affiliated;
- d. the case number associated with any such Communication;
- e. the subject matter of any such Communication;
- f. the disposition of any case associated with any such Communication, irrespective of whether the matter was sealed, expunged or later dismissed.

Response to Interrogatory No. 4

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it seeks protected information regarding confidential investigations. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre responds as follows: Ms. Giuffre met with the FBI on or about March 17, 2011. Ms. Giuffre also corresponded with Maria Villafano from the U.S. Attorney's office and that correspondence has been produced. As to other investigations by law enforcement, Ms. Giuffre objects as this seeks information covered by the investigative privilege.

5. Identify each Communication that You or Your Attorneys have had with any author, reporter, correspondent, columnist, writer, commentator, investigative journalist,

photojournalist, newspaper person, freelance reporter, stringer, or any other employee of any media organization or independent consultant to the same, including:

- a. the date of any such Communication;
- b. the form of any such Communication, whether oral or written and if written, the format of any such Communication;
- c. the identities of all persons involved in such Communication, including the identity of the media organization with whom the agent is or was affiliated;
- d. the article title, date of publication, and means of publication of any article, report, or re-printing of any such Communication made by You or Your Attorneys;
- e. the amount of Income that You and/or Your Attorneys received in exchange for any such Communication;
- f. the dates on which You and/or Your Attorneys received any such Income for any such Communication.

Response to Interrogatory No. 5

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects in that this request is overly broad and unduly burdensome.

6. Identify any “false statements” attributed to Ghislaine Maxwell which were “published globally, including within the Southern District of New York” as You contend in paragraph 9 of Count 1 of Your Complaint, including:

- a. the exact false statement;
- b. the date of its publication;
- c. the publishing entity and title of any publication containing the purportedly false statement;
- d. the URL or internet address for any internet version of such publication; and
- e. the nature of the publication, whether in print, internet, broadcast or some other form of media.

Response to Interrogatory No. 6

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre further objects because the information requested above is in the possession of Defendant who has failed to comply with her production obligations in this matter.

7. State whether You believe that You have ever been defamed by anyone other than Ghislaine Maxwell. If so, as to each alleged act of Defamation, state

- a. the exact false statement;
- b. the date of its publication;

- c. the publishing entity and title of any publication containing the purportedly false statement;
- d. the URL or internet address for any internet version of such publication; and
- e. the nature of the publication, whether in print, internet, broadcast or some other form of media.

Response to Interrogatory No. 7

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information protected by the attorney client and work product privileges. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it is not limited in time or to the subject nature of this litigation.

8. Identify the individuals referenced in Your pleadings filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida, *Jane Doe 1 and Jane Doe 2 v. United States of America*, 08-cv-80736-KAM, as the “high-profile non-party individuals” to whom Mr. Jeffrey Epstein sexually trafficked You, “including numerous prominent American politicians, powerful business executives, foreign presidents, a well-known Prime Minister, and other world leaders,” including as to each episode of alleged sexual trafficking:

- a. the date of any such sexual trafficking;
- b. the location of any such sexual trafficking;
- c. any witnesses to any such sexual trafficking;
- d. any Income You received in exchange for such sexual trafficking; and
- e. any Documents You have to support or corroborate Your claim of such sexual trafficking.

Response to Interrogatory No. 8

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Additionally, Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory because naming some such individuals would jeopardize her physical safety based on credible threats to the same. Ms. Giuffre refers to the list of witnesses identified in her Revised Rule 26 Disclosures.

9. Identify any Employment You have had from 1996 until the present, including without limitation, the name of Your employer or the name of any Person who engaged You for such Employment, the address and telephone number for any such Employment, the beginning and ending dates of any such Employment, Your job title in such Employment, and Your Income from such Employment.

Response to Interrogatory No. 9

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome, and seeks information that is not relevant to this case.

10. Identify any Income from any source other than Your Employment that You have received from January 1, 1996 until the present, including the Person or entity providing such Income, the amount of the Income, the dates on which any such Income was received, and

the nature of the Income, whether a loan, investment proceeds, legal settlement, asset sale, gift, or other source.

Response to Interrogatory No. 10

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad and seeks confidential financial information. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it seeks information covered by confidentiality provisions. Ms. Giuffre objects to this information in that any payment information for the sexual trafficking she endured at the hands of Jeffrey Epstein and Ghislaine Maxwell is in the possession, custody and control of the Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein.

11. Identify any facts upon which You base Your contention that You have suffered as a result of the Alleged Defamation by Ghislaine Maxwell “past and future lost wages and past and future loss of earning capacity and actual earnings – precise amounts yet to be computed, but not less than \$5,000,000.”

Response to Interrogatory No. 11

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it prematurely seeks expert witness disclosures. Ms. Giuffre incorporates by reference herein her Revised Rule 26 disclosures, which includes her computation of damages.

12. Identify any Health Care Provider from whom You received any treatment for any physical, mental or emotional condition, that You suffered from subsequent to any Alleged Defamation by Ghislaine Maxwell, including:

- a. the Health Care Provider’s name, address, and telephone number;

- b. the type of consultation, examination, or treatment provided;
- c. the dates You received consultation, examination, or treatment;
- d. whether such treatment was on an in-patient or out-patient basis;
- e. the medical expenses to date;
- f. whether health insurance or some other person or organization or entity has paid for the medical expenses; and
- g. for each such Health Care Provider, please execute the medical and mental health records release attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Response to Interrogatory No. 12

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overbroad and seeks confidential medical information of a sex abuse victim and is not limited in scope to the issues in this case. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege.

13. Identify any Health Care Provider from whom You received any treatment for any physical, mental or emotional condition, including addiction to alcohol, prescription or illegal drugs, that You suffered from prior to the Alleged Defamation by Ghislaine Maxwell, including:

- a. the Health Care Provider's name, address, and telephone number;
- b. the type of consultation, examination, or treatment provided;
- c. the dates You received consultation, examination, or treatment;
- d. whether such treatment was on an in-patient or out-patient basis;
- e. the medical expenses to date;

- f. whether health insurance or some other person or organization or entity has paid for the medical expenses; and
- g. For each such Health Care Provider, please execute the medical and mental health records release attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Response to Interrogatory No. 13

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overbroad and seeks confidential medical information of a sex abuse victim and is not limited in scope to the issues in this case. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is not limited in scope to the medical information relating to the abuse she suffered from Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein.

14. Identify any Person who You believe subjected You to, or with whom You engaged in, any illegal or inappropriate sexual contact, conduct or assault prior to June 1999, including the names of the individuals involved, the dates of any such illegal or inappropriate sexual contact, conduct or assault, whether Income was received by You or anyone else concerning such event, whether a police report was ever filed concerning such event and the outcome of any such case, as well as the address and location of any such event.

Response to Interrogatory No. 14

Ms. Giuffre objects to this interrogatory in that it violates Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overbroad and seeks confidential medical information of a sex abuse victim. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks sexual assault information for a

period prior to the sexual abuse at issue in this matter for a period when she was a minor child from the time Ms. Giuffre was born until she was 15. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is sought solely to harass, and intimidate Ms. Giuffre who is a victim of sexual abuse by the defendant.

REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION

1. All Communications and Documents identified in Interrogatories 1-14, above.

Response to Request No. 1

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that Defendant's interrogatories violate Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative, spousal and other applicable privileges. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad, incorporating the interrogatories that total 59 subparts. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks to invade the privacy rights of a sex abuse victims, and is meant for the improper purpose of harassing and intimidating this victim. Subject to the forgoing objections Ms. Giuffre produces herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production. Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents based on her objections.

2. All Documents reviewed or relied upon in answering Interrogatory Nos. 1-14 above.

Response to Request No. 2

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that defendant's interrogatories violate Local Rule 33.3. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative, spousal and other applicable

privileges. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad incorporating the interrogatories that total 59 subparts. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks to invade the privacy rights of a sex abuse victims and is meant for the improper purpose of harassing and intimidating this victim. Subject to the forgoing objections Ms. Giuffre has produced non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production. Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents based on her objections.

3. All Documents from any law enforcement agency, whether local, state or federal, whether in the United States or elsewhere, which concern or relate to You in any way. These Documents should include, without limitation, any witness statements, including statements made by You.

Response to Request No. 3

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative, spousal and other applicable privileges. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is not limited in time period. Subject to the forgoing objections, Ms. Giuffre has produced non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production. Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents based on her objections.

4. All Documents reflecting any letter of engagement, any fee agreement, or any other type of writing reflecting an engagement of any attorney identified in response to Interrogatory No. 3.

Response to Request No. 4

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is protected by the

attorney client, work product, joint defense and other applicable privileges. Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents based on this objection.

5. All Documents relating to any Communications occurring from 1998 to the present with any of the following individuals or with their attorneys, agents or representatives:

- a. Jeffrey Epstein;**
- b. Ghislaine Maxwell**
- c. Any witness disclosed in Plaintiff's Rule 26(a) disclosures;**
- d. Any witness identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 8 and No. 14;**
- e. Sky Roberts;**
- f. Lynn Roberts;**
- g. Kimberley Roberts;**
- h. Daniel LNU, half-brother of Plaintiff;**
- i. Carol Roberts Kess;**
- j. Philip Guderyon;**
- k. Anthony Valladares;**
- l. Anthony Figueroa;**
- m. Ron Eppinger**

Response to Request No. 5

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad seeking documents relating to **over 60 individuals**. Ms. Giuffre objects because compliance with this request is unduly burdensome. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are

within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents to Ms. Giuffre's request seeking communications between the Defendant and Ms. Giuffre and between Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is sought solely to harass and intimidate Ms. Giuffre, and invade her privacy, by seeking her private communications with her various family members, including aunts, uncles and parents and siblings. Ms. Giuffre is producing herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production.

6. All photographs or video containing any image of You and the following individuals. To the extent You have such photographs and video in their original, native format, please produce them in that format (not a paper copy).

- a. Ghislaine Maxwell**
- b. Alan Dershowitz**
- c. Jeffrey Epstein**
- d. Andrew Albert Christian Edward, the Duke of York (aka Prince Andrew)**
- e. Ron Eppinger**
- f. Bill Clinton**
- g. Stephen Hawking**
- h. Al Gore**

- i. **Any of the individuals identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 8 and No. 14.**

Response to Request No. 6

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents to Ms. Giuffre's request seeking communications between the Defendant and Ms. Giuffre and between Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre is producing herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production. Ms. Giuffre does not have "original, native format," as requested so she is producing the paper copies she has in her possession, custody and control. The Defendant has documents responsive to this request that she should produce.

7. All photographs and video of You in any of Jeffrey Epstein's properties, including, but not limited to: his home in Palm Beach, Florida; his home in New York City, New York; his ranch in Santa Fe, New Mexico; and Little Saint James island in the U.S. Virgin Islands. To the extent You have such photographs and video in their original, native format, please produce them in that format (not a paper copy).

Response to Request No. 7

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive

documents to Ms. Giuffre's request seeking communications between the Defendant and Ms. Giuffre and between Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre is producing herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production. Ms. Giuffre does not have "original, native format," as requested so she is producing the paper copies she has in her possession, custody and control. The Defendant has documents responsive to this request that she should produce.

8. All photographs or video of You in any of Ms. Maxwell's properties, including her home in London, England and her home in New York City, New York. To the extent You have such photographs or video in their original, native format, please produce them in that format (not a paper copy).

Response to Request No. 8

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents to Ms. Giuffre's request seeking communications between the Defendant and Ms. Giuffre and between Jeffrey Epstein and Ms. Giuffre. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre is producing herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production. Ms. Giuffre does not have "original, native format," as requested so she is

producing the paper copies she has in her possession, custody and control. The Defendant has documents responsive to this request that she should produce.

9. Any Documents reflecting rental agreements or purchase agreements for the residential addresses identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 1.

Response to Request No. 9

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information that is irrelevant to this action. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that the information regarding rental agreements for the apartments that Defendant and Jeffrey Epstein rented for her are in the Defendant's possession, control and custody. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is not limited to rental agreements relevant to this action, so it is overly broad and unduly burdensome. Ms. Giuffre produces is producing non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production.

10. All Documents relating to Your Employment and/or association with the Mar-a-Lago Club located in Palm Beach, Florida, including any application for Employment.

Response to Request No. 10

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production.

11. Any Document reflecting any confidentiality agreement by and between, or concerning, You and the Mar-a-Lago Club.

Response to Request No. 10

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney-client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre does not have any non-privileged documents responsive to this request.

12. All Documents concerning any Employment by You from 1998 to the present or identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 9, including any records of Your Employment at the Roadhouse Grill in Palm Beach, Florida.

Response to Request No. 12

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney-client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production.

13. All Documents concerning any allegations of theft by You from the Roadhouse Grill in Palm Beach, Florida from 1999 – 2002.

Response to Request No. 13

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant-client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it wrongfully characterizes a “theft by You”. Ms. Giuffre objects to this

request as it seeks documents of sealed juvenile records, and the only means of obtaining such records are either through court order or illegal means. Ms. Giuffre does not have any non-privileged documents responsive to this request.

14. A copy of Your federal, state or local tax returns for the years 1998 to the present, whether from the United States or any other country.

Response to Request No. 14

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information that is irrelevant to this action. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks financial information from her when she was a minor child starting at age 14. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production.

15. All Documents concerning Your attendance at or enrollment in any school or educational program of whatever type, from 1998 to the present.

Response to Request No. 15

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that her school records from when she was a minor child are an invasion of privacy, and sought only to

harass and embarrass her. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production.

16. Any diary, journal or calendar concerning Your activities between 1996 – 2002.

Response to Request No. 16

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary and copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks highly personal and sensitive material from a time when she was being sexually trafficked. Ms. Giuffre does not have any non-privileged documents created during the time period responsive to this request.

17. All Documents relating to Your travel from the period of 1998 to the present, including, but not limited to a copy of Your passport that was valid for any part of that time period, any visa issued to You for travel, any visa application that You prepared or which was prepared on Your behalf, and travel itinerary, receipt, log, or Document (including any photograph) substantiating Your travel during that time period.

Response to Request No. 17

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other

applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad and not limited to travel records relevant to the abuse she suffered. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks information that is wholly irrelevant to this lawsuit. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production.

18. All Documents showing any payments or remuneration of any kind made by Jeffrey Epstein or any of his agents or associates to You from 1999 until the present.

Response to Request No. 18

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any non-privileged documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

19. Any Document reflecting a confidentiality agreement, settlement agreement, or any contractual agreement of any kind, between You and Jeffrey Epstein, or any attorneys for You and/or Mr. Epstein.

Response to Request No. 19

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that the documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein with whom she

claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre is in possession of a document that contains a confidentiality provision. If Defendant obtains, and produces to Ms. Giuffre, a written waiver from her co-conspirator, Mr. Epstein, of the confidentiality provision, she will produce the document.

20. Any Document reflecting Your intent, plan or consideration of, asserting or threatening a claim or filing a lawsuit against another Person, any Document reflecting such a claim or lawsuit, including any complaint or draft complaint, or any demand for consideration with respect to any such claim or lawsuit against any Person.

Response to Request No. 20

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney-client, work product, joint defense, investigative, spousal or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects because this request is overly broad and unduly burdensome in that it seeks wholly privileged communications from other cases the logging of which on a privilege log would be unduly burdensome. As such, Ms. Giuffre is providing categorical privilege entries relating to those matters. At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any non-privileged documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

21. All Documents relating to Your driver's license from 1998 – 2002.

Response to Request No. 21

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

22. A copy of Your marriage license(s) from 1999 to the present.

Response to Request No. 22

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this production.

23. All documents concerning Your naturalization application to Australia from 1999 to the present.

Response to Request No. 23

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other

applicable privilege. At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any non-privileged documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

24. All Documents concerning Your Employment in Australia, including, but not limited to employment applications, pay stubs, Documents reflecting Your Income including any tax Documents.

Response to Request No. 24

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney-client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks overly broad financial information not tailored to the sexual abuse and defamation issues in this case. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this request.

25. All Documents concerning any massage therapist license obtained by You, including any massage therapy license issued in the United States, Thailand and/or Australia.

Response to Request No. 25

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any non-

privileged documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

26. All Documents concerning any prescription drugs taken by You, including the prescribing doctor, the dates of said prescription, and the dates of any fulfillment of any such prescription.

Response to Request No. 26

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is not limited in date range in any way; therefore if she was on a prescription drug **when she was 2 years old**, she would have to produce that document. Ms. Giuffre also objects to this request in that it is not limited to prescription drugs she has taken as a result of the abuse she endured. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks confidential medical records that are not relevant to this action. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre is limiting her production to prescription drugs that relate to the abuse she suffered and the defamation by Defendant. Ms. Giuffre is withholding responsive documents that are irrelevant to this lawsuit, but is producing documents relating to prescription drugs relating to her treatment for sexual abuse she suffered, and relating to conditions or symptoms arising after Defendant's defamatory statement. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement this request.

27. All Documents, written or recorded, which reference by name, or other description, Ghislaine Maxwell.

Response to Request No. 27

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement her production. Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents responsive to this request based on her objections.

28. All Documents reflecting notes of, or notes prepared for, any statements or interviews in which You referenced by name or other description, Ghislaine Maxwell.

Response to Request No. 28

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. At this point in time, Ms. Giuffre has not found any non-privileged documents responsive to this request, but continues to search for responsive documents.

29. All Documents concerning any Communications by You or on Your behalf with any media outlet, including but not limited to the *Daily Mail*, *Daily Express*, the *Mirror*, *National Enquirer*, *New York Daily News*, *Radar Online*, and the *New York Post*, whether or not such communications were “on the record” or “off the record.”

Response to Request No. 29

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement her production.

30. All Documents concerning any Income received by You from any media outlet in exchange for Your statements (whether “on the record” or “off the record”) regarding Jeffery Epstein, Alan M. Dershowitz, Prince Andrew, Bill Clinton or Ghislaine Maxwell or any of the individuals identified by You in response to Interrogatory Nos. 8 and 14.

Response to Request No. 30

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement her production.

31. All Documents concerning any actual or potential book, television or movie deals concerning Your allegations about being a sex slave, including but not limited to a potential book by former New York Police Department detective John Connolly and writer James Patterson.

Response to Request No. 31

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement her production. Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents responsive to this request.

32. All manuscripts and/or other writings, whether published or unpublished, created in whole or in part by or in consultation with You, concerning, relating or referring to Jeffrey Epstein, Ghislaine Maxwell or any of their agents or associates.

Response to Request No. 32

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents protected by the attorney client, work product, joint defense, investigative or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to

GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement her production. Ms. Giuffre is withholding documents responsive to this request.

33. All Documents concerning or relating to Victims Refuse Silence, the organization referred to in the Complaint, including articles of incorporation, any financial records for the organization, any Income You have received from the organization, and any Documents reflecting Your role within the organization or any acts taken on behalf of the Organization.

Response to Request No. 33

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary or copyright protected materials. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks confidential financial information. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith non-privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement her production.

34. To the extent not produced in response to the above list of requested Documents, all notes, writings, photographs, and/or audio or video recordings made or recorded by You or of You at any time that refer or relate in any way to Ghislaine Maxwell.

Response to Request No. 34

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre

objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary and copyright protected material. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith non privileged documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement her production.

35. All phone records, including text messages, emails, social media Communications, letters or any other form of Communication, from or to You or associated with You in any way from 1998 to the present, which concern, relate to, identify, mention or reflect Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Alan Dershowitz, Prince Andrew, Bill Clinton, or any of the individuals identified in response to Interrogatory Nos. 8 and 14.

Response to Request No. 35

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents from “anyone associated with you” as that is vague and ambiguous. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request to the extent it seeks proprietary and copyright protected material. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will

continue to supplement her production. While Ms. Giuffre has produced her documents, Ms. Giuffre's response does not include documents "from anyone associated with you" based on the above referenced objection.

36. All Documents relating to massages, including but not limited to any Documents reflecting the recruiting or hiring of masseuses, advertising for masseuses, flyers created for distribution at high schools or colleges, and records reflecting e-mails or calls to Persons relating to massages.

Response to Request No. 36

Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is not time limited in any way. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that documents responsive to this request are within the possession, custody and control of the defendant and Jeffrey Epstein for whom she claims a joint defense privilege and defendant has refused to produce responsive documents. Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement her production.

37. Statements or records from any bank into which You deposited money received from Jeffrey Epstein, any Person identified in Interrogatory No. 8 or 14, any witness disclosed in Your Rule 26(a) disclosures, any media organization or any employee or affiliate of any media organization.

Response to Request No. 37

Ms. Giuffre objects in that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product privilege, joint defense/common interest privilege, the agency privilege, investigative privilege, spousal privilege, accountant client privilege, and any other applicable privilege. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it seeks personal financial information. Ms. Giuffre objects to this request in that it is overly broad as it has no time limitation. Ms. Giuffre produces herewith documents bates labelled GIUFFRE000001 to GIUFFRE003190 and will continue to supplement her production.

Dated: March 16, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on March 16, 2016, I electronically served *Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Responses and Objections to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests* on the following:

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley

EXHIBIT 4

AFFIDAVIT OF ROBERT W. CONLEY

State of New York)
)
County of New York) ss.:

ROBERT W. CONLEY, Esq., being duly sworn, deposes and says:

1. I am the Director of Client Services for Rational Retention, LLC. (“Rational”) Rational is a full service eDiscovery and litigation support firm.
2. On or about February 15th, 2016, Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP retained Rational for eDiscovery services in the matter captioned Giuffre v. Maxwell, Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS.
3. Rational performed a conservative form of de-duplication while processing and loading data for review in this matter.
4. The de-duplication process excluded only identical documents, as identified by the metadata values and family relationships, from the review set in this matter.
5. Documents whose substantive text may be identical may not be identified as duplicates because their respective metadata or family relationship may differ.



Robert W. Conley, Esq.

Sworn to me this 22nd day
of March, 2016



Notary Public

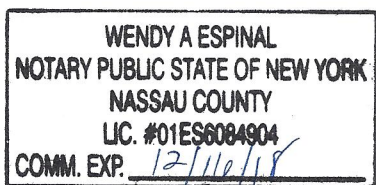


EXHIBIT 5

B O I E S , S C H I L L E R & F L E X N E R L L P

S i g r i d M c C a w l e y , E s q .

March 20, 2016

Via Electronic Mail

Jeffrey S. Pagliuca, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203

**Re: *Giuffre v. Maxwell*,
Case no. 15-cv-07433-RWS**

Dear Mr. Pagliuca:

I write today in response to your letter sent on Friday, March 18, 2016, requesting a meet and confer conference. I was disappointed that even after Judge Sweet's comments at the hearing on Thursday; you would disregard his sentiments and write a baseless letter threatening sanctions. Your words are defeated by the actions in this case which establish two things:

(1) The plaintiff has timely and properly engaged in discovery; and

(2) The defendant has created numerous intentional delays and has engaged in bad faith discovery by, for example, only producing two e-mails in response to 39 Requests for Production and by delaying for four months before serving Defendant's Rule 26 disclosures.

The false accusations in your "meet and confer" letter are unproductive and do not serve to advance any meaningful discussion on the issues that you raise. Moreover, your accusations and threats of sanctions are ironic given your persistent refusal to abide by basic discovery obligations and the provisions of the governing Local Rules. While we respond below to each of the specific points that you raise, the obvious purpose of your letter is an attempt to manufacture bases for use in your client's ongoing effort to avoid being deposed in this case.

Turning to the specific issues your raise, I shall address them in turn.

First, you accuse us of bad faith with regard to our client's Rule 26 disclosures. As you are no doubt aware, *Defendant delayed for four months* before producing her Rule 26 disclosures. Ms. Giuffre, on the other hand, has undertaken to provide comprehensive disclosures. It appears you attempt to take issue with the fact that Ms. Giuffre does not have contact information for some of the individuals listed on the Rule 26 disclosures. Ms. Giuffre listed contact information for anyone for whom she was able to confirm the information and that is her obligation under the Rule 26 standards. Notably Defendant's Rule 26 disclosure also fails

B O I E S , S C H I L L E R & F L E X N E R L L P

to list contact information for many of the individuals despite the fact that your client has admitted she has a joint defense relationship with her co-conspirator Jeffrey Epstein who clearly has all the contact information for the individuals listed.

We have provided proper damage disclosures including damage calculations. We intend to retain expert witnesses relating to damages issues in this case as provided for in the Court's scheduling order. I will not address your false characterization of the damage calculations. Ms. Giuffre's damage disclosures are proper under Rule 26. *See Naylor v. Rotech Healthcare, Inc.*, 679 F. Supp. 2d 505, 510 (D. Vt. 2009).

Second, your allegations regarding Plaintiff's interrogatory responses reveal that you have not taken the time to read the provisions of Local Rule 33.3. Had you read this rule, you would be aware that Defendant's interrogatories are premature and improper. I direct you to *Shannon v. New York City Transit Auth.*, No. 00 CIV. 5079 (Sweet, J.), 2001 WL 286727, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 22, 2001); accord *Gary Friedrich Enterprises, LLC v. Marvel Enterprises, Inc.*, No. 08 CIV. 1533 BSJ JCF, 2011 WL 1642381, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 26, 2011).

Third, you lodge a hollow attack on Ms. Giuffre's document production with the transparent agenda of trying to use your false claims to again delay the deposition of the Defendant. Ms. Giuffre has properly and timely engaged in discovery in this matter and unlike the Defendant who has only produced ***two documents in response to 39 requests for production of documents*** – if anyone is engaging in bad faith discovery conduct it is plainly the Defendant. Ms. Giuffre produced documents within the time frame allowed by the rules and is continuing to supplement her production as required. Ms. Giuffre is in the process of making a full and complete document production, consisting of thousands of pages, and any issues you have with the volume of this production are the sole result of Defendant's expansive and overly broad requests.

You also make a vague, and non-specific claim with regard to plaintiff's privilege log which does not provide adequate context for us to assess the issues you are attempting to raise for purposes of a meet and confer. As the Court stated on Thursday, you must provide us specific written notice of the issue you are raising prior to the meet and confer call on this issue.

Fourth, you wrongfully accuse me of violating the rules of professional conduct with regard to statements made about Ms. Giuffre's document production. Like the overall tone of your letter, this accusation is unprofessional and unbecoming. In response to Defendant's overly broad discovery requests, Ms. Giuffre is in the process of completing the production of the responsive documents in her possession. As is Ms. Giuffre's obligation under the discovery rules, she is producing the documents that are responsive to your very broad requests. For example, Defendant's Request 27 seeks:

“All documents, written or recorded, which reference by name or other description Ghislaine Maxwell.”

B O I E S, S C H I L L E R & F L E X N E R L L P

Defendant cannot be heard to complain when your requests cover those documents. We ran a multitude of search terms to cover Defendant's broad production requests and produced those documents from Ms. Giuffre's electronically stored information. If pleadings contained responsive information, and they were stored in Ms. Giuffre's electronic files, then we produced them as is our obligation. Unlike the Defendant who delayed discovery production for four months and then failed to produce anything except two e-mails, we have complied with the production rules. In closing, the intention behind your letter, and the allegations raised therein, are self-serving attempts to further delay the Defendant's deposition.

Per your request, we are available to meet and confer on Monday, March 21, 2016 anytime between 2:00 EST and 5:00 EST. Please let me know what time works best for you and we will reserve that time.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'S. McCawley', with a long, sweeping flourish extending to the right.

Sigrid S. McCawley

cc: Laura Menninger

EXHIBIT 6

Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.
E-mail: smccawley@bsflp.com

February 19, 2016

Via Electronic Mail

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203

**Re: *Giuffre v. Maxwell*,
Case no. 15-cv-07433-RWS**

Dear Ms. Menninger:

We are in receipt of your discovery requests sent via electronic mail on Friday, February 12, 2016 that are attached hereto as exhibit A. The interrogatories you served violate Local Rule 33.3 and we ask that you immediately withdraw those interrogatories. *See* Rule 33.3, Local Rules for the Southern District of New York; *see also Shannon v. New York City Transit Auth.*, No. 00 CIV. 5079 (Sweet, J.), 2001 WL 286727, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 22, 2001); accord *Gary Friedrich Enterprises, LLC v. Marvel Enterprises, Inc.*, No. 08 CIV. 1533 BSJ JCF, 2011 WL 1642381, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 26, 2011).

Similarly, Requests for Production numbers 1, 2, 4, 6(i), 9, 12, 30, 35 and 37 also violate Local Rule 33.3 in that they rely on the offending interrogatory requests. We ask that you reissue your Request for Production such that they comply with the Local Rule.

Finally, the interrogatories you served also violate Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 33 in that they contain in total fifty nine (59) requests including subparts. Kindly confirm you will be withdrawing the interrogatories and reissuing interrogatories that comply with Local Rule 33.3 so that we do not have to incur the expense of filing a motion with the Court.

Letter to Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
February 19, 2016
Page 2

We also have not received your Rule 26 disclosures despite the fact that the rules required you to serve them over four (4) months ago. Kindly provide us with your disclosures in accordance with Rule 26.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Sigrid S. McCawley", with a long, sweeping horizontal line extending to the right.

Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

SSM/ep
Enclosure

EXHIBIT A

**United States District Court
Southern District Of New York**

-----X

<p>Virginia L. Giuffre, Plaintiff,</p> <p>v.</p> <p>Ghislaine Maxwell, Defendant.</p>	:	<p>15-cv-07433-RWS</p>
---	---	-------------------------------

-----X

**DEFENDANT’S FIRST SET OF
DISCOVERY REQUESTS TO PLAINTIFF**

Pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 26, 33 and 34, defendant Ghislaine Maxwell propounds this First Set of Discovery Requests to Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre. Plaintiff shall respond in writing to the Interrogatories, and shall produce documents as requested, within thirty (30) days of service at the offices of Haddon, Morgan & Foreman, P.C., 150 E. 10th Avenue, Denver, Colorado.

DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

1. “Any” means any and all.
2. “You,” “Your,” or “Plaintiff” means Plaintiff Virginia Roberts Giuffre, whether known at the relevant time as Virginia Roberts, Virginia Roberts Giuffre, or some other alias, and anyone acting on her behalf, as her agent, associate, employee or assignee.
3. “Your Attorneys” includes any attorney who You have engaged to represent You, whether for remuneration or *pro bono*, from 1999 until today, including without limitation, David Boies, Paul Cassells, Bradley Edwards, Spencer Kuvin, Sigrid McCawley, and Jack Scarolla.

4. “Document” is intended to be defined as broadly as permitted by Rule 34 and includes every writing or record of every type and description that is or has been in Your possession, custody or control, or of which You have knowledge, including but not limited to, e-mails, text messages, instant messages, videotapes, photographs, notes, letters, memoranda, forms, books, magazines, resumes, notebooks, ledgers, journals, diaries, calendars, appointment books, papers, agreements, contracts, invoices, analyses, transcripts, plaques, correspondence, telegrams, drafts, data processing or computer diskettes and CD disks, tapes of any nature and computer interpretations thereof, instructions, announcements, and sound recordings of any nature. “Document” also means all copies which are not identical to the original document as originally written, typed or otherwise prepared. The term “Document” shall also include all documents of any nature that have been archived or placed in permanent or temporary storage including electronic storage.

5. “Communication” means any transmission or exchange of information between two or more persons, orally or in writing or otherwise, and includes, but is not limited to, any correspondence, conversation or discussion, whether face-to-face, or by means of telephone, e-mail, text message, electronic message via apps such as Facebook, What’s App, Snapchat, LinkedIn or similar, or other media or Documents.

6. “Alleged Defamation” means a false statement of fact or mixed statement of fact and opinion about You which was published to a third person and caused You damage or harm. With respect to “Alleged Defamation” which You contend was committed by Ghislaine Maxwell or at her direction or request, it refers to the statements either contained in, referenced by, or alluded to in Your Complaint, or any that could be included in any amended complaint in this action.

7. “Employment” includes without limitation, the provision of work and/or services, whether paid or unpaid, whether as an employee, intern, or independent contractor, whether hourly or for a salary, and whether full or part time.

8. “Health Care Provider” means a hospital, treatment center, doctor, nurse, psychiatrist, psychologist, counselor, therapist, social worker, or other medical or mental health care practitioner, and includes any Person or entity referred to as a “Health Care Professional” or “Health Care Institution” in Colorado Revised Statute § 13-64-202(3) and (4).

9. “Identify” means to specify as to a “Person,” the name, address, telephone number and any other identifying information possessed by You or Your Attorneys.

10. “Income” includes, without limitation, any revenue, payments, compensation, remuneration, financial benefit or support or any other financial consideration, or provision of any other thing of value.

11. “Person” means any natural person, individual, firm, partnership, association, joint venture, estate, trust, receiver, syndicate, enterprise or combination, corporation or other legal, business or government entity.

12. “Relate,” “relating,” “relates” means concerning, referring to, responding to, relating to, pertaining to, connected with, evidencing, commenting on, regarding, discussing, showing, describing, reflecting, analyzing or constituting.

13. Please restate each discovery request immediately before providing Your answer or objection thereto.

14. Regardless of the tense employed, all verbs should be read as applying to the past, present and future, as is necessary to make any paragraph more, rather than less, inclusive.

15. If, in answering these interrogatories, You encounter any ambiguity in construing them, explain what is ambiguous and how You construed the interrogatory in Your response. If, after exercising due diligence to obtain the information requested, You are unable to answer an interrogatory fully, please so state and answer to the extent possible, specifying the reason or reasons why You cannot answer fully and providing whatever information You do have about the unanswered portion.

16. With respect to any Documents withheld on the basis of a privilege, provide a log consistent with Local Rule 26.2.

17. Nothing in these interrogatories or requests for production should be construed as an admission by Ghislaine Maxwell.

INTERROGATORIES

1. State:
 - a. Your present residential address;
 - b. Each residential address You have had since 1998, including any residential treatment facilities;
 - c. the dates You lived at each address;

- d. the other Persons who lived with You at each address and for what period of time they lived at such address.

2. Identify any email address, email account, cellphone number and cellphone provider, social media account and login or screen name, text or instant messaging account name and number, that You have used, applied for or been supplied between 1998 and the present.

3. Identify each attorney who has represented you from 1998 to the present, the dates of any such representation, and the nature of the representation.

4. Identify each Communication, including the transmission of any Document, that You or Your Attorneys have had with any local, state or federal law enforcement agent or agency, whether in the United States or any other country, whether in Your capacity as a purported victim, witness, or perpetrator of any criminal activity, and whether as a juvenile or as an adult, including without limitation:

- a. the date of any such Communication;
- b. the form of any such Communication, whether oral or written and if written, the format of any such Communication;
- c. the identities of all persons involved in the Communication, including the identity of the law enforcement agency with whom the agent is or was affiliated;
- d. the case number associated with any such Communication;
- e. the subject matter of any such Communication;
- f. the disposition of any case associated with any such Communication, irrespective of whether the matter was sealed, expunged or later dismissed.

5. Identify each Communication that You or Your Attorneys have had with any author, reporter, correspondent, columnist, writer, commentator, investigative journalist, photojournalist, newspaper person, freelance reporter, stringer, or any other employee of any media organization or independent consultant to the same, including:

- a. the date of any such Communication;
- b. the form of any such Communication, whether oral or written and if written, the format of any such Communication;
- c. the identities of all persons involved in such Communication, including the identity of the media organization with whom the agent is or was affiliated;

- d. the article title, date of publication, and means of publication of any article, report, or re-printing of any such Communication made by You or Your Attorneys;
- e. the amount of Income that You and/or Your Attorneys received in exchange for any such Communication;
- f. the dates on which You and/or Your Attorneys received any such Income for any such Communication.

6. Identify any “false statements” attributed to Ghislaine Maxwell which were “published globally, including within the Southern District of New York” as You contend in paragraph 9 of Count 1 of Your Complaint, including:

- a. the exact false statement;
- b. the date of its publication;
- c. the publishing entity and title of any publication containing the purportedly false statement;
- d. the URL or internet address for any internet version of such publication; and
- e. the nature of the publication, whether in print, internet, broadcast or some other form of media.

7. State whether You believe that You have ever been defamed by anyone other than Ghislaine Maxwell. If so, as to each alleged act of Defamation, state

- a. the exact false statement;
- b. the date of its publication;
- c. the publishing entity and title of any publication containing the purportedly false statement;
- d. the URL or internet address for any internet version of such publication; and
- e. the nature of the publication, whether in print, internet, broadcast or some other form of media.

8. Identify the individuals referenced in Your pleadings filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida, *Jane Doe 1 and Jane Doe 2 v. United States of America*, 08-cv-80736-KAM, as the “high-profile non-party individuals” to whom Mr. Jeffrey Epstein sexually trafficked You, “including numerous prominent American politicians, powerful business executives, foreign presidents, a well-known Prime Minister, and other world leaders,” including as to each episode of alleged sexual trafficking:

- a. the date of any such sexual trafficking;
- b. the location of any such sexual trafficking;
- c. any witnesses to any such sexual trafficking;
- d. any Income You received in exchange for such sexual trafficking; and
- e. any Documents You have to support or corroborate Your claim of such sexual trafficking.

9. Identify any Employment You have had from 1996 until the present, including without limitation, the name of Your employer or the name of any Person who engaged You for such Employment, the address and telephone number for any such Employment, the beginning and ending dates of any such Employment, Your job title in such Employment, and Your Income from such Employment.

10. Identify any Income from any source other than Your Employment that You have received from January 1, 1996 until the present, including the Person or entity providing such Income, the amount of the Income, the dates on which any such Income was received, and the nature of the Income, whether a loan, investment proceeds, legal settlement, asset sale, gift, or other source.

11. Identify any facts upon which You base Your contention that You have suffered as a result of the Alleged Defamation by Ghislaine Maxwell “past and future lost wages and past and future loss of earning capacity and actual earnings – precise amounts yet to be computed, but not less than \$5,000,000.”

12. Identify any Health Care Provider from whom You received any treatment for any physical, mental or emotional condition, that You suffered from subsequent to any Alleged Defamation by Ghislaine Maxwell, including:

- a. the Health Care Provider’s name, address, and telephone number;

- b. the type of consultation, examination, or treatment provided;
- c. the dates You received consultation, examination, or treatment;
- d. whether such treatment was on an in-patient or out-patient basis;
- e. the medical expenses to date;
- f. whether health insurance or some other person or organization or entity has paid for the medical expenses; and
- g. for each such Health Care Provider, please execute the medical and mental health records release attached hereto as Exhibit A.

13. Identify any Health Care Provider from whom You received any treatment for any physical, mental or emotional condition, including addiction to alcohol, prescription or illegal drugs, that You suffered from prior to the Alleged Defamation by Ghislaine Maxwell, including:

- a. the Health Care Provider's name, address, and telephone number;
- b. the type of consultation, examination, or treatment provided;
- c. the dates You received consultation, examination, or treatment;
- d. whether such treatment was on an in-patient or out-patient basis;
- e. the medical expenses to date;
- f. whether health insurance or some other person or organization or entity has paid for the medical expenses; and
- g. For each such Health Care Provider, please execute the medical and mental health records release attached hereto as Exhibit A.

14. Identify any Person who You believe subjected You to, or with whom You engaged in, any illegal or inappropriate sexual contact, conduct or assault prior to June 1999, including the names of the individuals involved, the dates of any such illegal or inappropriate sexual contact, conduct or assault, whether Income was received by You or anyone else concerning such event, whether a police report was ever filed concerning such event and the outcome of any such case, as well as the address and location of any such event.

REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION

1. All Communications and Documents identified in Interrogatories 1-14, above.
2. All Documents reviewed or relied upon in answering Interrogatory Nos. 1-14 above.
3. All Documents from any law enforcement agency, whether local, state or federal, whether in the United States or elsewhere, which concern or relate to You in any way. These Documents should include, without limitation, any witness statements, including statements made by You.
4. All Documents reflecting any letter of engagement, any fee agreement, or any other type of writing reflecting an engagement of any attorney identified in response to Interrogatory No. 3.
5. All Documents relating to any Communications occurring from 1998 to the present with any of the following individuals or with their attorneys, agents or representatives:
 - a. Jeffrey Epstein;
 - b. Ghislaine Maxwell
 - c. Any witness disclosed in Plaintiff's Rule 26(a) disclosures;
 - d. Any witness identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 8 and No. 14;
 - e. Sky Roberts;
 - f. Lynn Roberts;
 - g. Kimberley Roberts;
 - h. Daniel LNU, half-brother of Plaintiff;
 - i. Carol Roberts Kess;
 - j. Philip Guderyon;
 - k. Anthony Valladares;
 - l. Anthony Figueroa;

m. Ron Eppinger.

6. All photographs or video containing any image of You and the following individuals. To the extent You have such photographs and video in their original, native format, please produce them in that format (not a paper copy).

- a. Ghislaine Maxwell
- b. Alan Dershowitz
- c. Jeffrey Epstein
- d. Andrew Albert Christian Edward, the Duke of York (aka Prince Andrew)
- e. Ron Eppinger
- f. Bill Clinton
- g. Stephen Hawking
- h. Al Gore
- i. Any of the individuals identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 8 and No. 14.

7. All photographs and video of You in any of Jeffrey Epstein's properties, including, but not limited to: his home in Palm Beach, Florida; his home in New York City, New York; his ranch in Santa Fe, New Mexico; and Little Saint James island in the U.S. Virgin Islands. To the extent You have such photographs and video in their original, native format, please produce them in that format (not a paper copy).

8. All photographs or video of You in any of Ms. Maxwell's properties, including her home in London, England and her home in New York City, New York. To the extent You have such photographs or video in their original, native format, please produce them in that format (not a paper copy).

9. Any Documents reflecting rental agreements or purchase agreements for the residential addresses identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 1.

10. All Documents relating to Your Employment and/or association with the Mar-a-Lago Club located in Palm Beach, Florida, including any application for Employment.

11. Any Document reflecting any confidentiality agreement by and between, or concerning, You and the Mar-a-Lago Club.
12. All Documents concerning any Employment by You from 1998 to the present or identified by You in response to Interrogatory No. 9, including any records of Your Employment at the Roadhouse Grill in Palm Beach, Florida.
13. All Documents concerning any allegations of theft by You from the Roadhouse Grill in Palm Beach, Florida from 1999 – 2002.
14. A copy of Your federal, state or local tax returns for the years 1998 to the present, whether from the United States or any other country.
15. All Documents concerning Your attendance at or enrollment in any school or educational program of whatever type, from 1998 to the present.
16. Any diary, journal or calendar concerning Your activities between 1996 – 2002.
17. All Documents relating to Your travel from the period of 1998 to the present, including, but not limited to a copy of Your passport that was valid for any part of that time period, any visa issued to You for travel, any visa application that You prepared or which was prepared on Your behalf, and travel itinerary, receipt, log, or Document (including any photograph) substantiating Your travel during that time period.
18. All Documents showing any payments or remuneration of any kind made by Jeffrey Epstein or any of his agents or associates to You from 1999 until the present.
19. Any Document reflecting a confidentiality agreement, settlement agreement, or any contractual agreement of any kind, between You and Jeffrey Epstein, or any attorneys for You and/or Mr. Epstein.
20. Any Document reflecting Your intent, plan or consideration of, asserting or threatening a claim or filing a lawsuit against another Person, any Document reflecting such a claim or lawsuit, including any complaint or draft complaint, or any demand for consideration with respect to any such claim or lawsuit against any Person.
21. All Documents relating to Your driver's license from 1998 – 2002.
22. A copy of Your marriage license(s) from 1999 to the present.

23. All Documents concerning Your naturalization application to Australia from 1999 to the present.

24. All Documents concerning Your Employment in Australia, including, but not limited to employment applications, pay stubs, Documents reflecting Your Income including any tax Documents.

25. All Documents concerning any massage therapist license obtained by You, including any massage therapy license issued in the United States, Thailand and/or Australia.

26. All Documents concerning any prescription drugs taken by You, including the prescribing doctor, the dates of said prescription, and the dates of any fulfillment of any such prescription.

27. All Documents, written or recorded, which reference by name, or other description, Ghislaine Maxwell.

28. All Documents reflecting notes of, or notes prepared for, any statements or interviews in which You referenced by name or other description, Ghislaine Maxwell.

29. All Documents concerning any Communications by You or on Your behalf with any media outlet, including but not limited to the *Daily Mail*, *Daily Express*, the *Mirror*, *National Enquirer*, *New York Daily News*, *Radar Online*, and the *New York Post*, whether or not such communications were “on the record” or “off the record.”

30. All Documents concerning any Income received by You from any media outlet in exchange for Your statements (whether “on the record” or “off the record”) regarding Jeffery Epstein, Alan M. Dershowitz, Prince Andrew, Bill Clinton or Ghislaine Maxwell or any of the individuals identified by You in response to Interrogatory Nos. 8 and 14.

31. All Documents concerning any actual or potential book, television or movie deals concerning Your allegations about being a sex slave, including but not limited to a potential book by former New York Police Department detective John Connolly and writer James Patterson.

32. All manuscripts and/or other writings, whether published or unpublished, created in whole or in part by or in consultation with You, concerning, relating or referring to Jeffrey Epstein, Ghislaine Maxwell or any of their agents or associates.

33. All Documents concerning or relating to Victims Refuse Silence, the organization referred to in the Complaint, including articles of incorporation, any financial records for the

organization, any Income You have received from the organization, and any Documents reflecting Your role within the organization or any acts taken on behalf of the Organization.

34. To the extent not produced in response to the above list of requested Documents, all notes, writings, photographs, and/or audio or video recordings made or recorded by You or of You at any time that refer or relate in any way to Ghislaine Maxwell.

35. All phone records, including text messages, emails, social media Communications, letters or any other form of Communication, from or to You or associated with You in any way from 1998 to the present, which concern, relate to, identify, mention or reflect Ghislaine Maxwell, Jeffrey Epstein, Alan Dershowitz, Prince Andrew, Bill Clinton, or any of the individuals identified in response to Interrogatory Nos. 8 and 14.

36. All Documents relating to massages, including but not limited to any Documents reflecting the recruiting or hiring of masseuses, advertising for masseuses, flyers created for distribution at high schools or colleges, and records reflecting e-mails or calls to Persons relating to massages.

37. Statements or records from any bank into which You deposited money received from Jeffrey Epstein, any Person identified in Interrogatory No. 8 or 14, any witness disclosed in Your Rule 26(a) disclosures, any media organization or any employee or affiliate of any media organization.

Dated: February 12, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on February 12, 2016, I electronically served *Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's First Set of Discovery Requests to Plaintiff* on the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger

Authorization to Disclose Protected Health Information

Name: _____
Address: _____
Date of Birth: _____
Soc. Sec. #: _____

I hereby authorize the use and/or disclosure of my protected health information as described in this authorization.

1. Specific person/organization (or class of persons) authorized to provide the information:

2. Specific person/organization (or class of persons) authorized to receive and use the information:

Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue, Denver, Colorado 80203

3. Specific description of the information: Complete medical record from inception of treatment to present, including, but not limited to, all of my office medical records, hospital medical records, patient information sheets, questionnaires, x-rays, other diagnostic studies and laboratory tests, emergency room records, out-patient records, consultation records, therapy records, and all other in-patient or out-patient hospital notes, charts, documents, all personal notes and all billing records.

4. Specific purpose for the use and/or disclosure of the protected health information: At my request in connection with litigation pending in the County District Court.

5. I understand this authorization will expire, without my express revocation, one year from the date of signing, or if I am a minor, on the date I become an adult according to state law. I understand that I may revoke this authorization in writing at any time except to the extent that action has been taken based on this authorization. I understand that revocation will not apply to information that has already been released as specified by this authorization or to my insurance company when the law provides my insurer with the right to contest a claim under my policy or the policy itself.

6. I understand that the medical information released by this authorization may include information concerning treatment of physical and mental illness, alcohol/drug abuse and past medical history.

7. I understand that after this information is disclosed, federal law might not protect it and the recipient might disclose it.

8. I understand that I am entitled to receive a copy of this authorization.

9. I understand that I may refuse to sign this authorization and that my refusal to sign will not affect my ability to obtain treatment from the above-named medical provider.

10. Photocopies of this authorization are to be given the same effect as the original.

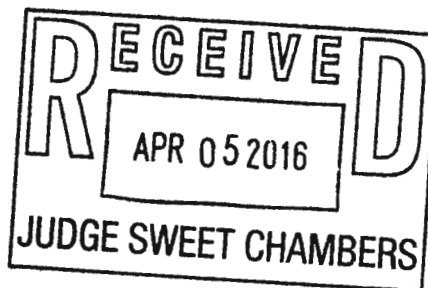
Date

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 EAST LAS OLAS BOULEVARD • SUITE 1200 • FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33301-2211 • PH. 954.356.0011 • FAX 954.356.0022

Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.
Email: smccawley@bsflfp.com

April 5, 2016

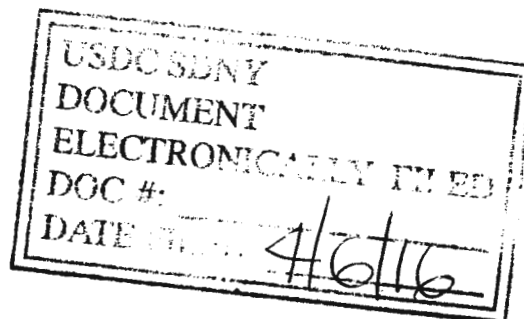


Via Facsimile Transmission

212-805-7925

Honorable Robert W. Sweet
US District Judge
Daniel Patrick Moynihan
United States Courthouse
500 Pearl Street
New York, NY 10007-1312

Re: Virginia Giuffre v. Maxwell
Case No. 15-cv-07433-RWS



Dear Judge Sweet:

Counsel for Ms. Giuffre inadvertently filed a confidential document as Exhibit 4 to Docket Entry 79. In order to rectify the error, counsel for Ms. Giuffre spoke with an employee with the ECF help desk who instructed us to inform the Court via letter that he placed a temporary seal on Exhibit 4 to Docket Entry 79, Declaration of Sigrid S. McCawley, pursuant to this Court's Protective Order (Docket Entry 62). Thank you for your consideration and my apologies for the error.

Sincerely,

Sigrid S. McCawley

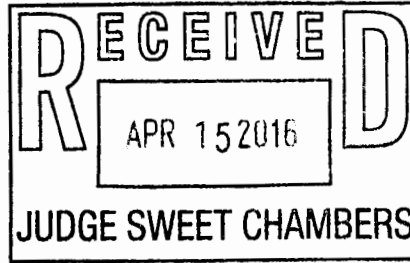
So ordered
Sweet
USDC
4-6-16

SSM/dk

Cc: Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
Jeffrey Pagliuca, Esq.



HADDON
MORGAN
FOREMAN



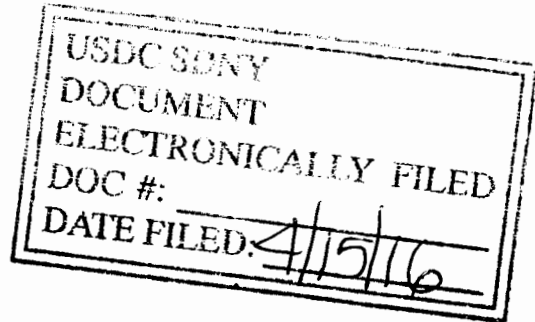
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
Laura A. Menninger

150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
PH 303.831.7364 FX 303.832.2628
www.hmflaw.com
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

April 15, 2016

Via Facsimile (212) 805-7925

Hon. Robert W. Sweet
United States District Judge
United States District Court
Daniel Patrick Moynihan Courthouse
Southern District of New York
500 Pearl Street, Room 1940
New York, New York 10007-1312



Re: Giuffre v. Maxwell, 15-cv-07433-RWS

Dear Judge Sweet:

Plaintiff's counsel contends that Defendant's Reply in Support of Motion to Compel Responses to Defendant's First Set of Discovery Requests (Doc. #92) contains at page 9 information designated "Confidential" pursuant to this Court's Protective Order (Doc. #62).

While we disagree, and contend that Plaintiff has waived any Confidentiality by making representations to the Court in her publicly filed Response regarding her medical records and the contents thereof, we nevertheless are requesting that the Reply be placed under seal and that we substitute for public filing a Reply which omits words from page 9 about which Plaintiff complains.

Thank you for your consideration and we apologize to the Court for the inconvenience this disagreement has caused.

Sincerely,

HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.

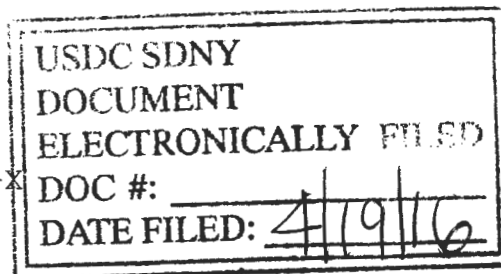
*So ordered
Sweet USDC
4-15-16*

/s/ Laura A. Menninger
Laura A. Menninger

Hon. Robert W. Sweet
April 15, 2016
Page 2

c/c:
Sigrid S. McCawley
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301-2211
smccawley@bsflp.com

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK



-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

Plaintiff,

- against -

15 Civ. 7433 (RWS)

ORDER

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

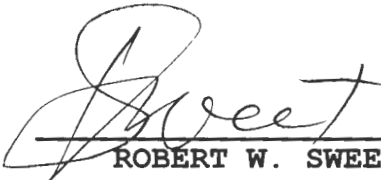
Defendant.
-----X

Sweet, D.J.

Plaintiff's motion to compel Defendant to Produce Documents Subject to Improper Objections, filed February 26, 2016, ECF No. 35, was granted in part and denied in part as set forth in open court on March 17, 2016. See ECF Nos. 66, 98. Defendant's motion for a protective order regarding deposition of Defendant, filed March 22, 2016, ECF No. 63, was granted in part and denied in part as set forth in open court on March 24, 2016. Tr. 4:7 - 7:16, ECF No. 82. Defendant's motion to compel Plaintiff to disclose pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26, filed March 22, 2016, ECF No. 64, was denied with leave granted to refile as set forth in open court on March 24, 2016. Tr. 3:19 - 4:6.

It is so ordered.

New York, NY
April 19, 2016



ROBERT W. SWEET
U.S.D.J.

Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.
Email: smccawley@bsfllp.com

April 25, 2016

Via CM/ECF

Honorable Judge Robert W. Sweet
District Court Judge
United States District Court
500 Pearl Street
New York, NY 10007

**Re: *Giuffre v. Maxwell*,
Case no. 15-cv-07433-RWS – Regarding Protective Order**

Dear Judge Sweet:

This is a letter motion to file Ms. Giuffre's Non-Redacted Reply in Support of Motion for Forensic Examination ("Reply Brief") and certain accompanying exhibits under seal pursuant to this Court's March 18, 2016, Protective Order and the Southern District of New York Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions 6.2.

The Protective Order states:

Whenever a party seeks to file any document or material containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION with the Court in this matter, it shall be accompanied by a Motion to Seal pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions for the Southern District of New York.

See Protective Order [DE 62] signed on March 17, 2016, at p. 4. Defendants have designated certain documents as Confidential Information and have designated Defendant's entire deposition testimony as confidential. Ms. Giuffre takes no position at this time on whether Defendant's designations are proper. Because of the Protective Order, however, Ms. Giuffre believes that she cannot presently produce or reference such documents in public court filings. Accordingly, as Ms. Giuffre's Reply Brief contains material that Defendant has designated as confidential, she seeks leave to file the Non-Redacted Reply Brief and certain related exhibits under seal.

Respectfully submitted,



Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

cc: Laura Menninger via CM/ECF

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

**REDACTED DECLARATION OF SIGRID S. McCAWLEY IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFF VIRGINIA GIUFFRE'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR
FORENSIC EXAMINATION**

I, Sigrid S. McCawley, declare that the below is true and correct to the best of my knowledge as follows:

1. I am a partner with the law firm of Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP and duly licensed to practice in Florida and before this Court pursuant to this Court's September 29, 2015 Order granting my Application to Appear Pro Hac Vice.
2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre's Reply In Support of Motion For Forensic Examination.
3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1, is a true and correct copy of Letter dated April 11, 2016 from Laura Menninger, Counsel for Defendant.
4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2, is a true and correct copy of Message Pads messages.

5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3, is a true and correct copy of Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell's Responses and Objections to Plaintiff's First Request For Production of Documents.

6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4, is a true and correct copy of [REDACTED]

7. Attached hereto as Exhibit 5, is a true and correct copy of correspondence dated April 7, 1026 from Sigrid McCawley, Counsel for Plaintiff.

8. Attached hereto as Exhibit 6, is a true and correct copy of correspondence dated March 10, 2016 from Sigrid McCawley, Counsel for Plaintiff.

9. Attached hereto as Exhibit 7, is a true and correct copy of an excerpt from the Deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell taken April 22, 2016.

10. Attached hereto as Exhibit 8, is a true and correct copy of an excerpt from the Deposition of Ghislaine Maxwell taken April 22, 2016.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

Dated: April 25, 2016.

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley

Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite
1200 Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman
Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP
575 Lexington Ave
New York, New York 10022
(212) 446-2300

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on April 25, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
Jeffrey Paliuca, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
[Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com](mailto:lmenninger@hmflaw.com)

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

EXHIBIT 3

United States District Court
Southern District Of New York

-----X

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

v.

15-cv-07433-RWS

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

-----X

**DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO
PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS**

Defendant, Ghislaine Maxwell, by and through her undersigned counsel, hereby responds to Plaintiff's First Request for Production of Documents (the "Requests").

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT AND GENERAL OBJECTIONS

1. This response is made to the best of Ms. Maxwell's present knowledge, information and belief. Ms. Maxwell, through her attorneys of record, have not completed the investigation of the facts relating to this case, have not completed discovery in this action, and have not completed preparation for trial. Ms. Maxwell's responses to Plaintiff's requests are based on information currently known to her and are given without waiving Ms. Maxwell's right to use evidence of any subsequently discovered or identified facts, documents or communications. Ms. Maxwell reserves the right to supplement this Response in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(e).

2. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they attempt to impose any requirement or discovery obligation greater than or different from those under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the local rules of this Court or any Orders of the Court.

3. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they seek documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, Rule 408 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, any common interest privilege, joint defense agreement or any other applicable privilege.

4. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they seek documents or information outside of Ms. Maxwell's possession, custody or control.

5. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they seek information which is not relevant to the subject matter of the litigation and/or is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

6. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they are overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying, embarrassing, or harassing Ms. Maxwell.

7. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they are vague and ambiguous, or imprecise.

8. Ms. Maxwell objects to the Requests to the extent they seek information that is confidential and implicates Ms. Maxwell's privacy interests.

9. Ms. Maxwell incorporates by reference every general objection set forth above into each specific response set forth below. A specific response may repeat a general objection for emphasis or for some other reason. The failure to include any general objection in any specific response does not waive any general objection to that request.

10. The Requests seek information that is confidential and implicates Ms. Maxwell's privacy interests. To the extent such information is relevant and discoverable in this action, Ms. Maxwell will produce such materials subject to an appropriate protective order pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c) limiting their dissemination to the attorneys and their employees.

OBJECTIONS TO DEFINITIONS

11. Ms. Maxwell objects to Definition No. 1 regarding "Agent" to the extent that it purports to extend the meaning beyond those permissible by law.

12. Ms. Maxwell objects to Definition No. 3 regarding "Defendant." The Definition is overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it attempts to extend the scope of the Requests to documents in the possession, custody or control of individuals other than Ms. Maxwell or her counsel.

13. Ms. Maxwell objects to Definition No. 5 regarding "Employee." Ms. Maxwell is an individual, sued in an individual capacity, and therefore there is no "past or present officer, director, agent or servant" of hers. Additionally, "attorneys" and "paralegals" are not "employees" of Ms. Maxwell given that she herself is not an attorney and therefore cannot "employ" attorneys.

14. Ms. Maxwell objects to Definition No. 9 regarding "You" or "Your." The Definition is overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it attempts to extend the scope of

the Requests to documents in the possession, custody or control of individuals other than Ms. Maxwell or her counsel.

OBJECTIONS TO INSTRUCTIONS

15. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction No. 1, in particular the definition of the “Relevant Period” to include July 1999 to the present, on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. The Complaint at paragraph 9 purports to describe events pertaining to Plaintiff and Defendant occurring in the years 1999 – 2002. The Complaint also references statements attributed to Ms. Maxwell occurring in January 2015. Defining the “Relevant Period” as “July 1999 to the present” is vastly overbroad, irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence, and as to certain of the Requests, is intended for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell and it implicates her privacy rights. Thus, Ms. Maxwell interprets the Relevant Period to be limited to 1999-2002 and December 30, 2014 - January 31, 2015 and objects to production of any documents outside that period, except as specifically noted.

16. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction No. 3 on the grounds that it is unduly burdensome and is intended for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell cannot possibly recall the specific disposition of documents, particularly electronic documents, dating back over 16 years. However, Ms. Maxwell, prior to this litigation has long had a practice of deleting emails after they have been read.

17. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction Nos. 5, 8, 9, 12, 17 to the extent they seek to impose obligations to supply explanations for the presence or absence of such documents, to specifically identify persons or documents, to provide information concerning who prepared documents, the location of any copies of such documents, the identities and contact information for persons who have custody or control of such documents, the reasons for inability to produce portions of documents, and the “natural person in whose possession they were found,” beyond the requirements of Rule 34. These Instructions improperly seek to propound Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33.

18. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction No. 13 on the grounds that it is unduly burdensome and is intended for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell cannot possibly recall the specific circumstances upon which a document dating back 16 years has ceased to exist.

19. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instruction No. 15 to the extent that it calls for documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other applicable privilege.

20. Ms. Maxwell objects to Instructions Nos. 18 & 19 to the extent they require information on any privilege log above and beyond the requirements of Local Civil Rule 26.2.

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S
FIRST REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS**

Document Request No. 1: All documents relating to communications with Jeffery Epstein from 1999 – Present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and unduly burdensome and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, the common interest privilege or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding documents outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*, and is withholding production of documents that are privileged pursuant to a common interest agreement.

Document Request No. 2: All documents relating to communications with Virginia Roberts Giuffre from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 3: All documents relating to communications with Andrew Albert Christian Edward, Duke of York (a.k.a. Prince Andrew) from 1999 – Present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad and calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other applicable privilege. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request limited to the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*, and with private phone numbers and related information redacted. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 4: All documents relating to communications between you and Jeffrey Epstein regarding any female under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 5: All documents relating to massages, including but not limited to any documents reflecting recruiting or hiring masseuses, advertising for masseuses, flyers created for distribution at high schools or colleges, and records reflecting e-mails or calls to individuals relating to massages.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 6: All documents relating to communications with any of the following individuals from 1999 – present: Emmy Taylor, Sarah Kellen, Eva Dubin, Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel, and Nadia Marcinkova.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents relating to communications with Nadia Marcinkova, Sarah Kellen and Eva Dubin that are outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents relating to Ms. Marcinkova, Ms. Kellen or Ms. Dubin within the Relevant Periods. Ms. Maxwell also has been unable to locate any such documents responsive to this Request relating to Glen Dubin, Jean Luc Brunel or Emmy Taylor for any time period.

Document Request No. 7: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to females under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request which relate or pertain to Plaintiff or any of the witnesses identified by Plaintiff in her Rule 26 disclosures. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of other documents responsive to this Request, including things like mainstream newspapers, magazines, videos, DVDs or other media or family photographs which contain depictions of female children, including Ms. Maxwell herself as a child.

Document Request No. 8: All documents relating to your travel from the period of 1999 – present, including but not limited to, any travel on Jeffrey Epstein’s planes, commercial flights, helicopters, passport records, records indicating passengers traveling with you, hotel records, and credit card receipts.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra* and is withholding documents within the Relevant Period that are private and are not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Document Request No. 9: All documents identifying passengers, manifests, or flight plans for any helicopter or plane ever owned or controlled by you or Jeffrey Epstein or any associated entity from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*, and is withholding documents within the Relevant Period that are private and are not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. The documents reflecting flight plans in Ms. Maxwell’s possession do not identify passengers or manifests.

Document Request No. 10: All documents relating to payments made from Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity to you from 1999 – present, including payments for work performed, gifts, real estate purchases, living expenses, and payments to your charitable endeavors including the TerraMar Project.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 11: All documents relating to or describing any work you performed with Jeffrey Epstein, or any affiliated entity from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request in that the terms “work,” “with” and “affiliated entity” are vague, undefined and susceptible of multiple meanings and definitions. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 12: All confidentiality agreements between you and Jeffrey Epstein or any entity to which he is related or involved or such agreements which are or were in your possession or control related to any other employee of Jeffrey Epstein, or any associated entity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request in that the terms “confidentiality agreements” and “associated entity” are vague, undefined and susceptible of multiple meanings and definitions. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 13: All documents from you, your attorneys or agents to any law enforcement entity, or from any law enforcement entity to you or any of your representatives related to any cooperation, potential charge, immunity or deferred prosecution, or which relates to suspected or known criminal activity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request as vague and confusing. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent it requests documents subject to either the attorney-client or work product privileges. Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 14: All documents relating to travel of any female under the age of 18 from the period of 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 15: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media taken at a time when you were in Jeffrey Epstein's company or inside any of his residences or aircraft.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request that are within the Relevant Periods described in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 16: All computers, hard drives or copies thereof for all computers in operation between 1999- 2002.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of copies of computers or hard drives that contain documents, media and other data that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any computers, hard-drives or copies of any computers responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 17: All documents relating to communications with you and Ross Gow from 2005 – Present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, the common interest privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other applicable privilege.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding documents responsive to this Request that are outside of the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra* as well as the period of January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011, and also withholding documents within the Relevant Periods that are privileged. Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any non-privileged documents that are within such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 18: All video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to Virginia Roberts Giuffre.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent it calls for attorney-client communications and attorney work product. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it calls for video tapes, audio tapes, photographs or any other print or electronic media relating to Virginia Roberts Giuffre that exists within the public domain, the internet or in public court records and which are equally available to both parties and can be obtained from some other source that is more convenient, less burdensome, and less expensive.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 19: All documents relating to your deposition scheduled in the matter of Jane Doe v. Epstein, 08-80893, United States Southern District of Florida.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this request on the grounds that it seeks documents or information protected by the attorney/client privilege, any common interest privilege, and the work-product doctrine.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding privileged documents Responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 20: All documents relating to any credit cards that were paid for by Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for the production of copies of computers or hard drives that contain documents, media and other data that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 21: All telephone records associated with you, including cell phone records from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome, propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell, and seeks documents outside of Ms. Maxwell's possession, custody or control. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 22: All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for you from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome, propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell, and seeks documents outside of Ms. Maxwell's possession, custody or control. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 23: All documents relating to calendars, schedules or appointments for Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome, propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell, and seeks documents outside of Ms. Maxwell's possession, custody or control. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 24: All documents relating to contact lists, phone lists or address books for you or Jeffrey Epstein from 1999 – present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to

the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request within the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 25: All documents relating to any hospital records for Virginia Roberts Giuffre.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 26: All documents relating to any passport or license for Virginia Roberts Giuffre.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 27: All documents relating to any gifts or monetary payments provided to Virginia Roberts Giuffre by you, Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 28: All documents relating to Virginia Robert's employment or work as an independent contractor with you, Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 29: All documents identifying individuals to whom Virginia Roberts provided a massage.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any such documents.

Document Request No. 30: All documents relating to any employee lists or records associated with you, Jeffrey Epstein or any related entity.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell has been “associated with” any number of entities over the last 17 years which have nothing to do with this civil case, Ms. Roberts or Mr. Epstein.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request insofar as it seeks employee lists for any entity related to Mr. Epstein, Ms. Roberts or any entity related to either one of them.

Document Request No. 31: All documents relating to Victoria Secret, models or actresses, who were ever in the presence of you or Jeffrey Epstein or Virginia Roberts between 1999 and 2005.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 32: All documents related to communications with or interaction with Alan Dershowitz from 1999 to present.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request as being interposed for an improper purpose, specifically Plaintiff and her counsel’s civil litigation currently pending in Broward County, Florida in the matter of *Cassells v. Dershowitz*.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell will produce non-privileged documents responsive to this Request during the Relevant Periods defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 33: All travel records between 1999 and the present reflecting your presence in: (a) Palm Beach Florida or immediately surrounding areas; (b) 9 E. 71st Street, New York, NY 10021; (c) New Mexico; (d) U.S. Virgin Islands; (e) any jet or aircraft owned or controlled by Jeffrey Epstein.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. This request is also duplicative and cumulative of Requests Nos. 8 and 14 above. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request for the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Period.

Document Request No. 34: All documents reflecting your ownership or control of property in London between the years 1999 and 2002.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request on the grounds that it calls for documents that are a matter of the public record and are thus equally available to the Plaintiff.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is withholding documents Responsive to this Request that are a matter of public record.

Document Request No. 35: All documents reflecting your or Jeffrey Epstein's membership or visits to the Mar-a-Lago Club in Palm Beach Florida between the years 1999 and 2002.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 36: All documents you rely upon to establish that (a) Giuffre's sworn allegations "against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue." (b) the allegations have been "shown to be untrue."; and (c) Giuffre's "claims are obvious lies."

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to the Request as argumentative and misquotes and misconstrues sentence fragments attributed to Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this

Request to the extent it calls for attorney-client communications, attorney work product and other applicable privileges. Ms. Maxwell also objects to this Request to the extent it calls for documents relating to Virginia Roberts Giuffre that exist within the public domain, the internet or in public court records and which are equally available to both parties and can be obtained from some other sources that are more convenient, less burdensome, and less expensive. Indeed, many documents which demonstrate the falsity of Ms. Giuffre's allegations concerning Ms. Maxwell are within the possession and control of Plaintiff.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell is producing non-privileged documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 37: All documents reflecting communications you have had with Bill or Hillary Clinton (or persons acting on their behalf), including all communications regarding your attendance at Chelsea Clinton's wedding ceremony in 2010.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request on the grounds that it is overly broad, unduly burdensome and/or propounded for the improper purpose of annoying or harassing Ms. Maxwell. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

Subject to and without waiving the above objections, Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request for the Relevant Periods as defined in paragraph 15, *supra*. Ms. Maxwell is withholding production of documents outside of such Relevant Periods.

Document Request No. 38: All documents reflecting contact with you by any law enforcement or police agency, including any contact by the FBI, Palm Beach Police Department, or West Palm Beach Police Department.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell has been unable to locate any documents responsive to this Request.

Document Request No. 39: All documents reflecting training to fly a helicopter or experience flying a helicopter, including any records concerning your operation of a helicopter in the U.S. Virgin Islands.

RESPONSE: Ms. Maxwell objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for the production of documents that are irrelevant to this action and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Ms. Maxwell further objects to this Request to the extent

it implicates her right to privacy. *Gateway Logistics, Inc. v. Smay*, 302 P.3d 235 (Colo. 2013); Fed. R. Evid. 501.

Ms. Maxwell is withholding documents responsive to this Request as irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence and privacy.

Dated: February 8, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on February 8, 2016, I served the attached document DEFENDANT GHISLAINE MAXWELL'S RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS via email to the following counsel of record:

Sigrid S. McCawley
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflp.com

s/Alan Schindler

Alan Schindler

EXHIBIT 5

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 EAST LAS GLAS BOULEVARD • SUITE 1200 • FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33301-2211 • PH. 954.356.0011 • FAX 954.356.0022

Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.
E-mail: smccawley@bsfllp.com

April 7, 2016

VIA E-MAIL

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
Jeffrey Pagliuca, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203

Re: *Giuffre v. Maxwell*
Case No. 15-cv-07433-RWS

Dear Ms. Menninger and Mr. Pagliuca,

We would like to schedule a meet and confer call regarding the following topics. I estimate that the meet and confer will take 45 minutes. I am available today at 1:30 pm – 3:00 pm (EST) or 3:30 pm – 5:30 pm (EST) and tomorrow from 10:00 am – 4:00 pm (EST). The following are the topics I would like to discuss.

1. The Court, at the hearing on March 17, 2016, granted Ms. Giuffre's Motion to Compel the production of documents from Defendant. To date, we have not received any additional document production from Defendant. As you are aware, Ms. Giuffre first served her Requests for Production on October 27, 2015. We wrote to you on March 28, 2016 requesting that you produce documents in accordance with the Court's Order by April 6, 2016 which gave you twenty (20) days from the date of the Court's ruling at the hearing to produce documents. We would like to have a call today or tomorrow to meet and confer on Defendant's document production.
2. You have noticed Ms. Giuffre for deposition on May 3, 2016. We would also like to discuss Defendant's identification and production of all documents to be used in Ms. Giuffre's deposition. As you are aware, Ms. Giuffre provided such materials in advance of Defendant's deposition.
3. Finally, we would like to discuss Defendant's discovery collection procedures, including, electronically stored information collection procedures and search terms that Defendant is using to collect production documents.

BOES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

Letter to Laura Menninger, Esq.
April 7, 2016
Page 2

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Sigrid S. McCawley", written over a horizontal line.

Sigrid S. McCawley

SSM/ep

EXHIBIT 6

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 EAST LAS OLAS BOULEVARD • SUITE 1200 • FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33301-2211 • PH: 954.356.0011 • FAX: 954.356.0022

Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.
E-mail: smccawley@bsflfp.com

March 10, 2016

Via Electronic Mail

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203

Re: Giuffre v. Maxwell,
Case no. 15-cv-07433-RWS

Dear Ms. Menninger:

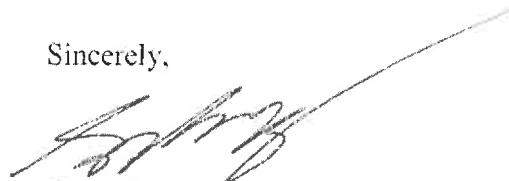
This letter is to inform you of the form of Plaintiff's production and to seek an agreement on the format of both parties' productions going forward pursuant to Rule 34, Fed. R. Civ. P.

Per my March 8, 2016 letter, Plaintiff is preparing to make a first production of documents and related privilege log on Wednesday, March 16, 2016, to Defendant in response to Defendant's First Request for Production. Defendant's First Request for Production did not specify a form for producing electronically stored information. Accordingly, pursuant to Rule 34(b)(2)(D), Fed. R. Civ. P., Plaintiff states that she intends to produce the documents in the form as described in the attached Stipulation.

By this letter, I am also seeking your agreement to the attached Stipulation relating to ESI, governing the parties' collection and production of documents in this case. If you agree, please return the attached Stipulation to me with your signature, and please let me know a time in the near future during which we can discuss search terms. I will then sign it and return a copy to you for your records.

Kindly let me know of your agreement by Monday, March 14, 2016.

Sincerely,



Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

SSM/ep
Enclosure

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

/

**STIPULATED DISCOVERY PLAN
FOR ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION**

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 29, this Stipulated Discovery Plan for Electronically Stored Information (the “Stipulation”) is entered into by and among the named parties in the above-captioned action, through their respective counsel of record.

1. Definitions: For purposes of this Stipulation:

- (a) The term “Plaintiff” refers to Virginia Giuffre
- (b) The term “Defendant” refers to Ghislaine Maxwell.
- (c) The term “parties” refers collectively to Plaintiff and Defendant.
- (d) The term “party” refers individually to Plaintiff or Defendant.

2. Electronic Discovery - The Collection and Culling of ESI: In a joint effort to balance the volume, relevance, and costs of the production and review process, the parties stipulate to the following involving the handling and production of electronically stored information (“ESI”).

(a) Counsel for Defendant and Plaintiff will correspond regarding custodians and sources of documents from which they are collecting ESI for production in the above-

captioned action. The parties will work in good faith to identify, discuss, agree upon, and revise, if necessary, the custodians and sources of documents from which ESI is collected and reviewed for possible production in the matter to avoid an unduly burdensome production or retrieving a large quantity of non-responsive ESI. The parties agree that search terms and other techniques to identify potentially responsive ESI for review and possible production may be useful to allow document production to complete in a reasonable amount of time. To the extent that a party plans to use search terms to identify potentially responsive ESI, the parties agree to work in good faith to agree upon acceptable search terms that will assist in identifying potentially responsive ESI.

To the extent practicable, the parties shall use informal procedures, agreed upon through a meet-and-confer process, for the production of electronically stored information. The parties have proposed this detailed Stipulation in satisfaction of their obligations under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f)(3)(C) and to provide rules governing production of electronically stored information in the event that the parties are unable to agree to informal procedures that are satisfactory to all parties.

(b) In the event of a dispute or disagreement, the parties will meet and confer in a good faith effort to resolve such dispute or disagreement which includes the production and review of a limited sampling of the information sought. Further, insofar as this Stipulation relates to the general protocol of identifying and producing ESI, any party may bring a motion to modify or clarify the application of this Stipulation to particular ESI or otherwise.

This Stipulation is designed, and shall be interpreted, to ensure a balance of the needs of the party requesting electronic discovery to obtain all responsive documents and information that can reasonably be produced while avoiding unnecessary burdens for the party

responding to a request for production or other production requirement. Nothing in this Stipulation is intended to be an exhaustive list of discovery obligations of a producing party or rights of the requesting party. To the extent additional obligations or rights not addressed in this Stipulation arise under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or applicable State or Federal statutes, they shall be controlling. All parties reserve their rights under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for matters relating to the production of information that are not specifically addressed in this Stipulation.

(c) Each party shall make a reasonable and diligent effort to search for and collect reasonably accessible and responsive ESI from the following sources for each of its designated custodian's: active e-mail accounts utilized during the relevant time period, ESI stored on each such custodian's computer hard-drive, and other locations (to the extent agreed upon by the parties) used by each such custodian to store potentially responsive ESI. The parties will filter the ESI they collect using search terms agreed upon by the parties. If a party identifies ESI that is not reasonably accessible but is likely to contain responsive non-duplicative information, it will provide to the other party a description of the source of the ESI that it claims is not reasonably accessible and the basis of the claim that the source is not reasonably accessible. (d) In addition, the parties shall collect reasonably accessible and responsive ESI from their computers (including laptop and notebook computers), tablets, mobile phones, electronic document repositories, or any other electronic file storage media, a party identifies following a reasonable and diligent investigation, as likely to contain responsive ESI. The search terms will be run against the ESI collected from the locations and devices listed above.

3. Collection and Production of Hard Copy Documents: The parties agree to conduct a reasonable search for and collect reasonably accessible, non-duplicative responsive hard-copy data in the possession of agreed-upon custodians. The parties agree to produce such hard copy documents in single-page TIFF format along with document level OCR text files and the following fields in a Concordance load file as described in Section 5 below:

- (i) Custodian (Name of Custodian from which the file is being produced);
- (ii) BegBates (Beginning Production Number);
- (iii) EndBates (Ending Production Number);
- (iv) Page count; and
- (v) Path to OCR text file.

Each party shall bear the cost of converting the hard-copy paper documents it produces to TIFF format and for providing the load file.

4. ESI - Processing and Production: The parties stipulate to the following regarding the processing and production of documents that were originally maintained as ESI:

(a) EXCLUSIONS FROM PROCESSING: The parties may exclude from collection, review, and production ESI or data with file extensions that typically contain no meaningful user-created data and/or cannot be reviewed in any meaningful format. Specifically, the parties agree that they may exclude (i) files with the following extensions (provided that the file signature matches the extension): .COM, .EXE, .BAT, .DLL, .SYS, .VXD, .BIN, .ASH, .ASM, .B, .BAS, .BCP, .C, .CPP, .H, .C++, .CPL, .FRM, .MOD, .RH, .VB, .VBX, .XLV, .RC and (ii) those file types contained on the list established by the National Institute of Standards in Technology ("NIST") (collectively, the "Permitted Excluded Files"). To the extent that the either party wishes to exclude file types not included within the Permitted Excluded Files from processing, the parties will meet and confer to regarding any such request.

To the extent responsive, audio, video, photo, and other media files such as stand-alone audio, video, or graphic shall be produced in their native format. To the extent it would be impractical to produce responsive ESI as it is kept in the normal course of business the parties will meet and confer concerning the collection and production of those reports.

(b) DE-DUPLICATION: In order to reduce the volume of documents reviewed and produced, each party shall de-duplicate ESI using the SHA1 or MD5 hash value. Such de-duplication will be done across the universe of all ESI produced and will be performed at the family level. De-duplicated originals and metadata shall be securely retained.

(c) NON-E-MAIL ESI: The native format of all non-e-mail ESI will be maintained by each party. Non-e-mail ESI will be produced in single-page TIF format (except for non-redacted Excel documents, which shall be produced in native format with a TIF placeholder pursuant to Section 4(f) hereof) and corresponding document-level extracted text (or OCR for documents that are redacted) with the following metadata fields, to the extent available, in a Concordance load file as described in Section 5 below:

- (i) Custodian (Name of Custodian from which file is being produced);
- (ii) Author (Author of file from properties);
- (iii) Doc Title (Title of file from properties);
- (iv) Doc Subject (Subject of file from properties);
- (v) Created Date (the date the file was created, in YYYYMMDD or MM/DD/YYYY format);
- (vi) Created Time (the time the file was created in HH:MM:SS format);
- (vii) Last Modified Date (the date the file was created in YYYYMMDD or MM/DD/YYYY format);
- (viii) Last Modified Time (the time the file was created in HH:MM:SS format);
- (ix) File Name (name of the file);
- (x) File Ext (extension for the file);
- (xi) Hash (SHA1 or MD5 hash value, or equivalent);
- (xii) BegBates (beginning production number);
- (xiii) EndBates (ending production number);
- (xiv) BegAtt (BegBates of first document in the family)
- (xv) EndAtt (EndBates of last document in the family)

- (xvi) ParentID (field contains the BegBates for the parent document (usually an e-mail) and is populated for all attachments within the family group);
- (xvii) AttachID (field contains the BegBates number for each attachment within the family group and is populated for the parent document within a family group);
- (xviii) Page count;
- (xix) For non-redacted Excel spreadsheets only, a native link (path to the native file as included in the production, e.g.,
d:\PROD001\natives\ABC00015.xls or
d:\PROD001\natives\ABC00025.ppt). A TIFF placeholder with a link to the native files is required.

(d) ELECTRONIC MAIL: The native format of all electronic mail shall be maintained by the parties. Electronic mail shall be produced in single-page TIFF format and corresponding document-level extracted text (or OCR for redacted documents) with the following metadata fields, to the extent available, in a Concordance-ready load file as described in Section 5 below (except for attachments that are non-redacted Excel spreadsheets, which shall be produced in native format with a TIFF placeholder pursuant to Section 4(f) hereof):

- (i) Custodian (name of custodian from which file is being produced);
- (ii) From;
- (iii) CC;
- (iv) BCC;
- (v) To;
- (vi) Hash (SHA1 or MD5 hash value, or equivalent);
- (vii) Sent Date (date the e-mail was sent in YYYYMMDD or MM/DD/YYYY format);
- (viii) Sent Time (time the e-mail was sent in HH:MM:SS format);
- (ix) Received Date (date the email was received in YYYYMMDD or MM/DD/YYYY format);
- (x) Received Time (time the email was received in HH:MM:SS format);
- (xi) File Ext (extension for the file);
- (xii) BegBates (beginning production number);
- (xiii) EndBates (ending production number);
- (xiv) BegAtt (BegBates of the first document in the family);
- (xv) EndAtt (EndBates of last document in the family);
- (xvi) ParentID (field contains the BegBates for the parent document (usually an e-mail) and is populated for all attachments within the family group);
- (xvii) AttachID (field contains the BegBates number for each attachment within the family group and is populated for the parent document within a family group);

- (xviii) Page count;
- (xix) Email Subject.

Electronic mail shall be produced along with attachments in sequential order as part of a family, maintaining the parent-child relationship, to the extent the message or any attachment is responsive. If any message or attachment is responsive but is withheld based on privilege, the entire family may be withheld (to the extent necessary to protect privilege) provided, however, that if an email or attachment withheld pursuant to this sentence is not subject to an independent claim of privilege, the party withholding such email or attachment will ensure that it is otherwise included in its production.

(e) REDACTED ESI: Production of redacted ESI shall be subject to the general production requirements set forth herein, however the following metadata need not be provided for documents that are redacted: Doc Title, Doc Subject, Filename, Email Subject. Further, for each document that is redacted, the field "Redacted" shall be populated with the value "Yes" and OCR text files of the redacted document shall be provided.

(f) EXCEL SPREADSHEETS AND OTHER DATA THAT DOES NOT EASILY LEND ITSELF TO TIFFING: All Excel spreadsheets and other data that does not easily lend itself to TIFFing, including but not limited to, CSV files, audio files, and video files, shall be produced in native format with a TIFF placeholder, except if an Excel spreadsheet must be redacted in which case it shall be produced in TIFF format (provided, however, that if the party receiving a redacted Excel spreadsheet in TIFF format determines that a native version is necessary, the party producing the Excel spreadsheet shall make available a native version of the Excel spreadsheet with any redactions necessary to protect privilege (i.e. not the original native file)). This paragraph shall apply to all such ESI irrespective of whether it takes the form of standalone files or attachments to e-mails or other files. To the extent that any Excel spreadsheet

requires a confidentiality legend, the TIFF placeholder shall contain such confidentiality legend, and the filename of the Excel spreadsheet shall also include such confidentiality legend.

(g) ZIP FILES: All compressed or zipped ESI shall be unzipped or decompressed before production. To the extent a responsive, non-privileged electronic file contains embedded files, or links to other files, such embedded files or links to other files do not need to be produced initially, but to the extent the receiving party determines they are necessary, the parties will meet and confer regarding production of the native files. The parties agree that they need not produce all files in a zip folder in the event any individual file in the zip folder is responsive. To the extent that there are multiple files within a zip folder, each shall be considered a single document with respect to determining responsiveness (unless attached to an email, in which case the protocol in subsection (d) hereof shall apply).

(h) The parties agree to meet and confer in good faith if there are any other file types that encounter difficulties in the production preparation process and will discuss native production of such files if necessary.

5. Production of ESI & Hard Copy Documents: The parties agree to the following regarding production of all documents:

(a) The production of all documents shall be in Concordance-ready format and the following load files will be produced:

- (i) Opticon load file compliant with Concordance to load the images;
- (ii) Document level extracted text or OCR (for documents that have been redacted or documents without extractable text);
- (iii) DAT file containing the fields specified herein, with the field names as otherwise provided herein, in the first row. The .DAT file shall be

provided with the following hierarchy of delimiters: field - (ASCII 20), quote - (ASCII 254), return value in data - (ASCII 174).

(b) Each page of a produced document shall have a legible, unique page identifier (“Bates Number”) electronically “burned” onto the image. Additionally, any applicable confidentiality legend shall be “burned” into the document image. No other legend or stamp will be placed on the document image other than a confidentiality legend or redactions (where necessary to protect the attorney-client communication privilege, work product doctrine, or other protection). If the page identifier or legend inadvertently obliterates, conceals, or interferes with any information from the source document, the receiving party shall request and the producing party shall produce a legible copy.

(c) Each page image file shall be named with the unique Bates Number of the page of the document in the case of single-page TIFFs, followed by the extension “.TIF.”

(d) The parties shall honor reasonable and specific written requests for the production of native versions of files and color images to the extent such requests are not unduly burdensome, subject to any necessary redactions to protect the attorney-client or other privileges.

(e) The parties shall honor reasonable and specific written requests to make originals of any produced document available for inspection and copying, subject to any necessary redactions to protect the attorney-client or other privileges.

(f) The parties reserve the right to seek and to object to the costs arising from any discovery or from any improper conduct or bad faith of the litigants.

6. Clawback Provision: The parties agree that clawbacks of any inadvertently produced privileged material shall be made upon notice to the other party.

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.

Sigrid McCawley (*Pro Hac Vice*)
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
Tel: (954) 356-0011
Fax: (954) 356-0022
Email: smccawley@bsfllp.com

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmlaw.com

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

401 EAST LAS OLAS BOULEVARD • SUITE 1200 • FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33301-2211 • PH. 954.356.0011 • FAX 954.356.0022

Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.
Email: smccawley@bsflfp.com

April 25, 2016

Via CM/ECF

Honorable Judge Robert W. Sweet
District Court Judge
United States District Court
500 Pearl Street
New York, NY 10007

U.S. DISTRICT COURT
DOCUMENT
ELECTRONICALLY FILED
DOC #:
DATE FILED: 4/25/16

RECEIVED
APR 26 2016
JUDGE SWEET CHAMBERS

Re: *Giuffre v. Maxwell,*
Case no. 15-cv-07433-RWS – Regarding Protective Order

Dear Judge Sweet:

This is a letter motion to file Ms. Giuffre’s Non-Redacted Reply in Support of Motion for Forensic Examination (“Reply Brief”) and certain accompanying exhibits under seal pursuant to this Court’s March 18, 2016, Protective Order and the Southern District of New York Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions 6.2.

The Protective Order states:

Whenever a party seeks to file any document or material containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION with the Court in this matter, it shall be accompanied by a Motion to Seal pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions for the Southern District of New York.

See Protective Order [DE 62] signed on March 17, 2016, at p. 4. Defendants have designated certain documents as Confidential Information and have designated Defendant’s entire deposition testimony as confidential. Ms. Giuffre takes no position at this time on whether Defendant’s designations are proper. Because of the Protective Order, however, Ms. Giuffre believes that she cannot presently produce or reference such documents in public court filings. Accordingly, as Ms. Giuffre’s Reply Brief contains material that Defendant has designated as confidential, she seeks leave to file the Non-Redacted Reply Brief and certain related exhibits under seal.

So ordered
Docket USDC
4.26.16

Respectfully submitted,

[Signature]
Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.

cc: Laura Menninger via CM/ECF

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GUIFFRE,

Plaintiff,

15 Civ. 7433 (RWS)

- against -

OPINION

GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

Defendant.
-----X

A P P E A R A N C E S :

Counsel for Plaintiffs

BOEIS, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1200
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
By: Sigrid S. McCawley, Esq.
Meredith L. Schultz, Esq.

Counsel for Defendants

HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East Tenth Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
By: Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
Jeffrey S. Pagliuca, Esq.

USDC SDNY
DOCUMENT
ELECTRONICALLY FILED
DOC #:
DATE FILED: 5/2/16

Sweet, D.J.

Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre ("Giuffre" or "Plaintiff") has moved to compel Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell ("Maxwell" or "Defendant") to produce documents withheld on the grounds of privilege. Based on the conclusions set forth below, the motion is granted in part and denied in part.

I. Prior Proceedings

Plaintiff filed a complaint in this Court on September 21, 2015, alleging a single defamation claim. See Compl. As set forth in the Court's February 26, 2016 Opinion denying Defendant's motion to dismiss, this case concerns Defendant's statements denying Plaintiff's allegations concerning Defendant's role in Plaintiff's sexual abuse as a minor.

On February 26, 2016, Plaintiff filed the instant motion to compel Defendant to respond to interrogatories to which Defendant has claimed the protection of the attorney-client, attorney-client-agent, and common interest privileges. Oral argument was held on March 17, 2016. During argument, the Court held that in camera review was warranted for purposes of

determining whether privilege applied to the documents in question, and Defendant was directed to file any further submissions necessary to establish her privilege claim. On March 31, 2016, Defendant submitted a declaration and exhibits in opposition to Plaintiff's motion, at which point the matter was deemed fully submitted.

II. The Privilege Claims at Issue

Defendant has withheld 99 pages of emails with communications involving various combinations of Brett Jaffe, Esq. ("Jaffe"), Mark Cohen, Esq. ("Cohen"), Philip Barden ("Barden"), Ross Gow ("Gow"), Brian Basham ("Basham"), [REDACTED], [REDACTED], [REDACTED] and [REDACTED].

[REDACTED] The facts that follow summarize Defendant's assertions regarding her relationship to each of these individuals.

Defendant hired Jaffe, then of Cohen & Gresser LLP, to represent her in connection with legal matters in the United States at some indeterminate point in 2009. Def.'s Decl. of L.A. Menninger in Supp. Def.'s Resp. to Pl.'s Mot. to Compel Production of Docs. Subject to Improper Privilege, ECF. No. 47,

Ex. E, ¶ 9 ("Maxwell Decl."). Defendant does not set forth an end date to Jaffe's representation, but swears that when Jaffe left Cohen & Gresser, Mark Cohen continued as her counsel. Id. ¶

11.

Defendant hired Barden of Devonshire Solicitors on March 4, 2011 to represent her in connection with legal matters in England and Wales. Id. ¶ 1. Defendant hired Gow, her "media agent," on the same date. Id. ¶ 6.

Defendant communicated with [REDACTED] pursuant to a common interest agreement between them and their respective counsel. Id. ¶ 16. Defendant understood [REDACTED] to be acting as counsel for [REDACTED] in 2015. Id. ¶ 14. Defendant likewise understood [REDACTED] for some unidentified period of time. Id. ¶ 15.

Defendant has not established the nature of her relationship with Basham.

Defendant's withheld emails can be organized as follows¹:

1. Communications with Jaffe on March 15, 2011, #1000-19.²
2. Communications with Gow on January 2, 2011, #1020-26.
3. Communications with Gow and Basham on January 2, 2015, #1027-1028.
4. Communications with Barden
 - a. On January 10, 2015, #1045-51
5. Communications with Barden and Gow
 - a. On January 10, 2015, #1044
 - b. On January 9 and 10, 2015, #1052-55
 - c. On January 11, 2015, #1055-58
 - d. On January 21, 2015, #1088-90
6. Communications with [REDACTED]
 - a. On January 6, 2015, #1029
 - b. On January 11, 2015, #1055-58
 - c. Between January 11 and 17, 2015, #1059-83, including forwarded email between Barden [REDACTED] #1069-73, #1076-79, and including forwarded email between Barden, Defendant, and Cohen, #1068-69, 1074-76.
 - d. Between January 21 and 27, 2015, #1084-1098, #1099.
7. Communications with [REDACTED] on January 6, 2015, #1030-43.

Some emails were forwarded or carbon copied ("CC'd") later in the chain, leading to some overlap and duplication. Whether one party or another was a direct recipient or a CC'd recipient of an email is not significant for purposes of the privilege analysis, as the waiver issue is determined by the purpose of the third-party's inclusion in the communications, not necessarily whether the communication was directed toward them by copy or direct email. See e.g., Morgan v. New York State

¹ This organization is derived from Defendant's privilege log. Issues with respect to characterizations in the log will be addressed infra § V.

² All references preceded by # refer to the Bates stamp number of Defendant's in camera submissions.

Dep't of Envtl. Conservation, 9 A.D.3d 586, 588, 779 N.Y.S.2d 643, 645 (2004) (privilege lost when documents were carbon copied to a third party); see also infra §IV.

Defendant claims the attorney-client privilege applies to groups 1 and 5, the attorney-client-agent privilege applies to groups 2 through 4, and the common interest privilege applies to groups 6 and 7. See Def.'s In Camera Submissions, Ex. A ("Privilege Log").

III. Choice of Law

Defendant has invoked the protection of privilege for communications with New York counsel Jaffe and London solicitor Barden. Defendant does not dispute that the communications with Jaffe are governed by the privilege law of New York State. Def.'s Supp. Mem. of Law. in Resp. to Pl.'s Mot. to Compel Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Privilege, ECF No. 46, at 3 ("Def.'s Supp. Opp."); see also Fed. R. Civ. P. 501; Allied Irish Banks v. Bank of Am., N.A., 240 F.R.D. 96, 102 (S.D.N.Y. 2007) ("Because this Court's subject matter jurisdiction is based upon diversity . . . state law provides the rule of decision concerning the claim of attorney-client

privilege."). However, Defendant submits that a choice of law issue arises with respect to her communications with Barden. Id. at 3-5.

Defendant has not specified whether she seeks to withhold documents containing communications with Barden subject to the British legal-advice or litigation privileges. Rather, Defendant's privilege log lists the "attorney-client privilege" with respect to the Barden communications and broadly asserts that all privileges asserted are "pursuant to British law, Colorado law and NY law." Privilege Log at 1. Defendant argues "Ms. Maxwell's communications with Mr. Barden should be construed pursuant to British law." Def.'s Supp. Opp. at 4.

It is only in Defendant's in camera filing that Defendant has provided any legal argument supporting an assertion of protection under British privilege law.³

Defendant's claim is based on two suppositions: first, that "[t]he UK litigation privilege protects communications to and

³ Defendant argued in supplemental opposition that "Ms. Maxwell has not had sufficient time to secure appropriate affidavits, documents and legal opinions concerning British law's attorney-client privileges," seeking additional time to submit these materials. Def.'s Supp. Opp. at 4.

from a client and her attorney and to a third party[.]" Decl. of L.A. Menninger in Supp. Def.'s In Camera Submissions ("Menninger Decl.") ¶ 24 (emphasis in original). Second, that the scope of privilege is wider than explicit legal advice provided in the context of litigation, encompassing communications related to "actual or contemplated litigation." Id. (emphasis in original). Defendant supports these arguments with citation to Belabel v. Air India [1988] Ch.317, Lord Taylor and its progeny Three Rivers DC v. Bank of England (Disclosure) (No. 4), [2005] 1 A.C. 610 and (No. 10) [2004] UKHL 48.

Lord Taylor's opinion in Belabel explicitly addresses "whether [the legal professional] privilege extends only to communications seeking or conveying legal advice, or to all that passes between solicitor and client on matters within the ordinary business of a solicitor." Balabel, Ch. 317, 321-332. Lord Taylor discusses at length whether communications between a solicitor and client are privileged if they do not contain explicit legal advice, ultimately deciding the scope of the privilege is wider. Id. at 330 ("the test is whether the communication or other document was made confidentially for the purpose of legal advice."). However, Defendant's citation does not support the statement for which it is directly cited: that waiver does not apply to communications including a third-party

if for the purpose of contemplated litigation. Plaintiff, with the aid of British counsel and without having seen Defendant's British law argument, submits an interpretation of British law directly contradicting Defendant's.⁴

This precarious support provides an insufficient foundation for the Court to apply foreign law to Defendant's claims. See Tansey v. Cochlear Ltd., No. 13-CV-4628 SJF SIL, 2014 WL 4676588, at *4 (E.D.N.Y. Sept. 18, 2014) ("the party relying on foreign law has the burden of showing such law bars production of documents." (quoting BrightEdge Techs., Inc. v. Searchmetrics, GmbH, 14-cv-1009-WHO, 2014 WL 3965062 *2 (N.D.Cal. Aug.13, 2014) (internal quotation marks omitted))).

Moreover, at least one New York court has found that British privilege law is "apparently similar" to New York's. Aetna Cas. & Sur. Co. v. Certain Underwriters at Lloyd's London,

⁴ "Where there is no attorney involved in the communication ..., there can be no 'legal advice' privilege under English Law"; "[i]n absence of any express obligation of confidentiality, [Plaintiff] submits that privilege does not attach to communications involving Ross Gow and the lawyer."; "Under English Law, communications between client and lawyer through an agent will be protected by legal advice privilege, but this will only apply in situations where the agent functions as no more than a mere conduit." Pl.'s Reply in Response to Def.'s Supp. Mem. of L. in Resp. to Pl.'s Mot. to Compel the Production of Documents Subject to Improper Claim of Priv. at 4-6 (emphasis removed) ("Pl.'s Reply").

176 Misc. 2d 605, 609, 676 N.Y.S.2d 727 (Sup. Ct. 1998) (citing Waugh v British Rys. Bd., 1980 AC 521 [H.L.]), aff'd sub nom. Aetna Cas. & Sur. Co. v. Certain Underwriters at Lloyd's, 263 A.D.2d 367, 692 N.Y.S.2d 384 (1999). That court found that both doctrines "require that legal advice be a predominate purpose of the communication."⁵ Id.

The privilege analysis under UK law parallels the analysis under New York law, requiring (i) a communication between an attorney and client, (ii) made in the course of the representation, (iii) for the purpose of providing legal advice. Compare Three Rivers DC (Disclosure) (No.4), [2005] 1 A.C. 610 with People v. Mitchell, 58 N.Y.2d 368, 373, 448 N.E.2d 121 (1983). The policy purposes of privilege in both jurisdictions also mirror one another. Compare Balabel at 324 ("[T]he basic principle justifying legal professional privilege arises from the public interest requiring full and frank exchange of confidence between solicitor and client to enable the latter to receive necessary legal advice.") with People v. Mitchell, 58 N.Y.2d 368, 373, 448 N.E.2d 121 (1983) ("[C.P.L.R. § 4503's] purpose is to ensure that one seeking legal advice will be able

⁵ As reasoned infra, the predominate purpose of the communications is the primary issue with respect to Defendant's claim that privilege applies to the communications with Barden.

to confide fully and freely in his attorney, secure in the knowledge that his confidence will not later be revealed to the public to his detriment or his embarrassment"). Even the purposes for which Defendant cites British law--to assert that the scope of privilege can (i) encompass communications to non-attorneys, (ii) made outside of the context of pending litigation--are directly addressed by elements of New York law. Respectively, (i) New York's agency and common interest privileges extend the umbrella of attorney-client communications to third parties, and (ii) the analysis regarding the predominance of legal advice in the communications at issue and Ambac Assur. Corp. v. Countrywide Home Loans, Inc.⁶ both expand the scope of privilege to protect certain content unrelated to ongoing litigation. See infra § IV. Indeed, Defendant refers to New York law citations to support her argument about the protection provided "[p]ursuant to British legal authority." Menninger Decl. ¶ 25 ("citing NY law for same principle."). A choice of law analysis need not be reached where the law applied is not outcome determinative. On Time Aviation, Inc. v. Bombardier Capital, Inc., 354 F. App'x 448, 450 n.1 (2d Cir. 2009).

⁶ 124 A.D.3d 129, 998 N.Y.S.2d 329 (2014) (holding litigation is not per se necessary for application of the common interest privilege).

Finally, applying the choice of law test results in the application of New York law. As has been held in this district:

[w]here, as here, alleged privileged communications took place in a foreign country or involved foreign attorneys or proceedings, this court defers to the law of the country that has the "predominant" or "the most direct and compelling interest" in whether those communications should remain confidential, unless that foreign law is contrary to the public policy of this forum.

Astra Aktiebolag v. Andrx Pharm., Inc., 208 F.R.D. 92, 98

(S.D.N.Y. 2002) (quoting Golden Trade, S.r.L. v. Lee Apparel Co., 143 F.R.D. 514, 522 (S.D.N.Y. 1992); Bayer AG & Miles, Inc. v. Barr Labs., Inc., No. 92 CIV. 0381 (WK), 1994 WL 705331, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 16, 1994)).

The Court has previously held that New York has the predominate interest in this case. Giuffre v. Maxwell, No. 15 CIV. 7433 (RWS), 2016 WL 831949, at *2 n.2 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 29, 2016) ("Because New York has the most significant interest, New York law applies."). The potential litigation for which Defendant sought Barden's advice never came to fruition and no pending issues in or relating to Britain have been pled. Thus, any consequence resulting from a ruling on the confidentiality of the Barden communications will sound only in New York, the situs of this case and the location of the allegedly defamatory statements at issue. New York therefore has the predominate

interest in whether these communications remain confidential. The similarity between New York and British attorney-client privilege demonstrates that no public policy conflict exists. Consequently, New York law applies to all of Plaintiff's privilege claims.

IV. Applicable Standard

The purpose of the attorney-client privilege is to facilitate and safeguard the provision of legal advice; "to ensure that one seeking legal advice will be able to confide fully and freely in his attorney." Mitchell, 58 N.Y.2d at 373.

New York law provides:

Unless the client waives the privilege, an attorney or his or her employee, or any person who obtains without the knowledge of the client evidence of a confidential communication made between the attorney or his or her employee and the client in the course of professional employment, shall not disclose, or be allowed to disclose such communication, nor shall the client be compelled to disclose such communication, in any action[.]

N.Y.C.P.L.R. § 4503(a)(1).

The privilege only applies to attorney-client communications "primarily or predominately of a legal character." Rossi v. Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Greater N.Y.,

73 N.Y.2d 588, 594, 542 N.Y.S.2d 508, 540 N.E.2d 703 (1989)) (internal quotation marks omitted). However, reference to non-legal matters in communications primarily of a legal character are protected. Id. "The critical inquiry is whether, viewing the lawyer's communication in its full content and context, it was made in order to render legal advice or services to the client." Id. (quoting Spectrum Sys. Int'l Corp. v. Chem. Bank, 78 N.Y.2d 371, 379, 575 N.Y.S.2d 809, 581 N.E.2d 1055 (1991)).

The presence of a third party during communication or disclosure of otherwise confidential attorney-client communications to a third party waives the privilege absent an exception. People v. Osorio, 75 N.Y.2d 80, 84, 549 N.E.2d 1183, 1185 (1989). There exists an exception, referred to as the agency privilege, when the third party facilitates the rendering of legal advice, such as communications made by the client to the attorney's employees, through an interpreter, or to "one serving as an agent of either the attorney or client." Id.

Similarly, the common interest privilege extends the attorney-client privilege to "protect the confidentiality of communications passing from one party to the attorney for another party where a joint defense effort or strategy has been decided upon and undertaken by the parties and their respective

counsel." United States v. Schwimmer, 892 F.2d 237, 243 (2d Cir. 1989). To show the common interest privilege applies, the party claiming its protection must show the communication was made in the course of the ongoing common enterprise with the intention of furthering that enterprise. Id. A limited common purpose necessitating disclosure is sufficient, and "a total identity of interest among the participants is not required under New York law." GUS Consulting GMBH v. Chadbourne & Parke LLP, 20 Misc. 3d 539, 542, 858 N.Y.S.2d 591, 593 (Sup. Ct. 2008).

Despite their shorthand names, neither the agency privilege nor the common-interest privilege operate independently; both may only exist to pardon the presumptive waiver that would result from disclosure of otherwise privileged attorney-client communications to a third party when that third-party is included under the umbrella of the agency or common-interest doctrines. See U.S. Bank Nat. Ass'n v. APP Int'l Fin. Co., 33 A.D.3d 430, 431, 823 N.Y.S.2d 361, 363 (2006) ("Before a communication can be protected under the common interest rule, the communication must satisfy the requirements of the attorney-client privilege."); Don v. Singer, 19 Misc. 3d 1139(A), 866 N.Y.S.2d 91 (Sup. Ct. 2008) ("The attorney-client privilege may extend to the agent of a client where the communications are

intended to facilitate the provision of legal services to the client." (citations and internal quotation marks omitted)).

The party asserting protection bears the burden of proving each element of privilege and a lack of waiver. Osorio, 75 N.Y.2d at 84, 549 N.E.2d at 1185 (citations omitted); Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev, 290 F.R.D. 421, 428 (S.D.N.Y. 2013). "Such showings must be based on competent evidence, usually through affidavits, deposition testimony, or other admissible evidence." Id. (citing von Bulow by Auersperg v. von Bulow, 811 F.2d 136, 147 (2d Cir.), cert. denied, 481 U.S. 1015, 107 S.Ct. 1891, 95 L.Ed.2d 498 (1987); Bowne of N.Y.C., Inc. v. AmBase Corp., 150 F.R.D. 465, 472 (S.D.N.Y. 1993)).

V. Plaintiff's Motion to Compel is Granted in Part and Denied in Part

Consistent with the aforementioned standards, to survive the instant motion to compel, Defendant must establish (1) an attorney-client relationship existed, (2) the withheld documents contain a communication made within the context of that relationship, (3) for the purpose of obtaining legal advice, and (4) the intended confidentiality of that communication, and (5)

maintenance of confidentiality via a lack of waiver or an exception to waiver such as extension via the common interest privilege or the agency privilege. See e.g., Safeco Ins. Co. of Am. v. M.E.S., Inc., 289 F.R.D. 41, 46 (E.D.N.Y. 2011) (applying New York law) (citing Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank v. Morgan Stanley, 08 CV 7508 (SAS), 2011 WL 4716334, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 3, 2011)).

1. Communications with Jaffe Are Privileged

"An attorney-client relationship is established where there is an explicit undertaking to perform a specific task." Pellegrino v. Oppenheimer & Co., 49 A.D.3d 94, 99, 851 N.Y.S.2d 19 (2008). Defendant has sworn that she hired Jaffe in 2009 to represent her in connection with a deposition. Maxwell Decl. ¶ 9. Though Defendant has failed to specify the end-date of Jaffe's representation, the in camera submissions demonstrate that these communications were made within the context of an ongoing attorney-client relationship for the purpose of providing legal advice related to the specific task for which Defendant hired Jaffe. Defendant intended that the communications remain confidential. Maxwell Decl. ¶ 12-13. The communications themselves were solely between attorney and

client, demonstrating lack of waiver. Accordingly, Defendant's submissions #1000-19 are privileged.

2. Communications with Gow Alone Must Be Produced

The email communications in this group, #1020-26, are solely between Gow and Defendant regarding release of a public relations statement in response to inquiries from journalists (contained as forwarded messages). No counsel is included, and Defendant provides no argument relevant to the application of privilege to emails devoid of any attorney-client communication. The only mention of content of a legal character refers to awaiting content from Barden, indicating that any communication with Barden was for the purpose of facilitating Gow's public relations efforts. Regardless, without an attorney-client communication to facilitate, it cannot be said that Gow's presence and input was necessary to somehow clarify or improve comprehension of Defendant communications with counsel, as the standard requires. See Egiazaryan, 290 F.R.D. at 431.⁷ As such,

⁷ Defendant argues Egiazaryan does not apply. Def.'s Supp. Opp. at 9. Defendant distinguishes that case as involving a public relations firm, where this case involves a public relations "agent." Id. As reasoned infra SV(5), the Court does not rely on Egiazaryan for the principle that a public relations firm (or agent or specialist) cannot be deemed an agent for purposes of privilege protection.

Defendant has not met her burden of demonstrating that the communications fall beneath the umbrella of attorney-client privilege and cannot be rehabilitated by the extension provided by the agency privilege. Defendant must produce the emails in #1020-26.

3. Communications with Gow and Basham Must Be Produced

These emails, documents #1027-28, are between Defendant and Gow, with Basham CC'd. Basham was therefore a third-party privy to these communications between Defendant and Gow. Defendant has not identified Basham. Therefore, Defendant has failed to establish an attorney-client relationship, an attorney-client communication of a predominately legal character, and lack of waiver. Accordingly, documents #1027-28 are not privileged and Defendant must produce these emails.

4. Communications with Barden Alone Are Privileged

Defendant submits in her supplemental reply and in camera submissions that these communications, #1045-51, are non-responsive as they contain only communications between Defendant and Barden and "[n]o other party participated in this email

correspondence." Menninger Decl. ¶ 11; Supp. Reply at 5 n.2. Documents #1045-46 contain communications between Defendant and Barden; however, documents #1047-51 include Gow (and contain forwards from others). Documents #1047-51 will be addressed infra, § V(5), as these documents are responsive to Plaintiff's Document Request No. 17.⁸ Defendant's representations of this batch of communications being unclear, the Court addresses their status.

Defendant has submitted that Barden has been her "UK attorney ... for many years in connection with potential defamation lawsuits against the UK press." Menninger Decl. in Supp. Def.'s In Camera Submissions ¶¶ 9-10, Maxwell Decl. ¶¶ 1-5. Defendant alleges she hired Barden to represent her regarding these matters and Barden continues to represent her. Maxwell Decl. ¶ 1.⁹ Defendant submits that Barden issued a cease and

⁸ "Plaintiff's Document Request No. 17: All documents relating to communications with [Defendant] and Ross Gow from 2005-Present." McCawley Decl. in Supp. Consolidated Reply in Supp. Mot. to Compel Production of Docs. Subject to Improper Objections and Improper Claim of Priv., ECF No. 44, Ex. 2, at 9.

⁹ Defendant has not provided a contract or representation agreement to substantiate the dates of the relationship, though she alleges one exists. Menninger Decl. ¶ 17. Likewise, no material substantiates Barden's role other than a largely blank print-out from the Devonshires Solicitors website. Maxwell Decl., Ex. D. This print-out does not contain Barden's legal education, professional accreditation, or any other explicit indication that he was qualified counsel at the time of the communications other than the implicit logical assumption that

desist to British press, though no litigation ever materialized. Maxwell Decl. ¶ 5. Defendant's sworn affidavit, coupled with the content of the communications (including a comment by Barden referring to having been retained by Defendant) are sufficient to establish Barden undertook the specific task for which Defendant has alleged she hired him in sworn affidavit. See Pellegrino, 49 A.D.3d at 99. It is similarly established by these materials that these communications were made in the context of that relationship. Defendant's affidavit swears the communications were intended to be confidential. Maxwell Decl. ¶ 4.

Defendant has sworn that all of her communications with Barden were for the purpose of seeking legal advice. However, the content of the communications addresses matters not legal on their face (specifically, a press statement). See id. Not all communications between an attorney and client are privileged, and "one who seeks out an attorney for business or personal advice may not assert a privilege as to those communications." Matter of Bekins Record Storage Co., Inc., 62 N.Y.2d 324, 329, 465 N.E.2d 345 (1984). Moreover, even if inherently related to ongoing litigation, "[c]ase law makes clear that a media

having been called a "hard nosed litigator," he must have been qualified to practice law at some point in time.

campaign is not a litigation strategy." Egiazaryan, 290 F.R.D. at 431 (citation omitted).

Notwithstanding, the Court must consider the communications in their full context. Rossi, 73 N.Y.2d at 594. Alone, it would be difficult to deem communications that predominately address a press statement as legal advice. Nevertheless, Defendant's assertion that a press statement is a necessary precursor to litigation "under the fair comment laws of the UK" changes the context. See Menninger Decl. ¶ 20. Considering the legal necessity of a press statement in the context of the legal issue for which Defendant sought Barden's advice, the communication with Barden is predominately for the purposes of providing legal services. Defendant has therefore met her burden of establishing Documents #1045-46 are privileged.

5. Communications with Barden and Gow Must Be Produced

Defendant claims the protection of the attorney-client and agency privileges apply to communications with Barden and Gow. See Privilege Log. These communications include documents #1044, 1047-51 (as set forth above), 1052-58,¹⁰ and 1088-90. Defendant's

¹⁰ Two chains in this series, #1052-55 and #1055-5, appear to be forwarded in their entirety [REDACTED] The messages to

privilege log does not list #1063-64 as a communication between Defendant, Barden, and Gow, but the chain nonetheless does include a message between this group, and it is analyzed accordingly.

Defendant argues "Gow is the agent for Ms. Maxwell," thus taking advantage of the principle that attorney-client privilege may apply to communications between an agent and the client's counsel. Def.'s Supp. Opp. at 8. The test dividing agency (and thus privilege protection) and lack thereof (and thus waiver) is the necessity of the third-party in facilitating the confidential communications between counsel and client.¹¹ Mileski v. Locker, 14 Misc. 2d 252, 256, 178 N.Y.S.2d 911, 916 (Sup. Ct. 1958); accord Don, 866 N.Y.S.2d 91; Egiazaryan, 290 F.R.D. at 431.

Defendant's citations with respect to this issue are inapposite, referring to agents who more explicitly facilitated attorney-client communication.¹² Defendant's most relevant

_____ will be addressed infra §V(6). The messages contained between Defendant, Barden, and Gow are addressed in this section.

¹¹ The title "agent" is not determinative of whether Defendant's privilege assertion survives the applicable test.

¹² For example, Hendrick v. Avis Rent A Car Sys., Inc. involved a quadriplegic plaintiff who has been involved in a "catastrophic" car accident rendering him unable to seek legal

citation is to In re Grand Jury Subpoenas, 265 F. Supp. 2d 321 (S.D.N.Y. 2003), which directly addressed the role of public relations consultants. That court found that:

(1) confidential communications (2) between lawyers and public relations consultants (3) hired by the lawyers to assist them in dealing with the media in cases such as this (4) that are made for the purpose of giving or receiving advice (5) directed at handling the client's legal problems are protected by the attorney-client privilege.

Id. at 331. It has not been alleged that Barden hired Gow. In fact, Defendant swears that she hired Gow and Barden simultaneously. Maxwell Decl. ¶ 6. These facts are significant not as they relate to Gow's relationship to Defendant, but because they suggest that Gow's necessity in the provision of legal advice was not material to whether he was included in communications with Barden.

counsel both physically and emotionally. 944 F. Supp. 187, 189 (W.D.N.Y. 1996). Mileski v. Locker involved interpretation to surmount a language barrier. 14 Misc. 2d at 255, 178 N.Y.S.2d at 915-6. In First Am. Commercial Bancorp, Inc. v. Saatchi & Saatchi Rowland, Inc., unlike in the instant case, an exclusive agency agreement between the Defendant company and third party was provided to the court and upon which the court relied. Stroh v. General Motors Corp. involved a tragic underlying car accident wherein the 76-year old Plaintiff had lost control of her vehicle driven into a park. Stroh v. Gen. Motors Corp., 213 A.D.2d 267, 623 N.Y.S.2d 873 (1995). That court, "presented with an aged woman required to recall, and perhaps relive; what was probably the most traumatic experience of her life," held the presence of Plaintiff's daughter, who had selected Plaintiff's counsel and driven her to the law office, was necessary to facilitate Plaintiff's communications with counsel. Id. at 874-5.

Defendant has failed to positively establish that Gow was necessary to implementing Barden's legal advice. Defendant repeatedly refers to Gow as an agent and references that Gow provided information to Barden at Defendant's requests "so as to further Mr. Barden's ability to give appropriate legal advice." Defendant, as cited above, relies on fair-comment law to prove Gow's necessity in the relationship with Barden. Def.'s Supp. Opp. at 9. However, at best, this establishes only that Gow's input and presence potentially added value to Barden's legal advice. "[T]he necessity element means more than just useful and convenient but requires the involvement be indispensable or serve some specialized purpose in facilitating attorney client communications." Don, 866 N.Y.S.2d 91 (citing Nat'l Educ. Training Grp., Inc. v. Skillsoft Corp., 1999 WL 378337, *4 (S.D.N.Y. 1999)).

The structure of fair-comment law may require counsel to engage in public relations matters by providing a comment to press, but it does not follow that counsel is unable to communicate with his client on that issue without a public relations specialist. Advice on the legal implications of issuing a statement or its content is not predicated on public relations implications. Likewise, it has not been established that the Defendant was incapable of understanding counsel's

advice on that subject without the intervention of a "media agent" or that Gow was translating information between Barden and Defendant in the literal or figurative sense. That Gow issued the statement drafted by Barden or signed a contract with Defendant speaks to his intimate involvement, but not to his necessity. "[W]here the third party's presence is merely useful but not necessary, the privilege is lost." Allied Irish Banks, P.L.C., 240 F.R.D. at 104 (citation and internal quotation marks omitted). Defendant has not met her burden to establish that Gow was necessary to facilitate the relationship with Barden, as the standard requires.

Similarly, Defendant has failed to establish that the predominate purpose of the communications in question was the ultimate provision of legal advice. Throughout the communications, Gow is involved for public relations matters.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Like several other exchanges involving Gow, this line of emails was prompted by an inquiry from a reporter. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] These are not the necessary elements or evidence of facilitating legal advice between client and counsel.

To be sure, some legal advice is included in the communications between Barden, Defendant, and Gow. However, as the quotes above demonstrate, both Barden and Gow provide Defendant with what amounts to public relations, not legal, advice. It is something between business and personal advice, neither of which are privileged even when coming from counsel. Matter of Bekins, 62 N.Y.2d 324. Furthermore, the protection of privilege is presumptively narrow, not broad. In re Shargel, 742 F.2d 61, 62 (2d Cir. 1984) ("Since the privilege prevents disclosure of relevant evidence and thus impedes the quest for truth, ... it must be strictly confined within the narrowest possible limits consistent with the logic of its principle." (citation and internal quotation marks omitted)). Accordingly, where Gow's necessity has not been established, Defendant cannot include the entire field of public relations matters into the realm of legal advice by virtue of a law that implicates press coverage.

It has not been established that Gow's input on public relations matters was necessary for Barden to communicate with

Defendant or provide legal advice, or that the primary purpose of these communications was the provision of legal advice. Consequently, Defendant has failed to demonstrate the elements necessary to sustain the protection of privilege with respect to the communications with Barden and Gow in documents #1044, 1047-51 (as set forth above), 1052-58, 1063-64, and 1088-90. Defendant must produce these emails.

6. Communications with [REDACTED]

Defendant claims the protection of the common interest privilege applies to communications with [REDACTED] specifically encompassing documents #1029, 1055-58, and 1059-83. These communications with [REDACTED] include communications with others, and thus each batch will be addressed separately.

a. Documents #1055-58, #1063-64, and #1088-90 Must Be

Produced

The communications in each of these chains include messages between Defendant, Barden, and Gow that were ultimately forwarded to [REDACTED]. As reasoned above, attorney-client privilege does not apply to the underlying emails between Defendant, Barden, and Gow. Accordingly, they cannot be

rehabilitated by the common interest privilege. Thus, this field of documents and the common interest claim with [REDACTED] is narrowed to the communications with [REDACTED] found on #1055, #1063, and #1088, as the remainder of the documents in question have already failed to qualify as protected under the attorney-client and agency privileges.

To assert the common interest privilege, the party claiming its protection must establish (i) the documents in question are attorney-client communications subject to the attorney-client privilege, (ii) the parties involved share a common legal interest, and (iii) "the statements for which protection is sought were designed to further that interest." Chevron Corp. v. Donziger, 296 F.R.D. 168, 203 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (citations omitted).¹³ To merit any analysis regarding the presence of the attorney-client privilege, either the underlying forwarded messages must include communications protected by the attorney-client privilege, or the messages to [REDACTED] (excluding the forwarded materials) must themselves show some attorney-client communication.

¹³ "New York courts applying the common interest rule to civil proceedings have often looked to federal case law for guidance." Egiazaryan v. Zalmayev, 290 F.R.D. 421, 433 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (collecting cases).

As set forth above, the underlying communications that were sent to [REDACTED] in this batch all fail to qualify as protected under the attorney-client privileges, because Defendant has failed to meet the predominance requirement and failed to demonstrate that Gow's inclusion did not constitute waiver pursuant to the agency privilege. The emails between Defendant and [REDACTED] (excluding the forwarded communications that include Barden and Gow) do not themselves include counsel or even legal advice, and thus cannot themselves qualify as attorney-client communications, let alone privileged communications. Accordingly, these emails fail to meet the first element of the common interest privilege. Documents #1055-58, #1063-64, and #1088-90 must be produced in their entirety.

b. Document #1059 is Privileged

Document #1059 includes messages between [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]. Unlike the emails including messages between Defendant, Barden, and Gow, the messages between [REDACTED] merit an inquiry regarding the presence of a privileged attorney-client communication.

Defendant swears [REDACTED] represented [REDACTED] "span[ing] several years, including 2015," when the email in question was sent. Maxwell Decl. ¶ 14. Defendant has not produced an affidavit from [REDACTED] attesting to this fact or any representation agreement. However, the communications contained in Defendant's in camera submissions themselves demonstrate an attorney-client relationship existed. [REDACTED] refers to himself on January 12, 2015 as "[REDACTED] primary counsel" in the present-tense and with respect to specific ongoing legal matters. Accordingly, an attorney-client relationship is established between [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]. The communication from [REDACTED] in document #1059 also demonstrates it was made within the context of that relationship, both topically and chronologically. Defendant's affidavit establishes her intent that her communication with [REDACTED] regarding legal advice was to be kept confidential. Maxwell Decl. ¶ 16.

The law distinguishes between a common legal defense interest, which cloaks related communications in privilege, and a common problem, to which the privilege does not apply. Egiazaryan, 290 F.R.D. at 434 (citing Finkelman v. Klaus, 2007 WL 4303538, at *4 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Nov. 28, 2007)). "[A] limited common purpose [that] necessitates disclosure" meets the standard. Defendant and [REDACTED] had more than a common problem

or a common interest in one another's vindication. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Defendant and [REDACTED] therefore had a sufficiently common purpose that sharing their legal advice was necessary to put forth a common defense.

Finally, the communication in document #1059 is logistically related to furthering the common interest between [REDACTED] and Defendant. Accordingly, document #1059 is privileged.

c. Documents #1060-61 Must Be Produced

Documents #1060-61 include messages between [REDACTED] [REDACTED] which [REDACTED] then forwarded to Defendant. Defendant has sworn that she understands [REDACTED] [REDACTED] "Maxwell Aff. ¶ 15. It is not established when those years were, or even that the period of time encompassed the communications in question. This belief is completely uncorroborated, and no content within the communications tends to show that [REDACTED] was acting in a representative capacity for [REDACTED]. To the contrary, the in

camera submissions with [REDACTED] show him to be acting more likely on his own behalf and in his own interest, discussing articles or statements he intended to publish to protect his own rights and reputation. In document #1060-61, [REDACTED] forwarded this information with a single word of warning to Defendant: "Careful[.]" Like several other elements of the in camera submissions, this communication tends to demonstrate that [REDACTED] had a personal interests in conflict with [REDACTED] at the time of the communications in question, arguably precluding an attorney-client relationship. Defendant has therefore failed to demonstrate any element of attorney-client privilege applied to the communications between [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]. Accordingly, there is no underlying attorney-client communication to which the common interest privilege could attach, and documents #1060-61 must be produced.

d. Documents #1029, #1062, #1065, #1066, #1080, #1081, #1082, #1083, #1084, #1085-87, #1091, #1092, #1093-94, #1095-96, #1097, and #1098 Must Be Produced

Each of these documents concerns emails solely between Defendant and [REDACTED]. As reasoned above, Defendant and [REDACTED] were in a common interest relationship for the purposes of these emails. However, the common interest privilege does not apply to all communications between two parties sharing a common interest; a privileged attorney-client communication must still

be involved. Pem-Am., Inc. v. Sunham Home Fashions, LLC, No. 03 CIV. 1377JFKRLE, 2007 WL 3226156, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 31, 2007) (finding the common interest privilege did not apply where the document in question was not a communication where in the party claiming privilege sought confidential legal advice). For example, counsel to two parties sharing a common interest may communicate with one another to provide legal advice in furtherance of that interest, id., or two parties sharing a common interest may disclose the advice of their counsel in furtherance of their interest. Egiazaryan, 290 F.R.D. at 434. However, the common interest privilege only "operates to protect privileges such as the attorney-client privilege that that would otherwise be waived by disclosure." Id. These communications are mostly mundane exchanges and contain no indication that there is any underlying communication from any attorney, even with respect to the few communications that discuss legal issues. Defendant has not pled any other underlying privilege applies. Accordingly, Defendant has failed to meet her burden and these documents must be produced.

e. Documents #1067-1073 and #1074-79 Are Privileged

Documents #1067-1073 and #1074-79 are mostly duplicative. In the #1074-79 series, communications between Barden, Defendant

and Cohen and between Barden and [REDACTED] are forwarded. This same series is duplicated in #1067-73, with an additional email at the most recent end of the chain between [REDACTED] and Defendant.

As discussed above, attorney-client relationships have been established for the relevant time periods between Defendant and Barden and between [REDACTED]. Defendant submits Cohen, of Cohen & Gresser, LLP, continued as her counsel after Jaffe left Cohen & Gresser. Maxwell Decl. ¶ 11. Defendant has submitted a firm profile showing Cohen to be a Partner at Cohen & Gresser. Maxwell Decl., Ex. C. Cohen is copied on a single email from Barden containing legal advice in the context of the purposes for which Defendant hired Barden and, originally, Jaffe. The content of the email supports Defendant's contention that Cohen represented her in the United States, while Barden represented her interests in the UK. Accordingly, Cohen's presence did not waive attorney-client privilege. Privilege is therefore established to the underlying communications that were ultimately forwarded to [REDACTED]. Likewise, as reasoned above, Defendant was in a common interest relationship with [REDACTED] with respect to advice relating to [REDACTED]. Consequently, this entire string of communications is privileged.

f. Document #1099 Must Be Produced

Defendant's privilege log cites document #1099, an email between Defendant and [REDACTED] as responsive but protected by the common interest privilege. This document was not provided for in camera review. Accordingly, Defendant has failed to meet her burden of establishing the elements of privilege apply and this document must be produced.

7. Communications with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] Documents #1030-43, Must Be Produced

Documents #1030-43 contain a single email from Defendant to [REDACTED] containing a lengthy attachment of a transcript [REDACTED]. As reasoned above, Defendant has failed to establish [REDACTED] were in an attorney-client relationship. Defendant has not pled any information regarding [REDACTED] or relating to the communications included in the attachment. Therefore, no underlying attorney-client privilege has been established and the common interest privilege cannot apply. These documents must be produced.

VI. Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons and as set forth above, Plaintiff's motion to compel is granted in part and denied in part. Defendant is directed to produce documents as set forth above on or before April 18, 2016.

This matter being subject to a Protective Order dated March 17, 2016, the parties are directed to meet and confer regarding redactions to this Opinion consistent with that Order. The parties are further directed to jointly file a proposed redacted version of this Opinion or notify the Court that none are necessary within two weeks of the date of receipt of this Opinion.

It is so ordered.

New York, NY
April 15, 2016



ROBERT W. SWEET
U.S.D.J.

**United States District Court
Southern District of New York**

Virginia L. Giuffre,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

v.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

_____ /

**PLAINTIFF'S REDACTED MOTION TO COMPEL DEFENDANT
TO ANSWER DEPOSITION QUESTIONS FILED UNDER SEAL¹**

Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre, by and through her undersigned counsel, hereby files this
Motion to Compel Defendant to Answer Deposition Questions. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

¹ Defendant has labelled her entire deposition transcript as Confidential at this time. Counsel for the parties conferred at the deposition regarding answering questions.

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted text block]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[REDACTED]

CONCLUSION

Defendant should be ordered to sit for a follow-up [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Dated: May 5, 2016.

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Meredith Schultz (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP

333 Main Street
Armonk, NY 10504

Bradley J. Edwards (Pro Hac Vice)
FARMER, JAFFE, WEISSING,
EDWARDS, FISTOS & LEHRMAN, P.L.
425 North Andrews Avenue, Suite 2
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301
(954) 524-2820

Paul G. Cassell (Pro Hac Vice)
S.J. Quinney College of Law
University of Utah
383 University St.
Salt Lake City, UT 84112
(801) 585-5202²

² This daytime business address is provided for identification and correspondence purposes only and is not intended to imply institutional endorsement by the University of Utah for this private representation.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 5th day of May, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court by using the CM/ECF system. I also certify that the foregoing document is being served this day on the individuals identified below via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF.

Laura A. Menninger, Esq.
Jeffrey Pagliuca, Esq.
HADDON, MORGAN & FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, Colorado 80203
Tel: (303) 831-7364
Fax: (303) 832-2628
Email: lmenninger@hmflaw.com
jpagliuca@hmflaw.com

/s/ Sigrid S. McCawley
Sigrid S. McCawley

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,
v.
GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.
-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

MOTION TO COMPEL ALL ATTORNEY-CLIENT COMMUNICATIONS AND
ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT
PLACED AT ISSUE BY PLAINTIFF AND HER ATTORNEYS

Laura A. Menninger
Jeffrey S. Pagliuca
HADDON, MORGAN, AND FOREMAN, P.C.
East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
303.831.7364

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	ii
CERTIFICATE OF CONFERRAL	1
INTRODUCTION	1
BACKGROUND FACTS RELEVANT TO DISPUTE	2
1. Correspondence re: Jane Doe #1 and Jane Doe #2 v. United States.....	2
2. Correspondence re: Giuffre v. Maxwell, 15-cv-07433-RWS	2
3. Correspondence re: Bradley Edwards and Paul Cassell v. Alan Dershowitz	3
4. Correspondence re: Jane Doe No. 102 v. Jeffrey Epstein.....	3
5. Categorical Entry re: correspondence potential legal action against entities and individuals	
3	
I. The Attorney-Client and Work Product Privilege Standards and Limitations	7
a. <i>The Attorney-Client Privilege</i>	7
b. <i>Work Product Privilege</i>	7
II. Plaintiff and her Attorneys Waived Attorney-Client and Work Product Privileges by Putting Plaintiff’s Representation At Issue in the Dershowitz Case	8
a. <i>Plaintiff’s Waiver of the Attorney-Client Privilege</i>	10
b. <i>Edwards and Cassell’s Waivers of Attorney-Client and Work Product Privilege in the Dershowitz Case</i>	15
c. <i>The elements for finding an at issue waiver are satisfied</i>	18
III. There is No Privilege as to Communications with Scarola	22
a. <i>There is no Attorney-Client Relationship</i>	22
b. <i>Work Product Privilege has been Waived</i>	23
c. <i>There is no basis to claim common interest or joint defense privilege</i>	23
CONCLUSION	24
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	25

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Bank Brussels Lambert v. Credit Lyonnais (Suisse), S.A., 210 F.R.D. 506, 509-10 (S.D.N.Y. 2002) 9

Bowne of New York City, Inc. v. AmBase Corp., 150 F.R.D. 465, 488 (S.D.N.Y. 1993)..... 15, 21

Calvin Klein Trademark Trust v. Wachner, 198 F.R.D. 53, 55 (S.D.N.Y. 2000) 8

Chevron Corp. v. Salazar, 275 F.R.D. 437, 445-46 (S.D.N.Y. 2011)..... 10

Chin v. Rogoff & Co., P.C., No. 05 CIV. 8360(NRB), 2008 WL 2073934, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. May 8, 2008) 21

Drimmer v. Appleton, 628 F.Supp. 1249, 1252 (S.D.N.Y.1986)..... 20

In re Horowitz, 482 F.2d 72, 82 (2d Cir.)..... 20

In re von Bulow, 828 F.2d 15, 20

In re. Steinhardt Partners, 9 F.3d 230, 235 (2d Cir. 1993)9

Koumoulis v. Indep. Fin. Mktg. Grp., Inc., 295 F.R.D. 28, 39-40 (E.D.N.Y. 2013)..... 9

McGrath v. Nassau Cty. Health Care Corp., 204 F.R.D. 240, 244 (E.D.N.Y. 2001) 9, 22

Schaeffler v. United States, 806 F.3d 34, 40 (2d Cir.2015).....16

S.E.C. v. Yorkville Advisors, LLC, 300 F.R.D. 152, 162 (S.D.N.Y. 2014)..... 25

United States ex rel Edney v. Smith, 425 F.Supp. 1038, 1052 (E.D.N.Y. 1976)..... 20

United States v. Bilzerian, 926 F.2d 1285, 1292 (2d Cir.1991) 9, 15

United States v. Mejia, 655 F.3d 126, 132 (2d Cir. 2011) 8

<i>United States v. Nobles</i> , 422 U.S. 225, 238 (1975)	9
<i>United States v. Schmidt</i> , 105 F.3d 82, 89 (2d Cir. 1997)	15
<i>Upjohn Co. v. United States</i> , 449 U.S. 383, 389 (1981).....	8
<i>Urban Box Office Network, Inc. v. Interfase Managers, L.P.</i> , No. 01 Civ. 8854, 2004 WL 2375819, at *3–4 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 21, 2004)	10
<i>Wultz v. Bank of China Ltd.</i> , 304 F.R.D. 384, 391 (S.D.N.Y.2015).....	8, 24

Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell (“Ms. Maxwell”) files this Motion to Compel All Attorney-Client Communications and Attorney Work Product Placed At Issue By Plaintiff and Her Attorneys (“Motion”), and as grounds therefore states as follows:

CERTIFICATE OF CONFERRAL

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(a)(1), undersigned counsel certifies that she conferred with opposing counsel regarding the issues contained herein and was unable to resolve the matter.

INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff and her attorneys have tied a Gordian knot of overlapping litigations, client representations and joint defense agreements. Through these multiple litigations and representations, they attempt to strategically leverage attorney-client communications and attorney work product to their tactical advantage by selectively disclosing information. Simultaneously, they desperately seek to avoid disclosure of related materials they know are unfavorable, would destroy Plaintiff’s claim that she has been truthful, and reveal her attorneys’ knowledge of Plaintiff’s false statements in multiple sworn filings and her concerted media campaign. The law, however, does not permit such a manipulation of the attorney-client and work product privileges. Rather, the selective disclosure of privileged materials results in a waiver of privilege as to all such material. This waiver is broad-sweeping when, as here, the persons asserting the privileges have affirmatively put the subject matter of the materials at issue.

In the most recent of their serial litigations (apart from this case), Plaintiff’s own attorneys Bradley Edwards (“Edwards”) and Paul Cassell (“Cassell”) sued Harvard Law Professor Alan Dershowitz (“Dershowitz”) for defamation in Florida state court. The subject matter of that litigation concerned whether Mr. Dershowitz defamed Plaintiff’s attorneys by claiming

a) Plaintiff is lying; b) Edwards and Cassell knew Plaintiff is lying; c) Edwards and Cassell helped

Plaintiff lie and helped her concoct her stories; d) Edwards and Cassell failed to properly investigate Plaintiff's allegations before filing pleadings and sworn statements on Plaintiff's behalf; and e) Edwards and Cassell were motivated to take these actions by a desire to achieve personal economic gain. This litigation put at issue all communications between Plaintiff and her attorneys as well as her attorneys' complete work product in the investigations of Plaintiff's stories and accusations. The truth of the matters put at issue in the Dershowitz litigation can only be tested by examination of privileged materials, resulting in a sweeping waiver.

BACKGROUND FACTS RELEVANT TO DISPUTE

In her privilege log, Plaintiff has "categorically" logged five separate groups of documents she has withheld on the basis of "AC Privilege and Work Product/joint defense/common interest." The documents are identified as:

1. Correspondence re: Jane Doe #1 and Jane Doe #2 v. United States, Case No. 08-80736-CIV-Marra, pending in the Southern District of Florida. ("CVRA Case")

Plaintiff withheld documents purportedly to and from her attorneys (and others) related to legal advice regarding the CVRA Case (to which Plaintiff is not a party), and documents purportedly giving attorney mental impressions related to the CVRA Case and "evidence" related thereto. Declaration of Laura A. Menninger ("Menninger Decl."), Exhibit A.

- (i) The date range of the documents is 2011 – Present. *Id.*
- (ii) Persons identified as involved in the communications are: Plaintiff Virginia Giuffre ("Giuffre"), Brad Edwards ("Edwards"), Paul Cassell ("Cassell"), Brittany Henderson ("Henderson"), Sigrid McCawley ("McCawley"), Meredith Schultz ("Shultz"), David Boies ("Boies"), Jack Scarola ("Scarola"), Stan Pottinger ("Pottinger"), Ellen Brockman ("Brockman"), Legal Assistants ("Legal Assistants"), Professionals retained by attorneys to aid in the rendition of legal advice and representation ("Other Professionals"). *Id.*

2. Correspondence re: Giuffre v. Maxwell, 15-cv-07433-RWS, pending in the Southern District of New York ("Maxwell Case"). *Id.*

- (i) The date range of the documents is September 21, 2015– Present. *Id.*

- (ii) Persons identified as involved in the communications are: Giuffre, Edwards Cassell, Henderson, McCawley, Schultz, Boies, Pottinger, Stephen Zach (“Zach”), Brockman, Legal Assistants and Other Professionals. *Id.*

3. Correspondence re: Bradley Edwards and Paul Cassell v. Alan Dershowitz (“Dershowitz Case”), Case No. 15000072, pending in the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit, Broward County, Florida. (“Dershowitz Case”). *Id.*

- (i) The date range of the documents is January 2015 -Present. *Id.*
- (ii) Persons identified as involved in the communications are: Giuffre, Edwards Cassell, Henderson, McCawley, Schultz, Boies, Pottinger, Zach, Brockman, Legal Assistants and Other Professionals. *Id.*

4. Correspondence re: Jane Doe No. 102 v. Jeffrey Epstein (“Epstein Case”), Case No. 09-80656-CIV-Marra/Johnson (Southern District of Florida) (“Epstein case”)

- (i) The date range of the documents is 2009 – Present
- (ii) Persons identified as involved in the communications are: Giuffre, Bob Josefsberg, Katherine W. Ezell, Amy Ederi, other Podhurst attorneys, Legal Assistants, and Professionals retained by attorneys to aid in the rendition of legal advice. *Id.*

5. “This categorical entry is regarding correspondence potential legal action against entities and individuals.” (same description re potential litigation)

- (i) The date range of the documents is from January 2015 –Present.
- (ii) Persons identified as involved in the communications are: Giuffre, Edwards Cassell, Henderson, McCawley, Schultz, Boies, Pottinger, Zach, Brockman, Legal Assistants and Other Professionals.

Plaintiff is withholding “Approx. 1.3 kilobytes [of documents] overlapping with other cases” based on the categorically logged entries in Paragraph 1.

According to her most recent interrogatory response, Plaintiff has been represented in various litigation matters identified above as follows:

- (a) Pottinger, Boies, and McCawley (along with other Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP (“Boies Schiller”) attorneys represent Ms. Giuffre as a non-party in the Dershowitz Case, starting in February 2015.
- (b) Edwards (along with other Farmer, Jaffe, Weissing, Edwards, Fistos & Lehrman, P.L. attorneys), Cassell, Pottinger, Boies and McCawley and Boies Schiller attorneys represent Ms. Giuffre in the Maxwell case, “the complaint of which was filed in September, 2015.” *Id.*

(c) Cassell represents Ms. Giuffre as a non-party in the CVRA Case, starting in May of 2014. *Id.*

(d) Edwards and other Farmer, Jaffe attorneys represent Ms. Giuffre as a non-party in the CVRA Case, starting in 2011. *Id.*

(e) Cassell provided Ms. Giuffre with legal advice concerning potential legal action starting in early 2011. *Id.*

(f) Cassell, Edwards and other Farmer, Jaffe attorneys, Pottinger, Boies (along with other Boies Schiller attorneys) represent Ms. Giuffre regarding investigations into potential legal action starting in the second half of 2014. *Id.*

(g) According to Plaintiff, she has never been represented by Scarola.

Menninger Decl., Ex. B at 4.

The CVRA Case

In the CVRA Case, Edwards (starting in 2011) and Cassell (starting in May 2014) have represented Plaintiff in attempting to obtain joinder in the pending action. On December 30, 2014, Cassell and Edwards filed a pleading titled "Jane Doe #3 and Jane Doe #4's Motion Pursuant to Rule 21 for Joinder in Action" in the CVRA Case. Menninger Decl., Ex C (the "Joinder Motion"). The Joinder Motion contained a number of allegations on behalf of "Jane Doe # 3," who is actually Ms. Giuffre, the Plaintiff in this case. The allegations include that "Epstein also sexually trafficked the then-minor Jane Doe [#3], making her available for sex to politically-connected and financially-powerful people." The "politically-connected and financially powerful people" identified by Edwards and Cassell by name in the Joinder Motion as having had sexual relations with Jane Doe #3 were Prince Andrew, Duke of York ("Prince Andrew"), Ms. Maxwell, Jean Luc Brunel ("Brunel") and Alan Dershowitz ("Dershowitz"). *Id.* at 3-6.¹

¹ The judge in the CVRA case subsequently struck these allegations, stating "[a]t this juncture in the proceedings, these lurid details are unnecessary to the determination of whether Jane Doe 3 and Jane Doe 4 should be permitted to join Petitioners' claim that the Government violated their rights under the CVRA. The factual details regarding with whom and where the Jane Does engaged in sexual activities are immaterial and impertinent to this central claim

Following the Joinder Motion, Dershowitz made numerous public appearances in which he vigorously denied the allegations, stated that Edwards and Cassell “are lying deliberately,” and that if Cassell and Edwards “had just done an hours’ worth of work, they would have seen she [Plaintiff] is lying through her teeth.” *See* Menninger Decl., Ex. E at 9-10.

The Dershowitz Case

On January 6, 2015, Edwards and Cassell initiated litigation against Dershowitz - the Dershowitz Case. *See* Menninger Decl., Ex. F.

In the Dershowitz Case, Edwards and Cassell sued Dershowitz for defamation claiming that Dershowitz’s public statements – that they and their client were lying and that they failed to investigate their client’s claims – were false. The Complaint by Edwards and Cassell alleged that “[i]mmediately following the filing of what Dershowitz knew to be an entirely proper and well-founded pleading, Dershowitz initiated a massive public media assault on the reputation and character of Bradley J. Edwards and Paul G. Cassell accusing them of intentionally lying in their filing, of having leveled knowingly false accusations against the Dershowitz without ever conducting any investigation of the credibility of the accusations, and of having acted unethically to the extent that their willful misconduct warranted and required disbarment.” Menninger Decl., Ex. F, ¶ 17.

Edwards and Cassell claimed as false Dershowitz’s statements that “Edwards and Cassell failed to minimally investigate the allegations advanced on behalf of their client [Virginia Giuffre] and even that they sat down with her to contrive the allegations.” Menninger Decl., Ex. E at 9. During the Dershowitz litigation, Edwards and Cassel responded to interrogatories and requests for production issued by Dershowitz. Menninger Decl., Ex. G. Interrogatory No.1 asked:

(i.e., that they were known victims of Mr. Epstein and the Government owed them CVRA duties), especially considering that these details involve non-parties who are not related to the respondent Government. These unnecessary details shall be stricken.” *See* Menninger Decl., Ex. D.

“State verbatim or as close as possible Each statement by Dershowitz that You assert defamed You,” to which Edwards and Cassel responded with nine pages of statements made by Dershowitz in the press where Dershowitz states: 1) Plaintiff is lying; 2) Edwards and Cassel know Plaintiff is lying; 3) Edwards and Cassel helped Plaintiff lie and “put words in her mouth”; and 4) Edwards and Cassel failed to properly investigate Plaintiff’s allegations before publicizing Plaintiff’s statements. Menninger Decl., Ex. G at 3-11.

Edwards and Cassell further stated that the listed Dershowitz press statements were defamatory because “[t]he factual assertions contained or implied in the statements quoted in answer to Interrogatory Number 1 were not true, notably with regard to claims that Edwards and Cassell were deliberately lying, had failed to conduct an investigation of the allegations before filing them, had manipulated or conspired with Jane Doe No. 3 to make intentionally false allegations about Mr. Dershowitz, and that Plaintiffs were motivated to participate in the filing of knowingly false accusations against the Defendant by a desire to achieve personal economic gain.” Menninger Decl., Ex. G at 11, Response to Interrog. 2.

At the time the Dershowitz Case was filed, Edwards, Cassell and Boies represented Plaintiff regarding “potential litigations.” *See supra* at ¶ 3f.

Plaintiff, Edwards and Cassell claim to be in a joint defense or common interest agreement relating to the Dershowitz Case (Menninger Decl., Ex. H at 205:19-206:7), although no such agreement has ever been produced.

Plaintiff and her counsel actively participated in the Dershowitz Case. Plaintiff provided a declaration in the Dershowitz Case in support of the claims against Dershowitz. Menninger Decl., Ex. I. Plaintiff also sat for a deposition in the Dershowitz Case and testified in a manner expected to support Edwards’ and Cassell’s claims. Menninger Decl., Ex. H. Her counsel filed 12 pleadings in that matter.

I. The Attorney-Client and Work Product Privilege Standards and Limitations

a. The Attorney-Client Privilege

“The attorney-client privilege protects communications (1) between a client and his or her attorney (2) that are intended to be, and in fact were, kept confidential (3) for the purpose of obtaining or providing legal advice.” *United States v. Mejia*, 655 F.3d 126, 132 (2d Cir. 2011). The purpose of the privilege “is to encourage full and frank communication between attorneys and their clients and thereby promote broader public interests in the observance of law and administration of justice.” *Upjohn Co. v. United States*, 449 U.S. 383, 389 (1981). “In order to balance this protection of confidentiality with the competing value of public disclosure, however, courts apply the privilege only where necessary to achieve its purpose and construe the privilege narrowly because it renders relevant information undiscoverable.” *Mejia*, 655 F.3d at 132. Because the privilege “stands in derogation of the search for truth so essential to the effective operation of any system for justice ... the privilege must be narrowly construed.” *Calvin Klein Trademark Trust v. Wachner*, 198 F.R.D. 53, 55 (S.D.N.Y. 2000) (citing *United States v. Nixon*, 418 U.S. 683, 710 (1974)). “The party invoking the privilege also has the burden to show that the privilege has not been waived.” *Wultz v. Bank of China Ltd.*, 304 F.R.D. 384, 391 (S.D.N.Y.2015).

b. Work Product Privilege

The work-product privilege protects documents either created by counsel or at counsel's directive, in anticipation of litigation. See *In re Grand Jury Subpoenas Dated March 19, 2002 & August 2, 2002*, 318 F.3d 379, 383 (2d Cir. 2003). The attorney work-product privilege “shelters the mental processes of the attorney, providing a privileged area within which he can analyze and prepare his client's case.” *United States v. Nobles*, 422 U.S. 225, 238 (1975). Again, the party

asserting the work-product privilege “bears the heavy burden of establishing its applicability.” *In re Grand Jury Subpoena Dated July 6, 2005*, 510 F.3d 180, 183 (2d Cir. 2007). Work product “includes both opinion work product, such as an attorney's mental impressions or legal theories, and fact work product, such as factual investigation results.” *Koumoulis v. Indep. Fin. Mktg. Grp., Inc.*, 295 F.R.D. 28, 39-40 (E.D.N.Y. 2013), *aff'd*, 29 F. Supp. 3d 142 (E.D.N.Y. 2014). “Both the attorney-client and work-product privileges may be waived if a party puts the privileged communication at issue by relying on it to support a claim or defense.” *Id.*

II. Plaintiff and her Attorneys Waived Attorney-Client and Work Product Privileges by Putting Plaintiff's Representation At Issue in the Dershowitz Case

“The [attorney-client] privilege may implicitly be waived when [a party] asserts a claim that in fairness requires examination of protected communications.” *United States v. Bilzerian*, 926 F.2d 1285, 1292 (2d Cir.1991); *see also McGrath v. Nassau Cty. Health Care Corp.*, 204 F.R.D. 240, 244 (E.D.N.Y. 2001) (“Parties may waive any work product protection by putting the privileged information at issue”). Courts determine whether a subject matter has been placed at issue based on whether “(1) assertion of the privilege was a result of some affirmative act, such as filing suit, by the asserting party; (2) through this affirmative act, the asserting party put the protected information at issue by making it relevant to the case; and (3) application of the privilege would have denied the opposing party to information vital to his defense.” *Bank Brussels Lambert v. Credit Lyonnais (Suisse), S.A.*, 210 F.R.D. 506, 509-10 (S.D.N.Y. 2002) (*quoting Hearn v. Rhay*, 68 F.R.D. 574, 581 (E.D.Wash.1975)). “[C]ourts have generally applied the *Hearn* [at issue] doctrine liberally, finding a broad waiver of attorney-client privilege where a party asserts a position “the truth of which can only be assessed by examination of the privileged communication.” *Bank Brussels Lambert*, 210 F.R.D. at 508.

After a party voluntarily discloses attorney-client communications or work-product information “to an adversary in one proceeding, it cannot withhold the same documents on the basis of privilege in a subsequent proceeding, even if that subsequent proceeding involves a different adversary.” *Chevron Corp. v. Salazar*, 275 F.R.D. 437, 445-46 (S.D.N.Y. 2011); *see also In re Steinhardt Partners*, 9 F.3d 230, 235 (2d. Cir. 1993) (“The waiver doctrine provides that voluntary disclosure of work product to an adversary waives the privilege as to other parties [in a subsequent proceeding].”); *Urban Box Office Network, Inc. v. Interfase Managers, L.P.*, No. 01 Civ. 8854, 2004 WL 2375819, at *3–4 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 21, 2004) (applying same principle to waive attorney-client privilege). This, of course, makes sense because “where a party voluntarily undertakes actions that will predictably lead to the disclosure of [a] document, then waiver will follow.” *Chevron Corp.*, 275 F.R.D. at 445-46 (*internal citations omitted*).

“The scope of the attorney-client privilege waiver is determined on a case by case basis by considering the context of the waiver and the prejudice caused to the other party by permitting partial disclosure of privileged communications.” *McGrath*, 204 F.R.D. at 244 (E.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *In re Grand Jury Proceedings*, 219 F.3d 175, 190 (2d Cir.2000)). “As in the attorney-client context, fairness and prejudice concerns define the scope of any work product waiver.” *Id.* at 192. Factors considered by the Second Circuit to find a broad waiver appropriate include “(1) whether substantive information has been revealed; (2) prejudice to the opposing party caused by partial disclosure; (3) whether partial disclosure would be misleading to a court; (4) fairness; and (5) consistency.” *Id.*

a. Plaintiff's Waiver of the Attorney-Client Privilege

Edwards and Cassell sued Dershowitz for defamation claiming that Dershowitz's public statements about their representation of client were false. At the time those claims were filed, Edwards and Cassell represented Plaintiff in the CVRA Case. She was also represented by Edwards, Cassell and Boies regarding "potential litigation." The statements Edwards and Cassell claimed as false included that "Edwards and Cassell failed to minimally investigate the allegations advanced on behalf of their client [Virginia Giuffre] and even that they sat down with her to contrive the allegations." The allegations Edwards and Cassell failed to minimally investigate and/or contrived where the allegations made by Plaintiff in the CVRA Joinder Motion. Dershowitz counterclaimed against Edwards and Cassell suing them for 1) the publication of the false allegations of Giuffre in the Joinder Motion and 2) defamation for their extra-judicial false statements concerning Dershowitz and his alleged involvement with Giuffre.

Plaintiff and her counsel McCawley actively participated in the Dershowitz Case and affirmatively waived any attorney-client privilege over Plaintiff's communications. Plaintiff produced documents, sat for a deposition (Menninger Decl., Ex. H) and provided a sworn declaration (Menninger Decl., Ex. I). Through her participation in the case, Plaintiff specifically discussed her communications with Edwards and Cassell. In her sworn declaration, she discussed the following attorney communications:

- Her conversation with Brad Edwards in 2011 when she first told him her story. This was followed by a telephone conversation with Edwards and his attorney, Scarola, which was recorded with her knowledge and consent and which has been filed in multiple court papers and given to the press² (Menninger Decl., Ex I at ¶ 55-56);

² Edwards participated in this call as Plaintiff's attorney. Plaintiff believed that the conversation was covered by attorney-client privilege. *See* Menninger Decl., Ex. J, (email between Plaintiff and Sharon Churcher crafting communication to Edwards regarding publication of privileged communication). Yet, when the conversation was sent to the press, and used in later court filings, Plaintiff did nothing to stop the publication of this privileged

- Her discussions with Edwards and Cassell of her representation in the CVRA Case (*id.* at ¶ 61);
- Her directions to counsel to pursue criminal charges (*id.* at ¶ 65);
- In her conversations with her attorneys “no one” has “pressured” her to identify Dershowitz as a person who allegedly abused her (*id.* at ¶ 67);
- Her authorization to her attorney to file various affidavits including her stories (*id.* at ¶ 67);
- Her attorneys’ belief in the truth of her statements (*id.* at ¶ 68).

Plaintiff’s waiver of her attorney-client privilege was solidified during her deposition in the Dershowitz Case. At the conclusion of questioning by Dershowitz’s counsel, and after off the records discussions between and among McCawley, Edwards, Cassell and Jack Scarola (counsel for Edwards and Cassell), Mr. Scarola then asked Plaintiff a series of questions directly discussing her communications with her counsel. McCawley made no objection and Plaintiff responded to each question. Scarola asked if Edwards pressured or encouraged her to lie:

[REDACTED]

Menninger Decl., Ex. H at 202:5-202:12. Scarola asked similar questions concerning Cassell. *Id.* at 202-03. The questioning, however, was not limited to Plaintiff’s conversations with Edwards and Cassell. Scarola’s final question, again answered without objection by McCawley, was:

communication. This alone is sufficient to waive the attorney-client privilege communication as between Edwards and Plaintiff. *See infra*, p. 19-20.

[REDACTED]

Menninger Decl., Ex. H at 203:18-204:7.

There is no mechanism by which Plaintiff could respond to any of these questions with the answer “never” unless she is recollecting and relying on the content of each and every communication she had with Edwards, Cassell and any other person (including each and every one of her attorneys) about the “topics covered” in the deposition. The topics covered in the deposition were wide ranging including the full breadth of statements she and her counsel had made in the CVRA Case, identification of the “high powered” individuals with whom she claims to have had sexual relations, when and how she allegedly met Epstein, the timing and specifics of her alleged encounters with Dershowitz, Prince Andrew, Maxwell and others, and her interviews with and statements to media outlets. In other words, the topics included every story Plaintiff has ever told concerning the time she claims she was a “sex slave.”

Notably, the Special Master overseeing Plaintiff’s deposition in the Dershowitz Case immediately recognized the waiver. On re-direct, the following colloquy occurred:

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Menninger Decl., Ex. H at 205:15-206:10.

This testimony directly placed Plaintiff's attorney-client communications and work product at issue in the Dershowitz Case. Edwards and Cassell took the affirmative position that Dershowitz's statements that Edwards and Cassell helped Plaintiff fabricate her stories were false and defamatory. *See* Menninger Decl., Ex E, p. 2 ("Dershowitz went so far as to repeatedly accuse Edwards and Cassell of criminal misconduct in actively suborning perjury and fabricating the allegations of misconduct against him - acts that would warrant their disbarment from the legal profession. . . . Put simply, Dershowitz has made highly defamatory allegations that have no basis in fact"). Communications between Plaintiff and her attorney were a central issue in the claims brought by Edwards and Cassell, and Plaintiff voluntarily testified regarding those communications.

Plaintiff was acutely aware of how the information was being utilized in the Dershowitz Case. According to Plaintiff, she is a party to a joint defense or common interest agreement with Messrs. Edwards and Cassell. When the Dershowitz Case was filed, a mere week after the filing of the Joinder Motion on Plaintiff's behalf, Edwards and Cassell represented Plaintiff, who Dershowitz had also threatened to sue. Thus, Edwards and Cassell allegedly act both as Plaintiff's attorneys and her joint-defense or common interest partners. Plaintiff was aware that what was, or in this case was allegedly not, said between her and her attorney would be affirmatively used by her counsel/joint defense partners in support of their claims. She authorized the disclosure and testified, both with the assistance of McCawley.

Plaintiff, on behalf of her joint defense partners, provided evidence to support the factual claim neither Edwards or Cassell (nor anyone else) asked Plaintiff to lie about her stories of alleged sexual abuse and trafficking. The only way the truth of that issue can be tested is through the examination of all her communications about her stories, with attorneys or otherwise. *See Bowne v. AmBase Corporation*, 150 F.R.D. 465, 488 (S.D.N.Y.1993), *aff'd by* 161 F.R.D. 258 (S.D.N.Y.1995) (otherwise privileged communications put in issue where party “asserts a factual claim the truth of which can only be assessed by examination of a privileged communication”); *United States v. Bilzerian*, 926 F.2d 1285, 1292 (2d Cir.1991) (“[a] defendant may not use the privilege to prejudice his opponent's case or to disclose some selected communications for self-serving purposes. Thus, the privilege may implicitly be waived when defendant asserts a claim that in fairness requires examination of protected communications.”); *In re von Bulow*, 828 F.2d at 101–02 (“[I]t has been established law for a hundred years that when the client waives the privilege by testifying about what transpired between her and her attorney, she cannot thereafter insist that the mouth of the attorney be shut. From that has grown the rule that testimony as to part of a privileged communication, in fairness, requires production of the remainder.”); *United States v. Schmidt*, 105 F.3d 82, 89 (2d Cir. 1997) (criminal defendant who testified that she was never advised by her attorney of the fifth amendment implications of proceeding *pro se* put at issue all communications with her former attorney and her knowledge of the law as informed by her attorney-client communications).

“[T]he attorney-client privilege cannot at once be used as a shield and a sword. . . . A defendant may not use the privilege to prejudice his opponent's case or to disclose some selected communications for self-serving purposes.” *Bilzerian*, 926 F.2d 1285, 1292 (2d Cir. 1991) (internal citations omitted); *Locascio*, 357 F.Supp.2d 536, 550 (E.D.N.Y. 2004) (“The privilege

may not simultaneously be used as a shield and a sword; where a defendant opens the door by waiving the attorney-client privilege, . . . the [party] cannot open the door only to the information he would like to admit.”) Plaintiff has used her attorney communications as a sword on behalf of her joint defense partners, and therefore her communications with her attorneys are no longer shielded.

Plaintiff also testified that she shared her conversations and communications with Edwards to unrelated third parties. In particular, she shared her communications with a reporter for the Daily Mail Online, Sharon Churcher. *See* Menninger Decl., Ex. K, at 297:5-300:6. There is no doubt that sharing attorney-client communications with a third-party, particularly when that third party is a member of the press, acts to waive any claim of privilege. *Schaeffler v. United States*, 806 F.3d 34, 40 (2d Cir.2015). (“A party that shares otherwise privileged communications with an outsider is deemed to waive the privilege by disabling itself from claiming that the communications were intended to be confidential.”).

b. Edwards and Cassell’s Waivers of Attorney-Client and Work Product Privilege in the Dershowitz Case

In addition to Plaintiff’s direct waiver, Plaintiff’s counsel/joint defense partners Edwards and Cassell waived both attorney-client privilege and protection of their work product by putting those matters at issue in the Dershowitz Case. The scope of the subject matter put at issue in the Dershowitz Case could not be broader. Edwards and Cassell pleaded and argued at every conceivable turn that: 1) they had a good faith belief that Ms. Giuffre’s allegations – communicated to them by Giuffre -- were true; 2) they conducted a thorough investigation of Ms. Giuffre’s claims (their work product regarding Plaintiff and her allegations); 3) that Ms. Giuffre and her story were credible; 4) they did not have any communications or encourage

Plaintiff to fabricate facts or portions of her stories; and 5) they were not motivated in taking their actions by potential financial gain . Edwards and Cassell point to both communications with Plaintiff and their own work product in an attempt to prove their claims.

By way of example, in the Motion for Summary Judgement in the Dershowitz Case, Edwards and Cassell make the following assertions, citing attorney-client-privileged communications and work product documents in support of their claims and defenses:

- “Ms. Giuffre has submitted a sworn affidavit, not only attesting to the truthfulness of her allegations against Dershowitz but also about the fact that she told her lawyers about these claims.” (emphasis supplied) (attorney-client communications);
- “The assertions of sexual abuse are more than adequately corroborated by compelling circumstantial evidence which is detailed at length by Cassell in his deposition.” (work product/investigations);
- “Regardless of whether Dershowitz sexually abused Ms. Giuffre, Edwards and Cassell clearly had a good faith basis for relying on the sworn representations of their client.” (attorney-client communications, attorney thought process);
- “Edwards and Cassell had clearly conducted extensive investigation into the basis for Ms. Giuffre's allegations” (work product);
- “the undisputed record evidence establishes that Edwards and Cassell had every right following their detailed investigation to rely on Ms. Giuffre's credibility” (attorney-client communication, work-product and investigations, thought process and credibility assessments);
- “The good faith basis for Edwards and Cassell's reliance on Giuffre's allegations is laid out in detail by Professor Cassell in more than 50 pages of sworn testimony during his deposition. *See* Depo. Transcript of Paul Cassell (Oct. 16 & 17, 2015), at 61-117 (Exhibit #3)” (attorney investigative activities, work-product and attorney thought process based on what they “knew” through attorney-client communications).
- “Edwards and Cassell clearly had a powerful basis for believing their client's allegation that she had been sexually abused by Dershowitz, particularly where she had made this allegation to them as far back as 2011” (attorney-client communications)
- “Dershowitz made false and defamatory statements by alleging that two experienced and capable attorneys who thoroughly investigated and believed Ms. Giuffre's allegations in good faith should be disbarred” (work-product, investigation of alleged acts and investigation of credibility).

Menninger Decl., Ex E, at 1-13.

In addition to the Motion for Summary Judgment, Mr. Cassell in his deposition spent more than 50 pages detailing the investigations and assessment of all of the evidence used as a factual basis for the Joinder Motion in the CVRA Case on behalf of Plaintiff. Menninger Decl., Ex. L at 61-117. During this soliloquy, Cassell details his and Edwards thought processes in assessing the claims, their evaluation of the evidence they reviewed, and all other information that he had to believe Plaintiff's stories. He specifically refers to Plaintiff, their evaluation of the evidence in light of the information they "knew" about Plaintiff, and their evaluation and thought process of how the evidence supported her stories. Of course, the information they "knew" about Plaintiff was a direct result of her attorney-client communications with them, and their evaluation of that evidence in the case is clearly work product. In reciting the work product he believes supports "Virginia's" story, Cassell states that this is "important to Virginia" and "I want to do a good job for Virginia Roberts on -- on representing all the -- the evidence that is available to support her." Menninger Decl., Ex. L at 102:1-3 & 118:7-8. Having put these matters directly at issue, and utilizing both their work-product and attorney-client communications in support of the claims, there is a complete waiver of protection over 1) the content of communications between Plaintiff and her attorneys, and 2) her attorneys' work product and thought process in investigating and "reasonable belief" in the claims.³

³ In a joint press release relating to the settlement of the *Dershowitz Case*, Plaintiff and her attorneys again affirmatively cite to Plaintiff's communications with them, their investigation of her statements, and their assessment of her credibility. The references include the time frame prior to their initial filing as well as information discovered throughout the course of the Dershowitz Cases. In that press release, Edwards and Cassel stated "Edwards and Cassell maintain that they filed their client's allegations in good faith and performed the necessary due diligence to do so, and have produced documents detailing those efforts." *Menninger Decl.*, Ex. M, p.1. The press release continues in stating that it was a "mistake" to have filed sexual misconduct allegations against Dershowitz citing, among other things, "the records and other documents produced by the parties." *Id.* at 2. These public statements provide a further waiver over the work product that led to the public acknowledgement that filing the lawsuit and reliance on Plaintiff's allegations was a "mistake."

c. The elements for finding an at issue waiver are satisfied

As discussed above, “courts have generally applied the [at issue] doctrine liberally, finding a broad waiver of attorney-client privilege where a party asserts a position “the truth of which can only be assessed by examination of the privileged communication.” *Bank Brussels Lambert*, 210 F.R.D. at 508. All of the factors for waiver have been met: “(1) assertion of the privilege was a result of some affirmative act, such as filing suit, by the asserting party; (2) through this affirmative act, the asserting party put the protected information at issue by making it relevant to the case; and (3) application of the privilege would have denied the opposing party to information vital to his defense.” *Id.* 210 F.R.D. at 509-10. Here, Edwards and Cassell, with the full knowledge and consent of Plaintiff, took the affirmative act of filing and participating in the Dershowitz Case. Through this affirmative act, they put at issues what Plaintiff told her attorneys, whether it was true, whether her attorneys helped her concoct additional allegations that would help her position, whether they adequately investigated her claims, their basis for believing Plaintiff was credible, and if they and their client were motivated to file false claims by a desire for financial gain.

As discussed above, Plaintiff voluntarily and affirmatively waived the attorney-client privilege through her testimony. That alone is sufficient to find an at issue waiver. Plaintiff also permitted the waiver of the attorney-client privilege by permitting Edwards and Cassell to put her communications with them and her attorneys’ work product at issue with her full knowledge and consent. Plaintiff is a party to a joint defense agreement with Edwards and Cassell. She and her attorneys were involved in communication about the Dershowitz Case beginning in January 2015. The case was preemptively filed to beat Dershowitz to the courthouse, before he could act on his public statements that he intended to sue both Plaintiff and her attorneys for, among other

things, defamation. Plaintiff did nothing to stop her counsel from filing the Complaint, despite the fact that it would necessarily put her communications with her counsel at issue. And, she actively participated in the litigation. Indeed, the testimony of Cassell makes clear that the purpose of the litigation was for Plaintiff's benefit, and that he wanted to do a "good job" for her.

Normally, an attorney cannot waive the attorney-client privilege without his client's knowledge and consent. *In re von Bulow*, 828 F.2d at 101. But, "[a] client may nonetheless by his actions impliedly waive the privilege or consent to disclosure." *Id.*, 828 F.2d 94, 101 (2d Cir. 1987) (citing *See United States ex rel Edney v. Smith*, 425 F.Supp. 1038, 1052 (E.D.N.Y. 1976) (implied waiver), *aff'd*, 556 F.2d 556 (2d Cir.), *cert. denied*, 431 U.S. 958 (1977); *Drimmer v. Appleton*, 628 F.Supp. 1249, 1252 (S.D.N.Y.1986) (implied consent); *Wigmore, supra*, § 2327)). In certain circumstances, an attorney may have "an implied authority to waive the privilege on behalf of his client." *Drimmer*, 628 F.Supp. at 1251; *see also In re von Bulow*, 828 F.2d at 101. "It is the client's responsibility to ensure continued confidentiality of his communications." *Id.* If a client is aware of her attorney's waiver of privilege and takes no action to preserve confidentiality, the privilege is lost. *Id.*; *In re Horowitz*, 482 F.2d 72, 82 (2d Cir.), *cert. denied*, 414 U.S. 867 (1973) ("[i]t is not asking too much to insist that if a client wishes to preserve the privilege under such circumstances, he must take some affirmative action to preserve confidentiality").

This situation is analogous to a client asserting advice of counsel as a defense, a situation in which an at issue waiver of the full scope of attorney-client communications is automatic. *See Bilzerian*, 926 F.2d at 1292 (defendant's testimony that he thought his actions were legal would have put his knowledge of the law and the basis for his understanding of what the law required into issue, directly implicating his conversations with counsel); *Chin v. Rogoff & Co., P.C.*, No.

05 CIV. 8360(NRB), 2008 WL 2073934, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. May 8, 2008) (in suit for damages against tax advisor for negligence in providing tax advice, reliance and causation could only be assessed through invading the attorney-client privilege and examining the nature of counsel's advice to determine different advice was given by attorneys). The at issue waiver is complete "even if a party does not attempt to make use of a privileged communication" *Bowne of New York City, Inc. v. AmBase Corp.*, 150 F.R.D. 465, 488 (S.D.N.Y. 1993) (*discussing Bilzerian*, 926 F.2d 1285); *Chin*, 2008 WL 2073934, at *6 (waiver occur even where client does not reference attorney communications if review of communications is necessary to establish an element of a claim). Here, Edwards and Cassell put the issue of their "good faith" reliance on Plaintiff's communications to them affirmatively at issue, as well as their investigation of what she told them in those communications. Having done so with Plaintiff's knowledge and consent, and without her protest, the waiver is complete.

The application of the privilege here, after it has been selectively waived, denies Ms. Maxwell information vital to her defense. By way of very limited example, in the case at bar, Plaintiff claims that she was defamed when Ms. Maxwell stated that the allegations Plaintiff made in the Joinder Motion, included allegations regarding Dershowitz, Ms. Maxwell and Prince Andrew, were false. In the Joinder Motion Edwards and Cassell boldly state "Epstein required Jane Doe #3 to have sexual relations with Dershowitz on numerous occasions while she was a minor, not only in Florida but also on private planes, in New York, New Mexico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands." Menninger Decl., Ex. C at 4. Edwards and Cassell, however, had doubts about Plaintiff's allegations based on their own investigation, including whether Dershowitz and Plaintiff were ever on Epstein's plane together. Cassell identified flight logs Edwards and he reviewed as supporting the allegations made by Plaintiff. Menninger Decl., Ex. L at 69-70. He

admits, however, that there is not a single log entry that put Dershowitz and Plaintiff on the same plane.⁴ Having put at issue their investigation and “good faith belief” in Plaintiff’s stories, they must provide all information about anything that both supports *and* undermines Plaintiff’s story and their own belief in the credibility of that story.

Plaintiff will undoubtedly attempt to prop-up her claims that she was telling the truth through use of the investigative material, work product, mental impressions and opinions on her credibility offered by her attorneys/joint defense partners, Edwards and Cassell. Ms. Maxwell cannot be denied access to information showing her attorney’s work and investigation shows Plaintiff’s stories were fabricated, including the details uncovered demonstrating Plaintiff’s lack of credibility.

Each of the factors considered by the Second Circuit to find a broad waiver weighs in favor of finding such a waiver here. The factors are “(1) whether substantive information has been revealed; (2) prejudice to the opposing party caused by partial disclosure; (3) whether partial disclosure would be misleading to a court; (4) fairness; and (5) consistency.” *McGrath v. Nassau Cty. Health Care Corp.*, 204 F.R.D. 240, 244.

Cassell and Edwards have revealed in extensive detail their work-product demonstrating why they believed Plaintiff’s allegations and incorporated them in the Joinder Motion. It would be prejudicial for Plaintiff to be able to support her claim in this case that she is not a liar using her attorney’s testimony and work product, while preventing discovery of work-product and communications that would prove otherwise or cast doubts on Plaintiff’s credibility. It would be

⁴ My question, Mr. Cassell, is: You reviewed the flight logs, correct?

A. Correct.

Q. You reviewed them in some detail, correct?

A. Correct.

Q. Is there any entry on those flight lines -- logs that you read as putting Professor Dershowitz and Miss Roberts on the same plane?

A. No.

Menninger Decl., Ex. L 206:3-11.

misleading to the court or any jury to hear testimony from Plaintiff's counsel about all the factual basis, work product and thought process on which they relied in making the allegations in the Joinder Motion, but refusing to permit Ms. Maxwell discovering or presenting contradicting information that Plaintiff's attorneys had, including information that led them to conclude that it was a "mistake" to have filed sexual misconduct allegations against Dershowitz. Fairness and consistency require that Plaintiff and her attorneys be required to disclose all work product and attorney-client communications relating their investigations of Plaintiff's statements and story as alleged in the CVRA Case, their investigations of the allegations, their assessment of the credibility of the allegations, and contradictory evidence uncovered.

III. There is No Privilege as to Communications with Scarola

Plaintiff listed on her privilege log Jack Scarola, Edwards and Cassell's attorney, as an individual who received or sent communications or documents relating to the CVRA Case. The log does not state what these documents are, instead including them as part of the "categorical" logging. The "Types of Privileges" identified are Attorney Client, Work Product, and Joint Defense/Common Interest. It is entirely unclear how any of these protections can be invoked regarding communications including Scarola or over documents provided by or to him.

a. There is no Attorney-Client Relationship

Plaintiff specifically states in her interrogatory responses that Scarola is not and has never been her attorney. Thus, there can be no attorney-client-communications between Plaintiff and Scarola. If there were, Plaintiff has clearly and voluntarily waived any privilege.

b. Work Product Privilege has been Waived

In 2011, Scarola acted as Edward's attorney in a case captioned *Epstein v. Edwards*, Case No. 502009CA040800XXXMB, in the Circuit Court for the Fifteenth Judicial Circuit, Palm Beach County, Florida (the "Epstein v. Edwards Case."). That action is still pending. According to the most recent discovery responses, Edwards represented Plaintiff in the CVRA Case at the same time. *SOF*, ¶(d).

On April 7, 2011, Edwards, Scarola and Plaintiff had a telephone conversation, recorded with the knowledge and consent of Plaintiff. Menninger Decl., Ex N at 1. The content of the conversation is a detailed interview of Plaintiff recounting her story of her time with Epstein. The transcript of that conversation, clearly marked "Work Product," has been produced widely and attached to multiple court filings. It was used affirmatively in the Epstein v. Edwards Case and filed on May 17, 2011 in that case. *See* Menninger Decl., Ex. O (Notice of Filing). It was also used affirmatively in the CVRA Case. *See* Menninger Decl., Ex. P, DE #290, Exhibit 3. It was produced in this case and in the Dershowitz Case by Plaintiff and her counsel. *See* Menninger Decl., Ex. Q. It apparently was also transmitted to the press. *See* Menninger Decl., Ex. J.

As discussed above, putting information contained in this "work product" document at issue waives of any protection and extends to any and all work product of Scarola related to Plaintiff or her claims and stories.

c. There is no basis to claim common interest or joint defense privilege

It bears repeating that "[t]he party asserting the privilege ... bears the burden of establishing its essential elements." *Mejia*, 655 F.3d at 132; *see also Wultz v. Bank of China Ltd.*,

304 F.R.D. 384, 391 (S.D.N.Y.2015) (“The party invoking the privilege also has the burden to show that the privilege has not been waived.”).

Plaintiff provides no basis for claiming a common interest or joint defense with *anyone* related to the CVRA case. The only two people Scarola represents, to Ms. Maxwell’s knowledge, are Edwards and Cassell. They are the attorneys in the CVRA case, and by definition should not have a personal or common interest with the parties in that litigation. Regardless, it is Plaintiff’s burden to establish that such an interest exists, who is involved, and Scarola’s role. Having failed to provide any of the information necessary to establish the applicability of these privileges, they are waived. *See S.E.C. v. Yorkville Advisors, LLC*, 300 F.R.D. 152, 162 (S.D.N.Y. 2014) (failure to provide adequate descriptions of the subject matter, authors and recipients of the withheld documents resulted in waiver of privilege). There is simply no basis for withholding any communication with or work product of Scarola.

CONCLUSION

Plaintiff and her lawyers waived any privilege as to their communications related to the subject matters of (a) the CVRA litigation and (b) the *Edwards and Cassell v. Dershowitz* Case. Similarly, Plaintiff’s lawyers waived any claim of work product to material gathered in relation to those litigations.

Accordingly, Ms. Maxwell requests that the Court enter an order finding (a) a waiver of the attorney-client privilege as to the subject matter of the CVRA and Dershowitz litigations and (b) a work product exemption for materials gathered in relation to those matters. She further requests an Order directing Plaintiff to provide Ms. Maxwell with all documents as to which such the attorney-client privilege and work product have been waived.

Dated: May 26, 2016.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Laura A. Menninger

Laura A. Menninger (LM-1374)
Jeffrey S. Pagliuca (*pro hac vice*)
HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.
150 East 10th Avenue
Denver, CO 80203
Phone: 303.831.7364
Fax: 303.832.2628
lmenninger@hmflaw.com

Attorneys for Ghislaine Maxwell

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on May 26, 2016, I electronically served this *Motion to Compel all Communications and Work Product Put At Issue by Plaintiff and Her Attorneys* via ECF on the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
Meridith Schultz
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsflfp.com
mschultz@bsflfp.com

Paul G. Cassell
383 S. University Street
Salt Lake City, UT 84112
cassellp@law.utah.edu

Bradley J. Edwards
FARMER, JAFFE, WEISSING, EDWARDS,
FISTOS & LEHRMAN, P.L.
425 North Andrews Ave., Ste. 2
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
brad@pathtojustice.com

/s/ Nicole Simmons

Nicole Simmons

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,
Plaintiff,
v.
GHISLAINE MAXWELL,
Defendant.
-----X

15-cv-07433-RWS

**Declaration Of Laura A. Menninger In Support Of
Motion To Compel All Attorney-Client Communications and Attorney
Work Product Placed At Issue by Plaintiff and Her Attorneys**

I, Laura A. Menninger, declare as follows:

1. I am an attorney at law duly licensed in the State of New York and admitted to practice in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. I am a member of the law firm Haddon, Morgan & Foreman, P.C., counsel of record for Defendant Ghislaine Maxwell (“Maxwell”) in this action. I respectfully submit this declaration in support of Ms. Maxwell’s Motions to Compel All Attorney-Client Communications and Attorney Work Product Placed At Issue by Plaintiff and Her Attorney.
2. Attached as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of excerpts categorically logged entries from Plaintiff Giuffre's Revised Supplemental Privilege Log dated April 29, 2016.
3. Attached as Exhibit B is a true and correct copy of Plaintiff Giuffre’s Discovery Second Amended Supplemental Response to Interrogatory No. 3 concerning her attorney representations, dated April 29, 2016.

4. Attached as Exhibit C (filed under seal) [REDACTED]

5. Attached as Exhibit D is a true and correct copy of the Order in the CVRA Case dated April 6, 2015.

6. Attached as Exhibit E is a true and correct copy of the Motion for Summary Judgment in the *Edwards and Cassell v. Dershowitz*, Case No. 15-00072, In and for the Seventeenth Judicial District, Broward County, Florida (“Dershowitz Case”) dated November 25, 2015.

7. Attached as Exhibit F is a true and correct copy of the Complaint in the Dershowitz Case dated January 6, 2015.

8. Attached as Exhibit G is a true and correct copy of the Notice of Serving Answers to Interrogatories in Dershowitz Case dated March 13, 2015.

9. Attached as Exhibit H (filed under seal) [REDACTED]

10. Attached as Exhibit I is a true and correct copy of the Declaration of Virginia Giuffre in the Dershowitz Case dated November 20, 2015.

11. Attached as Exhibit J (filed under seal) [REDACTED]

12. Attached as Exhibit K (filed under seal) [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

13. Attached as Exhibit L is a true and correct copy of the October 16, 2015 Deposition of Paul G. Cassell taken in the *Edwards and Cassell v. Dershowitz*, In and for the Seventeenth Judicial District, Broward County, Florida matter.

14. Attached as Exhibit M is a true and correct copy of the press release issued by the parties in the Dershowitz Case on April 8, 2016.

15. Attached as Exhibit N is a true and correct copy of the interview of Virginia Roberts by Edwards and Scarola in the *Epstein v. Rothstein, Edwards, and L.M.*, In and for the Fifteenth Judicial District, Palm Beach County, Florida (“Epstein Case”).

16. Attached as Exhibit O is a true and correct copy of the May 17, 2011 Notice of Filing of the interview in the Epstein Case.

17. Attached as Exhibit P is a true and correct copy of a portion of the ECF Docket Sheet in the CVRA Case.

18. Attached as Exhibit Q is a true and correct copy of the document produced by Plaintiff in this matter as GIUFFRE000862-000887.

By: /s/ Laura A. Menninger
Laura A. Menninger

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on May 26, 2016, I electronically served this *Declaration Of Laura A. Menninger In Support Of Motion To Compel All Attorney-Client Communications and Attorney Work Product Placed At Issue by Plaintiff and her Attorney* via ECF on the following:

Sigrid S. McCawley
Meridith Schultz
BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER, LLP
401 East Las Olas Boulevard, Ste. 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
smccawley@bsfllp.com
mschultz@bsfllp.com

Paul G. Cassell
S.J. Quinney College of Law, University of
Utah
383 S. University Street
Salt Lake City, UT 84112
cassellp@law.utah.edu

Bradley J. Edwards
FARMER, JAFFE, WEISSING, EDWARDS,
FISTOS & LEHRMAN, P.L.
425 North Andrews Ave., Ste. 2
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
brad@pathtojustice.com

/s/ Nicole Simmons

Nicole Simmons